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Evidence-Based Teaching and Learning: From Theory to Practice

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Evidence-Based Teaching and Learning: From Theory to Practice

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Goal is to explore using evidence-based practice in our work

- 1. What are our challenges in teaching & learning?
- 2. How can an evidence-based approach help?
- 3. How can we practice evidence-based teaching & learning?
- 4. What are the take-home messages?

1. What are our challenges in teaching& learning?

A "perfect storm" of challenges

- •We teach a wider variety of classes and formats, but with less support
- Our students are less prepared & busier, but we must support them all
- •We must show that students learn, but often without any training

Do these sound familiar to you?



1. What are our challenges in teaching& learning?

TCCTA: The Power of Harmony

1. What are our challenges in teaching& learning?

Teaching



How can we support teachers?

Learning



How can we help students learn?



How can we assess students' progress?

Assessment

Goal is to explore using evidence-based practice in our work

- 1. What are our challenges in teaching & learning?
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2. How can an evidence-based approach help?

- Being evidence-based means using the <u>methods</u> and <u>principles</u> of <u>science</u>
- This is relevant to all aspects of our teaching and learning
- In the Introductory Psychology we called it "Walking the walk"

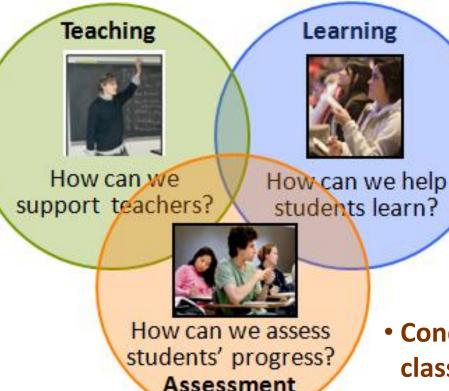




2. How can an evidence-based approach help?

Our approach to evidence-based teaching & learning

- Providing content resources for teachers
- Providing information about empirically supported pedagogies



- Using only empirically supported tools in course
- Teaching students effective study methods
- Conducting empirical classroom studies
- Using scientific methods in assessment

Goal is to explore using evidence-based practice in our work

- 1. What are our challenges in teaching & learning?
- 2. How can an evidence-based approach help?
- 3. How can we practice evidence-based teaching & learning?
 - ✓ While assessing outcomes
 - ✓ To enhance student learning
 - ✓ To support teachers' skills
- 4. What are the take-home messages?



Assessment

Challenge for our 10-year accreditation visit:

To develop an assessment program based on scientific principles (Dunn, Mehrotra, & Halonen, 2004)

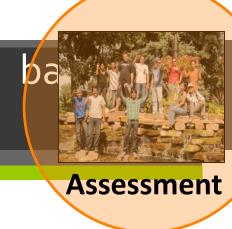
Step 1: Choose learning objectives (text, APA, & Bloom's levels (Pusateri, 2009))

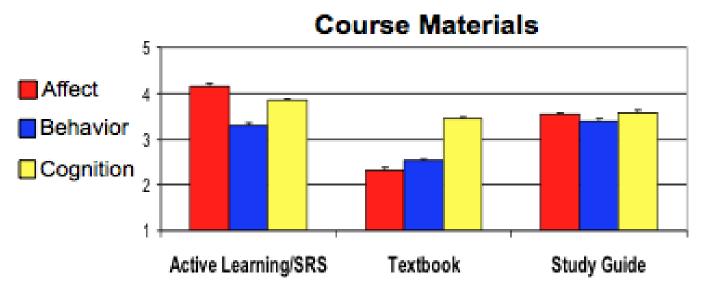
Step 2: Develop indirect measures to assess attitudes (Breckler, 1984)

Step 3: Develop direct measures to assess learning on pre- and post-test

Step 4: Collect student data to investigate individual differences

Step 5: Apply results to improve student learning and support teachers' skills

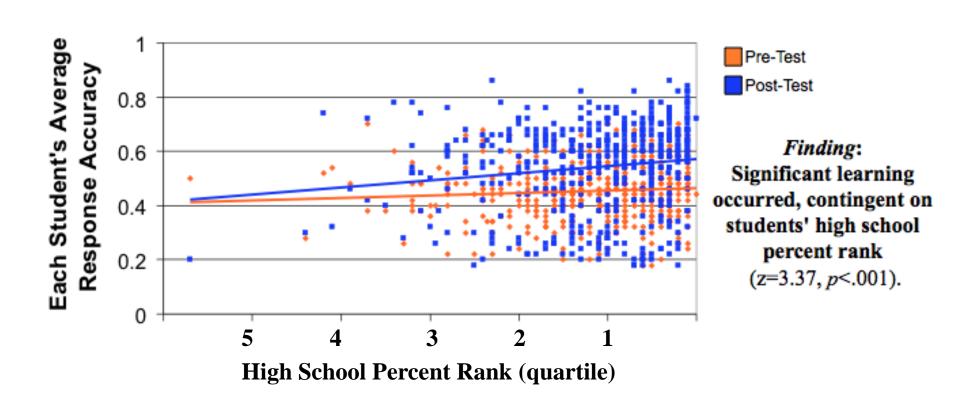




Finding: Most positive attitudes towards student response systems



Assessment



Tips from the trenches about assessment!

- Investigate getting IRB approval to access to students' files
- Motivate participation and performance
 - ✓ e.g., Give extra points on grade for correct answers
- Avoid practice effects
 - ✓ Two tests with different questions on same concepts/learning goals
- Examine difficulty across two tests
 - ✓ Pre-test: Half of students do Test A & half do Test B
 - ✓ Post-test: Students who had Test A now do Test B & vice versa
 - ✓ Analyze for difficulty of both tests & revise as needed



Learning

Challenge to improve student learning:

- Repeated testing improves memory (Roediger & Karpicke, 2006; Carpenter, et al., 2007)
- So we investigated using student response systems to achieve the effects of repeated testing

Step 1: Use data from assessment pre-test as baseline

Step 2: For 1 week TAs' classes got 4 or 8 SRS questions (Preszler et al., 2007)

Step 3: For another week TAs' classes got8 or 4 questions (counterbalanced)

Step 4: Collect data on text reading; Posttest 1 in 2 weeks; Post-test 2 in 12 weeks

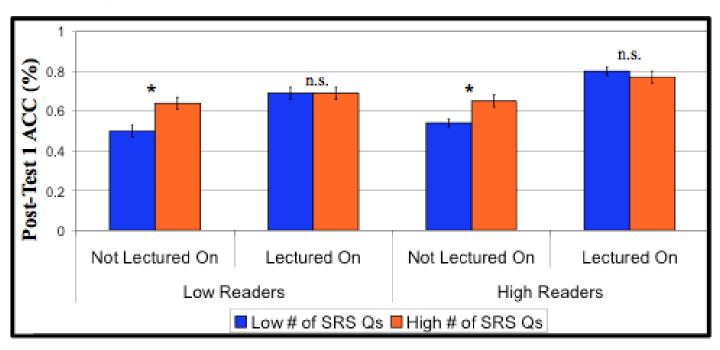
<u>Step 5</u>: Close the loop to change policies on SRS use across sections & train teachers



Learning

Learning After 2 Weeks Predicted By High Number of SRS Qs

Only for topics NOT covered in lecture (z=4.7, p<0.001)

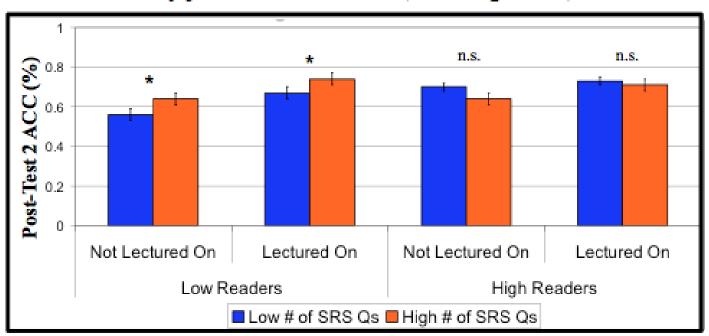




Learning

Learning After 12 Weeks Predicted By High Number of SRS Qs

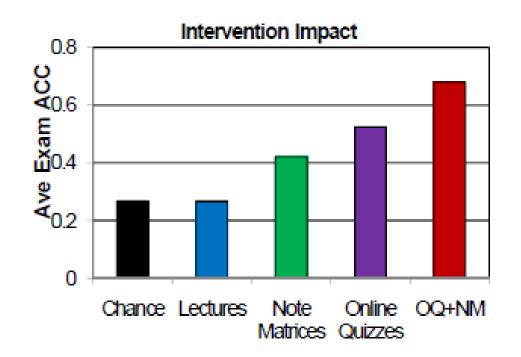
Only for "Low" readers (z=-2.3, p<0.05)



Tips from the trenches about student learning!

- IRB approval to find data that may predict learning/reading
 ✓ e.g., High school rank, Mini Big 5, Achievement Motivation etc.
- Be careful about ethics in classroom studies
- Teach students the skills that will help them learn!

Strong Support	Moderate Support	Weak Support
Repeated Testing	Self-explanation	Highlighting
Distributed practice	Elaborative interrogation	Re-reading



Finding: In equal opportunity sections, repeated testing via online quizzing and self-explanation via written homework (note matrices) predicted better test performance.



Teaching

Challenge to support teachers:

- Few receive teaching training (Buskist, Beins, & Hevern, 2004)
- We provided content & pedagogy support to TAs



Step 1: Develop classes & seminars to support content, pedagogy & technology

Step 2: Develop wiki of resources on these topics for teachers to access

Step 3: Develop non-evaluative methods for class visits & videotaping

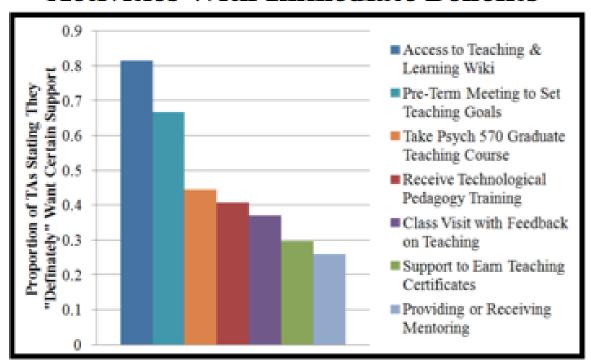
Step 4: Provide professional development support for teaching certificates

, <u>Step 5</u>: Close the loop to alter resources and supportas appropriate



Teaching

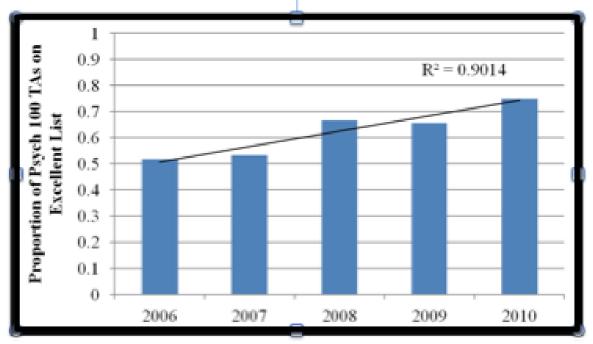
TAs' Attitudes Were Most Positive Towards Training Activities With Immediate Benefits





Teaching

Proportion of Psych 100 TAs on Excellent List Increased



Tips from the trenches about supporting teachers!

- When providing support to teachers it's a delicate balancing act – honor experience and provide access to new information
- Using an approach like self-determination theory can help to develop competence, autonomy, & relatedness (Deci & Ryan)
- Data is never causal, but can use statistical methods to look for predictor variables (logit mixedmodels)

Goal is to explore using evidence-based practice in our work

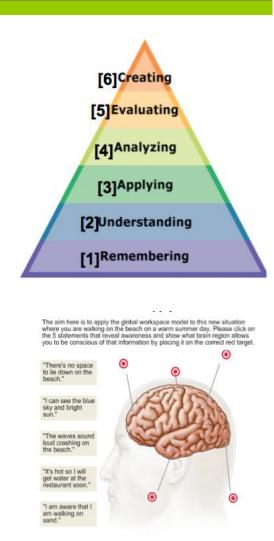
- 1. What are our challenges in teaching & learning?
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4. What are the take home messages?

- Evidence-based teaching and learning can be <u>flexible</u> and <u>efficient</u>
- And it can give us new information:
 - ✓ In terms of preparation "rich get richer"
 - ✓ Ability to read a text seems to predict learning
 - Must support text reading and provide layered ways to learn material (e.g., clickers, online quizzes, note matrices)

4. What are the take home messages?

- Current work is exploring ways to improve student learning by using pedagogically appropriate:
 - ✓ Development of higher thinking skills (Bloom et al., 1956; Anderson et al., 2001; Henricks-Lepp et al., 2014)
 - ✓ Online homework tools (Carlson et al., 2012)
 - ✓ Active engagement with videos (Mayer, 2008)



Thank you very much!

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Crystal Carlson



Genevieve Henricks-Lepp



Jenna Wiedenbenner

Any questions or thoughts?

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