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Exploring strategies for developing doctorateness:

a diagnostic theory-based tool for supervisors' self-evaluation

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Our work with doctoral supervisors at Lund University

- Training for doctoral supervisors is mandatory in Sweden since 2002
- **Current activities at Lund University:**
 - a 7.5-day study module (university-wide)
 - a 7.5-day study module (engineering)
 - a 2-day workshop (medicine)
- Grounded in SoTL
- Beginning in 2010/2011 (university-wide)
 - two more study modules for supervisors
 - a meta-program for doctoral students



Overview of presentation

- Our work with doctoral supervisors at Lund Universitv
- Exploring strategies for supervision and doctoral education
- · Four emerging strategies
- · A tool to evaluate and develop supervision and doctoral education

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Workshops and study modules for supervisors

- Participants:
 - 0 30 doctoral students supervised
 - come from engineering, science, medicine, economics. social sciences, arts, law, humanities or engineering
 - value the collegial discussions on supervision and doctoral student learning



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Exploring strategies for supervision and doctoral education

- Discussions and assignments in workshops and programs on e.g:
 - doctoral student learning and intended learning outcomes
 - supervisor roles and strategies
 - practices and traditions for doctoral education
 - problems with student learning and progress
- => Doctoral education and supervision done in different ways, with different outcomes in mind, for different reasons
- Variation is used to develop supervisors' and departments' strategies and to generate knowledge
- As a tool for exploration we have used Ann Lee's (2008), framework



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Exploring strategies for supervision and doctoral education (cont'd)

Approaches to supervision (Lee, 2008)

Functional	Enculturation	Critical thinking	Emancipation	Relationship development.
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- From our discussions with supervisors:
 - Accounts of supervision strategies and intentions fit one or more of Lee's categories
 - Experienced supervisors claim to change approach as their students progress, e.g. from *functional* to *emancipation*

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Four emerging strategies

- The strategies have emerged from supervisors' accounts and from theories of learning (e.g. Wenger 1998, Dall'Alba & Sandberg 2006)
- We find qualitative differences in how doctoral education and supervision is enacted that expand Lee's framework:
 - Participation
 - Reflection on practice
 - Extended understanding for doctorateness
 - Strategic reflexiveness



Participation

- Participation to take part of a social enterprise and to belong to a community
- The strategy of supervisor or department is to make the student take part in the academic practices and in an academic community, e.g. by:
 - giving tasks and instruction
 - discussing results and interpretations
 - suggesting reading in the field
 - giving feedback on written work
 - co-authoring
 - introducing the student to colleagues and groups
 - opening doors
 - encourage writing (or co-writing) of applications
 - encourage participation in conferences
 - arranging project meetings etc.



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Participation (cont'd)

- The role of the supervisor can be
 - a more experienced colleague
 - a project leader, or
 - a manager
- The student's role can be •
 - a junior researcher/academic
 - an apprentice
 - an assistant, or
 - an employee



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Extended understanding for doctorateness

 To help the student deepen his or her understanding of aspects of doctoral education important for developing doctorateness, e.g.

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- theory of science
- academic writing
- rhetoric
- ethics
- academic conduct and virtues
- rights and regulations for doctoral education
- funding
- the organisation and politics of institutions
- teaching and learning



Reflection on practice

- To help the student to reflect on the practices he or she is engaged in
- Reflection in relation to skills, attitudes, artefacts, and the social platform associated with the doctorate
- Reflection on experiences within the social context of doctoral education
- Examples:
 - discussing actions, deadlines and milestones in relation to the thesis and dissertation;
 - discussing and exemplifying what is understood to be good, or bad, research (or teaching, or conduct etc):
 - helping the student find and correct inconsistencies within his or her work and to understand standards;
 - explaining who is who within the field:
 - discussing the meaning of academic practices (e.g. the seminar) and giving feedback on the student's performance in such practices;
 - discussing the goals and intended outcomes of the doctorate:
 - discussing communication, roles, responsibilities, intentions, perceptions etc, within the supervisor-student relationship
- The supervisor needs to be not only a competent researcher but also a competent teacher of research

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Strategic reflexiveness

- To help the student identify goals in the close or distant future related to personal and professional development and to develop the student's strategies in relation to these qoals
- *Reflexiveness* means that the student develops strategies ٠ through negotiation of relevance and ambitions and understanding of self, and considers implications for professional and private life
- Here independence, self-efficacy, and life-long learning is in focus.
- A strong element of mentorship



A tool to evaluate and develop supervision

For supervisors to evaluate and develop:

- their supervision
- the context and practices for doctoral education

For developers of doctoral education:

- to help supervisors develop
- to develop doctoral education on departmental and institutional level
 - e.g. a university-wide meta-program for doctoral students

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A tool to evaluate and develop supervision (cont'd)

	Conception of supervision (after Lee, 2008)						
Strategy	Functional	Enculturation	Critical thinking	Emancipation	Relationship development.		
Participation							
Reflection on practice							
Extended understanding for doctorateness					- 1*	er.	
Strategic reflexiveness					AROLAND R	C C St Ba	
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