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099 \_9 [a MN 2000 MISC-1957

100 1\_ |a Dankers, W. H.

245 14 |a The Dairy Situation : |b highlights / |c W.H. Dankers and F.L. Olson

260 \_\_ |a Saint Paul, Minn. : |b University of Minnesota, Agricultural Extension Service, |c 1957.

300 \_\_ |a 1 v. ; |c 28 cm.

700 1\_ |a Olson, Fred L.

710 2\_ |a University of Minnesota. |b Agricultural Extension Service.

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## AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA -- U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE - ST. PAUL 1. MINNESOTA

The Dairy Situation - Highlights

W. H. Dankers, Extension Economist in Marketing F. L. Olson, Extension Marketing Assistant

I. Production, Utilization, and Consumption of Milk and Milk Products

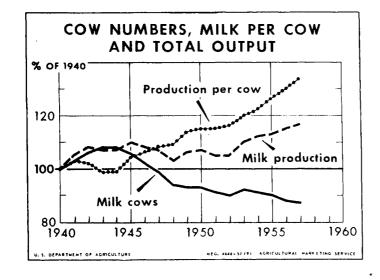
Α.	<u>Trends</u>	in	milk	pro	<u>duc</u>	tion	- U.	<u>s.</u>
						COMS		

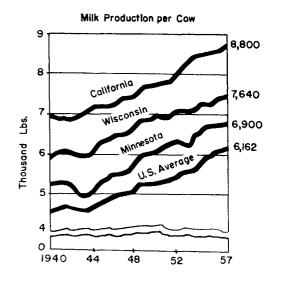
	Number	of cows and	d heifers	:		:		:	
	kept fo	r milk, Jan	nuary 1	:		:		:	
Year		He:	ifers l/	_:Produc	tion per	:Milk produ	uction	: Milk	
	Milk	1-2 years	Calves under	r: mil	k cow	on farm	ns	:consumption	on
	cows	old	l yr. old	:Milk	Milkfat	:Total Per	capita	: per capit	ta
		million		(lbs.)	(lbs.)	(bil.lbs.)	(lbs.)	): (lbs.)	
1925-29 av.	22.4	4.2	4.6	:4,437	174	: 94.7	797	<b>:</b> 798	
1930-34 av.	24.9	5.1	5.4	:4,497	169	: 102.6	823	: 812	
1935-39 av.	25.0	4.9	5•5	:4,403	174	: 103.7	803	: 791	
1940-44 av.	26.3	5•9	6.6	:4,653	185	: 115.4	854	<b>:</b> 782	
1945-49 av.	25.7	5 <b>.</b> 7	6.3	:4,999	198	: 116.6	809	<b>:</b> 750	
1950-54 av.	23.6	5 <b>.</b> 7	6.4	:5,444	213	: 117.7	749	: 710	
				:		:		:	
1955	23.5	5.8	6.1	:5,810	224	: 123.1	745	: 707	
1956	23.2	5.5	6.0	:6,004	230	: 125.5	746	: 707	
1957	22.9	5•4	6.0	:6,162	236	: 126.4	738	<b>:</b> 695	
1958	22.4	5.3	5.9	•		:		:	

l/ Being raised for milk production

Note: 1. The number of cows on farms declined from 1945 to 1952 then increased until 1954. Since 1954 there has been a steady decline in the number of milk cows kept for milk and on January 1, 1958 it was the lowest since 1928.

- 2. The number of heifers 1-2 years old being raised for milk production has decreased in the last three years. The number of heifer calves under one year old was the same in 1957 as in 1956 but was down slightly by January 1, 1958.
- 3. The constant increase in total milk production was largely due to a steady increase in production per cow. In 1957 it was again nearly one billion pounds larger than in 1956 and more than three billion pounds larger in 1955.
- 4. Although there has been a steady increase in milk production per cow, the average is still much too low for efficient milk production.





#### B. Trends in utilization of milkfat - U. S.

Year	Fluid milk	Fluid cream	Butter	All wholemilk cheese	Evaporated and condensed milk	Ice cream	Other prod. (dried wholemilk, dried cream, etc.)	Total
		Percent	of the	total milkfat	in milk used	in each	product	
1925-29	33.8	8.5	44.9	5.8	3.3	3.0	0.7	100.0
1935-39	33.4	8.3	42.6	7.0	4.6	3.2	0.9	100.0
1940-44	37.5	7.8	36.8	7.0	5.0	4.2	1.7	100.0
1945-49	41.3	8.2	28.0	9.1	5.6	6.3	1.5	100.0
1950-54	42.2	7.1	<b>25.</b> 9	10.6	5.5	6.6	2.1	100.0
1955	43.1	6.6	25.3	11.0	5.0	6.9	2.1	100.0
1956	43.6	6.6	24.4	11.2	4.8	7.0	2.4	100.0
1957	43.9	6.6	24.6	11.3	4.8	6.9	1.9	100.0

- Note: 1. The figures in this table are based on milkfat in milk. Consequently, this table does not indicate the trends in the utilization of nonfat solids in such products as cottage cheese and fluid and dry nonfat milk.
  - 2. There have been substantial increases over a period of years in the percent of the total supply of milkfat used in ice cream, cheese, and fluid milk.
  - 3. There has been a drastic decline in the percent of total milkfat used in butter, to a low point of less than 25 percent during the last two years.

C. Trends in per capita consumption of milk products - U. S.

Year	Fluid milk	Cream	Evap. and cond. milk	Dry whole- milk	Dry nonfat milk	Frozen dairy prod. (milk equiv.)	Cheese	Butter	Marga rine
			0 0 0 0	pc	unds			• • • •	0 0 0
1935-39 av.	264	10.5	16.7	0.1	1,9	24.9	5 <b>.</b> 5	17.0	2.9
1940-44 av.	293	10.7	18.1	0.2	2.9	33.4	5 <b>.</b> 5	14.5	3.1
1945-49 av.	311	9.9	19.4	0.5	2.9	47.7	6.8	10.6	4.9
1950-54 av.	<b>2</b> 99	8.0	18.1	0.3	4.3	46.5	7.5	9.3	7.4
1954	301	7.5	16.8	0.2	5.1*	47.1	7.9*	8.9*	8.5
1955	305	7.5	16.2	0.2	5.6*	48.6	7.9*	9.0*	8.1
1956	308	7.5	<b>15.</b> 6	0.3	5.1*	49.6	8.1*	8.7*	8.2
1957	309	7.5	15.8	0.2	5 <b>.3</b> *	48.6	8.0*	8.5*	8.6

\* When domestic donations are excluded, the totals are:

	Dry Nonfat Milk	Cheese	Butter
1954	4.8	7.5	8.3
1955	5 <b>.</b> 1	7.4	8.3
1956	4.3	7.4	8.0
1957	4.6	7.4	8.1

- Note: 1. The per capita consumption of fluid milk was low during 1935-39. It reached a peak during 1945-49, but since 1950 has remained near 300 pounds, with a slight increase since 1954.
  - 2. There has been a long period of decline in per capita consumption of butter and in 1957 it was 8.5 pounds. When domestic donations, resulting from the "give away" program of butter to public institutions, are excluded, the per capita consumption was only 8.0 pounds in 1956 and 8.1 in 1957.

3. There has been a relatively large increase in per capita consumption of dry nonfat milk. Nevertheless, during the last several years the available supply has been nearly double the amount used for human consumption.

D. Trends in the total per capita consumption of milkfat and nonfat solids

Year	Consumption of milkfat	Consumption of nonfat milk solids	Consumption of total milk solids
1925-29 av. 1935-39 av. 1945-49 av. 1950-54 av.	31.3 31.7 29.9 27.5	. pounds per capita 37.7 39.6 47.8 47.3	69.0 71.3 77.7 74.8
1956 1957	27.2 27.1	47 <b>.</b> 8 48 <b>.</b> 1	75 <b>.</b> 0 75 <b>.2</b>
1957 compared with the 1935-39 period	<b>-4°</b> 6	+8 <sub>•</sub> 5	<del>*</del> 3•9
1957 compared with the 1945-49 period	<b>-2.</b> 8	+0.3	<b>-2.</b> 5

- Note: 1. There was a continuous decrease in the total per capita consumption of milkfat (milkfat consumed in all dairy products) to a low point in 1953, then an increase in 1954 and 1955 and a further slight decrease in 1956 and 1957. The consumption of milkfat during the last few years has probably been affected by "Government give away" programs.
  - 2. There was a rapid upswing in per capita consumption of nonfat milk solids until it reached the peak of 50.3 pounds in 1946. It dropped sharply during the next few years. Since the early 50's it has been rising slowly. With the substantial and continued shift from the sale of cream to the sale of wholemilk from farms during the last several years, the supply of total nonfat milk solids has been considerably in excess of the volume required for domestic human consumption.
  - 3. The consumption of total milk solids (fat and nonfat) is considerably higher than in earlier periods, lower than in the immediate post-war period, and has remained just about the same during the last several years.

#### II. Government Price Support Operations

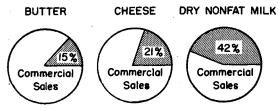
Since 1952 the supply of milk and milk products has exceeded the effective demand at the prevailing prices. The "surplus" of milkfat has varied between four and eight per cent of total production. The "surplus" of nonfat solids has been considerably more. Prices have been supported by government purchases through the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) of storable dairy products, such as butter, cheddar cheese, and dry nonfat milk.

Δ	Government	nurchases	٥f	milk	products
Ma .	GO A GT TITITETT O	Darchases	OT	111777	DI OUUC US

GOVETIME	ent purchase UNI	TED STATE			MINNESOTA	· <del></del>	:Minn % of		
			urchases			urchases	:U. S. to		
Year	Production	Quantity	Percent of	Production		Percent of		CCC pur-	
	·		production			production			
	million	pounds	percent	million	pounds	percent	: ber	cent	
*				l e			•		
•			F	BUTTER			•		
1952	1,188	16	ı	247.7	3.2	1	: 21	20	
1953	1,412	359	25	267.7	80.9	30	: 19	23	
1954	9بلار 1	325 1/	22	272.1	68.9	25	: 19	21	
1955	1 <b>,3</b> 83	162	12	281.2	39.4	14	: 20	24	
1956	1,410	165	12	306.1	48.4	16	: 22	29	
1957	1,422	174	12	317.0			: 22		
1958 2/	358	81	23	Į			:		
Total to		7 007	٦ -				:		
date	8,622	1,281	15	ll		· ·	•		
		•	CHEDI	AR CHEESE					
1952	851	3	0	47.4	1.0	2	: 6	33	
1953	1,022	291	28	63.5	36.7	58	: 6	13	
1954	045 م	361 <u>1</u> /	<b>3</b> 5	63.3	31.7	50	: 6	9	
1955	1,005	150	15	53.3	18.8	35	: 5 : 5	13	
1956	994	188	19	48.3	7.6	16	: 5	4	
1957	1,023	5ĦS	24 26	47.2			: 5		
1958 2/	214	55							
Total to	o 6,154	1,290	21				•		
ua v <del>o</del>	0,104	1,270	2.1						
			DRY NO	NFAT MILK					
1952	863	51	6	187.7	29.2	16	: 22	57	
1953	1,214	587	48	246.6	164.3	67	: 20	<b>2</b> 8	
1954	1,402	651	46	268.3	194.9	7 <b>3</b>	: 19	30 35	
1955	1,404	<b>5</b> 56	710	303.4	193.7	64 74	: 22 : 25	<i>3</i> 5 38	
1956	1,545	754	, ), <u> </u>	382.6	283.8	74	• 45	50	
19 <b>5</b> 7 19 <b>5</b> 8 <u>2</u> /	1 <b>,</b> 693 438	765 <u>3</u> / 2 <b>3</b> 8	51 45 54				•		
Total to		۰ ۲					:		
date	8,559	3,602	42				:		
44.00	~,///	J	- <b></b>				:		

I/ Includes 5,137,000 pounds of butter and 83,083,000 pounds of cheese purchased in March for resale in April.

Note: CCC purchases of butter, cheese, and dry nonfat milk constituted a smaller percent of total production in 1955 than in the two earlier years. However, there has been a slight increase in government purchases since 1955, both in volume of products purchased and in percent of total production.



GOV'T PURCHASES OF DAIRY PRODUCTS

JAN. 1, 1952-MAR. 31, 1958

<sup>2/</sup> January 1 - March 31, 1958

Does not include 50.9 million pounds of dry nonfat milk purchased directly with Section 32 funds.

Uncommitted supply at

B. Disposal of milk products purchased under the price support program

CCC

Year	purchases	Disposal during the year.	the end	of year.
-beginning	during	Domestic Foreign: Total	Quantity	Percent of
April 1	the year	8		year's purchases
		million pounds		
7070	-1	BUTTER		•
1952	143.5	20.9	122.6	85
1953	380.1 <u>1</u> /	90.9 45.8 : 136.7	366.0	96
1954	210.5	169.3 1/170.5 : 339.8	236.7	112
1955	177.6	150.6 263.7 : 414.3	0.0	0
1956	154.4	100.5 31.6 : 132.1	22.3	114
1957	215.3	152 <b>.</b> 3 21.3 : 173.6	64.0	30
Total to	7 007 1 7/	(0) d doo		
date	1,281.4 1/	684.5 532.9 :1,217.4	•	
		CIEDDAD CIEDRO		
3000	7ť O	CHEDDAR CHEESE	-1	
1952	75.2	1.1	74.1	99
1953	456.0 <u>1</u> /	31.7 22.6 : 54.3	475.8	106
1954	153.4	209.8 1/ 90.8 : 300.6	328.6	21/1
1955	157.4	92.5 165.3 : 257.8	228.2	145
1956	197.2	120.3 169.2 : 289.5	135.9	69
1957	250.8	102.2 169.2 271.4	115.3	46
Total to	7 200 0	ללק ( (פוס בי פוס או		
date	1,290.0	557.6 617.1 :1,174.7		
		DRY NONFAT MILK		
1952	210.4	20.5 47.4 : 67.9	142.5	80
1953	665.9	11.8 199.0 : 210.8	597.6	90
1954	523.2	659.6 374.2 :1,033.8	87.0	16
1955	623.8	106.2 558.1 664.3	46.5	7
1956	798.5	190.8 597.2 : 788.0	57.0	5
1957	780.2 2/	64.8 686.0 : 750.8	86.4	ıí
Total to		17000	~~ <b>~</b>	. <del></del>
date	3,602.0	1,053.7 2,461.9 :3,515.6		
	- •	,		

<sup>1/</sup> Includes 5,137,000 pounds of butter and 83,083,000 pounds of cheese purchased in March for resale in April.

Note: 1. The major portion of the 1954 CCC supply of dry nonfat milk was moved into animal feed channels.

2. The disposal of cheese did not keep pace with the purchase under the price support program in the earlier years. The uncommitted supplies at the end of 1954 and 1955 amounted to over one-fifth of a year's production of cheese. Then, in 1954, 1955, 1956, and 1957 disposals exceeded purchases.

<sup>2/</sup> Does not include 50.9 million pounds of dry nonfat milk purchased directly with Section 32 funds.

C. Donations - A substantial proportion of CCC supplies was given away

Year	Total	Total donations	Percent do	nations v	vere
beginning	CCC	(domestic and	of total C	CC dispos	sal
April 1	disposal	foreign)	Domestic	Foreign	n : Total
	.million	pounds.	• • p e r	cent	0 0 0 0
		BUTTER			
1952	<b>2</b> 0.9	0.0	0	0	<b>8</b> O
<b>1</b> 95 <b>3</b>	136.7	45 <b>.</b> 8	0	34	s 34
1954	339.8	246.7	33	40	s 73
<b>1</b> 955	414.3	327 <b>.</b> 5	29	50	s <b>7</b> 9
1956	132.1	69.6	51	2	<b>8</b> 53
1957	<u> 173.6</u>	113.0	29 51 65 33	0	\$ 53 <b>\$</b> 65 \$ 66
Total to date	1,217.4	802.6	33	33	8 <b>5</b> 5
	•	CHEDDAR CHEESE			
1952	1.1	0.0	1 0	0	<b>8</b> O
1953	54.3	22.1	0	41	8 41
1954	<b>3</b> 00 <b>.</b> 6	171.3	28	<b>2</b> 9	s 57
1955	257.8	221.2	34	52	s 86
1956	289•5	241.0	40 35 32	43	<b>83</b>
1957	271.4	247.2	35	<u>56</u> 45	91 77
Total to date	1,174.7	902.8	32	45	s 77
	D	RY NONFAT MILK			
1952	67.9	0.0	1 0	0	8 O
1953	210.8	90.9	0	43	e 43
1954	1,033.8	332.1	7	25	s 32
1955	664.3	457 <b>.</b> 1	13	56	s 69
1956	778 <b>.</b> 0	558 <b>.</b> 0	13 17 5 9	55	s <b>72</b>
1957	750.8	<i>5</i> 47.4	5	68 47	8 <u>73</u> 8 <b>5</b> 6
Total to date	3,515.6	1,985.5	9	47	s 36
			1		

- Note: 1. The amounts listed in the table above only "total give away."

  Other CCC supplies were sold under the "two price plan" at a price to foreign buyers considerably below the government support prices.
  - 2. About two-thirds of the butter, four-fifths of the cheese, and over one-half of the dry nonfat milk which was disposed of by CCC during the period of 1952-57 was donated to domestic and foreign groups.

D. Dry nonfat milk for animal feed

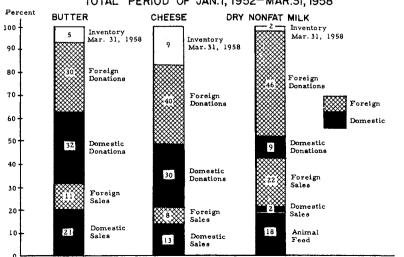
Year beginning	Domest	ic disposal	Percent of total for		
April 1	Total	For animal feed	domestic animal feed		
	mill	ion pounds	percent		
1952	20.5	5,2	25		
1953	11.8	2.1	18		
1954	659.6	581.4	88		
1955	106.2	18.4	17		
1956	109.8	20.1	11		
1957	64.8	27.6	43		
Total to date	1,053.7	654.8	<u>43</u> 62		
A Committee of the Comm	•				

Note: Almost two-thirds of all the CCC dry nonfat milk which was disposed of domestically from 1952 to date went into animal feed.

Disposal of milk products purchased by CCC during the total period of Jan. 1, 1952-March 1, 1958

			•		SPOSAL			:Inven-		
Tota		1	:Resale in		•		:Sales for	:tory		
prod	duction	purchases	:market ch		Donatio		animal	:March 31		
		<u> </u>	:Domestic	:Foreign :	Domestic	:Foreign	:feed	:1958		
			BUT							
Jan. 1, 1952-	• • • •	m i	llion	poun	ds	• • • •	• • • • •	• • •		
March 31, 1958	8,622.0	1,281.4	: 271.9 <u>1</u>	/ 142.9	412.6	390.0	0.0	64.0		
Percent of			:							
total CCC purchases		100.0	: 21.2	11.2	32.3	30.1	0.0	4.9		
Percent of		7	- :							
total prod.	100.0	14.9	: 3.2	1.7	4.8	4.5	0.0	0.7		
CHEDDAR CHEESE										
		mi		poun	ds					
Jan. 1, 1952-		1	:	,						
March 31, 1958 Percent of	6,154.0	1,290.0	: 172.5 <sup>1</sup>	99.4	384.9	517.9	0.0	115.3		
total CCC			• •							
purchases		100.0	: 1 <b>3.</b> 3	7.7	29.9	40.	2 0.0	8.9		
Percent of	700.0	07.0			( )					
total prod.	100.0	21.0	: 2.8	1.6	6.3	0.	4 0.0	1.9		
			DRY NONFA	r milk						
* 3 3050		m i	llion	poun	ds					
Jan. 1, 1952- March 31, 1958	8 550 0	3,602.0	: 71.7	803.6	327.2	1 658 3	6 <b>5)</b> , 8	86.4		
Percent of	0,000	7,002.0	. 1701	000.0	26106	1,000,0	054.0	00.4		
total CCC			:							
ourchases Percent of		100.0	<u> </u>	22.3_	<u> </u>	<u>46.0</u>	18.2	2.4_		
total prod.	100.0	42.1	: 0.8	با.9	3.8	19-և	7.7	1.0		
1/ Includes 5,1										
1954 for res					_		-	•		

DISPOSAL OF MILK PRODUCTS BY CCC FOR THE TOTAL PERIOD OF JAN.I, 1952-MAR.3I, 1958



Note: 1.

This table gives a complete summary of the disposal of dairy products purchased by CCC from 1952 through March 31, 1958.

Resale in market channels has amounted to about 1/3 of total CCC purchases of butter and less than 1/4 of total CCC purchases of cheese, and dry nonfat milk even when a large part of the supplies were sold under the "two price plan".

### III. Competition of Milkfat and Vegetable Oils

A. Butter and margarine - consumption and prices

Per c	apita cor	sumption - 1					
Butter	Marga- rine	Butter and marga- rine	butter and	Butter	Marga- rine	nacio di	
• • •	pound	is	•	c	ents :		
17.7	2.4	20.1	7.38	55.5	<b>2</b> 8.6 .	1.94	
17.0	2.9	19.9	5.86	36.7	18.1 •	2.03	
10.6	4.9	: 15.5	2.16	72.3	33.1 :	2.18	
9.3	7.4	16.7	1.26	78.3	31.2	2.51	
8.5*	8.1	: 16.6	1.05	79.0	29.4	2.69	
8.9*	8.5	17.4	1.05	72.4	29.9	2.42	
9.0*	8.1	• 17.1	1.11	70.9	28.9	2.45	
8.7*	8.2	: 16.9	1.06	72.1	28.9	2.49	
8.5*	8.6	17.1	0.99	74.3	29.9 .	2.48	
	17.7 17.0 10.6 9.3 8.5* 8.9* 9.0* 8.7*	Butter Marga- rine  17.7 2.4 17.0 2.9 10.6 4.9 9.3 7.4  8.5* 8.1 8.9* 8.5 9.0* 8.1 8.7* 8.2	Butter Marga- Butter rine and marga-rine  17.7 2.4 20.1 17.0 2.9 19.9 10.6 4.9 15.5 9.3 7.4 16.7  8.5* 8.1 16.6 8.9* 8.5 17.4 9.0* 8.1 17.1 8.7* 8.2 16.9	rine and marga- margarine consumption  17.7 2.4 20.1 7.38  17.0 2.9 19.9 5.86  10.6 4.9 15.5 2.16  9.3 7.4 16.7 1.26  8.5* 8.1 16.6 1.05  8.9* 8.5 17.4 1.05  9.0* 8.1 17.1 1.11  8.7* 8.2 16.9 1.06	Butter Marga- Butter butter and rine and marga- consumption  17.7 2.4 20.1 7.38 55.5 17.0 2.9 19.9 5.86 36.7 10.6 4.9 15.5 2.16 72.3 9.3 7.4 16.7 1.26 78.3  8.5* 8.1 16.6 1.05 79.0 8.9* 8.5 17.4 1.05 72.4 9.0* 8.1 17.1 1.11 70.9 8.7* 8.2 16.9 1.06 72.1	Butter Marga- Butter butter and rine and marga- consumption consumption  17.7 2.4 20.1 7.38 55.5 28.6 17.0 2.9 19.9 5.86 36.7 18.1 10.6 4.9 15.5 2.16 72.3 33.1 9.3 7.4 16.7 1.26 78.3 31.2  8.5* 8.1 16.6 1.05 79.0 29.4 8.9 8.5 17.4 1.05 72.4 29.9 9.0* 8.1 17.1 1.11 70.9 28.9 8.7* 8.2 16.9 1.06 72.1 28.9	

\* When domestic donations are excluded, the totals in 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, and 1957 were 8.2, 8.3, 8.3, 8.0, and 8.1 pounds respectively.

# AVERAGE RETAIL PRICE U.S. 1957

74.3 ¢/lb.



29.9¢/lb.



**Butter** 

Margarine

- Note: 1. The milkfat problem is largely the result of changes in the pattern of fat consumption. The total per capita consumption of butter and margarine has remained fairly constant over a considerable period of time, however, the proportion of margarine consumed has increased.
  - 2. The per capita consumption of margarine is now slightly greater than butter.
  - 3. In the earlier years the ratio of butter and margarine prices was very close to 2 to 1. In the early 50's the ratio started rising, and reached an all time high in 1952. In 1953, butter consumption dropped

to an all time low. There was a drop in the price ratio from 1953 to 1954 and 1955, and a slight increase in the consumption of butter, even when the government sales at reduced prices and donations to public institutions are excluded. In 1956 there was a slight increase in the ratio of butter and margarine prices and a corresponding decrease in the ratio of butter and margarine consumption.

B. Composition of margarine - U. S. Production

Year	Animal fat	:	Foreign oil (mostly coconut)	Cottonseed oil	Soybean oil	Other	9	Total of all fats and oils
1925-29 1930-34 1935-39 1940-44 1945-49 1950-54	34.1 17.2 7.2 8.7 2.0 1.5	***	52.9 68.4 39.0 5.0 1.5 0.3	perce 11.1 12.3 41.0 47.8 55.0 37.0	0.2 11.4 35.7 38.7	1.8 1.8 1.4 2.8 2.8 2.5	• 40 00 00 00 00 40	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
1955 1956 1957	2.0 3.3 2.6	9	0.6 0.7 0.4	25.9 25.4 20.2	69.3 67.8 74.4	2.2 2.8 2.4	<b>9</b> 0 đó 00 <b>9</b> 0	100.0 100.0 100.0

- Note: 1. Nearly all of the fat and oil now used in margarine comes from domestic sources and 97 percent comes from vegetable oils
  - 2. Margarine did not contain any soybean oil in the early period of 1925-29. In 1956 over two-thirds of the total ingredients in margarine was soybean oil. The mid-west states have become the main sources of supply for the production of margarine.

C. Soybean production - U. S. and Minnesota

	United		: Percent of : U. S. total				Index of production (1945-49 = 100)	
Year	States	Minnesota	_	roduced in innesota	:	United States	Minnesota	
	millio	on bushels	·····	percent				
1935-39 av.	56.1	0.2	•	0.4	•	27	2	
1940-44 av.	151.0	2.6	8	1.7	•	72	21	
1945-49 av.	208.9	12.3	8	5.9	•	100	100	
1950-54 av.	298.0	25.7	8	8.6	•	143	209	
•			•		•			
1955	373.5	43.9	8	11.8	•	179	357	
1956	455.9	52.5	8	11.5	8	218	427	
1957	480.0	56.0	8	11.7	•	230	455	

- Note: 1. There has been a substantial increase in the production of soybeans in the United States and especially in the middle west since the early 40's. U. S. production in 1957 was 130 percent higher than the average annual production during 1945-49. For the same period, Minnesota had an increase of 355 percent in soybean production.
  - 2. Illinois is the top ranking state in soybean production followed by Iowa, Minnesota, Indiana, Missouri, and Ohio.
  - 3. The percent of the total United States supply of soybeans produced in Minnesota has increased substantially. During the last few years it has been over 11 percent of total U.S. production.

Ratio of

### D. Soybean oil and milkfat production - U. S. and Minnesota

Year	Milk production	Milkfat production	Soybean oil production		oybean oil o milkfat	Ź
		NITED STATES				
1935-39 av. 1940-44 av. 1945-49 av. 1950-54 av.	103,656 115,415 116,623 117,654	4,094 4,585 4,631 4,595	617 1,661 2,298 3,278	00 00 00	.15 .36 .50 .71	
1955 1956 1957	123,128 125,474 126,381	ц,742 4,823 4,840	4,108 5, <b>0</b> 15 5,280	00 00 00	.87 1.04 1.09	
1935-39 av. 1940-44 av. 1945-49 av. 1950-54 av.	7,822 8,685 8,402 8,260	MINNESOTA 293 313 303 295	2 29 135 283	<b>9</b>	.01 .09 .44 .96	
1955 1956 1957	8,833 9,376 9,500	314 333 337	483 578 616	00 00 00	1.54 1.74 1.83	

- Note: 1. The total production of soybean oil was calculated at a rate of 11 pounds of oil per bushel of beans.
  - 2. During 1935-39 about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  pounds of soybean oil was produced in the United States for each 10 pounds of milkfat. In 1957 it was over 10 pounds of soybean oil for each 10 pounds of milkfat.
  - 3. During 1935-39 less than 1 pound of soybean oil was produced in Minnesota for each 10 pounds of milkfat. In 1957 it was over 18 pounds of soybean oil for each 10 pounds of milkfat.
  - 4. A large percent of the total supply of soybean oil is used in food products. Because soybean production has increased greatly, Minnesota now moves a large volume of soybean oil into food channels.