

Impairments in sensorimotor gating and working memory.

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INTRODUCTION

The Roman high- and low-avoidance (RHA and RLA) rat strains, have been bidirectionally selected and bred for their very good (RHA) or extremely poor (RLA) ability to acquire the two-way active avoidance task in a shuttle-box.

Main features:

Anxiety/fear and stress susceptibility (RLA > RHA) attention (RLA > RHA) impulsivity traits (RLA < RHA) novelty-/drug-seeking behavior (RLA < RHA) chronic psychostimulant-induced locomotor and dopamine sensitization (RLA < RHA).

RHA-I also shows ↑ of 5-HT2A receptors while they are devoid of mGluR2 expression in prefrontal cortex and hippocampus.

We also included the NIH/Hs heterogeneous rat stock because it might be a useful tool as a control group, considering their genetic profile.

Valid animal models are needed in the study of Schizophrenia (SCZ).

OBJECTIVE

Exp.1: Evaluate Roman rat strains in Prepulse inhibition (PPI) for information processing at post natal day (PND) 30, 50 and 100.

Exp.2: Evaluate Roman rat strains and Heterogeneous rats (NIH/Hs) in PPI at PND 100 and in Morris Water Maze (MWM) for "working memory" at PND120

MATERIAL & METHODS

All rats were male
Exp.1: Prepulse Inhibition (PND 30,50,100)

PND30: RLA / RHA (n=9)
PND50-100 : RLA n= 26 / RHA n= 19

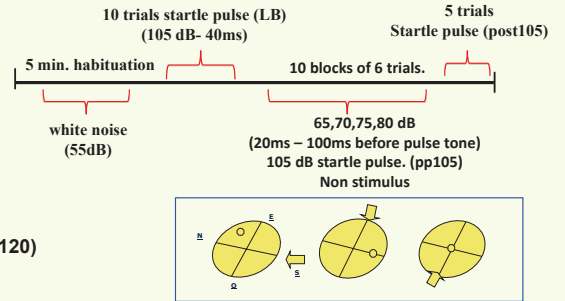
Exp 2: Prepulse Inhibition (PND 100)

RLA n= 36 / RHA n= 41 / NIH/Hs n= 30

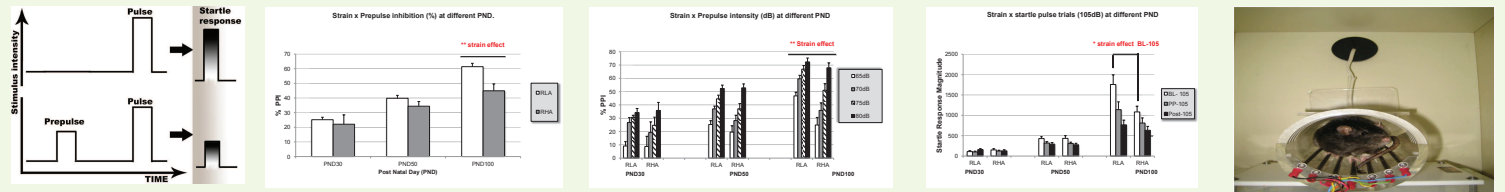
Morris Water Maze

"Delayed matching –to- place task (PND120)

RLA n= 19 / RHA n= 16 / Hs n= 33



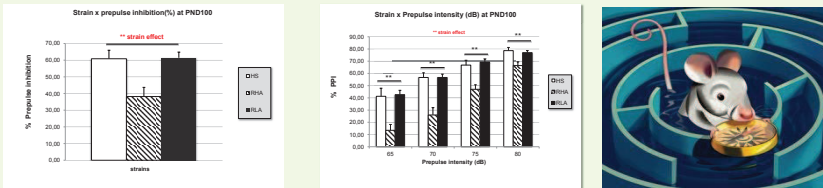
Exp 1. PREPULSE INHIBITION (PPI) AT POST NATAL DAY (PND) 30, 50 AND 100.



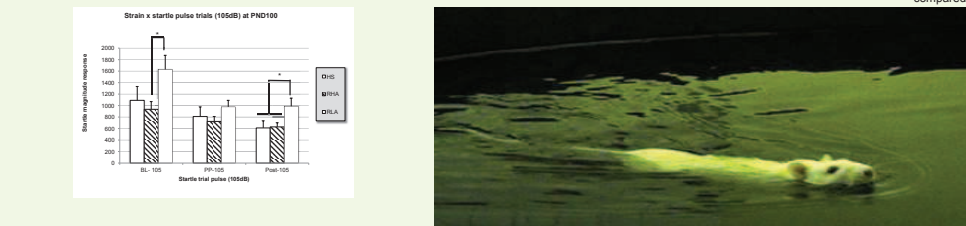
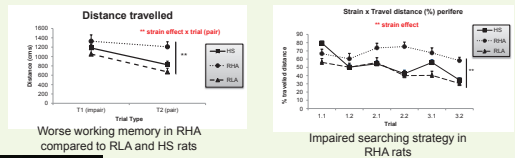
High percentage of PPI = High efficiency of sensorigating abilities

Exp.2 Prepulse inhibition (PPI) at PND 100 between RLA/RHA and NIH/Hs

Delayed matching –to- place task (MWM)



Working memory refers to the improvement of the second trial (pair) compared to the first one (impair).



Cue task
Platform was 1 cm above the water, marked with a visible flag (intramaze cue). 2 trial days, starting from each cardinal point

CONCLUSIONS

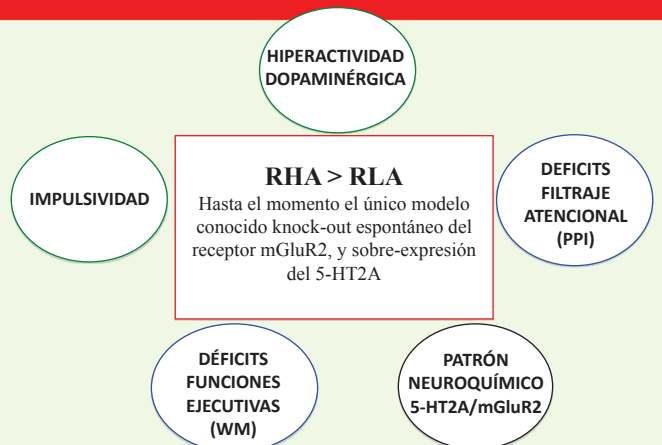
VALID ANIMAL MODEL IN SCHIZOPHRENIA

EXP.1

- ✓ No differences in PPI between male RHA-I and RLA-I rats at 30 (puberty) and 50 (adolescence) days of age, with significant differences –i.e. better PPI in RLA-I than in RHA-I rats- appearing when rats are 100 days old.
- ✓ This resembles the typical course of schizophrenia, which commonly shows its onset in the early adulthood.

EXP.2

- ✓ Confirm the differences between Roman rat strains in processing information at PND100 (lower PPI in RHA compared to RLA).
- ✓ RHA shows impairments in working memory compared to RLA (Delayed matching –to- place task), and in the cue task. NIH/Hs
- ✓ PPI levels from heterogeneous NIH-HS rats fall between RHA and RLA scores in PPI and in the Morris Water Maze (MWM)



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