

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Impacts on NOx Emission Reductions

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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ERCOT: Paul Wattles, Kevin Hanson, Warren Lasher

USEPA: Art Diem, Julie Rosenberg



LEGISLATIVE RESPONSE

Legislation to Reduce Energy/Emissions 2001 to Present

Senate Bill 5 (77th Legislature, 2001)

Ch. 386. Texas Emissions Reduction Plan

Sec. 386.205. Evaluation Of State Energy Efficiency Programs (with PUC)

Ch. 388. Texas Building Energy Performance Standards

Sec. 388.003. Adoption Of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards.

Sec. 388.004. Enforcement Of Energy Standards Outside Of Municipality.

Sec. 388.007. Distribution Of Information And Technical Assistance.

Sec. 388.008. Development Of Home Energy Ratings.

TERP Amended (78th Legislature, 2003)

Ch. 388. Texas Building Energy Performance Standards

(HB 1365) Sec. 388.004. Enforcement Of Energy Standards Outside Of Municipality.

(HB 1365) Sec. 388.009. Energy-Efficient Building Program.

Ch. 388. Texas Building Energy Performance Standards

(HB 3235) Sec. 388.009. Certification of Municipal Inspectors.

TERP Amended (79th Legislature, 2005)

Ch. 382. Health and Safety Code

(HB 2129) Sec. 386.056 Development of Creditable Statewide emissions from wind and other renewables.

(HB 965) Sec. 382.0275 Commission Action Relating to Water Heaters

TERP Amended (80th Legislature, 2007)

Ch. 382. Health and Safety Code

(HB 3693) Sec. 388.003 added subsection (b-1), (b-2), (b-3) that allows SECO to adopt new editions of the IECC based on written recommendations from the Laboratory.

(HB 3693) Sec. 388.008 Development of Standardized report formats for newly constructed residences.

Ch. 386.252 Health and and Safety Code

(SB 12) Section 388.03 added subsection (b-1), (b-2) allows SECO to adopt new editions of the IECC based on written recommendations from the Laboratory.

TERP Amended (81st Legislature, 2009)

Ch. 382. Health and Safety Code

(HB 1796) Section 23 amends Sec. 386.252 (a) and (b) extends date of TERP to 2019 and requires Commission to contract with Laboratory for creditable EE/RE emissions reductions.

TERP Amended (82nd Legislature, 2011)

Ch. 477.004 Health and Safety Code

HB 51 Section 2, b-2, establishes advisory committee, which including the Laboratory

Section 3 & 4 amends review of municipal's amendments.

Ch. 388.003e & 388.007c,d Health and Safety Code

HB 51 Section 3 & 4 amends review of municipal's amendments.

Ch. 388.006 Health and Safety Code

SB 898 Section 2, requires the Laboratory to calculate energy savings and emissions reductions for political subdivisions reporting to SECO.

Ch. 39.9051 Utilities Code

SB 924 Section 1g,h and Section 2c,d requires the Laboratory to calculate energy savings and emissions reductions for political subdivisions reporting to SECO.

NO new amendments were passed (83rd Legislature, 2013)

TERP Amended (84th Legislature, 2015)

Section 388.003, Health and Safety Code

HB 1736 Section 1 Establishes the 2015 energy codes as the TBEPS effective Sept 1, 2016. The state may adopt new codes no sooner than every 6 years. The section also adds Energy Rating Index as a voluntary compliance alternative.







EPA CRITERIA FOR SIP CREDITS (2004)

Quantifiable: The emission reductions generated by measures to reduce emissions *must be quantifiable* and include procedures to evaluate and verify over time the level of emission reductions actually achieved.

Surplus: Emission reductions *are surplus* as long as they are not otherwise relied on to meet air quality attainment requirements in air quality programs related to your SIP.

Enforceability: Measures that reduce emissions from electricity generation may be: (1) *Enforceable directly* against a source; (2) *Enforceable against another party* responsible for the energy efficiency or renewable energy activity; or (3) Included under our *voluntary measures* policy.

Record Keeping: The *measure should be permanent* throughout the term for which the credit is granted unless it is replaced by another measure or the State demonstrates in a SIP revision that the emission reductions from the measure are no longer needed to meet applicable requirements.





ENERGY SAVINGS & NOX EMISSION REDUCTION

ESL Calculates NOx Emissions Reductions for:

- 1. Code-Compliant Construction: Energy savings from new construction
 - ESL Single-family construction
 - ESL Multi-family construction
 - ESL Commercial construction
- 2. Green Power Production: Wind and other renewables
- 3. PUC SB7: Energy efficiency programs implemented by electric utilities under the Public Utility Regulatory Act §39.905
- **4. SECO**: Energy-efficiency programs towards school districts, government agencies, city and county governments, private industries and residential energy consumers
- **5. A/C Retrofits**: Installation of SEER 13/14 *replacement* air conditioners in existing residences

















As of September 1, 2016: The State of Texas has adopted the 2015 IECC SECO _User Login On September 1, 2016, the State of Texas will adopt the 2015 International Energy Conservation Beginning on September 1, to create a new project IC3 version 4.0 must be used, which is located here IC3 Version 3.14 references the 2009 and 2012 IECC codes and will no longer allow new Projects created prior to September 1 will be accessible and may be modified.

HERO
ICC
RESNET Setting the Standards for Quality
77 🐴 🖅
ENERGY SYSTEMS

Projects created using IC3 Version 3.14 may be imported into Version 4.0, but be aware the project will convert to the 2015 IECC. Maintenance of Version 3.14 of IC3 will be discontinued January 1, 2017.

Email Address: Password:

Login

Register Forgot Password

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Login Screen





		Global Parameters						
Return to Project List		Giodai Faranieters						
Project Name Simulation Mode Energy Code Street Address County	© Performance Path © ERI Simulation Path 2015 IECC 123 4th street BRAZOS	Number of Floors Number of Bedrooms Orientation of Unit Front Side Exterior Finish Type Window	2	Displayed Floor 1 ✓	Front Side Length of Wall (ft) Window Area (sq ft) Horizontal Shading (in)	D500DO		
City	COLLEGE STATION V	SHGC	0.2		Height of Wall (ft)	10		
Zip	77840	U-Factor	0.25	Left Side			Right Side	
Builder Name Builder Email	test test est e2calc_support@tee	Insulation Wall Cavity Insulation	R-18 ®	Length of Wall (ft)			Length of Wall (ft)	50
Builder Phone	123-456-7890	Wall Continuous Insulation	R-5 ®	Window Area (sq ft) 20	Conditioned Floor Area (sq ft)	2800	Window Area (sq ft)	20
Notes	^	Studs Stud Type Ducts Ducts in Conditioned	2 x 4 🗸 🕲	Horizontal © 0 Shading (in) Height of Wall © 10			Horizontal Shading (in) Height of Wall (ft)	10
	~	Space 🗆 🕲 Supply Duct Insulation	R-8 ®		Back Side Length of Wall (ft) Window Area (sq	20050		
		Return Duct Insulation Testing	Roof Foundation]	ft) Horizontal Shading			
		Heating	A/C Water Heater]	(in) Height of Wall (ft)			
Submit Project When downloading the energy report, there are issues with browser plug-ins converting the .pdf to HTML5. See the link for details. Help/FAQ				•			1	
© 2016 Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station								
	Credits Help/FAQ Manual IC3 v4.2.0 [3]							

Main Page



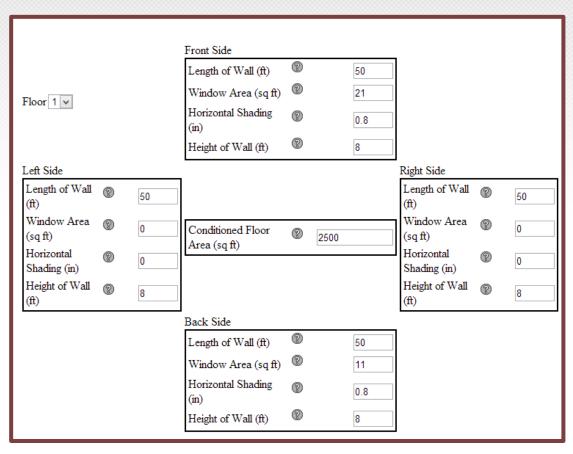


Return to Project List		
Project Name	000 2015 Qinbo Li	
Energy Code	2015 IECC 🗸 🕲	
Street Address	1000 Balcones Dr	?
County	AUSTIN 🗸 🛭)
City	BELLVILLE V®	
Zip	77777	?
Builder Name	test test	?
Builder Email	patrickparker@tees.tamus	?
Builder Phone	123-456-7890	?
Notes:	This is a test.	//

Energy Code/Site Address/Project Details







Floors/BedRooms/Foundation





Global Parameters	
Number of Floors	1 🗸 🌚
Number of Bedrooms	2 🕏 🕲
Orientation of Unit Front Side	East 🗸 🕲
Exterior Finish Type	Stucco 🗸 🕲
Window	
SHGC	0.3
U-Value	0.2
Insulation	
Wall Cavity Insulation	R-35
Wall Continuous Insulation	R-10 ®
Studs	
Stud Type	2 x 4 🗸 🕲
Ducts	
Ducts in Conditioned Space 🗹	
0	

Global Parameters

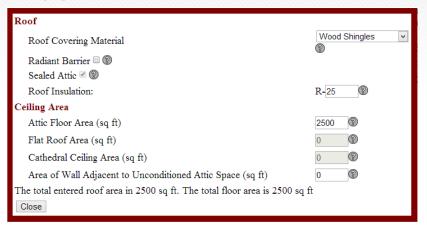




Testing

Testing	
Mechanical Ventilation Type	Balanced v
Ventilation Rate (CFM)	100 ②
Ventilation Operation (hrs/day)	12 🕲
Ventilation Fan Power(Watts)	12 🕲
Blower Door Test (ACH50)	
Blower Door Test	Tested
Blower Door Test Value	5 ②
Close	

Roof







Foundation

Foundation	
Type of Foundation	Slab on Grade 🔻 🕲
Foundation Insulation	R-0.23
Close	

/	4/C	
	A/C SEER:	
	SEER:	18
	Tonnage	2
	Close	

Heating

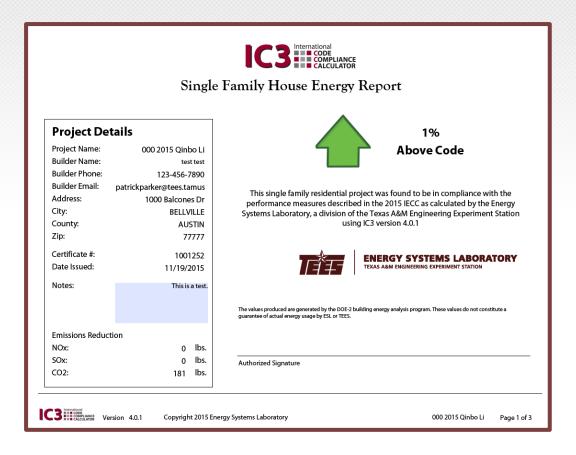


Water Heater

Water Heater	
Type of Water Heater	Heat Pump 🗸 🕲
Energy Factor	2.1
Use detailed DHW input 🗆	
Close	







Certificate

This certificate was generated by IC3 in compliance with 2015 IECC





Current 2015 Version

Residential Energy Efficiency Certificate **ENERGY SYSTEMS LABORATORY** Window U-Value U- 0.25 Duct Tightness (in CFM25) 3 Window SHGC 0.2 Cooling Efficiency SEER 15 12.2 HSPF Wall Cavity Insulation R - 18 Heating Efficiency Water Heater Efficiency Roof/Ceiling Insulation R - 25 Heat Pump EF 2.2 Floor/Foundation Insulation R-5 **Builder Email** esl_e2calc_support@tees.tamus. Supply Duct Insulation R-8 **Builder Phone** 123-456-7890 12/14/2016 Return Duct Insulation R - 8 Date Issued Blower Door (in ACH50) Certificate Number 1,017,977 3 International Compliance Builder or Registered Design Professional



Certificate on Electrical Panel



SAVINGS FROM CODE COMPLIANT CONSTRUCTION



Has an analysis been performed to determine actual measured energy savings (i.e., real utility bills)?



Yes!

Calculated savings compared with utility bills

Verification of Energy Savings from the Implementation of the Residential Building Codes in Texas

Juan-Carlos Baltazar, PhD, PE

Chunliu Mao Student Member ASHRAE Jeff Haberl, PhD, PE Fellow ASHRAE

ARSTRAC

The International Energy Construction Code (IECC) was adopted in 2001 by the State of Tocas to help reduce annual heating and eating tools are inclinated individual. After 2000, the Tocas Legislature required that the IECC 2000 is adopted and required our Laboratory to mark the annual energy anning and Nove entirities reductions from the implementation of the Tocas Building Energy Performance Standards (IEEES). This paper discusses the serphicians of the energy assigns from the implementation of the IECC 2000 [2001 and IECC 2000 building oldes in Tocas using a suitely bill analysis methodology. In the methodology, a sample of analyse diseases was confined pleased and security intended and separated into three yarry of single-family residential bourse that new constructed by the same insider, with very similar construction types. Each grap was built in a different period on account for the impact of the different adopted code. Tois single shows that the electricity assing from the application of the 2000 [2001 IECC 2004 the 2004 IECC 2004 and 19%, reporting when compared to some built in part restandards.

INTRODUCTIO

The significance that the energy codes implementation has brought to the seduced energy was in sessioners has been mentioned in many forum; however, few studies have quantified what savings these code adoptions have provided. Texts, as in many other states in the U.S., has participated in the application of the energy codes since 2001, nor just with the objective of the energy efficiency, but also to encourage the seduction of NOz emissions by electricity provides due to the more straingent building energy codes. For those easions. Texts adopted the 2001 international Energy Construction Code (IECC)—with the 2001 supplement, as its first state-wide building energy code. Since then, serveal local amendments to the IECC have been adopted by the different neighborise lates. Currently, most of the reidential honose in Texts abide by serveal versions that are more strangent than the IECC 2006 building energy code. The IECC 2000/2001 and IECC 2006 versions, were the codes that took the first respit to address the essistential energy efficiency from the design of building exporting of the energy savings and emission seductions. Typically, the calculations of residential and communical energy savings and emission seductions are performed using certified code-compliance simulations (Fabed et al., 2009), since these is no streamed energined energy use exceeds.

This paper presents a methodology that was used to verify the energy savings from the impact of the implementation

Juan-Carlos Baltazar is a Research Engineer of the Energy Systems Laboratory of the Texas A&M University and Member ASHRAE. Chunilu Mao is a Ph.D. student and Student Member ASHRAE. Jeff Habert, is professor of Department of Architecture at Texas A&M University and Associate Director of Energy Systems Laboratory, and a Fellow ASHRAE.

*Results published in the 2014 ASHRAE Transactions.



Developed API for IC3





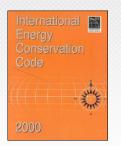
Benefits from API:

- Single screen allowing access to the same DOE-2 model used by the IC3 webpage
- Tablet/iPad/iPhone friendly
- XML input/output
- Easily integrated into existing third party software

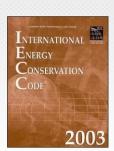


STATEWIDE SAVINGS FROM CODE COMPLIANCE (2000 – 2014)

How much electricity has been saved from residential code compliance for all single-family housing 2000-2015?





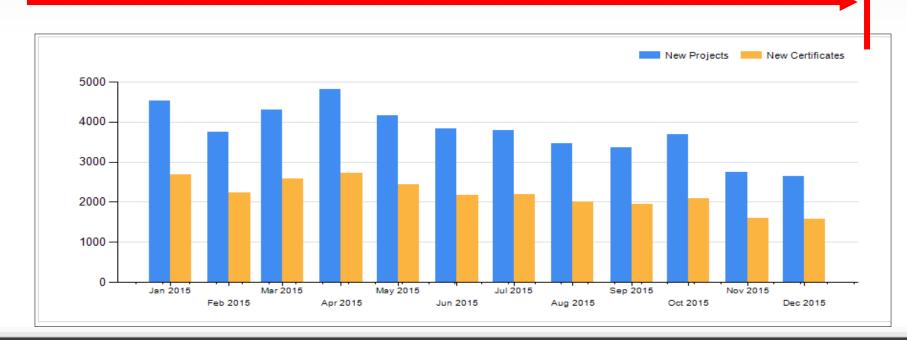
















STATEWIDE SAVINGS FROM CODE COMPLIANCE 2000 – 2015 (ESTIMATED)

Savings (2002 to 2015)

Electricity - \$1,701 million

Demand - \$1,875 million

Total - \$3,576 million

Increased Costs (2002 to 2015)

Costs - \$ 1,300 million

Emissions Reduction in 2015

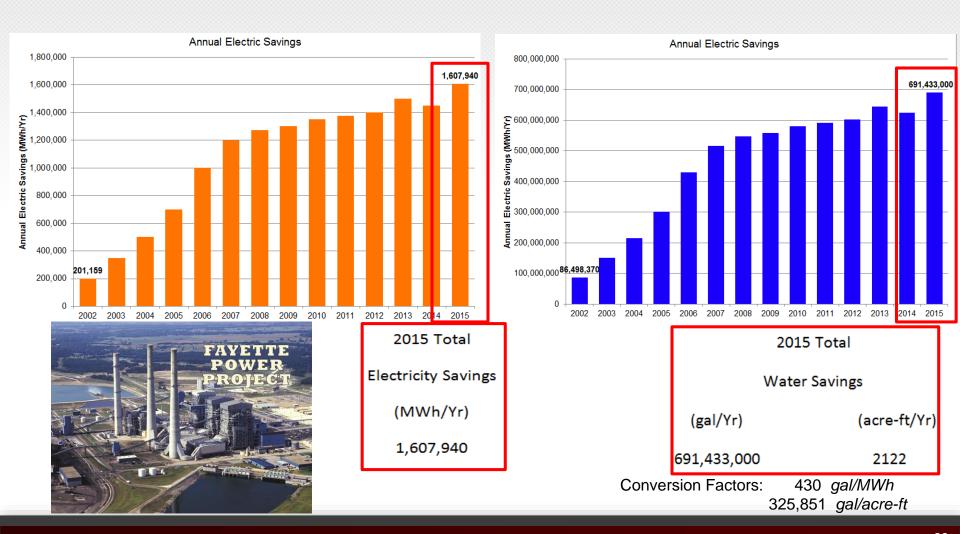
(Equivalent to about 23,000 cars)





STATEWIDE WATER SAVINGS AT POWER PLANTS 2002~2015

Electricity/Water Savings from SF (Code Compliance)







SAVINGS FROM RENEWABLES

Blue Wing Solar PV Array ,San Antonio



Solar PV

2.5 Miles Southwest of Woodville, TX



Biomass

Sunmaxx Solar Thermal, Fort Hood, TX



Solar Thermal

Aspen Power plant in Lufkin, TX



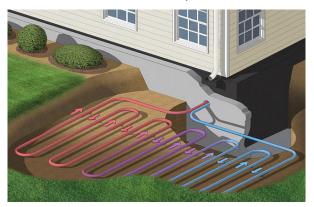
Landfill Gas

Dam at Elephant Butte, El Paso, TX



Hydro

Ground Source Heat Pump



Geothermal





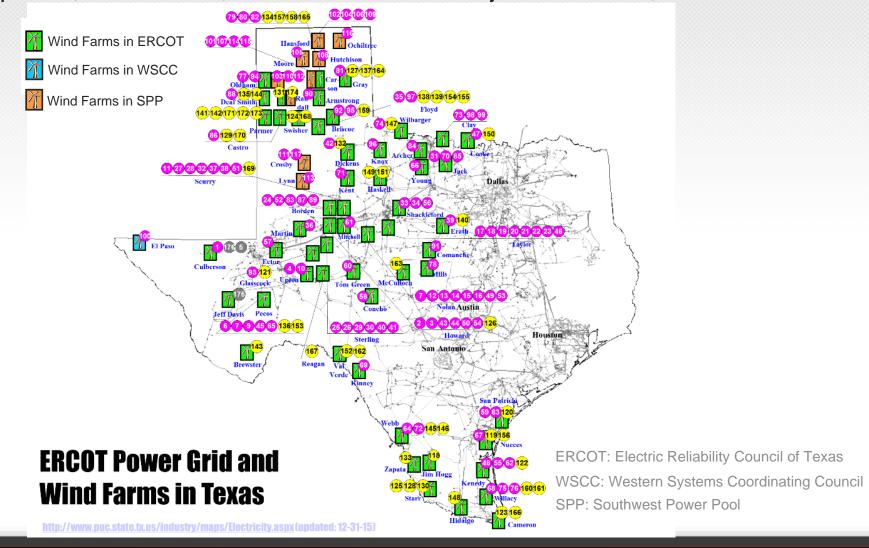
SAVINGS FROM RENEWABLES



Biomass Landfill Gas Geothermal



Completed, Announced, and Retired Wind Projects in Texas, as of Dec. 2015

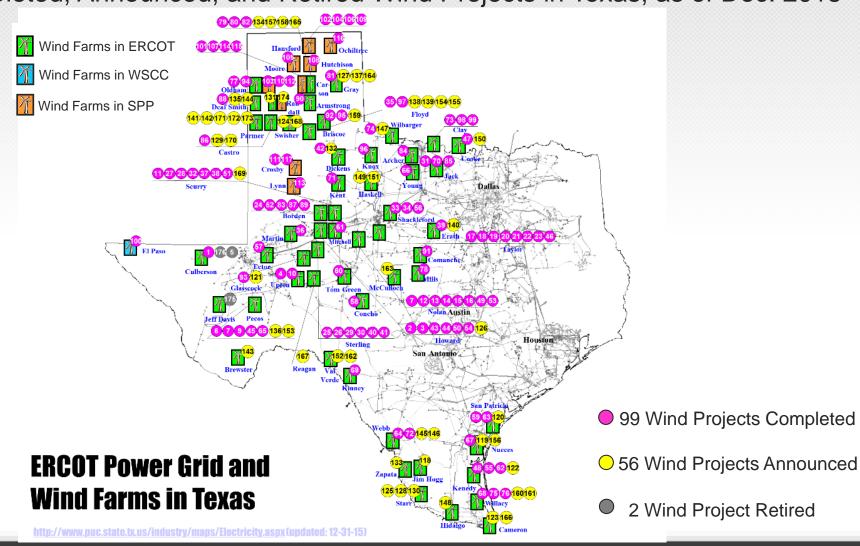






WIND PROJECTS IN TEXAS (2015)

Completed, Announced, and Retired Wind Projects in Texas, as of Dec. 2015





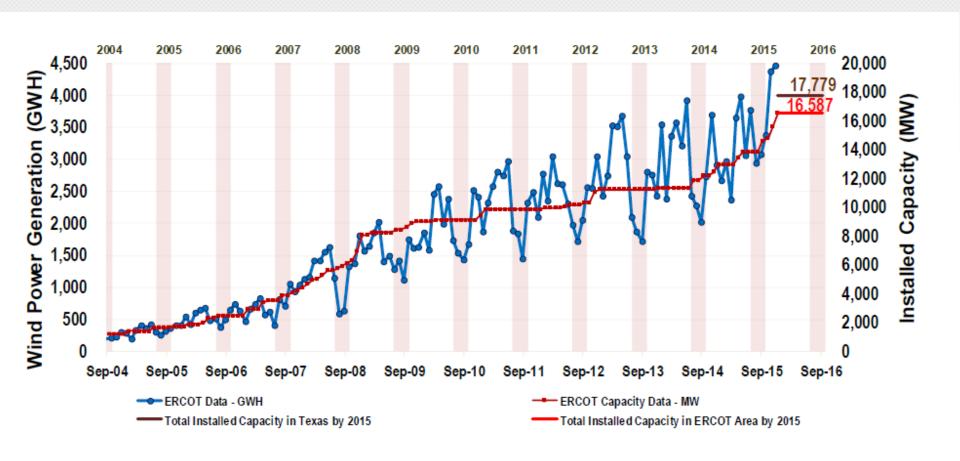


WIND PROJECTS IN TEXAS (2015)

Total Wind Power 4,500 GWh

Total Capacity 17,779

ERCOT Capacity 16,687

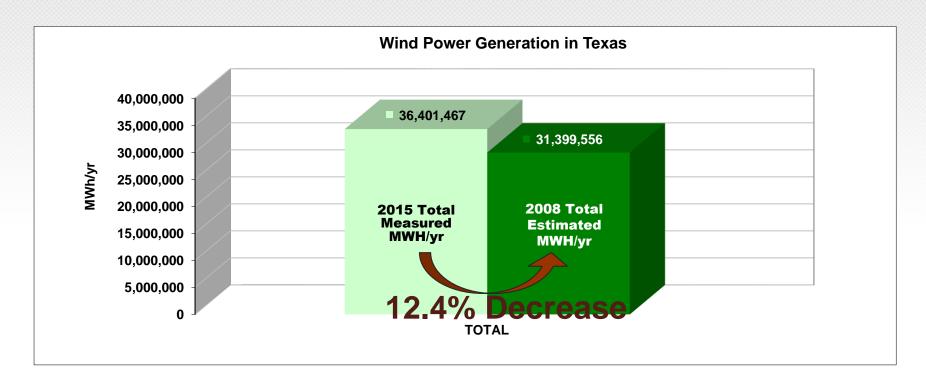






WIND FARMS CAPACITY/PRODUCTION

2008 Annual/OSP Baseline vs. 2015 Annual/OSP Measured



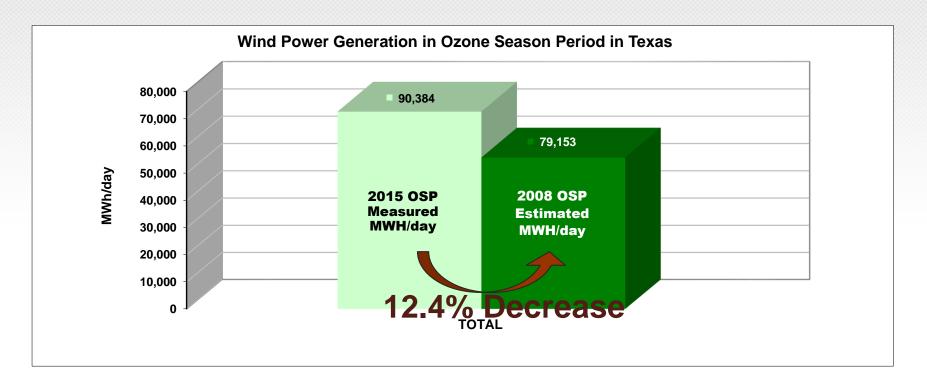
(Due to wind normalized weather condition)

2008 Calculated from 2015 Measured Annual Power Production



WIND FARMS CAPACITY/PRODUCTION

2008 Annual/OSP Baseline vs. 2015 Annual/OSP Measured



(Due to wind normalized weather condition)

2008 Calculated from 2015 Measured OSP Power Production





NOx emissions reductions calculation from electricity savings



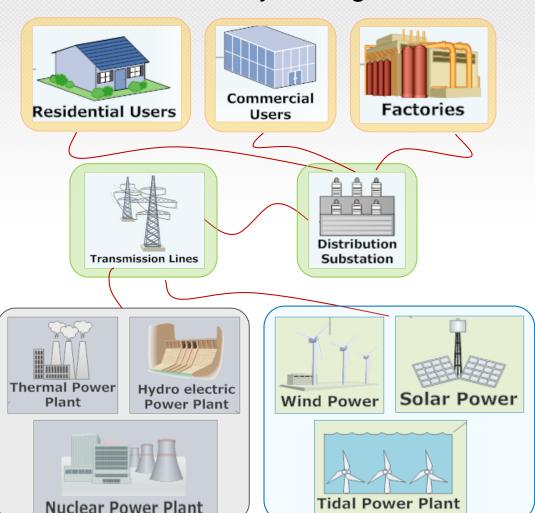
- Residential
- Commercial
- Industrial



- Transmission Lines
- Sub-Station



- Conventional
- Renewable

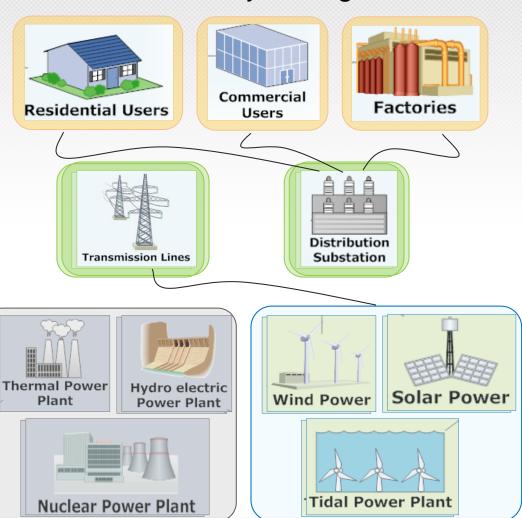






NOx emissions reductions calculation from electricity savings

Energy Savings from EE/RE Programs







Energy Savings from EE/RE Programs

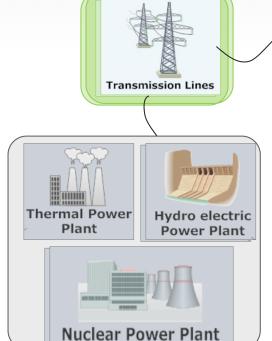


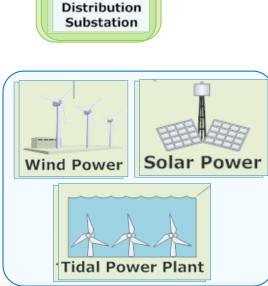
Energy Production & Emissions Reductions









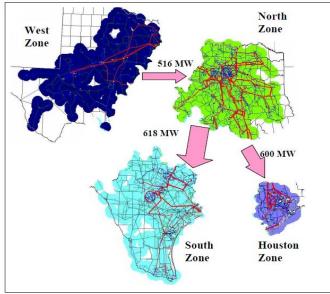








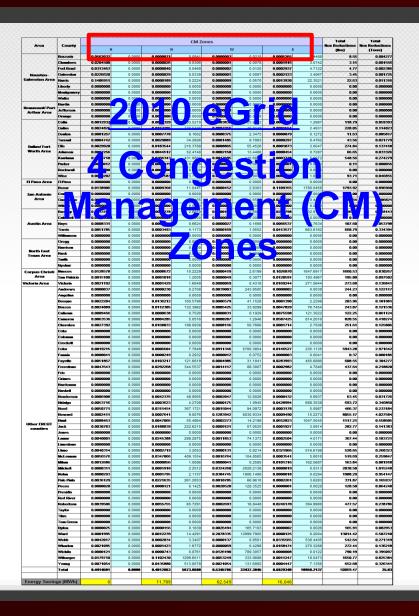




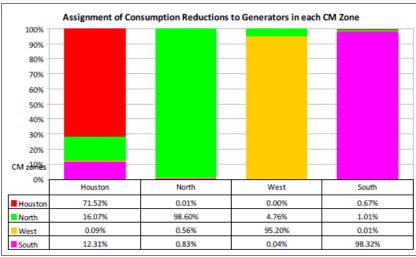
Electricity Flows between CM Zones in ERCOT









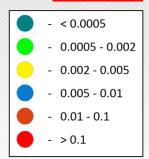


Assignment of Consumption Reductions to Generators in Each CM Zone

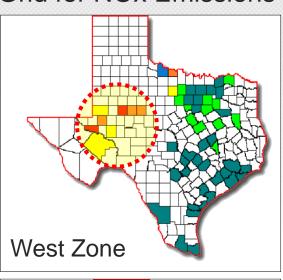


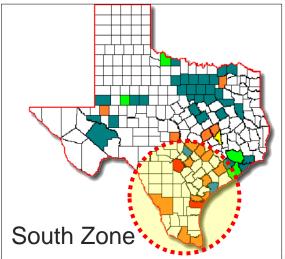


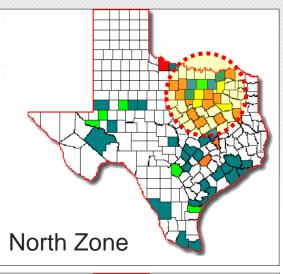
2010 **Annual** eGrid for NOx Emissions

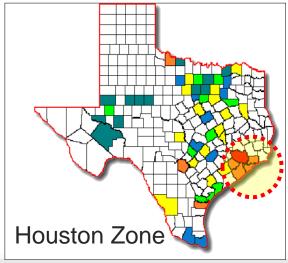


Unit: lbs of NOx/MWh





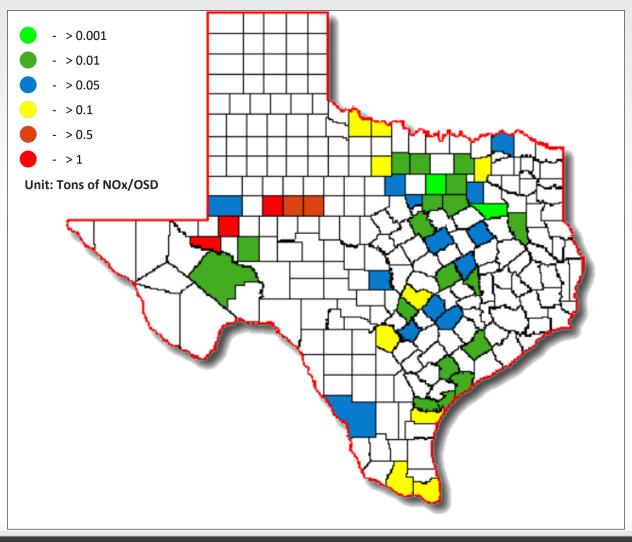








2010 OSD eGrid for NOx Emissions

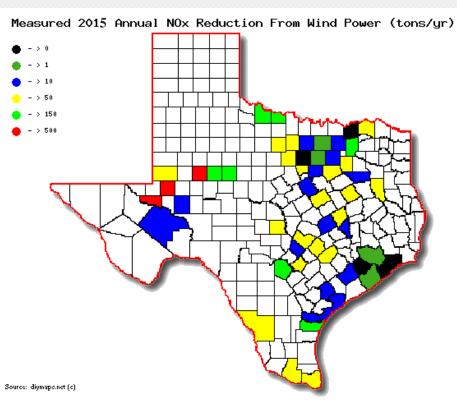


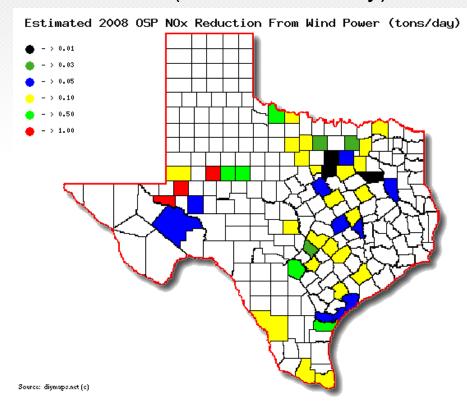


Calculation of NOx Emissions from Wind Power Using 2010 eGRID

Annual NOx Reductions

2015 Measured (Wind Power only) 2008 Baseline (Wind Power only)



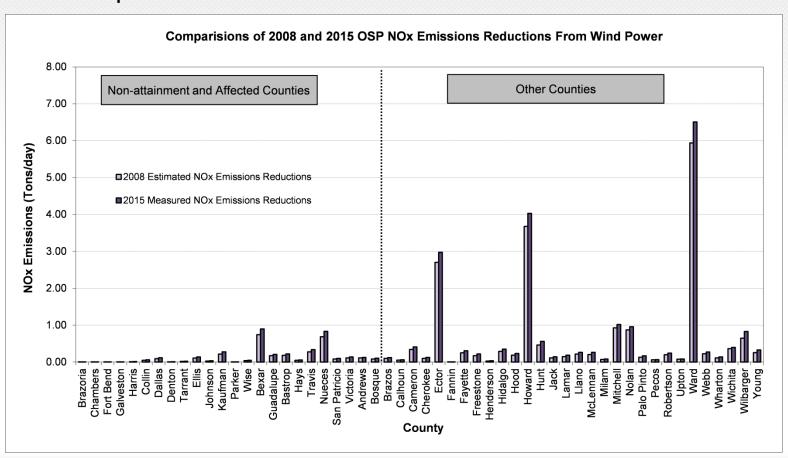






Calculation of NOx Emissions from Wind Power Using 2010 eGRID

Annual NOx Reductions
Comparisons of 2008 and 2015 Annual NOx Emissions



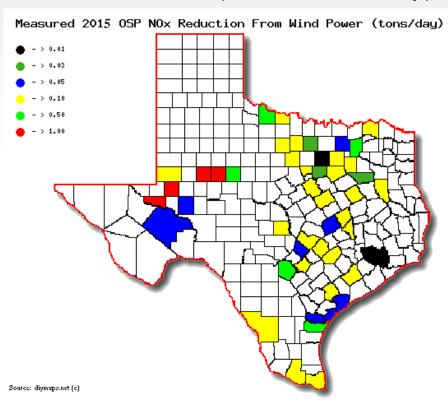


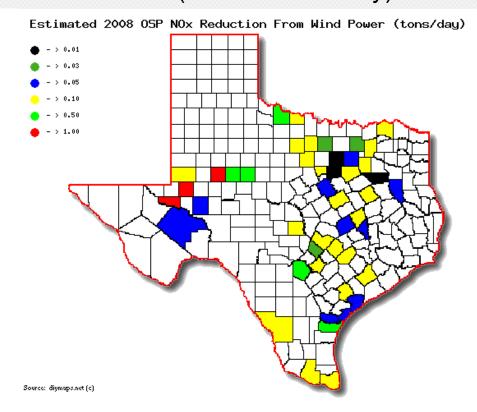
NOx REDUCTIONS USING eGRID

Calculation of NOx Emissions from Wind Power Using 2010 eGRID

OSP NOx Reductions

2015 Measured (Wind Power only) 2008 Baseline (Wind Power only)



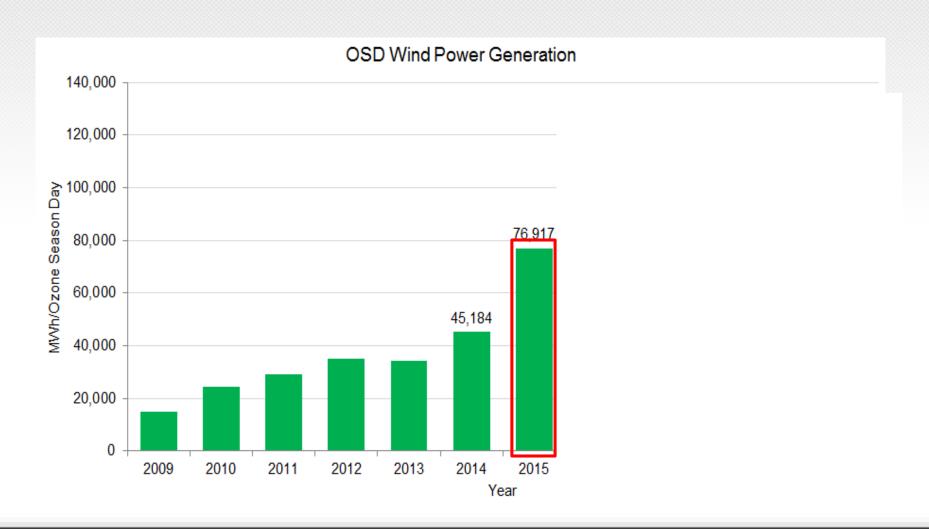






NOX REDUCTIONS FROM WIND POWER

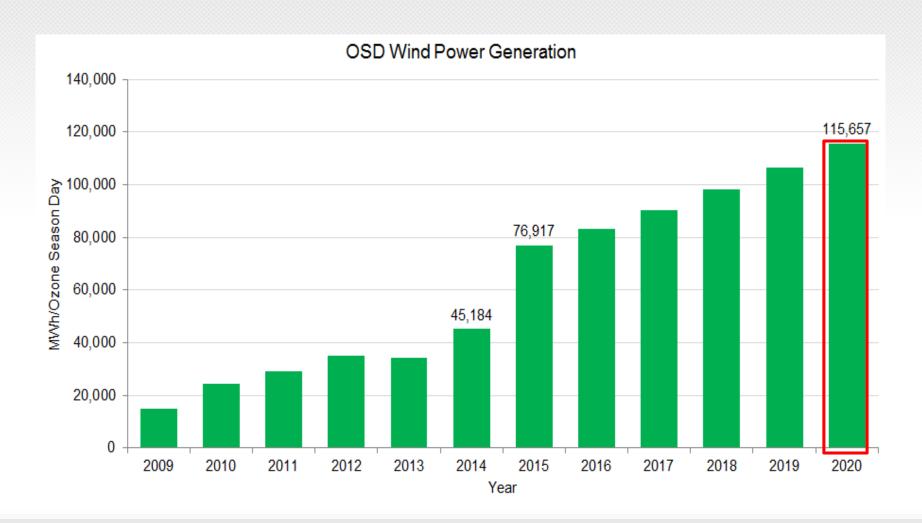
OSD Power Generation and NOx Emissions Reductions (2008 base year)





NOX REDUCTIONS FROM WIND POWER

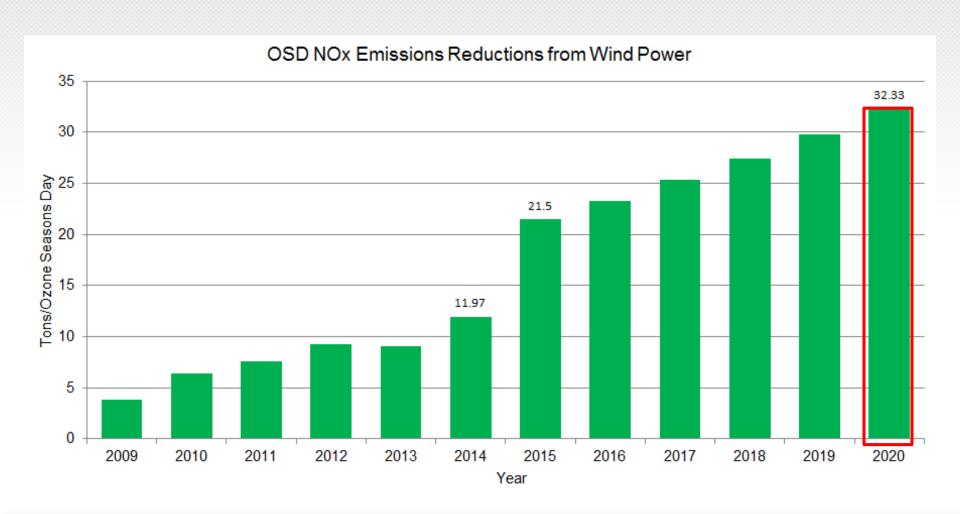
OSD Power Generation and NOx Emissions Reductions (2008 base year)





NOX REDUCTIONS FROM WIND POWER

OSD Power Generation and NOx Emissions Reductions (2008 base year)

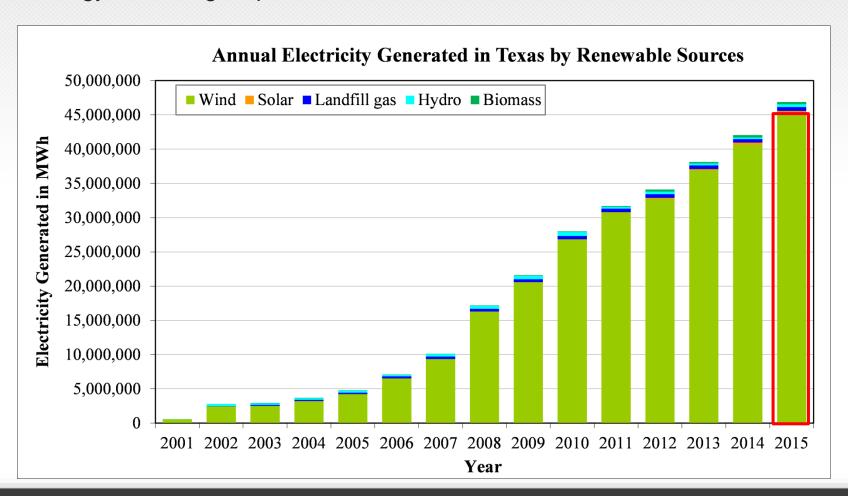




SAVINGS FROM OTHER RENEWABLES (2001-2015)

Renewables: Biomass, Hydro, Landfill Gas, Solar, Wind

✓ Wind energy is the largest portion

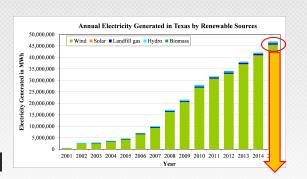




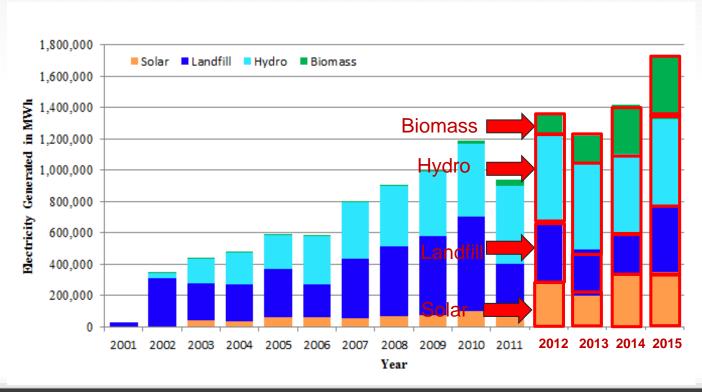
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Renewables: Biomass, Hydro, Landfill Gas, Solar, Wind

✓ Wind energy is the largest portion



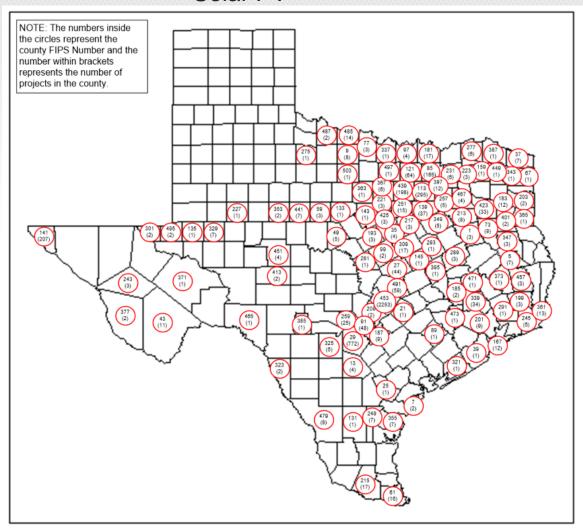
Excluding Wind







Solar PV



Renewables*:

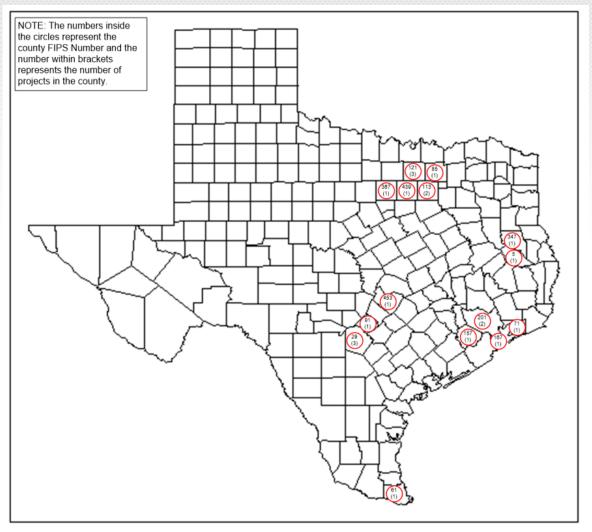
Solar PV (4,684 projects)







Biomass



Renewables*:

Solar PV (4,684 projects)

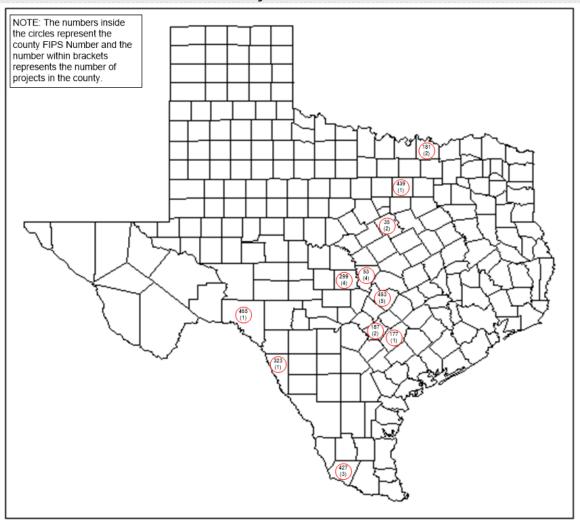
Biomass (21 projects)





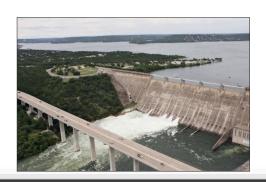


Hydro



Renewables*:

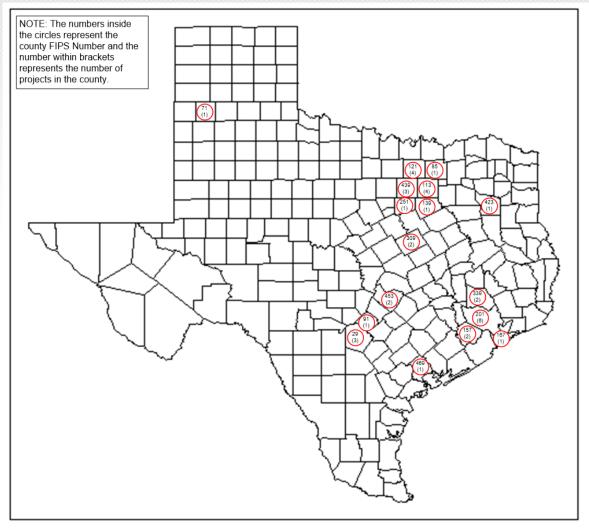
Solar PV (4,684 projects) Biomass (21 projects) Hydro (29 projects)







Landfill Gas



Renewables*:

Solar PV (4,684 projects)

Biomass (21 projects)

Hydro (29 projects)

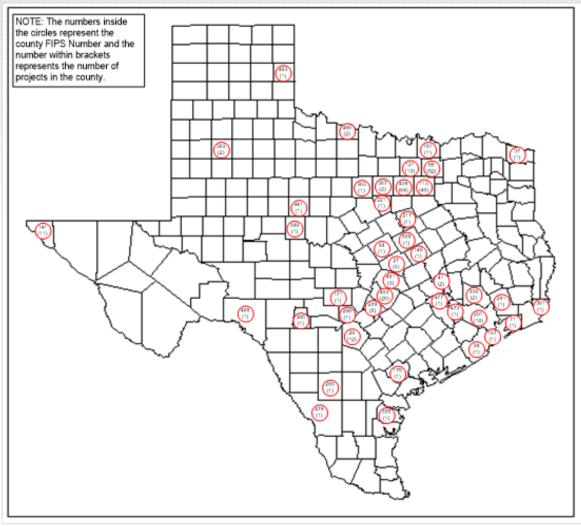
Landfill Gas (36 projects)







Geothermal



Renewables*:

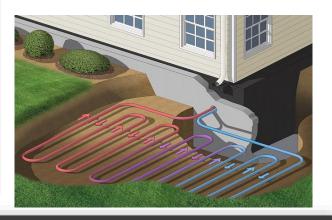
Solar PV (4,684 projects)

Biomass (21 projects)

Hydro (29 projects)

Landfill Gas (36 projects)

Geothermal (286 projects)





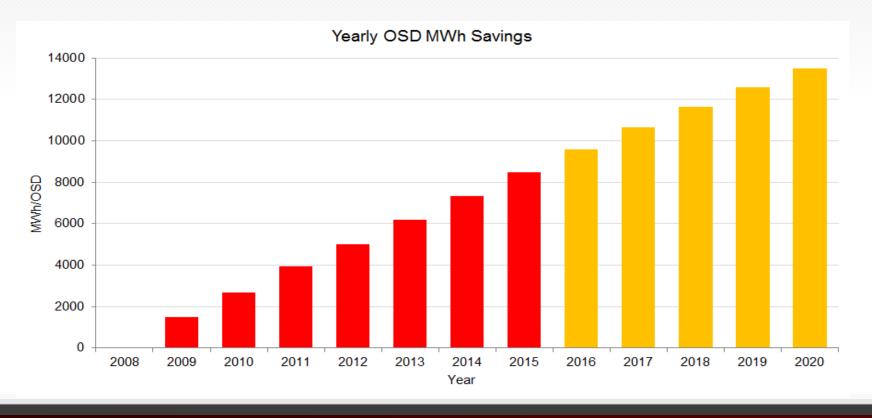


ENERGY SAVINGS FROM PUC SB7

PUC SB7 Savings and Projections

- The Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUC) Senate Bill 7 program includes their incentive and rebates programs managed by the different Utilities for Texas.
- These include the Residential Energy Efficiency Programs (REEP) as well as the Commercial & Industrial Standard Offer Programs.







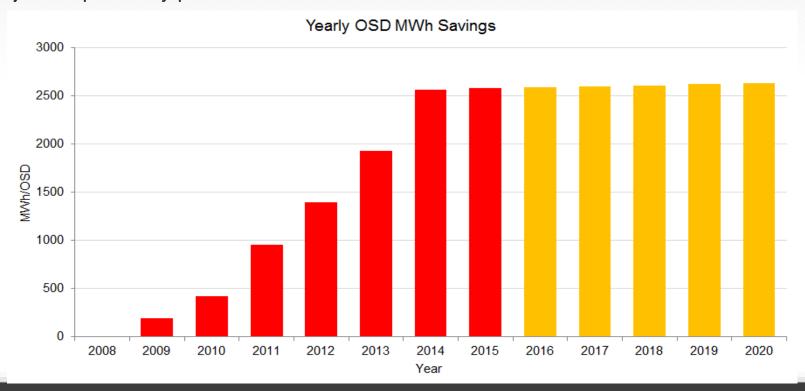
ENERGY SAVINGS FROM SECO

SECO Savings and Projections

The Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) funds energy-efficiency programs directed towards school districts, government agencies, city and county governments, private industries and residential energy consumers.



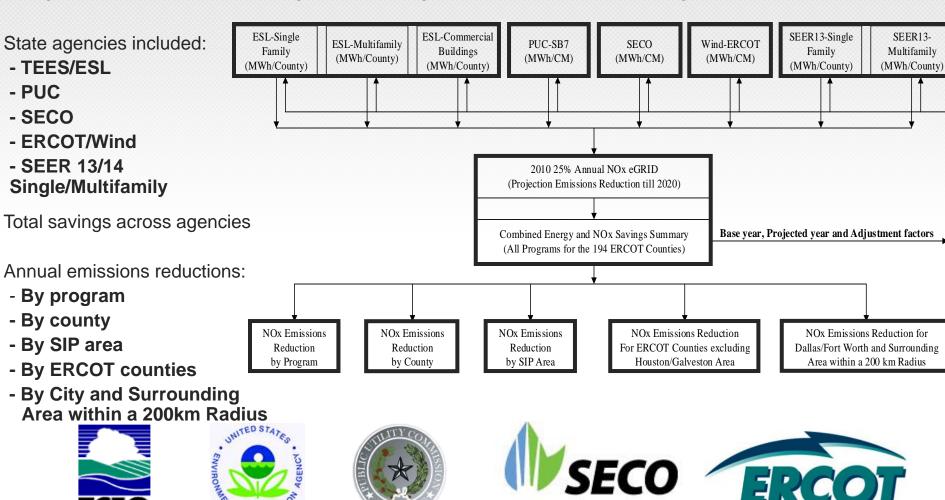
 The annual electricity savings are obtained from SECO's energy conservation projects reported by political subdivisions for 47 counties.





INTEGRATED NOx EMISSIONS REDUCTION

Integrated Emissions Savings Across Agencies To Report Savings To TCEQ and EPA

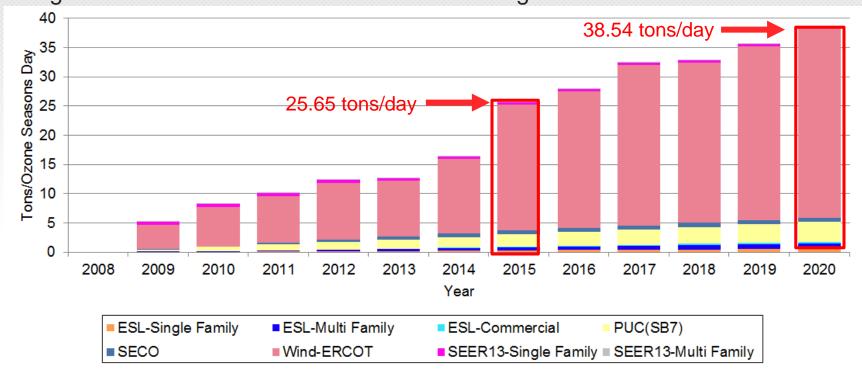


State Energy Conservation Office



INTEGRATED NOx EMISSIONS REDUTION (2008 Baseyear)

2015 Integrated OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Using new 2010 eGrid



2015 integrated OSD NOx Emissions Reduction

- ESL Code Compliance (0.92 tons/day)
- PUC SB7 programs (2.12 tons/day)
- SECO Political Sub. (0.67 tons/day)
- Green Power (Wind) (21.50 tons/day)
- Residential AC Retrofits (0.45 tons/day)
- > Total (2015)
- (25.65 tons/day)

2020 integrated OSD NOx emissions reduction

- ESL Code Compliance (1.80 tons/day)
- PUC SB7 programs (3.37 tons/day)
- SECO Political Sub. (0.69 tons/day)
- Green Power (Wind) (32.33 tons/day)
- Residential AC Retrofits (0.35 tons/day)
- > Total (2020) (38.54 tons/day)



REPORTS AND PAPERS: TERP

ESL Homepage:

http://esl.tamu.edu/terp/documents/terp-reports/



Energy-related research, energy efficiency, and emissions reduction

The Energy Systems Laboratory (ESL) is a division of the Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station (TEES) and a member of the Texas A&M University System. TEES is one of seven state agencies within The TAMUS, established in 1914 as part of the Texas land-grant university system. As such, the Lab is a State institution of higher education and a State Agency and has been running for 31 years.



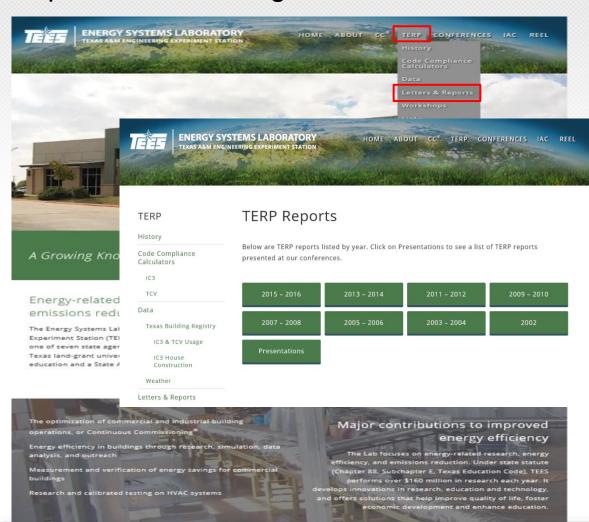






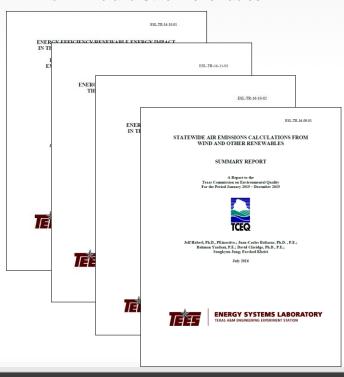
REPORTS AND PAPERS: TERP

Reports: 2002 through 2016



2015 Reports:

- TCEQ 2015Annual Preliminary Report: Integrated NOx Emissions Savings from EE/RE Programs Statewide
- TCEQ 2015Annual Report Volume I: **Technical Report**
- TCEQ 2015 Annual Report Volume II: **Technical Appendix**
- Statewide 2015 Air Emission Calculations from Wind and Other Renewables

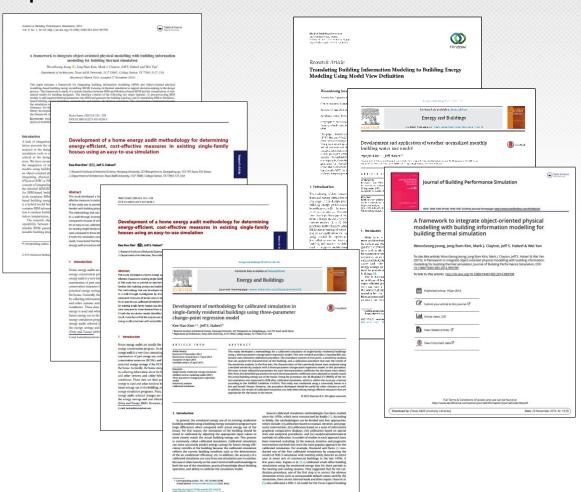






REPORTS AND PAPERS: TERP

Papers: 2015

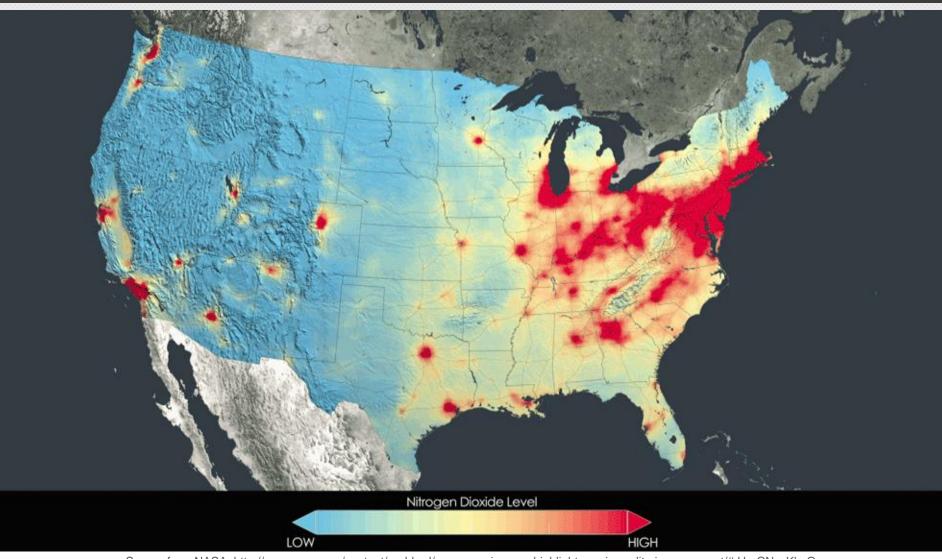


Papers 2015:

- A Framework to Integrate Object-Oriented Physical Modelling with Building Information Modelling for Building Thermal Simulation.
- Development of Methodology for Calibrated Simulation in Single-family Residential Buildings using Three-parameter Change-point Regression Model
- Development of a Home Energy Audit
 Methodology for Determining Energy-Efficient,
 Cost-Efficient Measures in Existing Single-Family
 Homes Using an Easy-to-use Simulation
- Enhanced Opportunities for Energy Savings in Industrial Facilities through Long-Term Monitoring
- Qualifying Efficiency Gains of Refrigeration Systems Using Advanced Expansion Valve Technology
- Improving Monthly Weather-Normalized Energy Use Model: Building Energy Use Classification Based on Occupancy
- Development of Methodology for Calibrated Simulation in Single-family Residential Buildings
- Development of a Home Energy Audit Methodology for Determining Energy-Efficient



U.S. AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FROM 2005 - 2015







ESL Contact Information

