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Full Length Research paper

Evaluation of the relationship between internet accessibility and students performance: Case study of Strathmore University

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Performance can be described as the level of achievement expressible by an individual, as a relationship of an independent variable. In the educational sector performance can be described as a reflection of the total involvement of a student in the learning environment. It includes social and emotional development, communication skills and participation in the learning activities as well as academic achievement. This research addressed the relationship between internet connectivity and the performance of students. The students found the internet very useful as far as their studies are concerned since they were in a position to access a very wide range of information.

Keywords: Performance, internet access, internet connectivity.

INTRODUCTION

Research, whether basic or applied, is the most important means of adding our knowledge of ageing, disease and the individual. Consequently, if quality research is done, we will have a real influence on many spheres (MacLullich and Witham, 2010). Students are expected to continue with research work during their respective free time.

The Internet has been around for some time now and technology has evolved from its infancy where, it was used for information exchange and research purposes, which caters for education, entertainment and business. The ever-increasing scope of the web has created race with the different Internet service providers (ISPs) vying.

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Abbreviations

ISPs – Internet Service Providers
WANs – Wide Area Networks
with each other to maximize their share in the market

Since the Internet is now available to a wide sector of the population in the world, educational establishments have seized on its educational potential. The Internet is a valuable source of information for students looking for ideas for projects and assignments. With its advent, education has definitely benefited in many ways and though it will not take over the traditional methods of education it will continue to play a major part (Osunade, 2003).

The World-Wide-Web (www) may be the most important application of the Internet (Ozoemelem, 2010). Before the Web, the Internet grew rapidly within educational and research communities, allowing exchange of information using applications like email. Although the Internet has its advantages, it has shortcomings of creating alienation, addiction and deviance issues. It affects the education cycle of students by providing alternative learning styles and, learning in a creative way issues as an advantage of the Internet. Technological developments open wide range alternative choices to gain benefit for people's life (Forcier, 2007). Everyone has same opportunities for gathering this knowledge.

Hence, there is need to establish the need and use of Internet by students in their studies. This research was designed to collect information for different parties who wanted to know and address various issues and report it in ways that are going to be of benefit to them.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Internet use by students in higher institutions of learning

College students conduct research on the web (Lindsay and McLaren, 2000) and its possible to make evaluations on the quality and type of research being conducted. In a similar fashion, one can examine the Internet research habits of students (Burton and Chadwick, 2000) and find that although some depend solely on Internet resources in writing research papers, a majority of the students in the study used a combination of library and online resources. In some institutions where Internet access is relatively reliable and seamless, non-academic purposes represents one of the key Internet usage categories (Mitra and Hazen, 1999).

Internet access and use of network bandwidth

In networking, bandwidth is used as a synonym for data transfer rate - the amount of data that can be carried from one point to another in a given time period (usually a second). This bandwidth is expressed in bits of data per second (bps) (Bandwidth Management White Papers (Network Management Bandwidth, Network Bandwidth Management) Software Downloads, Definition and Webcasts - Bitpipe. 2010). The most common approach to quality of service today is to over-provision the network bandwidth. Two common forms of Ethernet deployed inside the enterprise are 10 and 100 Mbps, while a T-1 connection capable of carrying 1.5 Mbps of data traffic is often used for enterprise wide area networks (WAN) or corporate connections to the Internet. Rich media communications can consume significant bandwidth on the enterprise network and network provisioning is an important part of any rich media implementation plan. The bandwidth and capacity of the interconnections in the Internet has reached several key points potentially allowing for transmission and use of high demanding research applications.

Access to the internet in students hostels

Most of the schools in the United States of America (U.S.A) and other developed countries have been providing intranet and Internet connectivity to the stu-

dents' hostels and dormitories for quite a long period of time (Sridhar and Jain, 2006). In Nigerian Universities Internet is used as a tool for learning, teaching and research (Adom et al., 2004). Access to the Internet can permit students to read different newspapers/magazines online for their leisure or educational purposes. In Tanzania, there are a variety of ways in which the electronic resources are accessed by students, but not in the halls of residence (Manda, 2005). The availability of Internet workstations in the universities, in students' hostels and at home is expected to influence the use of the Internet and library websites by the students (Aman, 2004). This research has not yet been done in Kenya.

Models that have been used to measure the extent to which internet connectivity in hostels affects students school work

A research done in Nigeria evaluated the impact of Internet browsing on students' academic performance at the tertiary levels of education (Osunade, 2003). The literature review focused on use of Internet services in tertiary institutions (two distinct models guide current efforts to make use of the Internet in higher education. The first approach seeks to improve existing forms and structures of post-secondary instruction to create "better, faster, cheaper" versions of today's courses and curricula by means of the Internet. The second approach is a more radical model which envisions the Internet as instrumental to a fundamental change in the processes and organizational structure of post-secondary teaching and learning), the cost and other obstacles to On-Campus Internet instruction (the technology is new, very costly, and perhaps too threatening to existing academic structures and traditions. Ignoring the potentials of this new technology for learning will lead to institutions being less competitive and attractive to prospective students) and then the use of technology in education was evaluated (the use of technology in the learning process can be evaluated using the FlashLight Toolkit method. To apply this method three elements are required: a technology (e.g. Internet), an activity for which it is used (e.g. information search), and the educational outcome of the activity (e.g. increased knowledge about topic)).

The methodology looked at research design, sample and sample techniques, research instruments and validity indices, data collection and collation and treatment of the data. The research then gives some recommendations regarding access of Internet services, the costing of the services, use of the services by students and the available connection speeds for all users. The research concludes that there is a significant difference in the academic performance of students with Internet access and those without.

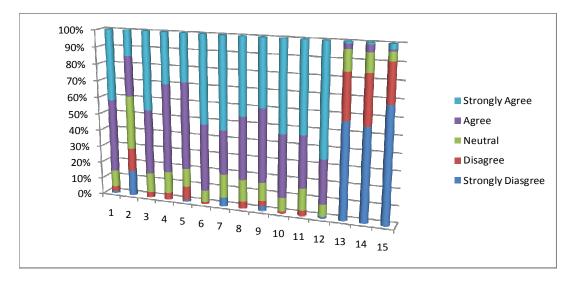


Figure 1. Usage of internet by students

DATA COLLECTION

A sample representing the population was considered (10% of the entire population). Questionnaires were distributed since the research was quantitative. The data captured was in the form of percentages.

RESULTS

According to the extent to which students require and use Internet services in their studies fig 1

- 86% of the students agree that use of the Internet has had an impact on their performance.
- 39% feel that the use of the Internet decreases the time needed for their school work.
- 86% agree that the Internet has led to improvement in the quality of their school work.
- 83% agree that the Internet has increased the effectiveness of their school work.
- 79% agree that the Internet has helped increase the quantity of output for the same amount of effort.
- 92% agree that the Internet has helped them in their academic research.
- 80% agree that the Internet has helped improve their performance in IT related units
- 82% agree that they use email, search engines and chats for academic purposes.
- 84% normally use email, search engines and chats for leisure or business reasons.
- 90% agree that Internet makes learning more interesting
- 84% agree that working/studying using the Internet is fun

- 91% agree that browsing the Internet is fun
- 84% disagree that working with the Internet is complicated and difficult.
- 84% disagree that it takes too long to learn how to use the Internet
- 91% disagree that the Internet is very complex to use

From the above analysis, students generally find the Internet very useful in their studies, fun and interesting in their learning experience. Hence, very few find it hard and not interesting to use.

How Internet access has helped or not helped in improving students school work

- It helps in research work in assignments hence improved assignments and data output
- Helps save time and energy when research has to be done, compared to making physical visits to institutions or reading books.
- Leads to time wastage on social sites due to addiction to these sites
- Plenty of information is made available online, for example, e-journals.
- Variety of information is also available in specific fields.
- Fluctuating Internet connections are not very desirable especially when a student has to do research.
- It has led to improved grades and acquisition of new knowledge in the IT field, for example, coding skills (for a BCOM student)
- Helped in communication with other students on email and on the e-learning site with the lecturers.
- There exists too much of irrelevant information

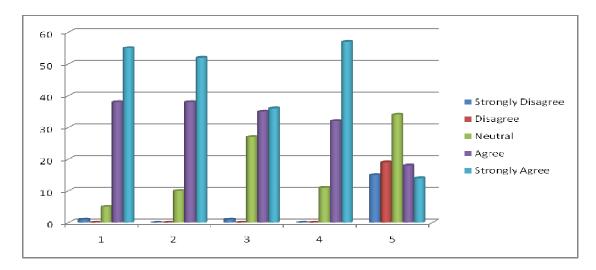
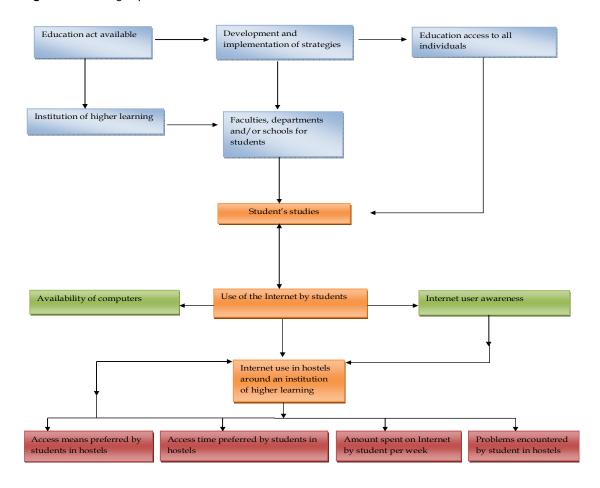


Figure 2. Learning impacts with the Internet



Appendix A shows a proposed model. This model can be used in all spheres to check on internet access and performance of students.

Figure 3. Proposed model

online and hence too much time is spent searching for materials.

• It has led to other non-academic functions like chatting and having fun just by browsing.

Table 1: Implementation matrix

| | Model component and the measurement metric | Yes | No | Remarks |
|----|--|-----|----|---------|
| 1. | Education Act | | | |
| | i. Are you familiar with the education act in the | | | |
| | country? | | | |
| | i. Have you read and understood the contents of | | | |
| | the act? | | | |
| | i. Do the contents of the act influence the decisions | | | |
| | | | | |
| | that you have to make in any way? | | | |
| 2. | Development and implementation of strategies | | | |
| | i. Is there a strategy in place to help implement the | | | |
| | education act in the country, for example, more | | | |
| | recruitments for tutors, building relevant curricula? | | | |
| | i. Have you read and understood the contents of | | | |
| | this particular strategy? | | | |
| | ii. Has the education act been developed to cater | | | |
| | for the needs in the country? | | | |
| | v. Are there any facilities that have been put in | | | |
| | place to help in the implementation of the existing | | | |
| | strategy? | | | |
| 3. | Education access to all individuals | | | |
| J. | i. Has the education act ensured access to | | | |
| | | | | |
| | education by all individuals in the country? | | | |
| | i. Does the education act encourage science, | | | |
| | technology and innovation in line with the country's vision | | | |
| | 2030? | | | |
| | ii. Has the education act been implemented in | | | |
| | various institutions of higher learning? | | | |
| | v. Does the education act aim at improving the | | | |
| | productivity and competitiveness of the human resource in | | | |
| | Kenya by ensuring better learning facilities for students? | | | |
| | v. Does the education act offer equal chances to | | | |
| | male and female students in different, socio-economic | | | |
| | groups and regions? | | | |
| 4. | Institution of higher learning | | | |
| ٦. | i. Do the students in the hostel belong to an | | | |
| | institution of higher learning, for example, a college, | | | |
| | | | | |
| | university or polytechnic? | | | |
| | i. Are the students in these residents close to their | | | |
| | respective institutions? | | | |
| | ii. Does the institution provide any extra services to | | | |
| | students compared to what is provided in the hostels? | | | |
| | v. Does the institution liaise with the surrounding | | | |
| | hostels to ensure that quality services are provided for the | | | |
| | students? | | | |
| 5. | Faculties, departments and/or schools for students | | | |
| | Do students belong to different faculties, | | | |
| | departments and schools in their institution? | | | |
| | ii. Do these faculties cater for the needs of the | | | |
| | students and the market at the moment in terms of the | | | |
| | courses they offer? | | | |
| | iii. Do the students get relevant training to create a | | | |
| | globally competitive and adaptive human resource base to | | | |
| | meet the requirements of the country's rapidly | | | |
| | industrializing economy? | | | |
| | | | | |
| | v. Are students allowed to join a hostel during any | | | |
| | year of study or do they join at the beginning of their study | | | |
| | period? | | | |

| 6. | Student's academic performance | | | |
|----|---|------|-------|--|
| | i. Do students perceive the Internet as useful in | | | |
| | their studies/ academic research? | | | |
| | ii. Does the Internet save time and energy for | | | |
| | students when they have to do research? | | | |
| | iii. Has the Internet helped in improving students | | | |
| | grades? | | | |
| | iv. Has the Internet helped the student in resolving | | | |
| | problems through the use of online forums and blogs? | | | |
| | v. Does the Internet waste students' time through | | | |
| | the social networking sites, chat rooms and as a result | | | |
| | affect their study time? | | | |
| | vi. Is all the information available online considered | | | |
| | to be useful by the students? | | | |
| | vii. Do the students view Internet use as complex | | | |
| | and hard to use? | | | |
| | viii. Has the use of the Internet helped in improving | | | |
| | student's school work by encouraging exploration and | | 1 1 1 | |
| | diversification to various fields? | | | |
| | ix. Are students in a position to download resources | | | |
| | and use them for their academic work? | | | |
| | x. Can the student use online material in the course | | | |
| | of their revision? | | | |
| | xi. Can the student be in a position to communicate | | | |
| | with fellow students and lecturers using the Internet? | | | |
| | xii. Do students have interruptions in the course of | | | |
| | their online research by fluctuations in the Internet? | | | |
| | xiii. Do students consider online information more | | | |
| | recent and more relevant compared to information on text | | | |
| | books? | | | |
| 7. | Use of the Internet by students | | | |
| | i. Do the students need the Internet in the hostels? | | | |
| | ii. Is the use of the Internet in the hostels popular | | | |
| | among the student? | l —— | l —— | |
| | iii. Are the access speeds available in the hostels | | | |
| | | | | |
| | appropriate for Internet access? | | | |
| | iv. Do students use the Internet on a daily basis in | | | |
| | iv. Do students use the Internet on a daily basis in the hostel? | | | |
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Table 1. continues

| 10. | Internet use in hostels | | | | | | |
|-----|--|-----|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | i. Are there Internet services provided in the hostel? | | | | | | |
| | ii. Are the Internet services considered a core | | = | | | | |
| | service and huge investments done by hostel owners on | | | | | | |
| | the services? | | | . | | | |
| | iii. Are the Internet access speeds are fast and | | | | | | |
| I | reliable? | | <u> </u> | J | | | |
| | iv. Is maintenance and improvements on the Internet | | | | | | |
| | done frequently in the year? | | | | | | |
| | v. Are Internet services in the hostels better than | | _ | - I | | | |
| | those provided in the student's institution of learning or in | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | | |
| 44 | the cyber cafes? | | Dank | | | | |
| 11. | Access means preferred by students | | Rank | ing | | | |
| | i. Do students prefer to use: | | | 0 | | 4 | _ |
| | i. LAN? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | ii. Modems? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | iii. Wireless access? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 12. | Access times preferred by students | | Rank | ing | | | |
| | Do students prefer to work on the Internet during: | | | | | | |
| | (i) Morning hours? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | (ii) Afternoon hours? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | (iii) Night time? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | (iv) Any time? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| l . | | | | | | | |
| 13. | Amount spent by the student | | Rank | ing | | | |
| 13. | i. Do students incur a cost to access Internet? | | Rank | ing | | | |
| 13. | | | Rank 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 13. | i. Do students incur a cost to access Internet?(i) Less than 250 shillings? | | | | 3 | 4 4 | |
| 13. | i. Do students incur a cost to access Internet?(i) Less than 250 shillings?(ii) Between 250 and 500 shillings? | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | 5 |
| 13. | i. Do students incur a cost to access Internet? (i) Less than 250 shillings? (ii) Between 250 and 500 shillings? (iii) Between 500 and 1000 shillings? | | 1 | 2 2 | | 4 | 5 5 |
| 13. | i. Do students incur a cost to access Internet? (i) Less than 250 shillings? (ii) Between 250 and 500 shillings? (iii) Between 500 and 1000 shillings? (iv) Above 1000 shillings? | | 1 1 1 | 2 2 2 | 3 3 | 4 4 | 5 |
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It has helped in the download of software.

- It has helped in solving problems through online forums and blogs (for programming issues) and Wikipedia (for initial information available for a given topic).
- It has helped in access of revision questions and answers.
- It has also helped in access of the most recent information available compared to outdated information available in library books.

General learning impacts with the Internet

- 93% of the students are motivated by the Internet to explore topics that have not been of major interest before.
- 90% find the Internet an effective tool because of the multimedia capabilities.
- 71% find the discussion forums very helpful since they provide stimulating thoughts and enhance creative thinking skills.

- 89% can access their course materials easily thanks to the Internet
- 32% agree that the Internet forces them to become experts in IT instead of increasing their discipline expertise.

DISCUSSION

Proposed model

Figure 3: Proposed model

Implementation of this model will need an implementation matrix as shown in Table 1.

CONCLUSION

Students generally find the Internet very useful in their studies, fun and interesting in their learning experience. Hence, very few find it hard and not interesting to use. As a result, they consider using the Internet very important in order for them to excel in their academic performance in all the units they study at the university.

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