



Calhoun: The NPS Institutional Archive

Center on Contemporary Conflict

CCC-PASCC Research in Progress Ripsheets

2016-10

India-U.S. Strategic Dialogue on Biosecurity

Center on Contemporary Conflict

Monterey, California: Naval Postgraduate School

http://hdl.handle.net/10945/50641



Calhoun is a project of the Dudley Knox Library at NPS, furthering the precepts and goals of open government and government transparency. All information contained herein has been approved for release by the NPS Public Affairs Officer.

> Dudley Knox Library / Naval Postgraduate School 411 Dyer Road / 1 University Circle Monterey, California USA 93943

http://www.nps.edu/library



NAVAL Postgraduate School

The Project on Advanced Systems and Concepts for Countering WMD

(PASCC) is run at the Center on Contemporary Studies (CCC) and sponsored by the Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA). PASCC awards and supports strategic studies and dialogues that anticipate and try to reduce the threat of WMD capabilities.



The CCC has a respected track record for providing research and timely analysis on a variety of topics to leading decision makers in the U.S. national security community. Located in the Naval Postgraduate School, the CCC is the research wing of the Department of National Security Affairs.

Research in Progress describes ongoing PASCC research. For more information, please contact pascc@nps.edu.

Published October 2016

India-U.S. Strategic Dialogue on Biosecurity

Performer: University of Pennsylvania Medical Center (UPMC) Center for Health Security Project Lead: Gigi Gronvall Project Cost: \$223,103 FY16–17

Objective:

This project will investigate biosecurity threats to India and the United States through two strategic dialogues in order to create enduring, productive bilateral relationships and a deeper understanding of each state's biosecurity concerns and efforts to address them. The objective of this project is to initiate a sustainable, candid, and productive Track II dialogue between India and the U.S. on sensitive issues related to deliberate, accidental, and naturally occurring biological threats. By stimulating trust and habits of cooperation between dialogue participants, the project aims to reduce biosecurity threats and mitigate future crises that may emerge in the U.S. and India.

Approach:

The UPMC Center for Health Security proposes to convene two two-day meetings, the first one hosted in Washington, DC, and the second in New Delhi, India. Each dialogue session will include influential policymakers, thought leaders, and scientists. Each dialogue will include a diversity of biosecurity issues based on the concerns and priorities of both the U.S. and India, including: prevention, detection, response and recovery capabilities, and challenges with respect to bioweapons; emerging and high-consequence pathogens; and laboratory biosafety. Following each meeting, the project lead will prepare a comprehensive report describing the meeting's findings and outcomes for public dissemination.

NPS Center on Contemporary Conflict