Comparative phylogeography of two symbiotic dorvilleid polychaetes with contrasting host and bathymetric patterns

Patricia Lattig, Isabel Muñoz, Daniel Martin, Pere Abelló, Annie Machordom



Institut de Ciències del Mar



MINISTERIO DE ECONOMÍA Y COMPETITIVI



Instituto Español de Oceanografia centro oceanográfico de santander





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Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914



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Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914



Ophryotrocha mediterranea Martin, Abelló & Cartes, 1991

Family Dorvilleidae

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Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914



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Family Dorvilleidae

Symbionts of brachyuran crabs

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Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914



Ophryotrocha mediterranea Martin, Abelló & Cartes, 1991

Family Dorvilleidae Symbionts of brachyuran crabs Inhabit the branchial chambers

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Iphitime: 7 species (all crab symbionts)



Iphitime: 7 species (all crab symbionts) NE Atlantic and Mediterranean





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 NE Atlantic and Mediterranean
 Sexual dimorphism









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HOSTS



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HOSTS

Liocarcinus depurator
 Macropipus tuberculatus
 Goneplax rhomboides
 Bathynectes maravigna

(70 - 400 m) (100 - 500 m) (350 - 600 m) (550 - 650 m)



Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914



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PREVALENCE



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Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914

✓ 1023 specimens of *L. depurator*, 6.5% infested

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✓ 9.8% in females, 3.4% in males



PREVALENCE



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1023 specimens of *L. depurator*, 6.5% infested 9.8% in females, 3.4% in males

✓ 819 specimens of *M. tuberculatus*, 11.5% infested



PREVALENCE



Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914

1023 specimens of *L. depurator*, 6.5% infested 9.8% in females, 3.4% in males 819 specimens of *M. tuberculatus*, 11.5% infested 10.9% in females, 11.9% in males.



PREVALENCE



Iphitime cuenoti Fauvel, 1914

1023 specimens of *L. depurator*, 6.5% infested
9.8% in females, 3.4% in males
819 specimens of *M. tuberculatus*, 11.5% infested
10.9% in females, 11.9% in males.
Low numbers in *G. rhomboides* and *B. maravigna* prevented to estimate prevalence.

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✓ Ophryotrocha: ≈ 60 species (3 symbionts)



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1 - holothurians, 2 - crabs



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- ✓ Ophryotrocha: ≈ 60 species (3 symbionts)
- 1 holothurians, 2 crabs
- W Mediterranean





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- ✓ Ophryotrocha: ≈ 60 species (3 symbionts)
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- No sexual dimorphism
- ✓ Found only in *Gerion longipes* (550-660 m)



Ophryotrocha mediterranea Martin, Abelló & Cartes, 1991





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- ✓ 156 specimens, prevalence 25%



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- ✓ 156 specimens, prevalence 25%
 - ✓ 30% in males, 0% in females



Ophryotrocha mediterranea Martin, Abelló & Cartes, 1991





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- ✓ 156 specimens, prevalence 25%
 - ✓ 30% in males, 0% in females (too small)



Ophryotrocha mediterranea Martin, Abelló & Cartes, 1991





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SAMPLING



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SAMPLING

 MEDITS (Mediterranean 2012) & ARSA (Gulf of Cádiz, 2013)





SAMPLING

- MEDITS (Mediterranean 2012) & ARSA (Gulf of Cádiz, 2013)
- Bottom trawling on board of the B.O. Cornide Saavedra







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OBJECTIVE


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To analyse the phylogeographic patterns

Current genetic diversity (mtDNA COI)



- Current genetic diversity (mtDNA COI)
- Past historical events



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- Contrasting host pattern and bathymetry



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- Contrasting host pattern and bathymetry
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- Current genetic diversity (mtDNA COI)
- Past historical events
- Contrasting host pattern and bathymetry
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OCEANOGRAFIC FRONTS

- Gibraltar Strait
- Almería-Oran Front
- ✓ Ibiza Channel





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- Gibraltar Strait
- Almería-Oran Front
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REGIONS



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REGIONS



CádizAlboran







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- Almería-Oran Front
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REGIONS



Cádiz
Alboran
Alacant





Alboran Alacant

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- Almería-Oran Front
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REGIONS



 Cádiz
 Alboran
 Alacant
 Valencia & Catalunya





 Alboran
 Alacant
 Valencia & Catalunya

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Iphitime cuenoti







Iphitime cuenoti

| | CÁDIZ | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|---------|
| ALBORAN | | | |
| ALACANT | | _ | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | | | |





Iphitime cuenoti

| | CÁDIZ | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------|----------------|
| ALBORAN | 0.009, N.S. | | |
| ALACANT | | _ | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | | | 0.012, N.S. |





Iphitime cuenoti

| | CÁDIZ | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|------------------|---------|----------------|
| ALBORAN | 0.009, N.S. | | |
| ALACANT | 0.158, p<0.05 | _ | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | 0.127, p<0.05 | | 0.012, N.S. |





Iphitime cuenoti

| | CÁDIZ | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| ALBORAN | 0.009, N.S. | | |
| ALACANT | 0.158, p<0.05 | 0.082, p<0.05 | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | 0.127, p<0.05 | 0.042, p<0.05 | 0.012, N.S. |





Iphitime cuenoti

Pairwise Fst estimates based on mtDNA COI

| | CÁDIZ | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| ALBORAN | 0.009, N.S. | | |
| ALACANT | 0.158, p<0.05 | 0.082, p<0.05 | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | 0.127, p<0.05 | 0.042, p<0.05 | 0.012, N.S. |

Significant but weak barrier effect for the Almería-Oran Front

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HAPLOTYPE NETWORK



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HAPLOTYPE NETWORK

Star-like haplotype network

Weak population structure

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Iphitime cuenoti MISMATCH DISTRIBUTIONS





Unimodal haplotype distribution

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Iphitime cuenoti MISMATCH DISTRIBUTIONS





 Unimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 90 thousand years ago

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Iphitime cuenoti MISMATCH DISTRIBUTIONS





 Unimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 90 thousand years ago
 After the Pleistocene glaciations

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- Unimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 90 thousand years ago
 - After the Pleistocene glaciations
 - Günz Mindel Interglacial Period

Ophryotrocha mediterranea



 Alboran
 Alacant
 Valencia & Catalunya



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Ophryotrocha mediterranea






| | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|
| ALACANT | | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | | |





| | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|---------|----------------|
| ALACANT | | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | | 0.002, N.S. |





| | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| ALACANT | 0.083, N.S. | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | | 0.002, N.S. |





| | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| ALACANT | 0.083, N.S. | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | 0.118, p<0.05 | 0.002, N.S. |





Pairwise Fst estimates based on mtDNA COI

| | ALBORAN | ALACANT |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| ALACANT | 0.083, N.S. | |
| VALENCIA & CATALUNYA | 0.118, p<0.05 | 0.002, N.S. |

Eastern Alborán differs significantly (0.272)

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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

HAPLOTYPE NETWORK

Geographical distribution

✓ Dumble-like haplotype network

Alboran Alacant Valencia & Catalunya





Ophryotrocha mediterranea

HAPLOTYPE NETWORK

Geographical distribution

- ✓ Dumble-like haplotype network
- Two distinctive lineages
- ✓ Not related to current gene flow barriers

Lineage 1

Lineage 2

Alboran Alacant Valencia & Catalunya

Lineage 1



Ophryotrocha mediterranea

HAPLOTYPE NETWORK

Geographical distribution

- ✓ Dumble-like haplotype network
- Two distinctive lineages
- ✓ Not related to current gene flow barriers
- ✓ No morphological differences

Lineage 2

Alboran Alacant Valencia & Catalunya

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Ophryotrocha mediterranea



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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION





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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION





Bimodal haplotype distribution



Ophryotrocha mediterranea MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION





 Bimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 250 thousand years ago







- Bimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 250 thousand years ago
- ✓ Unique metapopulation







- Bimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 250 thousand years ago
- Unique metapopulationTwo distinct lineages







- Øimodal haplotype distribution
 Most recent expansion 250 thousand years ago
- Unique metapopulation
- Two distinct lineages
- Secondary contact as a result of expanding after being isolated

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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION







Ophryotrocha mediterranea

MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION







Lineage 1 secondary expansion

- 73 thousand years ago
- Pleistocene Günz Mindel Interglacial Period



Ophryotrocha mediterranea

MISMATCH DISTRIBUTION







Lineage 1 secondary expansion

- 73 thousand years ago
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 Interglacial Period

Lineage 2 secondary expansion

- 89 thousand years ago
- Pleistocene Günz Mindel
 Interglacial Period

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Ophryotrocha mediterranea



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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

GENETIC DIVERGENCE



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Ophryotrocha mediterranea

GENETIC DIVERGENCE



✓ Lineage 1 vs. Lineage 2 vs. *Ophryotrocha geryonicola* \approx 1%,





Lineage 1 vs. Lineage 2 vs. *Ophryotrocha geryonicola* \approx 1%, \checkmark

GENETIC DIVERGENCE

Vs. non-symbiotic species (*O. adherens* and *O. puerilis*) > 20% \checkmark

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Ophryotrocha mediterranea GENETIC DIVERGENCE



- ✓ Lineage 1 vs. Lineage 2 vs. *Ophryotrocha geryonicola* \approx 1%,
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Wiklund et al. (2012)

Subespecies rised to valid species = 18%





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O. mediterranea could be a junior synonymy O. geryonicola

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SUMMARY

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SUMMARY



Iphitime cuenoti

Population with weak structure



- Population with weak structure
- Recent expansion after the Pleistocene glaciations



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- Highly homogeneous gene flow



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- Wide bathymetric range



Iphitime cuenoti

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- Recent expansion after the Pleistocene glaciations
- Highly homogeneous gene flow
- Weak barrier effect at the Almería-Oran Front
- Infests several hosts (no specificity)
- Wide bathymetric range
- Hosts vertical swimming capacity





Ophryotrocha mediterranea

Initial expansion 250 thousand years ago



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- Two isolated lineages



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- Further studies of the Atlantic species



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- Separated by an acive barrier vs. extremes of a cline





FUNDING



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- CGL2011-23306: Evolutionary approach to the taxonomy nd phylogeny of the Orden Scleractinia (Cnidaria: Anthozoa: Hexacorallia)
- CTM2013-43287-P: Evolutionary implications, ecological roles and vulnerability to oceanic changes in marine symbiosis.

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