

TRANSPORTATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERIZING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS FOR CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS

PURDUE UNIVERSIT

101ST PURDUE ROAD SCHOOL LYLES SCHOOL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING Joint Transportation Research Program

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PROJECT BACKGROUND

SPR#3912 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IMPACT OF Corridor Improvements

Research Institution:	Joint Transportation Research Program, Purdue University
Principal Investigators:	Dr. Nadia Gkritza & Dr. Jon Fricker
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Business Owner:	Roy Nunnally Director, Asset Planning & Management Division
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OUTLINE

- Research objectives
- Economic development
- Project planning stages
- Measuring economic impacts
- Project timeline
- SHRP2 overview
- Transportation Project Impact Case Studies (T-PICS)
- Tools for Assessing Wider Economic Benefits of Transportation (C11)
- Questions





SPR#3912 Economic Development Impact of Corridor Improvements

Investigate the synergies among travel demand, traffic, and economic impact models in evaluating alternative corridor-level projects

Investigate ways to adapt the ISTDM, and/or MCIBAS, or develop a post-processing method to meet the needs of INDOT's Division of Asset Planning and Management.

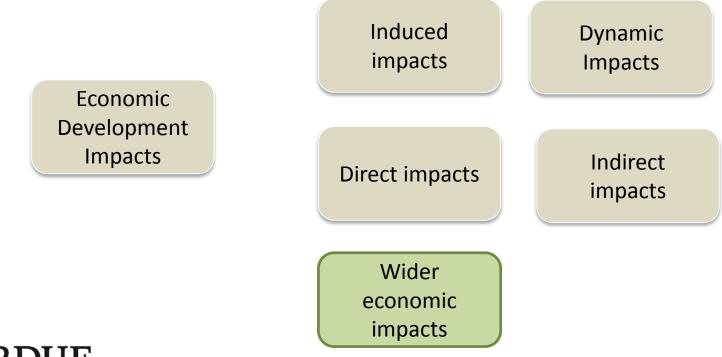






BACKGROUND₁

TRANSPORTATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT



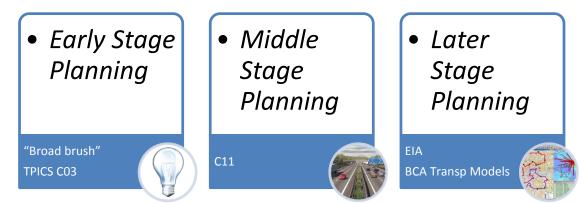


Source: Office of Planning, Environment & Realty (2014) , Litman (2010) , SHRP2-Report S2-C11-RW-1 (2014), Sinha & Labi (2007)

6

BACKGROUND₂

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Source: Report SHRP2-S2-C11-RW-1

Decision making



MEASURING ECONOMIC IMPACTS

Wide range of tools

Survey and interviews			Benefit/Cost analysis
Corridor inventories	Expert interviews	Business surveys	TOPS - BC

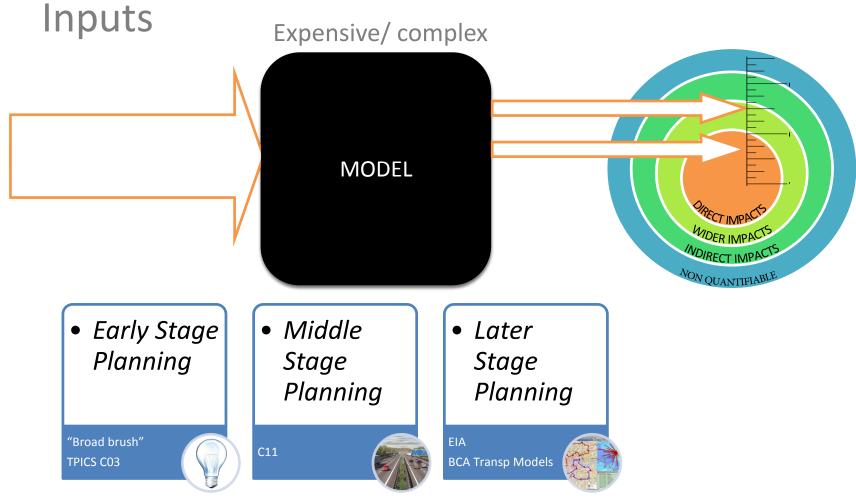
Economic multiplier / I - O tables				
RIMS-II	IMPLAN	I-O model	PC Input-Output	

	Economic forecasting and simulation models		studies
TREDIS	REMI	Shopper surveys	Windshield surveys

Integrated traffic and economic simulations models		Statistical analysis tools	
MCIBAS	HEAT	linear regression /Logistic regression	Hedonic price modeling



NEED?







Source: http://www.trb.org/StrategicHighwayResearchProgram2SHRP2/SHRP2ProjectBriefs.aspx





SHRP2 CO3

TRANSPORTATION PROJECT IMPACT CASE STUDIES (T-PICS)

WHAT IS T-PICS?

SHRP 2 program to explore the interactions between Transportation Capacity, Economic Systems, and Landuse

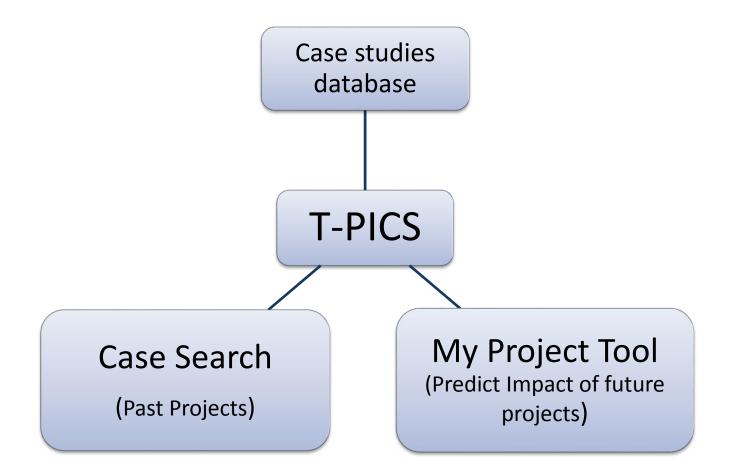
> T-PICS A web tool of national database at sketch planning stage

100 before & after case studies on economic and land development highway / intermodal project



Source: SHRP2-Report S2-C03-RR-1

WHAT'S THE STRUCTURE OF T-PICS ?





Project Types and Settings

Project Type	Economic Market Setting				conomic Distre	SS
	Metro	Rural	Mixed	High	Even	Low
Access Road	2	5	0	2	2	3
Beltway	8	0	0	2	3	3
Bridge	4	3	3	0	8	2
Bypass	4	8	1	6	2	4
Connector	4	2	2	3	0	5
Interchange	10	0	2	6	2	4
Major Highways	5	0	9	3	5	6
Widening	4	2	3	1	3	5
Intermodal	15	15	15	5	11	3
Total	56	23	21	28	36	35



Source: SHRP2-Report S2-C03-RR-1

Economic Impact Measures

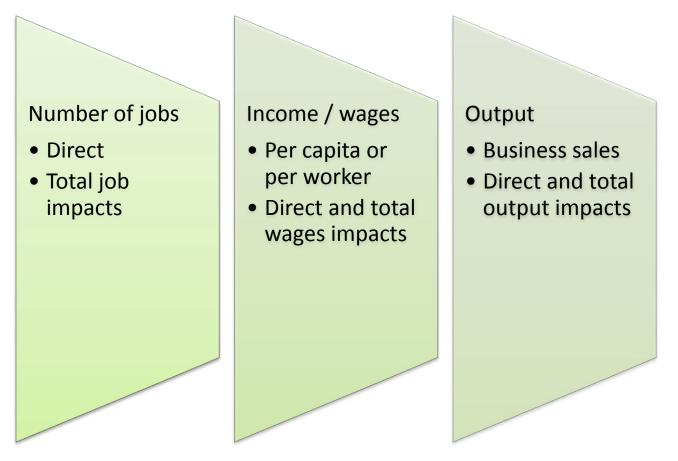




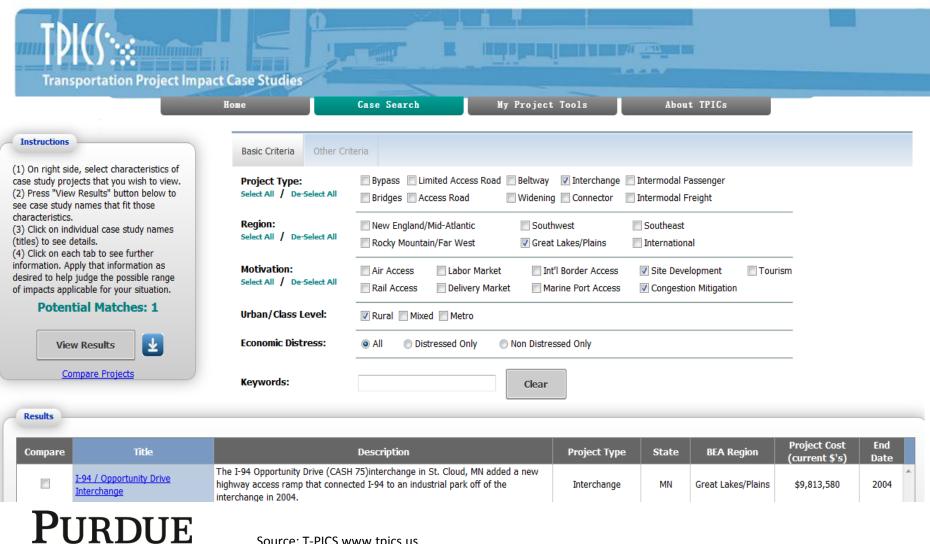
ILLUSTRATION OF CASE SEARCH

T-PICS Website: http://www.tpics.us/

Project Name	Corydon I-64 Interchange
Location	Corydon, IN
Project Type	Interchange
Region	Great Lakes / Plains
Motivation	Congestion Mitigation / Site Development
Urban / Class level	Rural
Economic Distress	All
Length of the Project	2.3 miles
Construction Cost	\$5 Million



RESULTS FROM CASE SEARCH



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VERSIT

I-94 / OPPORTUNITY DRIVE INTERCHANGE

Characteri



I-94 / Opportunity Drive Interchange

The I-94 Opportunity Drive (CASH 75)interchange in St. Cloud, MN added a new highway access ramp that connected I-94 to an industrial park off of the interchange in 2004.

istics	Setting	Pre/Post Conditions	Narrati	ve Impacts	Images	
		Measure		Direct	Indirect	Total
	Number of Jobs			1,103	543	1,646
	Income/Wages (\$M's)		\$59.51	\$28.55	\$88.06	
	Output (\$M's)		\$309.85	\$140.6	\$450.45



Source: T-PICS www.tpics.us

ILLUSTRATION OF MY PROJECT TOOLS

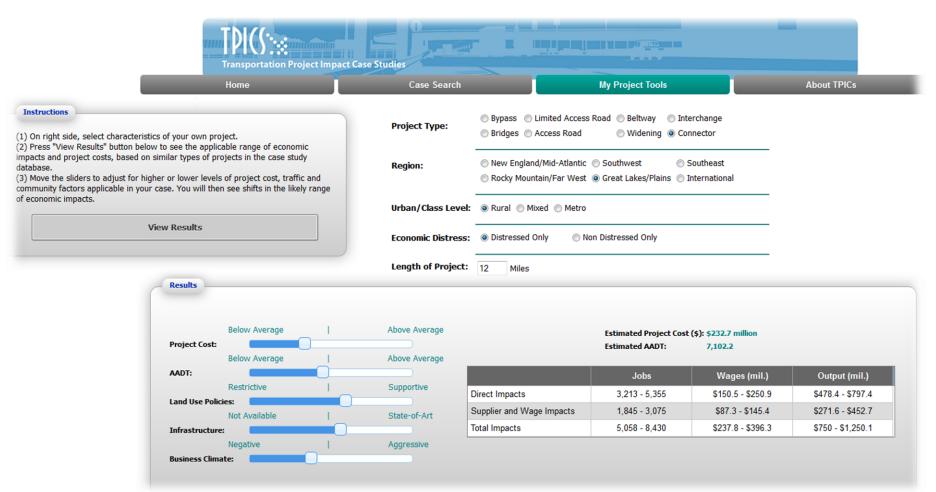
T-PICS Website: http://www.tpics.us/

Project Name	East-West Corridor: From I-65
Location	Boone or Johnson County, IN
Project Type	Connector
Region	Great Lakes / Plains
Motivation	Congestion Mitigation
Urban / Class Level	Rural
Economic Distress	Distressed Only / Non-distressed Only
Length of the Project	12 miles
Construction Cost	N/A



RESULTS FROM MY PROJECT TOOLS

Distressed only – Johnson County





Source: T-PICS www.tpics.us

RESULTS FROM MY PROJECT TOOLS

>Non Distressed only – Boone County

	Home	Case Search		My Project Tools		About TPICs
Instructions On right side, select charact		Project Type:	 Bypass Limited Access Bridges Access Road 	Road O Beltway Inte		
 Press "View Results" button below to see the applicable range of economic npacts and project costs, based on similar types of projects in the case study atabase. Move the sliders to adjust for higher or lower levels of project cost, traffic and ommunity factors applicable in your case. You will then see shifts in the likely range 		Region:	 New England/Mid-Atlantic Southwest Southeast Rocky Mountain/Far West Great Lakes/Plains International 			
economic impacts.		Urban/Class Level:	● Rural ● Mixed ● Metro			
	View Results	Economic Distress:	Distressed Only Only	on Distressed Only		
	Results	Length of Project:	12 Miles			
	Results Below Average	Above Average	12 Miles	Estimated Project Cost Estimated AADT:	(\$): \$347.8 million 7,102.2	
	Below Average Project Cost: Below Average		12 Miles	Estimated AADT:	7,102.2	
	Below Average Project Cost:	Above Average Above Average		Estimated AADT: Jobs	7,102.2 Wages (mil.)	Output (mil.)
	Below Average Project Cost: Below Average AADT:	Above Average Above Average Supportive	12 Miles Direct Impacts Supplier and Wage Impacts	Estimated AADT:	7,102.2	Output (mil.) \$807.9 - \$1,346.4 \$458.7 - \$764.4



Source: T-PICS www.tpics.us

WHAT ARE LIMITATIONS OF T-PICS?

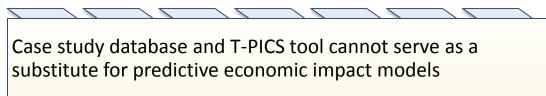
Only for Highway Capacity Expansion Projects

Safety improvement or facility reconstruction, rehabilitation, and preservation cannot be evaluated through T-PICS

Transportation Conditions Were Not Included

The case study database cannot relate observed economic impacts to the magnitude of before and after changes *in transportation conditions*

It Isn't a Economic Impact Prediction Model





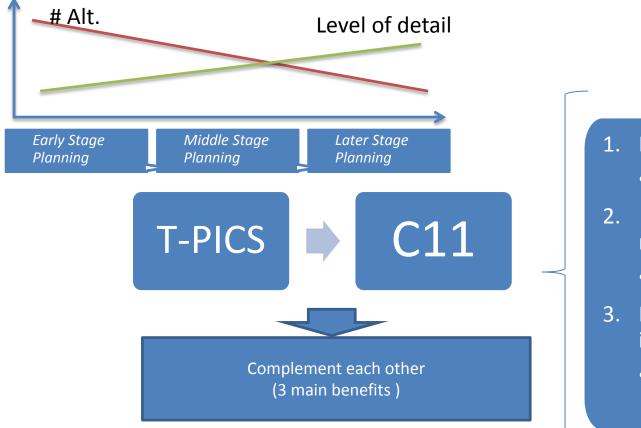
Source: SHRP2-Report S2-C03-RR-1





TOOLS FOR ASSESSING WIDER ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF TRANSPORTATION

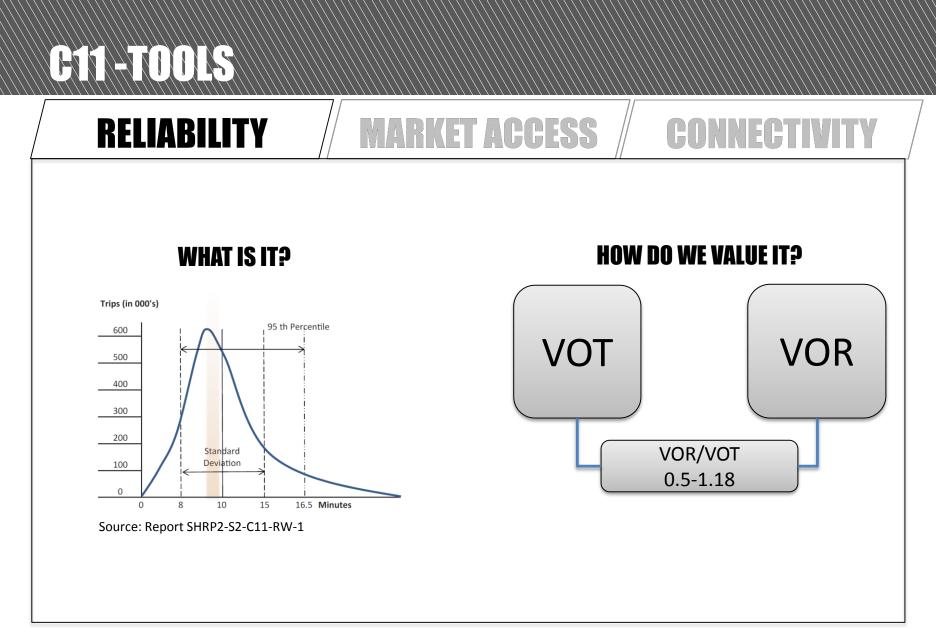
C11-TOOLS



L. Reduce congestion:

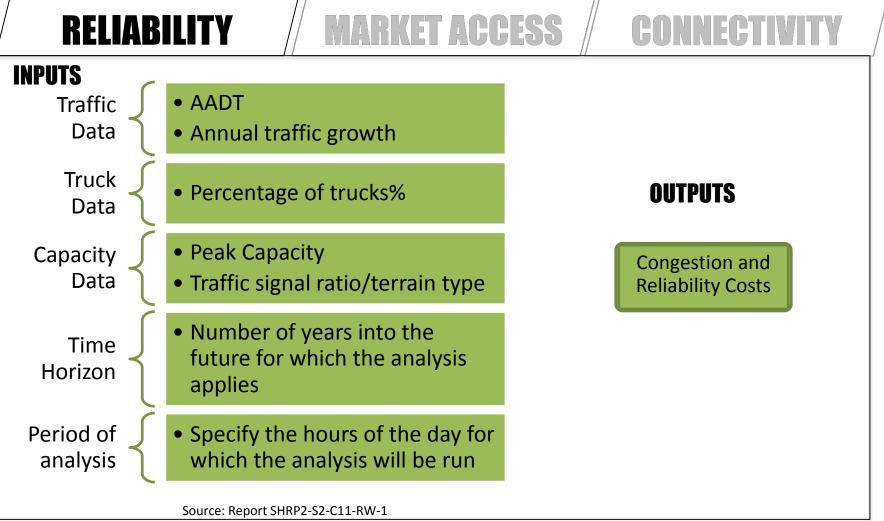
- **RELIABILITY**
- Enhance access to market and jobs
 - MARKET ACCESS
- 3. Enhance connectivity to intermodal terminals
 - INTERMODAL
 CONNECTIVITY







C11 - TOOLS







MARKET ACCESS

CONNECTIVITY

WHAT DOES IT DO?

Expansion the breadth of destinations for freight transportation (same day deliveries) Expansion of the area which a business can attract customers and businesses



Access to Buyer – seller Markets

Access to Labor Markets

Source: Report SHRP2-S2-C11-RW-1



HOW DO WE MEASURE IT?

• Enhanced urban agglomeration



MARKET ACCESS

CONNECTIVITY

INPUTS

Subdivision into ZONES

Economic mass

Impedance

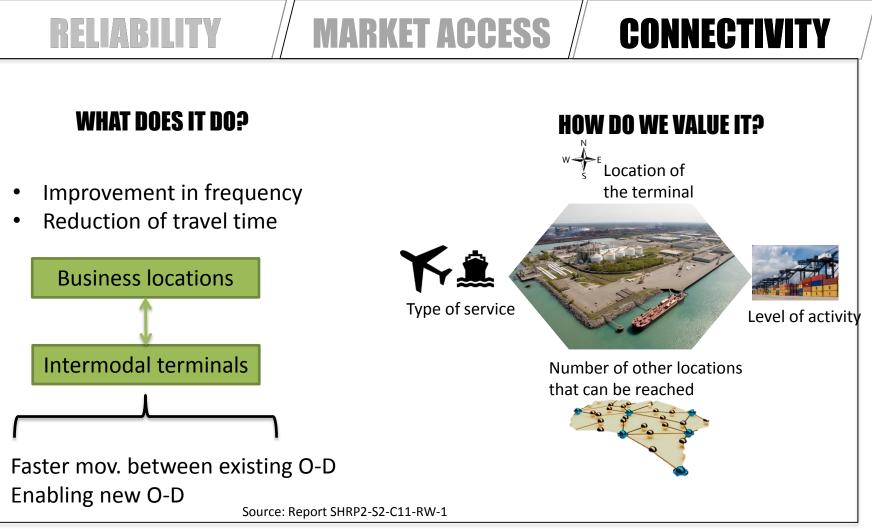
OUTPUTS

Effective density

Source: Report SHRP2-S2-C11-RW-1











RELIARIIITV

MARKET ACCESS

CONNECTIVITY

INPUTS

Distance of the improvement from the facility

Number of trucks or passenger vehicles on the segment improved

Hours saved per truck or passenger vehicle

Value per vehicle hour saved

Fraction of vehicles on the segment associated with the intermodal terminal being evaluated

Source: Report SHRP2-S2-C11-RW-1



OUTPUTS

Freight connectivity index

Passenger connectivity index

Weighted Connectivity

=connectivity index * Savings associated with the highway

C11-TOOLS

RELIABILITY

MARKET ACCESS

CONNECTIVITY

Project Objective	Mode	Threshold Factor	Analysis Tools
Travel Time		Annual reduction in VHT > 80,000 hrs	STP Applysis
Reduction		Annual reduction in PPT > 80,000 hrs	 STB Analysis
Reduce		Level of Service = D	
Congestion		Average V/C > 0.85	R + STB
Travel Time Reliability		TTI > 1.3	R + STB
Access between housing & employment		Pop > 80,000 & density > 1800 /mi2	MA + STB
Business Delivery Access		Trucks > 12% of veh.	MA + STB
Connectivity to		Trucks > 12% of veh.	
Intermodal — Terminal		none	– C + STB



Adapted from NCHRP 02-24 Assessing Productivity Impacts of Transportation Investments

C11-TOOLS

MARKET ACCESS

CONNECTIVITY

- Since Market access and reliability are wide concepts, their applicability is limited to urban ground transportation
 - The economic valuation is based on coefficients and elasticities derived for those types of modes
 - Not include

RELIABILITY

- Air, marine modes
- Recreation trips
- Long distance trips



QUESTIONS?



