Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Study



The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Landscape Study Final Report: Jackson County, Missouri

Dean Olson¹, Charles Greenwood², Judith Carta², Jenny Brandt¹,
Gabriela Guerrero²,
Paula Neth¹, and
Wayne Mayfield³

Submitted by
The Family Conservancy¹
and
The Juniper Gardens Children's Project²
At the Children's Campus of Kansas City
444 Minnesota Avenue
Kansas City, KS 66210
and
the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis³
University of Missouri-Columbia
October 1, 2015

For the Family Conservancy

Dean Olson Paula Neth Jenny Brandt Janelle Balarashti

For the Juniper Gardens Children's Project

Charles R. Greenwood, PhD Judith J. Carta, PhD Gabriela Guerrero, PhD Christine Muehe Shye Reynolds Jenne Bryant

For the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis

Wayne A. Mayfield, PhD Ashley Nagel

Acknowledgements

A debt of gratitude is owed the early care and learning programs in Jackson County, MO, that contributed their time to completing a survey so that the larger Kansas City community can understand the strengths, needs, and contributions of these programs. We also acknowledge the contribution made to the improvement of these programs in Kansas City by the investment made in this project by the Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative.

CONTENTS

	Page
Executive Summary	7
Introduction	11
Purpose	12
Research Questions	12
Method	13
Data Analysis Plan	18
Results	22
Child Characteristics	22
Program Characteristics	26
Staff Characteristics	64
Summary	80
References	86
Appendix A - Means and Crosstab Tables	87
Appendix B - Surveys	134

LIST OF FIGURES AND TABLES

	PAGE
INTRODUCTION	
Figure 1. Comparison of Program Types on Select Indicators	8
Figure 2. Recruiting Announcement Card	16
Figure 3. Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study Home Page	17
Figure 4. Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies by Program Type	20
Figure 5. Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type	20
RESULTS - CHILD CHARACTERISTICS	
Figure 6. Age of Children Served by Program Type	22
Figure 7. Child Gender by Program Type	22
Figure 8. Child Race/Ethnicity by Program Type	23
Figure 9. Minority Children Served by Program Type	23
Figure 10. English Language Learners (ELL) by Program Type	24
Figure 11. Children Receiving Special Services by Program Type	24
Figure 12. Minority Children Served by Program Type and Accreditation Status	25
Figure 13. Minority Children Served by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	25
RESULTS - PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS	
Figure 14. Number of Programs by Program Type and Accreditation Status	26
Figures 15-16. Distribution of Center- and Home-Bases Programs in Jackson County by ZIP code and School District	27
Figure 17. Proportion of Children on Subsidies by Program Type and Accreditation Status	28
Figure 18. Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type and Accreditation Status	29
Figure 19. Children Receiving Special Services by Program Type and Accreditation Status	29
Figure 20. Child Attrition by Program Type and Accreditation Status	35
Figure 21. Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	35
Figure 22. Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	36
Figure 23. Facilities and Services Provided by Program Type and Accreditation Status	37
Figure 24. Before- and/or After-School Programs by Program Type and Proportion of	38
Children Receiving Subsidies	100
Figure 25. Facilities and Services Provided by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Serv	
Figure 26. Transportation Provided by Program Type and Accreditation Status	40
Figure 27. Transportation Provided by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	40
Figure 28. Transportation Provided by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	41
Figure 29. Use of a Curriculum by Program Type and Accreditation Status	41
Figure 30. Use of a Curriculum by Program Type and Proportion of Children on Subsidies	42
Figure 31. Use of a Curriculum by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	42
Figure 32. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Accreditation Status	43
Figure 33. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	43
Figure 34. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	44

	PAGE
Figure 35. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Accreditation Status	45
Figure 36. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	45
Figure 37. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	45
Figure 38. Program Assessment by Program Type and Accreditation Status	46
Figure 39. Program Assessment by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	46
Figure 40. Program Assessment by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	47
Figure 41. Whether Program Has a Website by Program Type and Accreditation Status	47
Figure 42. Staff Access to Computers and the Internet by Program Type and Accreditation Status	48
Figure 43. Program Communicated with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Accreditation Status	50
Figure 44. Program Communicated with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	50
Figure 45. Program Communicated with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	51
Figure 46. Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood Schools by Program Type and Accreditation Status	51
Figure 47. Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood Schools by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	52
Figure 48. Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood Schools by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	52
Figure 49. Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Accreditation Status	53
Figure 50. Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	54
Figure 51. Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	55
Figure 52. Top Three Reasons Cited for Program Improvement Overall	56
Figure 53. Top Three Reasons for Program Decline Overall	56
Figure 54. Type of Financial Assistance Received by Program Type and Accreditation Status	62
RESULTS - STAFF CHARACTERISTICS	
Figure 55. Staff Age by Program Type	64
Figure 56. Staff Gender by Program Type	64
Figure 57. Staff Race/Ethnicity by Program Type	65
Figure 58. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Accreditation Status	66
Figure 59. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	67
Figure 60. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	68
Figure 61. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Accreditation Status	69
Figure 62. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	70

	PAGE
Figure 63. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	71
Figure 64. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Accreditation Status	72
Figure 65. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	72
Figure 66. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	73
Figure 67. Teacher Health Care Benefits by Program Type and Accreditation Status	76
Figure 68. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Accreditation Status	77
Figure 69. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	77
Figure 70. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	78
TABLES	
Table 1. Survey Return Rate	14
Table 2. Group/Class Size by Program Type, Child Age, and Accreditation Status	30
Table 3. Group/Class Size by Program Type, Child Age, and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	31
Table 4, Group/Class Size by Program Type, Child Age, and Proportion of Minority Children Served	32
Table 5. Child to Adult Ratio by Program Type and Accreditation Status	33
Table 6. Child to Adult Ratio by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	34
Table 7. Child to Adult Ratio by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	34
Table 8. School District Children Will Attend After Graduation From Pre-K by Program Type and Accreditation Status	49
Table 9. Top Reasons Cited for Wanting to Expand Program (Centers and Homes)	57
Table 10. Types of Support that Would Improve Program Quality by Program Type	58
Table 11. General Income Sources by Program Type	59
Table 12. Low-Income Qualified Sources by Program Type	59
Table 13. Revenue Sources by Program Type and Accreditation Status	60
Table 14. Revenue Sources by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	60
Table 15. Revenue Sources by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	61
Table 16. The Top Three Most Common Expenses Reported by Programs	63
Table 17. Mean Hourly Wage for Teaching Staff by Program Type and Accreditation Status	74
Table 18. Mean Hourly Wage for Teaching Staff by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies	75
Table 19. Mean Hourly Wage for Teaching Staff by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served	75
Table 20. Teachers/Providers Employment Prior to their Current Position by Program Type	79

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

PURPOSE

Given that research shows early care and learning programs can have an important impact on children's school readiness and later success in life, the Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative commissioned a landscape survey to better understand the existing early care and learning programs within Jackson County, Missouri, and to provide concrete information to use for future planning and investment. The survey focused on three types of state-regulated early childhood programs: school-based, center-based, and home-based programs.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

The following research questions were addressed by the survey.

Question 1: What are children's demographic characteristics?

Question 2: What are the programs' characteristics?

Question 3: What are program staff characteristics?

Results were examined by program type (schools, centers, and homes), accreditation status (accredited, not accredited), the proportion of children receiving child care subsidies (low and high), and the proportion of minority children served (low and high).

METHOD

Three surveys were developed specifically for each program type. A total of 209 programs were surveyed: 10 schools, 123 centers, and 76 homes. The overall return rate for the survey was 58%. The 209 programs employed 2,371 staff serving 10,081 children. Almost half (42%) of children were from racial/ethnic minority groups (32% African-American/Black, 5% Latino/Hispanic, 3% Asian, and 2% other race/ethnicity). The overall percentage of children receiving special services was 6%; the percentage of children who were English Language Learners (ELL) was 5%.

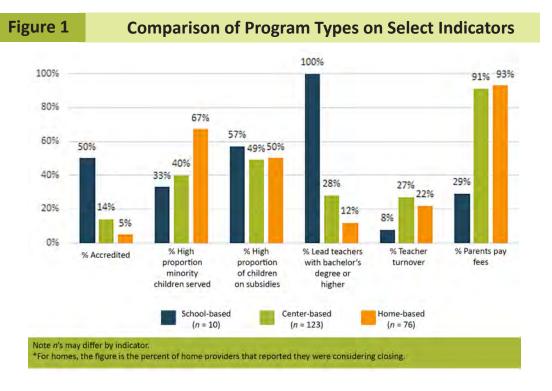
Only 12% of programs were accredited across all program types. More programs were located in the Kansas City, Missouri, Public School District than in any other school district in the county. It should be noted that this survey did not include any direct measures of quality, such as classroom observations or independent ratings of quality.

RESULTS

Based on the research questions, a summary of pertinent results is provided below by analysis area.

Significant Findings for Program Type

The survey showed that schools, centers, and homes differed with respect to children served, program characteristics, and staff characteristics (see Figure 1). Likely as a result of their access to more sources of revenue, school-based programs were more likely to be accredited, to have appropriately educated teachers who receive fair compensation and benefits, to offer services such as transportation and summer school, and to use strategies to engage families compared to centers and homes. The focus on formal learning opportunities varied with respect to program type. School-based programs were most likely to use a curriculum and to assess kindergarten readiness (100% and 71%, respectively), followed by centers (74% and 50%, respectively), then homes (65% and 32%, respectively). Additional relevant findings are listed below.



Children Served

- School-based programs had a much higher percentage of children receiving special services (48%) compared to centers (4%) and homes (3%).
- School-based programs had a higher percentage of children who are ELL (13%) compared to centers (6%) and homes (4%).

Program Characteristics

- For all programs, the rate of child attrition (children leaving the program) was 13%. The attrition rate for schools (7%) was somewhat lower than that for centers (12%) and homes (13%).
- Homes were most likely to offer before- and/or after-school services (71%) compared to school-based (40%) and center-based (60%) programs.
- More than 90% of centers and homes use parent fees, compared to 29% of schools. Only schools are eligible for federal IDEA funds (Part B-Special Education). In addition, Missouri Preschool Project funds were accessed by schools but not by centers and homes.
- All program types had expenditures for instructional materials/equipment and salaries, but only centers and homes had direct expenses for operation and maintenance of facilities.

Staff Characteristics

- The teacher turnover rate in centers was more than three times higher (27%) than the school rate (8%).
- Homes had the highest percentage of minority staff (68%), followed by centers (43%) and schools (11%).
- Center lead teachers' average hourly wage was higher than home providers' (\$9.42 vs. \$8.48). The mean hourly wage for school-based lead teachers (\$24.50) was based on only two cases.

Significant Findings for Accreditation Status

Accredited early childhood programs must meet specific evidence-based standards of quality that surpass licensing requirements. Only 12% of the programs surveyed were accredited. However, schools were far more likely to be accredited (50%) than centers (14%) and homes (5%). Due to accreditation requirements, it is not surprising that accredited programs compare favorably to non-accredited programs on a number of ostensible quality indicators. Overall, accredited programs had lower child attrition and were more likely to have better educated teachers, to use a curriculum, and to assess kindergarten readiness compared to non-accredited programs. In addition, accredited programs were more likely to offer transportation services, to offer parent conferences and family education workshops, and to engage in program assessments than non-accredited programs.

An important consideration with respect to accreditation is whether children of all socioeconomic backgrounds have access to accredited programs. In this survey, 13% of programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies were accredited, compared to 11% of programs serving a low proportion. These data suggest that children from low-income families were accessing accredited programs at roughly the same rate as children from families with higher incomes. Similarly, 14% of all programs that served a high proportion of minority children were accredited, compared to 10% of accredited programs serving a low proportion, which suggests that minority children were accessing accredited programs at about the same rate, if not slightly higher, as non-minority children.

Significant Findings for Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

Childhood poverty is one of the most salient risk factors for children not being ready for school as well as other future academic and social problems. In this study, the density of children receiving child care subsidies was examined to determine whether there were important differences based on programs' proportion of children on subsidies. For centers and homes, the percentage of children receiving subsidies was used to classify their programs as low proportion (20% or less) or high proportion (more than 20%). For school-based programs, Title I funding was used as a proxy for high proportion of children receiving subsidies. Half of all programs were classified as low and half as high. By program type, 57% of schools fell into the high proportion category, 49% of centers, and 50% of homes.

Compared to programs that served a low proportion, programs that served a high proportion of children receiving subsidies had higher child attrition rates, were less likely to have teachers with at least a bachelor's degree, were less likely to use a curriculum, and were less likely to assess kindergarten readiness. These results suggest that programs that serve relatively more low-income families differ in important ways that may affect the early childhood education environment when compared to programs that serve relatively fewer low-income families. In particular, centers and homes that serve more low-income families likely have access to fewer financial resources, which may account for many of the differences noted above.

Significant Findings for Proportion of Minority Children Served

Given that nearly half of the children served were from racial/ethnic minority groups, examining differences based on the proportion of minority children served provides additional information on concerns about access and equitability. Programs that served a high proportion of minority children (more than 54%) compared both favorably and unfavorably with those serving a low proportion (54% or less). On the positive side, programs that served a high proportion of minority children were more likely to offer crucial supports such as before- and/or after-school services (all program types), summer school (homes), and transportation services (centers) than counterparts that served a low proportion. On the negative side, compared to programs that served a low proportion, programs serving a high proportion of minority children have higher child attrition rates (17% vs. 8%), are less likely to have lead teachers with at least a bachelor's degree (17% vs. 36%), and are less likely to assess kindergarten readiness (34% vs. 53%).

NEXT STEPS

The Pre-K Collaborative is planning on conducting a parallel landscape survey in two Kansas counties (Johnson and Wyandotte) in order to get a complete picture of early childhood education in the metropolitan Kansas City area. It is hoped that this report, as well as the forthcoming one, will provide further guidance to all stakeholders in their planning and investment in early care and education in the Kansas City area.

INTRODUCTION

WHY ARE EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS IMPORTANT?

The quality of early learning programs is readily recognized as an important contributor to children's readiness for kindergarten and their future success. Research shows that high quality early care and education can have lasting positive effects, including higher graduation rates, decreased need for special education, lower juvenile crimes, and lower teen pregnancy rates (Reynolds, Temple, Ou, Arteaga, & White, 2011). Research also shows that children who attend high quality early learning programs have fewer behavior problems and better academic skills throughout the elementary grades and into early adolescence (Howes, 2008; NICHD Early Child Care Research Network, 2005). This is particularly true for children from low-income families, given that early education experiences outside of the home can bolster children's skills so that they are ready to succeed in school. Studies of early educational interventions with decades-long longitudinal data, such as the HighScope Perry Preschool Program, as well as other more contemporary, large-scale public preschool programs (e.g., Tulsa's preschool program), reveal a return on investment ranging from three to seven dollars for every dollar spent (Yoshikawa et al., 2013). Participation in high-quality early childhood education (ECE) has the potential of improving children's cognitive, language, social, and physical development in the years prior to formal schooling (National Association for the Education of Young Children, n.d.). Yet, access to ECE is neither universal nor evenly distributed due to lack of financial resources and availability of affordable quality ECE programs for all families, in particular those that live within high poverty communities, both urban and rural (Barnett, Carolan, & Johns, 2013). Although the early learning sector has the most potential for improving children's lives, it is the education sector with the least public investment (Heckman, 2006; Heckman & Masterov, 2007).

The Kansas City Early Care and Education Landscape Survey (KC-ECELS) was a point-in-time survey conducted by The Family Conservancy and Juniper Gardens Children's Project with funding from the Pre-K Collaborative. This report provides a snapshot of the ECE opportunities in Jackson County, Missouri, by describing characteristics of early learning programs, the teachers they employ, and the children served. The findings have value for a broad audience who have a stake in improving and expanding ECE in the Kansas City metropolitan area, including policy makers, philanthropic leaders, elected officials, early education advocates, and community members.

WHY WAS A LANDSCAPE SURVEY OF EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS NEEDED IN KANSAS CITY?

Realizing the value of investing in early learning, The Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative sought a comprehensive understanding of the diversity existing in early learning programs within the Greater Kansas City metropolitan area (Jackson County, MO; Wyandotte and Johnson Counties, KS) for use in strategic planning of future investments and strategies for improvement. While it is widely known that quality early learning programs are not universally available to families across the range of socioeconomic backgrounds in the U.S., information about access to early care and education in the Greater Kansas City metropolitan area is generally lacking.

This first phase was carried out to describe early care and education programs across Jackson County. Specifically, this study sought to describe the following:

■ How access to programs varied by geographic area;

- How programs differed in terms of characteristics of children served;
- How early care and education teachers/child care providers varied in terms of education, wages, and benefits received;
- How programs varied in terms of child assessment, including school readiness;
- How programs differed in terms of their connection and communication with elementary school programs;
- How programs differed in terms of their sources of revenue and their expenses;
- How programs varied in terms of their approaches to engaging families.

In addition, most of these questions were examined with regard to:

- The type of program (school-based, center-based, and home-based);
- Whether or not the program was accredited (accreditation status);
- The proportion of children receiving subsidies in the program (low, high);
- The proportion of minority children served in the program (low, high).

After substantive conversations with the funding partners, a project was approved that undertook a geographically focused survey (census) of state licensed early learning centers and family child care providers, including school district programs in Jackson County, Missouri (Phase 1). The study is planned to be repeated with programs and providers in Wyandotte and Johnson Counties in Kansas (Phase 2).

PURPOSE

Early care and learning programs nationally and in the Greater Kansas City metropolitan are not equally available to parents and families who would like to access them and are diverse with respect to program, child, and teacher characteristics. Additionally, little is known about Kansas City programs and their greatest needs. In this project, a survey of existing programs was designed to provide the information needed to guide future planning and investment.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- 1. What are children's demographic characteristics?
- 2. What are the programs' characteristics?
- 3. What are program staff characteristics?

Overview

This project brought together two of the most experienced and longest-running organizations engaged in early care and learning services and research in the Kansas City metropolitan area. The lead agency, The Family Conservancy (TFC), is a provider of mental health, parent education, and other services to early learning programs. TFC is an organization with over 130 years of service in Kansas City. Its main office is at the Children's Campus of Kansas City (444 Minnesota Avenue, Suite 200, Kansas City, KS), with satellite offices on both sides of the state line. TFC's President and CEO, Dean Olson, was the overall Director of this project and led the work with his team related to the census of local programs and communications based on TFC's extensive knowledge and experience working with early learning programs in the metropolitan area.

The Juniper Gardens Children's Project (JGCP), collaborating subcontractor, is a program with a 5D0-year history of improving the academic and social well-being of area children, youth, and families through research and development of evidence-based practices for use by parents, caregivers, and teachers (http://www.jgcp.ku.edu). The JGCP, also based at the Children's Campus of Kansas City (Suite 300), is a center within KU's Institute for Life Span Studies. The JGCP Director, Charles R. Greenwood, PhD, and JGCP's Director of Early Childhood Research, Dr. Judith J. Carta, led work of their team as Co-Directors with respect to the research and measurement methods used in this project. TFC and JGCP have more than a decade of experience collaborating.

The Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), established in 1978, is an applied social science research center that specializes in decision-support and policy-development research. Wayne Mayfield, PhD, is a psychologist with 15 years of experience in evaluation of early childhood and afterschool programs. OSEDA is part of the Division of Applied Social Sciences, College of Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources, at the University of Missouri-Columbia.

Population of Providers and Participants Recruited and Enrolled

To address the research questions, a subset of the population of early care and learning programs in Jackson County was recruited. As a partner agency of Child Care Aware of Missouri, TFC has access to the child care provider data in Jackson County. Public records were used to identify the population of programs to be recruited. The programs enrolled in the study were those that returned surveys (see below). These Missouri-based facilities included (a) public school-based programs, (b) center-based programs, and (c) home-based programs (family child care).

- **School-based programs** were school district Pre-K programs located in school district facilities that were exempt from licensure.
- Center-based programs were licensed child care centers able to serve more than 20 children. Also included were licensed group home programs, which can serve 11-20 children who are not relatives of the provider and may be located in the operator's residence.
- **Home-based programs** were licensed family child care homes operated by an individual in her/his residence, caring for up to 10 children who are not relatives of the operator (licensing allows additional related children).

Programs that were not licensed by the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services were not recruited and surveyed. In all cases, a knowledgeable program staff member completed the survey. Families and children were not surveyed.

Survey Return Rate

The overall return rate was 58% (209 out of 361). The standard of practice return rate is 70%. This rate was exceeded by the school-based programs but not by centers and homes (see Table 1). It is important to note that these return rates are much higher than those previously reported in provider surveys in Missouri (30.9% out of 3,552 surveys) and in Jackson County (27.1% out of 402 providers) (see original proposal, page 17; please note that these figures were taken from licensed providers and their child care market rates reports in states that receive Child Care Block Grants from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services).

Table 1	Survey Return Rate							
Variable	Number	Percentage						
Total programs recruited	361	100%						
Total returning surveys	209	58%						
Schools	10 out of 12	83%						
Centers	123 out of 205	60%						
Homes	76 out of 144	53%						

Survey Development

Topic Domains and Item Development. As a result of several discussions with the Pre-K Collaborative, seven domains related to early care and learning programs were specified. Survey questions were developed to address these domains in depth:

- Teachers (e.g., education level, age, gender, race/ethnicity of staff members, hourly wages and benefits)
- Children (e.g., age, race/ethnicity of children served, percent who speak a second language at home, number on the Child & Adult Care Food Program)
- Program (e.g., area/neighborhood served, characteristics of building itself [playground, library, etc.], curriculum used, funding sources)
- Measurable outcomes (e.g., use of student assessments)
- Connection to K-3 (e.g., schools children attend after graduation, communication with local elementary schools)
- Financial information (e.g., sources of income, main expenditures)
- Family engagement (e.g., parent-teacher conferences, parent education events)

Three survey instruments were developed by the project team and approved by a member of the Pre-K Collaborative. Each included common questions as well as questions specific to each of the three program types (school, center, and home; see Appendix B for surveys). All three surveys included a combination of response formats such as drop-down selection lists, ranked choices, and open-ended questions. Primary objective questions were often followed by secondary qualitative questions to capture specific information on reasons and explanations.

Pilot Testing. The surveys were pilot tested in two major phases. In the initial step, a paper survey including questions for all three types of surveys was drafted and then pilot tested internally by our own staff and by a small group of teachers and an assistant principal. Respondents were asked to comment on clarity, understanding, and whether items applied to the intended programs. Based on their input, revisions were made for a second step of pilot testing.

During the second phase, a few centers and homes received paper surveys and provided feedback. At the same time, a web-based survey was developed for school districts and pilot tested. Qualtrics™, a professional survey authoring and data collection system, was utilized to implement the web-based surveys. In addition to the survey questions, the web-based pilot survey asked pilot respondents to answer three usability questions for each survey item: Is the question clear? Do you have the information to answer this question? Does this question apply to your program? Additional revisions to the survey were made based on the feedback provided by the second phase of testing.

Some of the features available on the web-based surveys included the ability to require answers to certain questions, to check for invalid responses, and to skip sections that were conditional on previous responses. For example, *If you are not pursuing accreditation, why not?*

Procedures

Announcement Card. An announcement card was sent by mail to each program using the available contact information (see http://www.kcpreklandscape.deptsec.ku.edu/). This was followed by an email. Follow-up phone calls were completed as needed to confirm contact with the program.

Figure 2

Recruiting Announcement Card

EARLY EDUCATION FUNDERS WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU

This is the opportunity you have been waiting for. Now is the time to have your voice heard

- Are you a licensed or license-exempt provider in Jackson county?
- What are the needs of your program?
- What would benefit you and the children in your care?

The Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative, a group of local funders, has asked The Family Conservancy and Juniper Gardens to conduct a survey to determine ways to support early education programs in Jackson County, Missouri.

January 30, 2015 Complete the survey by November 21:

www.kcpreklandscape.ku.edu/survey



Questions? Call or email Janelle at The Family Conservancy at 913.742.4178 or kclandscape@ku.edu

Sponsored by
The Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative





Public Meetings. Two public informational meetings were held for early learning program directors and providers to offer guidance on how to complete the survey. A postcard announcing the dates and times for these meetings was mailed to all programs. At these meetings, respondents gained a clearer understanding of the intent behind certain survey items and were given time to ask questions about how to answer any survey items. In addition, the meetings were a great opportunity to discuss the importance of the survey and to share the desire of funders to hear the voices of early childhood professionals.

Website. To help with recruitment, data collection, and return rate, a website was developed to support the project (www.kcpreklandscape.ku.edu). The website provided information about the endeavor, including the goals of the project, while also letting providers know the vital role they play in this project. Respondents were able to access the survey through the website and to learn more about the specifics on how to take the survey (see http://www.kcpreklandscape.deptsec.ku.edu/survey/). For convenience, respondents were also offered the choice to answer the survey via telephone interview or paper survey.

Figure 3

Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study Home Page

Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Study



Home About Us Survey Contact Us

Home

About the KC Pre-K Landscape Project and Survey

The Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative is a group of local funders seeking to provide residents of the Kansas City metro with greater access to high quality early care and education programs. At this time, this group is seeking to learn what types of programs are currently available to families across the metro area.

In the News

- Deadline for completing the surveys EXTENDED to January 30, 2015!
- Kansas City Mayor Sly
 James Holds Community
 Conversation on Early
 Learning and Talk Read Play
 with your baby every day!

Individual Contact. Project staff and coaches encouraged providers to complete the surveys in multiple ways. For example, each program was called a minimum of three times. A summary of efforts to secure a completed survey included:

- Phone calls (a total of 867)
- Emails to individual programs (243)
- Email blasts (2 blasts were sent to all programs, and 172 providers were reached)
- Hard copies (a total of 41 individual reminders, flyers, and recruitment postcards re-sent)
- Text messages (2)
- Drop-in visits (47)

Review. The process of reviewing each survey for completeness was very time-intensive. Out of the 209 surveys that were submitted, only 47 surveys were complete and did not need any further follow-up. The other 162 surveys were incomplete and/or had identified errors that required follow-up phone calls or emails. A total of 130 phone calls were made and 38 emails were sent to obtain the necessary information to complete the surveys. Following are the programs' main reasons for not completing the survey.

- Providers continually stated "lack of time" as a reason for not completing the survey. While coaches offered to help them through it, they still felt they did not have time to spare.
- Providers stated that they simply "do not do surveys." Even with the incentive, some providers refused.
- Many providers were reluctant to disclose their yearly revenue. Coaches followed up with phone calls to remind providers of the confidentiality measures in place and to explain the importance of gathering this information.

Data Follow-up Interviews. Project staff individually reviewed each survey to look for data that appeared to be inaccurate, incomplete, or was marked as not applicable. If needed, staff then made phone calls to providers to follow up on the data they provided in an attempt to collect the most accurate data possible. Staff used this opportunity to answer any questions from providers and assisted them with survey items of which they were unsure. After the revisions were made to the survey responses, providers were thanked and incentives distributed. Each center received a \$100 debit card for completing the survey, and each home received a \$50 debit card.

Survey Data Quality. The accuracy of responses was examined by matching survey responses reported to public archival data. The archival standard information used included license number, type of license, program address, county, receipt of child care subsidy from the Missouri Department of Social Services, and accreditation status. Based on a random sample of 10% of centers and 10% of homes, the rate of agreement between the reported information and archival information was 92.3% for centers and 100% for homes. Because the vast majority of respondents took the survey online, a second data entry step and source of error was eliminated for most surveys.

Follow-up of Unresponsive Programs with Other Known Information. For programs that failed to complete the survey, the following archival information was obtained from state agencies: program city, ZIP code, county, license type, and acceptance of state child care subsidy.

Creation of a Relational Database. The data from each of the three surveys was downloaded as a *.csv (Character Separated Variable) file and then imported into an MS-ACCESS™ relational database management system. There are approximately 31 tables in the database, including 8 data tables per survey. Using Access, the data can be combined in multiple ways for data analysis and summaries and then exported to Excel or SPSS for further analysis.

DATA ANALYSIS PLAN

To fully address the research questions, the Pre-K Collaborative was interested in examining the results by program type (school, center, home), accreditation status (accredited, not accredited), the proportion of children receiving subsidies (low and high), and the proportion of minority children served (low and high).

- **Program Type.** It was expected that differences in teachers' qualifications and other program characteristics would be associated with program type.
 - Of the 209 programs surveyed, 10 were schools (5%), 123 were centers (59%), and 76 were homes (36%).

- Accreditation status was defined in terms of national- and/or state-approved professional accrediting bodies specific to early childhood that focus on evidence-based indicators of quality. These included the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC), National Association for Family Child Care (NAFCC), and Missouri Accreditation (MoA). Programs with any or all of these accreditations were counted as accredited. Otherwise, programs were considered as not accredited, even if they had some other form of accreditation. Because accreditation requires programs to meet specific quality standards, it was expected that differences within program types would emerge based on accreditation status.
 - Overall, 26 of 209 programs (12%) were accredited. This included five out of 10 (50%) schools, 17 out of 123 (14%) centers, and 4 out of 76 (5%) homes.
- **Proportion of children receiving subsidies.** Differences in program-level indicators were examined based on the proportion of children served who were low-income eligible.
 - For centers and homes, programs were asked about the number of children receiving financial assistance or child care subsidies. Based on a median split of the percentage of children receiving subsidies, programs were categorized as serving a low proportion of children receiving subsidies (20% or less of children served) or a high proportion of children receiving subsidies (more than 20%). See Figure 4.
 - School-based programs were classified as low or high with respect to proportion of children receiving subsidies based on whether the elementary school received Title I funding. Schools that received Title I funding were classified as high; those not receiving Title I were classified as low.
- **Proportion of minority children served**. Differences in program-level indicators were examined based on the proportion of minority children served.
 - All programs were asked about the race/ethnicity of children served. Children who were African American/Black, Asian/Pacific Islander, Latino/Hispanic, and Other were classified as minority; White children were classified as nonminority. Based on a median split of the proportion of minority children, programs were categorized as serving a low percentage of minority children (54% or less of children served) or a high percentage of minority children (more than 54%). See Figure 5.

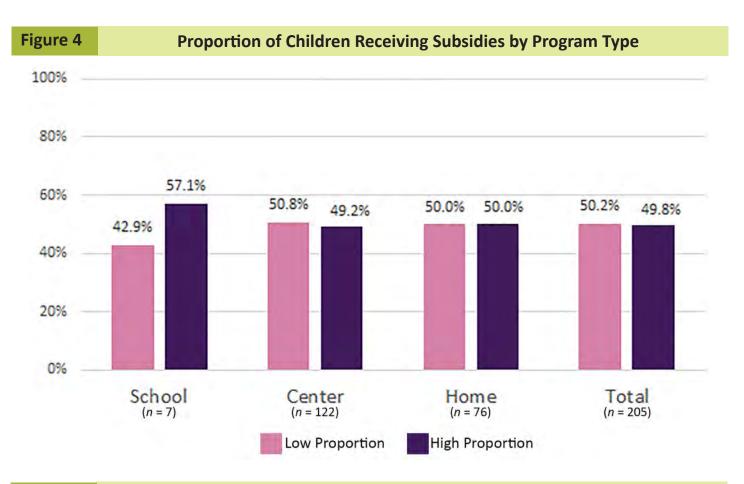
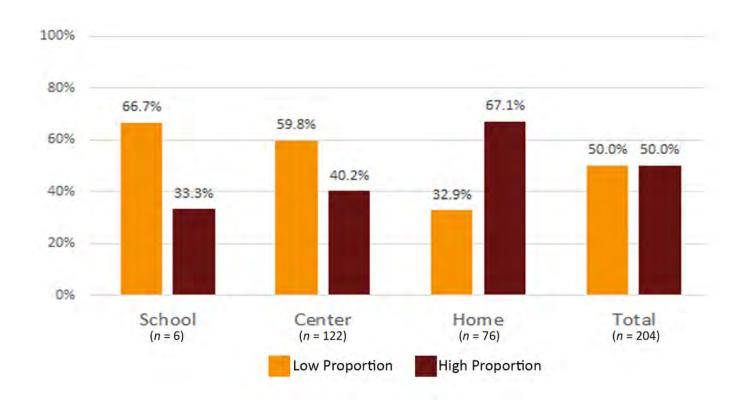


Figure 5 Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type



Analytic Strategies

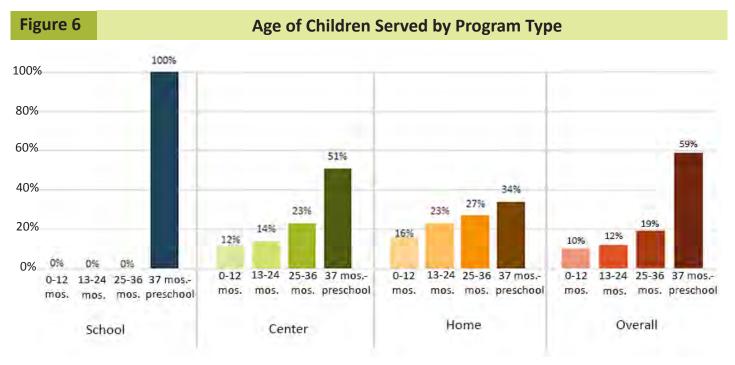
Programs for analyzing the data included Miscrosoft Excel, SPSS, and two mapping tools, PowerMAPTM for EXCEL and the ARCGISTM Geospatial Information System. The geographical information on the school districts in Jackson County was obtained from the IT/GISP program of Jackson County (http://www.jacksongov.org/gis/).

Because much of the data collected were nominal or ordinal in scaling, frequency counts, percentages, and crosstabs were most often used to address the primary research questions. Where data were continuously scaled (such as percentages), multi-way mean tables were used. Because of the natural differences in program type numbers in Jackson County, the number of respondents by program type was not balanced. Given that only 10 school-based programs returned surveys, the interpretation of the data on such a small sample, especially when disaggregated, presented challenges. Similarly, only 4 of 76 home programs were accredited, which limited the ability to draw conclusions based on accreditation status. Consequently, inferential statistics were not calculated, and visual analysis of the cell counts and/or percentages were used to evaluate comparability within and between program types, accreditation status, proportion of children receiving subsidy, and proportion of minority children served. Also, in most cases where there were no apparent differences based on accreditation status, proportion of children receiving subsidies, or proportion of minority children served, the approach taken was to generally highlight data were some differences were indicated. Appendix A contains the means and crosstabs tables that are the source of much of the data presented in this report.

RESULTS

CHILD CHARACTERISTICS

Information was provided by 209 participating early care and learning programs serving a total of 10,081 children. Centers served 84% of the children, schools 9%, and homes 7%. Figures 6 and 7 show the age and gender of children served by program type. School-based programs did not serve children under the age of three, whereas centers and homes served children from birth to preschool. Overall, the programs surveyed served more children over 3 years old than under 3. Homes tended to serve more infants and toddlers than centers.



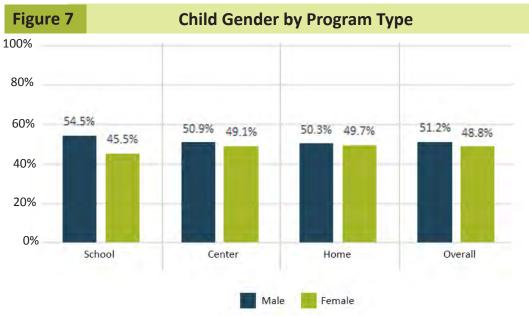
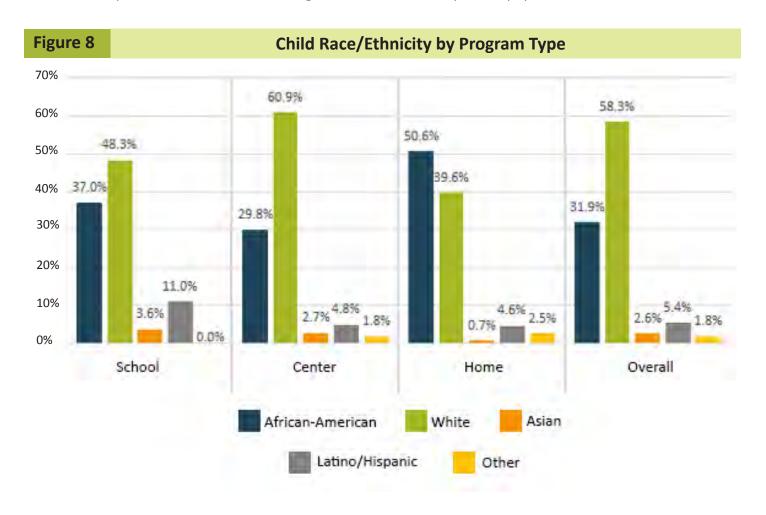
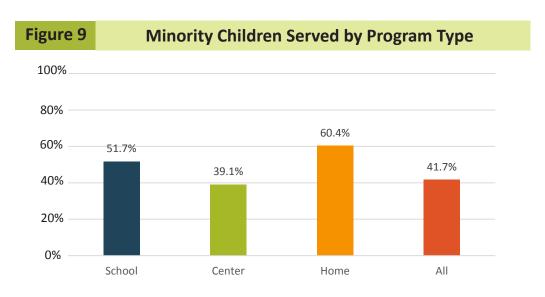
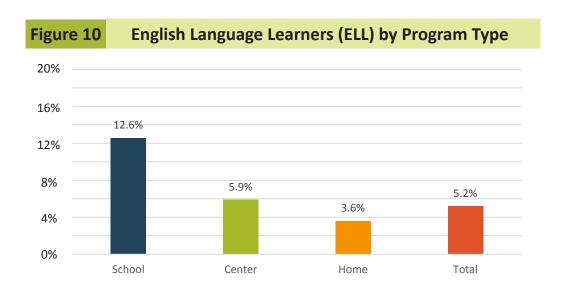


Figure 8 shows children's race/ethnicity by program type. Schools and homes served relatively more minority children than center-based programs (see Figure 9). However, the minority percentage for centers was most comparable to the 2013 Census figure for Jackson County's total population.

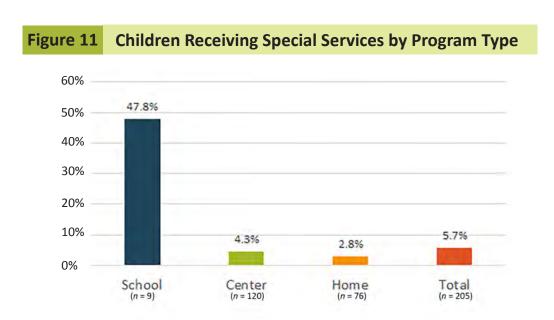




The overall percentage of children who were English Language Learners (ELL) was 5%, ranging from 4% in home-based programs to 13% in school-based programs (see Figure 10). In rank order, the most common languages spoken at home were Spanish, Chinese (Mandarin), and French.



The overall percentage of children receiving special services was 6%. As shown in Figure 11, school-based programs had much higher percentage of children receiving special services (48%) compared to centers (4%) and homes (3%).



As seen in Figure 12, accredited programs served more minority children (62%) that non-accredited programs (38%). This trend was driven mostly by centers and homes. For school-based programs, nearly equal proportions of minority and nonminority children were served in accredited and non-accredited programs.

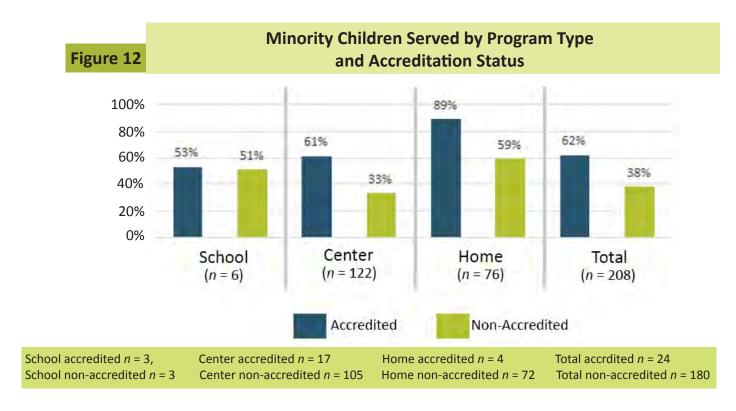
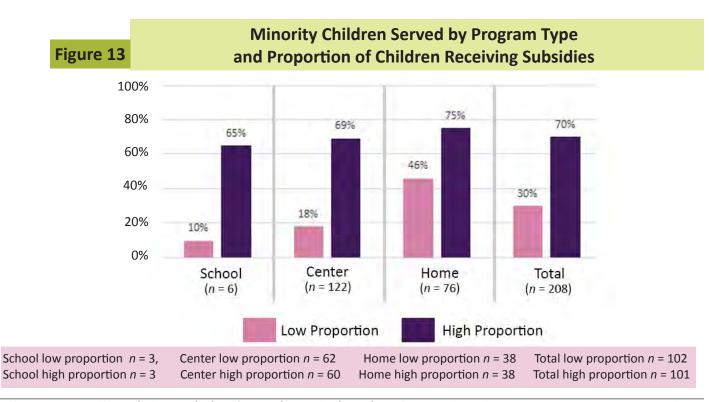


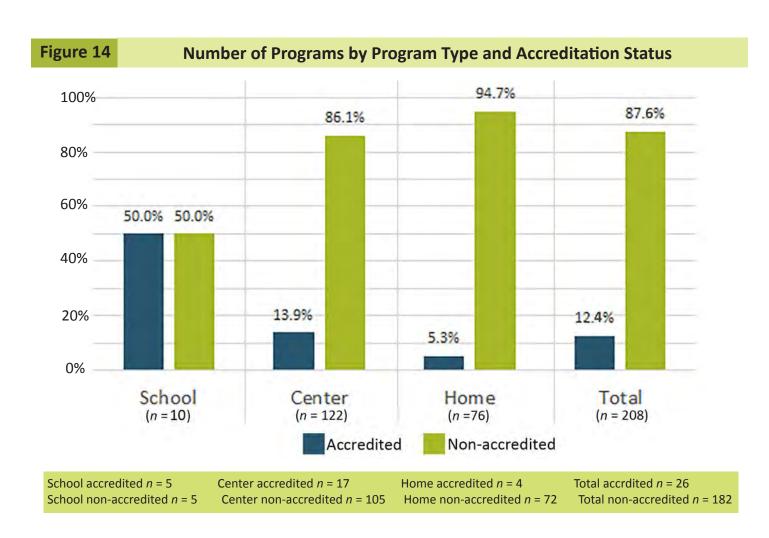
Figure 13 shows the percent of minority children by program type and proportion of children on subsidies. Programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies had much higher minority enrollments than those serving a low proportion. The difference was least pronounced in homes.



RESULTS

PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 14 shows the number of programs by program type and accreditation status. Only 12% of programs were accredited across all program types. However, school-based programs were more likely to be accredited than center- or home-based programs. It should be noted that the number of home-based programs was very small (n = 4).

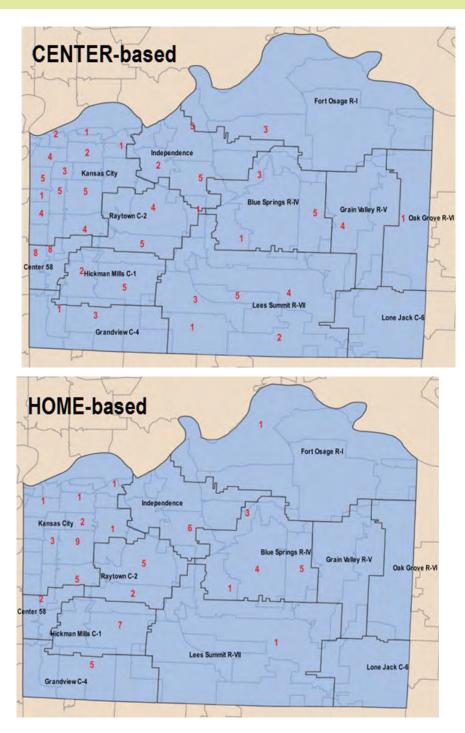


HOW ARE PROGRAMS DISTRIBUTED IN THE COUNTY?

The geographic locations of the centers and homes are mapped in Figures 15 and 16. The maps show the ZIP code locations where programs reside overlaid by a map of school district boundaries. As shown, the largest numbers of home- (23) and center-based (37) programs were within the Kansas City MO Public School District. There were fewer program located in the eastern and northern sections of the county. Lone Jack had no programs reporting.

Figures 15-16

Distribution of Center- and Home-Based Programs in Jackson County by ZIP Code and School District

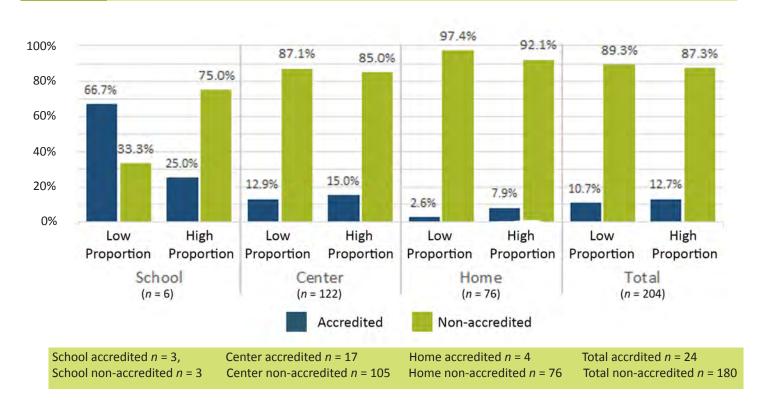


ARE THERE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN PROGRAM ACCREDITATION STATUS AND CHARACTERISTICS OF CHILDREN SERVED?

In this section, the relationship between accreditation status (accredited vs. non-accredited) and three program-level child characteristics—proportion of of children receiving subsidies, proportion of minority children served, and percentage of children receiving special services—are examined.

Figure 17 shows the proportion of children receiving subsidies (by category, low and high) by program type and accreditation status. Overall, 13% of programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies were accredited, compared to 11% of accredited programs serving a low proportion of children on subsidies. Given the small number of accredited programs overall, these data suggest that lower-income children are accessing accredited programs at roughly the same rate as children from families with relatively higher incomes.

Figure 17 Proportion of Children on Subsidies by Program Type and Accreditation Status



As seen in Figure 18, 14% of all programs that served a high proportion of minority children were accredited, compared to 10% of accredited programs serving a low proportion of minority children. These data suggest that minority children are accessing accredited programs at about the same rate (if not slightly higher) as non-minority children. The percentage of accredited centers that serve a high proportion of minority children (20%) was twice as high as the percentage of accredited centers that serve a low proportion of minority children (10%). For school-based programs and homes, there were no substantial differences in the proportion of minority children served based on accreditation status.

Figure 18 Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type and Accreditation Status

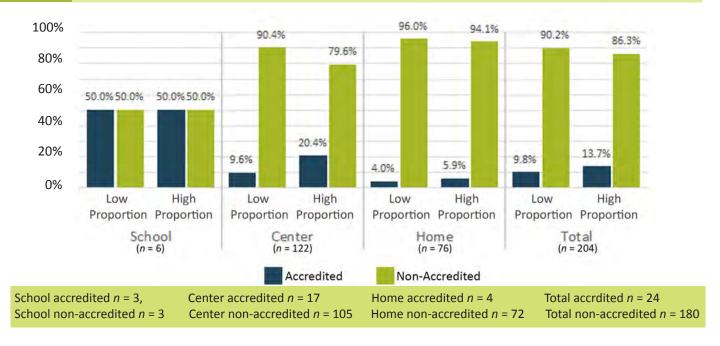
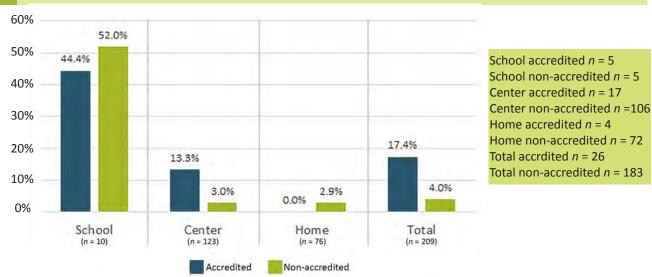


Figure 19 shows percentage of children receiving special services by program type and accreditation status. Accredited centers have higher proportions of children receiving special services compared to non-accredited centers, which drives the overall trend that accredited programs served a higher percentage of children with special needs.

Figure 19 Children Receiving Special Services by Program Type and Accreditation Status



WHAT ARE GROUP/CLASS SIZES?

Table 2 shows average group/class sizes for programs by age group and accreditation status. School-based programs only served children in the 37 month-preschool age range; home-based programs were not asked about group sizes. Group size varied by children's ages, with smaller sizes for children younger than 37 months. Group sizes were fairly similar across age groups and program type with respect to accreditation status, with one exception: the average group size for accredited schools (16.0) was higher than the average for non-accredited schools (10.3).

Table 2	Group	/Class S	ize by	Prograi	n Type, (Child	Age, and	d Accredi	itation	Statu
				Accred	ditation					
Program	Age	Ac	credite	d	Non-accredited			Total		
Туре	(months)	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
School	0-12	€.	· -	-		1	- 3	176	i èu	÷
	13-24			-		-	-	-		-
	25-36	-	-	-		-	¥	1-1	+	-
	37-Pre K	16.0	3	4.0	10.3	4	7.2	12.7	7	6.4
Center	0-12	7.5	12	1.2	7.0	83	2.8	7.1	95	2.7
	13-24	8.4	14	1.1	7.5	85	2.7	7.6	99	2.5
	25-36	11.0	16	3.3	11.2	97	5.0	11.2	113	4.8
	37-Pre K	15.2	17	5.8	16.7	99	10.1	16.5	116	9.6

Group size by proportion of children receiving subsidies is shown in Table 3. For centers, group sizes tended to be slightly smaller in programs that serve a low percentage of children on subsidies. For schools, the trend was the reverse, although it should be noted that the cell sizes were small for schools.

Table 3					The second second second second			hild Age, Subsidie		
		Propo	rtion o	f childrer	recieving	subsic	lies			
Program Type School	Age		Low			High			Total	
	(months)	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
School	0-12	7	150	-		10	- 3	1.7	÷	5
	13-24	7	-	-	+	-	-	+		-
	25-36		-	-		-	-	3-6	÷	1
	37-Pre K	14.7	3	4.6	11.7	4	7.8	12.7	7	6.4
Center	0-12	4.8	62	3.9	6.3	60	3.5	5.5	122	3.8
	13-24	5.8	62	4.1	7.1	60	2.9	6.4	122	3.6
	25-36	10.6	62	6.4	9.8	60	4.5	10.2	122	5.5
	37-Pre K	15.0	62	8.6	17.0	60	11.1	16.0	122	9.9

Table 4 shows group/class size by child age, program type, and proportion of minority children served. For centers, group sizes were similar in the two youngest age groups. However, for the two oldest age groups, centers serving a low percentage of minority children had slightly larger group sizes compared to those serving a high percentage of minority students.

Table 4					ze by Pro n of Min					
		Pro	portion	n of mind	ority childre	en serv	/ed			
Program Type School	Age		Low			High			Total	
	(months)	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
School	0-12	7	140			10	3	.7.	÷	1
	13-24	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	,	
	25-36	-	-	-			-	1-1	÷.	
	37-Pre K	14.0	4	4.0	16.5	2	0.7	14.8	6	3.4
Center	0-12	5.5	73	3.9	5.6	49	3.5	5.6	122	3.8
	13-24	6.2	73	3.6	6.9	49	3.4	6.5	122	3.6
	25-36	11.6	73	5.5	8.5	49	4.8	10.4	122	5.5
	37-Pre K	17.2	73	9.5	14.1	49	10.3	16.0	122	9.9

WHAT ARE CHILD TO ADULT RATIOS FOR GROUPS/CLASSES?

The more adults that regularly spend time with a group of children, the better the chance that individual children will receive the attention they need. State licensing requires a minimum ratio of 1 provider to 10 children for preschool-age children; the minimum ratio is 1 to 8 for groups of children ages 25-36 months; and the minimum ratio for children birth to 24 months is 1 to 4. For this section, child to adult ratios will be reported rather than adult to child ratios.

Consistent with state licensing requirements, child to adult ratios were generally larger in the preschool classes and smaller for younger children served (see Table 5). The ratios for all age group are smaller in homes compared to schools and centers. The ratio for accredited school programs was lower than that for non-accredited programs (6.0 vs. 9.5).

	Age (months)	A Mean	ccredit n	ed SD	Non Mean	-accred	dited SD	Mean	Total Mean <i>n</i>				
School	0-12	7.0	300	-	-	-81	3	7.	÷	-			
	13-24		-	-	-	-		-	,	-			
	25-36	÷	-	-	-	9-	-3	10-1	-	-			
	37-Pre K	6.0	3	4.0	9.5	4	2.5	8.0	7	3.5			
Center	0-12	2.8	12	1.7	3.1	83	1.4	3.0	95	1.5			
	13-24	2.8	14	1.8	3.2	85	1.8	3.2	99	1.8			
	25-36	4.4	16	2.9	5.8	97	3.1	5.6	113	3.1			
	37-Pre K	7.3	17	3.2	8.2	99	3.7	8.1	116	3.6			
Home	0-12	2.0	4	1.2	1.3	52	0.8	1.4	56	0.8			
	13-24	2.3	4	1.0	1.8	59	1.3	1.8	63	1.3			
	25-36	2.0	3	1.0	2.2	63	1.6	2.2	66	1.6			
	37-Pre K	5.5	2	6.4	2.8	62	2.1	2.9	64	2.2			

As shown in Table 6, there are no substantive differences in child to adult ratios for proportion of children receiving subsidies across program types.

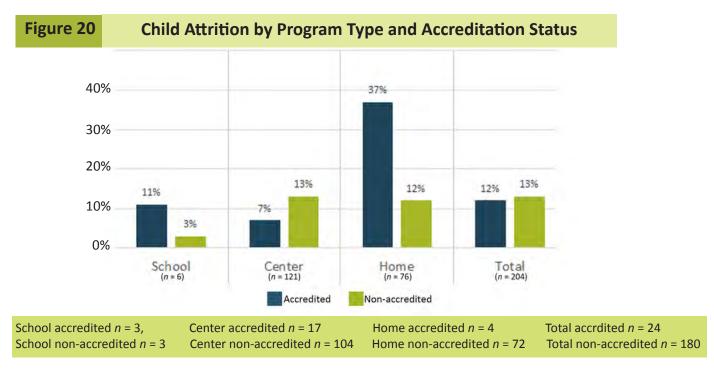
able 6					t Ratio b Children					
		Porp	ortion	of childre	en receivin	g subs	idies			
Program Type	Age (months)	Mean	Low	SD	Mean	High n	SD	Mean	Total n	SD
School	0-12	149	100	200	io-ci	T+C	15	Fig.	1.7	-
	13-24	e	.24	*	-	(-)	1.0		V.	12
	25-36		91	97	+	÷	13	3	4	i.e.
	37-Pre K	7.3	3	2.3	8.5	4	4.4	8.0	7	3.5
Center	0-12	3.2	41	1.3	2.9	54	1.6	3.0	95	1.5
	13-24	3.4	44	1.6	3.2	58	2.1	3.3	102	1.9
	25-36	6.2	54	2.7	5.1	57	3.3	5.6	111	3.1
	37-Pre K	8.3	59	3.4	7.9	58	3.7	8.1	117	3.5
Home	0-12	1.4	26	0.6	1.6	30	0.8	1.5	56	0.7
	13-24	2.0	28	1.6	1.8	32	0.8	1.9	60	1.2
	25-36	2.4	30	1.7	2.5	31	1.5	2.5	61	1.6
	37-Pre K	3.4	32	2.1	2.8	31	2.2	3.1	63	2.2

Table 7 shows child to adult ratios by program type and proportion of minority children served. There are no substantive differences by proportion of minority children served across program type and age groups.

able 7					t Ratio b of Minor		The second second			
		Por	portio							
Program Type	Age (months)	Mean	Low	SD	Mean	High n	SD	Mean	Total n	SD
School	0-12	21	14	4	4	17	13-	l live	+	1.5
	13-24	-	190	-		18	-2		+	-
	25-36	P.A.	1.47	N-F	0.1	D-C		-1	1.0	15.
	37-Pre K	8.5	3	3.0	6.0	2	5.7	7.7	6	3.7
Center	0-12	3.4	53	1.1	2.5	43	1.7	3.0	96	1.5
	13-24	3.4	58	1.5	3.1	45	2.2	3.3	103	1.9
	25-36	6.1	69	2.9	5.0	43	3.2	5.7	112	3.1
	37-Pre K	8.5	71	3.2	7.6	46	4.0	8.1	117	3.5
Home	0-12	1.5	19	0.7	1.5	37	0.7	1.5	56	0.7
	13-24	1.7	20	0.9	2.0	40	1.4	1.9	76	1.2
	25-36	2.9	21	1.8	2.2	40	1.4	2.5	61	1.6
	37-Pre K	3.2	21	2.0	3.0	42	2.3	3.1	63	2.2

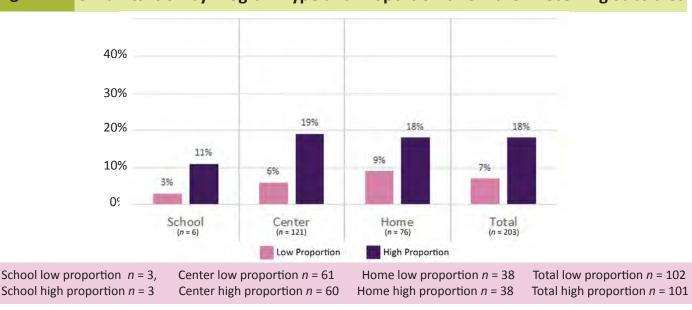
WHAT ARE RATES OF CHILD ATTRITION?

Rate of child attrition was defined as the number of children who were withdrawn by parents from a program divided by the total number of students in the program, or the proportion of children leaving a program. For all programs, the rate of attrition was 13%. The attrition rate was lower in schools (7%) compared to centers (12%) and homes (13%), as shown in Figure 20. For programs overall, accreditation status was not related to child attrition. However, attrition in non-accredited centers was nearly twice as high (13%) compared to accredited centers (7%). The small number of accredited homes had a substantially higher child attrition rate (37%) than non-accredited homes (12%).



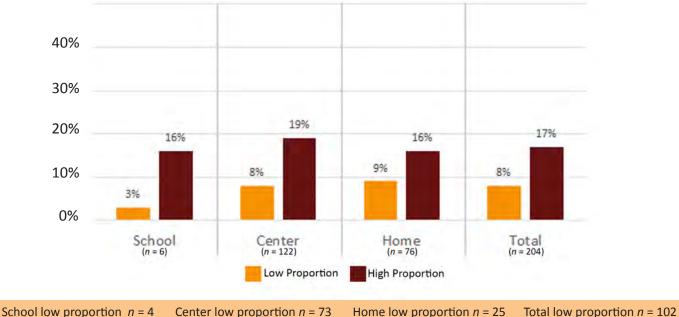
As shown in Figure 21, child attrition was more than twice as high overall in programs that served a high proportion of children receiving subsidies (18%) as programs serving a low percentage (7%).

Figure 21 Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies



Similarly, as shown in Figure 22, child attrition was higher in programs that served a high proportion of minority children (17%) compared to programs serving a low proportion (8%).

Figure 22 Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served



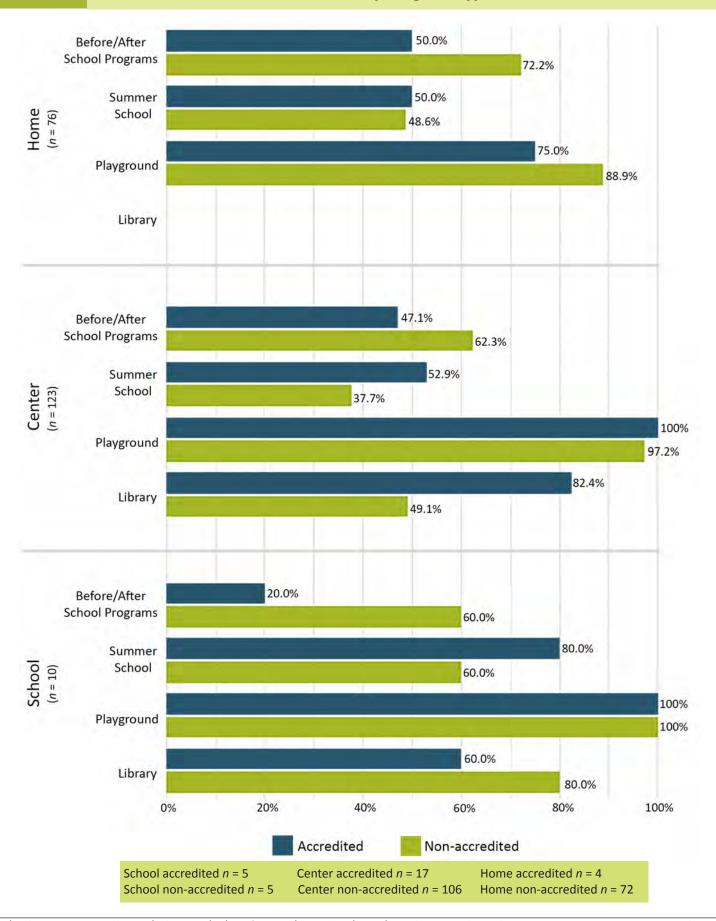
School low proportion n = 4School high proportion n = 2 Center low proportion n = 73Center high proportion n = 49 Home low proportion n = 25Home high proportion n = 51 Total low proportion n = 102Total high proportion n = 102

WHAT FACILITIES AND SERVICES DO PROGRAMS PROVIDE?

Programs were surveyed about an array of facilities and services that they provide. For this report, libraries, playgrounds, summer school, and before/after school services are highlighted (home-based programs were not asked about libraries.) Figures 23 shows the percentage of programs that provide various facilities and services by accreditation status.

With respect to library access, 70% of school-based programs and 54% of center-based programs reported that they had a library. Accredited centers were more likely to have a library compared to their non-accredited counterparts. Nearly all school- and center-based programs reported having a playground; the figure was somewhat lower for homes (88%).

Turning to services provided, school-based programs were more likely to offer summer school (70%) compared to centers (40%) and homes (49%). Accredited programs across program type were somewhat more likely to offer summer school compared to non-accredited programs. With respect to before- and/or after-school services, homes were most likely to offer these services (71%) compared to school-based (40%) and center-based (60%) programs. Non-accredited programs across program type were more likely to offer before- and/or after school services than accredited programs.



Analyses of facilities and services were also conducted for proportion of children receiving subsidies across program type. There were no substantial differences for program types for libraries, playgrounds, or summer school. As shown in Figure 24, programs that served a high proportion of minority children were more likely to offer before- and/or after-school services across all program types (78%) compared to programs that serve a low proportion (49%). This trend is most evident in center-based care.

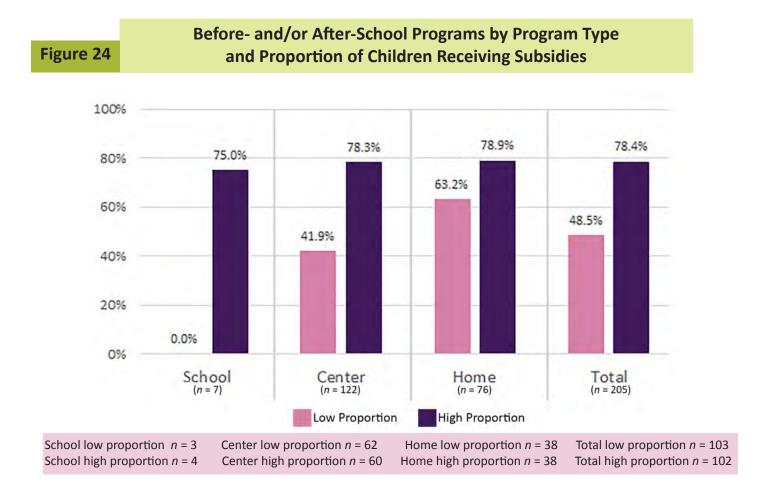
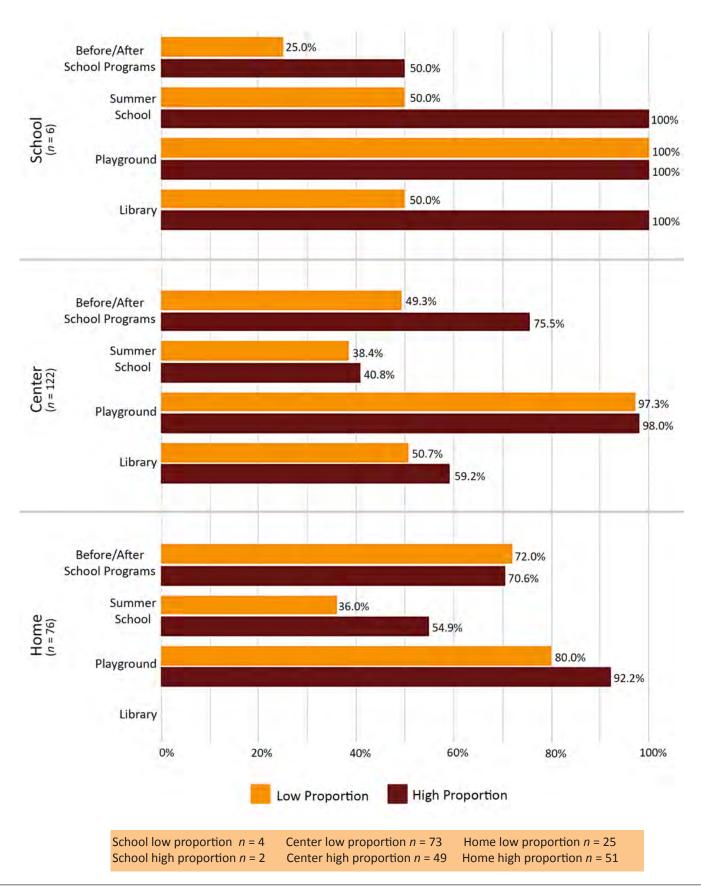


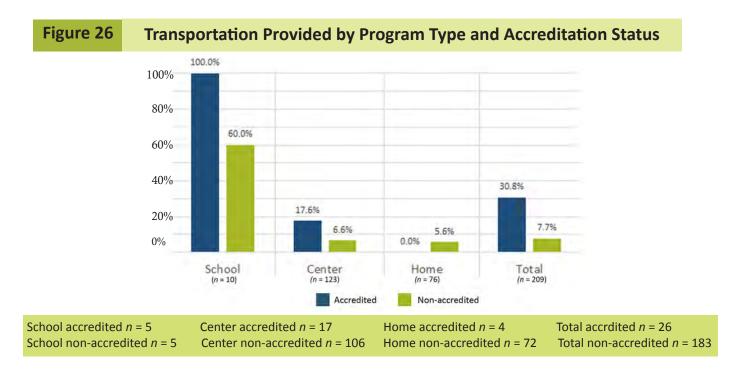
Figure 25 shows facilities and services provided by program type and proportion of minority children served. Overall, programs that served a high proportion of minority children were more likely to offer before-and/or after-school services across all program types (78%) compared to programs that serve a low proportion (49%). Homes serving a high percentage of minority children are more likely to have a playground and offer summer school compared to homes serving a low percentage.

Facilities and Services Provided by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served



DO PROGRAMS PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION?

With respect to transportation services, 80% of school programs provided transportation compared to only 8% of centers and 5% of homes. Overall, accredited programs were more likely to provide transportation (31%) compared to non-accredited programs (8%).



In general, transportation services did not differ substantially by proportion of children receiving subsidies (see Figure 27).

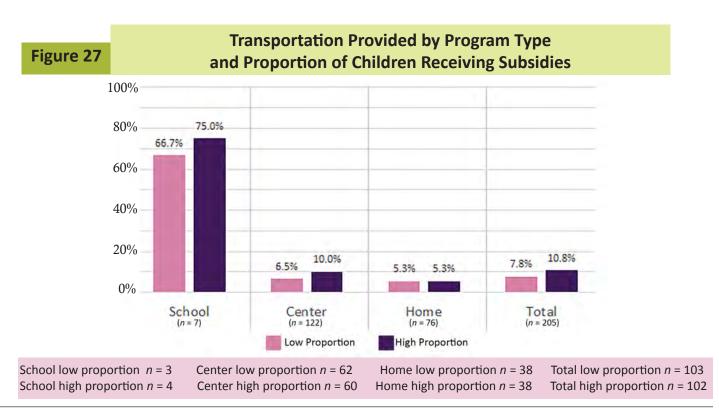
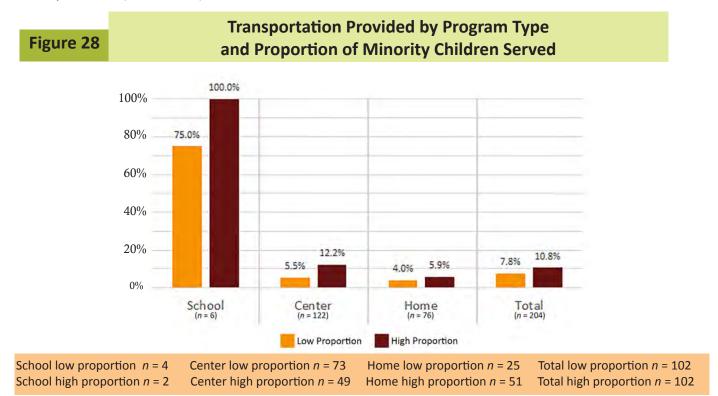
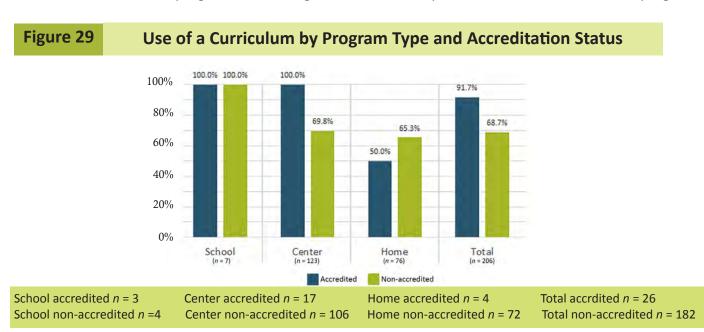


Figure 28 shows transportation services by program type and proportion of minority children served. Although relatively few centers offered transportation, centers that served a high percentage of minority children were more than twice as likely to provide transportation services as centers serving a low percentage of minority children (12% vs. 6%).

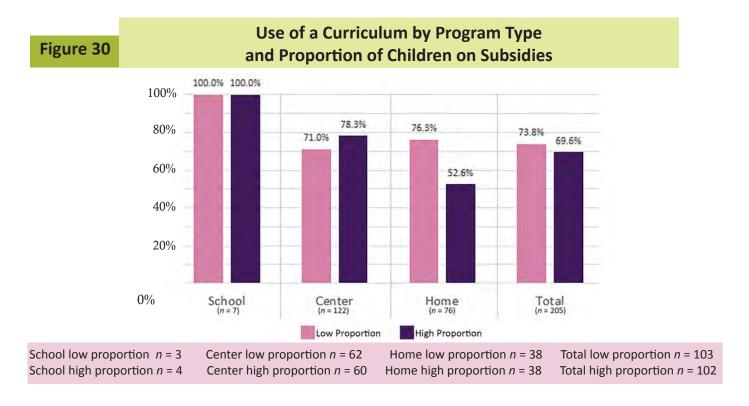


DO PROGRAMS USE A CURRICULUM?

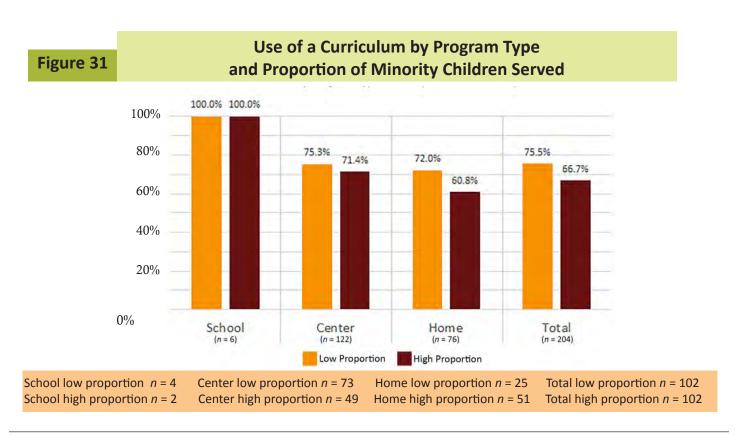
Overall, more than two-thirds of programs (71%) report using a curriculum. Not surprisingly, school-based programs were universally using a curriculum, compared to 74% of centers and 65% of homes. Accredited programs were more likely to report using a curriculum than non-accredited programs (see Figure 29). For centers, 100% of accredited programs were using a curriculum, compared to 70% of non-accredited programs.



For all programs, there were no differences in curriculum use by proportion of children on subsidies. However, as shown in Figure 30, homes serving a high proportion of children on subsidy were less likely to use a curriculum (53%) than homes serving a low proportion of children on subsidy (76%).



As shown in Figure 31, programs serving a low proportion of minority children were slightly more likely to use a curriculum (76%) than those serving a high proportion (67%). This trend was most evident in homes.

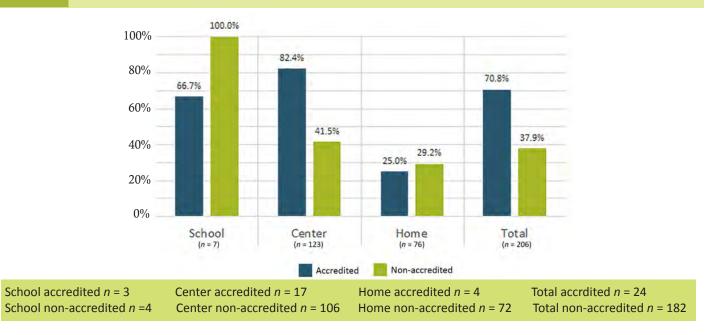


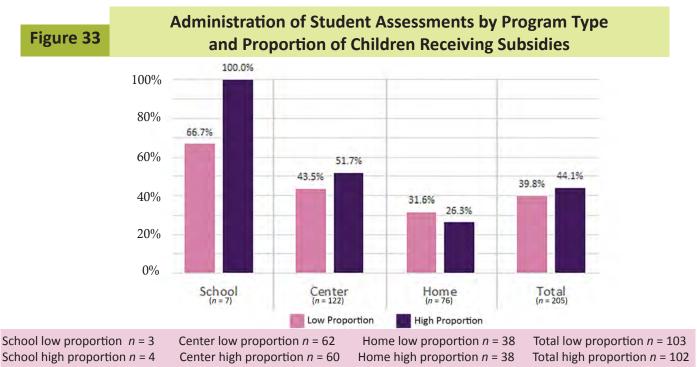
DO PROGRAMS ADMINISTER STUDENT ASSESSMENTS?

Overall, 42% of programs reported administering student assessments. Most school-based programs (86%) reported administering them, whereas only 47% of centers and 29% of homes did so. As shown in Figure 32, accredited programs were more likely to administer student assessments than non-accredited ones. Centers were responsible for this trend.

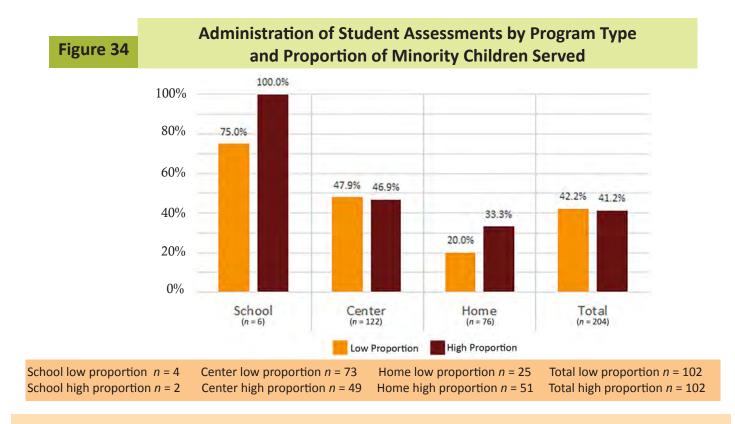
There were no major differences in administration of student assessments by proportion of children on subsidies (see Figure 33).

Figure 32 Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Accreditation Status





For all programs, there was little difference in use of student assessments by proportion of minority children served. However, as shown in Figure 34, homes that serve a high proportion of low-income children are somewhat more likely to administer assessments than those serving a low proportion of low-income children (33% vs. 20%).



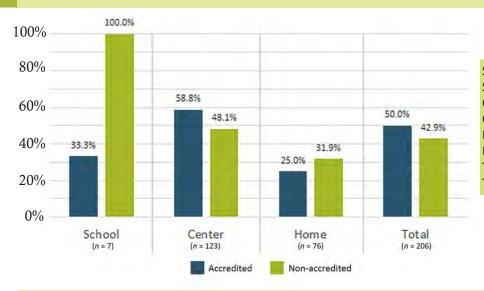
DO PROGRAMS ASSESS KINDERGARTEN READINESS?

Across all programs, 44% reported that they assessed children's kindergarten readiness. The majority of school-based programs did so (71%), compared to 50% of centers and 32% of homes. Overall, accredited programs were slightly more likely to assess kindergarten readiness (50%) than non-accredited programs (43%) (see Figure 35). However, as with student assessments reported earlier, this trend was driven by the fact that accredited centers were somewhat more likely to assess kindergarten readiness (59%) compared to non-accredited centers (48%). Accredited school-based and home-based programs were somewhat less likely to assess kindergarten readiness compared to their non-accredited counterparts.

Overall, programs that served a low proportion of children on subsidies are somewhat more likely to assess kindergarten readiness (49%) than programs serving a high proportion (39%). As shown in Figure 36, centers serving more children that receive subsidies are less likely to use kindergarten readiness assessments (42%) than centers that served fewer children on subsidies (58%), which is a potential pitfall given that poverty is a known risk factor for low school readiness.

As shown in Figure 37, programs overall that served a high proportion of minority children were less likely to assess kindergarten readiness (34%) compared to programs serving a low proportion (53%). This trend was most evident in centers; centers that served a high percentage of minority children were less likely to assess kindergarten readiness compared to those that served a low percentage of minority children (33% vs. 62%). On the other hand, homes that served a high percentage of minority children were somewhat more likely to assess kindergarten readiness compared to those that served a low percentage of minority children (35% vs. 24%).

Figure 35 Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Accreditation Status



School accredited n=3School non-accredited n=4Center accredited n=17Center non-accredited n=106Home accredited n=4Home non-accredited n=72Total accrdited n=24Total non-accredited n=182

Figure 36

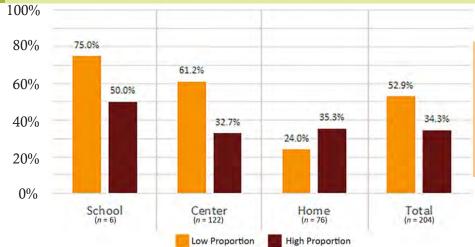
Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies



School low proportion n = 3School high proportion n = 4Center low proportion n = 62Center high proportion n = 60Home low proportion n = 38Home high proportion n = 38Total low proportion n = 103Total high proportion n = 102

Figure 37

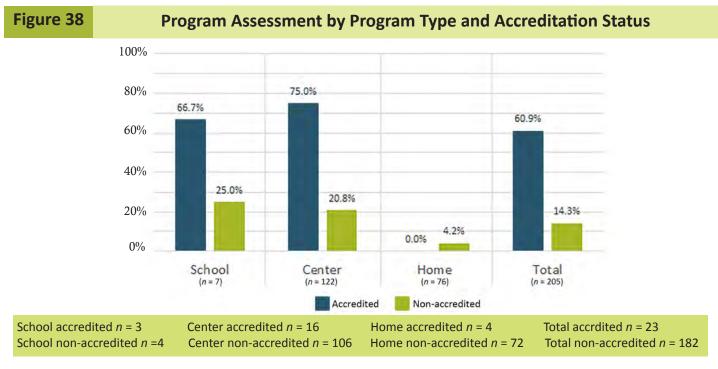
Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served



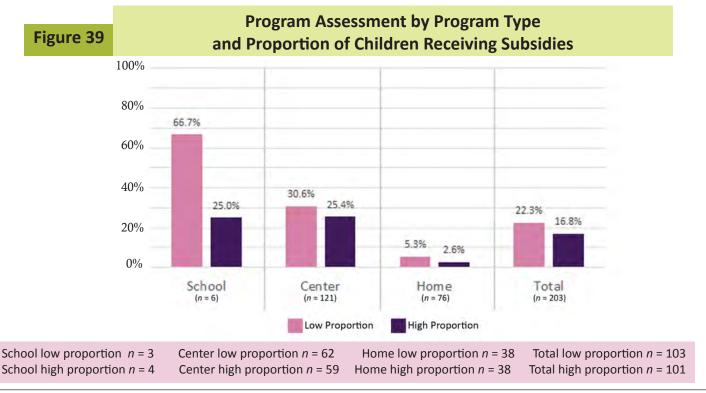
School low proportion n = 4School high proportion n = 2Center low proportion n = 73Center high proportion n = 49Home low proportion n = 25Home high proportion n = 51Total low proportion n = 102Total high proportion n = 102

ARE PROGRAMS ASSESSED?

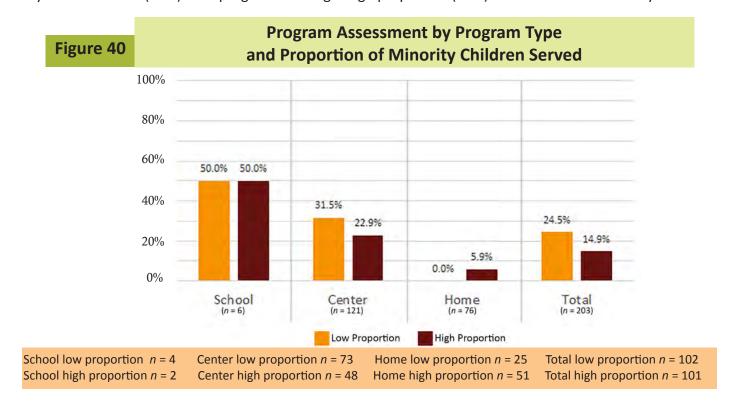
Programs reported on whether any assessments were used to rate or evaluate the entire program. More school-based programs were assessed (43%) than centers (28%) and homes (4%). Percentages were much higher for accredited schools and centers than their non-accredited counterparts. This was not the case for home-based programs.



As shown in Figure 39, programs serving more children on subsidies were slightly less likely to be assessed (17%) compared to programs serving fewer children on subsidies (22%).



As shown in Figure 40, programs overall that served a low proportion of minority children are more likely to be assessed (25%) than programs serving a high proportion (15%). This trend was driven by centers.



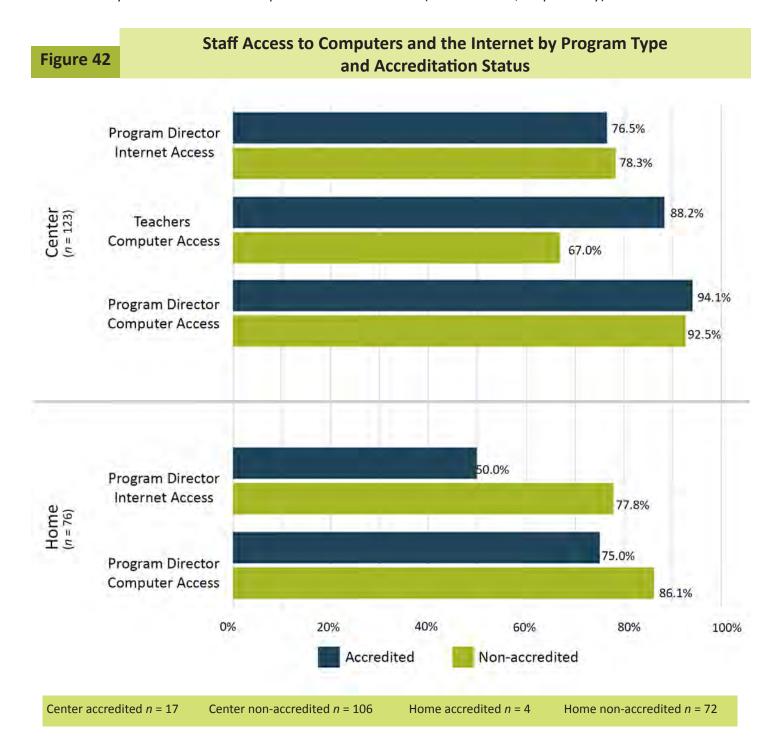
DO THE PROGRAMS HAVE A WEBSITE?

Overall, 42% of programs have a website. All but one of the school-based programs reported having a website (90%). Centers and homes were much less likely to report having a website (58% and 9%, respectively). As shown in Figure 41, accredited programs in general were somewhat more likely to have a website (54%) compared to non-accredited programs (40%). There were no substantial differences by proportion of children receiving subsidies or proportion of minority children served.

Figure 41 Whether Program Has a Website by Program Type and Accreditation Status 100% 80.0% 80% 58.8% 57.5% 60% 53.8% 39 996 40% 20% 9.7% 0.0% 0% School Center Home Total (n = 10)(n = 123)(n = 76)(n = 209)Accredited Non-accredited School accredited n = 5Center accredited n = 17Home accredited n = 4Total accrdited n = 26School non-accredited n = 5Center non-accredited n = 106Home non-accredited n = 72Total non-accredited n = 183

DO PROGRAM STAFF HAVE COMPUTERS AND INTERNET ACCESS?

Programs were asked to report whether their directors had access at least once per day to a computer and the internet. Only computer access was asked for lead teachers. Schools reported staff having full access to computers and to the internet. Centers and homes did not have universal access (see Figure 42). Center directors were more likely to have computer access (93%) compared to center teachers (70%). Seventy-eight percent of center directors had Internet access. Teachers in accredited centers were more likely to have computer access (88%) compared to teacher in non-accredited centers (68%). Home-based providers were about as likely to have access to computers and the internet (86% and 76%, respectively) as center directors.



WHAT SCHOOLS DO CHILDREN ATTEND AFTER GRADUATION FROM PRE-K?

Center- and home-based programs were asked which school districts their students go to after graduation. More than one school district could be indicated. Table 8 shows the frequency of children attending indicated school districts and percentage coming from accredited and non-accredited programs. The majority of centers and homes reported that their children will be served in the KCMO District after graduation. Because the number of non-accredited programs is larger than accredited programs, it is not surprising that most school districts likely will enroll children from non-accredited centers and homes. For centers, there is some variation with respect to which districts receive children from accredited centers.

Table 8

School District Children Will Attend After Graduation from Pre-K by Program Type and Accreditation Status

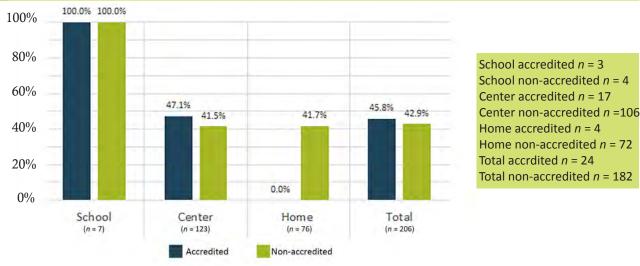
		Accre	ditation			
	Acci	redited	Non-ac	credited	Total	
	Count	%	Count	%	Count	
Center-Based						
ксмо	15	23%	50	77%	65	
Lee's Summit	4	9%	43	91%	47	
Independence	8	19%	35	81%	43	
Raytown	8	21%	30	79%	38	
Blue Springs	1	3%	31	97%	32	
Center	8	32%	17	68%	25	
Hickman Mills	3	13%	21	88%	24	
Grandview	5	22%	18	78%	23	
Grain Valley	1	5%	19	95%	20	
Other school district	7	35%	13	65%	20	
Fort Osage	1	7%	13	93%	14	
кск	3	33%	6	67%	9	
Oak Grove	1	11%	8	89%	9	
Lone Jack	1	20%	4	80%	5	
Home-Based						
ксмо	3	8%	36	92%	39	
Raytown	1	4%	26	96%	27	
Blue Springs	1	4%	24	96%	25	
Independence	1	4%	22	96%	23	
Lee's Summit	1	5%	21	95%	22	
Grandview	1	6%	15	94%	16	
Hickman Mills	1	7%	13	93%	14	
Center	0	0%	9	100%	9	
Grain Valley	0	0%	9	100%	9	
Other school district	0	0%	8	100%	8	
KCK	0	0%	5	100%	5	
Fort Osage	0	0%	3	100%	3	
Oak Grove	0	0%	2	100%	2	
Lone Jack	0	0%	0	0%	0	

HOW DO PROGRAMS INTERACT WITH NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOLS?

For this question, two early childhood program activities with local schools are highlighted: talking with neighborhood school teachers about the social and academic skills needed to prepare children for school, and participating in joint training/professional development with local school staff. Not surprisingly, school-based programs universally reported communicating with neighborhood school teachers about the social and academic needed to prepare children for school (see Figure 43). However, far fewer centers and homes reported doing so (42% and 40%, respectively). There were no substantial differences overall for accreditation status.

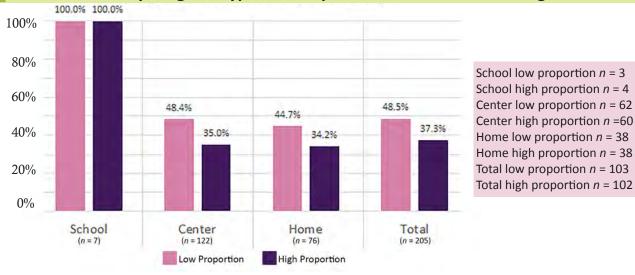
Figure 43

Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Accreditation Status



As shown in Figure 44, programs in general that served a low proportion of children on subsidies are somewhat more likely (49%) to talk with local school teachers about the skills needed for young children to be ready for school compared to those serving a high proportion (37%). Because all school-based programs reported doing so, this trend was driven by centers and homes.

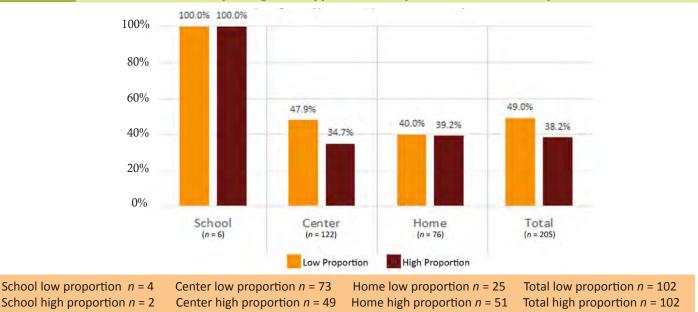
Figure 44 Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies



As shown in Figure 45, 49% of programs serving a low proportion of children on subsidies communicated with neighborhood schools about necessary skills compared to 38% of programs serving a high proportion. This trend was driven primarily by centers.

Figure 45

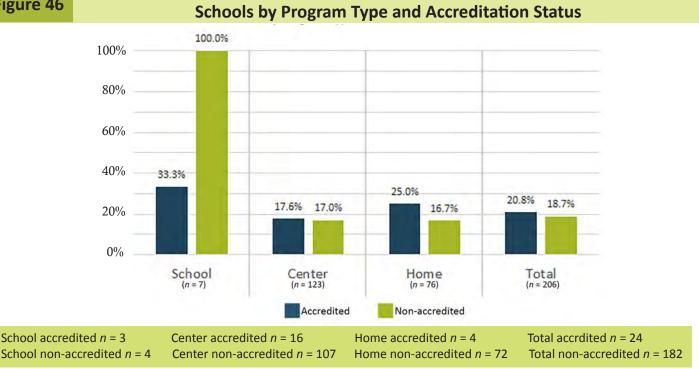
Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social and Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served



Participating in joint training and professional development with neighborhood schools was reported by 71% of school-based programs but only 17% of both centers and homes. There were no substantial differences for joint training for program types based on accreditation status (see Figure 46).

Figure 46

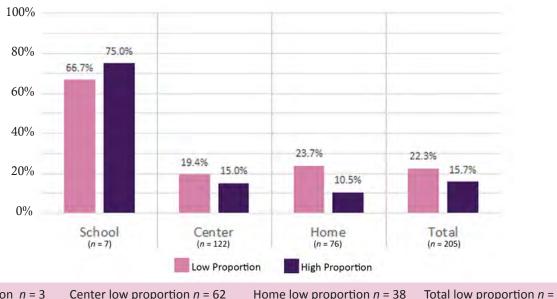
Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood



As shown in Figure 47, programs that served a low proportion of children on subsidies were slightly more likely to participate in joint training with neighborhood schools (22%) compared to programs serving a high proportion (16%). Homes that served a low proportion of children on subsidies were more than twice as likely to participate in joint training/professional development with neighborhood schools compared to homes serving a high proportion of children on subsidies.

Figure 47

Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood Schools by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies



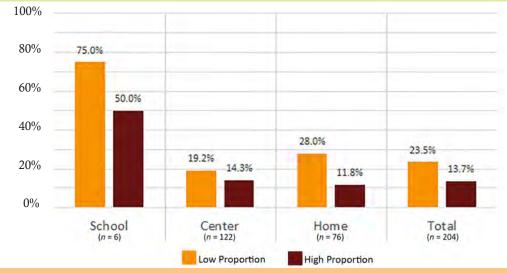
School low proportion n = 3School high proportion n = 4 Center low proportion n = 62Center high proportion n = 60

Home low proportion n = 38Home high proportion n = 38 Total low proportion n = 103Total high proportion n = 102

As shown in Figure 48, programs that served a low proportion of minority children were more likely to report participating in joint professional development opportunities with local schools compared to programs serving a high percentage of minority children (24% vs. 14%).

Figure 48

Participation in Joint Training/Professional Development with Neighborhood Schools by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

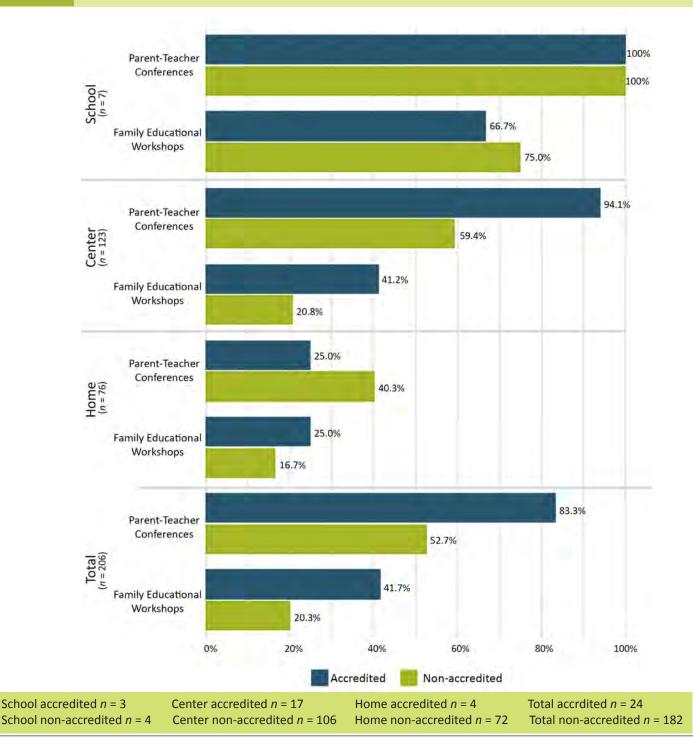


School low proportion n = 4School high proportion n = 2 Center low proportion n = 73Center high proportion n = 49 Home low proportion n = 25Home high proportion n = 51 Total low proportion n = 102Total high proportion n = 102

HOW DO PROGRAMS ENGAGE FAMILIES?

Respondents were asked about strategies for engaging families in the program. Figure 49 shows the strategies that were reported most: parent-teacher conferences and family education workshops. With respect to conferences, 100% of schools offered them, compared to 64% of centers and 40% of homes. Schools were also far more likely to offer family education workshops (71%) than centers (24%) or homes (17%). Accredited programs were more likely to offer these family engagement strategies than non-accredited facilities. These accreditation trends were driven by centers and homes.

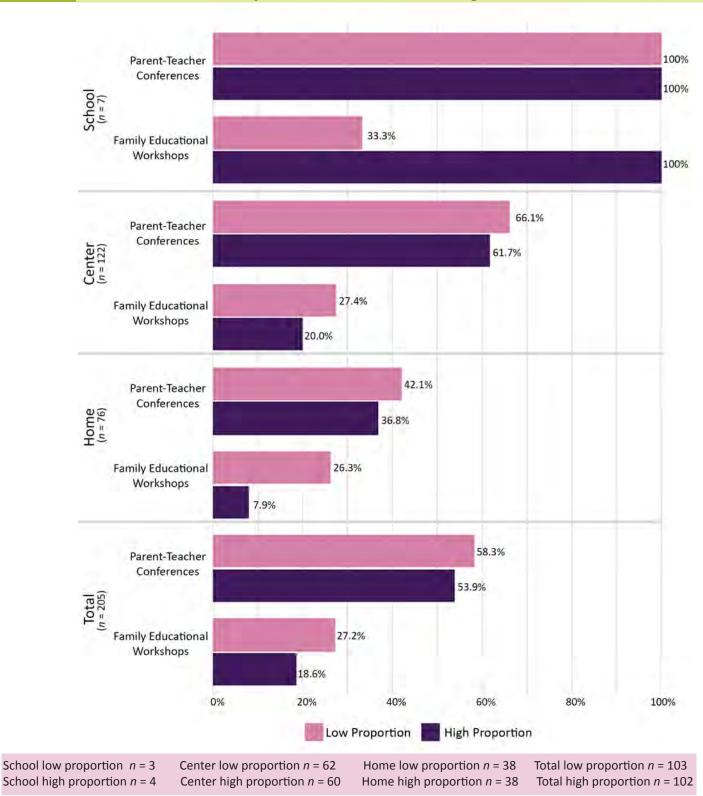
Figure 49 Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Accreditation Status



As shown in Figure 50, programs serving a high proportion of children on subsidies were somewhat less likely to offer family educational workshops (27%) compared to programs serving a low proportion (19%). This trend was particularly evident in home-based programs. There were no substantial differences by proportion of children on subsidies with respect to parent-teacher conferences.



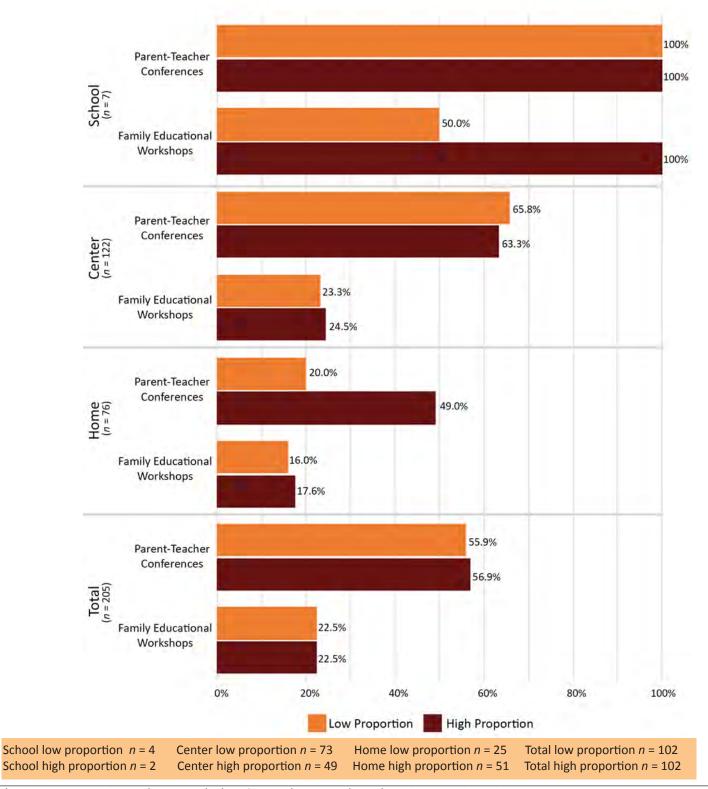
Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies



With respect to proportion of minority children served, there were no substantial differences overall with respect to family engagement strategies (see Figure 51). However, homes that served a high percentage of minority children were more than twice as likely to offer parent-teacher conferences than homes that served a low percentage of minority children (49% vs. 20%).

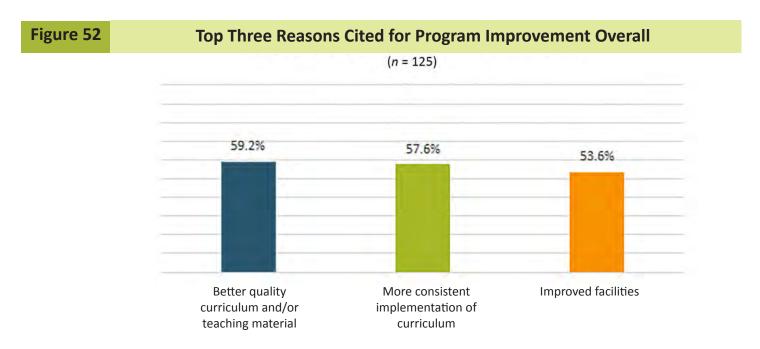
Figure 51

Family Engagement Strategies by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

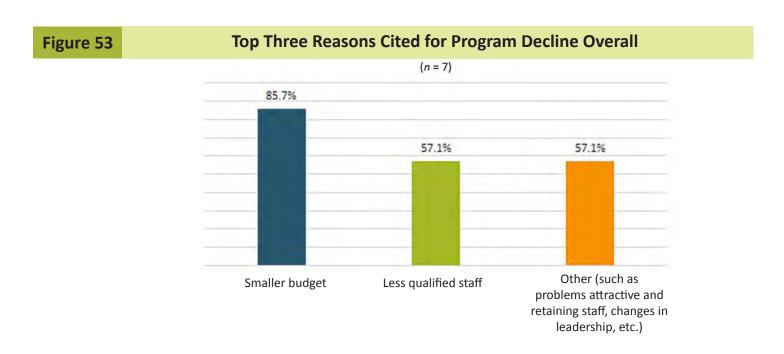


WHY HAS PROGRAM QUALITY IMPROVED OR DECLINED IN THE LAST THREE YEARS?

Programs that had been in business more than three years were asked whether they felt their program had improved or declined. Programs were queried about the reasons for the improvement or decline. The reasons for quality improvement were very similar across program types, with the top answers being better curriculum, more consistent curriculum implementation, and improved facilities (see Figure 52).



The top reasons for program quality decline were smaller budget, less qualified staff, and Other, including changes in leadership and staff retention (see Figure 53). Again, the reasons were similar across program type.



WHAT ARE REASONS CITED FOR EXPANDING OR CLOSING PROGRAMS?

Center- and home-based programs were asked about their future plans, specifically whether they planned to expand the program or whether they expected to close. For those planning on expanding their program, the most cited reasons for expansion were to increase the types of services provided, to reduce waiting lists, and to provide larger space (see Table 9). The reasons were similar across centers and homes.

Table 9		Top Reasons Cited for Wanting to Expand Program (Centers and Homes)						
Center (n = 43)		Percent of programs						
Want to expan	d the type of services provided	72.1%						
Other, such as	higher enrollment/waiting list	25.6%						
Home (n = 23)								
Want to expan	d the type of services provided	65.2%						
Other, such as	needing a bigger space	34.8%						

Overall, 12 centers and 17 homes reported that they were considering closing. These numbers represent 10% and 22% of the center and home samples, respectively. The most cited reason for closing for both centers and homes was difficulty meeting expenses (83% of centers, 59% of homes). Secondary reasons for closing included difficulty finding and keeping qualified staff (centers) and low enrollment and retirement (homes).

Programs were also asked to report on the types of support they needed most (see Table 10). All programs were interested in facilities grants, professional development/training opportunities, and materials subsidies. Schools were uniquely interested in scholarships for students.

ble 10 Types of Support that Would by Program			
School (n = 8)	Percent of programs		
Subsidies for materials	50.0%		
Professional development/training opportunities	37.5%		
Scholarships	37.5%		
Facilities grants	37.5%		
Center (n = 123)			
Facilities grants	56.1%		
Professional development/training opportunities	47.2%		
Subsidies for materials	38.2%		
Home (n = 76)			
Facilities grants	69.7%		
Subsidies for materials	60.5%		
Professional development/training opportunities	42.1%		

WHAT ARE PROGRAMS' REVENUE SOURCES?

Programs were asked to report their income sources. The summary on the sources of programs' revenue (Table 11) shows the percent of programs that cited a particular source, regardless of the amount received by each. Centers and homes are tapping similar sources, with parent fees as the most likely source of income. School-based programs utilize parent fees much less (29%), and many are receiving dollars from the MO Preschool Project (43%) and Part B Special Education (57%), two sources not available or not used by homes and centers. Schools are more likely to report having philanthropic support than centers. Schools and centers reported fundraising as an income source far more often than homes.

ble 11			General Inc	come Sources I	by Program Typ	e	
				General inco	me sources		
Program type	n	Parent fees	Philanthropy	Part-B Special Education	MO Preschool Project (MPP)	Fundraising	Other
School	10	28.6%	28.6%	57.1%	42.9%	28.6%	14.3%
Center	123	90.6%	9.4%	NA	0%	25.6%	12.8%
Home	76	93.4%	*	NA	NA	2.6%	0%

With respect to income from low-income qualified sources, many school-based programs receive revenue from Head Start/Early Head Start and Title I (see Table 12). Compared to schools, centers and homes are more likely to receive assistance from the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), state child care assistance, and monies from other state/federal programs for low-income families. Overall, school-based programs utilize CACFP and child care assistance/subsidies far less compared to centers and homes.

Table 12		Low	-Income	Qualified Source	ces by Program Typ	e
				Low income q	ualified sources	
Program type	n	Head Start/ Early Head Start	Title I	Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	State child care assistance and other state/federal programs	Any form of subsidy/child care assistance
School	10	28.6%	57.1%	14.3%	57.1%	14.3%
Center	123	6.0%	0%	35.9%	65.0%	73.0%
Home	76	1.3%	NA	68.4%	63.2%	67.1%

As shown in Table 13, accredited school-based programs were more likely to receive revenue from the Missouri Preschool Project (MPP) and other sources compared to non-accredited programs. Half of non-accredited school-based programs reported receiving revenue from philanthropic sources, compared to 0% of accredited programs. Accredited centers were more likely to report philanthropic sources and fund-raising as general income sources compared to non-accredited centers.

Table	13		Revenue	Sour	ces by F	Prograi	т Туре	and Acc	creditatio	n Stati	us	
					Low inc	ome qu	alified so	ources				
			Accredited	i					Non-accre	edited		
Туре	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	МРР	Fund- raising	Other	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	MPP	Fund- raising	Other
School	33%	0%	67%	67%	33%	33%	25%	50%	50%	25%	25%	0%
Center	88%	35%	NA	0%	47%	18%	91%	5%	NA	0%	22%	12%
Home	75%	*	NA	NA	0%	0%	94%	*	NA	NA	3%	0%

Note. School accredited n = 3, non-accredited n = 4; Center accredited n = 17, non-accredited n = 100; Home accredited n = 4, non-accredited n = 72.

* Did not ask on survey.

Table 14 shows revenue sources by program type and proportion of children receiving subsidies. Centers and homes serving low proportions of children on subsidies were slightly more likely to report using parent fees compared to counterparts that serve high proportions of children on subsidies. However, it should be noted that most families, no matter their income, are expected to pay tuition in centers and homes.

Table	14		Revei	nue So				pe and Subsidio	Proportiones	n of		
				Pi	roportion	of chil	dren on :	subsidies				
			Low						High			
Туре	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	МРР	Fund- raising	Other	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	MPP	Fund- raising	Other
School	33%	0%	33%	33%	33%	0%	25%	50%	75%	50%	25%	50%
Center	95%	10%	NA	0%	31%	19%	86%	9%	NA	0%	21%	7%
Home	97%	*	NA	NA	3%	0%	90%	*	NA	NA	3%	0%

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Landscape Study: Jackson County, Missouri

^{*} Did not ask on survey.

As shown in Table 15, centers and homes that served a low proportion of minority children were somewhat more likely to use parent fees compared to centers and homes that served a high proportion.

Table	15		9					ogram ' Childre	Type en Served			
				Pro	portion o	of mino	rity child	ren serve	d			
			Low						High			
Туре	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	MPP	Fund- raising	Other	Parent Fees	Philan- thropy	Part-B Special Education	MPP	Fund- raising	Other
School	25%	25%	50%	25%	33%	0%	0%	0%	100%	50%	0%	50%
Center	97%	9%	NA	0%	31%	17%	80%	11%	NA	0%	24%	7%
Home	100%	*	NA	NA	3%	0%	90%	*	NA	NA	4%	0%

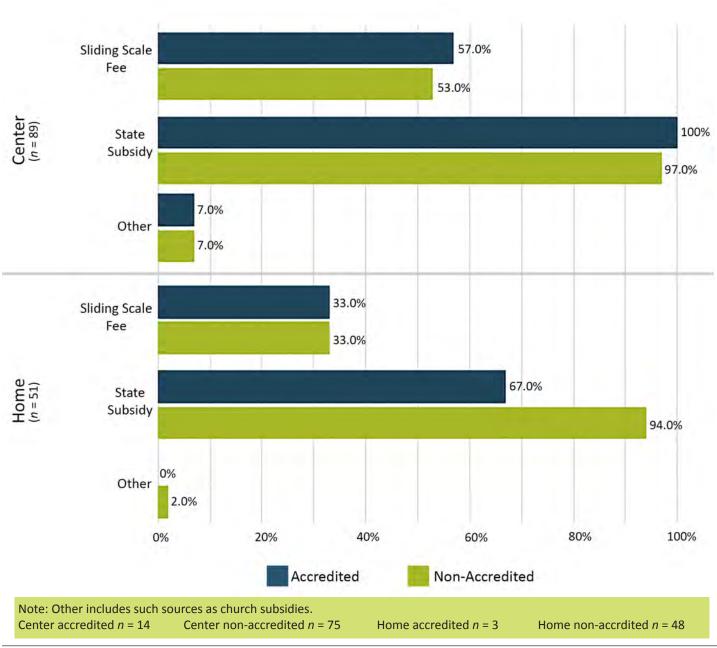
Note. School low n = 4, high n = 2; Center low n = 71, high n = 46; Home low n = 25, high n = 51.

^{*} Did not ask on survey.

WHAT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OR SUBSIDIES DO CHILDREN RECEIVE TO PAY FOR THEIR CARE IN CENTERS AND HOMES?

Center- and home-based programs were asked to report whether their children received financial assistance or child care subsidies; 72% of centers and 67% of homes reported serving children who received assistance/subsidies. Figure 54 shows sources of financial assistance/subsidy by accreditation status. Almost all programs received state child care subsidy (child care assistance) from the Missouri Department of Social Services. Centers were more likely to use sliding scale fees compared to homes; over half of centers reported using sliding scale fees compared to one-third of homes. There were no substantial differences for type of financial assistance by accreditation status, proportion of children receiving subsidies, or proportion of minority children served.

Figure 54 Type of Financial Assistance Received by Program Type and Accreditation Status



WHAT ARE PROGRAMS' MOST COMMON EXPENSES?

Table 16 shows top expenses reported by programs. Although respondents were asked to rank their choices, the figures reported here represent the percentage of programs citing a choice regardless of ranking.

Table 16	The Top Three Most Common Expenses Reporte	d by Programs
chool (n = 7)		
Staff salaries/be	nefits	100%
Direct instruction	n expenditures, e.g., supplies, classroom equipment	71.4%
Instructional su	57.1%	
enters (n = 121)		
Staff salaries/be	nefits	97.5%
Operations and	maintenance of building, e.g., rent, utilities	87.6%
Direct instruction	n expenditures, e.g., supplies, classroom equiptment	76.9%
Home (n = 76)		
Direct instruction	n expenditures, e.g., supplies, classroom equipment	94.7%
Operations and	maintenance of bulding, e.g., rent, utilities	93.4%
Instructional su	oport services, e.g., staff training, technology	43.4%

All schools and nearly all centers reported staff salaries/benefits as their most common expense. For homes, buying supplies and classroom equipment was the most cited expense; these direct instruction expenditures were also in the top three expenses for schools and centers. Schools and homes both cited instructional support services as one of the most common expenses. It is not surprising that centers and homes also cited operations and maintenance of buildings as a major expense, given that schools operate in settings that do not need to be rented and for which utilities are already paid (in some part).

RESULTS

STAFF CHARACTERISTICS

Figures 55 and 56 show the age and gender of early learning program staff by program type. A total of 2,371 staff worked in the 209 programs. With respect to age, homes had the highest proportion of staff over 40 years old (71%), whereas centers had the highest proportion of staff under 26 years old (20%). A vast majority of staff across all programs were female (96%). Comparisons by accreditation, proportion of children on subsidies, and proportion of minority children served indicated no major differences in staff age or gender.

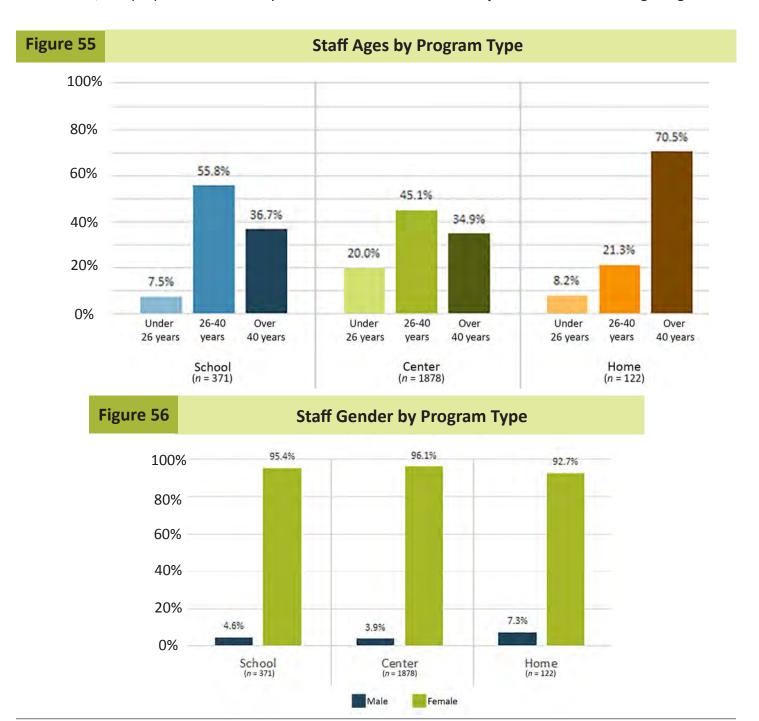
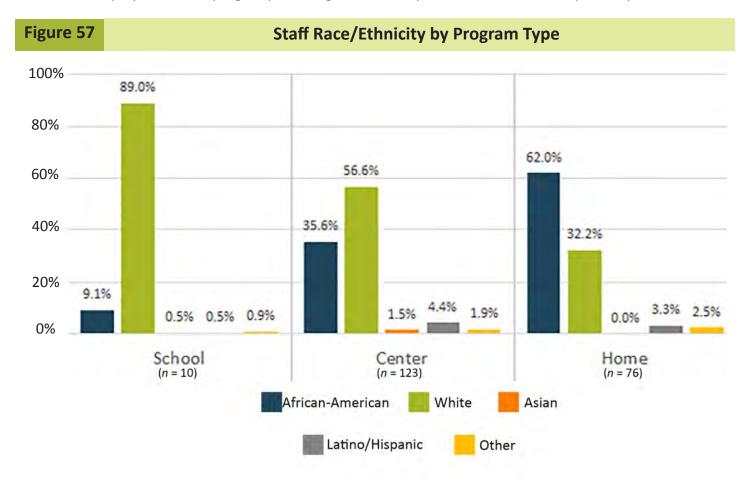


Figure 57 shows the racial/ethnic composition of staff by program type. Proportion of minority staff was related to program type. School-based programs had the lowest percentage of minority staff (11%). Centers and homes employed markedly higher percentages of minority staff, 43% and 68%, respectively.



WHAT STAFF ARE EMPLOYED IN PROGRAMS?

Staff roles in schools and centers included program directors, assistant directors, lead teachers, assistant teachers, specialists, and other roles. Homes were only staffed by providers/directors and assistant teachers. All schools reported having directors, lead teachers, and assistant teachers; 25% of schools reported having an assistant director, 88% had specialists, and 88% employed other roles (such as custodian, receptionist). For centers, 100% reported having a program director, 46% had assistant director(s), 98% had lead teachers, 14% employed specialists, and 58% had other roles. All homes had a primary provider; 36% employed assistant teachers as well.

Accredited centers employed a higher percentage of specialists and other roles compared to non-accredited centers (82% vs. 54%). Homes serving a high proportion of children on subsidies were more likely to employ teacher assistants compared to homes that served a low proportion (50% vs. 21%).

WHAT IS THE EDUCATION LEVEL FOR LEAD TEACHERS AND HOME-BASED PROVIDERS?

School- and center-based programs were asked to provide the highest level of education completed by most of their lead teachers. Home providers were asked to report their highest level of education.

All school-based programs reported that most of their lead teachers have a bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 28% of lead teachers in centers and 12% of home providers. Figure 58 shows highest level of education for lead teachers/providers by accreditation status. Accredited programs in general were more likely to report that most teachers hold bachelor's degrees or higher (56%) compared to non-accredited programs (21%). More than half of accredited centers reported that most of their teachers had at least a bachelor's degree (53%) compared to 24% of non-accredited centers.

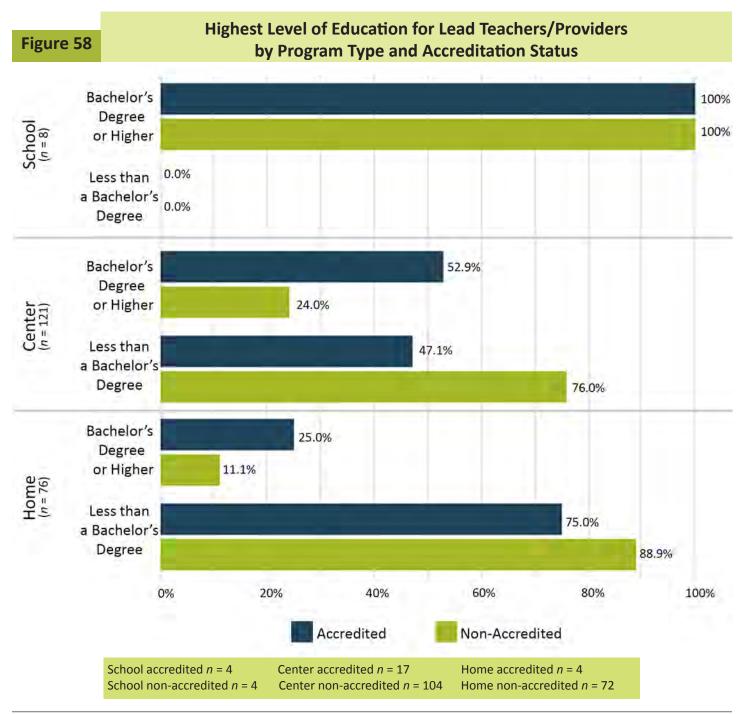
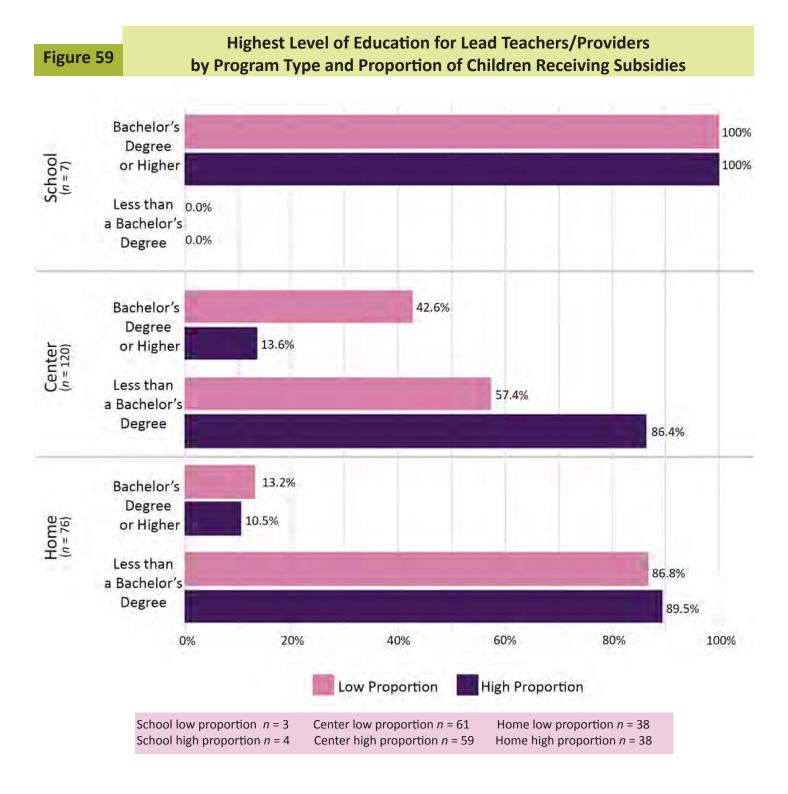
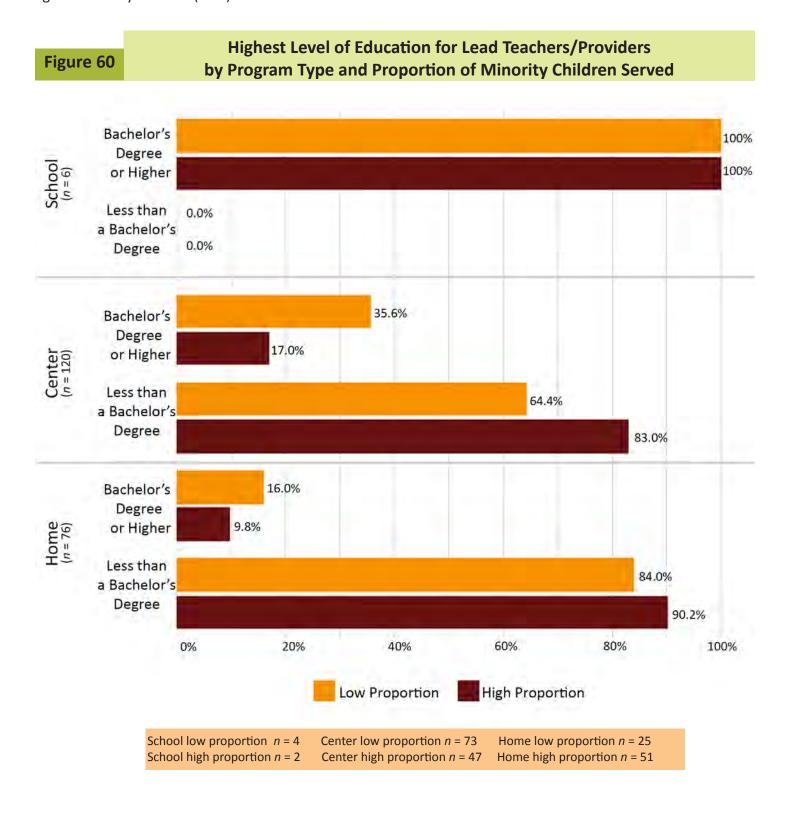


Figure 59 shows highest level of education for lead teachers/providers by program type and proportion of children receiving subsidies. Centers that served a low proportion of children on subsidies were three times as likely to have lead teachers with at least a bachelor's degree (43%) as centers serving a high proportion of children on subsidies (14%). This was not the case for schools and homes.



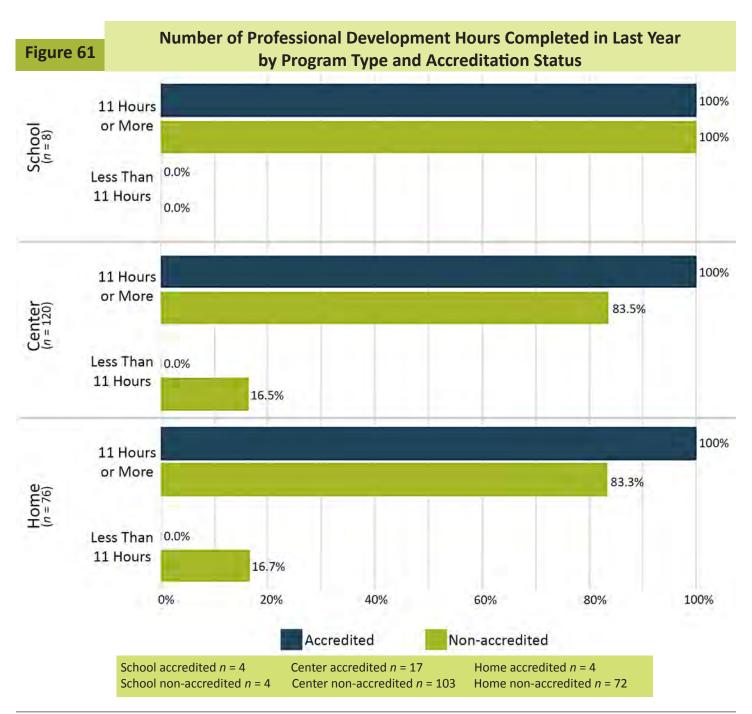
As shown in Figure 60, centers serving a low percentage of minority children were twice as likely to have lead teachers who have at least a bachelor's degree (36%) as compared to centers serving a high percentage of minority children (17%).



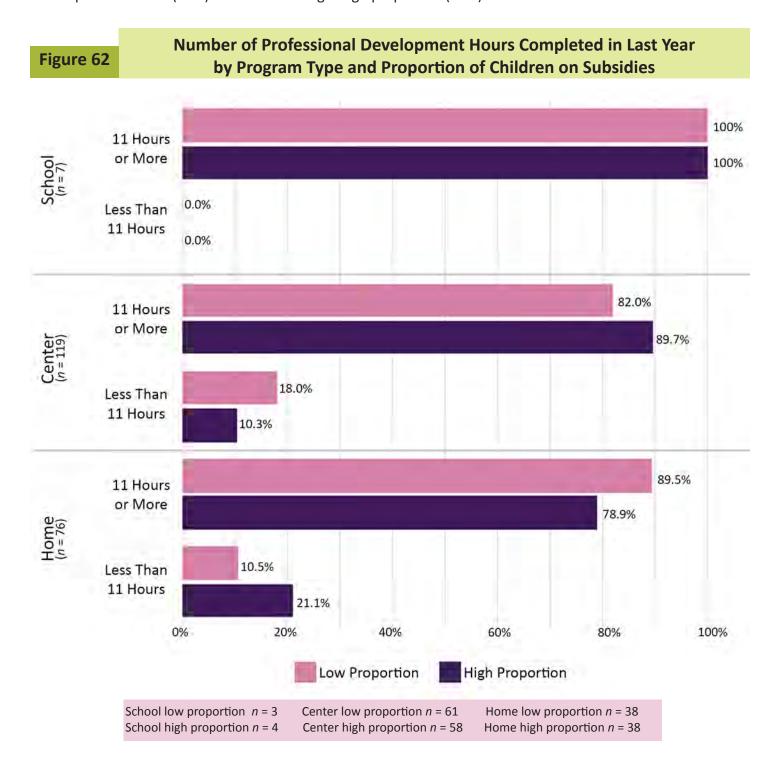
HOW MANY HOURS OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DO TEACHERS COMPLETE?

School- and center-based programs were asked to report the average number of professional development hours (training clock hours) that lead teachers completed in the last 12 months. Homes reported the average number of hours of professional development that the provider and staff completed in the last 12 months.

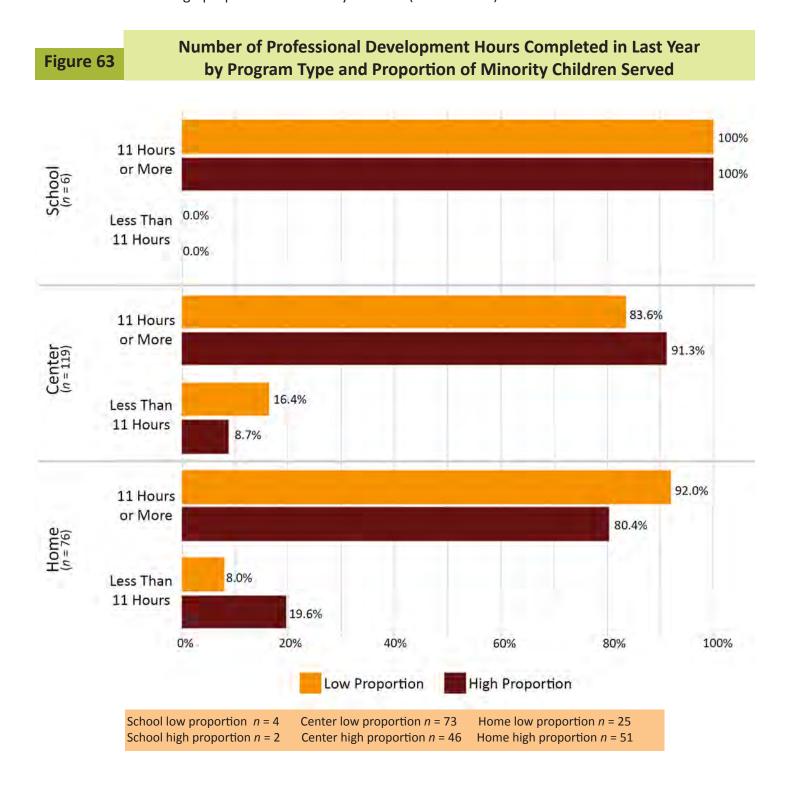
All lead teachers in school-based programs completed at least 11 professional development hours in the last year, compared to 86% of center lead teachers and 84% of home providers and staff. In general, accredited programs overall were more likely to have teachers who completed at least 11 training hours (100%) compared to non-accredited programs (84%) (see Figure 61).



As shown in Figure 62, centers serving a high proportion of children on subsidies were about as likely to have staff completing at least 11 hours of professional development as centers that served a low proportion. On the other hand, homes serving a low proportion of children receiving subsidies were somewhat more likely to complete 11 hours (90%) as homes serving a high proportion (79%).

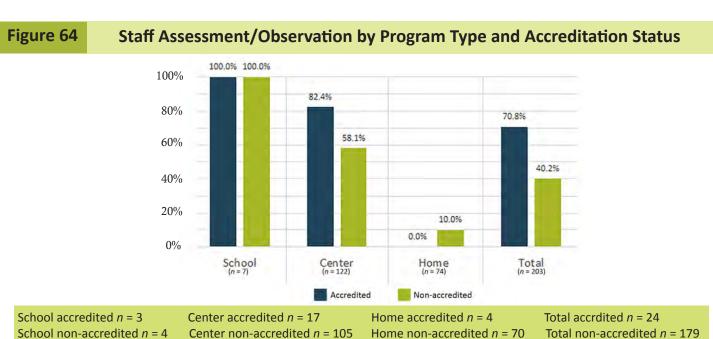


Overall, there were no differences in completing professional development hours based on proportion of minority children served. However, as shown in Figure 63, homes serving a low proportion of minority children were somewhat more likely to complete at least 11 professional development hours compared to homes that served a high proportion of minority children (92% vs. 80%).

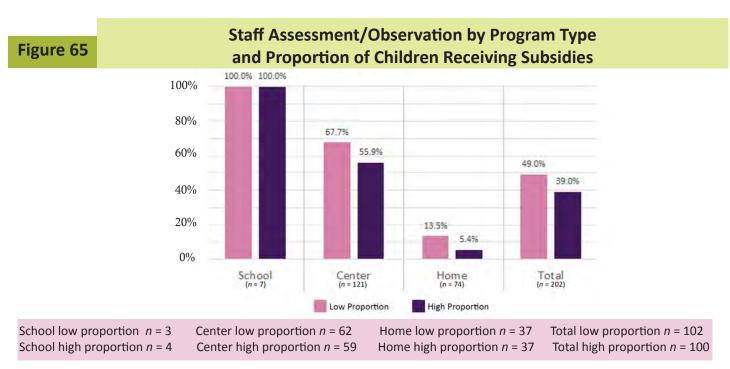


ARE MEASURES OF STAFF PERFORMANCE USED?

With respect to staff performance measures, programs were asked to report on teacher assessments and observations. School programs universally reported assessing/observing their teachers, compared to 62% of centers and 10% of homes. In general, accredited programs were more likely to use measures of staff performance (71%) compared to non-accredited programs (40%). For centers, as shown in Figure 64, accreditation status was related to assessment/observation of teachers; accredited centers were more likely to use performance measures (82%) compared to non-accredited centers (58%).



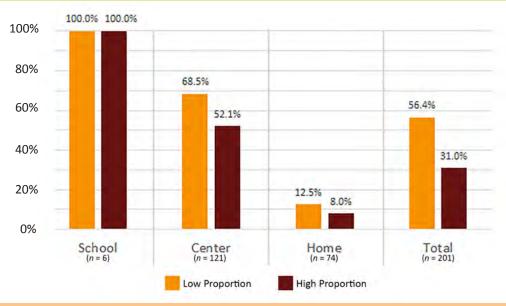
As shown in Figure 65, centers and homes that served a low percentage of low-income children were more likely to assess or observe lead teachers than those serving a higher percentage of low-income children.



Similarly, programs in general that served a low proportion of minority children were more likely to assess/observe teachers (56%) compared to programs serving a high proportion (31%). Both centers and homes followed this trend.



Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served



School low proportion n = 4School high proportion n = 2 Center low proportion n = 73Center high proportion n = 48 Home low proportion n = 24Home high proportion n = 50 Total low proportion n = 101Total high proportion n = 100

WHAT ARE THE RATES OF PAY FOR TEACHING STAFF?

Table 17 shows mean hourly wages by program type for lead teachers and assistant teachers. Center lead teachers earned more than home providers (\$9.42 vs. \$8.48). The mean hourly wage for school-based teachers (\$24.50) was based on only two cases. The pay for teaching assistants was higher in schools (\$12.04) than in centers (\$8.32), although it should be noted that the school average was based on seven cases. It is likely that some of the discrepancy in wages are based on differences in educational attainment; 100% of schools reported that most of their teachers had at least a bachelor's degree, compared to 28% of lead teachers in centers and 12% of home providers. Lead teachers in accredited center programs earned more (\$11.32) than their non-accredited counterparts (\$9.14). Assistant teachers in accredited home programs earned slightly more (\$8.98) than assistant teachers in non-accredited home programs (\$8.21). It should be noted that much wage data were missing across all program types, particularly for schools and homes.

Table 17	Mean Hourly Wage for Teaching Staff by Program Type and Accreditation Status											
		Accreditation										
	A	ccredite	d	No	n-accred	ited		Total				
	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD			
Lead Teacher												
School	*	*	*	\$24.50	2	.71	\$24.50	2	.71			
Center	\$11.32	14	2.60	\$9.14	95	1.40	\$9.42	109	1.75			
Home	\$7.5	1		\$8.54	15	1.2	\$8.48	16	1.19			
Assistant Teachers												
School	\$11.55	3	1.50	\$12.40	4	1.63	\$12.04	7	1.51			
Center	\$8.98	14	1.19	\$8.21	87	.87	\$8.32	101	.95			
Home	*			*			*					

Table 18 shows mean hourly wage for teaching staff by program type and proportion of children on subsidies. For center lead and assistant teachers, wages are related to the proportion of low-income children served; staff in programs serving a low proportion of children on subsidies earned somewhat more than staff in centers serving a high proportion of children on subsidies.

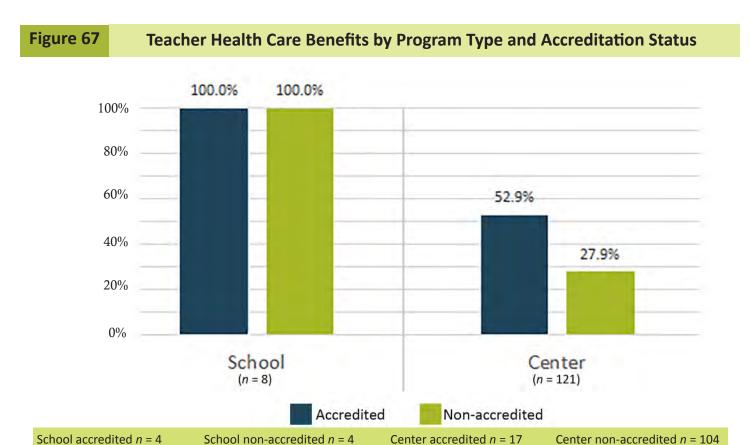
Table 18	by Pr	ogram '		lourly Wag Proportio				bsidies	
			Pr	oportion of c	:hildren i	eceiving s	ubsidies		
		Low			High			Total	
	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD
Lead Teacher									
School	*	*	*	\$25.40	2	.71	\$24.50	2	.71
Center	\$9.78	50	1.80	\$9.12	58	1.65	\$9.43	108	1.76
Home	\$8.33	5	1.65	\$8.55	11	1.25	\$8.48	16	1.19
Assistant Teachers									
School	\$11.35	3	1.88	\$12.19	4	1.47	\$12.04	7	1.51
Center	\$8.48	50	1.03	\$8.16	50	.85	\$8.32	100	.96
Home	*						*		

As shown in Table 19, lead and assistant teachers in centers and homes that served a low percentage of minority children earned slightly more than those in facilities serving a high percentage of minority children.

Table 19	by	Progran		lourly Wag nd Proport				erved				
		Proportion of minority children served										
		Low			High			Total				
	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD	Mean	N	SD			
Lead Teacher												
School	*	*	*	\$25.00	1	1.47	\$25.00	1	.,			
Center	\$9.68	63	1.80	\$9.02	45	1.62	\$9.43	108	1.76			
Home	\$8.75	6	1.08	\$8.32	10	1.28	\$8.48	16	1.19			
Assistant Teachers												
School	\$11.62	4	1.59	\$11.89	2	1.25	\$11.71	6	1.36			
Center	\$8.41	61	.96	\$8.17	39	.94	\$8.32	100	.96			
Home	*						*					

DO TEACHERS RECEIVE HEALTH CARE BENEFITS?

School- and center-based programs were asked whether they provided health care benefits to staff. Schools universally provided health care benefits to teachers, but only 31% of centers did so. As shown in Figure 67, compared to non-accredited centers, a higher proportion of accredited centers provided health care benefits to their teachers.



There were no substantial differences in health care benefit provision by the proportion of children on subsidies or by proportion of minority children served.

WHAT ARE STAFF TURNOVER RATES?

Schools and centers were asked to report the number of positions that needed to be filled during the previous school year and to differentiate between newly created positions and those positions that were open as a result of turnover. Turnover rate was defined as the number of positions that needed to be filled as a result of turnover divided by the total number of teachers in the program.

The teacher turnover rate in centers was more than three times higher (27%) than the school rate (8%). Although homes were not asked about turnover rate, the percentage of home providers that were considering closing (22%) provides a proxy for home provider turnover. It is noteworthy that accredited programs in general had higher turnover rates (34%) than non-accredited program (25%). As shown in Figure 68, accredited centers exhibited a higher turnover rate than non-accredited centers (40% vs. 25%), which drove this trend.

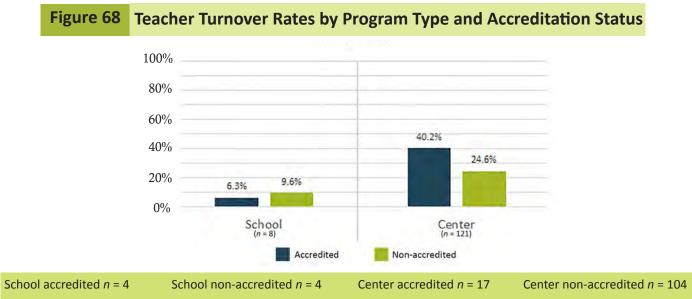


Figure 69 shows teacher turnover rates by program type and proportion of children on subsidies. Although the number of school-based programs was very small, there was some evidence of higher turnover in schools serving high proportions of low-income children compared to schools serving low proportions of low-income children.

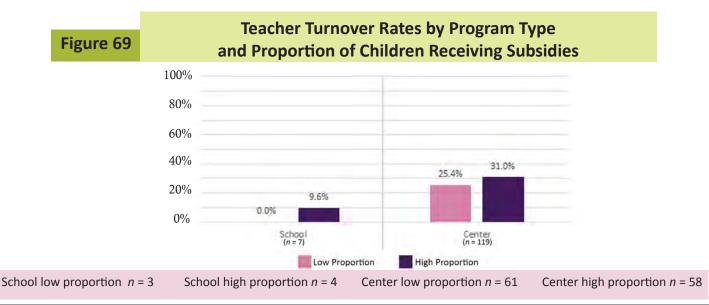
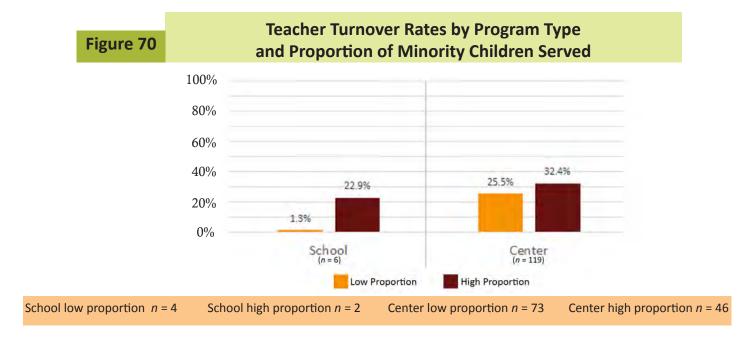


Figure 70 shows teacher turnover rates by program type and proportion of minority children served. Although the number of school-based programs is very small, there was some evidence of higher turnover in schools serving high proportions of minority children compared to schools serving low proportions of minority children.



WHAT IS THE STAFF PIPELINE TO PROGRAMS?

School- and center-based programs reported what most lead teachers were doing before they started working at their current position. Home-based providers reported on employment before working at their current position. Although respondents were asked to rank their choices, the figures reported here represent the percentage of programs citing a choice regardless of ranking.

The most common employment prior to one's current position is shown in Table 20. Schools and centers cited working in the same program but in a different position as the most common prior employment status, which suggests that respondents were promoted within the program. Schools are the only program type to mention recent graduates from a four-year college, which is consistent with the higher levels of education reported for school-based lead teachers. Home programs were unique in that most providers reported coming into the field without any early education experience.

Table 20	Teachers/Providers Employment Prior to their C by Program Type	urrent Position
School (n = 8)		
Working in cur	rent program but in a different position	87.5%
Recent gradua	tes from a four-year college	62.5%
Working in an	education-related position but not early childhood	50.0%
Working in a d	ifferent program but similar position	50.0%
Centers (n = 123)		
Working in a d	ifferent program but similar position	74.8%
Working in an	early education program but in a different position	60.2%
Working in cur	rent program but in a different position	41.5%
lome (n = 7)		
Working in a p	osition not related to education or early childhood	70.7%
Working in a d	ifferent early childhood program in a different position	13.3%
Working in a d	ifferent early childhood program in a similar position	8.0%
Working in an	education-related position but not in early childhood	8.0%

SUMMARY

The purpose of this project was to conduct a survey of the licensed and regulated early care and learning programs in Jackson County, Missouri, and prepare a database of information for use by the Pre-K Collaborative. The surveyed programs included those based in school districts, centers, and homes serving children prior to kindergarten entry. Per the decision of the Pre-K Collaborative, programs that were not licensed or regulated were not recruited for the survey. Based on the survey structure, the units of analysis were programs, not children or families.

METHOD

The return rate overall was 58% (209 out of 361 programs recruited). By program type, 83% of schools, 60% of centers, and 53% of homes responded. These rates were much higher than the 31% and 27% reported in two earlier Jackson County provider surveys, even though the present survey was much greater in length (Greenwood, Carta, & Olson, 2014, August 8). The higher response rate for this survey is attributed to the multiple methods and extensive staff time used to recruit, contact, follow-up, motivate, and assist programs to participate.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

Three key questions were addressed: What are children's demographic characteristics? What are the programs' characteristics? What are program staff characteristics? The data pertaining to these questions were generally examined by program type, by accreditation status, proportion of children receiving subsidies, and proportion of minority children served.

LIMITATIONS/CONSIDERATIONS

One drawback of survey research is that the data are based on self-report, which relies on the memory and knowledge of the respondents. Another issue was the sizeable length of the survey, with a potential of 187 items to be answered in the longest survey. Some programs were reluctant to share financial data, including staff pay, which resulted in a fair amount of missing data. A special challenge with school-based programs was that only one survey was completed for each, even though they sponsored several kinds of programs (e.g., Early Head Start and pre-K). Due to project fiscal considerations, there were no direct assessments of program or class quality, which limits the ability of this study to draw any direct conclusions regarding the quality of early learning programs.

Because only 10 school-based programs returned surveys, the interpretation of the data on such a small sample presented challenges. Similarly, only 4 of 76 home programs were accredited, which limited the ability to draw conclusions based on accreditation status. Consequently, inferential statistics were not calculated, and visual analysis of the cell counts and/or percentages were used to weigh comparability within and between program types, accreditation status, proportion of children receiving subsidy, and proportion of minority children served.

Key findings by research question are listed below.

Question 1: What are children's demographic characteristics?

- School-based programs did not serve children under the age of three, whereas centers and homes served children from birth to preschool.
- Overall, the programs surveyed served more children over 3 years old than under 3. Homes tended to serve more infants and toddlers than centers.
- Schools and homes served relatively more minority children than center-based programs. However, the minority percentage for centers was most comparable to the 2013 Census figure for Jackson County's total population.
- The overall percentage of children receiving special services was 6%. School-based programs had much higher percentage of children receiving special services (48%) compared to centers (4%) and homes (3%).
- The overall percentage of children who were English Language Learners (ELL) was 5.2%.
- Accredited centers and homes served more minority children than non-accredited centers and homes. For school-based programs, nearly equal proportions of minority and nonminority children were served in accredited and non-accredited programs.

Question 2: What are the programs' characteristics?

- Only 12% of programs were accredited across all program types. However, school-based programs were more likely to be accredited (50%) than center- (14%) or home-based programs (5%).
- Overall, 13% of programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies were accredited compared to 11% of programs serving a low proportion of children on subsidies. Given the small number of accredited programs overall, these data suggest that lower-income children were accessing accredited programs at roughly the same rate as children from families with relatively higher incomes.
- Fourteen percent of all programs that served a high proportion of minority children were accredited, compared to 10% of accredited programs serving a low proportion of minority children. These data suggest that proportion of minority children served is not related to accreditation status overall. However, for centers, accreditation was somewhat related to proportion of minority children served in a positive fashion. The percentage of accredited centers that served a high proportion of minority children (20%) was twice as high as the percentage of accredited centers that served a low proportion of minority children (10%).
- For all programs, the rate of child attrition was 13%. The attrition rate for schools (7%) was some what lower than that for centers (12%) and homes (13%).
- Child attrition in non-accredited centers was nearly twice as high (13%) compared to accredited centers (7%).
- Child attrition was more than twice as high in programs that served a high percentage of minority children (17%) compared to programs serving a low percentage (8%).
- Overall, more than two-thirds of programs (71%) reported using a curriculum. All school-based programs were using a curriculum, compared to 74% of centers and 65% of homes.
- Accredited programs were more likely to report using a curriculum than non-accredited programs. For centers, 100% of accredited programs used a curriculum, compared to 70% of non-accredited programs.

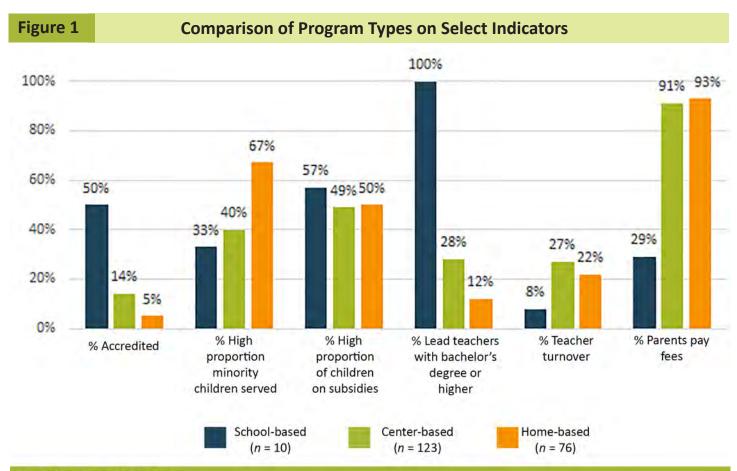
- Homes serving a high proportion of children on subsidy were less likely to use a curriculum (53%) than homes serving a low proportion of children on subsidy (76%).
- The majority of school-based programs reported assessing kindergarten readiness (71%), compared to 50% of centers and 32% of homes.
- Accredited centers were somewhat more likely to assess kindergarten readiness (59%) compared to non-accredited centers (48%)
- Programs overall that served a high proportion of minority children were less likely to assess kindergarten readiness (34%) compared to programs serving a low proportion (53%).
- School-based programs were more likely to offer summer school (70%) compared to centers (40%) and homes (49%).
- Homes were most likely to offer before- and/or after-school services (71%), followed by centers (60%), and then schools (40%).
- Programs that served a high proportion of minority children were more likely to offer before- and/or after-school services across all program types (78%) compared to programs that served a low proportion (49%).
- Eighty percent of school programs provided transportation compared to only 8% of centers and 5% of homes.
- Accredited programs were more likely to provide transportation (31%) compared to non-accredited programs (8%).
- Centers that served a high percentage of minority children were more than twice as likely to provide transportation services as centers serving a low percentage of minority children (12% vs. 5%).
- All school-based programs reported communicating with neighborhood school teachers about the social and academic needed to prepare children for school. However, far fewer centers and homes reported doing so (42% and 40%, respectively).
- Participating in joint training and professional development with neighborhood schools was reported by 71% of school-based programs but only 17% of both centers and homes.
- Schools universally report offering parent-teacher conferences, compared to 64% of centers and 40% of homes. Schools were also far more likely to offer family education workshops (71%) than centers (24%) or homes (17%).
- Accredited programs were more likely to offer parent-teacher conferences and family education workshops than non-accredited facilities.
- Revenue sources differed greatly by program type. More than 90% of centers and homes used parent fees, compared to 29% of schools.
- Nearly three-quarters (72%) of centers and 67% of homes reported serving children who receive assistance/subsidies. Most of these programs received state child care assistance. Over half of centers and one-third of homes used sliding scale fees based on family income.
- For schools and centers, staff salaries and benefits were the top expenses. Instructional expenditures (supplies, equipment) were the top expenses for homes.
- Ten percent of centers and 22% of homes in the sample were considering closing.

Question 3: What are program staff characteristics?

- School-based programs had the lowest percentage of minority staff (11%). Centers and homes employed markedly higher percentages of minority staff, 43% and 68%, respectively.
- All school-based programs reported that most of their lead teachers have a bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 28% of lead teachers in centers and 12% of home providers.
- Accredited programs in general were more likely to report that most teachers hold bachelor's degrees or higher (56%) compared to non-accredited programs (21%)
- Centers that served a low proportion of children on subsidies were three times more likely to have at least a bachelor's degree (43%) compared to centers serving a high proportion of children on subsidies (14%).
- Centers serving a low percentage of minority children were twice as likely to have lead teachers who have at least a bachelor's degree (36%) compared to centers serving a high percentage of minority children (17%).
- Center lead teachers' average hourly wage was higher than home providers' (\$9.42 vs. \$8.48). The mean hourly wage for school-based teachers (\$24.50) was based on only two cases.
- Schools universally provided health care benefits to teachers, but only 31% of centers provided benefits.
- The teacher turnover rate in centers was more than three times higher (27%) than the school rate (8%).

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The survey showed that schools, centers, and homes differed with respect to children served, program characteristics, and staff characteristics (see Figure 1). Likely as a result of their access to more sources of revenue, school-based programs were more likely to be accredited, to have bachelor's-level teachers who receive appropriate compensation and benefits, to offer services such as transportation and summer school, and to use strategies to engage families in the program compared to centers and homes. The focus on formal learning opportunities varied with respect to program type. School-based programs were most likely to use a curriculum and assess kindergarten readiness (100% and 71%, respectively), followed by centers (74% and 50%, respectively), then homes (65% and 32%, respectively).



Note n's may differ by indicator.

Only 12% of the programs surveyed were accredited. However, schools were far more likely to be accredited (50%) than centers (14%) and homes (5%). Due to accreditation requirements, it is not surprising that accredited programs compare favorably to non-accredited programs on a number of ostensible quality indicators. Overall, accredited programs had lower child attrition and were more likely to have better educated teachers, to use a curriculum, to assess kindergarten readiness compared to non-accredited programs. In addition, accredited programs were more likely to offer transportation services, to offer parent conferences and family education workshops, and to engage in program assessments than non-accredited programs.

^{*}For homes, the figure is the percent of home providers that reported they were considering closing.

An important consideration with respect to accreditation is whether children of all backgrounds have access to accredited programs. In this survey, 13% of programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies were accredited, compared to 11% of programs serving a low proportion. These data suggest that children from low-income families were accessing accredited programs at roughly the same rate as children from families with higher incomes. Similarly, 14% of all programs that served a high proportion of minority children were accredited, compared to 10% of accredited programs serving a low proportion, which suggests that minority children were accessing accredited programs at about the same rate, if not slightly higher, as nonminority children.

Compared to programs that served a low proportion of children receiving subsidies (20% or less), programs that served a high proportion (more than 20%) were less likely to have teachers with at least a bachelor's degree and to use a curriculum. In addition, programs that served a high proportion of children on subsidies had a higher attrition rate and were somewhat less likely to assess kindergarten readiness compared to programs that served a low proportion. These results suggest that programs that serve relatively more low-income families differ in important ways that may affect the quality of early childhood education environment when compared to programs that serve relatively fewer low-income families. In particular, centers and homes that served more low-income families likely have access to fewer financial resources, which may account for many of the differences.

The analyses based on the proportion of minority children served provide additional information on the extent to which programs differed based on the population served. Programs that served a high proportion of minority children (more than 54%) compared both favorably and unfavorably with those serving a low proportion (54% or less). On the positive side, programs that served a high proportion of minority children were more likely to offer before- /after-school services (all program types), summer school (homes), and transportation services (centers) than counterparts that served a low proportion. On the negative side, compared to programs that served a low proportion, programs serving a high proportion of minority children had higher child attrition rates (17% vs. 8%), were less likely to have lead teachers with at least a bachelor's degree (17% vs. 36%), and were less likely to assess kindergarten readiness (34% vs. 53%).

REFERENCES

- Barnett, W. S., Carolan, M. E., & Johns, M. (2013). *The state of preschool 2013: State preschool yearbook*. New Brunswick, NJ: National Institute for Early Education Research.
- Greenwood, C., Carta, J., and Olson, D. (August 8, 2014). The greater Kansas City early care and education study. *Proposal submitted to the Kansas City Pre-K Collaborative*.
- Heckman, J. J. (2006). Skill formation and the economics of investing in disadvantaged children. *Science*, 312(5782), 1900-1902.
- Heckman, J. J., & Masterov, D. V. (2007). The productivity argument for investing in young children. *Review of Agricultural Economics*, 29(3), 446-493.
- National Association for the Education of Young Children. (n.d.). A Call for Excellence in Early Childhood Education. Retrieved from https://www.naeyc.org/policy/excellence.
- NICHD Early Child Care Research Network. (2005). Early child care and children's development in the primary grades: Follow-up results from the NICHD Study of Early Child Care. *American Educational Research Journal*, 42(3), 537-570.
- Reynolds, A. J., Temple, J. A., Ou, S. R., Arteaga, I. A., & White, B. A. B. (2011). School-based early childhood education and age-28 well-being: Effects by timing, dosage, and subgroups. *Science*, 333(6040), 360-364.
- Yoshikawa, H., Weiland, C., Brooks-Gunn, J., Burchinal, M. R., Espinosa, L. M., Gormley, W. T., . . . Zaslow, M. J. (2013). Investing in our future: The evidence base on preschool education. http://fcd-us.org/sites/default/files/Evidence%20Base%20on%20Preschool%20Education%20FINAL.pdf

APPENDIX A

MEANS AND CROSSTAB TABLES

Table A1. Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies by Program Type

			F	Program type		
			School	Center	Home	Total
Proportion of children	low	Count	3	62	38	103
receiving subsidies		% within Program type	42.9%	50.8%	50.0%	50.2%
	high	Count	4	60	38	102
		% within Program type	57.1%	49.2%	50.0%	49.8%
Total		Count	7	122	76	205
		% within Program type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A2. Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type

			- F			
			School	Center	Home	Total
Proportion of minority children	low	Count	4	73	25	102
served		% within Program type	66.7%	59.8%	32.9%	50.0%
	high	Count	2	49	51	102
		% within Program type	33.3%	40.2%	67.1%	50.0%
Total		Count	6	122	76	204
		% within Program type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A3. Child Age and Gender by Program Type

			Ages of 0	Children Ser	ved (Month	ıs)		% Gende	er
Program Type	N Programs	Value	0 -12	13 -24	25 -36	37 – Pre- School	All Children	Male	Female
School	10	Count	0	0	0	1917	1917		
		%	0	0	0	100	100	54.5	45.5
Center	123	Count	935	1083	1702	3835	7555		
		%	12	14	23	51	100	50.9	49.1
Home	76	Count	95	139	166	209	609		
		%	16	23	27	34	100	50.3	49.7
All	209	Count	1030	1222	1868	5961	10081		
		%	10	12	19	59	100	51.2	48.8

Table A4. Child Race/Ethnicity and ELL Status by Program Type

			Race/Ethnicity (Percentage)								
Program Type	N Programs	African- American	White/ Caucasian	Asian	Latino/ Hispanic	Other	% Minority	% ELL			
School	10	37.0	48.3	3.6	11.0	0	51.7	12.6			
Center	123	29.8	60.9	2.7	4.8	1.8	39.1	5.9			
Home	76	50.6	39.6	0.7	4.6	4.5	60.4	3.6			
All	209	31.9	58.3	2.6	5.4	1.8	41.7	5.2			
US Census 20)13	24.0	63.1	1.8	8.6	0.9	36.9				

Note. ELL = English Language Learners; US Census 2013, Population at

http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/29/29095.html

Table A5. Child Race/Ethnicity by Accreditation Status

			Accr	edited (P	ercent)		Non-Accred	dited (Per	cent)		
Program Type	N Programs	AA	CA	AS	ні	ОТН	AA	CA	AS	ні	ОТН
School	10	45	47	2	6	0	33	49	4	14	0
Center	123	49	39	1	7	5	25	67	3	4	1
Home	76	83	11	3	3	0	49	41	1	5	5
	Note. Abbreviat	ions are: A	AA = African	America	n, CA = Caucasi	an, AS = A	sian, HI –	Hispanic, C	th = Oth	er	

Table A6. Child Minority Status by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

	, , ,	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Program type		Low	High
School	Count	23	450
	%	10.2%	65.2%
Center	Count	844	2365
	%	17.9%	69.0%
Home	Count	152	254
	%	45.9%	74.5%

Table A7. Proportion of Children on Subsidies by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Proportion of children	receiving subsidies		
Program	type			low	high	Total	
School	Accreditation status	Not-	Count	1	3	4	
		accredited	%	33.3%	75.0%	57.1%	
		Accredited	Count	2	1	3	
			%	66.7%	25.0%	42.9%	
	Total		Count	3	4	7	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Center	Accreditation status	Not-	Count	54	51	105	
		accredited	%	87.1%	85.0%	86.1%	
		Accredited	Count	8	9	17	
			%	12.9%	15.0%	13.9%	
_	Total		Count	62	60	122	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Home	Accreditation status	Not-	Count	37	35	72	
		accredited	%	97.4%	92.1%	94.7%	
		Accredited	Count	1	3	4	
			%	2.6%	7.9%	5.3%	
	Total		Count	38	38	76	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Total	Accreditation status	Not-	Count	92	89	181	
		accredited	%	89.3%	87.3%	88.3%	
		Accredited	Count	11	13	24	
			%	10.7%	12.7%	11.7%	
	Total		Count	103	102	205	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Table A8. Proportion of Minority Children Served by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Proportion of mi	nority children	
				serv	ed	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Accreditation status	Not-accredited	Count	2	1	3
			%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
		Accredited	Count	2	1	3
			%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Accreditation status	Not-accredited	Count	66	39	105
			%	90.4%	79.6%	86.1%
		Accredited	Count	7	10	17
			%	9.6%	20.4%	13.9%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Accreditation status	Not-accredited	Count	24	48	72
			%	96.0%	94.1%	94.7%
		Accredited	Count	1	3	4
			%	4.0%	5.9%	5.3%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Accreditation status	Not-accredited	Count	92	88	180
			%	90.2%	86.3%	88.2%
		Accredited	Count	10	14	24
			%	9.8%	13.7%	11.8%
	Total	_	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A9. Children Receiving Special Services by Program Type and Accreditation Status

			Accredit	ation status
İ			Non-accredited	Accredited
			Children receiving special services	Children receiving special services
SurveyType	School	Mean	.520	.444
		Count	5	5
	Center	Mean	.030	.133
		Count	106	17
	Home	Mean	.029	.000
		Count	72	4
	Total	Mean	.040	.174
		Count	183	26

Table A10. Child Attrition by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Dependent Variable: attrition

Program type	Accreditation status	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
School	Non-accredited	.0289	.02365	3
	Accredited	.1127	.13557	3
	Total	.0708	.09841	6
Center	Non-accredited	.1318	.18231	105
	Accredited	.0650	.08863	17
	Total	.1225	.17362	122
Home	Non-accredited	.1219	.26715	72
	Accredited	.3681	.43590	4
	Total	.1348	.27969	76
Total	Non-accredited	.1261	.21865	180
	Accredited	.1215	.21162	24
	Total	.1256	.21733	204

Table A11. Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

Dependent Variable: attrition

SurveyType	Proportion of children receiving subsidies	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
School	low	.0361	.03758	3
3011001				_
	high	.1055	.13852	3
	Total	.0708	.09841	6
Center	low	.0617	.07732	61
	high	.1856	.21855	60
	Total	.1232	.17419	121
Home	low	.0920	.14477	38
	high	.1776	.36585	38
	Total	.1348	.27969	76
Total	low	.0723	.10728	102
	high	.1802	.27978	101
	Total	.1260	.21779	203

Table A12. Child Attrition by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

Dependent Variable: attrition

SurveyType	minoritycat	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
School	low	.0279	.03478	4
	high	.1566	.15073	2
	Total	.0708	.09841	6
Center	low	.0790	.09658	73
	high	.1874	.23412	49
	Total	.1225	.17362	122
Home	low	.0855	.10933	25
	high	.1590	.33134	51
	Total	.1348	.27969	76
Total	low	.0786	.09818	102
	high	.1726	.28430	102
	Total	.1256	.21733	204

Table A13. Access to Library by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditatio	n status	
Program t	уре			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School Library		Yes	Count	4	3	7
			% within Accreditation status	80.0%	60.0%	70.0%
		No	Count	1	2	3
			% within Accreditation status	20.0%	40.0%	30.0%
	Total		Count	5	5	10
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Library	Yes	Count	52	14	66
			% within Accreditation status	49.1%	82.4%	53.7%
		No	Count	54	3	57
			% within Accreditation status	50.9%	17.6%	46.3%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Library	Yes	Count	56	17	73
			% within Accreditation status	50.5%	77.3%	54.9%
		No	Count	55	5	60
			% within Accreditation status	49.5%	22.7%	45.1%
	Total		Count	111	22	133
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A14. Access to Playground by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation	n status	
Program t	зуре			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Playground	Yes	Count	5	5	10
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	-	Count	5	5	10
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Playground	Yes	Count	103	17	120
			% within Accreditation status	97.2%	100.0%	97.6%
		No	Count	3	0	3
			% within Accreditation status	2.8%	0.0%	2.4%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Playground	Yes	Count	64	3	67
			% within Accreditation status	88.9%	75.0%	88.2%
		No	Count	8	1	9
			% within Accreditation status	11.1%	25.0%	11.8%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Playground	Yes	Count	172	25	197
			% within Accreditation status	94.0%	96.2%	94.3%
		No	Count	11	1	12
			% within Accreditation status	6.0%	3.8%	5.7%
	Total	-	Count	183	26	209
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A15. Summer School Services by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditatio	n status	
Program t	type			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Summer school	Yes	Count	3	4	7
			% within Accreditation status	60.0%	80.0%	70.0%
		No	Count	2	1	3
			% within Accreditation status	40.0%	20.0%	30.0%
	Total		Count	5	5	10
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Summer school	Yes	Count	40	9	49
			% within Accreditation status	37.7%	52.9%	39.8%
		No	Count	66	8	74
			% within Accreditation status	62.3%	47.1%	60.2%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Summer school	Yes	Count	35	2	37
			% within Accreditation status	48.6%	50.0%	48.7%
		No	Count	37	2	39
			% within Accreditation status	51.4%	50.0%	51.3%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Summer school	Yes	Count	78	15	93
			% within Accreditation status	42.6%	57.7%	44.5%
		No	Count	105	11	116
			% within Accreditation status	57.4%	42.3%	55.5%
	Total		Count	183	26	209
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A16. Before- and/or After-school Services by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation	on status	
Program t	type			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Before- and/or after-school	Yes	Count	3	1	4
			% within Accreditation status	60.0%	20.0%	40.0%
		No	Count	2	4	6
			% within Accreditation status	40.0%	80.0%	60.0%
	Total	-	Count	5	5	10
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	66	8	74
			% within Accreditation status	62.3%	47.1%	60.2%
		No	Count	40	9	49
			% within Accreditation status	37.7%	52.9%	39.8%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	52	2	54
			% within Accreditation status	72.2%	50.0%	71.1%
		No	Count	20	2	22
			% within Accreditation status	27.8%	50.0%	28.9%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	121	11	132
			% within Accreditation status	66.1%	42.3%	63.2%
		No	Count	62	15	77
			% within Accreditation status	33.9%	57.7%	36.8%
	Total		Count	183	26	209
			% within Accreditation status	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A17. Library Access by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

					•	of children receiving subsidies	
Program t	уре				low	high	Total
School	Library	Yes	Count		1	4	5
			%		33.3%	100.0%	71.4%
		No	Count		2	0	2
			%		66.7%	0.0%	28.6%
	Total	"	Count		3	4	7
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Library	Yes	Count		34	32	66
			%		54.8%	53.3%	54.1%
		No	Count		28	28	56
			%		45.2%	46.7%	45.9%
	Total		Count		62	60	122
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Library	Yes	Count		35	36	71
			%		53.8%	56.3%	55.0%
		No	Count		30	28	58
			%	j	46.2%	43.8%	45.0%
	Total	4	Count	j	65	64	129
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A18. Playground Access by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

					children receiving bsidies	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Playground	Yes	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Playground	Yes	Count	60	59	119
			%	96.8%	98.3%	97.5%
		No	Count	2	1	3
			%	3.2%	1.7%	2.5%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Playground	Yes	Count	34	33	67
			%	89.5%	86.8%	88.2%
		No	Count	4	5	9
			%	10.5%	13.2%	11.8%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Playground	Yes	Count	97	96	193
			%	94.2%	94.1%	94.1%
		No	Count	6	6	12
			%	5.8%	5.9%	5.9%
	Total	"	Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A19. Summer School by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of childre	n receiving subsidies	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	Summer school	Yes	Count	1	4	5
			%	33.3%	100.0%	71.4%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	66.7%	0.0%	28.6%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Summer school	Yes	Count	23	25	48
			%	37.1%	41.7%	39.3%
		No	Count	39	35	74
			%	62.9%	58.3%	60.7%
	Total	"	Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Summer school	Yes	Count	17	20	37
			%	44.7%	52.6%	48.7%
		No	Count	21	18	39
			%	55.3%	47.4%	51.3%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Summer school	Yes	Count	41	49	90
			%	39.8%	48.0%	43.9%
		No	Count	62	53	115
			%	60.2%	52.0%	56.1%
	Total	-11	Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A20. Before- and/or After-school Services by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children r	eceiving subsidies	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Before- and/or after-school	Yes	Count	0	3	3
			%	0.0%	75.0%	42.9%
		No	Count	3	1	4
			%	100.0%	25.0%	57.1%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	26	47	73
			%	41.9%	78.3%	59.8%
		No	Count	36	13	49
			%	58.1%	21.7%	40.2%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	24	30	54
			%	63.2%	78.9%	71.1%
		No	Count	14	8	22
			%	36.8%	21.1%	28.9%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	50	80	130
			%	48.5%	78.4%	63.4%
		No	Count	53	22	75
			%	51.5%	21.6%	36.6%
	Total	,,,	Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A21. Library Access by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

					Proportion of min	ority children served	
Program t	уре				low	high	Total
School	Library	Yes	Count		2	2	4
			%		50.0%	100.0%	66.7%
		No	Count		2	0	2
			%		50.0%	0.0%	33.3%
	Total		Count		4	2	6
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Library	Yes	Count		37	29	66
			%		50.7%	59.2%	54.1%
		No	Count		36	20	56
			%		49.3%	40.8%	45.9%
	Total		Count		73	49	122
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Library	Yes	Count		39	31	70
			%		50.6%	60.8%	54.7%
		No	Count		38	20	58
			%		49.4%	39.2%	45.3%
	Total		Count	•	77	51	128
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A22. Playground Access by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion		minority children rved	
Program	type			low		high	Total
School	Playground	Yes	Count		4	2	6
			%	100.	0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count		4	2	6
			%	100.	0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Playground	Yes	Count		71	48	119
			%	97.	3%	98.0%	97.5%
		No	Count		2	1	3
			%	2.	7%	2.0%	2.5%
	Total		Count		73	49	122
			%	100.	0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Playground	Yes	Count		20	47	67
			%	80.	0%	92.2%	88.2%
		No	Count		5	4	9
			%	20.	0%	7.8%	11.8%
	Total		Count		25	51	76
			%	100.	0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Playground	Yes	Count		95	97	192
			%	93.	1%	95.1%	94.1%
		No	Count		7	5	12
			%	6.	9%	4.9%	5.9%
	Total		Count	1	.02	102	204
			%	100.	0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A23. Summer School by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minorit	y children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Summer school	Yes	Count	2	2	4
			%	50.0%	100.0%	66.7%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	50.0%	0.0%	33.3%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Summer school	Yes	Count	28	20	48
			%	38.4%	40.8%	39.3%
		No	Count	45	29	74
			%	61.6%	59.2%	60.7%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Summer school	Yes	Count	9	28	37
			%	36.0%	54.9%	48.7%
		No	Count	16	23	39
			%	64.0%	45.1%	51.3%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Summer school	Yes	Count	39	50	89
			%	38.2%	49.0%	43.6%
		No	Count	63	52	115
			%	61.8%	51.0%	56.4%
	Total	1	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A24. Before- and/or After-school Services by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mind	ority children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Before- and/or after-school	Yes	Count	1	1	2
			%	25.0%	50.0%	33.3%
		No	Count	3	1	4
			%	75.0%	50.0%	66.7%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	36	37	73
			%	49.3%	75.5%	59.8%
		No	Count	37	12	49
			%	50.7%	24.5%	40.2%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	18	36	54
			%	72.0%	70.6%	71.1%
		No	Count	7	15	22
			%	28.0%	29.4%	28.9%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Before - and/or after-school	Yes	Count	55	74	129
			%	53.9%	72.5%	63.2%
		No	Count	47	28	75
			%	46.1%	27.5%	36.8%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Landscape Study: Jackson County, Missouri

Table A25. Transportation by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation Sta	atus	
Program	Туре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School		Yes	Count	3	5	8
	Transportation		%	60.0%	100.0%	80.0%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	40.0%	0.0%	20.0%
	Total		Count	5	5	10
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center		Yes	Count	7	3	10
	Transportation		%	6.6%	17.6%	8.1%
		No	Count	99	14	113
			%	93.4%	82.4%	91.9%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home		Yes	Count	4	0	4
	Transportation		%	5.6%	0.0%	5.3%
		No	Count	68	4	72
			%	94.4%	100.0%	94.7%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total		Yes	Count	14	8	22
	Transportation		%	7.7%	30.8%	10.5%
		No	Count	169	18	187
			%	92.3%	69.2%	89.5%
	Total		Count	183	26	209
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A26. Transportation by Program Type and Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of child	ren receiving subsidies	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	Transportation	Yes	Count	2	3	5
			%	66.7%	75.0%	71.4%
		No	Count	1	1	2
			%	33.3%	25.0%	28.6%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Transportation	Yes	Count	4	6	10
			%	6.5%	10.0%	8.2%
		No	Count	58	54	112
			%	93.5%	90.0%	91.8%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Transportation	Yes	Count	2	2	4
			%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
		No	Count	36	36	72
			%	94.7%	94.7%	94.7%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Transportation	Yes	Count	8	11	19
			%	7.8%	10.8%	9.3%
		No	Count	95	91	186
			%	92.2%	89.2%	90.7%
	Total	4	Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A27. Transportation by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minority	children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Transportation	Yes	Count	3	2	5
			%	75.0%	100.0%	83.3%
		No	Count	1	0	1
			%	25.0%	0.0%	16.7%
	Total	_	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Transportation	Yes	Count	4	6	10
			%	5.5%	12.2%	8.2%
		No	Count	69	43	112
			%	94.5%	87.8%	91.8%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Transportation	Yes	Count	1	3	4
			%	4.0%	5.9%	5.3%
		No	Count	24	48	72
			%	96.0%	94.1%	94.7%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Transportation	Yes	Count	8	11	19
			%	7.8%	10.8%	9.3%
		No	Count	94	91	185
			%	92.2%	89.2%	90.7%
	Total	1	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A28. Curriculum Use by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Program				Accreditation Stat	:us	
Туре				Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Does your Program Use a	Yes	Count	4	3	7
	Curriculum?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your Program Use a	Yes	Count	74	17	91
	Curriculum?		%	69.8%	100.0%	74.0%
		No	Count	32	0	32
			%	30.2%	0.0%	26.0%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your Program Use a	Yes	Count	47	2	49
	Curriculum?		%	65.3%	50.0%	64.5%
		No	Count	25	2	27
			%	34.7%	50.0%	35.5%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your Program Use a	Yes	Count	125	22	147
	Curriculum?		%	68.7%	91.7%	71.4%
		No	Count	57	2	59
			%	31.3%	8.3%	28.6%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A29. Curriculum Use by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of child	ren receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does your program use	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	a curriculum?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your program use	Yes	Count	44	47	91
	a curriculum?		%	71.0%	78.3%	74.6%
		No	Count	18	13	31
			%	29.0%	21.7%	25.4%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your program use	Yes	Count	29	20	49
	a curriculum?		%	76.3%	52.6%	64.5%
		No	Count	9	18	27
			%	23.7%	47.4%	35.5%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your program use	Yes	Count	76	71	147
	a curriculum?		%	73.8%	69.6%	71.7%
		No	Count	27	31	58
			%	26.2%	30.4%	28.3%
	Total		Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A30. Curriculum Use by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minori	ity children served	
Program t	type		Ī	low	high	Total
School	Does your	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	program use a curriculum?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your	Yes	Count	55	35	90
	program use a		%	75.3%	71.4%	73.8%
	curriculum?	No	Count	18	14	32
			%	24.7%	28.6%	26.2%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your	Yes	Count	18	31	49
	program use a		%	72.0%	60.8%	64.5%
	curriculum?	No	Count	7	20	27
			%	28.0%	39.2%	35.5%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your	Yes	Count	77	68	145
	program use a		%	75.5%	66.7%	71.1%
	curriculum?	No	Count	25	34	59
			%	24.5%	33.3%	28.9%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A31. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Program	n Type			Accreditation Sta	atus	
Ü	,,			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	student assessments?		%	100.0%	66.7%	85.7%
		No	Count	0	1	1
			%	0.0%	33.3%	14.3%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	44	14	58
	student assessments?		%	41.5%	82.4%	47.2%
		No	Count	62	3	65
			%	58.5%	17.6%	52.8%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
lome	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	21	1	22
	student assessments?		%	29.2%	25.0%	28.9%
		No	Count	51	3	54
			%	70.8%	75.0%	71.1%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	69	17	86
	student assessments?		%	37.9%	70.8%	41.7%
		No	Count	113	7	120
			%	62.1%	29.2%	58.3%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A32. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children re	eceiving subsidies	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	2	4	6
	student assessments?		%	66.7%	100.0%	85.7%
		No	Count	1	0	1
			%	33.3%	0.0%	14.3%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	27	31	58
	student assessments?		%	43.5%	51.7%	47.5%
		No	Count	35	29	64
			%	56.5%	48.3%	52.5%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	12	10	22
	student assessments?		%	31.6%	26.3%	28.9%
		No	Count	26	28	54
			%	68.4%	73.7%	71.1%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your program administer	Yes	Count	41	45	86
	student assessments?		%	39.8%	44.1%	42.0%
		No	Count	62	57	119
			%	60.2%	55.9%	58.0%
	Total	· ·	Count %	103 100.0%	102 100.0%	205 100.0%

Table A33. Administration of Student Assessments by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	rity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does your program administer student assessments?	Yes	Count	3	2	5
			%	75.0%	100.0%	83.3%
		No	Count	1	0	1
				25.0%	0.0%	16.7%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your program administer student assessments?	Yes	Count	35	23	58
				47.9%	46.9%	47.5%
		No	Count	38	26	64
				52.1%	53.1%	52.5%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your program administer student assessments?	Yes	Count	5	17	22
				20.0%	33.3%	28.9%
		No	Count	20	34	54
				80.0%	66.7%	71.1%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your program administer student assessments?	Yes	Count	43	42	85
				42.2%	41.2%	41.7%
		No	Count	59	60	119
				57.8%	58.8%	58.3%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
				100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A34. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation Statu	ıs	
Program	Туре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	4	1	5
			%	100.0%	33.3%	71.4%
		No	Count	0	2	2
			%	0.0%	66.7%	28.6%
		Total	Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	51	10	61
			%	48.1%	58.8%	49.6%
		No	Count	55	7	62
			%	51.9%	41.2%	50.4%
		Total	Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	23	1	24
			%	31.9%	25.0%	31.6%
		No	Count	49	3	52
			%	68.1%	75.0%	68.4%
		Total	Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	78	12	90
			%	42.9%	50.0%	43.7%
		No	Count	104	12	116
			%	57.1%	50.0%	56.3%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A35. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of child	ren receiving subsidies	
Program t	суре			low	high	Total
School	Does the program assess	Yes	Count	2	3	5
	kindergarten readiness?		%	66.7%	75.0%	71.4%
		No	Count	1	1	2
			%	33.3%	25.0%	28.6%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does the program assess	Yes	Count	36	25	61
	kindergarten readiness?		%	58.1%	41.7%	50.0%
		No	Count	26	35	61
			%	41.9%	58.3%	50.0%
	Total	"	Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does the program assess	Yes	Count	12	12	24
	kindergarten readiness?		%	31.6%	31.6%	31.6%
		No	Count	26	26	52
			%	68.4%	68.4%	68.4%
	Total	"	Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does the program assess	Yes	Count	50	40	90
	kindergarten readiness?		%	48.5%	39.2%	43.9%
		No	Count	53	62	115
			%	51.5%	60.8%	56.1%
	Total		Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A36. Assessment of Kindergarten Readiness by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	3	1	4
			%	75.0%	50.0%	66.7%
		No	Count	1	1	2
			%	25.0%	50.0%	33.3%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	45	16	61
			%	61.6%	32.7%	50.0%
		No	Count	28	33	61
-			%	38.4%	67.3%	50.0%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	6	18	24
			%	24.0%	35.3%	31.6%
		No	Count	19	33	52
			%	76.0%	64.7%	68.4%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does the program assess kindergarten readiness?	Yes	Count	54	35	89
			%	52.9%	34.3%	43.6%
		No	Count	48	67	115
			%	47.1%	65.7%	56.4%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A37. Program Assessment by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accredita	ation Status	
rogram Ty	ype			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	1	2	3
			%	25.0%	66.7%	42.9%
		No	Count	3	1	4
			%	75.0%	33.3%	57.1%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	22	12	34
			%	20.8%	75.0%	27.9%
		No	Count	84	4	88
			%	79.2%	25.0%	72.1%
	Total		Count	106	16	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	3	0	3
			%	4.2%	0.0%	3.9%
		No	Count	69	4	73
			%	95.8%	100.0%	96.1%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	26	14	40
			%	14.3%	60.9%	19.5%
		No	Count	156	9	165
			%	85.7%	39.1%	80.5%
	Total		Count	182	23	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A38. Program Assessment by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	receiving subsidies	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	2	1	3
			%	66.7%	25.0%	42.9%
		No	Count	1	3	4
			%	33.3%	75.0%	57.1%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	19	15	34
			%	30.6%	25.4%	28.1%
		No	Count	43	44	87
			%	69.4%	74.6%	71.9%
	Total		Count	62	59	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	2	1	3
			%	5.3%	2.6%	3.9%
		No	Count	36	37	73
			%	94.7%	97.4%	96.1%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	23	17	40
			%	22.3%	16.8%	19.6%
		No	Count	80	84	164
			%	77.7%	83.2%	80.4%
	Total		Count	103	101	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A39. Program Assessment by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	rity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	2	1	3
			%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
		No	Count	2	1	3
			%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	23	11	34
			%	31.5%	22.9%	28.1%
		No	Count	50	37	87
			%	68.5%	77.1%	71.9%
	Total		Count	73	48	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	0	3	3
			%	0.0%	5.9%	3.9%
		No	Count	25	48	73
			%	100.0%	94.1%	96.1%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Is the program assessed?	Yes	Count	25	15	40
			%	24.5%	14.9%	19.7%
		No	Count	77	86	163
			%	75.5%	85.1%	80.3%
	Total		Count	102	101	203
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A40. Center Staff Access to Computers by Accreditation Status

Dragram T	una.			Accreditation Sta	tus	Total
Program T	уре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
		Yes	Count	98	16	114
	Does Program Director have Access to	163	%	92.5%	94.1%	92.7%
Center	a Computer?	No	Count	8	1	9
center		NO	%	7.5%	5.9%	7.3%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
	Total		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		Yes	Count	71	15	86
Center	Do Teachers have Access to a	res	%	67.0%	88.2%	69.9%
	Computer?	No	Count	35	2	35
		NO	%	33.0	11.8%	30.1%
	Total		Count	104	17	121
	Total —		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Does Program Director have Internet	Yes	Count	83	13	96
Center	Access?		%	78.3%	76.5%	78.0%
		No	Count	23	4	27
		No	%	21.7%	23.5%	22.0%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
	Total		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A41. Home Provider Access to Computers by Accreditation Status

Program	Туре			Accreditation Stat	us	
J	<i>"</i>			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
Home	Does Program Director have	Yes	Count	62	3	65
	Access to a Computer?		%	86.1%	75.0%	85.5%
		No	Count	10	1	11
			%	13.9%	25.0%	14.5%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does Program Director have	Yes	Count	56	2	58
	Internet Access?		%	77.8%	50.0%	76.3%
		No	Count	16	2	18
			%	22.2%	50.0%	23.7%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A42. Director Computer Access by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

						children receiving bsidies	
Program typ	pe				low	high	Total
School	Does program director have access to a	Yes	Count		3	4	7
	computer?		%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	-	Count		3	4	7
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program director have access to a	Yes	Count		57	56	113
	computer?		%		91.9%	93.3%	92.6%
		No	Count		5	4	9
			%		8.1%	6.7%	7.4%
	Total		Count		62	60	122
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program director have access to a	Yes	Count		34	31	65
	computer?		%		89.5%	81.6%	85.5%
		No	Count		4	7	11
			%		10.5%	18.4%	14.5%
	Total		Count		38	38	76
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program director have access to a	Yes	Count		94	91	185
	computer?		%		91.3%	89.2%	90.2%
		No	Count	_	9	11	20
			%		8.7%	10.8%	9.8%
	Total		Count		103	102	205
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A43. Lead Teacher Computer Access by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of child subsidi		
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Do lead teachers have access to	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	a computer?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do lead teachers have access to	Yes	Count	43	42	85
	a computer?		%	69.4%	70.0%	69.7%
		No	Count	19	18	37
			%	30.6%	30.0%	30.3%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do lead teachers have access to	Yes	Count	46	46	92
	a computer?		%	70.8%	71.9%	71.3%
İ		No	Count	19	18	37
			%	29.2%	28.1%	28.7%
	Total		Count	65	64	129
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A44. Director Internet Access by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				•	Proportion of children receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program director have	Yes	Count		3 4	7
	internet access?		%	100.0	% 100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count		3 4	7
			%	100.0	% 100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program director have	Yes	Count	5	1 44	95
	internet access?		%	82.3	% 73.3%	77.9%
		No	Count	1	1 16	27
			%	17.7	% 26.7%	22.1%
	Total		Count	6	2 60	122
			%	100.0	% 100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program director have	Yes	Count	3	1 27	58
	internet access?		%	81.6	% 71.1%	76.3%
		No	Count		7 11	18
			%	18.4	% 28.9%	23.7%
	Total		Count	3	8 38	76
			%	100.0	% 100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program director have	Yes	Count	8	5 75	160
	internet access?		%	82.5	% 73.5%	78.0%
		No	Count	1	8 27	45
			%	17.5	% 26.5%	22.0%
	Total		Count	10	3 102	205
			%	100.0	% 100.0%	100.0%

Table A45. Director Computer Access by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mir		
Program	Program type			low	high	Total
School	Does program director have	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	access to a computer?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program director have	Yes	Count	68	45	113
	access to a computer?		%	93.2%	91.8%	92.6%
		No	Count	5	4	9
			%	6.8%	8.2%	7.4%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program director have	Yes	Count	22	43	65
	access to a computer?		%	88.0%	84.3%	85.5%
		No	Count	3	8	11
			%	12.0%	15.7%	14.5%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program director have	Yes	Count	94	90	184
	access to a computer?		%	92.2%	88.2%	90.2%
		No	Count	8	12	20
			%	7.8%	11.8%	9.8%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A46. Lead Teacher Access by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of min	ority children served	
Program type				low	high	Total
School	Do lead teachers have access to	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	a computer?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do lead teachers have access to a computer?	Yes	Count	53	32	85
			%	72.6%	65.3%	69.7%
		No	Count	20	17	37
			%	27.4%	34.7%	30.3%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do lead teachers have access to a computer?	Yes	Count	57	34	91
			%	74.0%	66.7%	71.1%
		No	Count	20	17	37
			%	26.0%	33.3%	28.9%
	Total	•	Count	77	51	128
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A47. Director Internet Access by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of min	ority children served	
Program type			low	high	Total	
School	Does program director have internet	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	access?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program director have internet	Yes	Count	60	35	95
	access?		%	82.2%	71.4%	77.9%
		No	Count	13	14	27
			%	17.8%	28.6%	22.1%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program director have internet access?	Yes	Count	20	38	58
			%	80.0%	74.5%	76.3%
		No	Count	5	13	18
			%	20.0%	25.5%	23.7%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program director have internet access?	Yes	Count	84	75	159
			%	82.4%	73.5%	77.9%
		No	Count	18	27	45
			%	17.6%	26.5%	22.1%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A48. Whether Program has a Website by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Program	Type		Accreditation Stat			
	71.		Non Accredited	Accredited	Total	
School	Does your program have a website?	Yes	Count	5	4	9
			%	100.0%	80.0%	90.0%
		No	Count	0	1	1
			%	0.0%	20.0%	10.0%
	Total		Count	5	5	10
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does your program have a website?	Yes	Count	61	10	71
			%	57.5%	58.8%	57.7%
		No	Count	45	7	52
			%	42.5%	41.2%	42.3%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does your program have a website?	Yes	Count	7	0	7
			%	9.7%	0.0%	9.2%
		No	Count	65	4	69
			%	90.3%	100.0%	90.8%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does your program have a Yes website?	Yes	Count	73	14	87
			%	39.9%	53.8%	41.6%
		No	Count	110	12	122
			%	60.1%	46.2%	58.4%
	Total		Count	183	26	209
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A49. Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social/Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation Status		
Program ⁻	Туре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Talking to Teachers about Social/Academic Skills	Yes	Count	4	3	7
	Needed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Yes	Count	44	8	52
	needed?		%	41.5%	47.1%	42.3%
		No	Count	62	9	71
			%	58.5%	52.9%	57.7%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Talking to Teachers about social/academic skills Yes needed?	Count	30	0	30	
			%	41.7%	0.0%	39.5%
		No	Count	42	4	46
			%	58.3%	100.0%	60.5%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Talking to Teachers about social/academic skills	Yes	Count	78	11	89
	needed?		%	42.9%	45.8%	43.2%
		No	Count	104	13	117
			%	57.1%	54.2%	56.8%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A50. Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social/Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	receiving subsidies	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	3	4	
	neighborhood schools about the social and academic skills needed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.09
	Total		Count	3	4	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0
Center	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	30	21	5
	neighborhood schools about the social and academic skills needed?		%	48.4%	35.0%	41.8
		No	Count	32	39	7
			%	51.6%	65.0%	58.2
	Total		Count	62	60	12
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0
Home	Do programs communicate with neighborhood schools about the social and academic skills needed?	Yes	Count	17	13	3
			%	44.7%	34.2%	39.5
		No	Count	21	25	4
			%	55.3%	65.8%	60.5
	Total		Count	38	38	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0
Total	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	50	38	8
	neighborhood schools about the		%	48.5%	37.3%	42.9
	social and academic skills needed?	No	Count	53	64	11
			%	51.5%	62.7%	57.1
	Total		Count	103	102	2
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0

Table A51. Program Communicates with Neighborhood Schools about Social/Academic Skills Needed by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minority of	hildren served	
Program t	rype			low	high	Total
School	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	neighborhood schools about the social and academic skills needed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	35	17	52
	neighborhood schools about the social and academic skills needed?		%	47.9%	34.7%	42.6%
		No	Count	38	32	70
			%	52.1%	65.3%	57.4%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs communicate with neighborhood schools about the	Yes	Count	10	20	30
			%	40.0%	39.2%	39.5%
	social and academic skills needed?	No	Count	15	31	46
			%	60.0%	60.8%	60.5%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs communicate with	Yes	Count	49	39	88
	neighborhood schools about the		%	48.0%	38.2%	43.1%
	social and academic skills needed?	No	Count	53	63	116
			%	52.0%	61.8%	56.9%
	Total	1	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A52. Joint Training and Professional Development by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation Stat	Accreditation Status	
Program	Туре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	4	1	5
			%	100.0%	33.3%	71.4%
		No	Count	0	2	2
			%	0.0%	66.7%	28.6%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	18	3	21
			%	17.0%	17.6%	17.1%
		No	Count	88	14	102
			%	83.0%	82.4%	82.9%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	12	1	13
			%	16.7%	25.0%	17.1%
		No	Count	60	3	63
			%	83.3%	75.0%	82.9%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	34	5	39
			%	18.7%	20.8%	18.9%
		No	Count	148	19	167
			%	81.3%	79.2%	81.1%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A53. Joint Training/Professional Development by Program Type and Proportion of Children on Subsidies

				Proportion of children re	ceiving subsidies	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	Do programs participate in joint	Yes	Count	2	3	5
	training/PD with neighborhood		%	66.7%	75.0%	71.4%
	schools?	No	Count	1	1	2
			%	33.3%	25.0%	28.6%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs participate in joint	Yes	Count	12	9	21
	training/PD with neighborhood schools?		%	19.4%	15.0%	17.2%
		No	Count	50	51	101
			%	80.6%	85.0%	82.8%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs participate in joint training/PD with neighborhood	Yes	Count	9	4	13
			%	23.7%	10.5%	17.1%
	schools?	No	Count	29	34	63
			%	76.3%	89.5%	82.9%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs participate in joint	Yes	Count	23	16	39
	training/PD with neighborhood		%	22.3%	15.7%	19.0%
	schools?	No	Count	80	86	166
			%	77.7%	84.3%	81.0%
	Total		Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A54. Joint Training and Professional Development by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minority	children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	3	1	4
			%	75.0%	50.0%	66.7%
		No	Count	1	1	2
			%	25.0%	50.0%	33.3%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	14	7	21
			%	19.2%	14.3%	17.2%
-		No	Count	59	42	101
			%	80.8%	85.7%	82.8%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	7	6	13
			%	28.0%	11.8%	17.1%
		No	Count	18	45	63
			%	72.0%	88.2%	82.9%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Participate in joint training/PD	Yes	Count	24	14	38
			%	23.5%	13.7%	18.6%
		No	Count	78	88	166
			%	76.5%	86.3%	81.4%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A55. Family Educational Workshops by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Program	Type			Accreditation Stat	Accreditation Status	
J				Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Does Your Program Offer Family	Yes	Count	3	2	5
	Educational Workshops?		%	75.0%	66.7%	71.4%
		No	Count	1	1	2
			%	25.0%	33.3%	28.6%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does Your Program Offer Family	Yes	Count	22	7	29
	Educational Workshops?		%	20.8%	41.2%	23.6%
		No	Count	84	10	94
			%	79.2%	58.8%	76.4%
	Total		Count	106	17	123
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does Your Program Offer Family	Yes	Count	12	1	13
	Educational Workshops?		%	16.7%	25.0%	17.1%
		No	Count	60	3	63
			%	83.3%	75.0%	82.9%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does Your Program Offer Family	Yes	Count	37	10	47
	Educational Workshops?		%	20.3%	41.7%	22.8%
		No	Count	145	14	159
			%	79.7%	58.3%	77.2%
	Total		Count	182	24	206
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A56. Family Educational Workshops by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	n receiving subsidies	
Program t	ype			low	High	Total
School	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	1	4	5
	educational workshops?		%	33.3%	100.0%	71.4%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	66.7%	0.0%	28.6%
	Total	1	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	17	12	29
	educational workshops?		%	27.4%	20.0%	23.8%
		No	Count	45	48	93
			%	72.6%	80.0%	76.2%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	10	3	13
	educational workshops?		%	26.3%	7.9%	17.1%
		No	Count	28	35	63
			%	73.7%	92.1%	82.9%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	28	19	47
	educational workshops?		%	27.2%	18.6%	22.9%
		No	Count	75	83	158
			%	72.8%	81.4%	77.1%
	Total		Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A57. Family Educational Workshops by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minority	children served	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	2	2	4
	educational workshops?		%	50.0%	100.0%	66.7%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	50.0%	0.0%	33.3%
	Total	<u>.</u>	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	17	12	29
	educational workshops?		%	23.3%	24.5%	23.8%
		No	Count	56	37	93
			%	76.7%	75.5%	76.2%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	4	9	13
	educational workshops?		%	16.0%	17.6%	17.1%
		No	Count	21	42	63
			%	84.0%	82.4%	82.9%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs offer family	Yes	Count	23	23	46
	educational workshops?		%	22.5%	22.5%	22.5%
		No	Count	79	79	158
			%	77.5%	77.5%	77.5%
	Total	1	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A58. Parent-Teacher Conferences by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation Stat	us		
Program [*]	Туре			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total	
School	Does Your Program Offer	Yes	Count	4	3	7	
	Parent/Teacher Conferences?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
	Total		Count	4	3	7	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Center	Does Your Program Offer	Yes	Count	63	16	79	
	Parent/Teacher Conferences?		%	59.4%	94.1%	64.2%	
		No	Count	43	1	44	
			%	40.6%	5.9%	35.8%	
	Total		Count	106	17	123	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Home	Does Your Program Offer	Yes	Count	29	1	30	
	Parent/Teacher Conferences?		%	40.3%	25.0%	39.5%	
		No	Count	43	3	46	
			%	59.7%	75.0%	60.5%	
	Total		Count	72	4	76	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Total	Does Your Program Offer	Yes	Count	96	20	116	
	Parent/Teacher Conferences?		%	52.7%	83.3%	56.3%	
		No	Count	86	4	90	
			%	47.3%	16.7%	43.7%	
	Total		Count	182	24	206	
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Table A59. Parent-Teacher Conferences by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children r	eceiving subsidies	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	Do programs offer parent-teacher	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	conferences?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	_	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs offer parent-teacher	Yes	Count	41	37	78
	conferences?		%	66.1%	61.7%	63.9%
		No	Count	21	23	44
			%	33.9%	38.3%	36.1%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs offer parent-teacher conferences?	Yes	Count	16	14	30
			%	42.1%	36.8%	39.5%
		No	Count	22	24	46
			%	57.9%	63.2%	60.5%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs offer parent-teacher	Yes	Count	60	55	115
	conferences?		%	58.3%	53.9%	56.1%
		No	Count	43	47	90
			%	41.7%	46.1%	43.9%
	Total		Count	103	102	205
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A60. Parent-Teacher Conferences by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minorit	y children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Do programs offer parent-	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	teacher conferences?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	,	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do programs offer parent-	Yes	Count	48	31	79
	teacher conferences?		%	65.8%	63.3%	64.8%
		No	Count	25	18	43
			%	34.2%	36.7%	35.2%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do programs offer parent-	Yes	Count	5	25	30
	teacher conferences?		%	20.0%	49.0%	39.5%
		No	Count	20	26	46
			%	80.0%	51.0%	60.5%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do programs offer parent-	Yes	Count	57	58	115
	teacher conferences?		%	55.9%	56.9%	56.4%
		No	Count	45	44	89
			%	44.1%	43.1%	43.6%
	Total		Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A61. Type of Child Financial Assistant by Program Type and Accreditation Status

	, ,	Accredited			Non Accredited		
Program Type	Value	State Subsidy	Sliding Scale Fee	Other	State Subsidy	Sliding Scale Fee	Other
Center	Count	14	8	1	73	40	5
	%	100	57	7	97	53	7
Home	Count	2	1	0	45	16	1
	%	67	33	0	94	33	2

Note. Other includes such sources as church subsidies. Center accredited n = 14, non-accredited n = 75; Home accredited n = 3 non-accredited n = 48.

Table A62. Receipt of State Child Care Subsidy by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of childre	en receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
Center	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	27	60	87
			%	93.1%	100.0%	97.8%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	6.9%	0.0%	2.2%
	Total		Count	29	60	89
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	11	36	47
			%	84.6%	94.7%	92.2%
		No	Count	2	2	4
			%	15.4%	5.3%	7.8%
	Total		Count	13	38	51
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	38	96	134
			%	90.5%	98.0%	95.7%
		No	Count	4	2	6
			%	9.5%	2.0%	4.3%
	Total	-	Count	42	98	140
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A63. Sliding Scale Fees by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	children receiving sidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
Center	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count	16	32	48
			%	55.2%	53.3%	53.9%
		No	Count	13	28	41
			%	44.8%	46.7%	46.1%
	Total		Count	29	60	89
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count	4	13	17
			%	30.8%	34.2%	33.3%
		No	Count	9	25	34
			%	69.2%	65.8%	66.7%
	Total		Count	13	38	51
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count	20	45	65
			%	47.6%	45.9%	46.4%
		No	Count	22	53	75
			%	52.4%	54.1%	53.6%
	Total		Count	42	98	140
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A64. Other Financial Assistance by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of ch subs	nildren receiving idies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
Center	Other assistance	Yes	Count	2	4	6
			%	6.9%	6.7%	6.7%
		No	Count	27	56	83
			%	93.1%	93.3%	93.3%
	Total		Count	29	60	89
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home (Other assistance	Yes	Count	1	0	1
			%	7.7%	0.0%	2.0%
		No	Count	12	38	50
			%	92.3%	100.0%	98.0%
	Total		Count	13	38	51
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Other assistance	Yes	Count	3	4	7
			%	7.1%	4.1%	5.0%
		No	Count	39	94	133
			%	92.9%	95.9%	95.0%
	Total	-	Count	42	98	140
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A65. Receipt of State Child Care Subsidy by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minority children serve		
Program	type			low	high	Total
Center	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	40	47	87
			%	95.2%	100.0%	97.8%
		No	Count	2	0	2
			%	4.8%	0.0%	2.2%
	Total	-	Count	42	47	89
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	6	41	47
			%	85.7%	93.2%	92.2%
		No	Count	1	3	4
			%	14.3%	6.8%	7.8%
	Total		Count	7	44	51
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	State child care subsidy	Yes	Count	46	88	134
			%	93.9%	96.7%	95.7%
		No	Count	3	3	6
			%	6.1%	3.3%	4.3%
	Total		Count	49	91	140
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A66. Sliding Scale Fees by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

					Proportion of minori	ty children served	
Program	type				low	high	Total
Center	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count		23	25	48
			%		54.8%	53.2%	53.9%
		No	Count		19	22	41
			%		45.2%	46.8%	46.1%
	Total		Count		42	47	89
			%	l	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count		2	15	17
			%		28.6%	34.1%	33.3%
		No	Count		5	29	34
			%		71.4%	65.9%	66.7%
	Total		Count		7	44	51
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Slide scale fee	Yes	Count		25	40	65
			%		51.0%	44.0%	46.4%
		No	Count		24	51	75
			%		49.0%	56.0%	53.6%
	Total		Count		49	91	140
			%		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A67. Other Financial Assistance by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mino	rity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
Center	Other assistance	Yes	Count	3	3	6
			%	7.1%	6.4%	6.7%
		No	Count	39	44	83
			%	92.9%	93.6%	93.3%
	Total		Count	42	47	89
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Other assistance	Yes	Count	1	0	1
			%	14.3%	0.0%	2.0%
		No	Count	6	44	50
			%	85.7%	100.0%	98.0%
	Total		Count	7	44	51
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Other assistance	Yes	Count	4	3	7
			%	8.2%	3.3%	5.0%
		No	Count	45	88	133
			%	91.8%	96.7%	95.0%
	Total		Count	49	91	140
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A68. Early Learning Staff Age and Gender by Program Type

				Ages of a	l staff (ye	ars)	Gender (%)		
Program Type	Number of programs	Value	< 26	26 to 40	40+	All Staff	Male	Female	
School	10	Number	28	207	136	371			
		%	7.5	55.8	36.7	100.0	4.6	95.4	
Center	123	Number	375	847	656	1878			
		%	20.0	45.1	34.9	100.0	3.9	96.1	
Home	76	Number	10	26	86	122			
		%	8.2	21.3	70.5	100.0	7.3	92.7	
All	209	Number	413	1080	878	2371			
		%	17.4	45.6	37.0	100.0	4.2	95.8	

Table A69. Early Learning Race/Ethnicity by Program Type

			Race/Ethnicity (%)						
Program Type	n	African- American	White	Asian	Latino/Hispanic	Other	% minority		
School	10	9.1	89.0	0.5	0.5	0.9	11.0		
Center	123	35.6	56.6	1.5	4.4	1.9	43.4		
Home	76	62.0	32.2	0.0	3.3	2.5	67.8		
All	209	34.4	58.5	1.3	3.9	1.9	41.5		

Table A70. Staff Roles for Schools by Accreditation Status

			Accreditation	Status	
			Non		
School			Accredited	Accredited	Total
Does your program employ Program Director(s)?	Yes	Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	2	0	2
Asst. Director(s)?		%	50.0%	0.0%	25.0%
	No	Count	2	4	6
		%	50.0%	100.0%	75.0%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	4	4	8
Lead Teachers?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	4	4	8
Assistant Teachers?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	4	3	7
Specialists?		%	100.0%	75.0%	87.5%
	No	Count	0	1	1
		%	0.0%	25.0%	12.5%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	4	3	7
Others?		%	100.0%	75.0%	87.5%
	No	Count	0	1	1
		%	0.0%	25.0%	12.5%
Total		Count	4	4	8
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A71. Staff Roles for Centers by Accreditation Status

			Accreditation S	Status		
			Non			
Center			Accredited	Accredited	Total	
Does your program employ Program Director(s)?	Yes	Count	106	17	123	
-		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Does your program employ Asst.	Yes	Count	50	7	57	
Director(s)?		%	47.1%	41.2%	46.3%	
	No	Count	56	10	66	
		%	52.8%	58.8%	53.7%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Does your program employ Lead	Yes	Count	104	17	121	
Teachers?		%	98.1%	100.0%	98.4%	
	No	Count	2	0	2	
		%	1.9%	0.0%	1.6%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	83	15	98	
Assistant Teachers?		%	78.3%	88.2%	79.7%	
	No	Count	23	2	25	
		%	21.7%	11.8%	20.3%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	11	6	17	
Specialists?		%	10.4%	35.3%	13.8%	
	No	Count	95	11	106	
		%	89.6%	64.7%	86.2%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Does your program employ	Yes	Count	57	14	71	
Others?		%	53.8%	82.4%	57.8%	
	No	Count	49	3	52	
		%	46.2%	17.6%	42.3%	
Total		Count	106	17	123	
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Table A72. Assistant Teacher Role for Homes by Accreditation Status

			Accreditation Stat	us	
Home			Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
Does your program employ Assistant Teachers?	Yes	Count	24	3	27
		%	33.3%	75.0%	35.5%
	No	Count	48	1	49
		%	66.7%	25.0%	64.5%
Total		Count	72	4	76
		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A73. Program Director Role by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ program	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	director(s)?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ program director(s)?	Yes	Count	61	60	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	61	60	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ program	Yes	Count	64	64	128
	director(s)?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	64	64	128
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A74. Assistant Director Role by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children re	eceiving subsidies	
Program t	type			low	high	Total
School	nool Does program employ assistant director(s)?	No	Count	3	2	5
			%	100.0%	50.0%	71.4%
		Yes	Count	0	2	2
			%	0.0%	50.0%	28.6%
	Total	4	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ assistant director(s)?	No	Count	31	35	66
			%	50.8%	58.3%	54.5%
		Yes	Count	30	25	55
			%	49.2%	41.7%	45.5%
	Total		Count	61	60	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	34	37	71
	director(s)?		%	53.1%	57.8%	55.5%
		Yes	Count	30	27	57
			%	46.9%	42.2%	44.5%
	Total		Count	64	64	128
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A75. Lead Teacher Role by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of chi subsic	Ŭ	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ lead	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	teachers?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ lead	No	Count	1	1	2
	teachers?		%	1.6%	1.7%	1.6%
		Yes	Count	61	59	120
			%	98.4%	98.3%	98.4%
	Total		Count	62	60	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ lead	No	Count	1	1	2
	teachers?		%	1.5%	1.6%	1.6%
		Yes	Count	64	63	127
			%	98.5%	98.4%	98.4%
	Total		Count	65	64	129
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A76. Assistant Teacher Role by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of chil subsid	-	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ assistant	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	teachers?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	13	12	25
	teachers?		%	21.3%	20.0%	20.7%
		Yes	Count	48	48	96
			%	78.7%	80.0%	79.3%
	Total		Count	61	60	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	30	19	49
	teachers?		%	78.9%	50.0%	64.5%
		Yes	Count	8	19	27
			%	21.1%	50.0%	35.5%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	43	31	74
	teachers?		%	42.2%	30.4%	36.3%
		Yes	Count	59	71	130
			%	57.8%	69.6%	63.7%
	Total	-	Count	102	102	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A77. Specialist Role by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of chi subsic	_	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ	No	Count	1	0	1
	specialists?		%	33.3%	0.0%	14.3%
		Yes	Count	2	4	6
			%	66.7%	100.0%	85.7%
	Total	,	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ specialists?	No	Count	52	52	104
			%	85.2%	89.7%	87.4%
		Yes	Count	9	6	15
			%	14.8%	10.3%	12.6%
	Total		Count	61	58	119
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ	No	Count	53	52	105
	specialists?		%	82.8%	83.9%	83.3%
		Yes	Count	11	10	21
			%	17.2%	16.1%	16.7%
	Total		Count	64	62	126
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A78. Other Roles by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of chi subsic		
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ others?	No	Count	1	0	1
			%	33.3%	0.0%	14.3%
		Yes	Count	2	4	6
			%	66.7%	100.0%	85.7%
	Total	,	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ others?	No	Count	27	24	51
			%	44.3%	40.0%	42.1%
		Yes	Count	34	36	70
			%	55.7%	60.0%	57.9%
	Total		Count	61	60	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ others?	No	Count	28	24	52
			%	43.8%	37.5%	40.6%
		Yes	Count	36	40	76
			%	56.3%	62.5%	59.4%
	Total	,	Count	64	64	128
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A79. Program Director Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ program	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	director(s)?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ program	Yes	Count	72	49	121
	director(s)?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	72	49	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ program	Yes	Count	76	51	127
	director(s)?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	76	51	127
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A80. Assistant Director Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	3	2	5
	director(s)?		%	75.0%	100.0%	83.3%
		Yes	Count	1	0	1
			%	25.0%	0.0%	16.7%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ assistant director(s)?	No	Count	41	24	65
			%	56.9%	49.0%	53.7%
		Yes	Count	31	25	56
			%	43.1%	51.0%	46.3%
	Total		Count	72	49	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	44	26	70
	director(s)?		%	57.9%	51.0%	55.1%
		Yes	Count	32	25	57
			%	42.1%	49.0%	44.9%
	Total		Count	76	51	127
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A81. Lead Teacher Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ lead teachers?	Yes	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ lead	No	Count	0	2	2
	teachers?		%	0.0%	4.1%	1.6%
		Yes	Count	73	47	120
			%	100.0%	95.9%	98.4%
	Total		Count	73	49	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ lead	No	Count	0	2	2
	teachers?		%	0.0%	3.9%	1.6%
		Yes	Count	77	49	126
			%	100.0%	96.1%	98.4%
	Total	-	Count	77	51	128
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A82. Assistant Teacher Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ assistant	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	teachers?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	15	9	24
	teachers?		%	20.8%	18.4%	19.8%
		Yes	Count	57	40	97
			%	79.2%	81.6%	80.2%
	Total		Count	72	49	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Does program employ assistant teachers?	No	Count	18	31	49
			%	72.0%	60.8%	64.5%
		Yes	Count	7	20	27
			%	28.0%	39.2%	35.5%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ assistant	No	Count	33	40	73
	teachers?		%	32.7%	39.2%	36.0%
		Yes	Count	68	62	130
			%	67.3%	60.8%	64.0%
	Total		Count	101	102	203
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A83. Specialist Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ	No	Count	1	0	1
	specialists?		%	25.0%	0.0%	16.7%
		Yes	Count	3	2	5
			%	75.0%	100.0%	83.3%
	Total	,	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ specialists?	No	Count	65	40	105
			%	90.3%	85.1%	88.2%
		Yes	Count	7	7	14
			%	9.7%	14.9%	11.8%
	Total	,	Count	72	47	119
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ	No	Count	66	40	106
	specialists?		%	86.8%	81.6%	84.8%
		Yes	Count	10	9	19
			%	13.2%	18.4%	15.2%
	Total		Count	76	49	125
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A84. Other Role by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minor	ity children served	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Does program employ others?	No	Count	1	0	1
			%	25.0%	0.0%	16.7%
		Yes	Count	3	2	5
			%	75.0%	100.0%	83.3%
	Total	2	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Does program employ others?	No	Count	32	20	52
			%	44.4%	40.8%	43.0%
		Yes	Count	40	29	69
			%	55.6%	59.2%	57.0%
	Total		Count	72	49	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Does program employ others?	No	Count	33	20	53
			%	43.4%	39.2%	41.7%
		Yes	Count	43	31	74
			%	56.6%	60.8%	58.3%
	Total		Count	76	51	127
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A85. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accredi	tation Status	
Program	Туре			Non Accredi	ted Accredited	Total
School	Highest degree completed by most teachers	Bachelor's degree or higher	Count %	4 100.0%	4 100.0%	8 100.0%
	Total	5	Count %	4 100.0%	4 100.0%	8 100.0%
Center	Highest degree completed by most teachers	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	79 76.0%	8 47.1%	87 71.9%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count %	25 24.0%	9 52.9%	34 28.1%
		Total	Count %	104 100.0%	17 100.0%	121 100.0%
Home	Highest degree completed	bachelor's degree		64 88.9%	3 75.0%	67 88.2%
	•	Bachelor's degree or higher	<u>%</u> Count %	88.3%	1 25.0%	9
	Total		Count	176	21	197
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A86. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Highest degree completed	Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	3	4	7
	by most lead teachers		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Highest degree completed	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	35	51	86
	by most lead teachers		%	57.4%	86.4%	71.7%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	26	8	34
			%	42.6%	13.6%	28.3%
	Total		Count	61	59	120
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Highest degree completed	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	33	34	67
	by most lead teachers		%	86.8%	89.5%	88.2%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	5	4	9
			%	13.2%	10.5%	11.8%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Highest degree completed	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	68	85	153
	by most lead teachers		%	66.7%	84.2%	75.4%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	34	16	50
			%	33.3%	15.8%	24.6%
	Total		Count	102	101	203
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A87. Highest Level of Education for Lead Teachers/Providers by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mino	rity children served	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Highest degree completed by most	Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	4	2	6
	lead teachers		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	•	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Highest degree completed by most	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	47	39	86
	lead teachers		%	64.4%	83.0%	71.7%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	26	8	34
			%	35.6%	17.0%	28.3%
	Total		Count	73	47	120
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Highest degree completed by most	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	21	46	67
	lead teachers		%	84.0%	90.2%	88.2%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	4	5	9
			%	16.0%	9.8%	11.8%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Highest degree completed by most	Less than bachelor's degree	Count	68	85	153
	lead teachers		%	66.7%	85.0%	75.7%
		Bachelor's degree or higher	Count	34	15	49
			%	33.3%	15.0%	24.3%
	Total		Count	102	100	202
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A88. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accreditation	n status	
Program t	ype			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School	How many hours of professional	11 hours or more	Count	4	4	8
	development?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	4	8
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	17	0	17
	development?		%	16.5%	0.0%	14.2%
		11 hours or more	Count	86	17	103
			%	83.5%	100.0%	85.8%
	Total		Count	103	17	120
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	12	0	12
	development?		%	16.7%	0.0%	15.8%
		11 hours or more	Count	60	4	64
			%	83.3%	100.0%	84.2%
	Total		Count	72	4	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	29	0	29
	development?		%	16.2%	0.0%	14.2%
		11 hours or more	Count	150	25	175
			%	83.8%	100.0%	85.8%
	Total		Count	179	25	204
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A89. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of childr subsidie	~ 1	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	How many hours of professional	11 hours or more	Count	3	4	7
	development?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	11	6	17
	development?		%	18.0%	10.3%	14.3%
		11 hours or more	Count	50	52	102
			%	82.0%	89.7%	85.7%
	Total		Count	61	58	119
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	4	8	12
	development?		%	10.5%	21.1%	15.8%
		11 hours or more	Count	34	30	64
			%	89.5%	78.9%	84.2%
	Total		Count	38	38	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	How many hours of professional	Less than 11 hours	Count	15	14	29
	development?		%	14.7%	14.0%	14.4%
		11 hours or more	Count	87	86	173
			%	85.3%	86.0%	85.6%
	Total		Count	102	100	202
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A90. Number of Professional Development Hours Completed in Last Year by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mino served		
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	How many hours of professional	11 hours or	Count	4	2	6
	development?	more	%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	How many hours of professional	Less than 11	Count	12	4	16
	development?	hours	%	16.4%	8.7%	13.4%
		11 hours or	Count	61	42	103
_		more	%	83.6%	91.3%	86.6%
	Total		Count	73	46	119
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	How many hours of professional	Less than 11	Count	2	10	12
	development?	hours	%	8.0%	19.6%	15.8%
		11 hours or	Count	23	41	64
		more	%	92.0%	80.4%	84.2%
	Total		Count	25	51	76
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	How many hours of professional	Less than 11	Count	14	14	28
	development?	hours	%	13.7%	14.1%	13.9%
		11 hours or	Count	88	85	173
		more	%	86.3%	85.9%	86.1%
	Total		Count	102	99	201
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A91. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Accreditation Status

				Accredita	tion status	
Program t	type			Not-accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	4	3	7
	observed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	3	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	61	14	75
	observed?		%	58.1%	82.4%	61.5%
		No	Count	44	3	47
			%	41.9%	17.6%	38.5%
	Total		Count	105	17	122
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Are lead teachers assessed or observed?	Yes	Count	7	0	7
			%	10.0%	0.0%	9.5%
		No	Count	63	4	67
			%	90.0%	100.0%	90.5%
	Total		Count	70	4	74
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	72	17	89
	observed?		%	40.2%	70.8%	43.8%
		No	Count	107	7	114
			%	59.8%	29.2%	56.2%
	Total		Count	179	24	203
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A92. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				•	children receiving	
				sul	sidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	observed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	42	33	75
	observed?		%	67.7%	55.9%	62.0%
		No	Count	20	26	46
			%	32.3%	44.1%	38.0%
	Total		Count	62	59	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	5	2	7
	observed?		%	13.5%	5.4%	9.5%
		No	Count	32	35	67
			%	86.5%	94.6%	90.5%
	Total		Count	37	37	74
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	50	39	89
	observed?		%	49.0%	39.0%	44.1%
		No	Count	52	61	113
			%	51.0%	61.0%	55.9%
	Total		Count	102	100	202
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A93. Staff Assessment/Observation by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of mi	inority children	
				serv	ed	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	observed?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	50	25	75
	observed?		%	68.5%	52.1%	62.0%
		No	Count	23	23	46
			%	31.5%	47.9%	38.0%
	Total		Count	73	48	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	observed?		%	12.5%	8.0%	9.5%
		No	Count	21	46	67
			%	87.5%	92.0%	90.5%
	Total		Count	24	50	74
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Are lead teachers assessed or	Yes	Count	57	31	88
	observed?		%	56.4%	31.0%	43.8%
		No	Count	44	69	113
			%	43.6%	69.0%	56.2%
	Total		Count	101	100	201
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A94. Teacher Health Care Benefits by Program Type and Accreditation Status

Program 1	Гуре			Accreditation Sta	tus	
				Non Accredited	Accredited	Total
School	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	4	4	8
	benefits?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total		Count	4	4	8
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	29	9	38
	benefits?		%	27.9%	52.9%	31.4%
		No	Count	75	8	83
			%	72.1%	47.1%	68.6%
	Total		Count	104	17	121
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A95. Teacher Health Care Benefits by Program Type and Proportion of Children Receiving Subsidies

				Proportion of children	n receiving subsidies	
Program	type			low	high	Total
School	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	3	4	7
	benefits?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	"	Count	3	4	7
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	19	19	38
	benefits?		%	31.1%	32.2%	31.7%
		No	Count	42	40	82
			%	68.9%	67.8%	68.3%
	Total		Count	61	59	120
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	0	1	1
	benefits?		%	0.0%	5.3%	3.7%
		No	Count	8	18	26
			%	100.0%	94.7%	96.3%
	Total		Count	8	19	27
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	22	24	46
	benefits?		%	30.6%	29.3%	29.9%
		No	Count	50	58	108
			%	69.4%	70.7%	70.1%
	Total		Count	72	82	154
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A96. Teacher Health Care Benefits by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

				Proportion of minorit	y children served	
Program t	ype			low	high	Total
School	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	4	2	6
	benefits?		%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Total	·	Count	4	2	6
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Center	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	24	14	38
	benefits?		%	32.9%	29.8%	31.7%
		No	Count	49	33	82
			%	67.1%	70.2%	68.3%
	Total		Count	73	47	120
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Home	Do teachers have health care benefits?	Yes	Count	0	1	1
			%	0.0%	5.0%	3.7%
		No	Count	7	19	26
			%	100.0%	95.0%	96.3%
	Total		Count	7	20	27
		0	%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Do teachers have health care	Yes	Count	28	17	45
	benefits?		%	33.3%	24.6%	29.4%
		No	Count	56	52	108
			%	66.7%	75.4%	70.6%
	Total		Count	84	69	153
			%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table A97. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Accreditation Status

	Accreditation								
	Accredited Non Accredited				Total				
Program Type	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
School	6.3%	4	7.22	9.6%	4	16.0	7.9%	8	11.6
Center	40.2%	17	27.9	24.6%	104	36.2	26.8%	121	35.5

Table A98. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Proportion of Children on Subsidies

Table A30. Teacher furnisher Nates by Frogram Type and Froportion of Children on Substities									
	Proportion of children on subsidies								
Low				High			Total		
	1		1	<u> </u>		i	<u> </u>	1	
Program	NA		65	NA		6.0			65
Туре	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
Туре									
School	0.0%	3	0.0	9.6%	4	14.6	7.3%	7	12.4
Center	25.4%	61	31.6	31.0%	58	35.9	28.1%	119	33.7
									1

Table A99. Teacher Turnover Rates by Program Type and Proportion of Minority Children Served

	Proportion of minority children served								
		Low			High			Total	
Program Type	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD	Mean	n	SD
School	1.3%	4	2.6	22.9%	2	14.7	8.5%	6	13.1
Center	25.5%	73	31.1	32.4%	46	37.4	28.1%	119	33.7

APPENDIX B

SURVEYS

Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Study

SCHOOL DISTRICT SURVEY

If you need help with this survey, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

HOW TO COMPLETE THIS SURVEY - Click on the "NEXT" button to continue to the next page. Click on the 'PREVIOUS' button to go back and change your answers if needed. If you exit the survey (by closing your browser) before completing it, you can resume where you left off by clicking on the same link you initially used to get to this survey.

We understand that some preschool and early learning centers might share buildings with elementary grades. For purposes of this survey, we are asking ONLY about children who are of <u>preschool age or younger</u>. When answering this survey, please only include staff, services, and resources that are accessible and used by children who are of <u>preschool age or younger</u>.

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

Please provide the following information about yourself

Last Name	
First Name	
Job Title	
If we need to contact you, what is your preferred phone number?	
What is your preferred email address?	

How long have you worked in this program?

- 3 months or less
- 4 to 12 months

	13 months to 5 years
	More than 5 years
How	long have you worked in this program in your current role?
\circ	3 months or less
	4 to 12 months
	13 months to 5 years
	More than 5 years
PROGI	RAM
PR	OGRAM
	is section, we would like to learn general information about your PRESCHOOL program and accreditation status.
Na Na	cation and special features of Building ame of Program ame of Program as listed on tense, if different from above
ls yo	our program licensed or licensed-exempt?
	Licensed
	Licensed-exempt
	Exempt
0	Other
Туре	e of Program (Check all that apply)
	State Pre K
	Title I

☐ Head Start/Early Head Start	
Missouri Preschool Project	
Early Childhood Special Education	
Other	
Program	
Website	
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
County (of Program)	
Jackson	
Other	
Mailing Address (if different from	above)
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
County (of Mailing Address)	
lookoon	
JacksonOther	
Ouiei	

What school district(s) does your program serve? (Check all that apply)

	Kansas City Kansas
	Kansas City Missouri
	Independence
	Raytown
	Center
	Grandview
	Lee's Summit
	Oak Grove
	Blue Springs
	Grain Valley
	Hickman Mills
	Lone Jack
	Fort Osage
	Other
How	long has this program been in operation?
	A year or less
	More than 1 year to 3 years
	More than 3 years to 6 years
	More than 6 years to 10 years
	More than 10 years
How	long has this program been in its current location?
	A year or less
	More than 1 year to 3 years
	More than 3 years to 6 years
	More than 6 years to 10 years
	More than 10 years

Do <u>preschool</u> children and/or staff have access to any of the following? (Check all that apply)

Library	Playground
Indoor play area	☐ In-classroom children's bathrooms
Music room	□ Cafeteria
Gym	☐ Staff Lounge
Dedicated office space	Dedicated staff restrooms
Storage space for extra equipment and supplies	☐ Telephones or intercoms in the classroom
Separate room(s) for individual services (e.g., speech therapy) or assessments	
SPECIAL SERVICES/FEATURES	
Which of the following services do you provide for	preschool children? (Check all that apply)
Summer school	☐ Before and/or after school programs
Security system	Computers or IPADs available for children
Field trips	☐ Videocam monitoring
Gymnastics	Formal music instruction
Wheelchair accessibility	Other:
Do the majority of the children that attend your prog	gram live within 3 miles?
Does your program provide transportation services program?	for children coming to or going from your
○ Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that your program provides transport from your program.	ation services for children coming to or going
Is this a free service to all families?	

O Yes

You indicated that your program provides transportation services for children coming to or going from your program, and that the service is not free to all families.
If this service is free for some families but not all, please explain:
Is public transportation located within one mile of your program?
○ Yes
O No
ACCREDITATION
Is your program currently accredited by any organization?
O Yes
O No
You indicated that your program is currently accredited.
Which organization has granted your program accreditation? (Check all that apply)
■ NAEYC accredited ■ CARF accredited
☐ COA accredited ☐ Missouri accredited
Other program accreditation:
You indicated that your program is currently not accredited.
Is your program pursuing Accreditation?

O No

O Yes

You indicated that your program is pursuing Accreditation.
With which organization?
You indicated that your program is not pursuing Accreditation.
Please tell us why. Rank the <u>top 3</u> reasons in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being the top reason your program is not pursuing accreditation.
Not aware of accreditation procedures
Not convinced of the importance/benefits of accreditation
Cost of accreditation
Lack of time or staff resources
No coaching or help available to support your program with the accreditation process
Unable to meet criteria or standards
Other
PROGRAM QUALITY
PROGRAM QUALITY
This section asks questions about the quality of your program and possible concerns.
You indicated that your program has been in operation for more than 3 years.
Do you feel the quality of your program has improved, declined, or stayed about the same compared to 3 years ago?
Improved
Stayed about the same
Declined

O No

O Not sure

To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently We make better use of data from screening/assessments Our student-to-teacher ratio is lower We have improved facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children learning) We have more access to quality professional development opportunities We have better-qualified staff We have less teacher turnover/more stable teaching staff We have more participation in community initiatives to improve teaching quality We have a bigger budget to run the program Not sure why the program has improved Other reasons why the program has improved. Please specify: You indicated that the quality of your program has declined. What do you attribute this to? (Check all that apply) Lower quality or no curriculum/ lower quality teaching materials Curriculum not applied consistently Insufficient information from screening/assessments Higher student-to-teacher ratio Lower quality facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children learning) Fewer or lower quality professional development opportunities Less qualified staff More teacher turnover Fewer opportunities to participate in community initiatives to improve teaching quality Smaller budget Not sure why the program has declined Other reasons why the program has declined. Please specify:

You indicated that the quality of your program has improved.

Please rank the <u>top 3</u> concerns for your program in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being your top concern.

	Meeting basic expenses
	Funding program improvements (physical improvements to facility, improving variety of learning materials, etc.)
	Funding staff benefits
	Funding training/coaching
	Time for professional development during regular working hours
	Finding quality training
	Curriculum-specific training
	Finding and keeping qualified staff
	Meeting state licensing requirements
	Making sure children leave our program kindergarten-ready
	Making sure children with special needs get the assistance they need
	Access to child assessment tools
	Other
	ilable, which of the following early childhood community support programs would you use to
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with 1 being the am you would be most likely to use.
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training Accreditation support
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training Accreditation support Administrative support
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with 1 being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training Accreditation support Administrative support Scholarships
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training Accreditation support Administrative support Scholarships Subsidies for materials
impro	ve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with 1 being the am you would be most likely to use. Professional development/ training opportunities Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies Individualized training/consultation Curriculum-specific training Accreditation support Administrative support Scholarships

STAFF

STAFF

In this section, we are asking about the staff employed at your program.

	Number
How many PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) are employed in your program?	0
How many of the current PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0
How many of the current PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 5 years ago?	0
Does the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) have a supervisor?	
O Yes	
O No	
You indicated that the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) has a supervisor.	
What is the supervisor's job title?	
Just before taking the PROGRAM DIRECTOR position in your program, wh Director employed?	cre was your riogram
Working in THIS program but in a different position	
Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now	
Working in an early education program in a different position	
Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood Working in a position not related to education or early education	
Other	
What is the minimum educational level requirement for PROGRAM DIRECT	OR(s) in your program?
Less than a Bachelor's degree	
Bachelor's degree	
Graduate degree in any field	
 Graduate degree in a related field, e.g. administration, leadership, education, or early childh 	ood
Other	

What is the minimum work experience requirement for PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) in your program?
Previous work experience as PROGRAM DIRECTOR in a similar program
Previous work experience in early childhood
Previous work experience in education
Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
○ Other
How many years of previous work experience are required?
2 or less
3 to 5
6 or more
Other
Now think about the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) currently in this position. Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s).
reade maleate the <u>ingreet</u> level of eaddation completed by your recent twi birther reference).
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) Salary range
FROM (\$ per year)
TO (\$ per year)
Do PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) receive any of the following benefits? (check all that apply):

Paid vacation

☐ Paid sick leave	
Paid holidays	
Health insurance	
Retirement benefits	
Other	
ASSISTANT PROGRAM DIRECTOR	
	Niverborn
How many ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) are employed in your program?	Number
	0
How many of the current ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0
How many of the current ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 5 years ago?	0
Does the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) have a supervisor?	
○ Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) has a supervisor.	
What is the supervisor's job title?	
Just before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where Assistant Director employed? (If your program has more than one Assistant Director)	
answer this question separately for each one)	cotor, picase
Working in THIS program but in a different position	
 Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now 	
Working in an early education program in a different position	
Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood	
Working in a position not related to education or early education	
Other	

Just before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where was your 2nd Assistant Director employed?
Working in THIS program but in a different position
Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now
Working in an early education program in a different position
Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
Working in a position not related to education or early education
Other
Just before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where was your 3rd Assistant Director employed?
Working in THIS program but in a different position
 Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now
Working in an early education program in a different position
Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
Working in a position not related to education or early education
Other
What is the <u>minimum</u> educational level requirement for ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) in your program?
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree in any field
Graduate degree in a related field, e.g. administration, leadership, education, or early childhood
Other
What is the minimum work experience requirement for ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) in your program?
Previous work experience as ASSISTANT DIRECTOR in a similar program
Previous work experience in early childhood
Previous work experience in education

Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
Other
How many years of previous work experience are required?
2 or less
3 to 5
6 or more
Other
Now think about the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) currently in this position.
Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your Assistant Director. (If your program has more than one Assistant Director, please answer this question separately for each one)
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your 2nd Assistant Director.
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your 3rd Assistant Director.
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field

Graduate degree in early education or related field	
Other	
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) Salary range	
FROM (\$ per year)	
TO (\$ per year)	
	call that areals it.
Do ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) receive any of the following benefits? (checl	(all that apply):
Paid vacation	
Paid sick leave	
Paid holidays	
Health insurance	
Retirement benefits	
Other	
CLASSROOM STAFF – LEAD TEACHERS	
	Number
How many LEAD TEACHERS are currently employed in your program?	0
How many LEAD TEACHERS are employed full time (40 or more hours a week)?	0
How many of your current LEAD TEACHERS were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0
How many of your current LEAD TEACHERS were employed at your program 5 years ago?	
now many or your current LEAD TEACHERS were employed at your program 5 years ago?	0
Think about what LEAD TEACHERS at your program were doing just before their current position at your program.	they started working in
Please rank the <u>top 3</u> choices from 1 - 3, with '1' being the place where <u>mos</u> (It is possible that some teachers were involved in more than one of the foll	<u>t</u> teachers came from.
The possible that some reachers were involved in indic than one of the following	
example working and going to school. Think of the PRIMARY activity they	owing activities, for
example working and going to school. Think of the PRIMARY activity they	owing activities, for
example working and going to school. Think of the PRIMARY activity they working in THIS program but in a different position	owing activities, for

working in a child care center or early education program in a different position
working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
working in a job not related to education or early education
in a 4-year College (recent graduates)
in a Community College (recent graduates)
in High school
not employed
Other
LEAD TEACHERS
Hourly Starting Wage (\$ per hour)
Salary range FROM (\$ per year)
TO (\$ per year)
Do LEAD TEACHERS receive any of the following benefits? (check all that apply): Paid vacation Paid sick leave Paid holidays
☐ Health insurance☐ Retirement benefits
Other
What is the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by <u>MOST</u> of your LEAD TEACHERS?
Some High School
High School Diploma/GED
Child Development Associate (CDA)
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field
Associate's degree in early education or related field
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field

Other	
What is the minimum educational level requirement for LEAD TEACHER	S in your program?
Less than a Bachelor's degree	
Bachelor's degree	
Graduate degree in any field	
Graduate degree in early education or related field	
Other	
What is the minimum work experience requirement for LEAD TEACHERS	S in your program?
 No work experience necessary (other than internships or other work experience required degree) 	d by their
Previous work experience as TEACHER in a similar program	
Previous work experience in early childhood	
Previous work experience in education	
Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood	
Other	
How many years of previous work experience are required?	
2 or less	
3 to 5	
○ 6 or more	
Other	
LEAD TEACHER POSITIONS	
	Number
How many LEAD TEACHER positions did you need to fill in 2013 or your last fiscal year?	0
How many of those positions were newly created positions and not a result of turnover?	0

Graduate degree in early education or related field

Rate the extent to which:

	Not a challenge		Significa	int challenge
	1	2	3	4
LEAD TEACHER turnover is a significant challenge in your program	0	0	0	0
It is difficult to find qualified LEAD TEACHERS to hire				

You indicated that LEAD TEACHER turnover is a challenge.

What is your best guess for teacher turnover? (Check all that apply)

Teachers don't have the correct qualifications	Teachers returned to school
Degree completion allowed for promotion or hire at other location	Teachers relocated
The salaries are too low	Retirement
☐ The hours are too long	☐ Teachers left profession
☐ The benefits are not enough or not offered	Family reasons/start family
Other	

You indicated that difficulty in finding qualified teaching staff is a challenge.

What is your best guess of the difficulty in finding qualified LEAD TEACHERS? (Check all that apply)

Don't get many applicants who meet qualifications
Too much competition from other programs for teaching positions
Salary and benefits
Other

TEACHING ASSISTANTS/AIDES/PARAPROFESSIONALS

	Number
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are currently employed in your program?	0
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed full time (40 or more hours a week)?	0
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed 20 to 39 hours a week?	0

How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed less than 20 hours a week?	0
How many of your current TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0
How many of your current TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS were employed at your program 5 year ago?	0
What is the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by <u>MOST</u> of your TEACHING	
ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS?	
○ Some High School	
─ High School Diploma/GED	
Child Development Associate (CDA)	
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field	
Associate's degree in early education or related field	
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field	
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field	
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field	
Graduate degree in early education or related field	
Other	
Is there a minimum educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PAR. program? Yes	AS in your
○ No	
You indicated that there is a minimum educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your program.	
What is the <u>minimum</u> educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PA program?	RAS in your
Some High School	
─ High School Diploma/GED	
Child Development Associate (CDA)	
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field	
Associate's degree in early education or related field	
Less than a Bachelor's degree	
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field	

 Bachelor's degree in early education 	n or related field
Other	
Is there a minimum work experie program?	ence requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your
O Yes	
O No	
You indicated that there is a min ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your p	imum work experience requirement for TEACHING rogram.
What is the minimum work experprogram?	rience requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in you
Previous work experience as TEAC	HING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in a similar program
Previous work experience in early of	childhood
Previous work experience in educa	tion
 Previous work experience in a relat 	ed field, not education or early childhood
Other	
How many years of previous wor	rk experience are required?
2 or less	
3 to 5	
6 or more	
Other	
TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PAR	AS
Hourly Starting Wage (\$ per hour)	
Salary range FROM (\$ per year)	
TO (\$ per year)	

Paid vacation		
Paid sick leave		
Paid holidays		
Health insurance		
Retirement benefits		
Other		
Do you provide any of the following benefits to your LEAD TEACHERS AIDES/PARAS OR SPECIALISTS (e.g., speech therapists)?	S, ASSISTANT	TEACHERS,
	Yes	No
Funding for membership to professional organizations		
Funding to participate in college courses, off-site training, or attend conferences		
Paid time off to participate in college courses, off-site training, or attend conferences		
Mentors, coaches or consultants who visit and work with staff in their classrooms		
Pay increase with completion of degree and/or certification		
On average, how many hours of professional development did your LE 2013 or your last fiscal year? 10 or less 11 to 15 16 to 20 21 or more	AD TEACHER	S complete in
NUMBER OF STAFF: Please indicate the number of people you employ full or part time in the	e following posi	tions:
. isassaisate the harmon of poople you omploy fail of part time in the	5 .5.15	
		Number
SPECIALISTS (Staff who have a specialized job such as language specialists, those who wo children with special needs, etc.)	rk with	0
OTHER (staff who don't have direct contact with children such as receptionist, book keeper, coustodian).	ook or	0

Do TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS receive any of the following benefits (check all that apply):

Does your program employ any of the	e following? (Check all that apply)
Receptionist	Book-keeper/HR staff
Cook/cafeteria personnel	Custodian
☐ Floaters/substitutes	Family advocates
■ Maintenance staff	
You indicated that your program DOE	ES NOT have a Receptionist.
For the most part, who performs rece	eptionist duties?
You indicated that your program DOB	ES NOT have a Book keeper/HR staff.
For the most part, who performs book	k keeping and HR duties?
You indicated that your program DOB	ES NOT have a Cook/cafeteria personnel.
For the most part, who performs cool	king and cafeteria duties?
You indicated that your program DOB	ES NOT have a Custodian.
For the most part, who performs cust	odial duties?

You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Floater/substitute.

For the most part, who performs substitute teacher duties?

You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Family advocate.
For the most part, who performs family advocate duties?
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Maintenance staff.
For the most part, who performs maintenance duties?

Summary of staff currently working in your program:

1/1}
14 145
:/1/1}
1/1}
1/1}
1/1}
2/1}
,

Based on your responses, your program has a TOTAL staff count of 0. If this is not your program's total, please go back and include everyone in a category described above.

STAFF MAKEUP

In this section, we are asking about the makeup of your staff. Think of ALL the staff employed at your program who works with children who have not started Kindergarten yet.

Considering <u>all</u> the staff employed at your program at the moment, please answer the following:

RACE/ETHNICITY

	following groups?
African-American/Black	0
Caucasian/White	0
Asian/Pacific Islander	0
Latino/Hispanic	0
Other	0
4.05	
AGE	
	To the best of your knowledge, how many members of your staff fall in the following categories
Under 25 years of age	0
26 to 40 years of age	0
41 years old or more	0
GENDER	
	How many members of your staff are:
Female	0

COMPUTER ACCESS

COMPUTER ACCESS

Next we want to know your staff's access to computers. We define regular access as having <u>access</u> <u>at least once per day</u> to a computer/internet <u>provided by your program</u>.

	Regular	Regular access to a computer			Regular access to wireless internet connection		
	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	
Program director(s)	0		•	0	0	•	
Assistant Director(s) (IF ANY)						•	
Lead Teachers						•	

STUDENTS

STUDENTS

In this section, we would like to obtain information about the characteristics of the children in your program.

	Number
What was the average total number of children enrolled in your program in 2013 or the last fiscal year?	0

0 TO 12 MONTHS

Do ۱	/OII	serve	children	0 to	12	months?
	you	30170	CHILLIAN	U IU	1 4	11101111113 :

Yes

O No

You indicated that you serve children 0 to 12 months.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 0 to 12-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 0 to 12-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity for 0 to 12-month-old children?	0

13 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS

Do you serve children 13 to 24 months?

Yes

O No

You indicated that you serve children 13 to 24 months.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 13- to 24-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 13- to 24-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity for 13- to 24-month-old children?	0

Do you serve children 25	to so months!	
O Yes		
O No		
You indicated that you se	rve children 25 to 36 months.	
Tournaloutou that you oo	TVO SIMULON ZO LO GO MIGNATO.	
		Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 25	i- to 36-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 25- to 36-mont	h-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity fo	r 25- to 36-month-old children?	0
	I	
37 MONTHS TO PRESC	HOOL AGE (This age group includes children	who are 37 months or
older but who are NOT		wile are or months of
Do you serve children 37	months to Preschool age?	
Do you derve dimaren or	months to r resoned age:	
O Yes		
O No		
You indicated that you se	rve children 37 months to Preschool age.	
		Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 37	months to Preschool age children were enrolled in your progra	m? 0
How many of those 37 months to F	0	
What is your program's capacity for 37 months to Preschool age children?		
Summary of students enr	olled in your program as of September 1st, 2014:	
	\${q://QID99/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}	
Students 13 to 24 months	\${q://QID102/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}	
Students 25 to 36	\${q://QID105/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}	
HIOHUIS	φία.// ΔΙΕ 100/OHOICENUMENCEMU y Value/ 1/ 1	
Students 37 to Preschool age	\${q://QID108/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}	

Based on your responses, your program had a TOTAL of 0 students as of September 1st, 2014. If this is not your program's total, please go back and include everyone in a category described above.

CHILDREN

In this section, we are asking about <u>ALL</u> children in your program who are not yet in Kindergarten.

ETHNICITY

	What is the racial/ethnic breakdown of children in your program? Please provide the number of children for each racial or ethnic category.
African-American/Black	0
Caucasian/White	0
Asian/Pacific Islander	0
Latino/Hispanic	0
Other (specify)	0

GENDER

	How many children in your program are:			
Female	0			
Male	0			

ATTRITION

	In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children left the program for the following reasons?
Children withdrawn by parents	0
Your program expelled child	0
Child graduated out of the program	0
Other	0

	Number
How many of the children currently enrolled in your program receive special services or have an IEP (Individualized Education Plan), IFSP (Individualized Family Service Plan) or a 504?	0
How many children in your program are currently being evaluated for services but do not have a written IEP, IFSP, or 504 ?	0
How many children with special needs who are currently enrolled in your program are not being evaluated for services and do not have a written IEP, IFSP, or 504 ?	0
What services/resources does your program have to serve children with special n families? (Check all that apply)	needs and their
On-site or program-based family service workers or social workers	

On-site or program-based behavior specialists such as speech therapists, occupational therapists, etc.
 Access to outside services/specialists
 Additional classroom staff
 Modifications or Accommodations in the classroom
 Referral to special education evaluation
 Parent support (e.g., printed/online material; educational workshops)
 Training on children with special needs for staff
 Other:

CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS

None of the above

In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children with challenging behavior did your program expel because it could not meet their needs?

None1 to 23 to 56 to 1011 or more

In 2013 or the last fiscal year, did your program make referrals to parents for specialized help for their child's challenging behavior?

Yes

O No

You indicated that your program had made referrals to parents for specialized help for challenging behavior in 2013 or the last fiscal year.	or their child's
How many times did this occur?	
1 to 23 to 56 to 10	
O 11 or more	
What services/resources does your program have to serve children with challenging their families? (Check all that apply)	behavior and
On-site or program-based family service workers or social workers	
On-site or program-based behavior specialists	
Access to outside services/specialists	
Additional classroom staff	
Modifications or Accommodations in the classroom	
Referral to special education evaluation	
Parent support (e.g., printed/online material; educational workshops)	
Training for staff on positive behavior support or other ways to prevent challenging behavior	
Other:	
None of the above	
LANGUAGE - Children	Number
How many of the children in your program come from homes where English is not the primary language?	0
How many of these children speak Spanish as a primary language?	0
How many speak a primary language other than English and Spanish?	0

What other language backgrounds are represented by the children you serve?

English? (Check all that apply)	3
Full time classroom support provided (e.g., dual language programs)	
English as a Second Language (ESL) or English Language Learner (ELL) program provided or referra to such a program is provided	I
 Bilingual personnel is available to conduct small groups or other activities in a language other than English 	
Provide an interpreter for families when needed	
Translations of most important forms are available	
Assessments to monitor growth in a child's home language	
Other	
None of the above	
LANGUAGE - Staff	1
LIANTE AND TEACHERS and TEACHER ACCUST ANTICIAIDE OF DAD ACCUST AND Number	
How many LEAD TEACHERS and TEACHER ASSISTANTS/AIDES/PARAS speak more than one language in the program?	0
What language(s)?	
CLASSROOM SIZE AND STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIO	

What resources does your program use to help serve children whose primary language is not

CLASSROOM SIZE AND STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIO

Next we'd like to know the classroom size and staff-to-student ratio for different age groups.

Thinking about the current number of staff and children in your program, please indicate classroom size and number of students per teacher or adult.

	age group	group	group
0 to 12 months	0	0	0
13 to 24 months	0	0	0
25 to 36 months	0	0	0
37 months to Preschool age	0	0	0

MEASURABLE OUTCOMES

MEASURABLE OUTCOMES

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments administered to STUDENTS in your program. We are interested in assessments that are routinely administered to the majority of the children. Please do not list assessments that are administered to invididual child to help with diagnosis.

Does	/Our	nrogram	administer	anv	assessment((۵)	2
DOCO !	your	program	aummoter	anty	ผงงบงงทาบทแ	31	

O Yes

O No

You indicated that your program administers assessment(s) to STUDENTS.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency or time of administration.

	Entry	Progress Monitoring/On- going	Exit	Other	If "Other" is checked
					Please specify:
Assessment #1					
Assessment #2					
Assessment #3					
Assessment #4					
Assessment #5					
Assessment #6					
Assessment #7					

Are assessors trained to administer these assessment tools?
○ Yes
○ No
How are assessors trained?
Received training from other staff member(s)
Received training from outside certified trainer
Self-train (e.g. manuals, videos
Other
How often do assessors receive training?
Once
Approximately once a year Other
Outer
Do you share results of any of these assessments with parents?
O Yes
○ No
You indicated that you share assessment results with parents.
How do you share these results?
O Home visit
 Send results home with students
Parent-teacher conferences
Other:

LEAD TEACHER ASSESSMENTS

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations administered to LEAD TEACHERS in your program.

Are your LEAD TEACHERS assessed/observed?
○ Yes
O No

You indicated that your LEAD TEACHERS are assessed/observed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Freque	If "Other" is checked			
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment #1	0				
Assessment#2					
Assessment #3					
Assessment #4					
Assessment #5					
Assessment #6					
Assessment #7					

CLASSROOM

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations used to rate the CLASSROOMS' environment in your program.

Is the classroom environment assessed?

O Yes

	_

You indicated that the classroom environment is assessed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Freque	If "Other" is checked			
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment #1	0	0			
Assessment #2					
Assessment #3					
Assessment #4					
Assessment #5					
Assessment #6					
Assessment #7					

PROGRAM

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations used to rate your PROGRAM.

Is your program being assessed?

Yes

O No

You indicated that your program is being assessed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Freque	ency of adm	inistration		If "Other" is checked
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment #1			0		

Assessment #2					
Assessment #3					
Assessment #4					
Assessment #5					
Assessment#6					
Assessment #7					
					I
KINDERGARTEN READ Does your program gathe			readiness f	or kinder	rgarten in the spring
before their kindergarten		ir dillidicii 3	readiness i	or kinder	garter in the spring
O Yes					
O No					
You indicated that your pr	rogram gathers da	ata to ascer	tain childrer	n's readir	ness for kindergarten.
What measures does you published measures OR i program.)					
Do you have information to program who are "kinderg		ures about t	he percenta	age of chi	ildren leaving your
○ Yes					
O No					

Does your program have reports available to the public regarding the percentage of children ready for kindergarten?

You indicated that your program children ready for kindergarten.	has reports available to the public	regarding the p	percentage of
Please list:			
What is the best way to gain access to these reports?			<i>h</i>
Do you share kindergarten readi	ness information with parents?		
○ Yes			
O No			
CURRICULUM USED			
Are you currently using a curricu	lum?		
Yes No			
You indicated that you are curre	ntly using a curriculum.		
PLEASE USE THE HORIZONTA	AL SCROLL TO VIEW ALL COLU	MNS.	
Which one?	IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED,	IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED, is your program director trained on this curriculum?	IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED, how did MOST teachers receive training on how to implement this curriculum?
(Check all that apply)	On average, how many days per week do teachers use this curriculum? Out of the are in the process of how many receiving training on on this curriculum? curriculum?	Yes No	Program Outside Director certified Other trainer

YesNo

Not published curriculum								
Project Construct								
Montessori								
Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC)								
Reggio								
HighScope								
A Beka								
Creative Curriculum								
Other								
		I			I		I	
4								
RELATIONSHIPS WITH LOCAL SCHOOLS These next questions are about your program's relationships with schools in your neighborhood. After graduation from your program, where do most children go to Kindergarten?								
Public School				Private or F	aith-based So	chool		
Home School	○ Home School ○ Charter School							
Other:								
Will any of the children i	n your pr	ogram g	o to priv	ate schools?				
O Yes								
O No								
You indicated that some	e of the ch	nildren ir	n your pr	ogram will go t	to private s	schools.		
Which ones? (Please li								

Private school #1

Private school #2

	·			
Private school #3				
Private school #4				
Private school #5				
Private school #6				
Private school #7				
Will any of the children in your p	rogram go to charter schools?			
○ Yes				
○ No				
You indicated that some of the c	hildren in your program will go to cha	rter schools.		
Which ones? (Please list names	s of schools)			
`	,			
Charter school #1				
Charter school #2				
Charter school #3				
Charter school #4				
Charter school #5				
Charter school #6				
Charter school #7				
Do you interact or communicate that apply)	with local public or private schools in	the following ways? (Check all		
Talk with too share to share the seei	al and goodomic skills needed to proper shilder	on for achool		
Participate in joint training/profession	al and academic skills needed to prepare childre	arior scrioor		
Routinely pass on records of childre				
Inform schools of children coming to				
Coordinate kindergarten registratio	n			
Help inform parents about kinderga	arten registration			
Take preschool children to visit their potential Kindergarten				

ctivities you might provide to involve milies (Check all that apply). mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences ome visits mily support groups/advisory board one of the above
milies (Check all that apply). mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences me visits mily support groups/advisory board
milies (Check all that apply). mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences me visits mily support groups/advisory board
milies (Check all that apply). mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences me visits mily support groups/advisory board
milies (Check all that apply). mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences me visits mily support groups/advisory board
mily educational workshops mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences ome visits mily support groups/advisory board
mily social events mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences ome visits mily support groups/advisory board
mily volunteer opportunities rent/teacher conferences me visits mily support groups/advisory board
rent/teacher conferences ome visits mily support groups/advisory board
me visits mily support groups/advisory board
mily support groups/advisory board
ne of the above
and/or home visits. How many do you do per year?
0
0
information regarding their children's
∍n

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

As a way to target future investments, the Pre-K Collaborative would like to gather financial information on your program as well as other preschool centers. We feel that learning about your sources of income and funding will help us understand and learn about areas of need. Please answer to the best of your ability.

Is it easier for you to report your	financial information on a fiscal year or a calendar year?
Fiscal YearCalendar Year	
What was the <u>yearly</u> revenue of	your program in 2013 or in your last fiscal year?
\$	

Revenue sources:

	Did your program receive revenue from any of the following sources?	Please indicate the YEARLY amount of revenue received from each source that you checked.
	(Check all that apply)	\$
Parent-paid tuition		
Private sources (e.g., foundations or corporations)		
Head Start or Early Head Start		
Title I		
Part B (Special Needs)		
Child and Adult Care Food Program		
Missouri Preschool Project		
State subsidy/DSS		
Other state or federal program		
Fund-raising activities		
Other		

You indicated that your program received revenue from Head Start or Early Head Start.

		Num	ber of slots		If "Other" is checked
	1 to 5	6 to 10	11 or more	Other	Please specify:
How many HEAD START slots are in your program?	0				
How many EARLY HEAD START slots are in your program?					

You indicated that your program received revenue from Fund-raising activities.

What are they? Please list:

Fund-raising activity #1	
Fund-raising activity #2	
Fund-raising activity #3	
Fund-raising activity #4	
Fund-raising activity #5	
Fund-raising activity #6	
Fund-raising activity #7	

EXPENSES

In 2013 or your last fiscal year, what were the total expenses for your program?

- Less than \$5,000
- \$5,001 to \$15,000
- \$15,001 to \$25,000
- \$25,001 to \$35,000
- \$35,001 to \$45,000
- \$45,001 to \$80,000
- \$80,001 or more

In 2013 or your last fiscal year, what were your <u>top 3</u> expenses? With '1' being your biggest expense.

Direct Instruction expenditures (e.g., supplies, classroom equipment)		
Instructional Support services (e.g., staff training, technology)		
Operations and Maintenance of Building (e.g., rent, utilities)		
Other		
How much is your monthly rent/mortgage?		
riow mach is your <u>monthly</u> renormongage:		
◯ Less than \$500		
\$501 to \$1,000		
\$1,001 to \$1,500		
\$1,501 t0 \$2,000		
\$2,001 or more		
Not applicable		
to pay for their care? (Please ONLY report children who are not yet i	n Kinnemaneni	
○ Yes	n Kindergarten)	
YesNo	n Kindergarten)	
● No You indicated that your program currently serves children who receiv		
● No You indicated that your program currently serves children who receiv	e child care subsidies or	
You indicated that your program currently serves children who receiv financial assistance to pay for their care.	e child care subsidies or Number	
You indicated that your program currently serves children who receive financial assistance to pay for their care. How many children in your program receive financial assistance?	e child care subsidies or Number	
You indicated that your program currently serves children who receive financial assistance to pay for their care. How many children in your program receive financial assistance? What type of financial assistance do your students receive? (Check as a server of the content of	e child care subsidies or Number	

nave difficulty paying for your services. For those families who pay fultion or child care services out of pocket, are there any families who do not make regular payments, either by not paying the full amount or by not paying every time tuition is due?
○ Yes
○ No
ou indicated that there are families who do not make regular payments.
On average, about how many children do you have per month who only make a partial payment or no payment at all?
① 1 to 3
4 to 6
O 7 or more
O OF SURVEY

We understand there are times when parents come across difficult economic situations and may

ΕN

These are all the questions we have for you today. We appreciate your contribution to this effort supporting early learning. If we have questions about your survey, you may be contacted by one of our research staff members. If you have any questions, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178.

If you think you may have left some questions unanswered, please use the PREVIOUS button to go back and answer them. All your responses are saved, so you will not lose any of your answers by using the PREVIOUS button.

Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Study

SURVEY FOR CENTER-BASED EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS

If you need help with this survey, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

HOW TO COMPLETE THIS SURVEY - Click on the "NEXT" button to continue to the next page. Click on the 'PREVIOUS' button to go back and change your answers if needed. If you exit the survey (by closing your browser) before completing it, you can resume where you left off by clicking on the same link you initially used to get to this survey.

Once you submit your survey, our research staff may contact you if we have any questions. Once your survey is complete we will mail you a \$100 debit card.

We understand that some daycares and early learning centers might work with preschool children as well as school age children. For purposes of this survey, we are ONLY asking about children who have not yet started Kindergarten, that is children who are of <u>preschool age and younger</u>. When answering this survey, please only report staff, services, and resources that are accessible and used by children who are of <u>preschool age and younger</u>.

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

Please provide the following information about yourself

Last Name	
First Name	
Job Title	
If we need to contact you, what is your preferred phone number?	
What is your preferred email address?	

How long have you worked in this program?

O 4 to 12 months	
13 months to 5 years	
More than 5 years	
How long have you worked in th	is program in your current role?
3 months or less	
4 to 12 months	
13 months to 5 years	
More than 5 years	
PROGRAM	
PROGRAM	
In this section, we would like to status.	learn general information about your program and your accreditation
LOCATION AND SPECIAL FEA	ATURES OF BUILDING
Name of Program	
Name of Program as listed on license, if different from above	
Is your program licensed or licer	nsed-exempt?
Licensed	
 Licensed-exempt 	
Exempt	
Other	
Program	
Program License # or DVN	

Website	
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
County (of Program)	
Jackson	
Other	
Mailing Address /if different frame	, ahaya)
Mailing Address (if different from	i above)
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
p	
County (of Mailing Address)	
Jackson	
Other	
What school district(s) does you	r program serve? (Check all that apply)
Kansas City Kansas	
Kansas City Missouri	
Independence	
Raytown	
Center	
Grandview	
Lee's Summit	

Oak Grove
☐ Blue Springs
Grain Valley
Hickman Mills
Lone Jack
Fort Osage
Other
What type of program do you operate?
For profit
Not for profit
Run by a government agency
Other
Is your program independent or sponsored by another organization?
Independent
Sponsored
You indicated that your program is sponsored by another organization.
What type of organization sponsors your program?
What type of eigenization openions your program.
Social service organization or agency
Church or faith-based group
Public school
Private school
College or university
Private company or individual employer
Non-government community organization
☐ Government agency
Other

How long has this program been in operation?	
A year or less	
More than 1 year to 3 years	
More than 3 years to 6 years	
More than 6 years to 10 years	
More than 10 years	
How long has this program been in its current loca	ation?
A year or less	
More than 1 year to 3 years	
More than 3 years to 6 years	
More than 6 years to 10 years	
More than 10 years	
Do children and/or staff have access to any of the Library Indoor play area Music room Gym Dedicated office space Storage space for extra equipment and supplies Separate room(s) for individual services (e.g., speech therapy) or assessments	Playground In-classroom children's bathrooms Cafeteria Staff Lounge Dedicated staff restrooms Telephones or intercoms in the classroom None of the above
SPECIAL SERVICES/FEATURES	
Which of the following services do you provide for	children and families? (Check all that apply)
Security system	Before and/or after school programs
	□ Before and/or after school programs□ Computers or IPADs available for children
☐ Field trips	
☐ Field trips ☐ Gymnastics	Computers or IPADs available for children

Do the majority of the children that attend your program live within 3 miles?		
○ Yes ○ No		
Does your program provide transportation services for children coming to or going from your program?		
YesNo		
You indicated that your program provides transportation services for children coming to or going from your program.		
Is this a free service to all families?		
○ Yes		
○ No		
You indicated that your program provides transportation services for children coming to or going from your program, and that the service is not free to all families.		
If this service is free for some families but not all, please explain:		
Is public transportation located within one mile of your program?		
○ Yes		
○ No		

Is your program currently accredited by any organ	ization?	
O Yes		
○ No		
You indicated that your program is currently accre	dited.	
Which organization has granted your program acc	creditation? (Check all that apply)	
■ NAEYC accredited	☐ CARF accredited	
■ NECPA accredited	COA accredited	
■ Missouri accredited	Other program accreditation:	
You indicated that your program is currently not a	ccredited.	
Is your program pursuing Accreditation?		
to your program paroung / toorealtation.		
O Yes		
○ No		
You indicated that your program is pursuing Accre	editation.	
With which organization?		
Variable at ad the at variable are seen as a set in variable A		
You indicated that your program is not pursuing A	ccreditation.	
Please tell us why. Rank the <u>top 3</u> reasons in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being the top reason your program is not pursuing accreditation.		
Not aware of accreditation procedures		
Not convinced of the importance/benefits of accreditatio	n	
Cost of accreditation		
Lack of time or staff resources		
No coaching or help available to support your program	with the accreditation process	
Unable to meet criteria or standards		

Other
PROGRAM QUALITY
PROGRAM QUALITY
This section asks questions about the quality of your program and possible concerns.
Has your program participated in the quality rating system (QRIS)?
○ Yes
O No
You indicated that your program has participated in the quality rating system.
What year was your last rating?
What was your last star rating?
Which areas showed room for improvement? (Check all that apply) Director's education and training
Staff education
Educational specialization
Annual training
Learning environment
Intentional teaching
Family involvement
Business and administrative practices
■ Not sure
Other

You indicated that your program has been in operation for more than 3 years.

Do you feel the quality of your program has improved, declined, or stayed about the same compared to 3 years ago?
☐ Improved
Stayed about the same
Declined
O Not sure
You indicated that the quality of your program has improved.
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply)
We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials
Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently
We make better use of data from screening/assessments
Our student-to-teacher ratio is lower
We have improved facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children learning)
We have more access to quality professional development opportunities
■ We have better-qualified staff
■ We have less teacher turnover/more stable teaching staff
We have more participation in community initiatives to improve teaching quality
■ We have a bigger budget to run the program
Change in administrative focus
■ Not sure why the program has improved
Other reasons why the program has improved. Please specify:
You indicated that the quality of your program has declined.
What do you attribute this to? (Check all that apply)
Lower quality or no curriculum/ lower quality teaching materials
Curriculum not applied consistently
Insufficient information from screening/assessments
Higher student-to-teacher ratio
Lower quality facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children learning)
Fewer or lower quality professional development opportunities
Less qualified staff

J	More teacher turnover
	Fewer opportunities to participate in community initiatives to improve teaching quality
	Smaller budget
	Change in administrative focus
	Not sure why the program has declined
	Other reasons why the program has declined. Please specify:
Plea cond	se rank the top 3 concerns for your program in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being your top ern.
	Meeting basic expenses
	Funding program improvements (physical improvements to facility, improving variety of learning materials, etc.)
	Funding staff benefits
	Funding training/coaching
	Time for professional development during regular working hours
	Finding quality training
	Curriculum-specific training
	Finding and keeping qualified staff
	Meeting state licensing requirements
	Making sure children leave our program kindergarten-ready
	Making sure children with special needs get the assistance they need
	Access to child assessment tools
	Other
Have	e you recently considered expanding your program?
	Yes
	No
You	indicated that you recently considered expanding your program.
Why	are you considering expanding your program? (Check all that apply)
	Want to expand on type of services provided (e.g., provide before/after school care, expand the age of children served)
	Currently receiving more revenue/funding which allows program to expand

Other
Have you recently considered closing your program?
○ Yes
○ No
You indicated that you recently considered closing your program.
Why are you considering closing your program? (Check all that apply)
Having a hard time meeting basic expenses/making a profit
Difficult to find/keep qualified staff
Other
If available, which of the following early childhood community support programs would you use to improve the quality of your program? Please rank your <u>top 3</u> choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the program you would be most likely to use.
Professional development/ training opportunities
Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies
Individualized training/consultation
Curriculum-specific training
Administrative support
Administrative support
Scholarships Subsidies for materials
Facilities grants Other
Outer

STAFF

STAFF

In this section, we are asking about the staff employed at your program. Please remember to report ONLY staff that works with preschool age children and younger, i.e., children who have not started

PROGRAM DIRECTOR

Less than a Bachelor's degree

Bachelor's degree

	Number
How many PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) are employed in your program?	0
How many of the current PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0
How many of the current PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 5 years ago?	0
Does the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) have a supervisor?	
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) has a supervisor.	
What is the supervisor's job title?	
Just before taking the PROGRAM DIRECTOR position in your program, when Director employed?	e was your Program
Working in THIS program but in a different position	
Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now	
Working in an early education program in a different position	
Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood	
Working in a position not related to education or early education	
Other	

What is the $\underline{\text{minimum}}$ educational level requirement for PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) in your program?

\bigcirc	Graduate degree in any field
	Graduate degree in a related field, e.g. administration, leadership, education, or early childhood
	Other
Wha	t is the <u>minimum</u> work experience requirement for PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) in your program?
	Province work and advance as PROCEAM DIRECTOR in a similar resource.
	Previous work experience as PROGRAM DIRECTOR in a similar program
	Previous work experience in early childhood
	Previous work experience in education
0	Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
\bigcirc	Other
How	many years of previous work experience are required?
	2 or less
	3 to 5
	6 or more
	Other
Now	think about the PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) currently in this position.
Plea	se indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s).
	Less than a Bachelor's degree
	Bachelor's degree
	Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
	Graduate degree in early education or related field
	Other
PRC	GRAM DIRECTOR(s) Salary range
FF	ROM (\$ per year)
	D (\$ per year)

Do PROGRAM DIRECTOR(s) receive any of the following benefits? (check all that apply):		
☐ Paid vacation		
Paid sick leave		
Paid holidays		
Health insurance		
Retirement benefits		
Other		
ASSISTANT PROGRAM DIRECTOR		
	Number	
How many ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) are employed in your program?	0	
How many of the current ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0	
How many of the current ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) were employed at your program 5 years ago?	0	
Does the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) have a supervisor?		
O Voe		
○ Yes ○ No		
● NO		
You indicated that the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) has a supervisor.		
What is the supervisor's job title?		
Just before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where was your Assistant Director employed? (If your program has more than one Assistant Director, please		
answer this question separately for each one)	Joioi, picase	
Working in THIS program but in a different position		
 Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now 		

_	Working in an early education program in a different position
	Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
	Working in a position not related to education or early education
	Other
	before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where was your 2nd stant Director employed?
	Working in THIS program but in a different position
	Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now
	Working in an early education program in a different position
	Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
	Working in a position not related to education or early education
	Other
	before taking the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR position in your program, where was your 3rd stant Director employed? Working in THIS program but in a different position Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now Working in an early education program in a different position
	Working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
0	Working in a position not related to education or early education Other
	t is the minimum educational level requirement for ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) in your ram?
	Less than a Bachelor's degree
	Bachelor's degree
	Graduate degree in any field
	Graduate degree in a related field, e.g. administration, leadership, education, or early childhood
	Other

What is the minimum work experience requirement for ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) in your program?
Previous work experience as ASSISTANT DIRECTOR in a similar program
Previous work experience in early childhood
Previous work experience in education
Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
Other
How many years of previous work experience are required?
2 or less
3 to 5
6 or more
Other
Now think about the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) currently in this position. Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your Assistant Director. (If your program has more than one Assistant Director, please answer this question separately for each one)
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your 2nd Assistant Director.
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other

Less than a Bachelor's degree			
Bachelor's degree			
Graduate degree NOT in early education or a related field			
Graduate degree in early education or related field			
Other			
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) Salary range			
FROM (\$ per year)			
TO (\$ per year)			
ιο (φροι γουι)			
Do ASSISTANT DIRECTOR(s) receive any of the following benefits? (che	eck all that apply):		
☐ Paid vacation			
Paid sick leave			
Paid holidays			
Health insurance			
Retirement benefits			
Other			
CLASSROOM STAFF – LEAD TEACHERS			
	Number		
How many LEAD TEACHERS are currently employed in your program?	0		
How many LEAD TEACHERS are employed full time (40 or more hours a week)?			
How many of your current LEAD TEACHERS were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0		
How many of your current LEAD TEACHERS were employed at your program 5 years ago?			

Please indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by your 3rd Assistant Director.

Think about what LEAD TEACHERS at your program were doing just before they started working in their current position at your program.

Please rank the top 3 choices from 1 - 3, with '1' being the place where most teachers came from.

(It is possible that some teachers were involved in more than one of the following activities, for example working and going to school. Think of the PRIMARY activity they were involved in).
working in THIS program but in a different position
working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now
working in a child care center or early education program in a different position
working in an education-related position but not in early childhood
working in a job not related to education or early education
in a 4-year College (recent graduates)
in a Community College (recent graduates)
in High school
not employed
Other
Outer
LEAD TEACHERS
Hourly Starting Wage (\$ per hour)
Salary range FROM (\$ per year)
TO (\$ per year)
(φ per year)
Do LEAD TEACHERS receive any of the following benefits? (check all that apply):
Paid vacation
Paid sick leave
☐ Paid holidays
☐ Health insurance
Retirement benefits
Other
What is the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by <u>MOST</u> of your LEAD TEACHERS?
 Some High School
○ High School Diploma/GED
Child Development Associate (CDA)
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field

Associate's degree in early education or related field
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
What is the minimum educational level requirement for LEAD TEACHERS in your program?
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree
Graduate degree in any field
Graduate degree in early education or related field
Other
What is the <u>minimum</u> work experience requirement for LEAD TEACHERS in your program?
 No work experience necessary (other than internships or other work experience required by their degree)
Previous work experience as TEACHER in a similar program
Previous work experience in early childhood
Previous work experience in education
 Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
Other
How many years of previous work experience are required?
2 or less
3 to 5
6 or more
Other

			Number	
How many LEAD TEACHER positions did you need to fill in 2013 or you	our last fiscal year?		0	
How many of those positions were newly created positions and not a result of turnover?			0	
		ı		
Rate the extent to which:				
	Not a challen	une.	Significa	nt challenge
	1	2	3	4
LEAD TEACHER turnover is a significant challenge in your program				
It is difficult to find qualified LEAD TEACHERS to hire				
You indicated that LEAD TEACHER turnover is a cha	allenge.			
What is your best guess for teacher turnover? (Che	ack all that anni	v)		
what is your best guess for teacher turnover : (One	con an that appl	y /		
☐ Teachers don't have the correct qualifications	Teachers returne	d to school		
Degree completion allowed for promotion or hire at other location	Teachers relocate	ed		
☐ The salaries are too low	Retirement			
☐ The hours are too long	Teachers left prof	fession		
☐ The benefits are not enough or not offered	Family reasons/s	tart family		
Other				
You indicated that difficulty in finding qualified teachi	ng staff is a cha	illenge.		
What is your best guess of the difficulty in finding qu	ualified LEAD T	FACHERS	? (Check a	ll that
apply)	danned LLAD 1	LAOHENO	: (Oncor a	ii tiiat
Don't get many applicants who meet qualifications				
Too much competition from other programs for teaching position	ons			
Salary and benefits				
Other				

TEACHING ASSISTANTS/AIDES/PARAPROFESSIONALS

Number

How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are currently employed in your program?	0		
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed full time (40 or more hours a week)?	0		
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed 20 to 39 hours a week?	0		
How many TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS are employed less than 20 hours a week?	0		
How many of your current TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS were employed at your program 1 year ago?	0		
How many of your current TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS were employed at your program 5 year ago?	0		
What is the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by <u>MOST</u> of your TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS?			
Some High School			
High School Diploma/GED			
Child Development Associate (CDA)			
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field			
Associate's degree in early education or related field			
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field			
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field			
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field			
Graduate degree in early education or related field			
Other			
Is there a minimum educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PAR. program?	AS in your		
○ Yes			
○ No			
You indicated that there is a minimum educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your program.			
What is the <u>minimum</u> educational level requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PA program?	RAS in your		
Some High School			
High School Diploma/GED			
Child Development Associate (CDA)			

Associate's degree in early education or related field
Less than a Bachelor's degree
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field
Other
Is there a minimum work experience requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your program?
Yes
O No
You indicated that there is a minimum work experience requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in your program.
What is the <u>minimum</u> work experience requirement for TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in you program?
Previous work experience as TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS in a similar program
Previous work experience in early childhood
Previous work experience in education
Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood
Other
How many years of previous work experience are required?
O 2 or less
3 to 5
6 or more
Other
TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/PARAS
Hourly Starting Wage (\$ per hour)

Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field

Salary range FROM (\$ per year)				
TO (\$ per year)				
Do TEACHING ASSTS/AIDES/F	PARAS rece	eive any of the follo	wing benefits (chec	k all that apply):
Paid vacation				
Paid sick leave				
Paid holidays				
Health insurance				
Retirement benefits				
Other				
Do you provide any of the follow	ing honofite	to your LEAD TEA	CHEDS ASSISTA	NIT TEACHEDS
Do you provide any of the follow AIDES/PARAS OR SPECIALIST			ICHERO, ASSISTA	NI IEACHERS,
		. ,		
			Yes	No
Funding for membership to professional org	ganizations			
Funding to participate in college courses, o	off-site training,	or attend conferences		
Paid time off to participate in college course		_	s	\bigcirc
Mentors, coaches or consultants who visit a				
Pay increase with completion of degree and	d/or certificatior	1		
On average, how many hours of 2013 or your last fiscal year?	f profession	al development did	your LEAD TEACH	IERS complete in
10 or less				
11 to 15				
16 to 20				
21 or more				
NUMBER OF STAFF:				
Please indicate the number of pe	eople you e	mploy full or part ti	me in the following	positions:
				Number

SPECIALISTS (Staff who have a specialized job such as language specialists, those who work with

OTHER (staff who don't have direct contact with children such as recustodian).	0		
Does your program employ any of the following? (C	Check all that apply)		
Receptionist	Book-keeper/HR staff		
Cook/cafeteria personnel	Custodian		
☐ Floaters/substitutes	Family advocates		
☐ Maintenance staff			
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have	a Receptionist.		
For the most part, who performs receptionist duties	?		
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have	a Book keeper/HR staff.		
For the most part, who performs book keeping and HR duties?			
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have	a Cook/cafeteria personnel.		
For the most part, who performs cooking and cafet	eria duties?		
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have	a Custodian.		
For the most part, who performs custodial duties?			

children with special needs, etc.)

You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Floater/substitute.
For the most part, who performs substitute teacher duties?
V
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Family advocate.
For the most part, who performs family advocate duties?
You indicated that your program DOES NOT have a Maintenance staff.
For the most part, who performs maintenance duties?

Summary of staff currently working in your program:

PROGRAM DIRECTOR	\${q://QID51/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR	\${q://QID299/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
LEAD TEACHERS	\${q://QID62/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
TEACHING ASSISTANTS/AIDES/PARAS	\${q://QID76/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
	\${q://QID83/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
OTHER	\${q://QID83/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/2/1}

Based on your responses, your program has a TOTAL staff count of 0. If this is not your program's total, please go back and include everyone in a category described above.

STAFF MAKEUP

In this section, we are asking about the makeup of your staff. Think of ALL the staff employed at your program who works with children who have not started Kindergarten yet.

Considering <u>all</u> the staff employed at your program at the moment, please answer the following:

RACE/ETHNICITY

	To the best of your knowledge, how many members of your staff, including yourself, identify themselves in the following groups?
African-American/Black	0
Caucasian/White	0
Asian/Pacific Islander	0
_atino/Hispanic	0
Other	0
	To the heat of your knowledge, how many mambers of your staff including yourself fall in the
	To the best of your knowledge, how many members of your staff, including yourself, fall in the
Index 25 years of ago	following categories?
	following categories? 0
	following categories?
Under 25 years of age 26 to 40 years of age 41 years old or more	following categories? 0
26 to 40 years of age	following categories? 0 0
26 to 40 years of age	following categories? 0 0

COMPUTER ACCESS

Female

Male

COMPUTER ACCESS

Next we want to know your staff's access to computers. We define regular access as having <u>access</u> <u>at least once per day</u> to a computer/internet <u>provided by your program</u>.

How many members of your staff are:

0

0

	Regular access to a computer		Regular access to wireless internet connection			
	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A
Program director(s)	0	\bigcirc				•
Assistant Director(s) (IF ANY)						•
Lead Teachers						•

STUDENTS

In this section, we would like to obtain information about the characteristics of the children in your program.

program.	
	Number
What was the average total number of children enrolled in your program in 2013 or the last fiscal y (Please report ONLY children who are Preschool age or younger)	year?
0 TO 12 MONTHS	
Do you serve children 0 to 12 months?	
○ Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that you serve children 0 to 12 months.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 0 to 12-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 0 to 12-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity for 0 to 12-month-old children?	0
13 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS	
Do you serve children 13 to 24 months?	
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that you serve children 13 to 24 months.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 13- to 24-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0

How many of those 13- to 24-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)

What is your program's capacity for 13- to 24-month-old children?

25 MONTHS TO 36 MONTHS

Do you serve children 25 to 36 months?	
O Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that you serve children 25 to 36 months.	
Tod maloated that you conve dimarch 20 to 00 months.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 25- to 36-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 25- to 36-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity for 25- to 36-month-old children?	0
37 MONTHS TO PRESCHOOL AGE (This age group includes children older but who are NOT yet in Kindergarten)	n who are 37 months or
Do you serve children 37 months to Preschool age?	
O Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that you serve children 37 months to Preschool age.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 37 months to Preschool age children were enrolled in your progra	am? 0
How many of those 37 months to Preschool age children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
What is your program's capacity for 37 months to Preschool age children?	0
Do you serve children who have started Kindergarten and older?	
○ Yes	
O No	

You indicated that you serve children who have started Kindergarten and older.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many Kindergarten and older children were enrolled in your program?	0

Summary of students enrolled in your program as of September 1st, 2014:

Students 0 to 12 months	\${q://QID99/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 13 to 24 months	\${q://QID102/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 25 to 36 months	\${q://QID105/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 37 to Preschool age	\${q://QID108/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students who have started Kindergarten and older	\${q://QID361/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}

Based on your responses, your program had a TOTAL of 0 students as of September 1st, 2014. If this is not your program's total, please go back and include everyone in a category described above.

CHILDREN

In this section, we are asking about <u>ALL</u> children who are not yet in Kindergarten.

ETHNICITY

	What is the racial/ethnic breakdown of children in your program? Please provide the number of children for each racial or ethnic category.
African-American/Black	0
Caucasian/White	0
Asian/Pacific Islander	0
Latino/Hispanic	0
Other (specify)	0

GENDER

Other:

OLINDLIN			
		How many children in your program are:	
Female		0	
Male		0	
'			
ATTRITION			
		In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children left the preasons?	orogram for the following
Children withdrawn by parents		0	
Your program expelled child		0	
Child graduated out of the program	1	0	
Other		0	
SPECIAL NEEDS/CHALL	ENGIN	G BEHAVIOR RESOURCES	
			Number
		n your program receive special services or have an IEP ualized Family Service Plan) or a 504?	0
How many children in your prograr EP, IFSP, or 504 ?	n are curre	ntly being evaluated for services but do not have a written	0
How many children with special ne evaluated for services and do not h		re currently enrolled in your program are not being en IEP, IFSP, or 504?	0
What services/resources of families? (Check all that a		ur program have to serve children with special r	needs and their
Tarrilles: (Officer all triat a	ppiy)		
Family service workers or s	ocial work	ers	
Specialists such as speech	ı therapists	, occupational therapists, etc.	
Access to outside services.	/specialists		
Additional classroom staff			
Modifications or Accommo	dations in t	he classroom	
Referral to special education	on evaluati	on	
Parent support (e.g., printe	d/online ma	aterial; educational workshops)	
Training on children with s	pecial need	ds for staff	

Norse of the shows
■ None of the above
CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS
In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children with challenging behavior did your program expel because it could not meet their needs?
None
① 1 to 2
3 to 5
○ 6 to 10
11 or more
In 2013 or the last fiscal year, did your program make referrals to parents for specialized help for their child's challenging behavior?
O Yes
○ No
You indicated that your program had made referrals to parents for specialized help for their child's challenging behavior in 2013 or the last fiscal year.
How many times did this occur?
Thow many times did this occur:
① 1 to 2
3 to 5
○ 6 to 10
11 or more
What services/resources does your program have to serve children with challenging behavior and their families? (Check all that apply)
On-site or program-based family service workers or social workers
On-site or program-based behavior specialists
Access to outside services/specialists
Additional classroom staff

Modifications or Accommodations in the classroom					
Referral to special education evaluation					
Parent support (e.g., printed/online material; educational workshops)					
Training for staff on positive behavior support or other ways to prevent challenging behavior					
Other:					
None of the above					
LANGUAGE - Children					
	Number				
How many of the children in your program come from homes where English is not the primary language?	0				
How many of these children speak Spanish as a primary language?	0				
How many speak a primary language other than English and Spanish?	0				
What resources does your program use to help serve children whose primary langu	age is not				
English? (Check all that apply)					
Full time classroom support provided (e.g., dual language programs)					
English as a Second Language (ESL) or English Language Learner (ELL) program provided or referrate to such a program is provided	al				
 Bilingual personnel is available to conduct small groups or other activities in a language other than English 					
Provide an interpreter for families when needed					
☐ Translations of most important forms are available					
Assessments to monitor growth in a child's home language					
Other					
■ None of the above					

	Number
How many LEAD TEACHERS and TEACHER ASSISTANTS/AIDES/PARAS speak more than one language in the program?	0
What language(s)?	

CLASSROOM SIZE AND STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIO

CLASSROOM SIZE AND STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATIO

Next we'd like to know the classroom size and staff-to-student ratio for different age groups.

Thinking about the current number of staff and children in your program, please indicate classroom size and number of students per teacher or adult.

	Number of classrooms for this age group	Classroom size for this age group	Number of students per teacher or adult in this age group
0 to 12 months	0	0	0
13 to 24 months	0	0	0
25 to 36 months	0	0	0
37 months to Preschool age	0	0	0

MEASURABLE OUTCOMES

MEASURABLE OUTCOMES

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments administered to STUDENTS who are not yet in Kindergarten. We are interested in assessments that are routinely administered to the majority of the children. Please do not list assessments that are administered to invididual child to help with diagnosis.

Does your program administer any assessment(s)?

	\mathbf{a}

You indicated that your program administers assessment(s) to STUDENTS.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency or time of administration.

	Entry	Progress Monitoring/On- going	Exit	Other	If "Other" is checked Please specify:
Assessment#1					
Assessment#2					
Assessment#3					
Assessment#4					
Assessment#5					
Assessment#6					
Assessment#7					

Are assessors trained to administer these assessment tools?

Yes

O No

How are assessors trained?

- Received training from other staff member(s)
- Received training from outside certified trainer
- Self-train (e.g. manuals, videos

Other

How often do assessors receive training?

Once
Approximately once a year
Other
Do you share results of any of these assessments with parents?
○ Yes
○ No
You indicated that you share assessment results with parents.
How do you share these results?
Home visit
Send results home with students
Parent-teacher conferences
Other:
LEAD TEACHER ASSESSMENTS
Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations administered to LEAD TEACHERS in your program.
Are your LEAD TEACHERS assessed/observed?
○ Yes
○ No
You indicated that your LEAD TEACHERS are assessed/observed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Frequency of administration			If "Other" is checked	
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment #1					

		\bigcirc		
Assessment #2	0	\circ	\circ	
Assessment #3	0	\bigcirc		
Assessment #4		\circ		
Assessment #5		\bigcirc		
Assessment#6		\bigcirc		
Assessment #7	0			

CLASSROOM

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations used to rate the CLASSROOMS' environment in your program.

Is the classroom environment assessed?

Yes

O No

You indicated that the classroom environment is assessed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

Frequency of administration				If "Other" is checked
Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
	Once a year or less	Once a year or less Twice a	Once a year or less Twice a Three or more	Once a year or less Twice a Three or more Other

Assessment #7	0	0	0	

PROGRAM

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations used to rate your PROGRAM.

Is your program being assessed?

O No

You indicated that your program is being assessed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Freque	ency of adm	inistration		If "Other" is checked
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment#1	0				
Assessment#2					
Assessment #3	0				
Assessment#4					
Assessment#5	0				
Assessment#6	0				
Assessment#7					

KINDERGARTEN READINESS REPORTS

Does your program gather data to ascertain children's readiness for kindergarten in the spring before their kindergarten year?

	Yes
--	-----

O No

You indicated that your program	gathers data to ascertain children's readiness for kindergarten.
	am use to ascertain children's readiness? (Please name all whether your program uses a measure developed by the
Do you have information from the program who are "kindergarten-r	ese measures about the percentage of children leaving your ready"?
O Yes	
O No	
You indicated that you have information your program who are "kinderganger"	rmation from measures about the percentage of children leaving rten-ready".
Does your program share this inf	formation with parents?
O Yes	
O No	
Does your program have reports for kindergarten?	available to the public regarding the percentage of children ready
Yes	
O No	
You indicated that your program children ready for kindergarten.	has reports available to the public regarding the percentage of
Please list:	
What is the best way to gain access to these reports?	

O No									
CURRICULUM USE	ED								
Are you currently using	a curriculu	ım?							
, , , ,									
O Yes									
O No									
You indicated that you a	are current	tly using a d	curriculum						
PLEASE USE THE HOP	RIZONTAI	L SCROLL	TO VIEW	ALL COLUI	MNS.				
					IF	=			
		IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED,			CURRICULUM IS CHECKED, is your program		IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED, how did MOST teachers receive training on how to		
	Which one?								
					director	trained	impl	ement th	is
					on t	:his	CU	rriculum?	
		0.5			on t curricu		cu	mculum?	
		On average,	Out of the all the lead	How many are in the			Cul	mculum?	
	(Check all that	average, how many days per					Program	Outside certified	
		average, how many days per week do teachers	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	curricu	ılum?		Outside	
	all that	average, how many days per week do	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on	curricu	ılum?	Program	Outside certified	
Not published curriculum	all that	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	curricu	ılum?	Program	Outside certified	
Not published curriculum Project Construct	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	ulum? No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct Montessori Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct Montessori Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC)	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct Montessori Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC) Reggio	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct Montessori Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC) Reggio HighScope	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other
Project Construct Montessori Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC) Reggio HighScope A Beka	all that apply)	average, how many days per week do teachers use this	all the lead teachers, how many are trained on this	are in the process of receiving training on this	Yes	No	Program Director	Outside certified trainer	Other

Do you share kindergarten readiness information from the local school district(s) with parents?

O Yes

RELATIONSHIPS WITH NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOLS

RELATIONSHIPS WITH NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOLS

These next questions are about your program's relationships with schools in your neighborhood.

After graduation from your pro	ogram, where do <u>most</u> children go to Kindergarten?
Public School	Private or Faith-based School
Home School	Charter School
Other:	
Will any of the children in your	r program go to private schools?
Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that some of the	e children in your program will go to private schools.
Which ones? (Please list nam	nes of schools)
(1.1000 1001 (1.10000 1101 1101)	
Private school #1	
Private school #2	
Private school #3	
Private school #4	
Private school #5	
Private school #6	
Private school #7	

Will any of the children in your program go to charter schools?

You indicated that some	of the children in your program will go to charter schools.
Which ones? (Please lis	et names of schools)
Charter school #1	
Charter school #2	
Charter school #3	
Charter school #4	
Charter school #5	
Charter school #6	
Charter school #7	
	ogram go to Kindergarten, what school district(s) will they go to? (Check all
that apply)	
Kansas City Kansas	
Kansas City Missouri	
Independence	
Raytown	
Center	
Grandview	
Lee's Summit	
Oak Grove	
Blue Springs	
Grain Valley	
Hickman Mills	
Lone Jack	
Fort Osage	
Other	

YesNo

Do you know the specific requirements that the local school district(s) uses to determine the "kindergarten readiness" of children?
○ Yes
○ No
Are you aware of the types of assessments administered in Kindergarten and elementary schools in your local school district(s)?
Yes
O No
Do you interact or communicate with local public or private schools in your neighborhood in the following ways? (Check all that apply)
Talk with teachers to share the social and academic skills needed to prepare children for school
Participate in joint training/professional development
Routinely pass on records of children
Inform schools of children coming to them with special needs
Coordinate kindergarten registration
Help inform parents about kindergarten registration
Take preschool children to visit their potential Kindergarten
Other
None of the above
FAMILY ENGAGEMENT
FAMILY ENGAGEMENT
The next group of questions focuses on resources and activities you might provide to involve parents and families in your program.
Please check supports or resources you offer parents/families (Check all that apply).

Family educational workshops

Daily or weekly child activity report

Weekly or monthly calendar	Family social events	
Website/newsletter	Family volunteer opportunities	
Provide referrals for families	Parent/teacher conferences	
Family resource center or library	☐ Home visits	
Family needs assessments	Family support groups/advisory board	
Other	None of the above	
You indicated that you hold parent/teacher	conferences and/or home visits. How many do you do per year?	
IF you hold parent/teacher conferences	0	
IF you conduct home visits.	0	
kindergarten or elementary school options? Yes No FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
FINANCIAL INFORMATION As a way to target future investments, the Pre-K Collaborative would like to gather financial information on your program as well as other child care centers. We feel that learning about your sources of income and funding will help us understand and learn about areas of need. Please answer to the best of your ability.		
Is it easier for you to report your financial in	formation on a fiscal year or a calendar year?	
Calendar Year		

What was the <u>yearly</u> revenue of your program in 2013 or in your last fiscal year?

R	ev.	/en	III	SO	urce	0.
ı١	CV	CI	ıuc	30	uice	io.

	Did your program receive revenue from any of the following sources?	Please indicate the YEARLY amount of revenue received from each source that you checked.
	(Check all that apply)	\$
Parent-paid tuition		
Private sources (e.g., foundations or corporations)		
Head Start or Early Head Start		
Title I		
Part B (Special Needs)		
Child and Adult Care Food Program		
Missouri Preschool Project		
State subsidy/DSS		
Other state or federal program		
Fund-raising activities		
Other		

You indicated that your program received revenue from <u>Head Start or Early Head Start</u>.

	Number of slots			If "Other" is checked	
	1 to 5	6 to 10	11 or more	Other	Please specify:
How many HEAD START slots are in your program?	0		0		
How many EARLY HEAD START slots are in your program?					

You indicated that your program received revenue from <u>Fund-raising activities</u>.

What are they? Please list:

Fund-raising activity #1	
Fund-raising activity #2	

Fund-raising activity #3 Fund-raising activity #4 Fund-raising activity #5 Fund-raising activity #6 Fund-raising activity #7	
EXPENSES In 2013 or your last fiscal year, w	hat were the total expenses for your program?
Less than \$5,000 \$5,001 to \$15,000 \$15,001 to \$25,000 \$25,001 to \$35,000 \$35,001 to \$45,000 \$45,001 to \$80,000 \$80,001 or more	
In 2013 or your last fiscal year, we expense.	hat were your top 3 expenses? With '1' being your biggest
Staff salaries/benefits Direct Instruction expenditures (e.g., Instructional Support services (e.g., Operations and Maintenance of E.g., Other	
How much is your monthly rent/r	nortgage?
Less than \$500 \$501 to \$1,000 \$1,001 to \$1,500 \$1,501 to \$2,000 \$2,001 or more Not applicable	

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Does your program currently serve children who receive child care sulto pay for their care? (Please ONLY report children who are not yet in	
○ Yes○ No	
You indicated that your program currently serves children who are not receive child care subsidies or financial assistance to pay for their care	
How many children in your program receive financial assistance?	0
What type of financial assistance do your students receive? (Check a	ll that apply)
State subsidy	
Sliding scale fee	
Other	
We understand there are times when parents come across difficult echave difficulty paying for your services. For those families who pay tu of pocket, are there any families who do not make regular payments, amount or by not paying every time tuition is due?	ition or child care services out
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that there are families who do not make regular paymer	nts.
On average, about how many children do you have per month who on no payment at all?	ly make a partial payment or
① 1 to 3	
4 to 6	
7 or more	

END OF SURVEY

These are all the questions we have for you today. We appreciate your contribution to this effort supporting early learning. If we have questions about your survey, you may be contacted by one of our research staff members. If you have any questions, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178.

If you think you may have left some questions unanswered, please use the PREVIOUS button to go back and answer them. All your responses are saved, so you will not lose any of your answers by using the PREVIOUS button.

Kansas City Pre-K Landscape Study

The Greater Kansas City Early Care and Education Study

SURVEY FOR HOME-BASED EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS

If you need help with this survey, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

HOW TO COMPLETE THIS SURVEY - Click on the "NEXT" button to continue to the next page. Click on the 'PREVIOUS' button to go back and change your answers if needed. If you exit the survey (by closing your browser) before completing it, you can resume where you left off by clicking on the same link you initially used to get to this survey.

Once you submit your survey, our research staff may contact you if we have any questions. Once your survey is complete we will mail you a \$50 debit card.

We understand that some daycares and early learning centers might work with preschool children as well as school age children. For purposes of this survey, we are ONLY asking about children who have not yet started Kindergarten, that is children who are of <u>preschool age and younger</u>. When answering this survey, please only report staff, services, and resources that are accessible and used by children who are of <u>preschool age and younger</u>.

RESPONDENT INFORMATION

Please provide the following information about yourself

Last Name	
First Name	
Job Title	
If we need to contact you, what is your preferred phone number?	
What is your preferred email	

How long have you worked in this program?

3 months or less		
4 to 12 months		
13 months to 5 years		
More than 5 years		
How long have you worked in th	nis program in your current role?	
	no program in your current core.	
3 months or less		
4 to 12 months		
13 months to 5 years		
More than 5 years		
PROGRAM		
PROGRAM		
	learn general information about your p	orogram and your accreditation
status.		
LOCATION AND ODEOLAL FE	A TUDEO OF BUILDING	
LOCATION AND SPECIAL FEA	ATURES OF BUILDING	
Name of Program		
Name of Program as listed on		
license, if different from above		
Is your program licensed or lice	nsed-exempt?	
Licensed		
Licensed-exempt		
Exempt		
Other		

Program

Program License # or DVN	
Website	
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
County (of Program)	
Jackson	
Other	
Mailing Address (if different from	above)
Address	
City	
State	
Zip	
County (of Mailing Address) Jackson Other	
What school district(s) does you	r program serve? (Check all that apply)
Kansas City Kansas	
Kansas City Missouri	
☐ Independence	
Raytown Center	
Grandview	

Lee's Summit
Oak Grove
☐ Blue Springs
Grain Valley
Hickman Mills
Lone Jack
Fort Osage
Other
What type of program do you operate?
What type of program do you operate:
For profit
Other
How long has this program been in operation?
A year or less
More than 1 year to 3 years
More than 3 years to 6 years
More than 6 years to 10 years
More than 10 years
How long has this program been in its current location?
A year or less
More than 1 year to 3 years
More than 3 years to 6 years
More than 6 years to 10 years
More than 10 years
What is the location of your program?
My own house
Dedicated house

Other	
Do children have access to the following rooms	s in your house? (Check all that apply)
Kitchen/dining room	Living area
Bedrooms	Basement
Outdoor play area	Other
SPECIAL SERVICES/FEATURES	
Which of the following services do you provide	for children and families? (Check all that apply)
Summer school	☐ Before and/or after school programs
Security system	Computers or IPADs available for children
Field trips	☐ Videocam monitoring
Playground	Dedicated office space
Storage space for extra equipment and supplies	Wheelchair accessibility
Other	
Do the majority of the children that attend your	program live within 3 miles?
Yes	
○ No	
Does your program provide transportation serv program?	vices for children coming to or going from your
O Yes	
O No	

You indicated that your program provides transportation services for children coming to or going from your program.

Is this a free service to all families?

○ No	
You indicated that your program provides from your program, and that the service is	transportation services for children coming to or going not free to all families.
If this service is free for some families but	not all, please explain:
Is public transportation located within one	mile of your program?
O Yes	
O No	
ACCREDITATION	
Is your program currently accredited by an	ny organization?
O Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that your program is current	tly accredited.
Which organization has granted your prog	ram accreditation? (Check all that apply)
■ NAFCC accredited	CARF accredited
COA accredited	Missouri accredited
Other program accreditation:	

You indicated that your program is currently not accredited.

Is your program pursuing Accreditation?

Yes

O Yes
O No
You indicated that your program is pursuing Accreditation.
With which organization?
Variable at a difference and an arranging and arranging Annualitation
You indicated that your program is not pursuing Accreditation.
Please tell us why. Rank the <u>top 3</u> reasons in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being the top reason your program is not pursuing accreditation.
Not aware of accreditation procedures
Not convinced of the importance/benefits of accreditation
Cost of accreditation
Lack of time or staff resources
No coaching or help available to support your program with the accreditation process
Unable to meet criteria or standards
Other
PROGRAM QUALITY
PROGRAM QUALITY
This section asks questions about the quality of your program and possible concerns.
The second second queened and second queenly of your program and processes continued
Has your program participated in the quality rating system (QRIS)?
Yes
○ No

You indicated that your program has participated in the quality rating system.

What year was your last rating?	
What was your last star rating?	
Which areas showed room for improvement? (Check all that apply)	
☐ Director's education and training	
☐ Staff education	
Educational specialization	
Annual training	
Learning environment	
☐ Intentional teaching	
Family involvement	
Business and administrative practices	
☐ Not sure	
Other	
You indicated that your program has been in operation for more than 3 years.	
Do you feel the quality of your program has improved, declined, or stayed about the same compared to 3 years ago?	
Improved	
Stayed about the same	
Declined	
○ Not sure	
You indicated that the quality of your program has improved.	
You indicated that the quality of your program has improved. To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply)	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply)	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently Our student-to-staff ratio is lower	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently Our student-to-staff ratio is lower We have improved facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children development)	
To what do you attribute this? (Check all that apply) We have acquired better quality curriculum and/or teaching materials Our teaching staff implements the curriculum more consistently Our student-to-staff ratio is lower	

	We have less turnover/more stable teaching staff
	We have more participation in community initiatives to improve quality of child care
	We have a bigger budget to run the program
	Change in administrative focus
	Not sure why the program has improved
	Other reasons why the program has improved. Please specify:
You	indicated that the quality of your program has declined.
Wha	t do you attribute this to? (Check all that apply)
	Lower quality or no curriculum/ lower quality teaching materials
	Curriculum not applied consistently
	Higher student-to-staff ratio
	Lower quality facilities (outdoor and indoor facilities that support children development)
	Fewer or lower quality professional development opportunities
	Less qualified staff
	More staff turnover
	Fewer opportunities to participate in community initiatives to improve quality of child care
	Smaller budget
	Change in administrative focus
	Not sure why the program has declined
	Other reasons why the program has declined. Please specify:
Plea	se rank the top 3 concerns for your program in order from 1 to 3, with '1' being your top tern.
	Meeting basic expenses
	Funding program improvements (physical improvements to facility, improving variety of learning materials, etc.)
	Funding training/coaching
	Finding quality training
	Curriculum-specific training
	Finding and keeping qualified assistants
	Meeting state licensing requirements
	Making sure children leave our program kindergarten-ready
	Making sure children with special needs get the assistance they need

Access to child assessment tools
Other
Have you recently considered expanding your program?
○ Yes
○ No
You indicated that you recently considered expanding your program.
Why are you considering expanding your program? (Check all that apply)
Want to expand on type of services provided (e.g., provide before/after school care, expand the age of
children served)
Currently receiving more revenue/funding which allows program to expand
Other
Have you recently considered clasing your program?
Have you recently considered closing your program?
○ Yes
○ No
You indicated that you recently considered closing your program.
Why are you considering closing your program? (Check all that apply)
with are you considering closing your program: (Check all that apply)
Having a hard time meeting basic expenses/making a profit
☐ Difficult to find/keep qualified staff
☐ Other
If available, which of the following early childhood community support programs would you use to improve the quality of your program? Please rank your top 3 choices from 1 to 3, with '1' being the
program you would be most likely to use.

Professional development/ training opportunities

		Mentoring/coaching opportunities with other programs or agencies
		Individualized training/consultation
		Curriculum-specific training
		Accreditation support
		Administrative support
		Scholarships
		Subsidies for materials
		Facilities grants
		Other
STA	FF	
S	TAF	=F
C	NLY	section, we are asking about the staff employed at your program. Please remember to report staff that works with preschool age children and younger, i.e., children who have not started rgarten yet.
J	ust b	efore taking the PROVIDER position in your program, where were you employed?
		Norking in a different child care center or early childhood program in a position similar to the one I have now
	\bigcirc V	Vorking in a different child care center or early education program in a different position
	O V	Vorking in an education-related position but not in early childhood
	\bigcirc V	Vorking in a position not related to education or early education
		Other
Р	leas	e indicate the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by the PROVIDER?
		Some High School
	O F	High School Diploma/GED
	\bigcirc (Child Development Associate (CDA)
	O A	Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field
	O A	Associate's degree in early education or related field
	_ E	Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field

 Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field 				
Graduate degree in early education or related field				
Other				
Is there anyone other than the PROVIDER working at	your prograi	m?		
O Yes				
○ No				
Please list job titles and the number of people in that p ob Title #1 ob Title #2 ob Title #3		eople in this job 0 0 0	position	
		0		
For each of the job title listed,	Number in Job Title #1	0 Number in Job Title #2	Number in Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Number in Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
For each of the job title listed,		0 Number in		
ob Title #4	Job Title #1	Number in Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)

Think about what the staff in the positions listed at your program were doing prior to working in their current position at your program.

Please rank the $\underline{top\ 3}$ choices from 1 - 3, with '1' being the place where \underline{most} came from. (It is possible that some were involved in more than one of the following activities, for example working and going to school. Think of the PRIMARY activity they were involved in).

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)	
Working in another program in a position similar to the one they have now					
Working in another early education program in a different position					
Working in an education- related position but not in early childhood					
Working in a job not related to education or early education					
In a 4-year College (recent graduates)					
In a Community College (recent graduates)					
In High school					
Not employed					
Other					
What is the <u>highest</u> level of education completed by <u>MOST</u> of your staff in the positions listed?					
	Job Title #1	.loh Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	.loh Title #4 (IF ANY)	

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Some High School	0			
High School Diploma/GED				
Child Development Associate (CDA)				
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field				
Associate's degree in early education or related field	0			
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field				
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field	0			
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field				
Graduate degree in early education or related field				0
Other				

For each of the job title listed,

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Hourly Starting Wage (\$ per hour)				
Salary range FROM (\$ per year)				

TO (\$ per year)			

Does your staff in the positions listed receive any of the following benefits? (check all that apply):

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Paid vacation				
Paid sick leave				
Paid holidays				
Health insurance				
Retirement benefits				
Other				

Is there a minimum educational level requirement for the staff in the positions listed in your program?

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Yes				
No				

You indicated that there is a minimum educational level requirement for some or all of the staff in the positions listed in your program.

What is the <u>minimum</u> educational level requirement for the staff in the positions listed in your program?

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Some High School				
High School Diploma/GED				
Child Development Associate (CDA)	0			
Associate's degree NOT in early education or related field				
Associate's degree in early education or related field				
Bachelor's degree NOT in early education or related field				
Bachelor's degree in early education or related field				
Graduate degree NOT in early education or related field				
Graduate degree in early education or related field				

Is there a minimum work experience requirement for the staff in the positions listed in your program?

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Yes				
No				

You indicated that there is a minimum work experience requirement for some or all of the staff in the positions listed in your program.

What is the <u>minimum</u> work experience requirement for the staff in the positions listed in your program?

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
Previous work experience in the same position in a similar program	0		0	
Previous work experience in early childhood				
Previous work experience in education				
Previous work experience in a related field, not education or early childhood				
Other				

How many years of experience are required for the staff in the positions listed in your program?

	Job Title #1	Job Title #2 (IF ANY)	Job Title #3 (IF ANY)	Job Title #4 (IF ANY)
2 or less		\bigcirc		
3 to 5		\bigcirc		
6 or more				
Other				

For each of the job title listed,

	Number in Job Title	Number in Job Title	Number in Job Title	Number in Job Title
	#1	#2 (IF ANY)	#3 (IF ANY)	#4 (IF ANY)
How many staff in the positions listed did you need to fill in 2013 or your last fiscal year?	0	0	0	0

How many of those positions were created positions and not a result o turnover?		0	0	0	0	
For Job Title #1, rate the e	extent to	which:				
	Not a cha	llenge			Significant challenge	
		1	2	3	4	
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program		0		0	0	
It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire						
For Job Title #1, you indicated that staff turnover is a challenge. What is your best guess for staff turnover? (Check all that apply)						
Don't have the correct qualif	ications		Returned to so	chool		
Relocated			☐ The status of the type of work/position			
☐ The salaries are too low			Left profession			
Retirement			Degree completion			
The hours are too long			Family reason	reasons/start family		
■ The benefits are not enough	or not offere	ed	Other			
The benefits are not enough or not offered Other For Job Title #1, you indicated that difficulty in finding qualified staff is a challenge. What is your best guess of the difficulty in finding qualified staff? (Check all that apply) Don't get many applicants who meet qualifications Too much competition from other centers or in-home care Salary and benefits Other For Job Title #2, rate the extent to which:						
	Not a cha	llenge			Significant challenge	
		1	2	3	4	

Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program	0	0	0	\bigcirc
It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire	0	\circ	0	\circ

For Job Title #2, you indicated that staff turnover is a challenge.

What is your best guess for staff turnover? (Check all that apply)

Don't have the correct qualifications	Returned to school
Relocated	☐ The status of the type of work/position
☐ The salaries are too low	Left profession
Retirement	Degree completion
The hours are too long	Family reasons/start family
☐ The benefits are not enough or not offered	Other

For Job Title #2, you indicated that difficulty in finding qualified staff is a challenge.

What is your best guess of the difficulty in finding qualified staff? (Check all that apply)

☐ Don't get many applicants who meet qualifications
Too much competition from other centers or in-home care
Salary and benefits
Other

For Job Title #3, rate the extent to which:

	Not a challenge		Significant challeng		
	1	2	3	4	
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program	0	0	0	0	
It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire					

For Job Title #3, you indicated that staff turnover is a challenge.

What is your best guess for staff turnover? (Check all that apply)

Don't have the correct quali	fications	Returned to s	school	
Relocated		☐ The status of	the type of work/position	
The salaries are too low		Left profession	on	
Retirement		Degree com	oletion	
☐ The hours are too long		Family reaso	ns/start family	
☐ The benefits are not enough	h or not offered	Other		
For Job Title #3, you indic	cated that difficulty in	finding qualified s	taff is a challenge.	
What is your best guess of	of the difficulty in find	ing qualified sta	ff? (Check all that	apply)
Don't get many applicants	who most avalifications			
Don't get many applicants Too much competition from	n other centers or in-home o	care		
Salary and benefits	notice conters of in nome c	Sarc		
Other				
For Job Title #4, rate the	extent to which:			
For Job Title #4, rate the				
For Job Title #4, rate the	Not a challenge			Significant challenge
		2	3	Significant challenge
For Job Title #4, rate the Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program	Not a challenge	2	3	
Staff turnover is a significant	Not a challenge			4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff	Not a challenge			4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff	Not a challenge			4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff	Not a challenge 1			4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire	Not a challenge 1 Cated that staff turnov	ver is a challenge.		4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indice	Not a challenge 1 Cated that staff turnov	ver is a challenge.		4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indice	Not a challenge 1 cated that staff turnov for staff turnover? (0)	ver is a challenge.	ly)	4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indicate What is your best guess for the significant content of the significant challenges in the significant challenges in the significant challenges in the significant challenges in the significant challenges in the significant challenges in your best guess for the significant challenges in your best guess for the significant challenges in your best guess for the significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire.	Not a challenge 1 cated that staff turnov for staff turnover? (0)	ver is a challenge. Check all that app	ly)	4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indicate what is your best guess for Don't have the correct qualification.	Not a challenge 1 cated that staff turnov for staff turnover? (0)	ver is a challenge. Check all that app	ly) school the type of work/position	4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indice What is your best guess for a Don't have the correct qualication.	Not a challenge 1 cated that staff turnov for staff turnover? (0)	ver is a challenge. Check all that app Returned to some	ly) school the type of work/position	4
Staff turnover is a significant challenge in your program It is difficult to find qualified staff to hire For Job Title #4, you indicated What is your best guess for the correct quality is Relocated The salaries are too low	Not a challenge 1 cated that staff turnov for staff turnover? (0)	rer is a challenge. Check all that app Returned to some the status of	ly) school the type of work/position	4

For Job Title #4, you indicated that difficulty in finding qualified staff is a challenge. What is your best guess of the difficulty in finding qualified staff? (Check all that apply) Don't get many applicants who meet qualifications Too much competition from other centers or in-home care Salary and benefits Other Does the program provide your staff with any of the following? Yes No Funding for membership to professional organizations Funding to participate in college courses, off-site training, or attend conferences Paid time off to participate in college courses, off-site training, or attend conferences Mentors, coaches or consultants who visit and work with staff Pay increase with completion of degree and/or certification On average, how many hours of professional development (e.g., workshop sponsored by a family child-care network, attended a college class about working with children) did you or your staff complete in 2013 or your last fiscal year? 3 or less 4 to 10 11 to 20 21 or more Next, we'd like to know who performs some of the tasks that may be essential to run a program like yours. For the most part: Other - member of the Other - NOT a member Provider of the staff Not applicable staff Who takes care of marketing your child care services? Who takes care of record keeping, billing and other administrative tasks?

Who takes care of cooking or other kitchen duties?

Who takes care of cleaning the space?	0	0	0	•
Who takes care of maintaining the space?	0	0		•
ille space :				
Summary of staff current	tly working in your p	orogram:		
PROVIDER		1		
OTHER		0		
Based on your responses total, please go back and				ot your program's
STAFF MAKEUP				
In this section, we are as your program who works				iff employed at
Considering <u>all</u> the staff e	employed at your pr	ogram at the momer	nt, please answer	the following:
-				
RACE/ETHNICITY				
	To the best of your k	knowledge, how many mer	nbers of your staff, inclu	uding vourself, identify
		themselves in the f		
African-American/Black		0		
Caucasian/White		0		
Asian/Pacific Islander		0		
Latino/Hispanic		0		
Other		0		
AGE				
	To the best of your kr	nowledge, how many mem following ca		ding yourself, fall in the
Under 25 years of age		0		
26 to 40 years of age		0		

0

41 years old or more

GENDER

	How many members of your staff, including yourself, are:	
Female	0	
Male	0	

COMPUTER ACCESS

COMPUTER ACCESS

Next we want to know your staff's access to computers. We define regular access as having <u>access</u> at <u>least once per day</u> to a computer/internet <u>provided by your program</u>.

	Regular access to a computer		Regular access to wireless internet connection		rnet connection	
	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A
Program director(s)	0	0	•	0	0	•
Other staff members (IF ANY)						

STUDENTS

STUDENTS

In this section, we would like to obtain information about the characteristics of the children in your program. Please do not count your own children, and please report ONLY children who are PRESCHOOL age or younger.

	Number
What was the average total number of children enrolled in your program in 2013 or the last fiscal year?	0

0 TO 12 MONTHS

Do you serve children 0 to 12 months?

Yes

O No

You indicated that you serve children 0 to 12 months.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 0 to 12-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 0 to 12-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
13 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS	
Do you serve children 13 to 24 months?	
Do you serve children 13 to 24 months:	
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that you serve children 13 to 24 months.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 13- to 24-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 13- to 24-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
25 MONTHS TO 36 MONTHS	
Do you serve children 25 to 36 months?	
○ Yes ○ No	
O NO	
You indicated that you serve children 25 to 36 months.	
	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 25- to 36-month-old children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 25- to 36-month-old children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0
37 MONTHS TO PRESCHOOL AGE (This age group includes children w	ho are 37 months or

Do you serve children 37 months to Preschool age?

Yes

		O

You indicated that you serve children 37 months to Preschool age.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many 37 months to Preschool age children were enrolled in your program?	0
How many of those 37 months to Preschool age children were full time? (30 or more hours/week)	0

Do you serve children who have started Kindergarten and older?

Yes

O No

You indicated that you serve children who have started Kindergarten and older.

	Number
As of Sept 1st, 2014, how many Kindergarten and older children were enrolled in your program?	0
Total capacity:	
	Number

Summary of students enrolled in your program as of September 1st, 2014:

Students 0 to 12 months	\${q://QID99/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 13 to 24 months	\${q://QID102/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 25 to 36 months	\${q://QID105/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students 37 to Preschool age	\${q://QID108/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}
Students who have started Kindergarten and older	\${q://QID361/ChoiceNumericEntryValue/1/1}

his is not your program's total, please go back and include everyone in a category described	ł

CHILDREN

In this section, we are asking about <u>ALL</u> children who are not yet in Kindergarten.

ETHNICITY

	What is the racial/ethnic breakdown of children in your program? Please provide the number of children for each racial or ethnic category.
African-American/Black	0
Caucasian/White	0
Asian/Pacific Islander	0
Latino/Hispanic	О
Other (specify)	0

GENDER

	How many children in your program are:
Female	0
Male	0

ATTRITION

	In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children left the program for the following reasons?
Children withdrawn by parents	0
Your program expelled child	0
Child graduated out of the program	0
Other	0

	Number
How many of the children currently enrolled in your program receive special services or have an IEP (Individualized Education Plan), IFSP (Individualized Family Service Plan) or a 504?	0
How many children in your program are currently being evaluated for services but do not have a written IEP, IFSP, or 504 ?	0
How many children with special needs who are currently enrolled in your program are not being evaluated for services and do not have a written IEP, IFSP, or 504?	0
What services/resources does your program have to serve children with special national families? (Check all that apply)	needs and their
Access to outside services/specialists	
Additional staff	
■ Modifications or accommodations in the program	
Referral to special education evaluation	
Parent support (e.g., printed/online material; educational workshops)	
Training on children with special needs for staff	
Other:	
None of the above	
CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS	
In 2013 or the last fiscal year, how many children with challenging behavior did you expel because it could not meet their needs?	our program
None	
① 1 to 2	
3 to 5	
6 to 10	
11 or more	
In 2013 or the last fiscal year, did your program make referrals to parents for spectheir child's challenging behavior?	cialized help for
O Yes	
○ No	

How many times did this occur?	
 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 10 11 or more 	
What services/resources does your program have to serve children with challenging their families? (Check all that apply)	ehavior and
Access to outside services/specialists Additional staff Modifications or accommodations in the program Referral to special education evaluation Parent support (e.g., printed/online material; educational workshops) Training for staff on positive behavior support or other ways to prevent challenging behavior Other: None of the above LANGUAGE - Children	Number
How many of the children in your program come from homes where English is not the primary language?	0
How many of these children speak Spanish as a primary language?	0
How many speak a primary language other than English and Spanish?	0
What other language backgrounds are represented by the children you serve?	

You indicated that your program had made referrals to parents for specialized help for their child's challenging behavior in 2013 or the last fiscal year.

What resources does you English? (Check all that a	r program utilize to help serve children whose primary lang pply)	uage is not
Bilingual personnel is availEnglish	lable to conduct small groups or other activities in a language other than	
Oral or written translations	of most important forms	
Other		
None of the above		
LANGUAGE - Staff		
		Number
How many staff members speak mo	ore than one language in the program?	0
What language(s)?		
STAFF-TO-STUDENT RATI	0	
STAFF-TO-STUDEN	T RATIO	
Next we'd like to know the	e staff-to-student ratio for different age groups.	
Thinking about the current of students per staff members	t number of staff and children in your program, please indic ber.	cate the number
	Number of students per staff member	
0 to 12 months	0	
13 to 24 months	0	
25 to 36 months		
	0	
37 months to Preschool age	0	

MEASURABLE OUTCOMES

Yes

Does your program administer any assessment(s)?

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments administered to STUDENTS who are not yet in Kindergarten.

ou indicated that your program administers assessment(s) to STUDENTS.					
ease list assessme	nts (Asses	sment Name) a	nd their fr	equency or f	time of administra
	Entry	Progress Monitoring/On- going	Exit	Other	If "Other" is checke
					Please specify:
Assessment #1					
Assessment #2					
Assessment#3					
Assessment #4					
Assessment #5					
Assessment #6					
Assessment #7					

YesNo

 Received training from other staff member(s)
Received training from outside certified trainer
Self-train (e.g. manuals, videos
Other
How often do assessors receive training?
Once
Approximately once a year
Other
Do you share results of any of these assessments with parents?
O Yes
○ No
You indicated that you share assessment results with parents.
How do you share these results?
Tiow do you share these results:
Home visit
Send results home with students
Parent-teacher conferences
Other:
STAFF ASSESSMENTS
Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations administered to
members of the staff.
Are your staff members assessed/observed?
○ Yes

NI-
NIO

You indicated that your staff members are assessed/observed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Freque	If "Other" is checked			
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment#1	0			\circ	
Assessment#2				\bigcirc	
Assessment #3	0				
Assessment#4	0				
Assessment#5	0				
Assessment#6	0				
Assessment #7	0				

PROGRAM

Next, we'd like to know the names and the frequency of assessments/observations used to rate your PROGRAM.

Is your program being assessed?

O Yes

O No

You indicated that your program is being assessed.

Please list assessments (Assessment Name) and their frequency of administration.

	Frequency of administration				If "Other" is checked
	Once a year or less frequently	Twice a year	Three or more times a year	Other	Please specify:
Assessment #1					

		\bigcirc	\circ				
Assessment#2	0	0	0	0			
Assessment #3	0		0				
Assessment#4	0	0	0	0			
Assessment #5	0						
Assessment#6	0		0				
Assessment#7	0		\circ	\circ			
KINDERGARTEN READINESS REPORTS Does your program gather data to ascertain children's readiness for kindergarten in the spring before their kindergarten year? Yes No You indicated that your program gathers data to ascertain children's readiness for kindergarten. What measures does your program use to ascertain children's readiness? (Please name all published measures OR indicate whether your program uses a measure developed by the							
Do you have information from these measures about the percentage of children leaving your							
program who are "kinderg	jaπen-ready‴?						
Yes							
No							

You indicated that you have information from measures about the percentage of children leaving your program who are "kindergarten-ready".

Does your program share this information with parents?

○ Yes	
O No	
Does your program have reports av for kindergarten?	vailable to the public regarding the percentage of children ready
Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that your program ha children ready for kindergarten.	as reports available to the public regarding the percentage of
Please list:	
What is the best way to gain access to these reports?	

Do you share kindergarten readine	ss information from the local school district(s) with parents?
O Yes	
O No	
CURRICULUM USED	
CORRICULUM USED	
Is your program currently using a c	urriculum?
O Yes	
O No	
X	
You indicated that you are currently	/ using a curriculum.
PLEASE USE THE HORIZONTAL	SCROLL TO VIEW ALL COLUMNS.

Which one?

KED,

IF CURRICULUM IS CHECKED, how did MOST staff members receive training on how

IF CURRICULUN CHECKED, and PREVIOUS colum

						plement t rriculum?		"Other"
	(Check all that apply)	week do you or your staff use	Including yourself, how many staff members are trained on this urriculum?	Including yourself, how many staff members are in the process of receiving training on this curriculum?	Staff member	Outside certified trainer	Other	Please specif
Not published curriculum								
Project Construct								
Montessori								
Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum (ELLC)								
Reggio								
HighScope								
A Beka								
Creative Curriculum								
Other								

Do you plan daily activities for the children in your progi	am?
---	-----

Yes

No

When do you plan the activities for the children?

While working with children

Time when children are not present

Other

Approximately, how much time do you spend a week planning activities?

Less than 1 hour

1 to 3 hours

	re than 3 hours
	er
	of the following activities do you do on a regular basis as a planned activity with children of bol age or younger? (Check all that apply)
	uctured learning activities
	e time for children to read or explore on their own
	orous activity in games that you organize and supervise
	orous activity that the children select and do without direct supervision
	ging or story telling
	lping children with basic needs such as eating or getting dressed
	ner
	ne of the above
	ne of the above
	o you see as your main responsibility when working with children? courage developmental growth ep them safe/out of trouble ovide them love and nurturing ach them values ging or story telling
	lp them learn so they can do well in school
	ner
RELATI	NSHIPS WITH NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOLS
REL	TIONSHIPS WITH NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOLS
These	next questions are about your program's relationships with schools in your neighborhood.
After	aduation from your program, where do most children go to Kindergarten?
O P	ic School Private or Faith-based School

○ Home School	Charter School
Other:	
Will any of the children in your	program go to private schools?
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that some of the	children in your program will go to private schools.
Which ones? (Please list nam	es of schools)
Private school #1	
Private school #2	
Private school #3	
Private school #4	
Private school #5	
Private school #6	
Private school #7	
Will any of the children in your	program go to charter schools?
Yes	
○ No	
You indicated that some of the	children in your program will go to charter schools.
Which ones? (Please list nam	es of schools)
Charter school #1	
Charter school #2	
Charter school #3	
Charter school #4	

Charter school #5		
Charter school #6		
Charter school #7		
When children in your program (that apply)	go to Kindergarten, what school d	istrict(s) will they go to? (Check all
Kansas City Kansas		
Kansas City Missouri		
Independence		
Raytown		
Center		
Grandview		
Lee's Summit		
Oak Grove		
■ Blue Springs		
Grain Valley		
Hickman Mills		
Lone Jack		
Fort Osage		
Other		
Do you know the specific require "kindergarten readiness" of child	ements that the local school distriction?	ct(s) uses to determine the
Yes		
O No		
Are you aware of the types of as your local school district(s)?	ssessments administered in Kinde	rgarten and elementary schools in
O Yes		
○ No		

	d parent/teacher conferences		0			
			How many do you do per year?			
You inc	dicated that you hold parent/teacher confe	rences	S.			
Oth	er					
	ail/blog updates to families		None of the above			
Pro	vide referrals for families	_	Parent/teacher conferences			
Wel	bsite/newsletter		Family volunteer opportunities			
☐ We	ekly or monthly calendar		Family social events			
Dai	ily or weekly child activity report		Family educational workshops			
Please	check supports or resources you offer pa	rents/f	amilies (Check all that apply).			
	ext group of questions focuses on resource s and families in your program.	es and	activities you might provide to involve			
	LY ENGAGEMENT					
FAMILY E	ENGAGEMENT					
□ No	one of the above					
Ot	ther					
П	ake preschool children to visit their potential Kindergart	en				
☐ He	elp inform parents about kindergarten registration					
_ Co	oordinate kindergarten registration					
_ Int	Inform schools of children coming to them with special needs					
□ Ro	Routinely pass on records of children					
Pa	Participate in joint training/professional development					
			d to prepare children for school			

Does your program provide parents with verba kindergarten or elementary school options?	il or written information	regarding their children's
O Yes		
O No		
FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
As a way to target future investments, the Pre- information on your program as well as other of sources of income and funding will help us und answer to the best of your ability.	child care centers. We	feel that learning about your
Is it easier for you to report your financial infor	mation on a fiscal year	or a calendar year?
Fiscal Year		
Calendar Year		
What was the <u>yearly</u> revenue of your program	in 2013 or in your last	fiscal year?
Revenue sources:		
	Did your program receive revenue from any of the following sources?	Please indicate the YEARLY amount of revenue received from each source that you checked.
	(Check all that apply)	\$
Parent-paid tuition		
Head Start or Early Head Start		
Part B (Special Needs)		
Child and Adult Care Food Program		
Other state or federal program		
Fund-raising activities		

	Number of slots				If "Other" is
	1 to 5	6 to 10	11 or more	Other	Please specify:
How many HEAD START slots are in your program?					
How many EARLY HEAD START slots are in your program?					
	:		. Found maining	4:· · :4: -	_
You indicated that your program rece	ived reve	enue from	i <u>Fund-raisin</u>	g activitie	<u>es</u> .
What are they? Please list :					
Fund-raising activity #1					
Fund-raising activity #2					
Fund-raising activity #3					
Fund-raising activity #4					
Fund-raising activity #5					
Fund-raising activity #6					
Fund-raising activity #7					
EXPENSES					
n 2013 or your last fiscal year, what w	were the	total exp	enses for you	ur progra	m?
Less than \$5,000					
\$5,001 to \$15,000					
\$15,001 to \$25,000					
\$25,001 to \$35,000					
\$35,001 to \$45,000					
\$45,001 to \$80,000					
\$80,001 or more					

Other

In 2013 or your last fiscal year, what were your top 3 expenses? With expense.	'1' being your biggest
Staff salaries/benefits	
Direct Instruction expenditures (e.g., supplies, classroom equipment)	
Instructional Support services (e.g., staff training, technology)	
Operations and Maintenance of Building (e.g., rent, utilities)	
Other	
How much is your monthly rent/mortgage?	
Less than \$500	
\$501 to \$1,000	
\$1,001 to \$1,500	
\$1,501 to \$2,000	
\$2,001 or more	
Not applicable	
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE Does your program currently serve children who receive child care subto pay for their care? (Please ONLY report children who are not yet in	
○ Yes	
O No	
You indicated that your program currently serves children who are not receive child care subsidies or financial assistance to pay for their care	
	Number
How many children in your program receive financial assistance?	0
What type of financial assistance do your students receive? (Check al	l that apply)
Sliding scale fee	
— U ::: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	

Other
We understand there are times when parents come across difficult economic situations and may have difficulty paying for your services. For those families who pay tuition or child care services our of pocket, are there any families who do not make regular payments, either by not paying the full amount or by not paying every time tuition is due?
○ Yes
O No
You indicated that there are families who do not make regular payments.
On average, about how many children do you have per month who only make a partial payment or no payment at all?
① 1 to 3
4 to 6
○ 7 or more
ND OF SURVEY

Е

These are all the questions we have for you today. We appreciate your contribution to this effort supporting early learning. If we have questions about your survey, you may be contacted by one of our research staff members. If you have any questions, please contact Janelle Balarashti at kclandscape@ku.edu or 913-742-4178.

If you think you may have left some questions unanswered, please use the PREVIOUS button to go back and answer them. All your responses are saved, so you will not lose any of your answers by using the PREVIOUS button.