# Missouri Crop Performance

1979



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# MISSOURI CROP PERFORMANCE

COTTON

1979

This report is a contribution of the Department of Agronomy, University of Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station, which reports on Research Project 363. The work was supported in part by funds from the Missouri Seed Improvement Association and fees from the companies submitting varieties for evaluation.

Cotton variety tests became part of the University of Missouri's crop performance testing program in 1978. These tests are conducted to provide a reliable, unbiased, up-to-date source of information which will permit valid comparisons among the varieties evaluated.

### COMPARING VARIETIES

In each trial, the "top yielding varieties" have been identified. These varieties are those which did not yield significantly less than the highest yielding variety in the test. They are denoted in the tables by an asterisk (\*) next to their yields. Thus, by going down a column, the highest yielding varieties in a trial can be readily identified. By going across, the relative performance of a variety during several years or at several locations can be evaluated. From the standpoint of yield, the most desirable varieties will be those which are among the "top yielding" varieties (that is, have an asterisk) the greatest number of times.

Although yield usually receives first consideration, other agronomic characteristics may be equally important when selecting a cotton variety. For southeastern Missouri, maturity, seedling vigor, and reaction to diseases are among the additional characteristics which deserve careful consideration. Late maturing varieties can be injured by early fall frost, particularly when planting is delayed. High seed viability and good seedling vigor help insure uniform and adequate stands under occasionally adverse conditions. Several prevalent diseases can markedly reduce final yield of susceptible varieties. Thus, all the information presented in this report should be considered when selecting a variety.

The Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station does not make specific recommendations for varieties. It is suggested that the farmers growing a new variety for the first time consider the information contained in this report and then grow a small acreage to determine adaptability. This should be the practice for all new varieties regardless of origin.

#### EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

Five locations were selected to represent the soil diversity in the cotton growing area of southeastern Missouri. These locations were the Robert Matthews farm near Sikeston (sandy loam soil), the University of Missouri's Rhodes farm near Clarkton (sandy soil), the E. B. Gee, Jr. farm near Frailey and the Delta Research Center near Portageville (clay and sand loam soils, respectively), and the David Andrews farm near Senath (loam soil). The Clarkton test was on a site heavily infested with fusarium wilt. Locations of the sites are shown on Figure 1.

#### Entries

All producers of cotton seed were eligible to enter varieties in the 1979 evaluation plots. Participation was voluntary and no control was exercised by the program over which, or how many varieties were entered. However, to help finance the evaluation program, a fee of forty dollars per location was charged for each entry entered by the seed producer. A total of 15 cotton varieties were compared in 1979.

## Field Plot Design

Individual entries were planted in four-row plots with four replications. Arrangement of plots within the field followed a lattice design. Each plot had a row length of 40 feet and a between-row spacing of 38 inches. The two center rows were used for all yield and quality information.

## Plot Management

The tests were planted and harvested with commercial equipment. On University properties, rate of fertilizer application was equal to, or above, that recommended by the University of Missouri's Soil Testing Laboratory. On farmer fields, fertilizer application was at the discretion of the farm operator. Treflan and Cotoran were used for weed control at all locations. Additionally, at all sites hand weeding was done as required. Planting rate was 6 seeds per foot of row on sand and loam and 8 seeds per foot of row on clay. Dates of planting and harvest are given in the headings of the individual tables.

## Data Recorded

Seedling vigor notes were taken soon after emergence to give a relative indication of survival capabilities of the young plants. Seedling vigor was rated on a scale of 1 to 5 with 1 indicative of high vigor and 5 indicative or low vigor. The total number of plants in the center two rows of each plot were counted and converted to number of plants per acre. Date of flowering was recorded and the number of days from planting to flowering calculated to give a relative measure of maturity. At maturity, height, lodging, and yield were measured. Height was taken as the average distance in inches from the soil surface to the top of the plant. Lodging, which gives the degree of erectness, was scored on a scale of 1 to 5 with 1 indicating that all plants were erect (no lodging) and 5 indicating that 80 percent, or more, of the plants were lodged. Yield was measured in total pounds of lint per acre. This value was calculated by multiplying the gin percentage (lint percentage) by the total seed cotton yield. Fiber quality characteristics were determined for each variety utilizing lint cotton samples from two replications at each test location. These characteristics and their importance are described below. Their values were determined by the Starlab, Inc., Knoxville, Tennessee.

A. Micronaire: The micronaire test provides a combined measure of maturity and fineness of cotton fibers. Fiber maturity is a relative measure of the cell-wall development throughout the entire length of the cotton fiber. Immature fibers result in decreased rates of processing, dyeing problems, and the production of yarns and fabrics with low appearance grade. Fineness is a relative measure of either the diameter of individual cotton fibers or the weight per unit length. Fine cottons produce stronger yarns but require a reduced rate of processing.

In the test, air is passed through a compressed sample of cotton fiber. The rate of flow through

the sample follows a relationship between diameter or thickness of the textile fibers and the air resistance they provide. Finer fibers result in greater resistance and, therefore, a lesser air flow. Values recorded can be interpreted as follows:

- 4.9 and above = coarse fibers
  3.5 to 4.8 = premium range
  3.4 and below = fine and often immature
- B. Length: Long-fibered cottons are desirable because fiber length relates positively to yarn strength, spinning of finer yearns, and high speed processing. The 2.5 percent span length measures the length in inches spanned by 2.5 percent of the fibers. The 50 percent span length is another measurement of fiber quality. This measures the length in inches spanned by 50 percent of the fiber.
- C. Elongation: Cottons having high fiber elongation values have less end breakage during the weaving process than those with low values. The elongation figure is expressed in percent elongation at the breaking point. The following designations will aid in the interpretation of the elongation values.

Descriptive	Fiber
Designation	Elongation
	Percent
Very low	5.3 and below
Low	5.4 - 6.2
Average	6.3 - 7.1
High	7.2 - 8.0
Very high	8.1 and above

D. Strength: Yarn Strength and ease of manufacturing are correlated positively with strong-fibered cottons. The following chart categorizes strength readings and aids in the interpretation of strength values.

Strength	1/8-inch
Rating	Gauge
	grams/tex
Very high	Above 24.9
High	23.0 - 24.9
Average	21.0 - 22.9
Low	19.0 - 20.9
Very low	Below 19.0

Fifteen cotton varieties were evaluated at 5 locations in south-eastern Missouri during 1979. The trial locations were selected to represent the soil diversity in the cotton growing area of the state. Performance of the crop varied markedly from location-to-location. Yield of lint cotton averaged 675 pounds per acre but ranged from 320 pounds per acre at Frailey to 1035 pounds per acre at Senath. Yet, several varieties could be classified as "top" yielders with relative consistency (see Table 1). Conditions at each location are briefly described below. Results from each individual test are summarized in the tables which follow.

Sikeston The soil at this location was a sandy loam. Rainfall was adequate throughout the season and insect populations were minimal. Total lint yield, (Table 1), ranged from 651 to 1030 pounds per acre with an average of 874. The lowest yielding entries in this test were those with poor stand establishment and low seedling vigor.

Clarkton This test was on a fusarium wilt infested sandy soil. Stand establishment averaged 58 percent but was as low as 26 percent for one variety (Table 3). Growth was poor and the generally unfavorable environment limited expression of yield potential. The "best" variety out yielded the "poorest" by only 158 pounds per acre. Total lint yield averaged 350 pounds per acre.

Frailey This test was on a clay soil. Late planting (May 30) followed by lack of moisture limited growth. Mature plant height averaged only 22 inches and total lint yield averaged only 318 pounds per acre (Table 5). A number of varieties with good overall performance in the testing program yielded poorly at this location. A contributing factor was incomplete maturity of some varieties at the date of first frost.

Portageville This test location was on a sandy loam soil resembling that at Sikeston. While average lint yields were slightly lower at Portageville than at Sikeston, general performance trends were similar at both locations.

Senath A loam soil was sampled by the Senath locations. Ample rainfall throughout the season combined with good fertility resulted in rapid vegetative growth. Total lint yield averaged 1036 pounds per acre with range among varieties of from 828 to 1274 pounds per acre. This was the only location requiring two pickings.

Overall, few insect or weed problems occurred during the season, however, replanting was required at Clarkton, Portageville, and Senath because of adverse weather conditions in early May. The results obtained, therefore, are indicative of yield potential in years with wet springs.

While conditions among tests varied markedly, several varieties ranked high in terms of yield at nearly all locations. The average lint yield of the highest yielding entries exceeded 750 pounds per acre. In selecting among these varieties, results from past years should be considered, if available.



FIGURE 1, COTTON TEST SITE LOCATIONS.

TABLE 1. YIELD PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR SIKESTON, MISSOURI IN 1979. PLANTED: 16 MAY 1979. HARVESTED: 6 NOVEMBER 1979.

	STAND	LOD- GING	VIGOR	HGT.	DAYS TO	LINT	TO: (LI	TAL LIN BS/ACRE	T ) 
BRAND/VARIETY	(PL/A)	(1-5)	(1-5)	(IN)	FLOWR	(%)	1979	1978	1977
MO63-277-1B COKER 315 COKER 304 DELTAPINE 7141 COKER 310 STONEVILLE 825 DELTAPINE 61 STONEVILLE 213 DELTAPINE 55 MO74-944 DELTAPINE 26 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 70 VAIL 7 BRYCOT 4	363 3647 3647 3697 3691 3692 3692 3698 3698 3698 3698 3698 3698 3698 3698	2.0 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.2 2.3	1.0 1.3 0.0 1.3 0.9 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.6 3.5 0	3780587886976709	69 69 71 70 71 771 771 771	8.3 8.3 9.6 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	1030** 1024* 1004* 1003* 989* 922 918 897 8887 766 743 737 717	779* 752 605 757 815* 826* 650 782* 663	 855#  878#  725 763 745  811# 
MEAN	32861	1.8	1.2	38	70	36.8	876	742	
LSD.05	4860	0.4	0.3	1	1	0.8	84	96	- <u>-</u> -
c.v. %	10.0	15.6	15.1	2.5	0.9	1.5	6.8	11.3	

<sup>--</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST USING A DUNCANS MULTIPLE RANGE TEST.

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TABLE 2. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR SIKESTON, MISSOURI IN 1979.

BRAND/VARIETY	MICRO-	STAPLE	LENGTH	ELONGATION	STRENGTH	
	NAIRE	(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)	
BRYCOT 4 COKER 304 COKER 315 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B M063-277-1B MO63-277-1B MO63-27	3.95 .95 .15 .15 .15 .15 .37 .37 .37 .38 .38 .38 .38 .38 .38 .38 .38	0.657975866699645	1.21 1.24 1.22 1.25 1.17 1.19 1.20 1.17 1.19 1.21	7.13 6.38 7.00 6.875 8.623 7.225 7.288 7.288 7.385 8.328 7.38	21.75 22.70 22.90 21.37 22.142 22.490 22.455 23.005 24.005 24.005 21.15	
MEAN	3.80	0.57	1.20	7.49	22.02	
LSD.05	0.27	0.02	0.03	0.78	1.05	
C.V. %	4.72	2.53	1.47	6.87	3.17	

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

TABLE 3. YIELD PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR CLARKTON, MISSOURI IN 1979.
PLANTED: 17 MAY 1979. HARVESTED: 7 NOVEMBER 1979.

	STAND	LOD- GING	VIGOR	HGT.	DAYS	LINT	TO:	TAL LIN	T ) 
BRAND/VARIETY	(PL/A)	(1-5)	(1-5)	(IN)	TO FLOWR	(%)	1979	1978	1977
DELCOT 277J M074-944 COKER 310 COKER 304 M063-277-1B DELTAPINE 7141 DELTAPINE 61 COKER 315 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 55 STONEVILLE 213 BRYCOT 4 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7	423664 536659 5279185 52794551 530495 555557 555557 555577 779	2.0 1.7 0.9 1.9 1.6 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.3	2.3 2.0 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.2	21 221 222 222 222 222 223 223 224	81 81 79 80 79 81 82 79 881 881 80	265722999663009 33769999 6776.8996799	437* 415* 380* 376* 3718 3331 3288 3317 2888 2775	644 810** 689 686  633 705  607 552  562	 996# 971#  792 894#  900# 809
MEAN	47677	1,.5	2.0	22	80	38.3	350	636	
LSD.05	3423	0.3	0.5	1	1	8.0	64	111	
c.v. %	5.1	15.0	17.2	4.0	0.9	1.5	13.1	15.2	

<sup>--</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>#</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST USING A DUNCANS MULTIPLE RANGE TEST.

TABLE 4. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR CLARKTON, MISSOURI IN 1979.

	MICRO-	STAPLE	LENGTH	ELONGATION	STRENGTH	
BRAND/VARIETY	NAIRE	(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)	
BRYCOT 4 COKER 304 COKER 310 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 MO63-277-1B MO74-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7	3.665 3.650 3.520 3.1250 3.1250 3.1250 3.1250 3.1255 3.135 3.135 3.135	0556 5556 555555555555555555555555555	1.10 1.16 1.21 1.19 1.18 1.14 1.15 1.16 1.10 1.16 1.11 1.13	5.50 6.13 6.538 8.13 7.75 7.13 8.00 7.25 6.538 8.57 7.00 6.13	20.22 23.45 22.10 22.90 22.55 21.455 21.557 23.52 23.52 23.10 21.17 20.62	
MEAN	3.38	0.55	1.15	7.03	22.17	
LSD.05	NS	0.03	0.04	0.74	1.33	
C.V. %	5.05	3.20	2.01	6.98	3.98	

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

TABLE 5. YIELD PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR FRAILEY, MISSOURI IN 1979.
PLANTED: 30 MAY 1979. HARVESTED: 21 NOVEMBER 1979.

	STAND	LOD- GING	VIGOR	HGT.	DAYS	LINT		TAL LIN BS/ACRE	
BRAND/VARIETY	(PL/A)	(1-5)	(1-5)	(IN)	TO FLOWR	(%)	1979	1978	1977
MO74-944 COKER 304 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 7141 COKER 315 MO63-277-1B BRYCOT 4 COKER 310 VAIL 7 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 70 STONEVILLE 825 DELTAPINE 61 STONEVILLE 213	60425 55360687 55360689 44815607 4415507 4415507 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737 54737	2.1 1.8 1.0 1.0 2.0 0.8 1.3 1.5 1.4	1.7 1.3 1.6 1.9 1.9 1.7 2.0 1.9 2.0 1.9	24 223 221 221 221 221 222 222 222 222 222	72 73 742 725 775 775 775 773 773	3066606751269671 441453894422199	493* 4992 3582 35547 3320 22432 2296 196	879* 739* 727*  6775* 687  478	410   526#  460 473#  522# 573#
MEAN	50376	1.5	1.9	22	74	41.8	320	695	
LSD.05	4555	0.2	0.3	2	2	1.0	64	238	
C.V. %	14.3	10.1	9.8	5.4	1.5	1.7	14.3	24.2	

<sup>--</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>#</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST USING A DUNCANS MULTIPLE RANGE TEST.

TABLE 6. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR FRAILEY, MISSOURI IN 1979.

	MICRO-	STAPLE	LENGTH	ELONGATION	STRENGTH	
BRAND/VARIETY		(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)	
BRYCOT 4 COKER 304 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B M074-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7	3.90 3.755 3.755 4.130 3.005 4.650 3.485 3.825 3.820 4.900	0.557 0.557 0.5555 0.5555 0.555555 0.555555 0.55555 0.55555 0.55555	1.17 1.24 1.22 1.23 1.21 1.16 1.19 1.19 1.16 1.20 1.21 1.13 1.15	7.00 6.25 6.75 6.25 8.850 7.50 7.50 7.58 7.88 7.00 7.25	20.30 22.87 21.85 21.67 22.25 21.55 20.32 21.72 21.40 22.75 23.72 21.02 21.17 20.15	
MEAN	3.88	0.52	1.19	7.13	21.65	
LSD.05	0.27	NS	0.03	0.64	0.89	
C.V. %	4.68	2.49	1.71	5.98	2.72	

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

TABLE 7. YIELD PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN ON THE DELTA RESEARCH CENTER NEAR PORTAGEVILLE, MISSOURI IN 1979. PLANTED: 16 MAY 1979. HARVESTED: 14 NOVEMBER 1979.

	STAND	LOD- GING	VIGOR	HGT.	DAYS	LINT	T 0 ( L	TAL LIN BS/ACRE	T )
BRAND/VARIETY	(PL/A)	(1-5)	(1-5)	(IN)	TO _FLOWR 	(%)	1979	1978	1977
MO63-277-1B COKER 315 STONEVILLE 825 DELTAPINE 7141 STONEVILLE 213 DELTAPINE 55 COKER 310 COKER 304 MO74-944 DELTAPINE 26 VAIL 7 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 BRYCO 4	46278 337633 29836 329836 329836 31698 31698 32463322 163322 163322 1161	2.0 15 15 15 13 15 15 15 15	1.80805338838533 1.222222222233	34973333344333433 3391079	734357744777777777777777777777777777777	50553055053535 906.077895.05355.0 34367789893.6.0 3855 3855 3855	923** 897* 8897* 8866* 818* 79735 77653 7711 629	  902 869 833 807 968 708 1024* 820 762	  954# 9835# 9722# -85#  922# 
MEAN	29853	1.7	2.4	38	74	38.0	792	737	
LSD.05	1583	0.9	1.0	4	1	3.4	175	142	
C.V. %	4.5	36.6	39.3	8.2	17.7	3.9	11.6	16.8	

<sup>--</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST USING A DUNCANS MULTIPLE RANGE TEST.

TABLE 8. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN ON THE DELTA RESEARCH CENTER NEAR PORTAGEVILLE, MISSOURI IN 1979.

BRAND/VARIETY  NAIRE  (50%)  (2.5%)  (%)  (G/TEX		MICRO-	STAPLE	LENGTH	ELONGATION	STRENGTH
COKER 304 COKER 310 COKER 310 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 MO63-277-1B MO63-277-1B MO63-277-1B MO74-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7  MEAN  4.06 0.58 1.19 7.50 22.41  MEAN 4.06 0.58 1.19 7.50 22.41  LSD.05 0.35 0.03 0.02 0.62 1.25	BRAND/VARIETY		(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)
LSD.05 0.35 0.03 0.02 0.62 1.25	COKER 304 COKER 310 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B M074-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825	4.25 1105 1175 1175 1175 1175 1175 1175 117	0.660 0.66655555555555555555555555555555	1.23 1.24 1.24 1.27 1.17 1.16 1.16 1.12 1.15 1.18	6.63 7.13 6.875 8.25 7.13 7.675 7.675 7.55	21.47 23.35 22.57 23.52 24.00 22.40 21.57 22.30 221.77 23.02 21.77 23.02 21.17 22.22
	MEAN	4.06	0.58	1.19	7.50	22.41
C.V. % 5.68 6.22 1.36 5.45 3.76	LSD.05	0.35	0.03	0.02	0.62	1.25
5.74	C.V. %	5.68	6.22	1.36	5.45	3.74

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

TABLE 9. YIELD PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR SENATH, MISSOURI IN 1979. PLANTED: 16 MAY 1979. HARVESTED: 25 OCTOBER AND 12 NOVEMBER 1979.

	STAND	LOD- GING	VIGOR	нст.	DAYS	LINT		TAL LIN BS/ACRE	
BRAND/VARIETY	(PL/A)	(1-5)	(1-5)	(IN)	TO FLOWR	(%)	1979	1978	1977
DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B COKER 315 COKER 304 STONEVILLE 825 STONEVILLE 213 COKER 310 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 55 DELCOT 277J M074-944 DELTAPINE 70 BRYCOT 4 DELTAPINE 26 VAIL 7	5569445 6255435 55988682 6255436 5020403090 62428053349 63682414 656849 656849 656849 656849	1.9 1.9 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	0.9 1.0 1.3 0.9 1.3 1.3 1.6 1.3	344772255675455	6655565766666676	8334447249993477 87666 8333447724993477	1274** 1217* 1151* 1099 1080 1079 1067 1032 1030 1024 1011 905 899 8428		
MEAN	57424	1.9	1.2	45	6 5	36.1	1035		
LSD.05	4260	0.4	0.3	3	1	1.2	128		
c.V. %	5.2	14.3	16.0	4.9	0.7	2.4	8.7		

<sup>--</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

TABLE 10. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN NEAR SENATH, MISSOURI IN 1979.

	MICRO-	STAPLE	LENGTH	ELONGATION	STRENGTH
BRAND/VARIETY	NAIRE	(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)
BRYCOT 4 COKER 304 COKER 315 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B M074-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7	3.35 3.30 3.50 3.50 3.80 2.720 2.720 2.885 3.20 3.90	0.5586 00.5555555588746 00.55555555555555555555555555555555555	1.19 1.25 1.224 1.226 1.22 1.16 1.22 1.21 1.17 1.23 1.18 1.18	7.13 7.635 7.238 7.238 8.255 8.275 9.688 7.750 8.688 7.53 8.855	19.85 21.80 21.97 21.97 22.07 22.07 20.72 21.37 20.10 21.45 21.05 21.20 21.20 21.45
MEAN	3.09	0.57	1.20	7.88	21.23
LSD.05	NS	NS	0.04	NS	0.74
C.V. %	7.79	3.49	1.97	9.58	2.31

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

TABLE 11. SUMMARY PERFORMANCE OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN AT FIVE MISSOURI LOCATIONS IN 1979.

	LOCATIONS-1979					
BRAND/VARIETY	SIKESTON	CLARKTON	FRAILEY	PRTGVLLE	SENATH	MEAN
	POUNDS/ACRE					
MO63-277-1B DELTAPINE 7141 COKER 304 COKER 315 COKER 310 MO74-944 STONEVILLE 825 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 55 STONEVILLE 213 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 26 VAIL 7 DELTAPINE 70 BRYCOT 4	1030** 1004* 1004* 1024* 989* 8447 922 743 888 897 918 766 717 737	380* 3784* 3784* 3385 4177* 427337 43278 33775 388 3775 388	3478 4783 * 4592 * * 352937 29566 22420 3237 29668	880* 793* 898* 801	1274** 1099 1151* 1067 1011 1080 1024	
MEAN	876	350	320	792	1035	675
LSD.05	84	64	64	175	128	47
C.V. %	6.8	13.1	14.3	11.6	8.7	10.9

<sup>\*\*</sup> HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

<sup>\*</sup> VARIETY WHICH DID NOT YIELD SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THE HIGHEST YIELDING VARIETY IN THE TEST.

TABLE 12. SUMMARY OF FIBER CHARACTERISTICS OF COTTON VARIETIES GROWN AT FIVE MISSOURI LOCATIONS IN 1979.

	MICDO-	STAPLE LENGTH		ELONGATION	STRENGTH
BRAND/VARIETY	MICRO- NAIRE	(50%)	(2.5%)	(%)	(G/TEX)
BRYCO 4 COKER 304 COKER 310 COKER 315 DELCOT 277J DELTAPINE 26 DELTAPINE 55 DELTAPINE 61 DELTAPINE 70 DELTAPINE 7141 M063-277-1B M074-944 STONEVILLE 213 STONEVILLE 825 VAIL 7	3.56 3.79 3.834 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.77 3.85 3.77 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.85	558799965756885554 05555555555555555555555555555555	1.16 1.23 1.23 1.22 1.16 1.20 1.19 1.15 1.18 1.21 1.16 1.16	6.70 6.60 6.975 8.38 7.882 7.452 7.030 7.99 7.99 7.95	20.72 22.83 22.28 22.54 21.87 21.02 21.23 22.46 223.18 23.39 21.11 20.62
MEAN	3.65	0.56	1.18	7.42	21.83
LSD.05	0.12	0.01	0.01	0.34	0.45
C.V. %	5.56	3.00	1.72	7.21	3.26

NS OBSERVED DIFFERENCES FOR A GIVEN CHARACTERISTIC ARE NOT SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL.

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	BRAND	VARIETY	SEED SOURCE
	BRYCO	BRYCOT 4, VAIL 7	BRYCO, P.O. BOX C, LEACHVILLE, AR 72438
	COKER	304, 310, 315	COKER PEDIGREE SEED CO., HARTS-VILLE, SC 29550
	DELTAPINE	26, 55, 61, 70, 7141	DELTAPINE LAND CO.,SCOTT, MS 38772
s	STONEVILLE	213, 285	STONEVILLE PEDIGREED SEED CO., STONEVILLE, MS 38776
>		DELCOT 277J, MO74-944, MO63-277-1B	ENTERED BY STATE RESEARCH STAT- IONS AND CENTERS