§6. Mechanical Properties of Oxide Dispersion Strengthened (ODS) Steel as Fusion Blanket Structural Materials

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Reduced activation ferritic/martensitic steels (RAFMs) are considered as the primary candidates of fusion blanket structural materials.¹⁾ Oxide dispersion strengthened (ODS) steels are the advanced materials with a potential to be used at elevated temperature due to the addition of thermally stable oxide particle dispersion into the RAFM matrix.²⁾

The mechanical properties of 9Cr-ODS were investigated and compared with those of the current RAFMs of CLAM and JLF-1, Chinese and Japanese candidates, respectively. Their chemical compositions and heat treatment conditions are given in Tables 1 and 2, respectively.

The tensile properties are shown in Fig.1. The 9Cr-ODS steel exhibited a superior tensile strength. The ultimate tensile strength (UTS) and yield strength (YS) are almost double those of CLAM and JLF-1. The strength level of the 9Cr-ODS at 923-973 K was still comparable with those of CLAM and JLF-1 at 823 K, the typical maximum operation temperature for RAFMs. On the contrary, the total elongation (TE) of the 9Cr-ODS was only slightly smaller than those of CLAM and JLF-1.

Figure 2 shows the creep curves tested at 823 K. At 823 K with 300 MPa applied stress, the both RAFMs ruptured very quickly after less than 1 hour. While the 9Cr-ODS did not rupture and only yielded a very small deformation after more than 300 hours. With the increase in stress to 400 MPa, the 9Cr-ODS steel was still keeping well after 1200 hours' running. This means that, at 823 K, the minimum creep rate of 9Cr-ODS was $\sim 10^5$ smaller and rupture time was $\sim 10^3$ longer than those of RAFMs.

The present tensile and creep data suggested that, the maximum service temperature of the 9Cr-ODS can be improved successfully from 823 K to 923-973K by the application of fine oxide particles into RAFMs.

Table 1	Chemical	compositions	(in	weight %).
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	9Cr-ODS	CLAM	JLF-1		
Cr	9.08	8.94	9.00		
W	1.97	1.45	1.98		
С	0.14	0.13	0.09		
Та	-	0.15	0.083		
Y	0.29	-	-		
Ti	0.23	-	-		
Fe	bal.	bal.	bal.		
Table 2 Heat treatment conditions (AC: air cooling).					
	Normalizing	Normalizing Tempering			
9Cr-ODS	1323 K/60 min /AC	1073 K/60 min /AC			
CLAM	1253 K/30 min/AC	1033 K/9	0 min/AC		
JLF-1	1323 K/60 min/AC	1053 K/60 min/AC			



Fig.1 Dependence of tensile properties on test temperature for 9Cr-ODS, CLAM and JLF-1



Fig.2 Strain-time creep curves for 9Cr-ODS, CLAM and JLF-1 tested at 823 K.

- 1) Muroga, T. et al.: Fusion Eng. Des. **61-62** (2002) 13.
- 2) Ukai, S. et al.: ISIJ International 43 (2003) 2038.