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# Correction for Sandai et al., The Evolutionary Rewiring of Ubiquitination Targets Has Reprogrammed the Regulation of Carbon Assimilation in the Pathogenic Yeast *Candida albicans*

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Sandai, Doblin; Yin, Zhikang; Selway, Laura; Stead, David; Walker, Janet; Leach, Michelle D.; Bohovych, Iryna; Ene, Iuliana V.; Kastora, Stavroula; Budge, Susan; Munro, Carol A.; Odds, Frank C.; Gow, Neil A.R.; and Brown, Alistair J.P., "Correction for Sandai et al., The Evolutionary Rewiring of Ubiquitination Targets Has Reprogrammed the Regulation of Carbon Assimilation in the Pathogenic Yeast *Candida albicans*" (2015). *Biochemistry -- Faculty Publications*. 265.  
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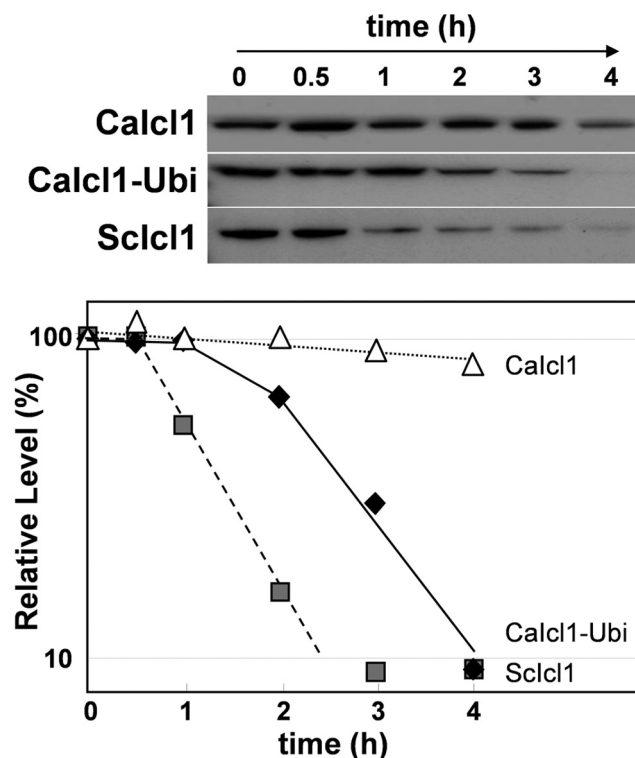
# Correction for Sandai et al., The Evolutionary Rewiring of Ubiquitination Targets Has Reprogrammed the Regulation of Carbon Assimilation in the Pathogenic Yeast *Candida albicans*

Doblin Sandai,\* Zhikang Yin, Laura Selway, David Stead, Janet Walker, Michelle D. Leach,\* Iryna Bohovych,\* Iuliana V. Ene, Stavroula Kastora, Susan Budge, Carol A. Munro, Frank C. Odds, Neil A. R. Gow, Alistair J. P. Brown

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Volume 3, no. 6, doi:10.1128/mBio.00495-12, 2012. An error has been identified in Fig. 8B, where the wrong Western blot was used inadvertently. Figure 8B should appear as shown below. This change does not affect the conclusions in any way.



**FIG 8** Addition of a consensus ubiquitin site stimulates glucose-accelerated degradation of CaIc1 in *C. albicans*. (B) The carboxy-terminal ubiquitination site from ScIc1 was fused to CaIc1 to create CaIc1-Ubi-Myc in *C. albicans* DSC04 (Table S1). These cells were grown on lactate, and the levels of CaIc1-Ubi-Myc were assayed by Western blotting after glucose addition. As controls, the stabilities of CaIc1-Myc (CA1395; open diamonds) and ScIc1-Myc (DSC01; gray squares) in *C. albicans* were compared under equivalent conditions. CaIc1-Ubi-Myc, ScIc1-Myc, and CaIc1-Myc levels are expressed as a percentage of their abundance at time zero (100%). Similar data were obtained from two independent replicate experiments.

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