

Identification and Monitoring of Toxic Cyanobacteria

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Inversion algorithm for remote sensing of cyanobacteria



Spectroscopic experiments

Studies on cyanobacteria and other optical significant water constituents



Counting and sorting cyanobacteria cells which have a autofluorescence with a flow cytometer (upper picture); cells without pigments have to be stained with a DNA dye (SYBR green) (picture below)

Quantification of RNA for toxinsynthesis by quantitaitve reverse transcription PCR (RT-qPCR)

Aims of the project:



Identify factors that induce a toxic cyanobacterial bloom Develop algorithm for identification and monitoring of algae blooms with remote sensing *Investigate the interaction of toxic cyanobacteria with non toxin-producing cyanobacteria in the ecosystem as possible competitor to control the toxic ones

