A Comparative Analysis of Job Quality among Immigrant Workers in Europe: Who is accessing to better jobs?

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Introduction

- Five countries....? Let's start with two
- Why Job Quality?
 - Occupational Segretation
 - Immigrants' adjustment
 - Attitudes towards migration

Background

- Theoretical perspectives to understand immigrants' access to better jobs
 - Human capital
 - Labor-market segmentation and ethnic penalty
 - Gender perpectives: double disadvantage
- Spain and Germany

Data and Method

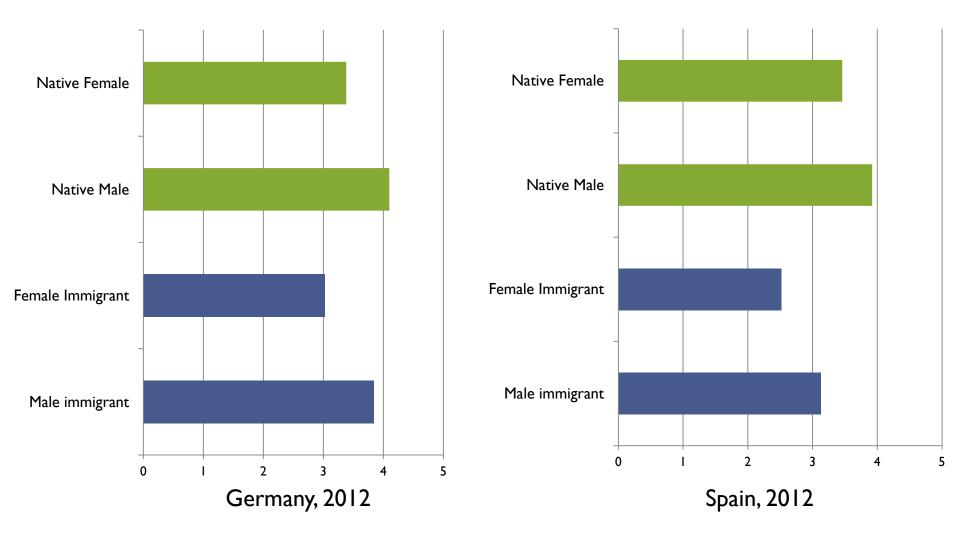
- EU-LFS 2012
- Job quality index (JQI)
 - Working time
 - Work schedule
 - Job contract
 - Income decile
 - Education-Occupation adjustment

Data and Method (II)

- IV: Sex and origin (1st generation of migrants)
 - Male non-immigrant
 - Male immigrant
 - Female non-immigrant
 - Female immigrant
- One-way Anova & Pairwise comparison
- Ordered logistic regression (with full controls)

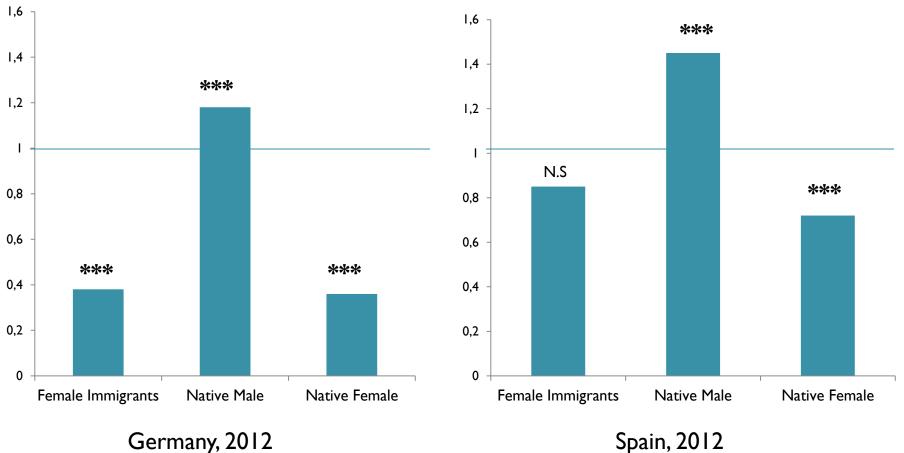


Mean scores of JQI (0-5)



Results (II)

DV: Job Quality Index, Odds ratio Ref: Male Immigrant (net of controls)



Germany, 2012

Preliminary conclusions

- Who is accessing to better jobs?
 - In Germany: Native men, immigrant men, native women, immigrant women
 - In Spain: Native men, native women, immigrant men, immigrant women



Future plans

- Disaggregate results by region of origin
- Interaction effects with Industry
- Other countries
- 2014 ad-hoc module on migration (microdata still not available)

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