Supplementary table 1. Primers used for qPCR analysis.

LOX-D	GACTGGTCCAAGTTCACGATCC ATGTGCTGCCAATATAAATGGTTCC		
PIN-II	GAAAATCGTTAATTTATCCCAC ACATACAAACTTTCCATCTTTA		
EF1	GATTGGTGGTATTGGAACTGTC AGCTTCGTGGTGCATCTC		
PR-1	ATGTGTGTGTTGGGGTTGGT ACTTTGGCACATCCAAGACG		
PROSYSTEMIN	AATTTGTCTCCCGTTAGA AGCCAAAAGAAAGGAAGCAAT		
Bc-TUB	CCGTCATGTCCGGTGTTACCAC CGACCGTTACGGAAATCGGAA		
JAR-1	CAT TGA AAC CAT CTC CTT GATAA ACT GCT TGC TGC TGT AAA		
ASR-1	ACA CCA CCA CCA CCA CCT GTCTG TTT		
	GTG TGC ATG TTG TTGA		
NRT2.1	TTC CTG TTA CAT TTT GTC ATT TCCC		
	CAG ATT CAA GAC TAT CCA TTC CTC		
NRT2.2	TCA AGG GAA CGG AAG AAC ATT ATTA		
	GCT CAT TGA ACT AAA GAT TGA CGA T		
NRt2.3	AAT GCA TGG TGT TAC TGG TAG AGAG		
	CTA ATA ATA GGG ACT AAA GGG GCTA		

Table S2. Daughter ions of phenolic compounds obtained following fragmentation in a T-Waveanalyzer using a collision energy that ranged from 5 up to 45 eV.

Compund	Electro-spray mode	Transition m/z	Marker
p-Cumaroyl quinic acid	ESI-	337.046>191.055>110. 45>97.094	72
Quercetin	ESI-	303.087>152.063>137. 026	266
Shikimate	ESI-	254.978>175.014>137. 025	93
Cuomarin	ESI-	147.079>91.068>77.06 3	448



326,1849 farnesyl cisteine

