



A Profile of Today's Hunter

Social and Economic Highlights

Produced by the NSSF Research & Information Services

Hunters Continue to Spend More in Pursuit of their Sport

The most recent numbers released from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service show an increase in the total quantity of hunting licenses, permits and stamps of 1.4% over the last year's numbers.

While the data shows the total number of certified paid license holders has remained steady at just under 15 million; hunters spent 3.2% more, a total of \$679.8 million, on licenses, permits and stamps.

This increase in dollars is coming from fewer hunters meaning sportsmen are spending more per hunter than ever before. In fact, their contributions have considerably outpaced the rate of inflation.

This edition condenses the findings of the latest studies examining hunters and hunting in America. It examines the social, political and economic necessity of hunting in today's world.



KEY FINDINGS

- The average annual expenditure by hunters has increased by 11% over the last 10 years. The average expenditure per hunter is \$1,638.
- Purchases made by hunters create a ripple effect benefiting many layers of the economy – with a total multiplier effect adding up to \$67.5 billion.
- The latest numbers indicate that 14.7 million hunters purchased over 34 million licenses, tags, permits and stamps, generating nearly \$680 million.
- According to the Consumer Price Index, contributions from hunters have outpaced the rate of inflation by 38%.
- A survey of state wildlife agencies shows that some states are implementing programs and actions that increase hunting license sales. These include expanding youth hunting opportunities, access programs and marketing efforts.
- Purchases of non-resident hunting licenses, tags, permits and stamps grew 41% over the last 10 years indicating greater mobility of hunters.
- An invitation from a friend would persuade nearly three-fourths of hunters to hunt/shoot more often.
- More than half of all active hunters also target shoot; while four in 10 hunt with their handgun.
- Nearly eight in 10 hunters always vote in presidential elections while 6 in ten always vote in non-presidential elections.
- The average age of hunters in the U.S. is 41.5 with an average household income of \$53,542
- Non-traditional groups, such as females, African Americans and Hispanics, provide the hunting industry with an untapped resource of new hunters.

The Economics of Hunting

ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

1: LICENSE FEES

Licenses, Tags, Permits & Stamps = \$679.8 Million

These fees represent the largest portion of the sportsman's contribution to conservation.

2: EXCISE TAX COLLECTION

Excise taxes are paid by the manufacturers of guns and ammunition and other hunting products.

After these taxes are collected, they are apportioned to the states by the Federal Aid Program governed by the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act.

State agencies gain access to these funds through grants that help restore wildlife and the habitat, acquire land and educate hunters. In 2004 the following amounts were paid in each category:

- \$103.7 Million = long guns**
- \$68.8 Million = ammunition**
- \$45.9 Million = hand guns**

3: EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES

\$21 Billion in retail sales annually (excluding license fees, land expenses and payments).

Average Annual Expenditures Per Hunter: (U.S. Total):

- Big Game: \$1,360.24**
- Small Game: \$611.20**
- Migratory Birds: \$982.73**

Average Annual Equipment Expenditures Per Hunter:

- Big Game: \$249.51**
- Small Game: \$198.55**
- Migratory Birds: \$327.63**

Percentages of Total Hunting Expenditures:

- Equipment: 50%**
- Trip-related: 26%**
 - Transportation (14%)
 - Food (10%)
 - Lodging (2%)
- Other: 24%**

4: TRIP-RELATED EXPENDITURES:

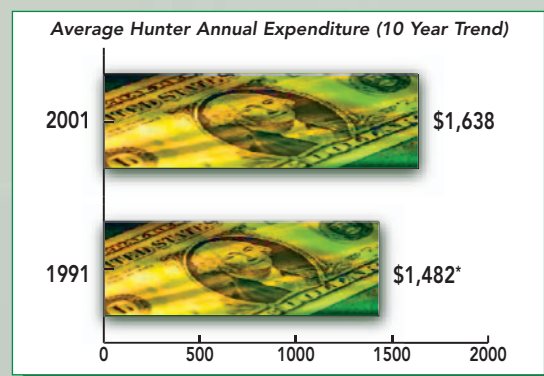
\$5.4 Billion

Food and Lodging: \$2.4 Billion

Transportation: \$1.8 Billion

Other (guidefees, land use, rentals): \$1.2 Billion

Average annual expenditures per hunter have increased by 11% over the last 10 years:



*Adjusted for inflation

5: TAXES

\$4.2 Billion

Federal Income Taxes: \$2.9 Billion

State Income Taxes: \$267.6 Million

Sales and Motor Fuel Taxes: \$955.4 Million

6: EMPLOYMENT

575,000 jobs - supported by the expenditures and activities of hunters throughout all types of industries.

Salaries & Wages: \$16.8 Billion

Hunters have an enormous impact on state and national economies. Each purchase made by a hunter sets off a chain reaction of economic benefits that ripple through many layers and industries.

From manufacturers and suppliers to retailers, ranges, gunsmiths, firearm trainers, outfitters and gun clubs to countless non-industry related products and services; the total multiplier effect of hunting on the U.S. economy **\$67.5 Billion**.

Source: Economic Importance of Hunting in America (IAFWA / Southwick Associates)

TOTAL MULTIPLIER EFFECT OF HUNTING \$67.5 BILLION

State-Level Data: Hunting License Holders

Year-Over-Year	2002	2003	VARIANCE
Certified Paid Hunting License Holders	14,966,406	14,740,188	-1.5%
Resident Licenses, Tags, Permits & Stamps	31,340,988	31,813,810	+1.5%
Non-resident License, Tags, Permits & Stamps	2,846,854	2,859,612	+0.4%
Total Licenses, Tags, Permits & Stamps	34,187,842	34,673,422	+1.4%
Gross Cost Contributed by Hunters	\$658,993,797	\$679,824,466	+3.2%

State Licenses Sales

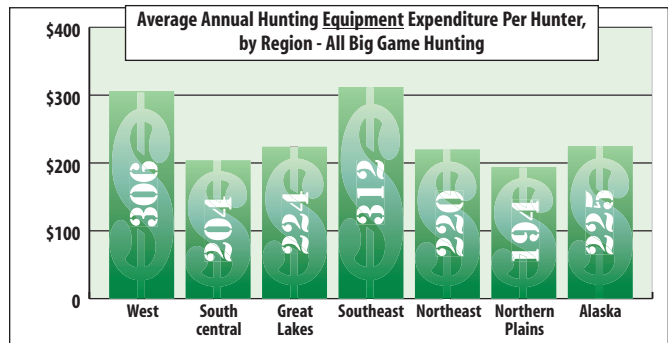
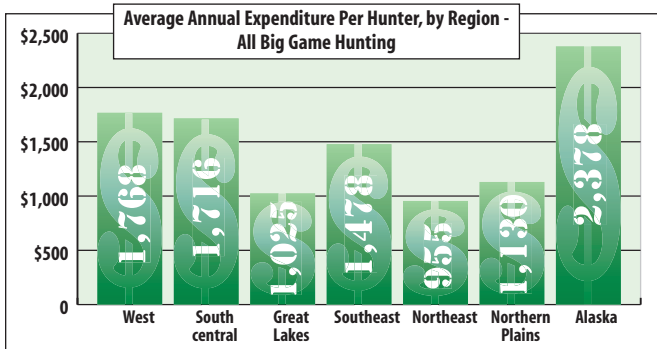
State	Paid License Holders*	Resident Licenses, Tags, Permits and Stamps	Non-Resident Licenses, Tags, Permits and Stamps	Total Licenses, Tags, Permits & Stamps**	Gross Cost
AK	99,121	185,367	37,848	223,215	\$8,373,590.84
AL	270,229	255,022	44,202	299,224	\$9,077,910.50
AR	386,559	361,702	76,406	438,108	\$12,153,851.00
AZ	181,467	362,036	34,263	396,299	\$10,486,835.00
CA	315,588	843,357	15,334	858,691	\$16,342,858.00
CO	309,801	388,842	165,057	553,899	\$52,287,530.00
CT	54,926	127,832	6,462	134,294	\$2,300,724.00
DE	20,066	28,682	3,165	31,847	\$633,008.00
FL	176,320	313,151	8,028	321,179	\$4,717,719.00
GA	331,795	870,755	83,371	954,126	\$13,091,634.00
HI	8,388	8,584	316	8,900	\$285,880.00
IA	269,014	768,276	103,638	871,914	\$17,578,690.00
ID	245,358	727,210	96,883	824,093	\$20,321,479.88
IL	293,994	1,057,549	44,510	1,102,059	\$16,016,031.00
IN	232,819	421,894	14,312	436,206	\$14,943,634.00
KS	195,874	397,044	71,902	468,946	\$12,087,277.00
KY	347,379	608,399	58,296	666,695	\$12,649,252.00
LA	268,793	561,943	34,614	596,557	\$10,010,776.00
MA	56,662	204,885	5,465	210,350	\$1,931,205.00
MD	123,699	264,537	29,384	293,921	\$5,379,334.00
ME	201,136	217,930	47,675	265,605	\$7,127,981.00
MI	863,946	2,225,367	40,864	2,266,231	\$27,557,693.00
MN	573,424	1,379,563	34,196	1,413,759	\$27,543,644.00
MO	542,477	1,175,640	54,396	1,230,036	\$19,013,206.50
MS	235,447	234,717	43,971	278,688	\$9,450,722.00
MT	232,276	856,605	122,824	979,429	\$24,653,681.00
NC	433,542	470,217	23,728	493,945	\$9,713,265.00
ND	146,010	425,646	178,026	603,672	\$8,517,645.00
NE	176,502	345,550	51,519	397,069	\$9,303,513.00
NH	63,975	188,686	37,566	226,252	\$3,793,753.00
NJ	81,501	266,914	136,649	403,563	\$7,048,188.00
NM	109,948	284,052	54,516	338,568	\$13,401,961.00
NV	60,805	75,909	14,085	89,994	\$3,200,053.00
NY	641,572	1,373,531	80,698	1,454,229	\$20,709,350.00
OH	425,992	1,108,893	19,949	1,128,842	\$17,247,929.00
OK	331,672	313,181	15,812	328,993	\$7,705,971.50
OR	295,422	1,314,350	66,817	1,381,167	\$18,506,490.00
PA	1,017,802	2,660,174	131,249	2,791,423	\$39,773,564.00
RI	10,691	30,995	2,881	33,876	\$476,179.00
SC	272,752	200,487	58,856	259,343	\$7,282,978.00
SD	207,973	244,101	104,602	348,703	\$15,365,201.00
TN	727,525	946,477	37,513	983,990	\$13,505,126.00
TX	1,039,327	1,225,481	65,235	1,290,716	\$28,126,610.00
UT	154,884	226,437	11,636	238,073	\$10,750,245.00
VA	304,605	763,282	50,598	813,880	\$11,198,884.00
VT	90,110	164,924	21,865	186,789	\$3,418,595.00
WA	194,308	871,538	12,078	883,616	\$12,197,388.51
WI	716,200	2,584,071	133,806	2,717,877	\$32,848,828.00
WV	262,835	729,189	196,988	926,177	\$10,642,616.00
WY	137,677	152,836	75,558	228,394	\$19,073,987.00
Total:	14,740,188	31,813,810	2,859,612	34,673,422	\$679,824,466.73

Source: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service - National Hunting License Report

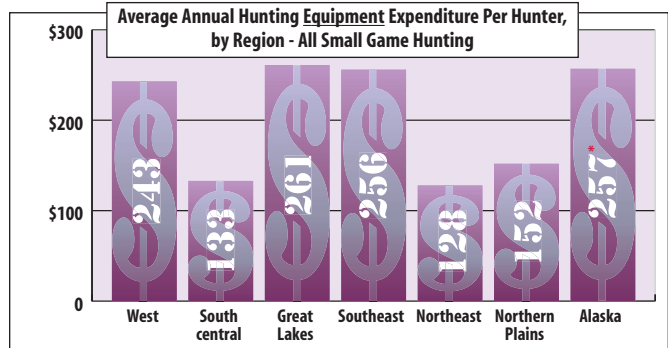
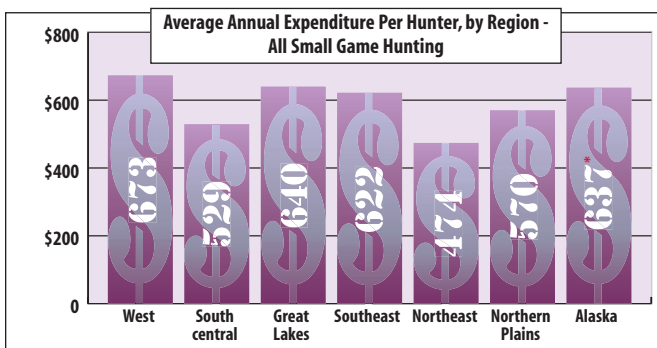
* A paid License holder is one individual regardless of the number of Licenses purchased. ** Persons who hunted in more than one state are counted in each state where they hunted.

Average Annual Expenditures Per Hunter (By Game/Region)

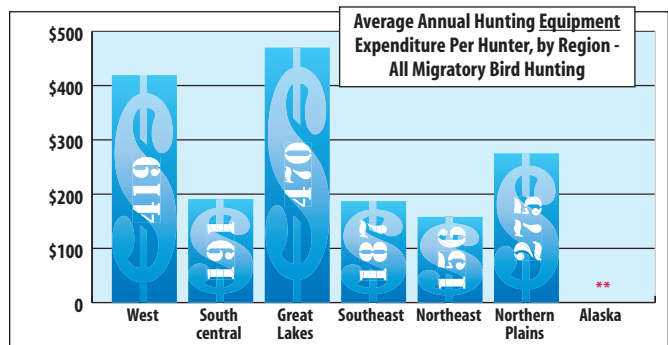
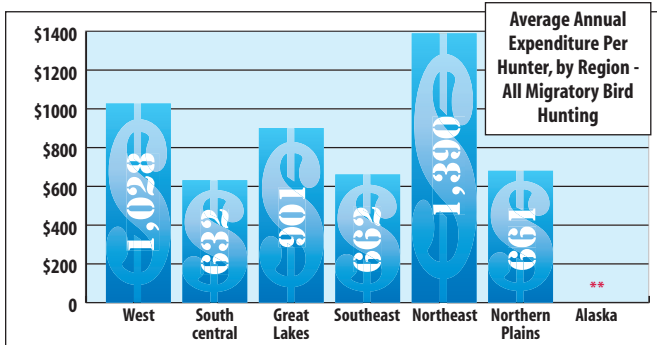
BIG GAME HUNTING



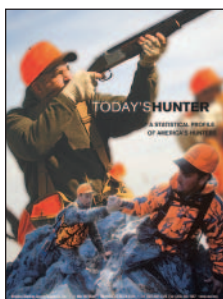
SMALL GAME HUNTING



MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING



Source: *Today's Hunter - A Statistical Profile of America's Hunter*
 "Hunting equipment" above is comprised of rifles, shotguns, muzzleloaders, pistols, archery equipment, scopes, decoys, dogs and other equipment.
 *Data based on small sample size and should be used with caution.
 **Sample size is too small for reliable results.



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\$ Greater Dollars from Fewer Hunters

Gross cost to Hunters for Licenses Outpaces Rate of Inflation

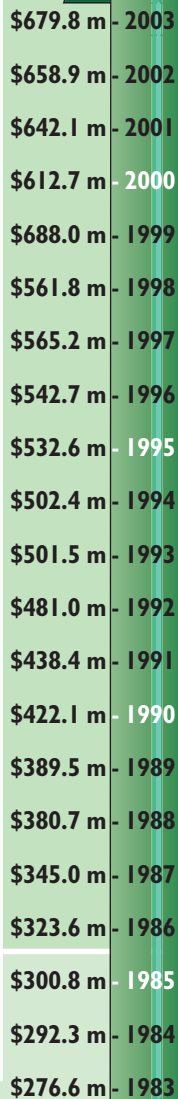
Over the past two decades, the gross cost to hunters for licenses has outpaced the rate of inflation.

According to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) Calculator, what cost **\$259 million** in 1982 would cost **\$493 million** in 2003. Yet hunters paid a total of **\$679 million** outpacing the rate of inflation by **38%**.

During the same period, the number of license sales has declined by 10%.

This means sportsmen are spending more per hunter in pursuit of their sport.

More than ever before – greater dollars are being spent from fewer hunters who remain a social and economic necessity.



20 Year Trends

Year	Paid Hunting License Holders	Increase/Decrease	% Change	Total Gross Cost to Hunters	% Change
1982	16,748,541			\$259,184,730	
1983	16,372,904	(375,637)	-2.3%	\$276,605,841	6.3%
1984	16,257,678	(115,226)	-0.7%	\$292,354,271	5.4%
1985	15,879,572	(378,106)	-2.4%	\$300,766,328	2.8%
1986	15,773,190	(106,382)	-0.7%	\$323,595,095	7.1%
1987	15,812,528	39,338	0.2%	\$345,022,827	6.2%
1988	15,918,522	105,994	0.7%	\$380,747,726	9.4%
1989	15,960,808	42,286	0.3%	\$389,464,856	2.2%
1990	15,797,290	(163,518)	-1.0%	\$422,074,445	7.7%
1991	15,718,845	(78,445)	-0.5%	\$438,411,287	3.7%
1992	15,746,706	27,861	0.2%	\$481,043,950	8.9%
1993	15,627,763	(118,943)	-0.8%	\$501,487,869	4.1%
1994	15,343,300	(284,463)	-1.9%	\$502,453,491	0.2%
1995	15,232,793	(110,507)	-0.7%	\$532,580,412	5.7%
1996	15,144,303	(88,490)	-0.6%	\$542,752,199	1.9%
1997	14,906,826	(237,477)	-1.6%	\$565,213,741	4.0%
1998	14,888,663	(18,163)	-0.1%	\$561,844,286	-0.6%
1999	15,144,608	255,945	1.7%	\$688,018,976	18.3%
2000	15,044,324	(100,284)	-0.7%	\$612,698,063	-12.3%
2001	14,990,570	(53,754)	-0.4%	\$642,069,055	4.6%
2002	14,966,406	(24,164)	-0.2%	\$658,993,797	2.6%
2003	14,740,188	(226,218)	-1.5%	\$679,824,466	3.1%

\$10.4 Billion

Resident versus Non-Resident Trends

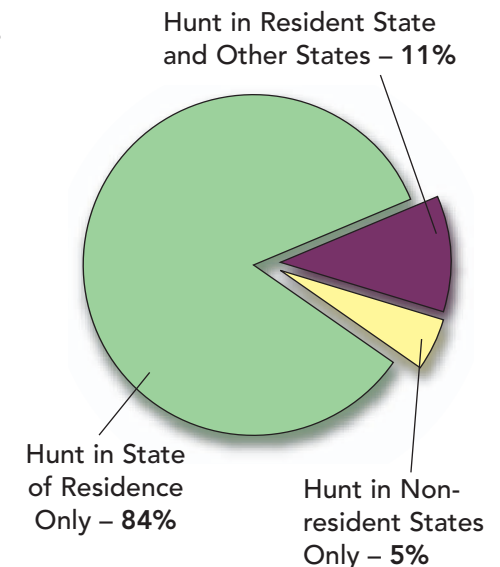
Non-resident Purchases Five Times Greater in the Last 10 Years

Purchases of non-resident hunting licenses, tags, permits and stamps grew 41% over the last decade indicating the mobility of hunters. The chart below highlights the quantity of resident and non-resident purchases of licenses, tags, permits and stamps by state.

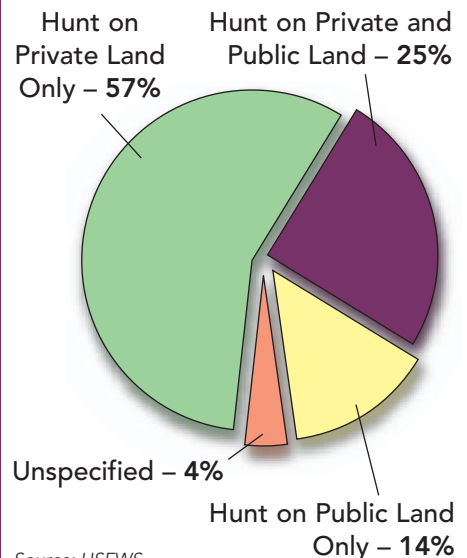
In 1993, non-resident purchases made up approximately 7% of total purchases while in 2003, non-resident purchases accounted for 9% of total sales activity.

STATE	TYPE	1993	2003	10-Year Trend % (1993 -vs- 2003)	STATE	TYPE	1993	2003	10-Year Trend % (1993 -vs- 2003)	
AL	Resident	257,679	255,022	-1.0%	MT	Resident	716,879	856,605	19.5%	
	Non-Resident	40,182	44,202	10.0%		Non-Resident	109,864	122,824	11.8%	
AK	Resident	166,900	185,367	11.1%	NE	Resident	319,758	345,550	8.1%	
	Non-Resident	34,423	37,848	9.9%		Non-Resident	51,086	51,519	0.8%	
AZ	Resident	335,239	362,036	8.0%	NV	Resident	47,416	75,909	60.1%	
	Non-Resident	23,168	34,263	47.9%		Non-Resident	4,114	14,065	242.4%	
AR	Resident	324,015	361,702	11.6%	NH	Resident	119,865	188,686	57.4%	
	Non-Resident	29,309	76,406	160.7%		Non-Resident	21,618	37,566	73.8%	
CA	Resident	731,786	843,357	15.2%	NJ	Resident	312,438	266,914	-14.6%	
	Non-Resident	3,853	15,334	298.9%		Non-Resident	13,933	136,649	869.8%	
CO	Resident	412,033	388,842	-5.6%	NM	Resident	141,837	284,052	100.3%	
	Non-Resident	178,985	165,057	-7.8%		Non-Resident	17,366	54,516	213.9%	
CT	Resident	143,860	127,832	-11.1%	NY	Resident	1,484,858	1,373,531	-7.5%	
	Non-Resident	4,659	6,462	38.7%		Non-Resident	88,156	80,698	-8.5%	
DE	Resident	34,874	28,682	-17.8%	NC	Resident	447,754	470,217	5.0%	
	Non-Resident	4,398	3,165	-28.0%		Non-Resident	8,004	23,728	196.5%	
FL	Resident	336,742	313,151	-7.0%	ND	Resident	424,190	425,646	0.3%	
	Non-Resident	3,073	8,028	161.2%		Non-Resident	62,205	178,026	186.2%	
GA	Resident	955,392	870,755	-8.9%	OH	Resident	1,145,318	1,108,893	-3.2%	
	Non-Resident	34,941	83,371	138.6%		Non-Resident	9,468	19,949	110.7%	
HI	Resident	10,350	8,584	-17.1%	OK	Resident	329,160	313,181	-4.9%	
	Non-Resident	145	316	117.9%		Non-Resident	9,234	15,812	71.2%	
ID	Resident	616,336	727,210	18.0%	OR	Resident	1,051,703	1,314,350	25.0%	
	Non-Resident	80,215	96,883	20.6%		Non-Resident	26,723	66,817	150.6%	
IL	Resident	916,215	1,057,549	15.4%	PA	Resident	2,295,172	2,660,174	15.9%	
	Non-Resident	14,723	44,510	262.2%		Non-Resident	129,575	131,249	1.3%	
IN	Resident	656,655	421,894	-35.8%	RI	Resident	31,420	30,995	-1.4%	
	Non-Resident	14,503	14,312	-1.3%		Non-Resident	2,703	2,881	6.6%	
IA	Resident	662,627	768,276	15.9%	SC	Resident	221,164	200,487	-9.3%	
	Non-Resident	83,776	103,638	23.7%		Non-Resident	45,420	58,856	29.6%	
KS	Resident	148,389	397,044	167.6%	SD	Resident	417,761	244,101	-41.6%	
	Non-Resident	31,126	71,902	131.0%		Non-Resident	59,445	104,602	78.0%	
KY	Resident	511,413	608,399	19.0%	TN	Resident	868,616	946,477	9.0%	
	Non-Resident	16,414	58,296	255.2%		Non-Resident	31,369	37,513	19.6%	
LA	Resident	540,384	561,943	4.0%	TX	Resident	1,453,541	1,225,481	-15.7%	
	Non-Resident	16,873	34,614	105.1%		Non-Resident	45,165	65,235	44.4%	
ME	Resident	183,218	217,930	18.9%	UT	Resident	452,791	226,437	-50.0%	
	Non-Resident	41,839	47,675	13.9%		Non-Resident	29,292	11,636	-60.2%	
MD	Resident	209,067	264,537	26.5%	VT	Resident	132,203	164,924	24.8%	
	Non-Resident	30,103	29,384	-2.4%		Non-Resident	27,415	21,865	-20.2%	
MA	Resident	261,038	204,885	-21.5%	VA	Resident	848,074	763,282	-10.0%	
	Non-Resident	7,347	5,465	-25.6%		Non-Resident	39,030	50,598	29.6%	
MI	Resident	2,115,157	2,225,367	5.2%	WA	Resident	688,317	871,538	26.6%	
	Non-Resident	34,864	40,864	17.2%		Non-Resident	6,924	12,078	74.4%	
MN	Resident	1,054,594	1,379,563	30.8%	WV	Resident	645,298	729,189	13.0%	
	Non-Resident	13,797	34,196	147.9%		Non-Resident	179,632	196,988	9.7%	
MS	Resident	277,539	234,717	-15.4%	WI	Resident	1,817,589	2,584,071	42.2%	
	Non-Resident	48,156	43,971	-8.7%		Non-Resident	47,843	133,806	179.7%	
MO	Resident	1,026,593	1,175,640	14.5%	WY	Resident	228,671	152,836	-33.2%	
	Non-Resident	33,106	54,396	64.3%		Non-Resident	135,093	75,558	-44.1%	
TOTAL Resident					TOTAL Resident	29,529,888	31,813,810	7.7%		
TOTAL Non-Resident					TOTAL Non-Resident	2,024,655	2,859,612	41.2%		
					31,554,543	34,673,422				

Percent of All Hunting – in State of Residence and Other States



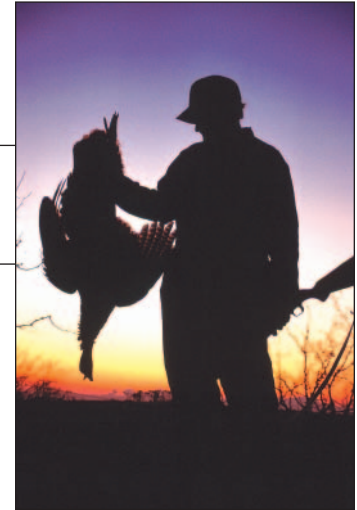
Percent of Hunting on Public and Private Lands



Source: USFWS

Agency Survey Explores Growth Opportunities for States

Highlights Programs & Actions to Increase Hunting Participation



At the start of 2005, the National Shooting Sports Foundation conducted a survey of several state wildlife agencies whose state had shown a significant increase (15% or higher) in the number of hunting licenses sold during the past decade (1993-2003).

In some cases the state's data collection process may have changed during this time along with a natural increase in local game population. However, the survey also highlighted several programs and actions these agencies have been implementing also attributing to the increase.

Among the findings were...

- 1** Expanded education and "how-to" programs in schools and camps. Programs emphasize the benefits of hunting and safety.
- 2** Established special seasons for youth hunters and newcomers to attract young people and families. Hosted special hunts for targeted audiences.
- 3** Implemented an automated licensing system whereby license sales are recorded in a database. Installed an online application /credit card process for both residents and non-residents.
- 4** Eased complicated (deer & turkey) hunting regulations, making it easier for more hunters to participate.
- 5** Promoted state's plentiful wildlife populations, thus increasing both resident and non-resident hunting as well as inter-state traffic. Developed marketing programs to increase participation.
- 6** Developed hunting access programs. Worked with both public and private land owners to provide more access and expand commercial hunting operations.
- 7** Created a program whereby private land is leased (long-term) by the agency for public hunting access. This program expanded the number of acres available for public hunting and increased sales.
- 8** Tourism and visitor industry aggressively promoted hunting and fishing, increasing both resident and non-resident activity.
- 9** Implemented a bonus system whereby unsuccessful deer and big-game tag applicants kept their license in order to get bonus point for the year.
- 10** Implemented efforts to maintain healthy wildlife populations, resulting in higher numbers of hunters.

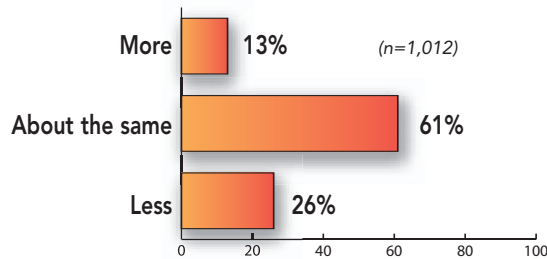
Hunting Trends Summary

Survey Provides Updated Look at Hunter's Participation & Attitude Trends

Below is a summary of the results of a 2005 nationwide survey of hunters. To qualify for the survey, a respondent had to have hunted in 2004 as well as one additional year between 2000-2003. This survey is conducted every five years by the National Shooting Sports Foundation® to monitor hunters' participation and constraints to their hunting experience as well as to determine hunters' opinion and attitudes toward hunting and shooting sports.

GENERAL PARTICIPATION

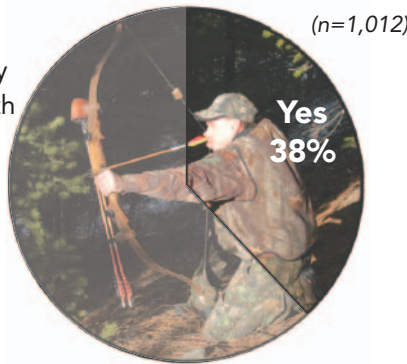
In terms of the number of days, did you hunt more, about the same or less in 2004 than you did in the previous years?



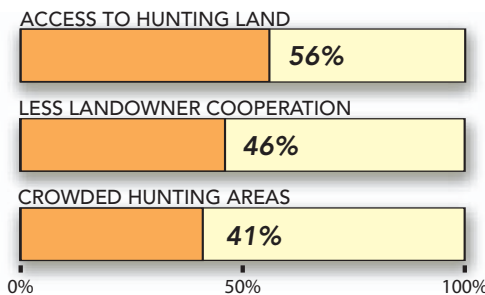
Which of the following species have you hunted in the past 5 years?

Deer	91%
Turkey	42%
Pheasant	34%
Rabbit	33%
Ducks	31%
Squirrel	31%
Dove	27%
Coyote	25%
Quail	25%
Grouse	25%
Geese	23%
Elk	19%
Bear	14%
Crow	11%
Woodchuck	8%
Moose	4%

Do you currently hunt with a bow?



CONSTRAINTS TO HUNTING PARTICIPATION



Why hunters may have hunted less in 2004

Lack of time/get out less	32%
Health/Age	24%
Work obligations	16%
Other reason	12%
Family obligations	8%
Weather	4%
Hard to find a place to hunt	4%
Using other equipment	3%
Less game to hunt	3%
No one to go with	1%

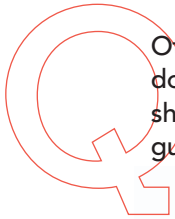
What would persuade you to go hunting or shooting more often?

(n=1,012)

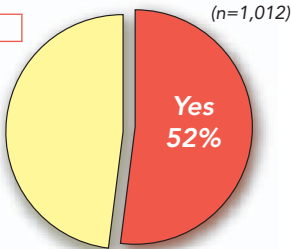
A call from a friend/invitation to go	73%
Invitation for a free shooting clinic at a nearby club	35%
A chance to try a new shooting event	31%
TV programs about hunting/shooting	29%
Chance to win a prize in a shooting event	24%
Reading articles related to hunting or shooting	20%

(n=1,012) Multiple responses allowed

TARGET SHOOTING



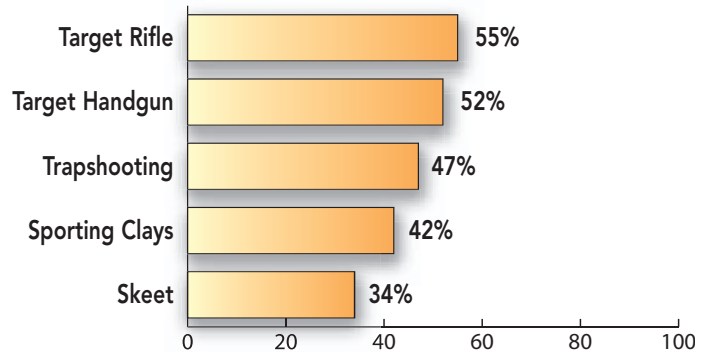
Other than for hunting, do you currently do any shotgun, rifle or handgun target shooting?



Over half of all active hunters also participate in target shooting.

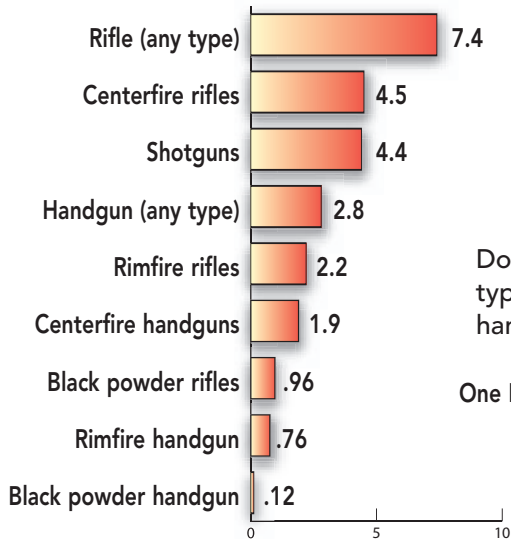


Types of target shooting they participate in...

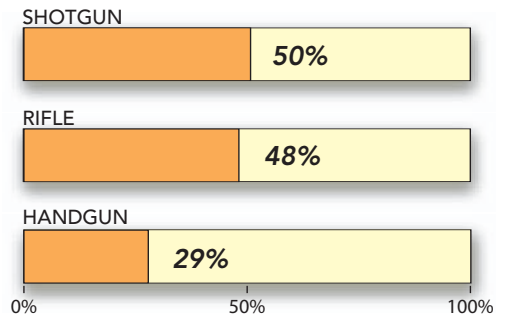


FIREARMS USED & PURCHASED

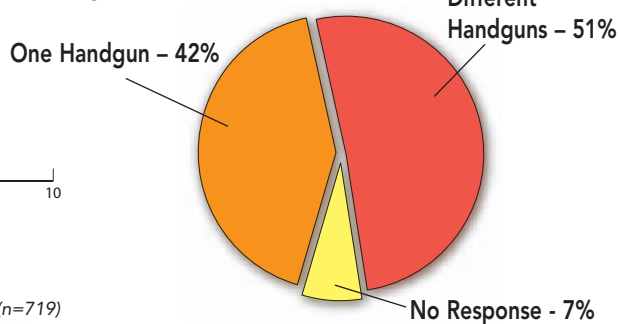
Mean number of firearms owned of the following types: (n=1,012)



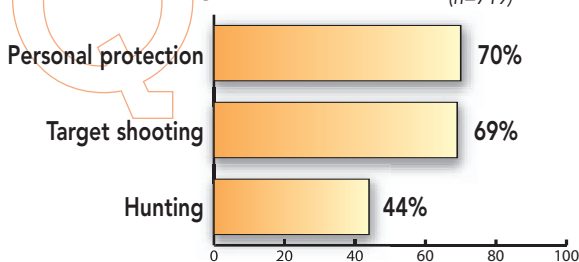
Percent who purchased the following firearm in the past 5 years: (n=1,012)



Do you have one handgun for all types of activities or a different handgun for different activities? (n=719)



Do you use your handgun for...



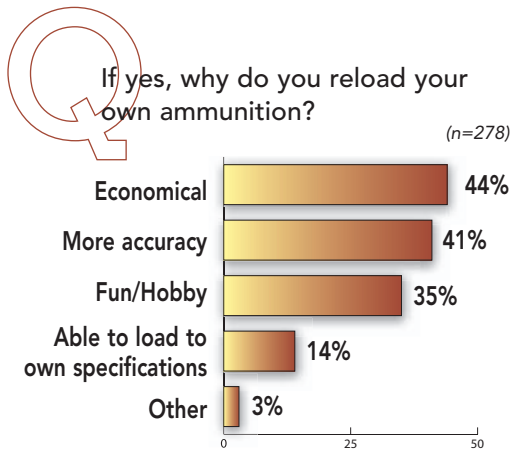
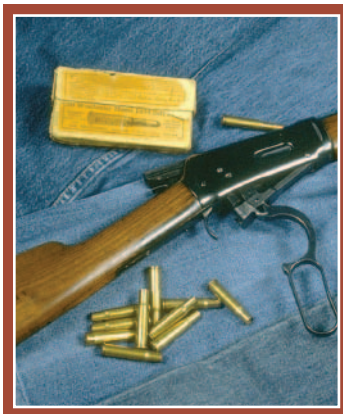
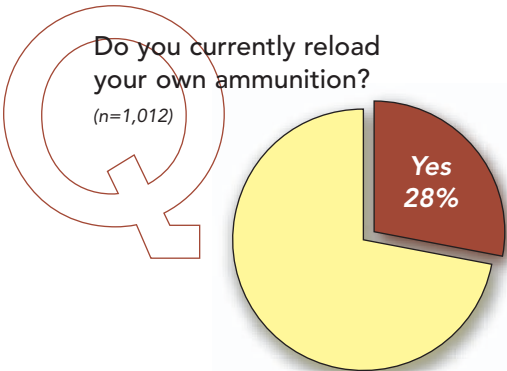
Half of all active hunters surveyed purchased a shotgun in the past 5 years. The average number of shotguns owned is 4.4.

Today's hunter is equipped with several types of firearms. This cross-correlation is important to the growth of all industry shooting disciplines.



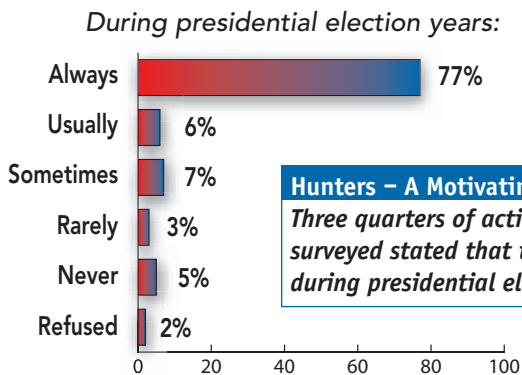
In addition to personal protection and target shooting nearly half of all active hunters surveyed use their handgun to hunt.

AMMUNITION (RELOADING TRENDS)

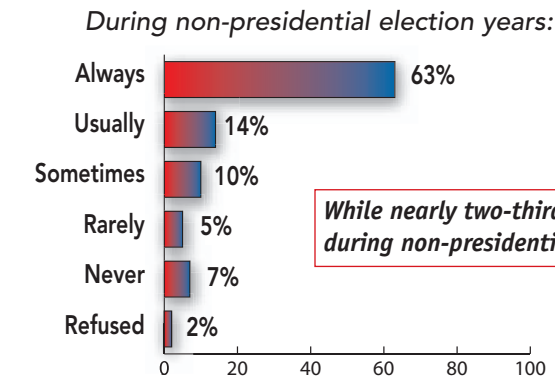


VOTING BEHAVIOR & VOTING ISSUES

During election years, would you say you vote...
(n=1,012)



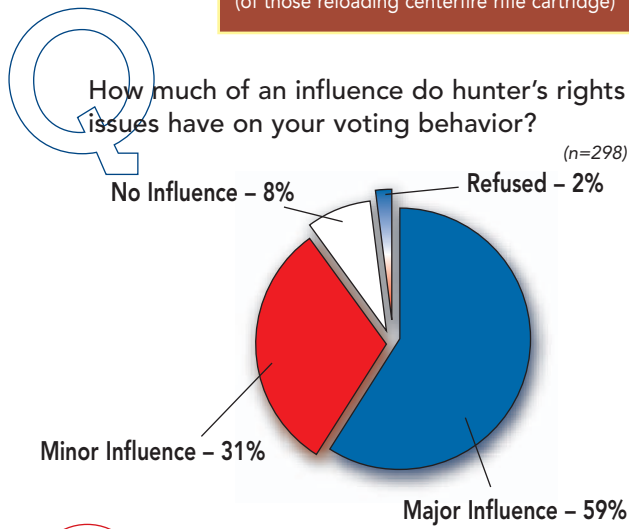
Hunters – A Motivating Political Force
Three quarters of active hunters surveyed stated that they ALWAYS vote during presidential elections...



While nearly two-thirds always vote during non-presidential elections.

Mean number of shotshells reloaded annually
2,487
(of those reloading shotshells)

Mean number of centerfire rifle cartridges reloaded annually
1,042
(of those reloading centerfire rifle cartridge)



In your opinion, what are the most important sportsmen's issues?
(n=298)

- Ensuring gun rights/2nd Amendment55%
- Improving hunting access to public land . . .26%
- Ensuring hunter's rights24%
- Improving hunting access to private land . .20%
- Limiting habitat loss6%
- Passing on the heritage4%
- Anti-hunting sentiment3%
- Protecting wetlands3%
- Other8%

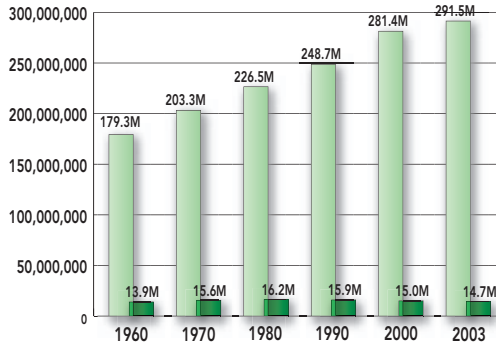


HUNTING STUDY

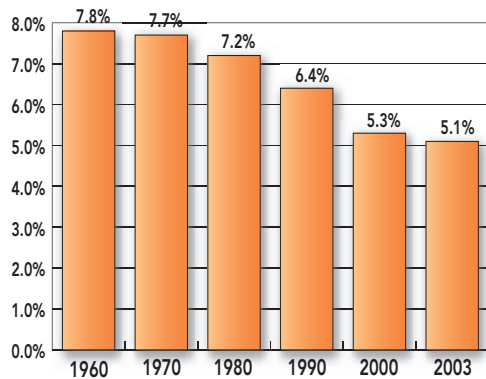
Order your full copy of the 2005 Edition *Hunting Participation and Attitude Trends Study* (370 pages!). Call (203) 426-1320

Hunting Participation Trends

Hunting License Holders in relation to U.S. Population Trends



Hunting License Holders as a Percentage of the U.S. Population



State-by-State Participation

State	2004 Population	State Participants: Hunting (with firearms) (% of Population)		State Participants: Hunting (with bow) (% of Population)	
California	35,979,311	739,000	2.1%	131,000	0.4%
Texas	22,508,240	1,348,000	6.0%	228,000	1.0%
New York	19,254,372	690,000	3.6%	251,000	1.3%
Florida	17,342,822	322,000	1.9%	104,000	0.6%
Illinois	12,725,117	388,000	3.0%	113,000	0.9%
Pennsylvania	12,392,109	1,035,000	8.4%	324,000	2.6%
Ohio	11,459,952	529,000	4.6%	289,000	2.5%
Michigan	10,121,382	860,000	8.5%	428,000	4.2%
Georgia	8,836,148	319,000	3.6%	94,000	1.1%
New Jersey	8,707,156	140,000	1.6%	74,000	0.8%
North Carolina	8,517,110	310,000	3.6%	63,000	0.7%
Virginia	7,480,156	365,000	4.9%	76,000	1.0%
Massachusetts	6,457,204	97,000	1.5%	42,000	0.7%
Indiana	6,230,346	263,000	4.2%	94,000	1.5%
Washington	6,204,912	347,000	5.6%	93,000	1.5%
Tennessee	5,888,107	352,000	6.0%	69,000	1.2%
Missouri	5,737,314	601,000	10.5%	201,000	3.5%
Arizona	5,719,160	211,000	3.7%	44,000	0.8%
Maryland	5,574,702	238,000	4.3%	69,000	1.2%
Wisconsin	5,505,083	749,000	13.6%	231,000	4.2%
Minnesota	5,101,284	566,000	11.1%	99,000	1.9%
Colorado	4,625,293	283,000	6.1%	22,000	0.5%
Alabama	4,517,136	380,000	8.4%	50,000	1.1%
Louisiana	4,505,312	410,000	9.1%	72,000	1.6%
South Carolina	4,188,493	169,000	4.0%	37,000	0.9%
Kentucky	4,140,891	334,000	8.1%	102,000	2.5%
Oregon	3,602,559	374,000	10.4%	64,000	1.8%
Oklahoma	3,530,711	355,000	10.1%	130,000	3.7%
Connecticut	3,507,246	52,000	1.5%	23,000	0.7%
Iowa	2,949,245	155,000	5.3%	50,000	1.7%
Mississippi	2,892,228	309,000	10.7%	72,000	2.5%
Arkansas	2,741,511	308,000	11.2%	82,000	3.0%
Kansas	2,733,795	231,000	8.4%	31,000	1.1%
Utah	2,387,580	185,000	7.7%	37,000	1.5%
Nevada	2,315,504	49,000	2.1%	4,000	0.2%
New Mexico	1,892,304	121,000	6.4%	8,000	0.4%
West Virginia	1,811,363	329,000	18.2%	111,000	6.1%
Nebraska	1,748,000	174,000	10.0%	23,000	1.3%
Idaho	1,388,573	141,000	10.2%	32,000	2.3%
Maine	1,315,211	145,000	11.0%	7,000	0.5%
New Hampshire	1,303,425	57,000	4.4%	11,000	0.8%
Hawaii	1,272,696	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rhode Island	1,084,664	9,000	0.8%	9,000	0.8%
Montana	922,368	161,000	17.5%	10,000	1.1%
Delaware	827,856	45,000	5.4%	5,000	0.6%
South Dakota	767,184	88,000	11.5%	9,000	1.2%
Alaska	655,899	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
North Dakota	631,440	102,000	16.2%	19,000	3.0%
Vermont	622,165	74,000	11.9%	22,000	3.5%
D.C.	560,725	16,000	2.9%	N/A	N/A
Wyoming	503,630	110,000	21.8%	29,000	5.8%
Total	293,686,994	15,635,000	5.3%	4,188,000	1.4%

Source: American Sports Data, SUPERSTUDY (2004).

Hunter Demographics

HUNTER AVERAGE AGE					
	All Hunters	Big Game	Small Game	Migratory Birds	Other Game
West	42.2	42.2	42.2	39.2	42.9
South central	40.9	41.2	39.6	38.9	40.7
Great Lakes	41.2	41.3	41.0	41.8	37.6
Southeast	40.9	40.3	41.1	39.6	38.2
Northeast	43.0	42.8	41.2	43.3	45.2
Northern Plains	41.7	42.0	39.5	37.7	39.3
Alaska	43.7	43.7	40.1	**	**
U.S. Hunter Avg	41.5	41.5	40.6	39.6	40.8

HUNTER GENDER (% Male)					
	All Hunters	Big Game	Small Game	Migratory Birds	Other Game
West	92.0	91.0	93.9	97.2	98.7
South central	90.1	90.2	92.2	93.4	100.0
Great Lakes	92.1	91.7	95.0	97.3	100.0
Southeast	91.5	91.5	95.8	95.7	92.5
Northeast	92.2	92.6	94.2	98.7	96.8
Northern Plains	90.1	89.1	94.4	94.3	91.0
Alaska	88.5	88.4	88.4	**	**
U.S. Hunter Avg	90.9	91.0	94.1	95.3	96.0

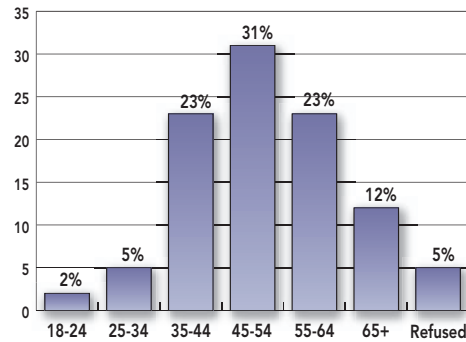
HUNTER EDUCATION (% with 4 or more yrs of college)					
	All Hunters	Big Game	Small Game	Migratory Birds	Other Game
West	24.7	20.9	24.9	34.7	30.4
South central	28.3	26.0	24.9	36.8	31.1
Great Lakes	19.5	18.0	21.5	24.6	6.3
Southeast	19.8	19.0	20.1	27.1	15.1
Northeast	20.0	18.2	24.8	27.7	28.6
Northern Plains	29.2	24.4	34.6	34.1	20.6
Alaska	22.1	21.1	30.2	**	**
U.S. Hunter Avg	22.1	20.2	24.6	30.7	21.3

HUNTER RACE (% Non-White)					
	All Hunters	Big Game	Small Game	Migratory Birds	Other Game
West	9.5	8.3	12.5	7.8	14.3
South central	6.7	6.9	9.2	3.6	9.3
Great Lakes	1.4	1.3	2.3	2.8	0.0
Southeast	6.8	5.3	10.7	3.5	10.9
Northeast	1.9	1.5	2.3	0.0	0.0
Northern Plains	2.5	3.1	1.8	0.9	1.3
Alaska	13.0	12.3	5.5	**	**
U.S. Hunter Avg	4.3	3.8	5.6	3.3	4.3

HUNTER AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD INCOME					
	All Hunters	Big Game	Small Game	Migratory Birds	Other Game
West	\$59,453	\$57,373	\$61,336	\$69,829	\$64,244
South central	\$57,069	\$56,111	\$53,809	\$63,945	\$47,149
Great Lakes	\$52,307	\$51,161	\$54,260	\$64,818	\$51,432
Southeast	\$49,672	\$50,390	\$47,075	\$53,438	\$45,321
Northeast	\$52,603	\$52,137	\$52,945	\$61,349	\$63,701
Northern Plains	\$59,373	\$56,242	\$62,893	\$62,168	\$53,583
Alaska	\$62,184	\$60,872	\$60,545	**	**
U.S. Hunter Avg	\$53,542	\$52,857	\$54,393	\$61,506	\$54,324

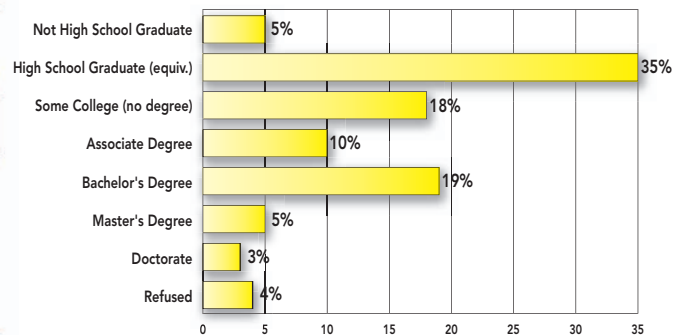
Age Group Breakout:

(n=1,009)



Education Breakout:

(n=1,012)



GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

According to U.S. Census projections, Hispanic and African American populations are growing at a faster rate than the rest of America. These two groups, along with females, are under-represented in the sport of hunting.

The participation rates of African-Americans, Hispanics and females are much lower than the total population. Currently 5% of the total U.S. population hunt, while only 2% of Hispanics, 1% of African-Americans, and 1% of females hunt.

Programs, like STEP OUTSIDE® and the NRA's Women on Target Program® provide opportunities for these groups to try hunting and other shooting sports.

* Data are based on a small sample size/use with caution (n=30-39).

** Sample size is too small to be reliable.

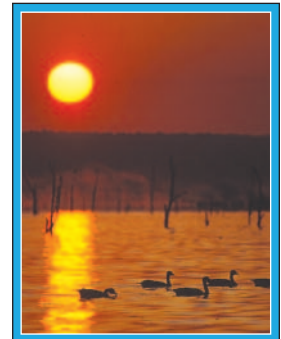
Source: Participation and Expenditure Patterns of African-American, Hispanic and Female Hunters & Anglers.

Hunter Demographics (by Species)

BIG GAME HUNTING						
	Deer	Elk	Bear	Turkey	Moose	Other
Total # Hunters	10,189,952	906,770	359,579	2,470,842	64,907	455,611
Total # Days Hunted	133,456,948	6,403,273	3,333,737	23,164,932	639,152	4,086,558
Avg # Days Hunted Annually	13.1	7.1	9.3	9.4	9.8	9.0
Average Age	41.4	43.3	42.9	42.5	46.0	40.9
Race (% Non-White)	3.6	6.3	4.9	1.9	12.2	4.7
Education (% w/ 4 or + yrs coll.)	19.7	26.0	18.0	22.2	19.7	27.6
Gender (% Male)	91.3	91.2	94.7	93.2	89.9	94.8
Average Household Income	\$52,387	\$59,772	\$56,925	\$56,405	\$58,325	\$58,075
Marital Status (% Married)	71.6	75.1	73.9	74.3	74.4	68.6

SMALL GAME HUNTING						
	Rabbit	Quail	Grouse	Squirrel	Pheasant	Other
Total # Hunters	2,060,218	988,158	1,005,582	2,084,451	1,704,079	473,950
Total # Days Hunted	22,768,356	7,925,999	9,169,337	22,333,473	12,769,233	5,136,748
Avg # Days Hunted Annually	11.1	8.0	9.1	10.7	7.5	10.8
Average Age	40.4	41.8	41.8	38.8	40.4	41.7
Race (% Non-White)	8.0	5.9	2.9	6.1	2.4	0.8
Education (% w/ 4 or + yrs college)	16.3	33.7	29.9	13.9	31.6	38.1
Gender (% Male)	93.8	94.6	93.9	94.3	94.6	95.5
Average Household Income	\$48,678	\$62,966	\$59,894	\$47,524	\$62,194	\$64,014
Marital Status (% Married)	65.6	74.5	72.9	61.9	70.3	68.4

MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING				
	Geese	Ducks	Dove	Other
Total # Hunters	991,016	1,577,790	1,441,889	206,348
Total # Days Hunted	10,507,671	18,290,218	9,040,896	1,521,886
Avg # Days Hunted Annually	10.6	11.6	6.3	7.4
Average Age	39.3	39.0	39.0	43.8
Race (% Non-White)	2.9	3.2	2.8	3.8
Education (% w/ 4 or + yrs college)	28.6	33.4	31.6	33.2
Gender (% Male)	97.0	95.6	93.9	97.7
Average Household Income	\$60,612	\$62,616	\$60,291	\$65,289
Marital Status (% Married)	70.3	71.3	73.0	73.5



OTHER GAME HUNTING, in 2001					
	Woodchuck	Raccoon	Fox	Coyote	Other
Total # Hunters	275,962	248,724	131,253	504,222	121,970
Total # Days Hunted	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Avg # Days Hunted Annually	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Age	44.6	36.6	38.0	39.0	43.9
Race (% Non-White)	0.2	8.5	0.0	2.2	10.0
Education (% w/ 4 or + yrs college)	23.6	13.0	10.0	15.8	40.0
Gender (% Male)	96.6	90.2	95.9	97.2	96.1
Average Household Income	\$60,473	\$41,115	\$53,846	\$55,153	\$48,880
Marital Status (% Married)	67.5	57.4	66.4	69.9	67.9

*Industry Intelligence **REPORTS...***

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Sources:

1. U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, 2001 national survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation. National Overview (Issued May 2002).
2. U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Participation and Expenditure Patterns, of African-American, Hispanic, and Female Hunters and Anglers (2001).
3. U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, National Hunting License Reports (1983-2003).
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6. National Shooting Sports Foundation, Hunting Participation and Attitudes Survey Trends Study. (Produced by Responsive Management).
7. National Shooting Sports Foundation, 2005 Department of Natural Resources Survey – Hunting License Sales Trends.
8. American Sports Data – 2003 SUPERSTUDY®.
9. U.S. Census Bureau – population trend reports.
10. Department of the Treasury (BATF), Firearms and Ammunition Excise Tax Collection Report.



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