

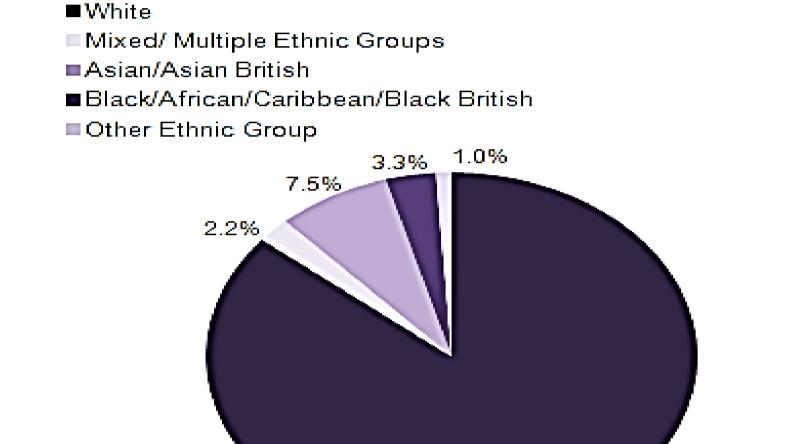
Mental health among ethnic groups with diabetes in the UK

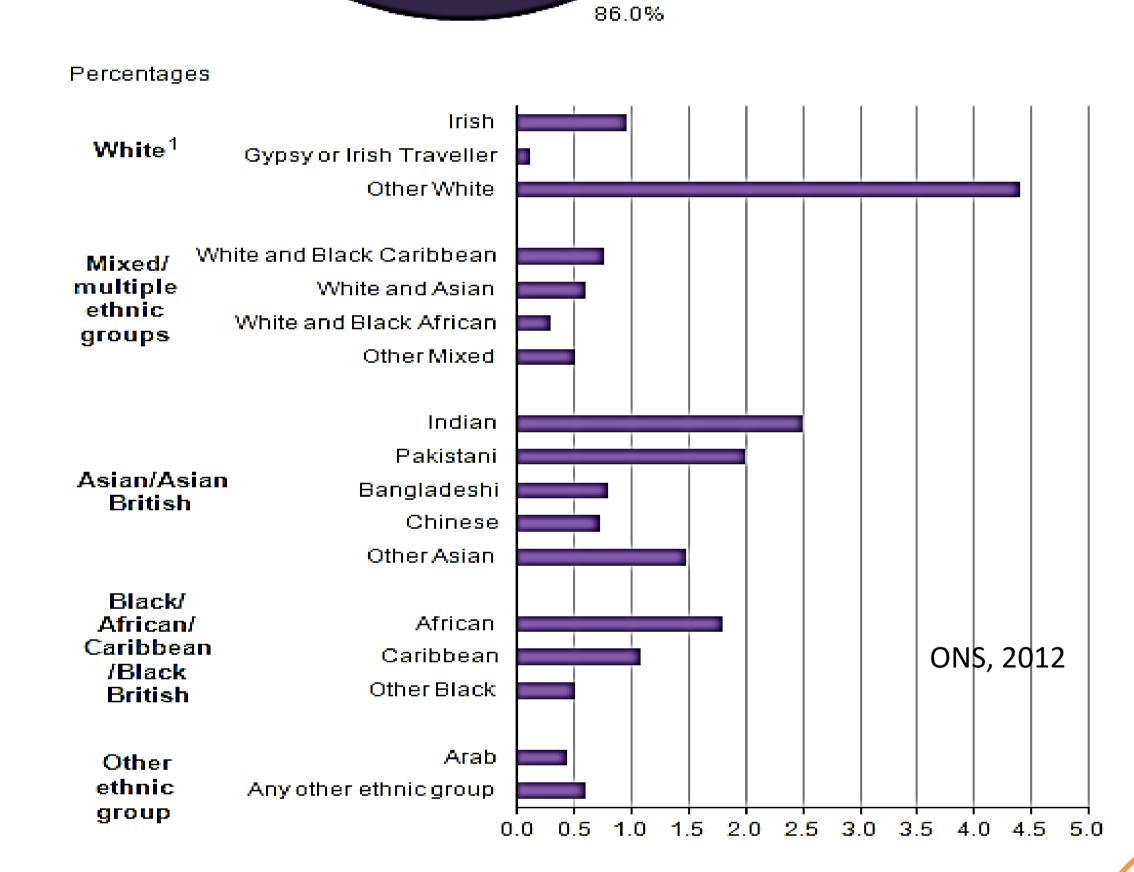
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Mental Health & Diabetes

- Diabetes affect more than 422 million people globally¹.
- In UK, more than 4 million live with diabetes².
- Mental health has attracted much attention globally following WHO's strong statement "There is no health without mental health"
- Mental health has been recognised in SDG 3 to promote mental health and wellbeing.
- Links between mental health and diabetes have been reported⁴.

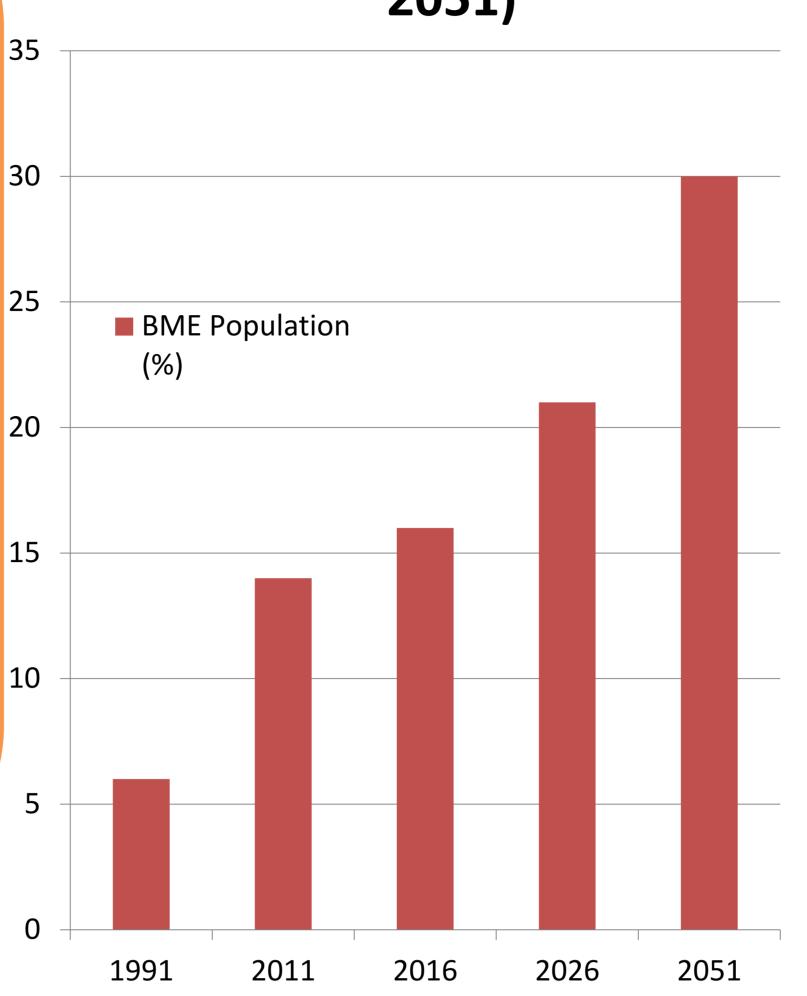




The Double Sword of Mental **Health & Diabetes**

- Depression and diabetes distress can substantially reduce adherence to healthy lifestyle.
- Inability to effectively selfmonitor blood glucose level.
- Self-management recommendations
- Mental health burden require more than £34 billion each year ⁴.
- Higher diabetes spending of £10 billion than £5 billion on cancer.





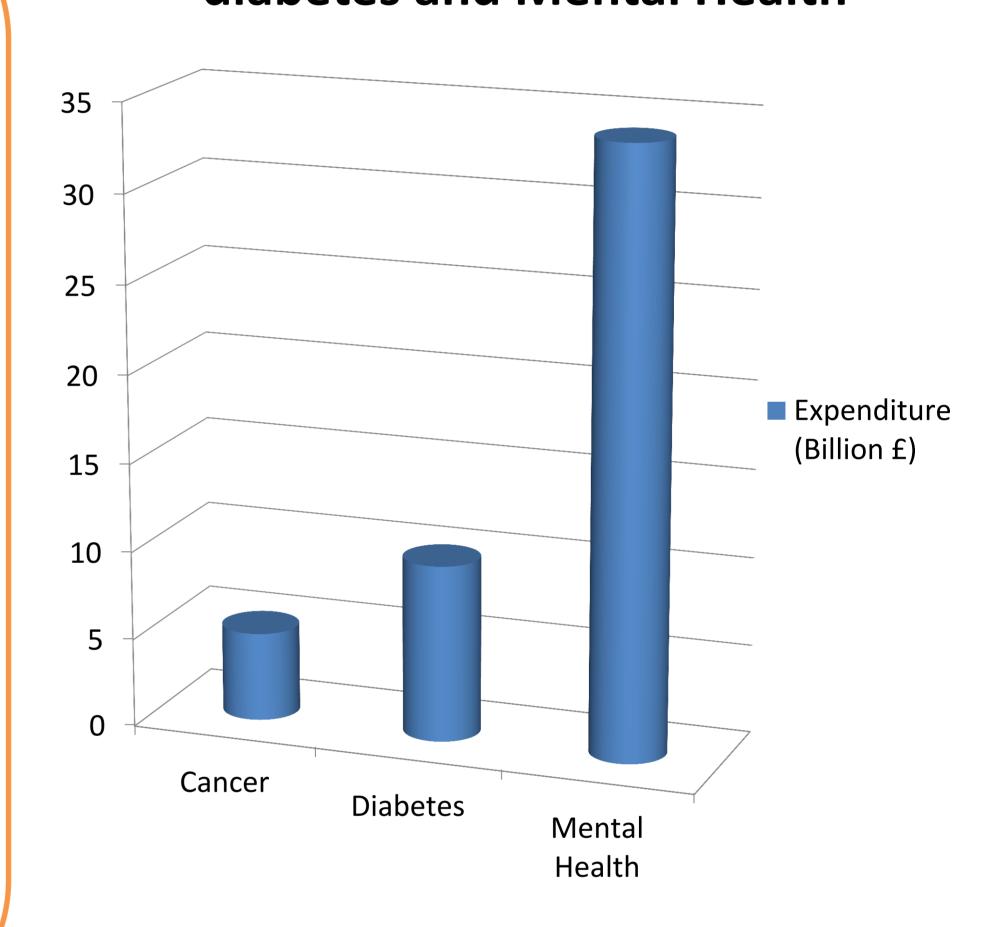
Need for Mental health Intervention

- Less than 15% have access to mental health services in
- 58,399 people were detained under the Mental
- Social exclusion, racism experiences have negatively affected mental health.

Diabetes in numbers

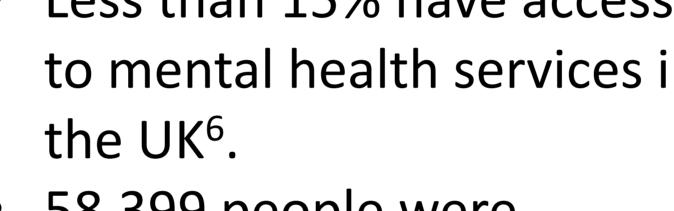
- UK prevalence of diabetes is 6.2% or 4 million people. Three times higher than all cancers combined⁵.
- Type 2 diabetes is up to six times higher among UK ethnic minority groups [BME] ².
- Diabetes in BME groups is a public health issue. The BME population has doubled from 6% in 1991 to 14% in 2011. By 2050 one third of UK population is part of BME community⁵.

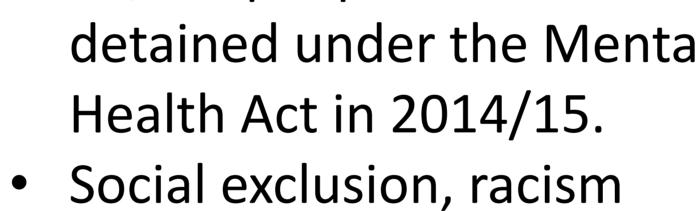
NHS Expenditure on Cancer, diabetes and Mental Health

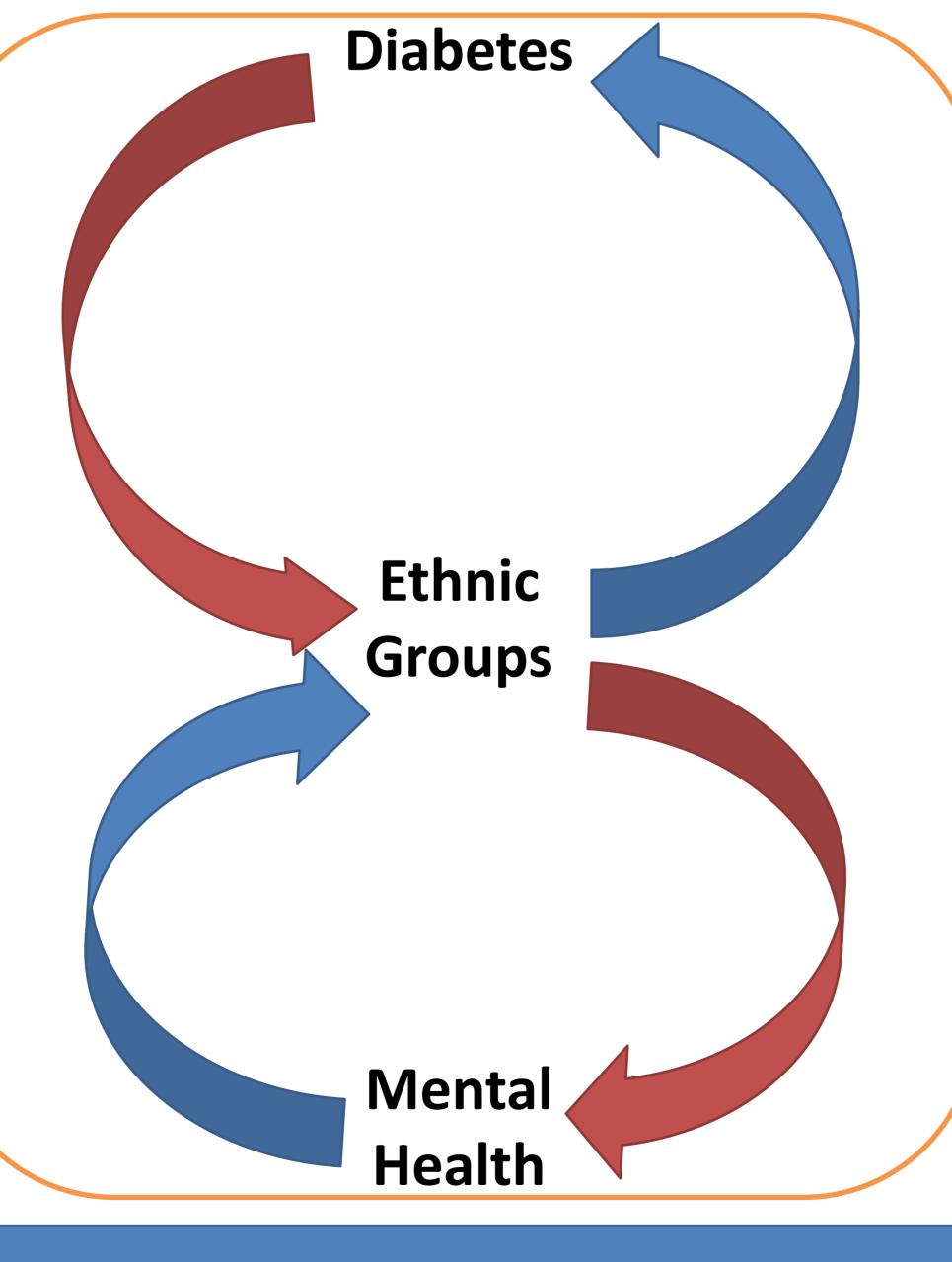


Recommendations

- Mental health needs to be a clinical priority among UK BME groups.
- Cultural stereotypes of mental health among BME groups requires educational information to create awareness
- Structural and societal racism and discrimination needs to be addressed
- Integrated and universal care should be given with diabetes to reduce mental health risk complications.
- More research is needed to understand the intersection of diabetes and mental health among BME groups that are at high risk of both conditions.







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