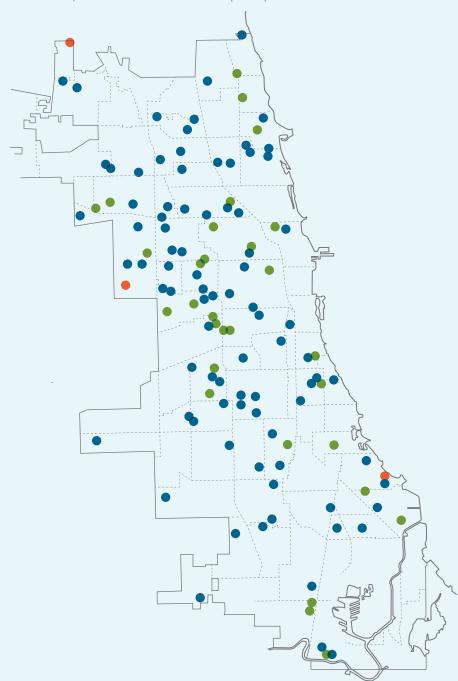




2016 School Leadership Report

119 PUBLIC SCHOOLS STARTED THE 2016-17 SCHOOL YEAR WITH A NEW PRINCIPAL.¹

- District public schools with a new principal
- Charter public schools with a new principal
- Other public schools with a new principal





Go to TheFundChicago.org/RightMatch to learn more about **these schools.**

ABOUT THE FUND

The Chicago Public Education Fund (The Fund) is a nonprofit organization working to increase the number of great public schools in Chicago by supporting the talented principals who lead them. Our current efforts seek to make Chicago the best city in the country to lead a public school, creating the conditions that enable the city's educators to reimagine teaching and learning. We recognize and appreciate that our aspirations for principal leadership are shared by others in Chicago. We are proud to be a founding member of The Chicago Principal Partnership, a newly-established citywide effort committed to ensuring a strong principal in every public school. Visit ChicagoPrincipals.org for more information.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has one central premise: **Keeping** *great* **principals starts with hiring the** *right* **principal.** Even as Chicago fights to retain principals long enough to make student learning and school culture gains more permanent, we must recognize some principal attrition is inevitable.

More than 70,000 students started the 2016-17 school year with a new principal, and at least 60 schools will need a new principal each year for the foreseeable future.²

The stakes are high: No great public school exists without great leadership.³ In fact, **variation** in principal quality accounts for about 25 percent of a school's total impact on student learning.⁴ Yet, more than four out of every 10 public school principals in Chicago leave before they begin their fifth year.⁵ To keep great principals, we have to make the right match from the start.

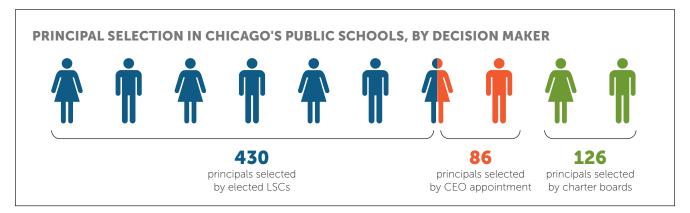
How can we help schools hire the right principal?

ANTICIPATE LEADERSHIP NEEDS	119 schools across Chicago started the 2016-17 school year with a new principal. Anticipating the number and location of potential openings several years in advance is possible, if available data are used well. Communicating likely vacancies sooner and more accurately will allow for targeted recruitment and more effective transitions.
CULTIVATE TALENT TO MEET NEEDS	43 percent of principals do not have a plan to identify a successor before they leave their school. ⁶ Developing aspiring principals from a pool of talented educators is critical to meeting individual school needs. Making information about the skills and expertise of these aspiring principals available will enable more tailored training experiences and better matches.
MAKE THE RIGHT MATCH	At least 37 schools started the 2016-17 school year with their second or third principal in four years. When an effective match is not made, repeated principal transitions can negatively impact school culture and student learning. Equipping those who make hiring decisions with the tools they need to select the right principal from the start will lead to less turnover.

We must work to match aspiring principals to individual school needs and ensure students experience the positive benefits of strong, stable leadership over time. When hiring and succession planning are well-managed, schools can maintain or accelerate positive culture and student learning gains, even when leadership changes. When transitions are not planned in advance, these same success indicators often dip, sliding for as long as two years after a principal leaves.⁷

WHO MAKES HIRING DECISIONS IN CHICAGO?

Three entities are authorized to hire a Chicago public school principal.8



Local School Councils

The Chicago School Reform Act of 1988 established Local School Councils (LSCs) to give communities more influence over school governance. LSC members select the principal, evaluate the principal annually, and decide whether to renew the principal's contract every four years. They also approve the school budget and help draft the state-required school improvement plan. LSCs include six parents, two teachers, one non-teaching staff member, two community members, the principal and a student (high school only). The public elects parent and community members every two years; the most recent election was held in the spring of 2016. The Chicago Board of Education appoints teacher and staff representatives following a poll of all full-time staff members at each school.⁹

The Leadership of Chicago Public Schools

The Illinois School Code establishes that the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Chicago Public Schools (CPS) can appoint an interim principal when a school has a history of failing to meet established performance standards. In addition, the CEO has the power to appoint an interim principal when the LSC is unable to select a new principal. This generally occurs when fewer than seven LSC members vote to approve the selection of a new principal, either because the LSC is split on a hiring decision or because the LSC has insufficient membership to meet the seven-member threshold established by law.¹⁰

Charter School Boards

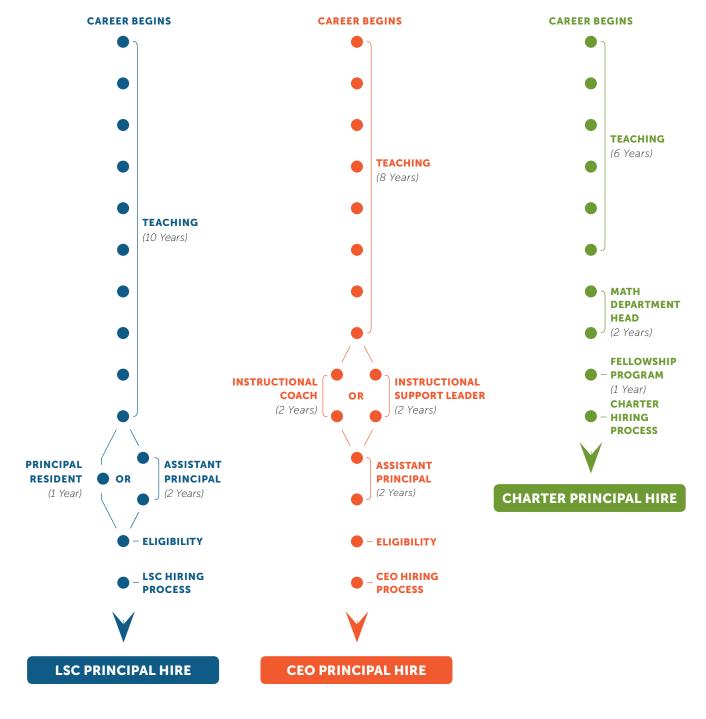
The Illinois Charter Schools Law establishes charter schools as public schools where new, innovative and more flexible ways of educating children within the public school system may be developed. In Chicago, most charter schools are authorized by the Chicago Board of Education and governed by nonprofit boards. These boards generally select and evaluate their principals and approve their schools' budgets. Some board members offer contracts of varying lengths to their principals. Others use more informal methods or delegate hiring authority to staff members of the Charter Management Organization (CMO). The boards have their own operating by-laws and generally consist of leaders from the education, business, legal, civic and nonprofit sectors.¹¹



WHAT POTENTIAL PATHS EXIST FOR EDUCATORS PURSUING THE PRINCIPAL ROLE IN CHICAGO?

Teaching and leadership training are common across many paths; other experiences vary based on school type and needs. 12

THREE EXAMPLES OF THE MANY POTENTIAL PATHS TO BECOMING A PRINCIPAL





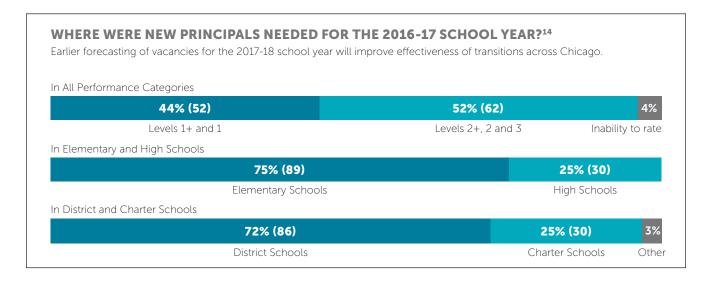
RECOMMENDATION 1:

ANTICIPATE LEADERSHIP NEEDS

Share accurate data with all stakeholders to improve recruitment and to enable more effective transitions.

Organizations that thrive during leadership transitions follow a common pattern: They anticipate the opening, recruit or promote the right candidate, and foster effective leadership succession – sometimes years in advance.¹³

School systems can benefit from the same basic pattern, beginning with anticipating leadership needs. There were 119 principal vacancies in the 2015-16 school year, and they arose in all kinds of schools – highly-rated and struggling schools, elementary and high schools, district and charter schools. In most cases, accurately predicting specific vacancies more than a few months in advance proved challenging, limiting the number of planned transitions in schools across Chicago.



The Fund is partnering with CPS and others to improve the accuracy and availability of citywide principal transition projections. Early analysis suggests that schools with a history of principal turnover, schools led by a retirement-eligible principal, and LSC-managed schools led by a principal with an expiring contract are all at higher risk of principal transition than schools without these factors.

Assembling this data is just a start. Possible openings need to be predicted citywide several years in advance to maximize transition planning. The information also needs to be shared with more stakeholders to ensure that the pool of candidates more closely meets actual school needs in a given year. Both principal supervisors and principal preparation programs in Chicago report a willingness to cultivate and recruit talent to better match these needs, especially if those needs are clearly communicated in advance.

"For well over a decade, New Leaders has worked closely with CPS to recruit, train and support high-quality leaders," says Ana Martínez, former Chicago charter school principal and current executive director of New Leaders, a founding partner in the Chicago Leadership Collaborative. "More in-depth and reliable data on the potential leadership needs in CPS will only serve to strengthen this partnership and ensure we prepare candidates for the specific challenges ahead."

Sharing predicted openings with key partners well in advance of a transition will allow Chicago's public schools to take advantage of what other organizations already know: Planning for leadership transition increases an organization's ability to recruit the right candidate and to effectively manage the transition. INFORMATION EMBARGOED UNTIL 12:00 A.M. NOVEMBER 14, 2016



SPOTLIGHT:

THE CHICAGO LEADERSHIP COLLABORATIVE



IN THE 2016-17 SCHOOL YEAR, 36% OF NEWLY-HIRED PRINCIPALS IN DISTRICT SCHOOLS (31) WERE CLC GRADUATES

Up to 20 percent of the 516 district schools (103) experience principal transition in a typical year.

The CPS Department of Principal Quality (DPQ) works to improve Chicago's management of those principal transitions. In recent years, DPQ launched programs and initiatives designed to ensure that there are high-quality candidates to fill the large number of openings annually.

"Great principals are key to great schools," says Zipporah Hightower, former district principal and current executive director of DPQ. "Our office is committed to enabling our communities to choose talented, well-prepared candidates."

To advance this goal, CPS was among the first districts in the nation to formally partner with principal preparation programs committed to meeting the specific needs of an urban

public school system. Launched in 2012, the new initiative was called the Chicago Leadership Collaborative (CLC). It began with four founding principal preparation programs and now includes 10 programs.

CPS and the CLC focus on selecting candidates with experiences that are in high demand and on providing those candidates with year-long residency experiences that cement critical leadership skills.

The CLC seems to be having a positive impact. In the 2015-16 school year, 100 percent of CLC residents (43) who entered the eligibility process passed. Moreover, 36 percent of principals (31 out of 86) hired in district schools for the 2016-17 school year were CLC graduates, including 26 in elementary schools and five in high schools. Critically, 35 percent of these newly-hired principals (11 out of 31) serve in Level 2 or 3 schools – those most in need of strong leadership.¹⁵

CPS and the CLC continue to refine the data and feedback loop required to anticipate and meet Chicago's needs. Improvements in the year ahead will allow for even more targeted recruitment of candidates, strategic placement of principal residents and changes to training programs that reflect CPS' evolving priorities.

"Chicago's CLC has the potential to set a national standard," says Steve Tozer, founding coordinator of the University of Illinois at Chicago's Urban Education Leadership program, a founding member of the CLC. "I get calls every month from other programs who want to learn from Chicago's model in order to improve training and collaboration in their cities and states."



Go to TheFundChicago.org/RightMatch to learn more about **how the Noble Network of Charter Schools anticipates leadership needs.**

RECOMMENDATION 2:

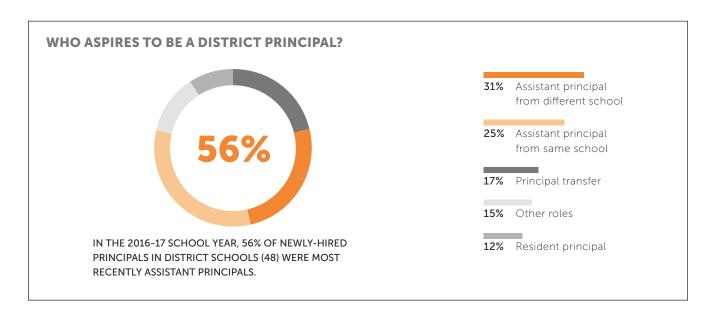
CULTIVATE TALENT TO MEET NEEDS

Identify promising aspiring principals and prepare them to lead in the schools that need them most.

Organizations that succeed during leadership transitions focus on identifying and developing leaders with the potential to successfully take on management roles.¹⁶

Widely considered a national model, Gwinnett County Public Schools (GCPS), the largest public school district in Georgia, is proof that this same approach can work in public schools. In 2004, GCPS projected that it would have more principal vacancies than high-quality candidates through at least 2010.¹⁷

To reverse this trend, GCPS leaders designed a Leadership Tracking System (LTS) to help gain insights into their pipeline and projected needs. These identified needs drive recruitment and inform the training and leadership experiences offered to aspiring principals. The resulting talent cultivation leads to student success.¹⁸ In the 2015-16 school year, GCPS students out-performed the state average in Georgia overall in all grades and subject areas.¹⁹



Lessons from both non-education organizations and GCPS can help Chicago build on its current talent cultivation efforts and develop a larger and more robust pipeline. Although 43 percent of Chicago principal respondents (193 out of 451) report no plan for succession, the majority of newly-hired district principals already serve as school administrators. In fact, 56 percent of those hired for the 2016-17 school year (48 out of 86) were most recently assistant principals, a position that lends itself to job-embedded coaching and preparation if a succession plan is in place.

Current principals also report an interest in supporting the development of aspiring principals. More than two-thirds of all principal respondents (306 out of 452) report that they spend time coaching staff toward becoming principals – development that could be targeted toward known needs if information about likely openings could be shared.

In the coming year, The Fund will partner with CPS and others to improve existing systems for identifying aspiring principals, and to provide talented educators with the job-embedded learning experiences they need to meet the anticipated needs of Chicago's public schools in the years ahead.



SPOTLIGHT:

THE KIPP SCHOOL LEADERS PROGRAM



92% OF KIPP SCHOOL LEADERS
ACROSS THE COUNTRY
HAVE COMPLETED KSLP IN

Founded in 1994, the Knowledge is Power Program (KIPP) is a network of charter schools serving 80,000 students in 20 states and the District of Columbia. The KIPP Chicago network includes six schools, serving 1,600 students in grades K-8.

To meet the talent demands of a growing number of schools, KIPP develops its educators through the KIPP School Leaders Program (KSLP). Launched in 2000 with the Fisher Fellowship, a yearlong program that trains individuals to found and lead new KIPP schools, KSLP now provides opportunities for all roles along the leadership pipeline – from operations managers, to assistant principals, to regional leaders.

Locally, KIPP combines national KSLP experiences with a tiered sequence of leadership roles to help recruit, support and keep talented educators. Half of the current assistant principals in

KIPP Chicago schools have participated in a KSLP program, and all of the current KIPP Chicago principals completed one of the programs. KSLP participation is augmented by local coaching and careful development of teaching and administrative talent.

"In Chicago, KSLP allows my team to be confident that we have the leaders we need at all levels," says April Goble, executive director of KIPP Chicago. "The programs also offer an attractive recruiting tool because new teachers know that they will have opportunities to take on more responsibility and grow professionally, and aspiring leaders outside the network have a clear path to join us."

Ellen Sale's story serves as an example of how KIPP's unique approach to talent cultivation works to prepare educators for success as a principal. A former teacher and 2012 Fisher Fellow, Ellen founded and continues to lead KIPP Bloom College Prep, a middle school serving more than 300 students in Englewood.

Under Ellen's leadership, Bloom was designated a Level 1 school in the 2015-16 school year, in part because of the incredible academic growth achieved by Bloom's teachers and students. In that same year, students scored in the 98th percentile nationally for growth in math and in the 95th percentile nationally for growth in reading.²¹ Ellen recognizes the role KSLP played in helping her lead a school where students and educators thrive.

"The Fisher Fellowship was attractive to me because I was ready to take on another challenge but recognized that I needed to develop new leadership skills in order to do that," Ellen says. "The program gave me on-the-ground experience that was invaluable to successfully founding a new KIPP school."



RECOMMENDATION 3:

MAKE THE RIGHT MATCH

Equip LSCs and charter boards with the tools they need to select the right principals for their schools.

Organizations that successfully hire and retain new leaders engage in a thorough selection process to identify the right match among a robust pool of candidates. Those in charge of hiring for these organizations understand the competencies that matter most in successfully doing the job, clearly communicate those requirements to candidates and assess a number of candidates against those measures. When done right, an organization's performance improves, and the new leader stays.²²

As in other industries, finding and keeping the right principal is key to improving educational outcomes in schools. Principal transitions can negatively affect student learning and school culture for up to two years, and multiple transitions in a short period of time can compound these challenges.²³

"One of the challenges facing LSCs is understanding the nuances of the hiring process."

LSC Survey Participant

Too many schools in Chicago face the reality of frequent transition. One hundred nineteen schools started the 2016-17 school year with a new principal; with at least 37 of those schools welcoming their second or third principal in four years.

To slow turnover, LSC and charter board members need more tools and training to make the right match the first time. Interviews with LSC and charter board members suggest they want sample job descriptions and interview

questions, selection rubrics, and hiring timelines. LSC and charter board members also report a desire to connect with others who have recently made a successful hire.

In addition to supports that encourage more consistency in hiring practices from school to school, many LSC and charter board members report a need for more visibility into the pool of qualified candidates for open principal positions. A lack of visibility often leads LSC and charter board members to conclude that there are not enough qualified candidates for the open position, even in cases where other qualified candidates exist.

A new digital platform was recently launched to better meet the needs of those who hire principals in Chicago. ChicagoPrincipals.org allows LSC and charter board members to search among a broader pool of candidates and to access basic hiring tools. It also allows aspiring principals to more efficiently search open roles and to highlight their most relevant experience when they apply to a particular school.

The website will grow to provide a number of other resources, including additional selection supports for LSC and charter board members. Providing the tools necessary to select the right principal is a critical first step toward keeping Chicago's best principals in the schools that need them the most.





SPOTLIGHT:

VON STEUBEN METROPOLITAN HIGH SCHOOL

In the spring of 2014, the LSC at Von Steuben Metropolitan High School (Von Steuben) sought to hire a new principal for the 2014-15 school year. Oscar Santana, the LSC chair and a parent of two Von Steuben students, led the principal hiring effort. In order to ensure a strong match, LSC members knew they needed to establish a clear process to guide their selection and to incorporate the diverse perspectives of all stakeholders involved at every stage.²⁴

KEY ACTIVITY	WHAT HAPPENED AT VON STEUBEN?
Include critical stakeholders	Oscar extended an open invitation to all school staff interested in joining the selection committee, with extra effort to recruit teachers as well as non-academic representatives. Ultimately, the committee consisted of the entire LSC as well as five other teachers and school staff members, including a counselor, a member of the athletic department and the head of the school scholarship program.
Establish a clear process	Oscar and the committee members agreed to use the Kaizen approach, a continuous improvement process used in business, in combination with the LSC Reference Guide created by the Office of LSC Relations, to develop a comprehensive selection protocol and find the right principal to meet current needs.
Identify criteria based on need	Committee members voted on the top five criteria required for a new principal to be successful. They established previous high school teaching and school administrator experience as non-negotiable criteria.
Narrow the pool	Committee members created a rubric and rated 17 applicants. Based on ratings, six applicants were invited to interview.
Determine fit	Committee members conducted two rounds of interviews to determine fit and arranged a visit to each applicant's school. They selected two finalists.
Empower the community to make decisions	Committee members invited finalists to share their visions for Von Steuben in two forums attended by more than 200 members of the school community. Forum participants rated each candidate. The LSC used the ratings, as well as input from committee members, to ensure the voice of the school community informed the final decision.
Make the hire	The LSC hired Laura LeMone with overwhelming support from the school community. The combination of Laura's teaching, instructional leadership and assistant principal experience made her the right choice.

Thanks to the thoughtful planning and hard work of the LSC, the selection committee and the Von Steuben community, Laura was hired in time to work with the previous principal to ensure a smooth transition. In fact, after Laura's first year, Von Steuben improved its rating to Level 1+. Von Steuben was one of only 34 high schools with this distinction in the 2015-16 school year.²⁵



Go to TheFundChicago.org/RightMatch to learn more about **how the Legacy Charter School Board of Directors made the right principal match** in time for the start of the 2016-17 school year.

CONCLUSION:

A PARTNERSHIP TO DRIVE CHANGE

Chicago's public schools lost 119 principals in the 2015-16 school year, with at least 37 schools experiencing their second or third transition in four years. Turnover remains too high, and leaders across the city are increasing efforts to keep great principals in the schools that need them the most.

Of course, even the most effective retention efforts are insufficient if our goal is to accelerate positive progress in Chicago's public schools. To accomplish that goal, we must simultaneously grow our ability to successfully transition from an outgoing principal to a new one.

The stakes are high for managing principal transitions. A well-matched principal fosters positive school culture and supports high-quality teaching and learning in every classroom. A less-successful match can exacerbate the dips in school achievement that often accompany a principal transition.

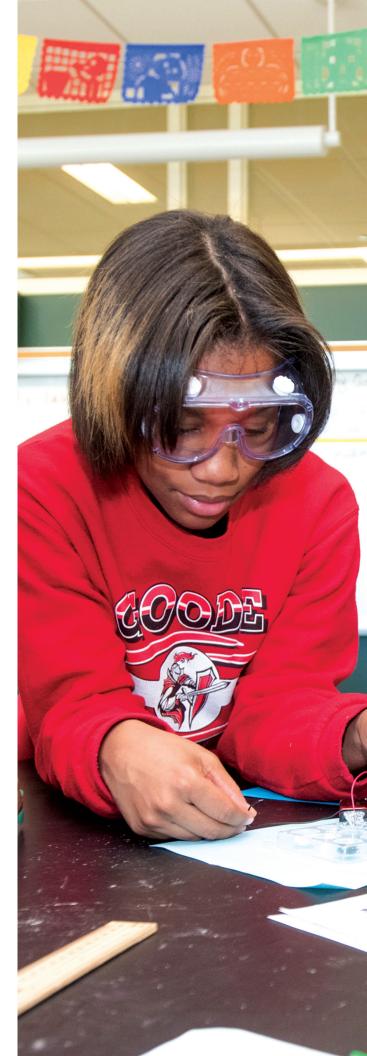
The need is urgent: One in five principal respondents in Chicago (87 out of 452) is likely to look for a new job within a year.

The burden of running a successful search often falls on LSC and charter board members, many of whom have limited hiring experience. ChicagoPrincipals.org, a new site launched by The Chicago Principal Partnership, is one positive step toward providing LSC and charter board members with the tools they need to run a strong selection process.

But finding the right principal match for all of Chicago's public schools requires more than support for LSC and charter board members. We also need more transparent data around open roles, more effective supports for aspiring principals and more careful matching of candidate skills to school needs.

Keeping great principals starts with hiring the right principal.

Visit ChicagoPrincipals.org to learn how you can join partners across Chicago in taking action to ensure a strong principal in every public school.





ENDNOTES

- ¹ Unless otherwise noted, information on principal changes and position openings in district schools compiled from Chicago Public Schools **Employee Position Files and** Chicago Board of Education Board Actions. Retrieved from http://cps.edu/About_CPS/ Financial_information/Pages/ **EmployeePositionFiles.aspx** [September 1, 2016] and http:// www.cpsboe.org/meetings/ past-meetings [September 1, 2016]. Information on principal changes and position openings in charter schools compiled from outreach calls and interviews. See Endote 8 for more detail on the schools categorized as "other."
- ² See Endnote 1. At least 60 district schools per year have experienced principal changes since 2008.
- ³ Bryk, Anthony S., Penny Bender Sebring, Elaine Allensworth, Stuart Luppescu, and John Q Easton (2010). *Organizing Schools for Improvement: Lessons from Chicago*. Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Press.
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- ⁵ See Endnote 1. Compiled from available Chicago Public Schools data for the 2007-08 school year through the 2014-15 school year.
- ⁶ Information from "principal respondents" referenced throughout this report compiled from The Chicago Public Education Fund's 2016 Principal Engagement Survey. For more survey information, visit **ChicagoPrincipals.org**.
- ⁷ Miller, Ashley (2013). Principal Turnover and Student Achievement. *Economics of Education Review*, 36, 60-72.

- Twenty-two other schools including contract, Alternative Learning Opportunities Program (ALOP) and Safe schools have their own hiring entities. Due to space constraints, we did not explore the specific practices of each of these school types for this report. In addition, schools with principals appointed by the leadership of Chicago Public Schools include the 32 district schools managed by the Academy for Urban School Leadership (AUSL).
- Illinois General Assembly Illinois School Code: 105 ILCS 5/34-2.1(a), (d); 105 ILCS 5/34-2.3. Retrieved from http://ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs4.asp?Doc Name=010500050HArt.+34&Act ID=1005&ChapterID=17&Seq Start=183400000&SeqEnd=207 600000 [September 21, 2016].
- ¹⁰ Illinois General Assembly Illinois School Code: 105 ILCS 5/34-8.3(d)(2); 105 ILCS 5/34-2.2(c); 105 ILCS 5/34-2.3(2). Retrieved from http://ilga.gov/legislation/ ilcs/ilcs4.asp?DocName=01050 0050HArt.+34&ActID=1005 &ChapterID=17&SeqStart= 183400000&SeqEnd=2076 00000 [September 21, 2016].
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- Principals at 22 other schools including contract, Alternative Learning Opportunities Program and Safe schools – have their own paths to leadership. Due to space constraints, we did not explore the specific practices of these school types for this report.
- ¹³ Conger, Jay and Robert M. Fulmer (December 2003). Developing Your Leadership Pipeline. *Harvard Business Review*. Retrieved from https://hbr.org/2003/12/developing-your-leadership-pipeline

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- ¹⁴ Since 2013, Chicago Public Schools has used the School Quality Rating Policy to measure annual school performance. Level 1+ is the highest rating a school can receive; Level 3 indicates a school is in need of intensive support. Information compiled from Chicago Public Schools School Quality Rating Policy. Retrieved from http://cps. edu/SiteCollectionDocuments/ SQRP_one_pager.pdf [September 1, 2016] and http:// cps.edu/Performance/Pages/ PerformancePolicy.aspx [September 1, 2016].
- ¹⁵ See Endnote 1. Compiled from data gathered from the Chicago Public Schools Department of Principal Quality.
- ¹⁶ Conger, Jay and Robert M. Fulmer (December 2003). Developing Your Leadership Pipeline. Harvard Business Review. Retrieved from https://hbr.org/2003/12/ developing-your-leadershippipeline [July 20, 2016]. AonHewitt (2013). Best-in-Class Succession Management: Who Will Take the Baton?. Retrieved from http://www. aon.com/attachments/humancapital-consulting/2013_ Best_in_Class_Succession_ Management_White_Paper.pdf [June 27, 2016].
- ¹⁷ The Bush Institute at the George W. Bush Presidential Center (February 2015). Gwinnett County Public Schools: A Systematic Approach to Scaling Effective School Leadership.
- ¹⁸ Information about the Leadership Tracking System (LTS) is based on conversations with the Gwinnett County Public Schools (GCPS) Quality-Plus Leader Academy Team. LTS development in GCPS has been supported through

- funds provided by The Wallace Foundation.
- ¹⁹ Gwinnett County Public Schools (July 2016). GCPS students achieve high marks on Milestones: Gwinnett students outperform peers on Georgia Milestones. Retrieved from https://publish.gwinnett.k12. ga.us/gcps/home/public/news/ all-news/featured/gwinnettstudents-outperform-peerson-ga-milestones [September 19 2016]
- ²⁰ Data provided by the KIPP Foundation.
- ²¹ Data retrieved from http://cps. edu/SchoolData/Documents/ NWEAGrowthandAttainment _2016_SchoolLevel.xls [September 1, 2016].
- ²² Conger, Jay and Robert M. Fulmer (December 2003). Developing Your Leadership Pipeline. Harvard Business Review. Retrieved from https://hbr.org/2003/12/ developing-your-leadershippipeline [July 20, 2016]. Groysberg, Boris, Nitin Nohria, and Claudio Fernández-Aráoz (May 2009). The Definitive Guide to Recruiting in Good Times and Bad. Harvard Business Review. Retrieved from https://hbr. org/2009/05/the-definitiveguide-to-recruiting-in-goodtimes-and-bad [June 27, 2016].
- ²³ Miller, Ashley (2013). Principal Turnover and Student Achievement. *Economics of Education Review, 36,* 60-72.
- ²⁴ Based on interview with Oscar Santana, Chair of the Local School Council at Von Steuben Metropolitan High School in 2014 (September 14, 2016). Chicago Public Schools LSC Reference Guide. Retrieved from http://cps.edu/SiteCollection Documents/LSCReference GuideEnglish.pdf [September 28, 2016].
- ²⁵ Information compiled from Chicago Public Schools School Data Pages. Retrieved from http://www.cps.edu/ SchoolData/Pages/SchoolData. aspx [September 1, 2016].

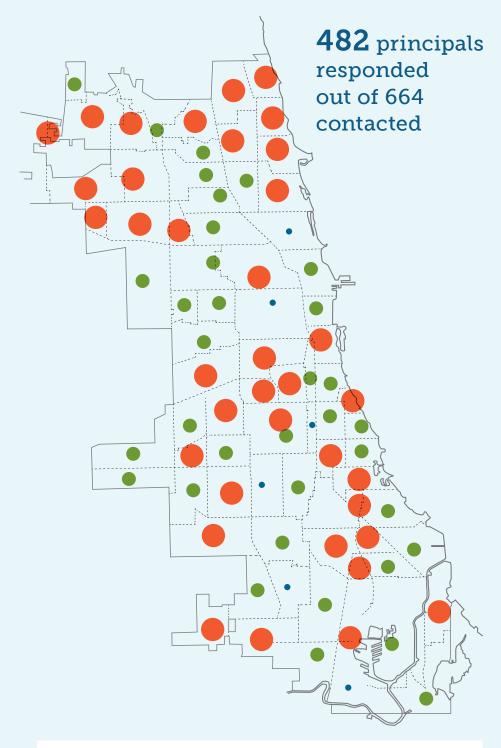
WHO TOOK OUR 2016 SURVEY?

percent of principals responding, by neighborhood

76-100%

50-75%

• <50%





Go to ChicagoPrincipals.org to learn more about the **2016 Principal Engagement Survey results.**

INFORMATION EMBARGOED UNTIL 12:00 A.M. NOVEMBER 14, 2016

ABOUT THE 2016 PRINCIPAL ENGAGEMENT SURVEY

The Fund team designed the third annual Principal Engagement Survey with input from principals and other partners. The National Business Research Institute (NBRI), a nationally-recognized research organization that helps ensure principal confidentiality, administered the survey.

In 2016, 482 principals participated in the survey. This represents a 14 percent increase in the number of respondents, and a corresponding eight percentage point increase in the response rate, over the 423 participants in 2015.

The 2016 respondents represent 73 percent of the 664 public school principals surveyed between May and July of the 2015-16 school year.

Additionally, we interviewed LSC and charter board members – the people who hire principals – to help inform this report.

The print version of this report uses Spotlights to feature promising practices at three different organizations and schools in Chicago. Many more examples exist throughout the city.

Go to **TheFundChicago.org! RightMatch** for additional
Spotlights and extra web
features, including a more
interactive map of schools that
started the year with a new
principal.



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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Additionally, we appreciate each of the 482 principals who participated in our 2016 Principal Engagement Survey. We are especially grateful for the school leaders and partners who shared their stories and experiences for the Spotlights in this report.

We would like to thank our partners at Chicago Public Schools (CPS), including team members in the Department of Principal Quality, the Office of Innovation and Incubation, the Office of Local School Council Relations and the Office of Network Support. The CPS Talent Office and Performance Policy and Data team also provided critical information and context for this report.

Finally, we want to thank members of the Chicago Leadership Collaborative (CLC) and leaders in the charter community for their continued partnership.

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