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# Review of "Forging Reform in China: The Fate of State-Owned Industry" by Edward S. Steinfeld

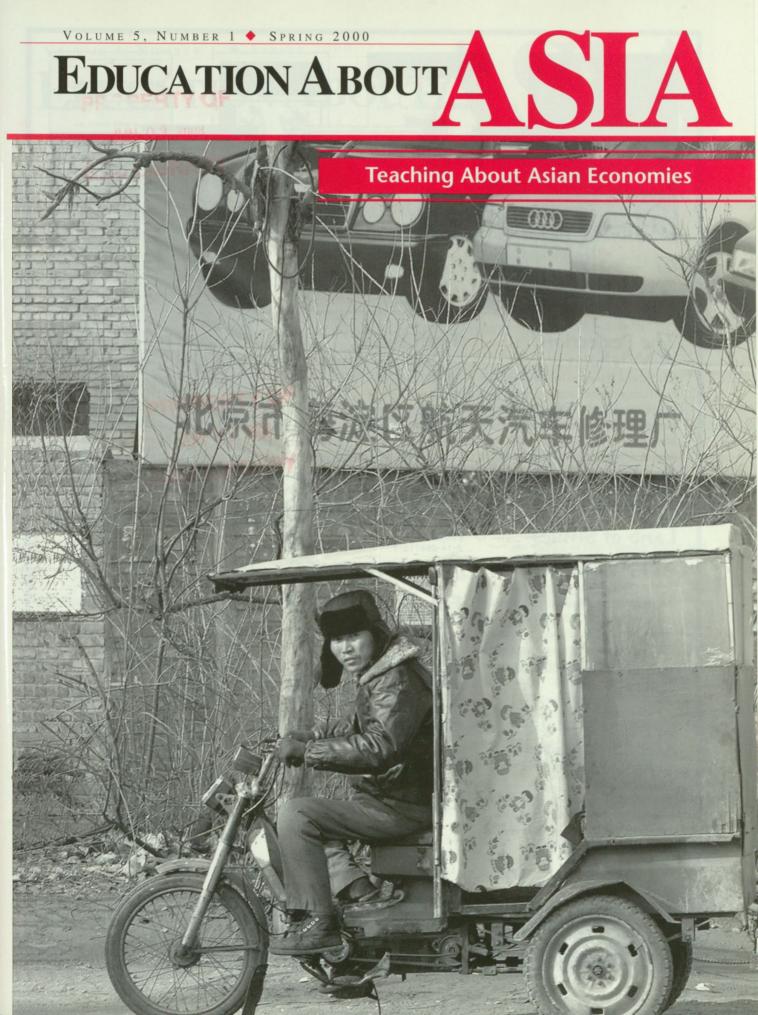
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#### **Recommended** Citation

Prime, P. Forging Reform in China: The Fate of State-Owned Industry, by Edward S. Steinfeld, Cambridge University Press, 1998. Education About Asia 5.1 (Spring 2000):62-63.

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Cover Photo: A Chinese driver parks his motorized tricycle in front of an advertisement for imported German-made cars in Beijing. December 2, 1999.

Photo by Andrew Wong, REUTERS © Reuters NewMedia, Inc./CORBIS

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Education About Asia ISSN 1090-6851 is published three times a year by the Association for Asian Studies, Inc., 1021 East Huron St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Individuals — U.S. mailing address, \$18, and non-U.S., \$22; Organizations — U. S. mailing address, \$24, and non-U.S., \$28. For information on your subscription, write to Subscription Department, Education About Asia, 1021 East Huron St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. Address advertising correspondence to Education About Asia, hour Asia, Association for Asian Studies, Inc., 1021 East Huron St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. Address advertising correspondence to Education About Asia, hour Asia, Association for Asian Studies, Inc., 1021 East Huron St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. Address editorial correspondence to Education About Asia, Huron St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. Address editorial correspondence to Education About Asia, Hour Hall #1154, University of Tennessee, Chattanooga, TN 37403. While all manuscripts and photos are handled with care, safe return of unsolicited material is not guaranteed. All unsolicited material must be accompanied by a stamped return envelope.

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including short biographies of the authors, a glossary of terms, people and places, and a well-chosen bibliography of reference works.

Although there a few very small points in this background material that I might quibble with, such as that there are practically no women writers represented until the Ch'ing dynasty (there were, in fact, a significant number of women writing and publishing in the Ming period), this material is, much like the translations of the poems themselves, spare and essential but surprisingly informative, useful and often insightful. Reading it will greatly add to the reader's understanding and enjoyment of the poems, but in a very unobtrusive way. What this means is that the poems themselves retain center stage. The fact that the voices of these Sung dynasty poets speak out with such surprisingly poignant clarity and feeling is testimony to the translator's skill. It is up to us to listen with renewed appreciation.

**BEATA GRANT** is Associate Professor of Chinese and Chair of the Department of Asian and Near Eastern Languages and Literatures at Washington University in St. Louis. She is the author of *Mount Lu Revisited: Buddhism in the Life and Writings of Su Shih (1036–1101)* published in 1994, and numerous articles on the topic of women's poetry. She is currently working on a study of the poetry and other writings of Buddhist nuns of the Ming and Qing dynasties.



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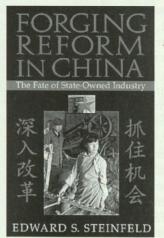
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# Forging Reform in China

# The Fate of State-Owned Industry

By Edward S. Steinfeld

NEW YORK: CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS, 1998 318 pages



**R** orging Reform in China by Edward Steinfeld is an ambitious attempt to explain the failure of state sector reform in China. The study is well thought out, deals with a broad range of literature, and utilizes case studies. Because the theory assumes familiarity with economic analysis and some knowledge of the Chinese situation, this book is most appropriate for upper division and graduate courses on transition economies or the Chinese economy.

Steinfeld argues at length that explanations of problems in transition economies that use a property rights approach are inadequate in the Chinese case. These approaches cannot explain why some firms do well and others do not. In addition, he argues that the issue is not who owns what, but rather the external environment that sets the opportunities and constraints on managerial and government behavior. His alternative approach, which he calls a "nested problems dynamic," focuses on whether or not decision makers face hard budget constraints with real consequences for poor decisions. The author uses three cases of steel companies, Anshan, Ma'anshan and Shougang, to further illustrate and support his argument.

On the surface, each of these three large state-owned steel companies has been dealt a different hand in the reform process. Anshan is an example of a firm that was given some managerial autonomy and told to pay attention to market demand. Ma'anshan went public in Hong Kong, altering its ownership arrangements substantially. Shougang was taken off the dole completely and given unprecedented freedom to manage its own strategy. While some successes can be found, the outcome of all three cases was spectacular failure to transform themselves into profit-generating, value-creating enterprises. The underlying problem, Steinfeld argues, is that for a myriad of reasons, despite the reform measures the firms do not have to make a profit to survive. The managers continue to focus on output maximization,

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with access to enough cash to pay their tax obligations. Other obligations can be safely ignored.

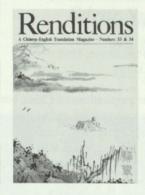
While the argument is intriguing and the case research is meticulous, several issues are worth contemplating before throwing out property rights and other frameworks altogether. After reading Forging Reform in China, one wonders how China has made any progress at all. The state sector is in disarray, as Steinfeld carefully and lucidly lays out, and other sectors that seem to be doing better are taxed to support the rest. The result should be inflation or declines in output. In fact, one would think that China should already look like Russia. But unless the facts coming out of China are totally wrong, and unless people really are not better fed as one would guess from casual observation, then something must be going right. This is not to say that serious reforms of China's state firms are avoidable-they clearly are not. But whether or not collapse is eminent, it appears that China's gradual, trial-by-error approach has brought substantial progress to date.

The question for China, and for Steinfeld's analysis, is where to go from here? As the author points out early in the book, while the closing of poorly performing firms is necessary, massive exit from the market is obviously not desirable. The extension of the author's analysis would be to create the external environment that imposes hard budget constraints on all economic sectors. One concrete suggestion he offers is to begin with the banking sector, making it truly commercial and responsible for lending decisions. This, of course, was the original goal of reforms that shifted budgetary grants to lending via the banking system. It has not worked to date, and it is not clear what would be needed to make it work in the future.

Although Steinfeld argues persuasively that privatization cannot work without broader, systemic changes, the alternative is that government itself reforms the external system, in effect taking its bureaucrats out of the picture. The author himself states that all involved now benefit from the current arrangement, making it unlikely that such change would ever occur. The one hope is that even government officials involved in commercial activity might benefit from a better organized, rationalized market, and hence there will be incentives to move in that direction. This study itself, however, does not leave the reader with such optimism.

PENELOPE B. PRIME earned her Ph.D. at the University of Michigan and is Professor of Economics at Kennesaw State University in the University of Georgia System. Her teaching and research focus on Asia and the Chinese economy. Dr. Prime has also worked with the World Bank and International Research Programs at the U.S. Bureau of Census.

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