# Core Forest Analysis of the Wildcat Creek

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### Northwest Indiana was once covered by contiguous forests, wetlands, and prairie.





# This is what the area of the Wildcat Creek's watershed looks like today.

U.S. Geological Survey Land Cover - 2006



#### Volunteer Research Project for NICHES Land Trust (Northern Indiana Citizens Helping Ecosystems Survive)

- Purpose: Establish baseline data of forest and core forest within 1-mile buffer of Wildcat Creek
  - Core forest: Any forested area with 100 meters of forest on all sides (Hoover et al, 1995)
    - Parameter analyzed in study
- Goal of study
  - Gather data to be used in NICHES' conservation strategy
    - Plan projects to increase core forest area
    - Acquire new properties/conservation easements
    - Focus efforts to manage/increase forest ecosystems



## Methodology

- ArcGIS V. 10.2.2, to conduct spatial analysis
- Data from U.S. Geological Survey and Indiana Geological Survey
  - Land Cover raster (30x30m cells)
  - Waterway and Watershed shapefile
  - Indiana Counties shapefile
- 1. Create 1-mile buffer zone around Wildcat Creek
- 2. Clip Land Cover data to the buffer extent
- 3. Reclassify raster to Forest/Non-forest
- 4. Focal Sum Statistic Tool (7x7 cell window)
- 5. Reclassify to Core Forest/Non-core forest
- 6. Final unit conversion from cell count to acres



(Mullendore, 2010)

### Results

- > 119,948 total acres analyzed
- > 20,091 acres Forested (16.8%)
- > 1,263 acres Core Forest (1.1%)
- Core Forest represents 6.3% of total Forest area
  Forest ecosystems are fragmented

Category	30mx30m Cell Count	Acres
Core Forest	5,678.00	1,262.76
Forest	90,340.00	20,091.12
Non-forest	449,012.00	99,857.80
Total Acres Analyzed	539,352.00	119,948.92

Core Forest Analysis of 1-mile buffer zone along the Wildcat Creek





## References

- Lindsey, A. A., Crankshaw, B. W., Qadir, A. S. (1965). Soil relations and distribution of the vegetation of presettlement Indiana. *Botanical Gazette*, 126(3), 155-163.
- Hoover, J. P., Brittingham, M. C., & Goodrich, L. J. (1995). Effects of forest patch size on nesting success of wood thrushes. *The Auk*, 112(1), 146-155.
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