

Beijing, GLP 3rd Open Science Meeting, 25th October 2016

Contribution to the session "Local-global interactions in global land use change"

Disentangling the effects of local and global drivers of deforestation with the GLOBIOM model

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IIASA, INPE COMIFAC, UNEP-WCMC

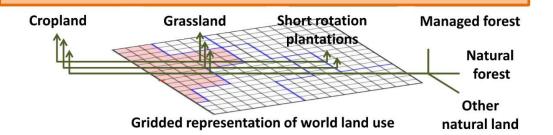


GLOBIOM computes future global land use and LUC

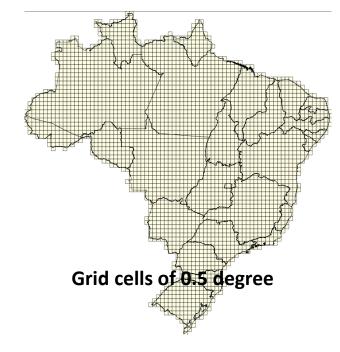
Population, GDP, consumer preferences Demand **Energy Fibers** Industry Food Markets

Consumption = Production + Imports - Exports

- Drivers of land use and LUC at the grid level: internal transportation costs, land availability, land productivity, current land uses and practices, and protected areas, determine future optimal land allocation across space
 - Total production is the sum of area times land productivity by gridcell









Production

Land use

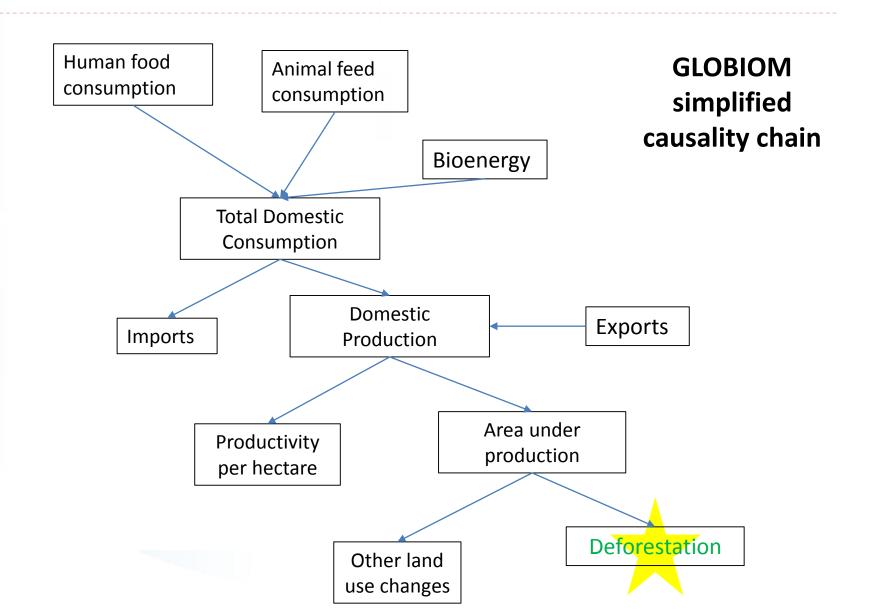
Land cover

Could a forward-looking model like GLOBIOM be a useful tool to better understand the past?

- Main purpose of GLOBIOM is to provide quantitative analysis for the future or under scenarios which did not yet happen
- Base year in GLOBIOM is 2000 and first year of simulation 2010
 - The availability of data for this period allows confronting modelling results with observations
- ► For reference level in REDD+/ INDC framework, important to start from historical emissions
- Increasing demand for model validation

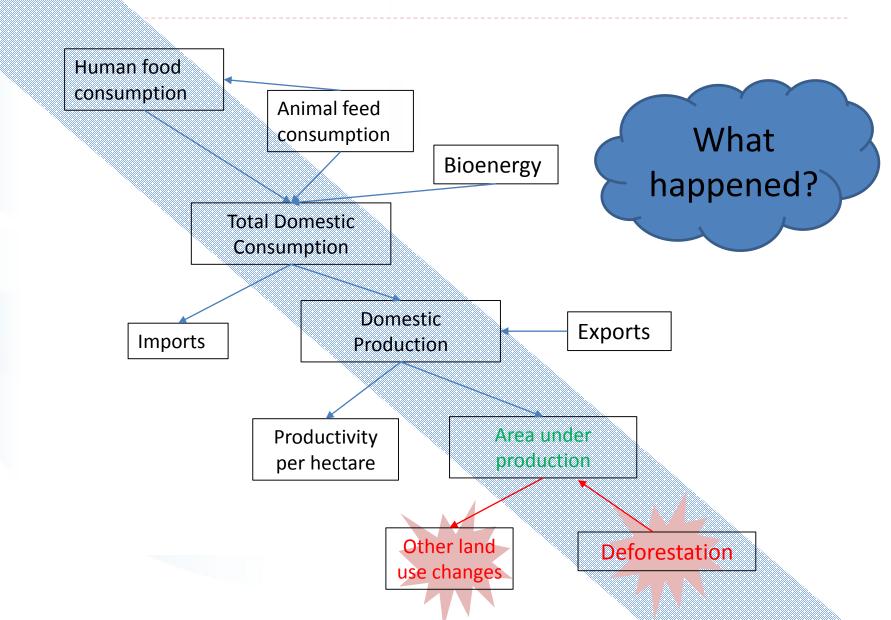


Can the model reproduce historical deforestation?



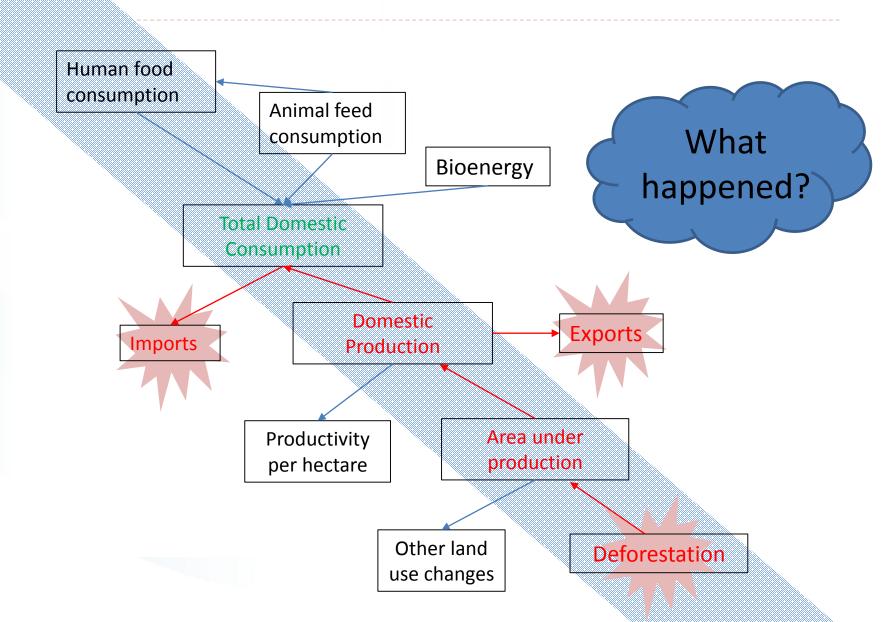


When the model does not reproduce historical deforestation over 2000-2010...





When the model does not reproduce historical deforestation over 2000-2010...



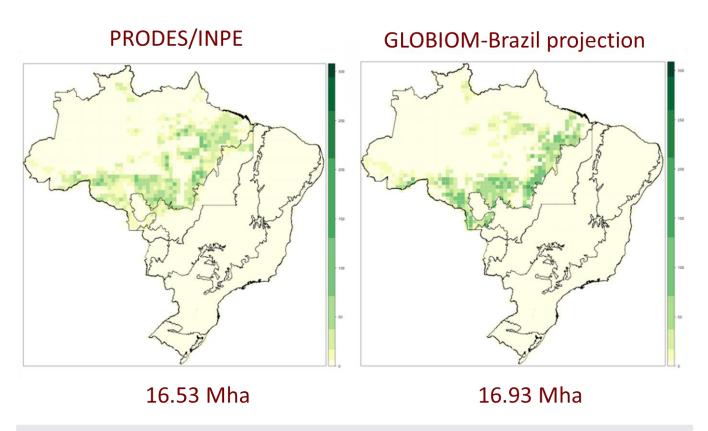




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Example of GLOBIOM-Brazil

Validation of the model in Brazil

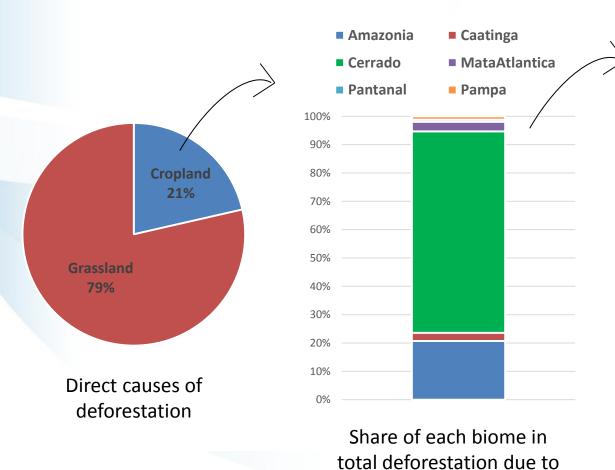


model produces consistent estimate of deforestation (2000-2010)

What caused deforestation over 2000-2010 in Brazil?

cropland

▶ The direct land use change



In Amazonia and Cerrado biome, 70% of cropland expansion is caused by



Mainly driven by international demand: 78% of the increase in soybean production is for exports.

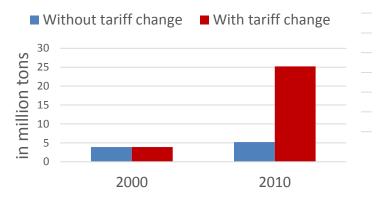
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What caused deforestation over 2000-2010 in Brazil?

- But at the beginning we did not get historical deforestation numbers right...
- In our results, soybean exports did not increase as much as observed over 2000-2010...
- A major change happened during this period which had big impacts on Brazil...
- China joined WTO and decreased its tariffs!

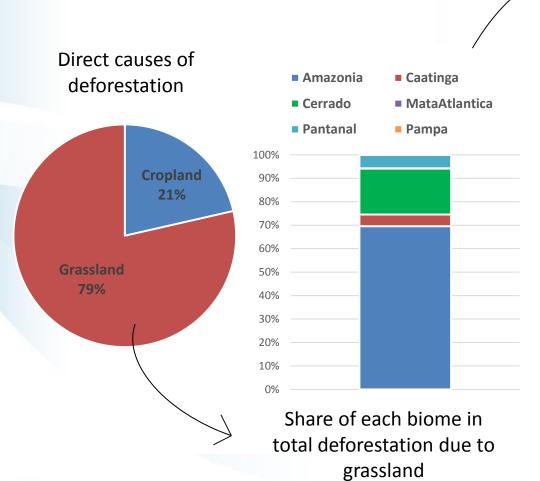




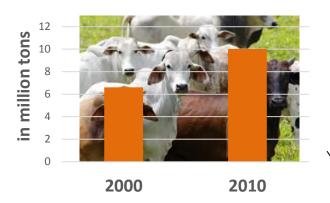


What caused deforestation over 2000-2010 in Brazil?

▶ The direct land use change



Total beef production in Brazil



But only 5% of the increase in beef production over 2000-2010 was due to exports vs **50%** in reality

Review demand projections of beef by region





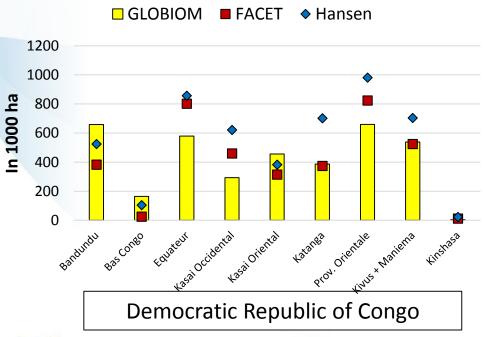
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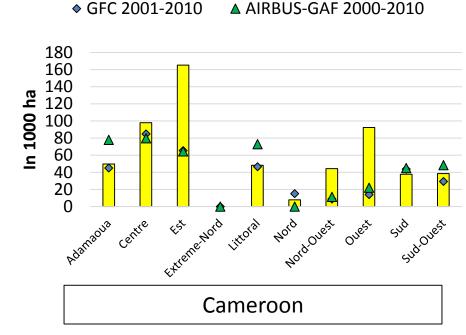
Example of GLOBIOM-Congo Basin

Validation of the model in the Congo Basin

Cumulated deforestation over 2001-2010 in the Congo Basin (in 1000 hectares)

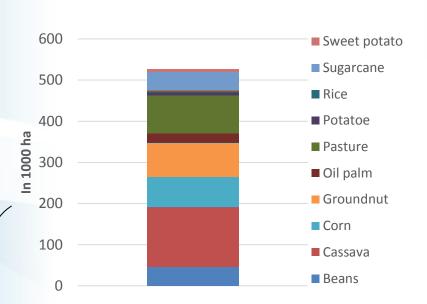
	GLOBIOM	GFC	FACET	GAF
Cameroon	582	352		422
DRC	3723	4873	3642	
Congo	160	340	164	184





What caused deforestation over 2001-2010 in the Congo Basin?

▶ Cameroon

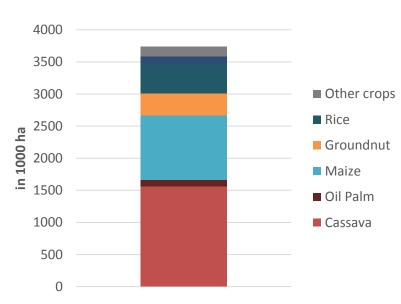


Increase due to higher population (+ 25%) and higher GDP p.c. (+11%)

But >50% also due to neighboring countries' increasing demand for cassava, groundnut and palm oil

(Gabon and Congo Rep.)

DRC



Increase due to higher population (+ 33%) and higher GDP p.c. (+17%) + stabilization after civil conflict



What caused deforestation over 2001-2010 in the Congo Basin?

- ▶ At the beginning, the model tended to underestimate deforestation in the Congo Basin. We got closer to historical deforestation by:
 - Including fallows in shifting agriculture system
 - ▶ Introducing an auto-consumption constraint in subsistence system depending on local diets and rural population
 - Increasing the level of food consumption per capita in DRC
- Overestimation of deforestation in Cameroon: still investigating the reasons why... In fact from FAO cultivated areas have increased even more than in our model
 - Expansion in other natural land rather than in forests?
 - Problem of definition of forests?



What caused deforestation over 2001-2010 in the DRC?

REPUBLIC OF CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC Potential reason for 351,617 underestimation of Equateur deforestation in Prov. Orientale REPUBLIC UGAND/ CONGO and Equateur: internal movements of population due Kasai 712,254 BURUM Oriental 200,690 to armed conflicts? 122,28 Kasai Bandundu TANZANIA Bas Congo Occidental People flee due to... ANGOLA Natural disasters 368,763 20,185 IDPs Ethnic / land 0.07% conflicts Unknown 3.680 IDPs 117,673 IDPs 0.03% Armed conflicts Preventive displacements ZAMBIA 2.272.587 IDPs due to insecurity 87% 199,693 PDI Source: UN-OCHA, 2013





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Conclusion

Conclusion

- More and more data being available from remotesensing will allow better validation of our models
- Comparison of model results with past observations is a lengthy process: investigation type of work to identify the reasons for difference but it has many benefits...
- Helps understanding the underlying complex mechanisms behind past land use change: indirect land use change, trade...
- ... and improving future projections through a better representation of drivers of land use change rather than ad-hoc calibration





Thank you!





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