

Long Beach Remodel

A Senior Project

Presented to

the Faculty of the Architectural Engineering Department
California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo

In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree

Bachelor of Science

by

John Hinrichs

December, 2016

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Summary of Long Beach Remodel

For my senior project, I created a set of plans for a remodel of a single family residence located in Long Beach, California. The project mandate included the following:

- 1) Create a set of as-built drawings (i.e. existing drawings of the building and site)
- 2) Work with an architect on a proposed design
- 3) Produce a set of structural drawings and calculations

The house was built in 1949. The prior owner of the house added a detached three-car garage and converted an existing attached garage into a den. The current owner wanted to demolish the den and build a larger family and dining room, and a more functional kitchen.

A surveyor was hired to identify the two front corners of the lot. Without a survey, it would have been difficult to determine exactly where the property lines were located and thus, how to “set” the house on the lot.

Meeting California’s stringent Title 24 Energy Requirements was a challenging aspect of the project, based on the proposed window, glass door, and skylight configuration. Unfortunately, just upgrading the insulation in the floors, walls and ceilings wasn’t enough to meet California’s Title 24 Energy Requirements. We faced a choice of either having to upgrade the existing windows in the house or converting the existing conventional water heater to a more energy efficient tankless model. Due to more favorable economics, we proceeded with the tankless model.

Another challenge we faced was making sure the new roof would plane in properly with the existing roof. The existing roof was framed with 2x4 members, which were of sufficient strength per code when the house was built in 1949. However, under the current code, roof framing members required more strength. Since the owner wanted to expedite construction, we decided to use roof trusses. This also enabled ceiling heights and eaves to match up, without a great deal of labor.

I decided to pursue this project primarily because I wanted “hands on” experience creating a comprehensive set of construction documents. Wood construction is something I can relate to well given my background and find it to be an aesthetically appealing material. I suspect wood design will be an important part of my focus as an engineer.

The documents that follow include a set of as-built drawings, a proposed design and structural drawings and details. I also included in the package that follows a set of calculations for gravity and lateral loads.

**STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS
FOR
LONG BEACH REMODEL**

**ARCE 415
SR. PROJECT
DECEMBER 1, 2016**

JOHN HINRICHS

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION / DATA

Project: Residential Remodel & Addition

Location: Long Beach, CA

Architect: --

Owner: --

Jurisdiction: Long Beach, CA

Building Code: 2013 California Building Code (CBC)

Selected IBC References:

Loads: ASCE 7-10
Steel: AISC 360-10
AISC 341-10 (Seismic)
Wood: NDS -15
NDS Supplement - 15
NDS SDPWS -15 (Wind & Seismic)
Concrete: ACI 318-14
ACI 530

Structural Systems:

Vertical Wood stud bearing walls
Raised foundation with spread footings

Lateral Wood shear walls

Soils Engineer: --

Soils Report No.: --

Soils Report Date: --

Soils Bearing: Assume 1500 PSF bearing capacity per Table 1806-2

Other Soils Data: Assume soil site Class D

STRUCTURAL MATERIALS

Lumber: Visually Graded Douglas Fir – Larch
 2x Framing DF-L #2
 4x framing DF-L #1
 Posts/Timbers DF-L #1
 Glu-Lam Beams – Visual Comb. 24F-V4 DF/DF
 Hardware: Simpson “Strong-Tie”

Masonry: Grade “N” Units: $f'm = 1,500$ psi (all cells grouted)

Concrete: ($f'c$ in 28 days)	Roof Deck	3000 psi	Lightweight (110 pcf)
	Floor Deck	3000 psi	Lightweight (110 pcf)
	Beams	3000 psi	
	Columns	4000 psi	
	Walls	4000 psi	
	Foundation	2500 psi	

Reinforcing: ASTM A615 – Grade 60 ASTM A706 – Grade 60

Steel:	Structural	ASTM A992 for WF beams	$F_y = 50$ ksi
		ASTM A36 for channels, angles	$F_y = 36$ ksi
	Pipes	ASTM A53	$F_y = 35$ ksi
	Tubes	ASTM A500 Grade B	$F_y = 46$ ksi
	Bolts	ASTM A307	Per code
		ASTM A325SC	Per code
	Metal Studs	SSMA Member	Studs < 18Ga, $F_y = 33$ ksi Studs > 16Ga, $F_y = 50$ ksi

Note: Unless noted otherwise in structural calculations or drawings.

BUILDING WEIGHTS

ROOF DEAD LOAD TAKE OFF (PSF)

Material	Unit Weight (PSF)
Comp. Roofing	3.5
Insulation, 10-inch Fiberglass Batt	0.5
1/2" Plywood / Sheathing	1.5
Pre-fab Trusses	3.0
Total, Sloped Members	8.5
Horizontal Conversion	9.0
Gypsum Wallboard	2.5
MEP & Misc.	3.5
Total to Rafters/Joists	15.0
Beams	3.0
Total to Beams	18.0
Columns (King Post)	1.0
Total to Columns	19.0
LIVE LOADS	
Roof (Reducible)	20.0

FLOOR DEAD LOAD TAKE OFF (PSF)

Material	Unit Weight
Flooring - Hardwood	4.0
3/4" Plywood / Sheathing	3.0
Insulation, 6-inch Fiberglass Batt	0.5
MEP & Misc.	3.0
Joists 2x6 @ 16" O.C.	1.5
Total to Joists	12.0
Beams	3.0
Total to Beams	15.0
Columns	2.0
Total to Columns	17.0
LIVE LOADS	
Residential (Reducible)	40.0

EXTERIOR WALL DEAD LOAD TAKE OFF (PSF)

Material	Unit Weight
Gypsum Wallboard, 1/2"	2.5
Studs, 2x4 @ 16" O.C.	1.0
1/2" Plywood / Sheathing	1.5
Stucco, 7/8"	10.0
Insulation, 4-inch Fiberglass Batt	0.5
Misc.	2.5
Total to Joists	18.0

INTERIOR WALL DEAD LOAD TAKE OFF (PSF)

Material	Unit Weight
Gypsum Wallboard, 1/2"	5.0
Studs, 2x4 @ 16" O.C.	1.0
Insulation, 4-inch Fiberglass Batt (Sound Barrier)	0.5
Misc.	1.5
Total to Joists	8.0

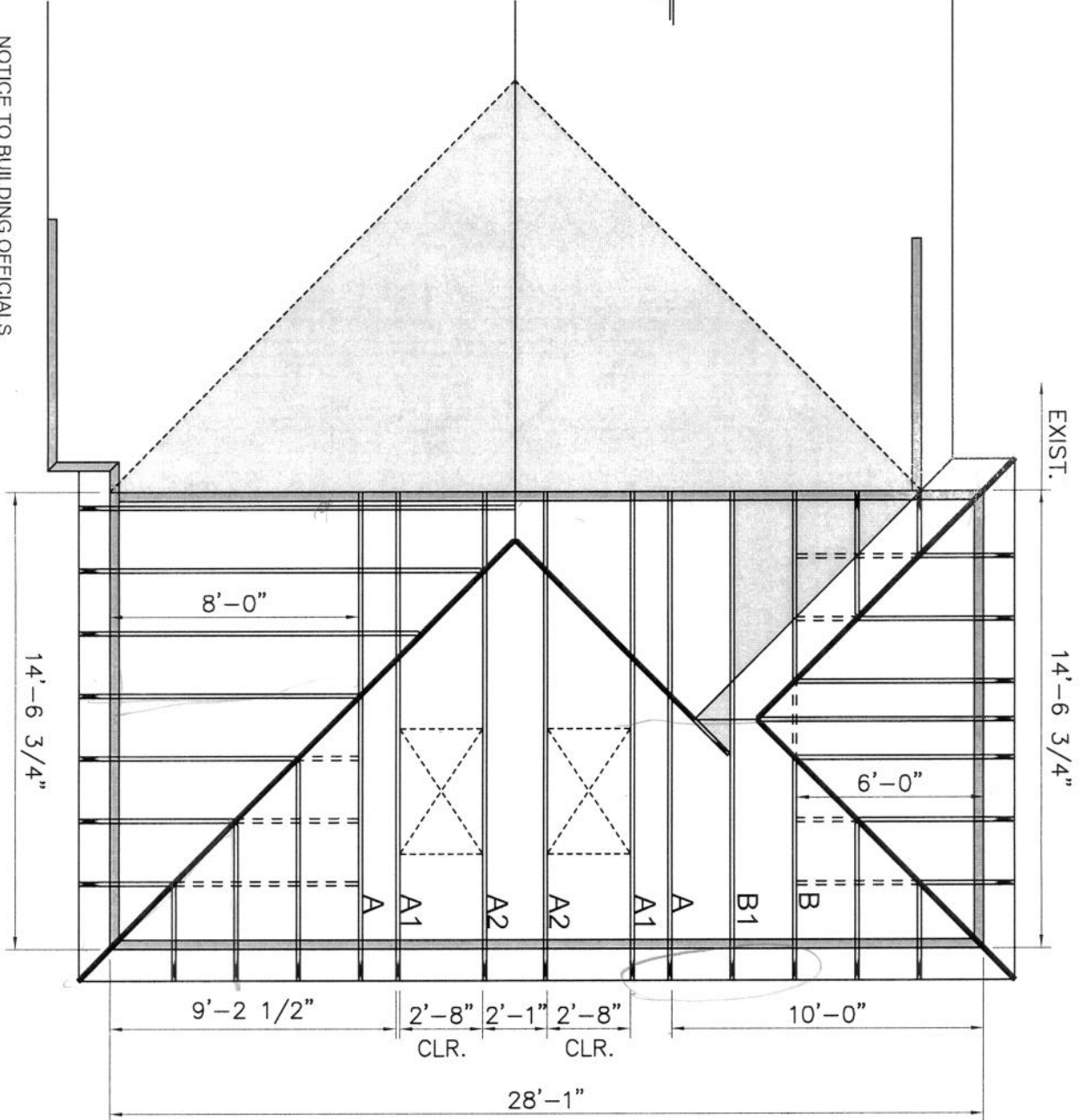
61.1

NOTES:

ROOF PITCH : 4:12
 12" OVERHANG
 2x4 TOP CHORDS
 3 1/8" HEEL HEIGHT

LOADING:

TCLL: 20
 TCDL: 14
 BCDL: 10
 1.25 DURATION



NOTICE TO BUILDING OFFICIALS,
 ARCHITECTS, AND ENGINEERS:
 NON-STRUCTURAL DRAWING INTENDED
 FOR TRUSS LOCATION INFORMATION ONLY.

REVISIONS	
1	
2	
3	



ROOF TRUSS LAYOUT
LONG BEACH REMODEL
XXX
LONG BEACH, CA

Designer: SGH

Date: Mar. 30, 2016

Scale: NTS

Job #: T920

61.2



Alpine, an ITW Company
8351 Rovana Circle
Sacramento, CA 95828
Phone: (800)877-3678 (916)387-0116
Fax: (916)387-1110
sacseals@itwbcg.com

Site Information:

Customer: Stone Truss	Job Number: T920
Job Description: LONG BEACH REMODEL	
Address:	City, State, Zip: LONG BEACH, CA 90815

Job Engineering Criteria:

Design Code: CBC 2013 Res	View Version: 15.01.01.0611.00	JRef #: 1VPf92820001
Wind Standard: ASCE 7-10	Wind Speed (mph): 110	Roof Load (psf): 20.00-14.00- 0.00- 10.00
		Floor Load (psf): None

This package contains a job notes page, 5 truss drawings and 1 details.

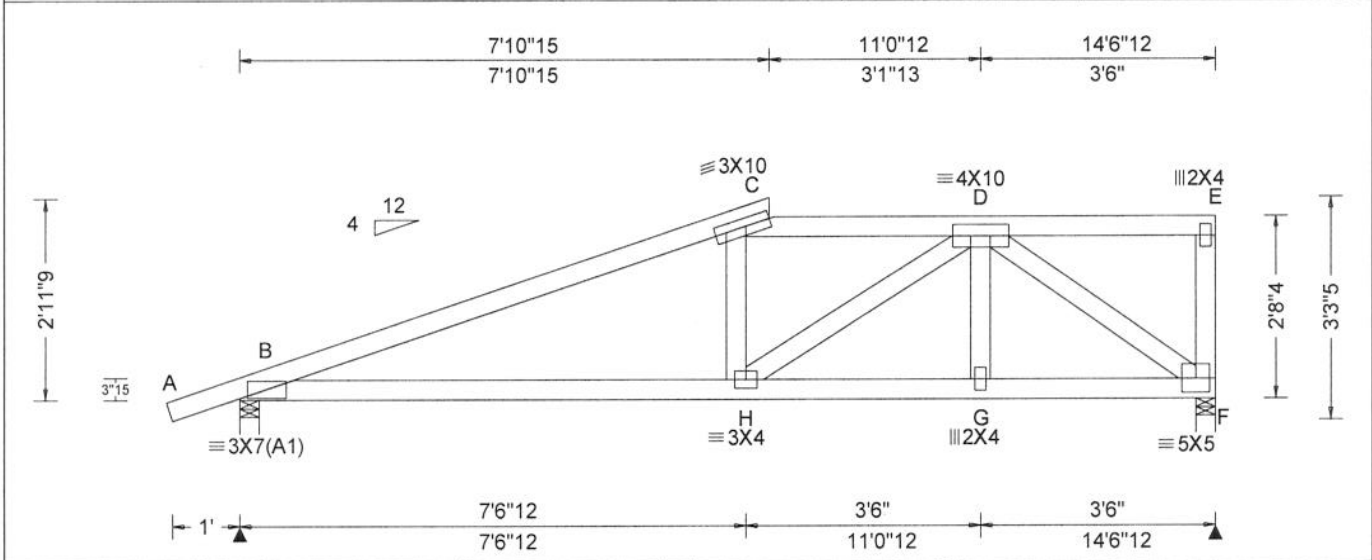
Item	Seal #	Truss
1	090.16.1728.21503	A MONO HIP H8
3	090.16.1728.29487	A2 HP H12
5	090.16.1728.41957	B1 COMN

Item	Seal #	Truss
2	090.16.1728.25540	A1 HIP 9-2-8
4	090.16.1728.36687	B HIP H6



61.3

Job Number: T920 LONG BEACH REMODEL Truss Label: A MONO HIP H8	Ply: 1 Qty: 2	SEQN: 270820 / T42 FROM: SGH	CHIP	Cust: R9282 JRef: 1VP192820001 DrwNo: 090.16.1728.21503 BFR / GWH 03/30/2016
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Loading Criteria (psf) TCLL: 20.00 TCDL: 14.00 BCLL: 0.00 BCDL: 10.00 Des Ld: 44.00 NCBCLL: 10.00 Soffit: 2.00 Load Duration: 1.25 Spacing: 24.0 "	Wind Criteria Wind Std: ASCE 7-10 Speed: 110 mph Enclosure: Closed Risk Category: II EXP: C Mean Height: 15.00 ft TCDL: 8.4 psf BCDL: 6.0 psf MWFRS Parallel Dist: 0 to h/2 C&C Dist a: 3.00 ft Loc. from endwall: Any GCpi: 0.18 Wind Duration: 1.33	Snow Criteria (Pg,Pf in PSF) Pg: NA Ct: NA CAT: NA Pf: NA Ce: NA Lu: NA Cs: NA Snow Duration: NA Code / Misc Criteria Bldg Code: CBC 2013 Res TPI Std: 2007 Rep Factors Used: No FT/RT:20(0)/0(0) Plate Type(s): WAVE	Def/CSI Criteria PP Deflection in loc L/defl L/# VERT(LL): 0.053 C 999 240 VERT(TL): 0.184 C 939 180 HORZ(LL): 0.019 F - - HORZ(TL): 0.065 F - - Creep Factor: 2.0 Max TC CSI: 0.806 Max BC CSI: 0.734 Max Web CSI: 0.730 VIEW Ver: 15.01.01C.0611.00	▲ Maximum Reactions (lbs) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Loc</th> <th>R</th> <th>/U</th> <th>/Rw</th> <th>/Rh</th> <th>/RL</th> <th>/W</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>1413</td> <td>/161</td> <td>/461</td> <td>-</td> <td>/142</td> <td>/3.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>1802</td> <td>/112</td> <td>/367</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>/3.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Wind reactions based on C&C B Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 F Min Brg Width Req = 1.9 Bearings B & F are a rigid surface.</p> <p>Members not listed have forces less than 375# Maximum Top Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.Comp.</th> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens. Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C - D</td> <td>210 -2687</td> <td>B - C</td> <td>173 -2887</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Loc	R	/U	/Rw	/Rh	/RL	/W	B	1413	/161	/461	-	/142	/3.5	F	1802	/112	/367	-	-	/3.5	Chords	Tens.Comp.	Chords	Tens. Comp.	C - D	210 -2687	B - C	173 -2887
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Loading
 #1 hip with 7-10-15 setback supports jack trusses, or rafters and joists, spanning between this truss and the end wall. Corner(s) framed with a hipJack supporting corner rafters and joists, or open-end jacks.

Use this design for common hip trusses @ 24.0" OC. Extend sloping TC of truss and jacks to hip rafter. Support extensions every 4.00 ft to flat TC. Spacing of supports originates from #1 hip. Attach 2x4 lateral bracing to flat TC @ 32" OC with 2-16d Box or Gun nails(0.135"x3.5",min.) and diagonally brace per DWG. BRCALHIP1014. Support hip rafter with cripples at 5-7-14 OC.

Purlins
 In lieu of structural panels or rigid ceiling use purlins to brace all flat TC @ 32" OC, all BC @ 120" OC.

Wind
 Member design based on both MWFRS and C&C.
 Right end vertical not exposed to wind pressure.



****WARNING**** READ AND FOLLOW ALL NOTES ON THIS DRAWING!
****IMPORTANT**** FURNISH THIS DRAWING TO ALL CONTRACTORS INCLUDING THE INSTALLERS

Trusses require extreme care in fabricating, handling, shipping, installing and bracing. Refer to and follow the latest edition of BCSI (Building Component Safety Information, by TPI and SBCA) for safety practices prior to performing these functions. Installers shall provide temporary bracing per BCSI. Unless noted otherwise, top chord shall have properly attached structural sheathing and bottom chord shall have a properly attached rigid ceiling. Locations shown for permanent lateral restraint of webs shall have bracing installed per BCSI sections B3, B7, or B10, as applicable. Apply plates to each face of truss and position as shown above and on the Joint Details, unless noted otherwise. Refer to drawings 160A-2 for standard plate positions.

Alpine, a division of ITW Building Components Group Inc. shall not be responsible for any deviation from this drawing, any failure to build the truss in conformance with ANSI/TPI 1, or for handling, shipping, installation and bracing of trusses. A seal on this drawing or cover page listing this drawing, indicates acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the design shown. The suitability and use of this drawing for any structure is the responsibility of the Building Designer per ANSI/TPI 1 Sec.2.

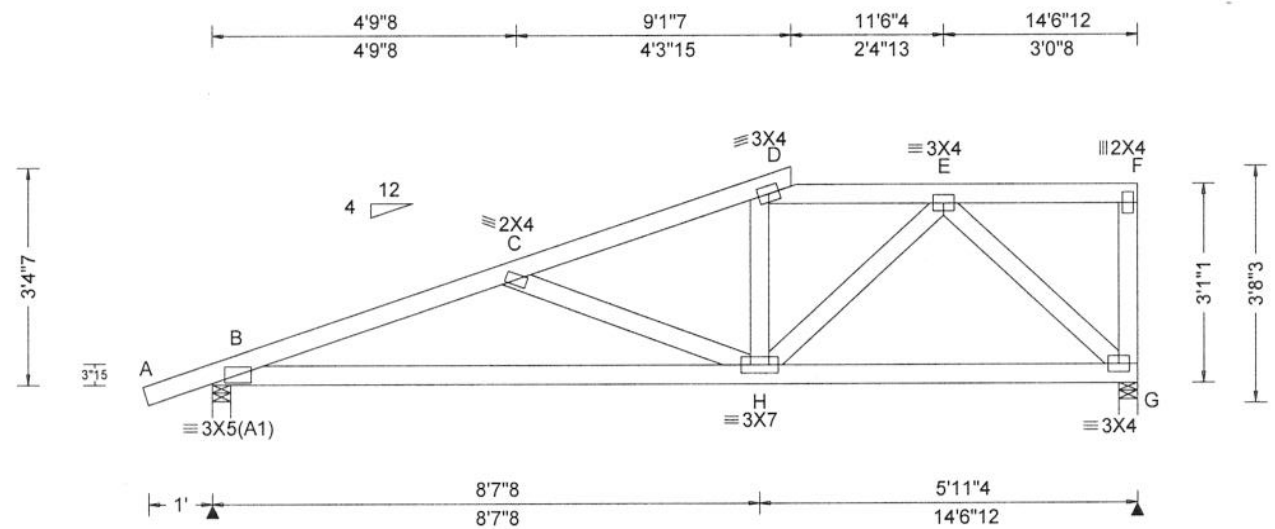
For more information see this job's general notes page and these web sites: ALPINE: www.alpineitw.com; TPI: www.tpinst.org; SBCA: www.sbcindustry.com; ICC: www.iccsafe.org

Stone Truss
 507 Jones Road
 CA 92054

ALPINE
 AN ITW COMPANY
 8351 Rovana Circle
 Sacramento, CA 95828

61.4

Job Number: T920 LONG BEACH REMODEL Truss Label: A1 HIP 9-2-8	Ply: 1 Qty: 2	SEQN: 270823 / T43 FROM: SGH	CHIP	Cust: R9282 JRef: 1VPf92820001 DrvNo: 090.16.1728.25540 BFR / GWH 03/30/2016
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Loading Criteria (psf) TCLL: 20.00 TCDDL: 14.00 BCLL: 0.00 BCDL: 10.00 Des Ld: 44.00 NCBCLL: 10.00 Soffit: 2.00 Load Duration: 1.25 Spacing: 30.0"	Wind Criteria Wind Std: ASCE 7-10 Speed: 110 mph Enclosure: Closed Risk Category: II EXP: C Mean Height: 15.00 ft TCDDL: 8.4 psf BCDL: 6.0 psf MWFRS Parallel Dist: 0 to h/2 C&C Dist a: 3.00 ft Loc. from endwall: Any GCpi: 0.18 Wind Duration: 1.33	Snow Criteria (Pg,Pf in PSF) Pg: NA Ct: NA CAT: NA Pf: NA Ce: NA Lu: NA Cs: NA Snow Duration: NA Code / Misc Criteria Bldg Code: CBC 2013 Res TPI Std: 2007 Rep Factors Used: No FT/RT:20(0)/0(0) Plate Type(s): WAVE	Defl/CSI Criteria PP Deflection in loc L/defl L/# VERT(LL): 0.031 C 999 240 VERT(TL): 0.105 C 999 180 HORZ(LL): 0.010 G - - HORZ(TL): 0.033 G - - Creep Factor: 2.0 Max TC CSI: 0.287 Max BC CSI: 0.826 Max Web CSI: 0.270 VIEW Ver: 15.01.01C.0611.00	▲ Maximum Reactions (lbs) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Loc</th> <th>R</th> <th>/U</th> <th>/Rw</th> <th>/Rh</th> <th>/RL</th> <th>/W</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>921</td> <td>/188</td> <td>/581</td> <td>-</td> <td>/198</td> <td>/3.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>797</td> <td>/15</td> <td>/464</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>/3.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Wind reactions based on C&C B Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 G Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 Bearings B & G are a rigid surface.</p> <p>Members not listed have forces less than 375# Maximum Top Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.Comp.</th> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens. Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>D - E</td> <td>157 -1003</td> <td>C - D</td> <td>115 -1117</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B - C</td> <td>256 -1678</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Maximum Bot Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.Comp.</th> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens. Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B - H</td> <td>1551 -358</td> <td>H - G</td> <td>693 -82</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Maximum Web Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Webs</th> <th>Tens.Comp.</th> <th>Webs</th> <th>Tens. Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C - H</td> <td>224 -598</td> <td>E - G</td> <td>114 -934</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H - E</td> <td>439 -102</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Loc	R	/U	/Rw	/Rh	/RL	/W	B	921	/188	/581	-	/198	/3.5	G	797	/15	/464	-	-	/3.5	Chords	Tens.Comp.	Chords	Tens. Comp.	D - E	157 -1003	C - D	115 -1117	B - C	256 -1678			Chords	Tens.Comp.	Chords	Tens. Comp.	B - H	1551 -358	H - G	693 -82	Webs	Tens.Comp.	Webs	Tens. Comp.	C - H	224 -598	E - G	114 -934	H - E	439 -102		
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Lumber
 Top chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
 Bot chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
 Webs 2x4 DF-L Standard(g)

Plating Notes
 Connectors in green lumber (g) designed using NDS/TPI reduction factors.

Loading
 Bottom chord checked for 10.00 psf non-concurrent live load.

Purlins
 In lieu of structural panels or rigid ceiling use purlins to brace all sloping TC @ 24" OC, all flat TC @ 32" OC, all BC @ 120" OC.

Wind
 Member design based on both MWFRS and C&C.
 Right end vertical not exposed to wind pressure.



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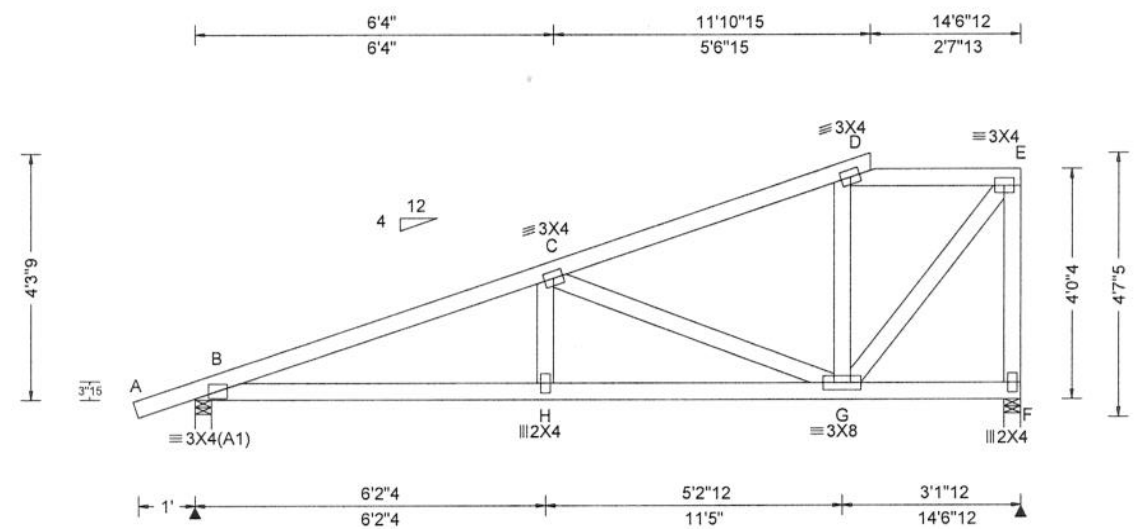
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61.5

Job Number: T920 LONG BEACH REMODEL Truss Label: A2 HP H12	Ply: 1 Qty: 2	SEQN: 270825 / T44 FROM: SGH	CHIP	Cust: R9282 JRef: 1VP192820001 DrwNo: 090.16.1728.29487 BFR / GWH 03/30/2016
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Maximum Bot Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)
Chords Tens.Comp. Chords Tens. Comp.
B - H 1478 - 273 H - G 1470 - 277

Maximum Web Forces Per Ply (lbs)
Webs Tens.Comp. Webs Tens. Comp.
C - G 205 - 1023 E - F 74 - 767
G - E 814 - 140

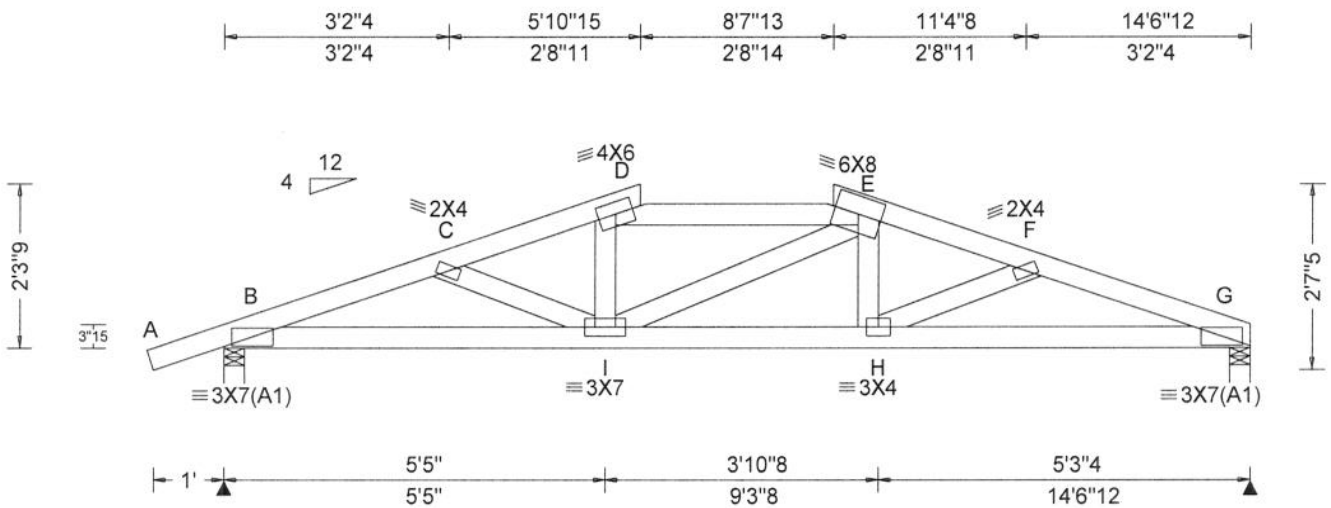
****WARNING** READ AND FOLLOW ALL NOTES ON THIS DRAWING!**
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Stone Truss
507 Jones Road
CA 92054

ALPINE
AN ITW COMPANY
8351 Rovana Circle
Sacramento, CA 95828

66.6

Job Number: T920 LONG BEACH REMODEL Truss Label: B HIP H6	Ply: 1 Qty: 1	SEQN: 270827 / T45 FROM: SGH	CHIP	Cust: R9282 JRef: 1VPf92820001 DrwNo: 090.16.1728.36687 BFR / GWH 03/30/2016
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Loading Criteria (psf) TCCL: 20.00 TCCL: 14.00 BCLL: 0.00 BCDL: 10.00 Des Ld: 44.00 NCBCLL: 10.00 Soffit: 2.00 Load Duration: 1.25 Spacing: 24.0"	Wind Criteria Wind Std: ASCE 7-10 Speed: 110 mph Enclosure: Closed Risk Category: II EXP: C Mean Height: 15.00 ft TCCL: 8.4 psf BCDL: 6.0 psf MWFRS Parallel Dist: 0 to h/2 C&C Dist a: 3.00 ft Loc. from endwall: Any GCpi: 0.18 Wind Duration: 1.33	Snow Criteria (Pg,Pf in PSF) Pg: NA Ct: NA CAT: NA Pf: NA Ce: NA Lu: NA Cs: NA Snow Duration: NA Code / Misc Criteria Bldg Code: CBC 2013 Res TPI Std: 2007 Rep Factors Used: No FT/RT:20(0)/0(0) Plate Type(s): WAVE	Defl/CSI Criteria PP Deflection in loc L/defl L/# VERT(LL): 0.066 D 999 240 VERT(TL): 0.230 D 743 180 HORZ(LL): 0.021 H - - HORZ(TL): 0.073 H - - Creep Factor: 2.0 Max TC CSI: 0.676 Max BC CSI: 0.476 Max Web CSI: 0.085 VIEW Ver: 15.01.01C.0611.00	▲ Maximum Reactions (lbs) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Loc</th> <th>R</th> <th>U</th> <th>Rw</th> <th>Rh</th> <th>RL</th> <th>W</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>1288</td> <td>138</td> <td>439</td> <td>-</td> <td>39</td> <td>3.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>1203</td> <td>93</td> <td>382</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>3.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Wind reactions based on C&C B Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 G Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 Bearings B & G are a rigid surface.</p> <p>Members not listed have forces less than 375# Maximum Top Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.</th> <th>Comp.</th> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.</th> <th>Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>D - E</td> <td>121</td> <td>-2672</td> <td>E - F</td> <td>95</td> <td>-2789</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B - C</td> <td>176</td> <td>-2870</td> <td>F - G</td> <td>175</td> <td>-2919</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C - D</td> <td>100</td> <td>-2817</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Maximum Bot Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.</th> <th>Comp.</th> <th>Chords</th> <th>Tens.</th> <th>Comp.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B - I</td> <td>2680</td> <td>-134</td> <td>H - G</td> <td>2732</td> <td>-127</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I - H</td> <td>2606</td> <td>-10</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Loc	R	U	Rw	Rh	RL	W	B	1288	138	439	-	39	3.5	G	1203	93	382	-	-	3.5	Chords	Tens.	Comp.	Chords	Tens.	Comp.	D - E	121	-2672	E - F	95	-2789	B - C	176	-2870	F - G	175	-2919	C - D	100	-2817				Chords	Tens.	Comp.	Chords	Tens.	Comp.	B - I	2680	-134	H - G	2732	-127	I - H	2606	-10			
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Lumber
 Top chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
 Bot chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
 Webs 2x4 DF-L Standard(g)

Plating Notes
 Connectors in green lumber (g) designed using NDS/TPI reduction factors.

Loading
 #1 hip with 5-10-15 setback supports jack trusses, or rafters and joists, spanning between this truss and the end wall. Corner(s) framed with a hipJack supporting corner rafters and joists, or open-end jacks.
 Use this design for common hip trusses @ 24.0" OC. Extend sloping TC of truss and jacks to hip rafter. Support extensions every 4.00 ft to flat TC. Spacing of supports originates from #1 hip. Attach 2x4 lateral bracing to flat TC @ 32" OC with 2-16d Box or Gun nails(0.135"x3.5",min.) and diagonally brace per DWG. BRCALHIP1014. Support hip rafter with cripples at 5-7-14 OC.

Purlins
 In lieu of structural panels or rigid ceiling use purlins to brace all flat TC @ 32" OC, all BC @ 120" OC.

Wind
 Member design based on both MWFRS and C&C.

Additional Notes
 Building designer is responsible for conventional framing.

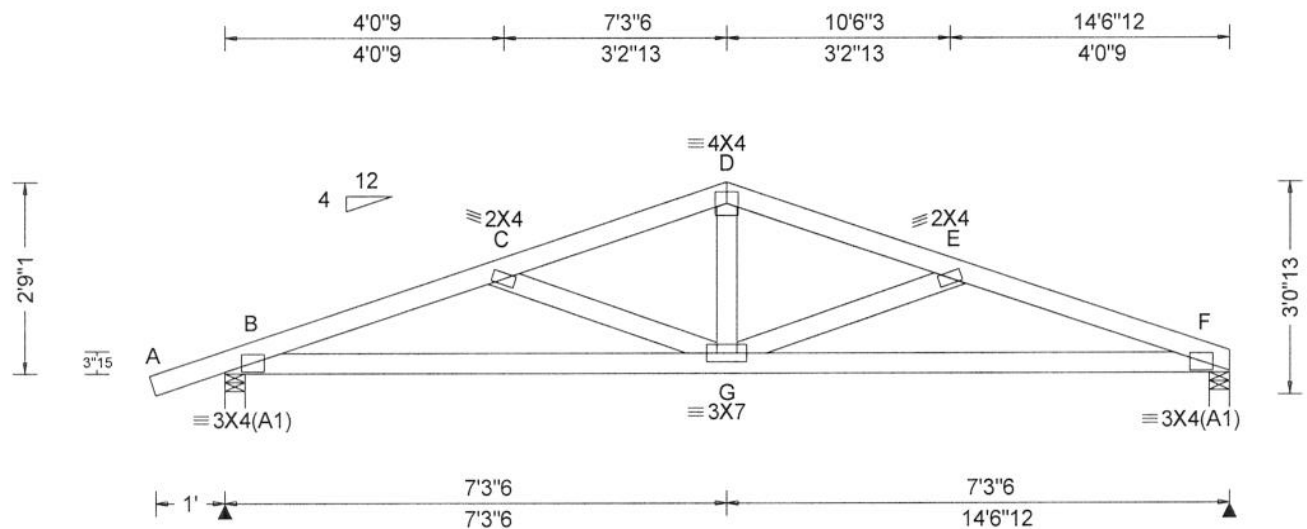


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Stone Truss
 507 Jones Road
 CA 92054

8351 Rovana Circle
 Sacramento, CA 95828

Job Number: T920 LONG BEACH REMODEL Truss Label: B1 COMN	Ply: 1 Qty: 1	SEQN: 270829 / T46 FROM: SGH	COMN	Cust: R9282 JRef: 1VPF92820001 DrwNo: 090.16.1728.41957 BFR / GWH 03/30/2016
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Loading Criteria (psf) TCLL: 20.00 TCDL: 14.00 BCLL: 0.00 BCDL: 10.00 Des Ld: 44.00 NCBCLL: 10.00 Soffit: 2.00 Load Duration: 1.25 Spacing: 24.0"	Wind Criteria Wind Std: ASCE 7-10 Speed: 110 mph Enclosure: Closed Risk Category: II EXP: C Mean Height: 15.00 ft TCDL: 8.4 psf BCDL: 6.0 psf MWFRS Parallel Dist: 0 to h/2 C&C Dist a: 3.00 ft Loc. from endwall: Any GCpi: 0.18 Wind Duration: 1.33	Snow Criteria (Pg,Pf in PSF) Pg: NA Ct: NA CAT: NA Pf: NA Ce: NA Lu: NA Cs: NA Snow Duration: NA Code / Misc Criteria Bldg Code: CBC 2013 Res TPI Std: 2007 Rep Factors Used: No FT/RT:20(0)/0(0) Plate Type(s): WAVE	Defl/CSI Criteria PP Deflection in loc L/defl L/# VERT(LL): 0.031 G 999 240 VERT(TL): 0.105 G 999 180 HORZ(LL): 0.010 G - - HORZ(TL): 0.035 G - - Creep Factor: 2.0 Max TC CSI: 0.137 Max BC CSI: 0.452 Max Web CSI: 0.179 VIEW Ver: 15.01.01C.0611.00	▲ Maximum Reactions (lbs) Loc R /U /Rw /Rh /RL /W B 733 /196 /441 /- /46 /3.5 F 648 /152 /384 /- /- /3.5 Wind reactions based on C&C B Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 F Min Brg Width Req = 1.5 Bearings B & F are a rigid surface. Members not listed have forces less than 375# Maximum Top Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs) Chords Tens.Comp. Chords Tens. Comp. B - C 317 -1382 D - E 234 -1059 C - D 221 -1058 E - F 326 -1398 Maximum Bot Chord Forces Per Ply (lbs) Chords Tens.Comp. Chords Tens. Comp. B - G 1279 -259 G - F 1299 -254 Maximum Web Forces Per Ply (lbs) Webs Tens.Comp. D - G 440 -28
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Lumber
Top chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
Bot chord 2x4 DF-L #1&Bet.(g)
Webs 2x4 DF-L Standard(g)

Plating Notes
Connectors in green lumber (g) designed using NDS/TPI reduction factors.

Loading
Bottom chord checked for 10.00 psf non-concurrent live load.

Purlins
In lieu of rigid ceiling use purlins to brace BC @ 120" OC.

Wind
Member design based on both MWFRS and C&C.



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For more information see this job's general notes page and these web sites: ALPINE: www.alpineitw.com; TPI: www.tpinet.org; SBCA: www.sbcindustry.com; ICC: www.iccsafe.org

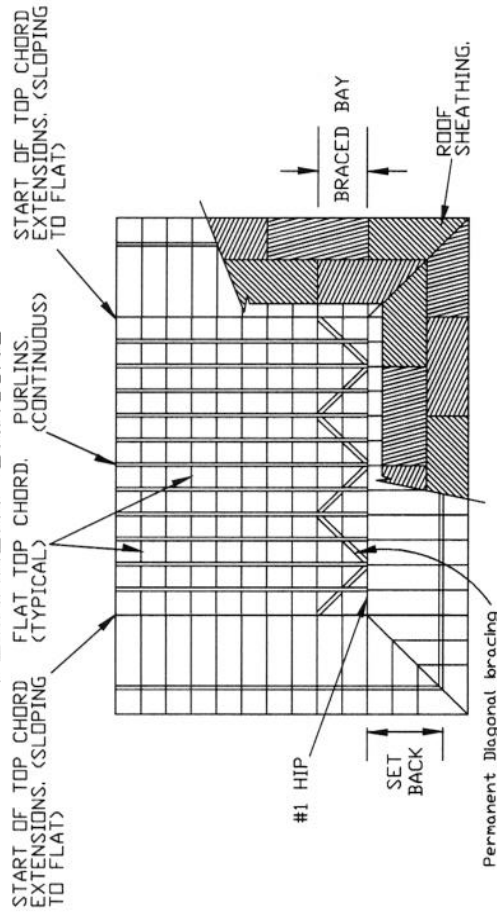
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CALIFORNIA HIP PERMANENT BRACING DETAIL - END JACKS SUPPORTED 48" o/c

61.8

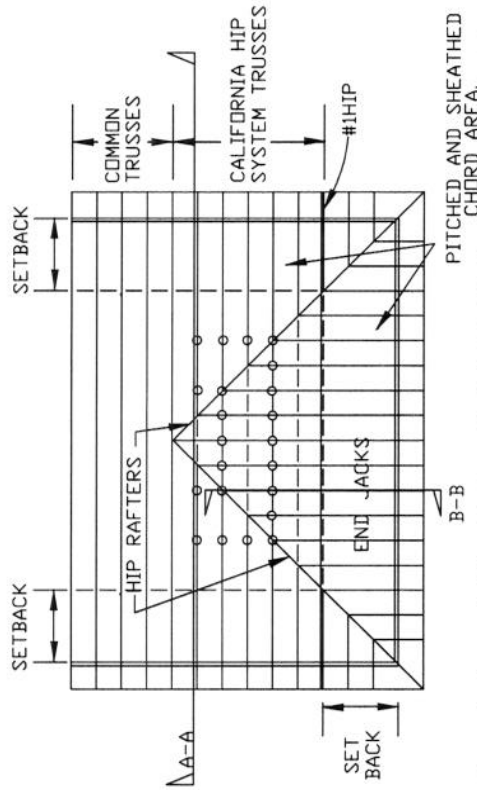
PERMANENT BRACING



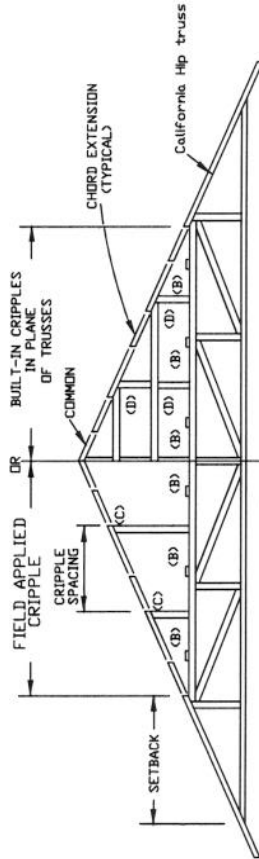
Permanent diagonals form braced bays. Repeat at all hip ends. Maximum interval equals 20 ft. Note: The first braced bay at the #1 hip can be excluded when the following conditions are met:
 1) Continuous purlins are attached to the flat top chord of the #1 hip.
 2) The end jacks are sheathed with properly attached structural panels.

Note: Conventional framing, including cripples and their connections, is not the responsibility of the truss designer, plate manufacturer, or truss fabricator. Persons erecting trusses are cautioned to seek advice of a local professional engineer regarding conventional framing. Trusses shall be designed for the appropriate tributary area.

CRIPPLE SUPPORT LAYOUT



Wind: Maximum wind speed 120 mph, Exp. C, Cat. II, 30 ft. mean roof height and 5 psf min. dead load. Connect cripples to rafter extensions with (6)10d nails (0.128x3"), and to top chord of hip truss and purlin with (3) 10d nails. -DR- Butt cripples to jack rafter and hip truss top chord, and provide connection for 360# uplift each end (ITWBCG HT25 clip with 8d nails (0.131"x1.5") or equivalent.)
 (A) Hip truss top chord. (B) 2x4 continuous purlin, 24" o/c typ.
 (C) CRIPPLES: o - Cripple Location. (4' o.c. cripple spacing shown)
 Cripples support extended top chords of end jacks, hip jacks, and hips. Material: 2x4 SPF, HF, DF-L, or SoPine Standard/Stud/#3 min. grade. Max. cripple length = 6'3". Max. 40 psf Snow Load + 14 psf Dead Load.
 (D) Cripples and horizontal false top chords may be built into truss.



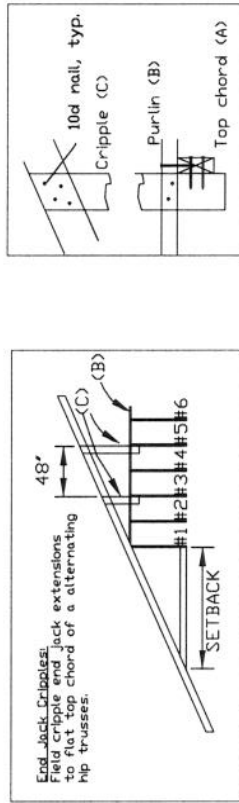
Section A-A

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 Refer to drawings 1004-2 for standard plate positions.
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 Alpine Building Components Group, Inc. 13388 Lakefront Drive Earth City, MO 63045
 Alpine: www.alpinecorp.com TPI: www.tpi.org SBCA: www.sbcasolutions.com IBC: www.icca.org



13388 Lakefront Drive
 Earth City, MO 63045

Cripple Connections

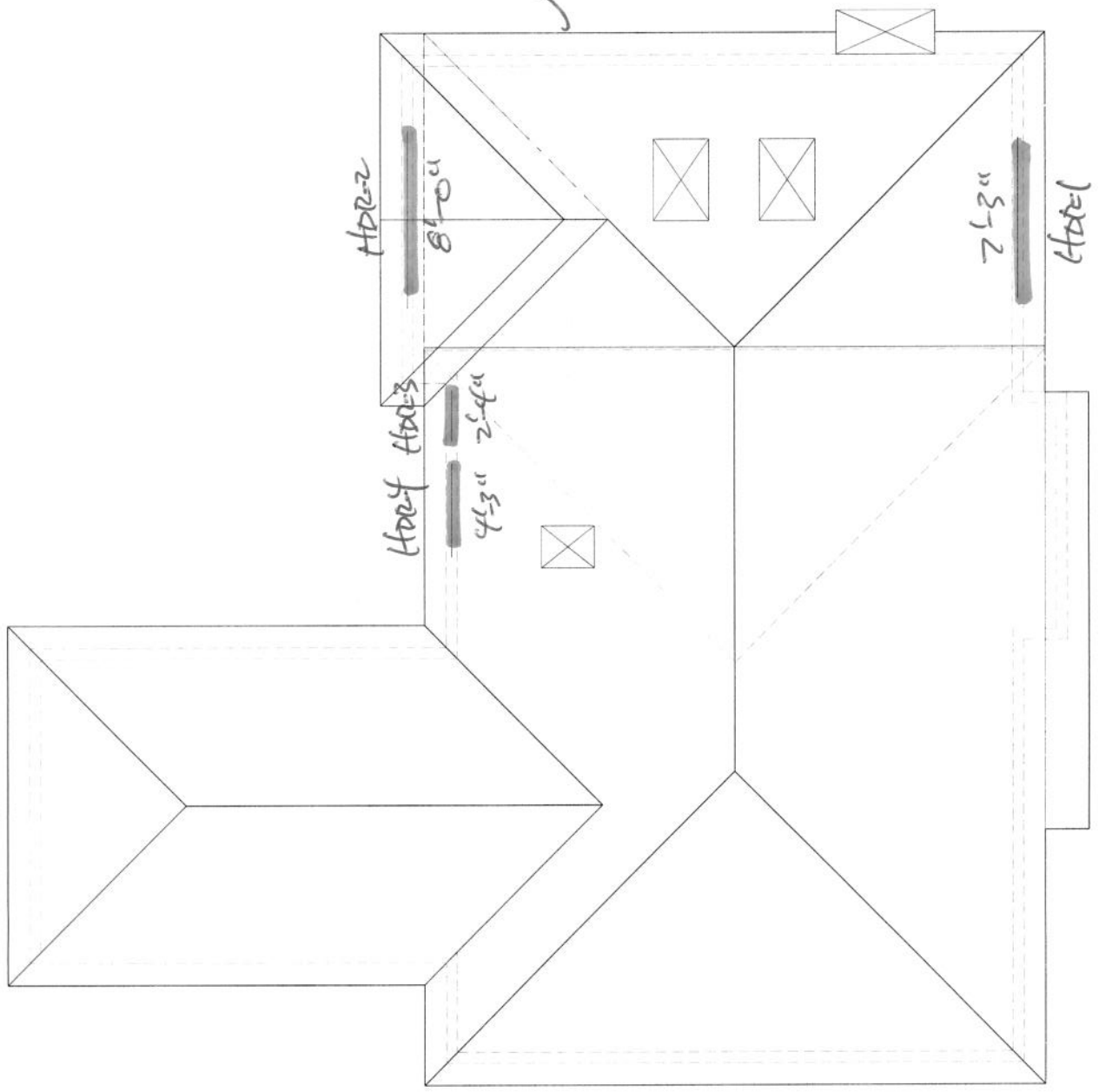


REF	CALIF. BRACE
DATE	10/01/14
DRWG	BRCALHIP1014

See truss drawings for specific design information.
 Design Crlt.: NDS-2012
 Spacing: 24' oc, typ.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 GAROLD W. HEAL
 No. C 58005
 03/31/2016
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Roof Truss
(By others)



Roof Framing

ROOF BEAMSHDR-1 & HDR-2

$$W = 556 \text{ PLF}$$

$$\uparrow 8'-0'' \uparrow$$

* HDR-1 HAS SIMILAR
LOADING AS HDR-2

$$L_r = L_o R_1 R_2$$

$$R_1 = 1.0 \quad (T_u < 2000 \text{ SF})$$

$$R_2 = 1.0 \quad (F \leq 4)$$

$$L_r = L_o = 20 \text{ PSF}$$

$$W = (18 \text{ PSF} + 20 \text{ PSF}) 14' + 18 \text{ PSF} \left(\frac{16}{12}\right)' = 556 \text{ PLF}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{556(8)}{2} = 2220 \#$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{556(8^2)}{8} = 4450 \#'$$

DEFLECTION

$$\Delta_L \leq \frac{L}{240} = \frac{8 \times 12}{240} = 0.40''$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA\Delta_L} = \frac{5(20 \times 14)8^4(12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6)0.40} = 38 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\Delta_{DL} \leq \frac{L}{180} = \frac{8 \times 12}{180} = 0.53$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5(556)8^4(12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6)0.53} = 57 \text{ in}^4 \quad \text{CONTROLS}$$

Try: 4x10 DF-L #1

$$I = 230.8 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 49.91 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = 32.38 \text{ in}^2$$

$$C_L = 1.0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{b} = \frac{10}{4} = 2.25 \quad \underline{\text{Per NDS 4.4.1}}$$

CHOCK BENDING

$$F_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{4450 \text{ K} \cdot \text{ft}}{49.91} = 1070 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_b = F_b C_D C_F = 1000 \text{ psi} (1.25) (1.20) = 1500 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_b = 1070 \text{ psi} < F'_b = 1500 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{OK}}}$$

CHOCK STAIN

$$F_v = \frac{3V}{2K} = \frac{3(2220)}{2(32.38)} = 103 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_v = F_v C_D = 180 (1.25) = 225 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_v = 103 \text{ psi} < F'_v = 225 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{OK}}}$$

USE 4x10 DF-L #1 (HOR1 & HOR2)

Hex 3

$$w = 556 \text{ PLF}$$

$$\uparrow \quad 2'-4'' \quad \uparrow$$

$$L_r = L_0 t_1 t_2$$

$$t_1 = 1.0 \quad (T \leq 200 \text{ SF})$$

$$t_2 = 1.0 \quad (F \leq 4)$$

$$L_r = L_0 = 20 \text{ SF}$$

$$w = (18 \text{ PSF} + 20 \text{ PSF}) 14'$$

$$+ 18 \left(\frac{16}{12}\right)' = 556 \text{ PLF}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{556(2.33)}{2} = 648 \text{ #}$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{556(2.33^2)}{8} = 378 \text{ #-ft}$$

DEFLECTION

$$\Delta_L \leq \frac{L}{240} = \frac{2.33 \times 12}{240} = 0.12''$$

$$I_{req} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5(20 \times 14) 2.33^4 (12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.12} = 0.91 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\Delta_{DL} \leq \frac{1}{180} = \frac{2.33 \times 12}{180} = 0.16''$$

$$I_{req} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5(556) 2.33^4 (12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.16} = \boxed{1.36 \text{ in}^4} \text{ CONTROLS}$$

try 4x4 DF-L #1

$$I = 12.5 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 7.15 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = 12.25 \text{ in}^2$$

$$C_L = 1.0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{b} = \frac{4}{4} = 1.0 \quad \text{Per NDS 4.4.1}$$

CHOCK BONDING

$$F_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{378 \times 12}{7.15} = 634 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_b = F_b C_D C_F = 1000 (1.25) (1.50) = 1875 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_b = 634 \text{ psi} < F'_b = 1875 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

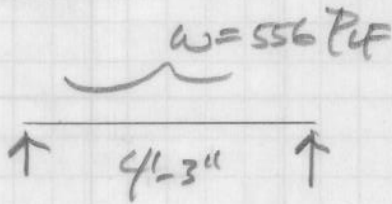
CHOCK STORP

$$F_v = \frac{3V}{2A} = \frac{3(640)}{2(2.25)} = 79.3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_v = F_v C_D = 180 (1.25) = 225 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_v = 79.3 \text{ psi} < F'_v = 225 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

USE 4x4 DF-L #1 (H&D 3)

Hor 4

$$L_r = L_o t_1 t_2$$

$$t_1 = 1.0 \quad (T \leq 200 \text{ SF})$$

$$t_2 = 1.0 \quad (F \leq 4)$$

$$L_r = L_o = 20 \text{ PSF}$$

$$W = (18 \text{ PSF} + 20 \text{ PSF}) 14' + 10 \text{ PSF} \left(\frac{16}{12}\right)' = 556 \text{ PLF}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{556 (4.25)}{2} = 1180 \#$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{556 (4.25^2)}{8} = 1260 \text{ ft}\#$$

DEFLECTION

$$\Delta_L \leq \frac{L}{240} = \frac{4.25 \times 12}{240} = 0.21''$$

$$I_{req} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA_L} = \frac{5(20414) 4.25^4 (12)^3}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.21} = 5.76 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\Delta_{DL} \leq \frac{L}{180} = \frac{4.25 \times 12}{180} = 0.28''$$

$$I_{req} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA_L} = \frac{5(556) 4.25^4 (12)^3}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.28} = 8.57 \text{ in}^4$$

controls

Try 4x6 DF-L #1

$$I = 48.53 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 17.65 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = 19.25 \text{ in}^2$$

$$C_L = 1.0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{b} = \frac{6}{4} = 1.5 \quad \text{FOR NDS 4.4.1}$$

CHOCK BONDING

$$F_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{(260 \times 12)}{17.65} = 857 \text{ PSI}$$

$$F'_b = F_b C_D C_T = 1000 (1.25) (1.3) = 1625 \text{ PSI}$$

$$F_b = 857 \text{ PSI} < F'_b = 1625 \text{ PSI} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

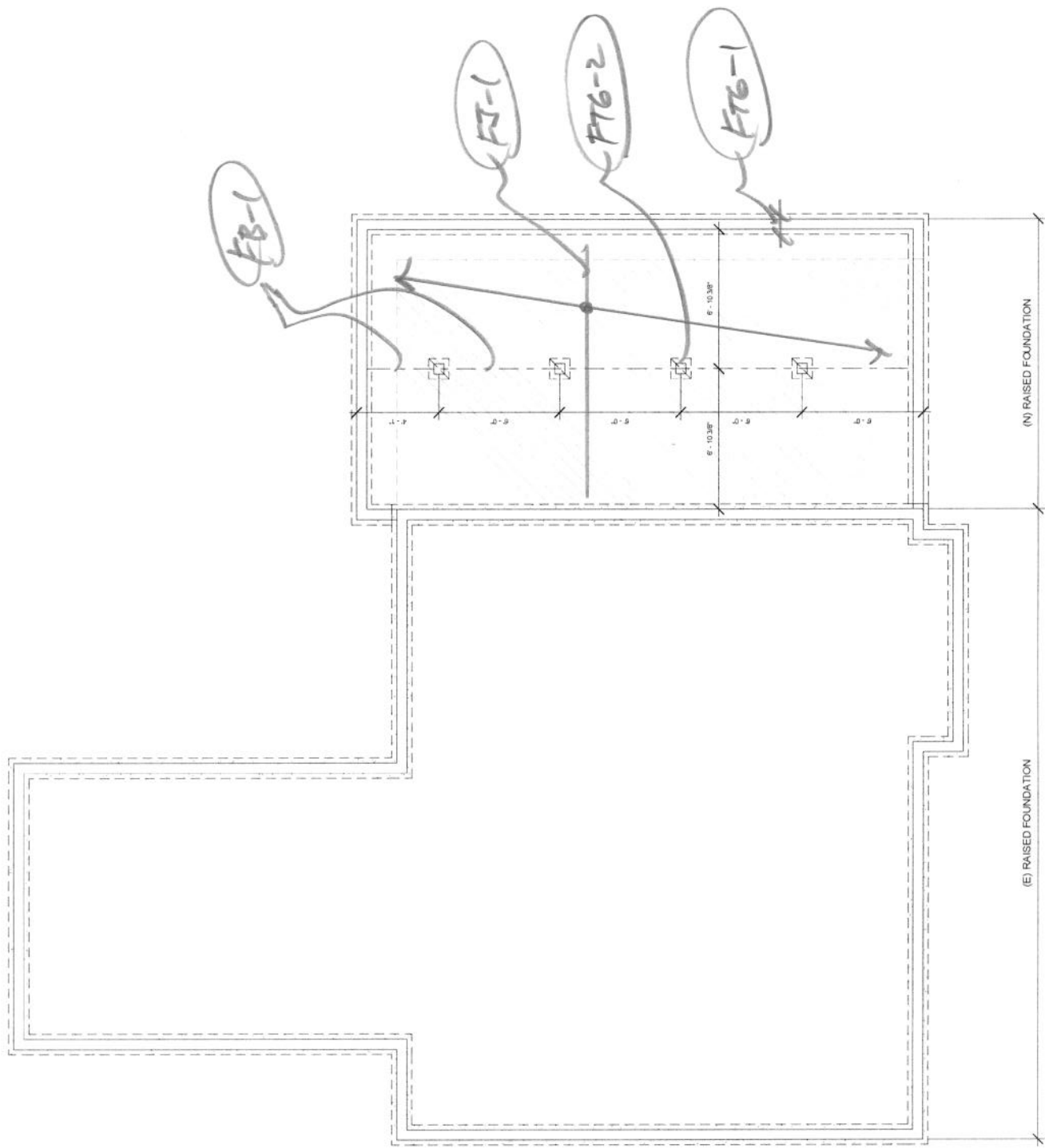
CHOCK STONE

$$F_v = \frac{3V}{2A} = \frac{3 (1180)}{2 (19.25)} = 91.9 \text{ PSI}$$

$$F'_v = F_v C_D = 180 (1.25) = 225 \text{ PSI}$$

$$F_v = 91.9 \text{ PSI} < F'_v = 225 \text{ PSI} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

USE 4x6 DF-L #1 (HDP)



FOUNDATION & Floor Framing
KEY PLAN

FLOOR FRAMINGFJ-1

$$W = 69.3 \text{ PLF}$$

$$\uparrow \quad 7'-0'' \quad \uparrow$$

$$A_T = 7' \times \left(\frac{16}{12}\right)' = 10 \text{ SF}$$

$$k_u A_T = 20 \text{ SF} < 400 \text{ SF}$$

 \Rightarrow NO PRODUCTION ALLOWED

$$W = (12 \text{ PSF} + 40 \text{ PSF}) \left(\frac{16}{12}\right)' = 69.3 \text{ PLF}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{69.3(7)}{2} = 243 \#$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{69.3(7^2)}{8} = 425 \text{ ft}\cdot\#$$

DEFLECTION

$$\Delta_L \leq \frac{l}{360} = \frac{7 \times 12}{360} = 0.23''$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA\Delta_L} = \frac{5(40 \times \frac{16}{12})7^4 12^3}{384(1.6 \times 10^6)0.23} = 7.83 \text{ in}^4$$

CONTROLS

$$\Delta_{DL} \leq \frac{l}{240} = \frac{7 \times 12}{240} = 0.35''$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA_{DL}} = \frac{5(69.3)7^4 12^3}{384(1.6 \times 10^6)0.35} = 6.69 \text{ in}^4$$

TRY 2x6 DF-L #2

$$I = 20.8 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 7.56 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = 8.25 \text{ in}^2$$

CHOCK BONDING

$$f_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{4.5 \times 12}{7.56} = 675 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_b = F_b C_D C_P C_E = 900 (1.0) 1.3 (1.15) = 1350 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_b = 675 \text{ psi} < F'_b = 1350 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

CHOCK SHEAR

$$f_v = \frac{3V}{2A} = \frac{3(243)}{2(8.25)} = 44.2 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_v = F_v C_D = (80)(1.0) = 80 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v = 44.2 \text{ psi} < F'_v = 80 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

CHOCK BOARDING

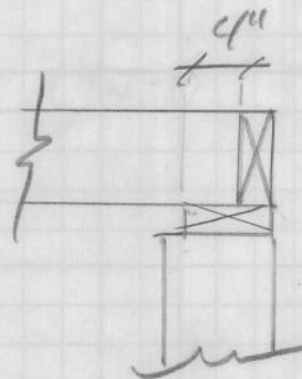
$$C_b = \frac{l_b + \frac{z}{6}}{l_b} = \frac{4 + \frac{z}{6}}{4} = 1.09$$

$$A = l_b b = 4(2) = 8 \text{ in}^2$$

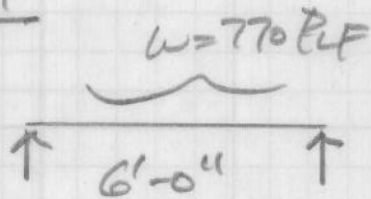
$$f_{cL} = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{243}{8} = 30.4 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_{cL} = F_{cL} C_b = 625(1.09) = 681 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_{cL} = 30.4 \text{ psi} < F'_{cL} = 681 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$



USE 2x6 DF-L #2 (FJ-1)

FB-1

$$T_A = 6' \times 14' = 84 \text{ SF}$$

$$K_{LT} T_A = 84 \times 2 = 168 \text{ SF} < 400 \text{ SF}$$

\Rightarrow NO REDUCTION ALLOWED

$$W = (15 \text{ PSF} + 40 \text{ PSF}) 14' = 770 \text{ PLF}$$

$$V = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{770(6)}{2} = 2310 \text{ lb}$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{770(6^2)}{8} = 3472.5 \text{ lb-ft}$$

DEFLECTION

$$\Delta_L \leq \frac{L}{360} = \frac{6 \times 12}{360} = 0.20''$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA\Delta_L} = \frac{5(40 \times 14)^2 6^4 (12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.20} = 49.0 \text{ in}^4$$

CONTROLS

$$\Delta_{DL} \leq \frac{L}{240} = \frac{6 \times 12}{240} = 0.30''$$

$$I_{REQ} = \frac{5wL^4}{384EA\Delta_{DL}} = \frac{5(770)6^4 (12^3)}{384(1.7 \times 10^6) 0.30} = 44 \text{ in}^4$$

TRY 4x10 DF-L #1

$$I = 230.8 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 49.91 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = 32.38 \text{ in}^2$$

CHECK BENDING

$$f_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{3470 \times 12}{49.91} = 834 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_b = F_b C_b C_p = 1000 (1.0) 1.2 = 1200 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b = 834 \text{ psi} < F'_b = 1200 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

CHECK STRESS

$$f_v = \frac{3V}{2A} = \frac{3(2310)}{2(32.38)} = 107 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_v = F_v C_b = 180 (1.0) = 180 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v = 107 \text{ psi} < F'_v = 180 \text{ psi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

USE 4x10 DF-L #1 (FB-1)

FOUNDATIONSWALL FOOTINGS (FTG-1)

LOADS

$$\begin{aligned} (15 \text{ PSF} + 20 \text{ PSF}) 7' &= 245 \text{ PLF} \\ 18 \text{ PSF} \times 8' &= 144 \text{ PLF} \\ (12 \text{ PSF} + 40 \text{ PSF}) 3.5' &= 182 \text{ PLF} \\ 150 \text{ PLF} (1' \times 0.5' + 2' + 0.5') &= 225 \text{ PLF} \\ \hline &796 \text{ PLF} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{MINIMUM FTG. WIDTH} = \frac{796 \text{ PLF}}{1500 \text{ PSF}} = 0.53'$$

USE 12" WIDE FTG.

MINIMUM REINF. $24" \times 6" \times 0.0018 = 0.26 \text{ in}^2$
 USE #5 BAR (0.31 in²)

USE 12" WIDE BY 6" THICK WALL FTG.
 W/ 1-#5 CONT. REINF. TOP/BOT.

PIER FOOTINGS (FTG-2)

LOADS

$$\begin{aligned} (15 \text{ PSF} + 40 \text{ PSF}) \times 6' \times 7' &= 2310 \# \\ \frac{2310 \#}{1500 \text{ PSF}} &= 1.54 \text{ SF} \end{aligned}$$

USE 18" SQ. FTGS.

2/11

ASCE 7-10 Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure (Section 12.8)

V = CsW (lbs) Seismic Base Shear.

site class = D
 Ss = 1.577 G
 S1 = 0.584 G
 SDS = 1.051 G
 SD1 = 0.584 G
 R = 6.5
 I = 1
 Ta = $C_t h_n^x$
 Ct = 0.02
 hn = 10.5 ft
 x = 0.75
 T = Ta = 0.117 sec

Calculate Cs:	
Cs =	0.162
Cs max =	0.770
Cs min =	0.046

Solutions	
Cs =	0.162

USE Cs = 0.2

Scsm 12BUILDING WEIGHTS

$$\text{ROOF} \quad 15 \text{ PSF} \left[(45.5' \times 26.25') + (19' \times 14.25') + (11' \times 1.5') + (11' \times 15') \right] = 24700 \#$$

$$\text{INT. WALLS} \quad 8 \text{ PSF} \left[(42.25' \times 4') + (89.25' \times 4') \right] = 4650 \#$$

$$\text{EXT. WALLS} \quad 18 \text{ PSF} \left(2 \times 45.5' + 2 \times 47.25' + 2 \times 2' \right) \times 4' = 13600 \#$$

$$\text{BLDG. WT} = 43000 \# = W$$

DIAPHRAGM

$$F_{px} = \frac{\sum E_i}{\sum W_i} W_{px} \Rightarrow \text{BUILDING IS 1-STORY}$$

$$F_{px} = 0.2 W_{px}$$

LIMITS

$$0.4 S_{DS} I W_{px} = 0.4 (1.05) 1 (W_{px}) = 0.420 W_{px} > F_{px} \text{ OK}$$

$$0.2 S_{DS} I W_{px} = 0.2 (1.05) 1 (W_{px}) = 0.210 W_{px} > F_{px}$$

$$F_{px} = 0.210 W_{px}$$

DIAPHRAGM DESIGN

$$F_{PX} = 0.210 W_{PX} = (150) \frac{0.210 \times 13 (43000)}{1.4} = 8390 \#$$

$$F_{P_{roof}} = \frac{F_{PX}}{\text{ROOF AREA}} = \frac{8390 \#}{1500 \text{ SF}} = 5.60 \text{ PSF}$$

N-S DIR.

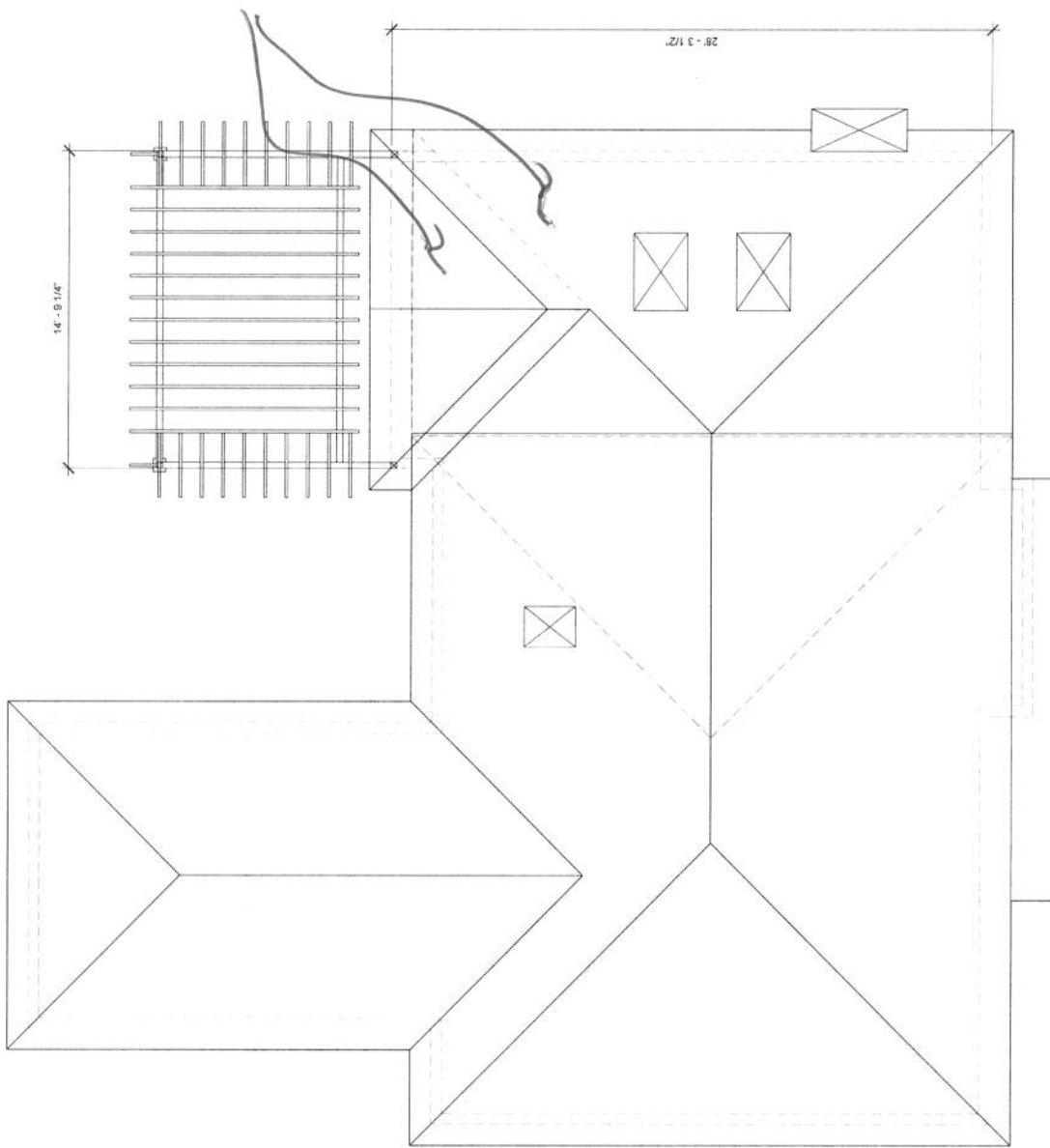
$$U_{N-S} = \frac{5.60 \text{ PSF} (1500 \text{ SF})}{(2 \times 47.25)} = 88.9 \text{ PLF}$$

USE $\frac{1}{2}$ " CDX w/ 10d @ 6", 6", 12"
BLOCKED w/ 2x
 $U_n = 290 \text{ PLF} > U_{N-S}$ OK

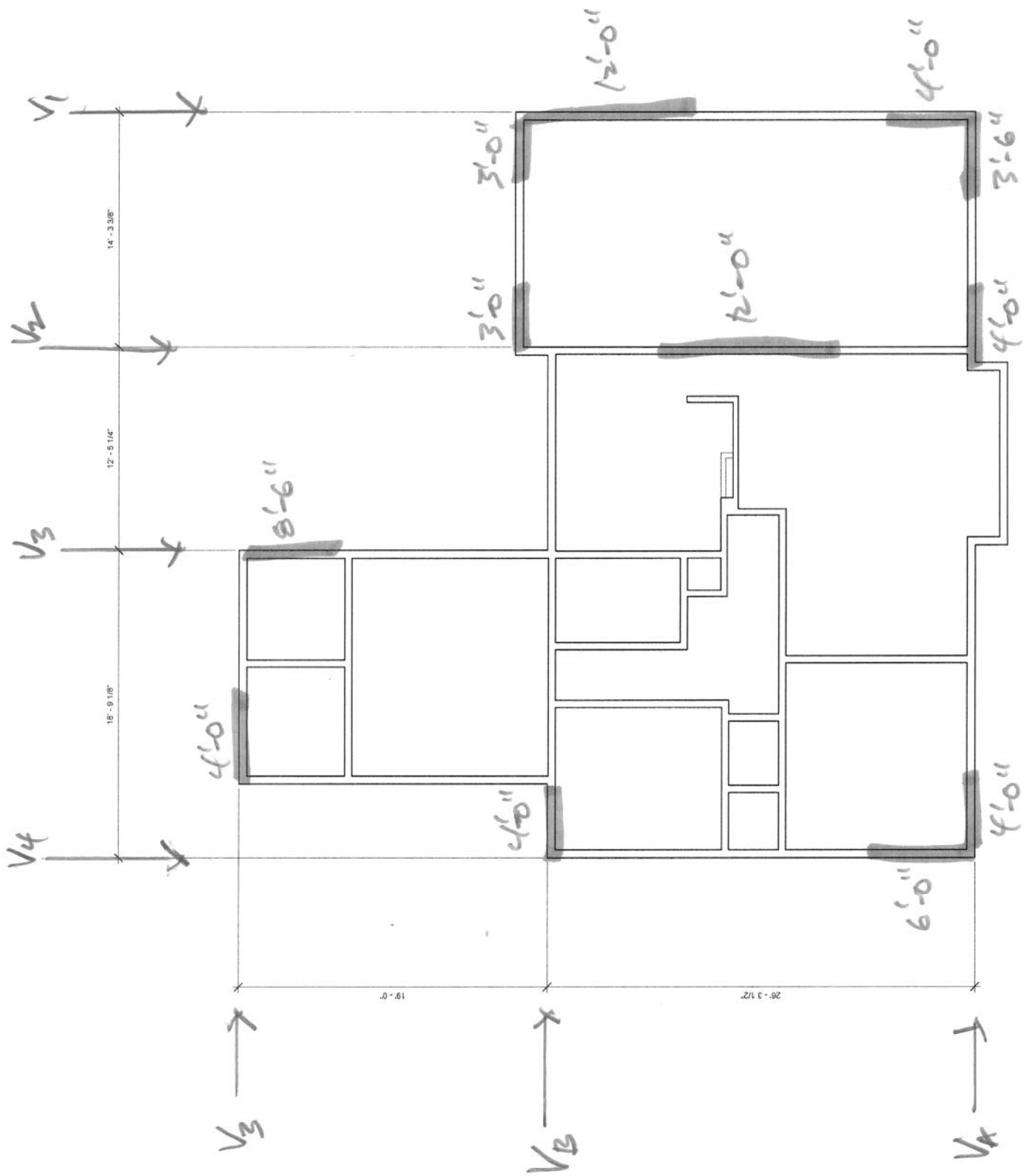
E-W DIR.

$$U_{E-W} = \frac{5.60 \text{ PSF} (1500 \text{ SF})}{(2 \times 45.5)} = 92.3 \text{ PLF} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

USE 1/2" MAX
WOOD @ 6" 6" 12"
BLOCKED



DIAPHRAGM PLAN



Staircase Key Plan

STAIRWELL DESIGNN-S DIRECTION

$$U = 5.60 \text{ PSF}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ GRIDLINE 1, } V_1 = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 28.25' \times \frac{15.25'}{2} = 1210^\#$$

$$u_1 = \frac{1210^\#}{(12' + 4')} = 76 \text{ PLF}$$

USE STAIRWELL ① FOR SCHEDULE ($U_a = 280 \text{ PLF}$) OK

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ GRIDLINE 2, } V_2 = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 28.25' \times \left(\frac{15.25'}{2} + \frac{12'}{2} \right) = 2160^\#$$

$$u_2 = \frac{2160}{12'} = 180 \text{ PLF}$$

USE STAIRWELL ① FOR SCHEDULE ($U_a = 280 \text{ PLF}$)

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ GRIDLINE 3, } V_3 = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 47.25' \times \left(\frac{12'}{2} + \frac{18.75'}{2} \right) = 4070^\#$$

$$u_3 = \frac{4070^\#}{8.5'} = 478 \text{ PLF}$$

USE STAIRWELL ② FOR SCHEDULE ($U_a = 510 \text{ PLF}$) OK

$$\textcircled{4} \text{ GRIDLINE 4, } V_4 = 5.60 \text{ PLF} \times 26.25' \times \frac{18.75'}{2} = 1380^\#$$

$$u_4 = \frac{1380^\#}{6'} = 230 \text{ PLF}$$

USE STAIRWELL ① FOR SCHEDULE ($U_a = 280 \text{ PLF}$) OK

E-W DIRECTION

② GRIDLINE A, $V_A = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 45.5' \times \frac{28.25'}{2} = 3600^\#$

$$U_A = \frac{3600^\#}{11.5} = 313 \text{ PLF}$$

USE SHEARWALL ② PER SCHEDULE ($U_A = 510 \text{ PLF}$)

OK

③ GRIDLINE B, $V_B = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 41' \times \left(\frac{28.25'}{2} + \frac{17'}{2} \right)$

$$= 5190^\#$$

$$U_B = \frac{5190^\#}{10'} = 519 \text{ PLF}$$

USE SHEARWALL ③ PER SCHEDULE ($U_A = 665 \text{ PLF}$)

OK

④ GRIDLINE C, $V_C = 5.60 \text{ PSF} \times 14.25' \times \frac{17'}{2} = 678^\#$

$$U_C = \frac{678^\#}{41} = 170 \text{ PLF}$$

USE SHEARWALL ① PER SCHEDULE ($U_A = 280 \text{ PLF}$)

OK

STANDARD OTR

USE SETBACK LOAD COMB.
(0.6 - 0.14 SDS) DL + 0.7 EV

N-S WALL

$0.6 - 0.14(1.251) = 0.467$

GUIDANCE 1

$V = 76 \text{ PLF} \times 12' = 912 \#$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[912 \# \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 7.38' \times \frac{12^2}{4} + 10 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{12^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 12$$

HIP CONDITION

$= 49.4 \#$

$V = 76 \text{ PLF} \times 4' = 304 \#$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[304 \# \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 4' \times \frac{4^2}{2} + 10 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{4^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 4$$

$= 418 \#$

USE SIMPSON HDU 2 HOLDOWN

$T_a = 3075 > T = 418 \#$ OK

GUIDANCE 2

$V = 2(60 \#)$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[2(60 \#) \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 7.38' \times \frac{12^2}{4} + 10 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{12^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 12$$

$= 126 \#$

USE SIMPSON HDU 2 HOLDOWN OK

GRADING 3

$$V = 4070 \#$$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[4070 \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 7' \times \frac{8.5^2}{4} + 18 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{8.5^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 8.5$$

(4) HIP COND

$$= 3440 \#$$

USE SIMPSON HOU4 HOLDOWN

OK

$$T_a = 4065 \# > T = 3440 \#$$

GRADING 4

$$V = 1380 \#$$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[1380 \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 6' \times \frac{6^2}{4} + 18 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{6^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 6$$

(4) HIP COND

$$= 1580 \#$$

USE SIMPSON HOU2 HOLDOWN

OK

E-W WALLSGRIDLINE A

$$V = 3/3 \text{ PLF} \times 35' = 1100 \#$$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[1100 \# \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 3.5 \times \frac{3.5^2}{4} + 10 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{3.5^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 3.5$$

(4) HIP ROOF
CONDITIONAL ADT.

$$= 2380 \#$$

UPLIFT FORCES FOR OTHER TWO WALLS ON
GRIDLINE A ARE SIMILAR

USE SIMPSON HDU2 HOLDOWN OK

GRIDLINE B

$$V = 519 \text{ PLF} \times 3' = 1560 \#$$

$$\text{UPLIFT} = \left[1560 \# \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15 \text{ PSF} \times 3 \times \frac{3^2}{4} + 10 \text{ PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{3^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 3$$

(4) HIP ROOF
CONDITIONAL ADT.

$$= 4040 \#$$

UPLIFT FORCES FOR OTHER TWO WALLS ON
GRIDLINE B ARE SIMILAR

USE SIMPSON HDU4 HOLDOWN

$$T_a = 4565 \# > T = 4040 \# \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

GRIDLINE C

$V = 678\#$

$$UPLIFT = \left[678\# \times 8' - 0.467 \left(15\text{PSF} \times 4' \times \frac{4^2}{4} + 18\text{PSF} \times 8' \times \frac{4^2}{2} \right) \right] \div 4$$

$$= 1190\#$$

USE SIMPSON HD02 HOLDOWN

OK