



Matsuzaki, M., Kulkarni, B., Kuper, H., Wells, J. C., Ploubidis, G. B., Prabhakaran, P., ... Kinra, S. (2017). Association of Hip Bone Mineral Density and Body Composition in a Rural Indian Population: The Andhra Pradesh Children and Parents Study (APCAPS). PLoS ONE, 12(1), [0167114]. DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0167114

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Supplemental Material Table S1: Multilevel regression models examining association between hip bone mineral density and fat to lean mass ratio in the participaths of the Andhra Pradesh Parents and Children Study (2009-2012).

Women (pre)	n = 1200	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Model 2} \\ \beta \\ 95\% \text{ CI} \end{array}$	р	Model 3 β 95% CI	р
	FLR	0.008 (0.004 to 0.011)	< 0.001	-0.01 (-0.014 to -0.006)	< 0.001
Women (post)	n = 560				
	FLR	0.014 (0.009 to 0.019)	< 0.001	-0.009 (-0.014 to -0.003)	0.005
Men	n = 2248 FLR	0.01 (0.004 to 0.017)	0.003	-0.046 (-0.054 to -0.039)	< 0.001

CI = confidence interval; FLR = fat to lean mass ratio

All models are multilevel models adjusting for household level clustering. ϵ_{ij} and v_j are errors terms for multilevel regression models accounting for individual and household level differences. Model 3: HIP BMD = $\beta_0 + \beta_1$ FLR + β_2 AGE + β_3 HEIGHT + $\epsilon_{ij} + v_j$ Model 4: HIP BMD = $\beta_0 + \beta_1$ FLR + β_2 AGE + β_3 HEIGHT + β_4 WEIGHT + $\epsilon_{ij} + v_j$ Age (years); Height (cm); Fat and lean mass (kg) FLR for women: $\frac{\text{fat mass}}{\text{lean mass}^{1.57}} \times 100$; for men: $\frac{\text{fat mass}}{\text{lean mass}^{1.66}} \times 100$