

# Periodic hypokalemic paralysis disclosing thyrotoxicosis

Submitted by Franck Letournel on Tue, 12/13/2016 - 15:56

Titre	Periodic hypokalemic paralysis disclosing thyrotoxicosis
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	Pénisson-Besnier, Isabelle [1], Letournel, Franck [2], Kerkeni, N [3], Dubas, Frédéric [4], Alquier, P. [5], Rohmer, Vincent [6]
Pays	France
Editeur	Elsevier Masson
Ville	Paris
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	1998
Langue	Anglais
Date	Sept. 1998
Numéro	28
Pagination	1430-1
Volume	27
Titre de la revue	La Presse médicale
ISSN	0755-4982
Résumé en anglais	<p><b>BACKGROUND:</b> Hypokalemic periodic paralysis is an uncommon complication of hyperthyroidism occurring sporadically almost exclusively in young Asian men. The clinical presentation is the same as in familial hypokalemic periodic paralysis. Treatment consists of conventional management for thyrotoxicosis.</p> <p><b>CASE REPORT:</b> A Laotian man aged 42 years had suffered episodes of pain and fatigue in the lower limbs lasting 2 to 7 days over the last few months. The patient was hospitalized with severe limb pain. Clinical examination found severe motor deficit involving all four limbs. Laboratory findings induced hypokalemia (1.8 mmol/l) and hyperthyroidism (free thyroxin 36 pmol/l, TSH &lt; 0.005 mIU/l). Thyroid echography revealed multinodular goitre with two heterogeneous nodules. Strong uptake was seen on the scintigram. The motor deficit regressed within 8 hours and the kaliemia was restored with 1.50 g KCl. The patient was discharged with carbimazole (30 mg/d). Three months later he was euthyroid and symptom free. Total thyroidectomy was performed and L-thyroxin prescribed. The patient remains symptom-free at the last follow-up, 5 months after thyroidectomy.</p> <p><b>DISCUSSION:</b> The pathogenesis of hypokalemic periodic paralysis involves the ATPase-dependent sodium-potassium pump whose activity is stimulated by thyroid hormones. The reasons for the ethnic and male predominance are poorly elucidated.</p>
URL de la notice	<a href="http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua15318">http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua15318</a> [7]
Lien vers le document	<a href="http://www.em-consulte.com/revue/LPM/27/28/table-des-matieres/">http://www.em-consulte.com/revue/LPM/27/28/table-des-matieres/</a> [8]

---

## **Liens**

- [1] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=8237>
- [2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/franck.letournel/publications>
- [3] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=25633>
- [4] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=655>
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=5733>
- [6] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/vi.rohmer/publications>
- [7] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua15318>
- [8] <http://www.em-consulte.com/revue/LPM/27/28/table-des-matieres/>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)