

LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY

Fabry-Perot / PDV Comparison

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Fabry Perot / PDV Comparison

51st Annual FUZE Conference

May 24, 2007

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Tony Whitworth

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Compare Fabry-Perot to PDV

- Objective: will PDV measure the fast pulses seen with exploding bridge flyers
- Each test fired under same conditions
 - Change probes for Fabry-Perot & PDV
 - 1-2 shots for each setup
- Parylene & Spun Kapton
- All Shots into LiF under vacuum
- 0.3 uF Fireset
- Six shots with PDV





- Substrate
- Bridge Material
- Flyer Material
- Barrel Length
- Target
 - H.E.

• LIF





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How do you fire a Slapper?



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General Layout of Two-Beam Fabry-Perot System for Diagnostic Measurements on Slapper Initiators



Fabry-Perot in HEAF



- Room Size
- 2 Fabry-Perot
- 2 Streak Cameras
- Yag Laser



Photonic Doppler Velocimeter (PDV)





- Portable system rack mount
- Doppler Velocimetry
- •Greater than 5 mm/µsec velocity
- Limited by bandwidth only

The Fill-Time of the Fabry-Perot Cavity may Filter Sub-Nanosecond Data – PDV may be a Solution





- Portable system rack mount
- Doppler Velocimetry
- •Greater than 5 mm/µsec velocity
- •Limited by bandwidth only

Experimental and calculated velocity wave profiles into LiF for a 50um flight distance.





What is PDV (Photonic Doppler Velocimeter)



High speed detectors measure the difference in frequency, 'the Beat', between the original signal and Doppler-shifted return signal.

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PDV

• The 'beat' frequency is converted to amplitude

- Expanded view
- 40G sample digitizer
- 25ps/point
- 1550 nm laser wavelength



Fabry-Perot Measurements Conducted in Vacuum Provide Information on Slapper's Pulse Duration and Equation of State





Fabry-Perot and PDV Setup

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Kowin Simulation of a 60.0um Parylene-C Flyer into LiF with Strong Shock Shows Stepped-Top as Seen with Fast Fabry-Perot Diagnostic





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0.05

0.1

Fluer Thickness (um)

0.15

0.2

0,25

68.6um Parylene - Fabry

- Complex Return
- Front & Rear flyer surface producing separate returns
- Multiple Returns are easily seen with fabry perot
- Transparent material



The 60um Parylene-C Flyer Impact Irregularity





- Two pressure pulses were measured with Fast Fabry-Perot System
- Originally we believed that the flyer may have spalled
 - After witnessing this effect in other thick flyers we hypothesize that the second step is the result of a strong shock in the thick flyer...

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68.8u Parylene Flyer



PDV Spectrograph with 3ns window



Raw Fabry-Perot Data



Comparison for 68.6um Parylene-C Flyer

- All PDV shots used a 3.2ns FFT Window
- Should try faster window for pressure pulse
- One of several methods for data analysis



4ns fid



The 'step' on the pressure pulse seen on both Fabry-Perot and PDV

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50.4u Paralyne Flyer Spectograph & Fabry-Perot



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PDV/Fabry-Perot Comparison 50.4um Parylene-C



12.3u Spun Kapton Flyer







Thin flyers produce a very narrow pulse on impact

12.3um Flyer Fabry to PDV Comparison Shot









12.3um Flyer Fabry to PDV Comparison Shot



 PDV – Hand Read of the pulse found 5 data points on this 1.2ns impact pulse



Conclusions



Fabry-Perot

- Graphic instantly see the velocity/time data
- Complex returns easily seen
- Speed limited by the fabry cavity (.5ns)
- Expensive, Room size
- = PDV
 - Must be analyzed to see the data
 - Complex returns are seen with additional analysis
 - Speed limited only by the recording digitizer
 - Portable, less expensive

