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2 Food Nutrition and Human Health 3 Chungui Lu and Zhonghua Bian 4 Additional index words: Continuous light, LEDs, nitrate content, phytochemicals, photosynthesis, Lettuce 5 Abstract. Lighting-emitting diodes (LEDs) have shown great potential for plant growth and development, 6 with higher luminous efficiency and positive impact compared with other artificial lighting. The combined 7 effects of red /blue or/and green, and white LED light on plant growth and physiology, including 8 chlorophyll fluorescence, nitrate content and phytochemical concentration before harvest, were investigated. 9 The results showed that continuous light (CL) exposure at pre-harvest can effectively reduce nitrate 10 accumulation and increase phytochemical concentrations in lettuce plants, and the former is dependent on 11 the spectral composition and continuous light duration. Lettuce plants grown under continuous combined 12 red and blue (with or without green) LED light with a photosynthetic photon flux density (PPFD) at 200 μ mol m⁻² s⁻¹ exhibited a remarkable decrease of nitrate contents at 24 h compared to other light treatments. 13 14 In addition, red and blue light (R:B=4:1) was more effective in facilitating lettuce growth than white LED 15 light at the same PPFD. Moreover, continuous LED light for 24 h significantly enhanced the free-radical 16 scavenging activity and increased phenolic compound concentrations. In this study, we suggest that a 17 period of continuous LED (R/B) with green (G) light exposure is needed in order to decrease nitrate 18 concentrations and enhance lettuce quality. 24 h appears to be the best, but this period should not exceed 48 19 h. It appears that continuous light could enhance the activity of nitrate reductase leading to a low level of 20 nitrate content in the leaf. However, the reduction of nitrate is considered to be associated with the 21 circadian clock and the light-signaling pathway as well.

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