# **National Energy Technology Laboratory**



High Temperature Corrosion of Cr-W Alloys in Simulated Syngas

> Ömer Doğan Sophie Bullard Bernie Covino NETL-Albany, Oregon

National Energy Technology Laboratory



**Office of Fossil Energy** 



## Objective

 To determine corrosion behavior of Cr-W alloys in a simulated gasifier atmosphere at 800°C and 1000°C.



## **Experimental Procedure**

#### Materials

- Cr samples (C-3a and C-3b)
- Cr 10 mass % W samples (CW-8a and CW-8b)
- Cr 30 mass % W samples (CW-10a and CW-10b)
- -310 SS sample
- Alloy 718 sample
- Samples were approximately 0.1 in thick, 0.5 in wide, 0.5 in high. They had a 1/8 in diameter hole for hanging on a rack.



## **Experimental Procedure**

#### Cyclic Corrosion tests

- -At 800°C and 1000°C
- In a flowing simulated syngas (500 ml/min) composed of
  - 30%CO
  - 8%CO<sub>2</sub>
  - 20%H<sub>2</sub>
  - 0.8%H<sub>2</sub>S
  - 2%CH<sub>4</sub>
  - 40%N<sub>2</sub>
  - 0.02%HCI



# **Corrosion Apparatus**





## **Experimental Procedure**

#### • One corrosion test cycle consists of

- Weighing samples
- Positioning sample rack in constant temperature zone of the tube of three heat zone furnace and sealing the tube.
- Starting nitrogen gas flow (500 ml/min) and heating at a rate of 300 K/hour.
- Once the temperature reaches and stabilizes at test temperature, gas mixture flow (500 ml/min) starts.
- After the exposure time ends, power to the furnace is turned off and gas mixture flow is stopped. Only nitrogen gas continues to flow.
- After samples cool down to room temperature, they are taken out of the furnace and weighed.



## **Experimental Procedure**

#### Scale characterization

- XRD for determination of compounds in surface scale
- -SEM for determination of scale structure
- SEM-WDX for determination of chemical composition of phases in scale
- SEM-EDX for determination of chemical composition of phases in scale



## **Sample holder**





## **Results of cyclic corrosion test at 800°C**



## **Results of cyclic corrosion test at 1000°C**





## **Corrosion in Syngas**





TMS Annual Meeting, Feb 25 – Mar 1, 2007 Orlando, Florida

## After corrosion test for 288 hours at 1000°C

**Cr Specimen** 





#### Top Surface of Scale on the Cr Specimen After Corrosion Test at 1000°C for 288 hours





### **Top Surface of Scale on the Cr Specimen After Corrosion Test at 1000°C for 288 hours**





O Ka1





Cr Ka1



S Ka1

## Top Surface of Scale on the Cr Specimen After Corrosion Test at 1000°C for 288 hours





S

20.83

1.65

4.62

0.25

1.01

Cr

39.04

45.62

31.26

51.28

47.70







#### O Ka1



N Ka1\_2



C Ka1\_2



S Ka1



Oxygen\_WD



Cr Ka1



TMS Annual Meeting, Feb 25 - Mar 1, 2007 Orlando, Florida





**Near Substrate Metal** 



![](_page_18_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_1.jpeg)

Near Substrate Metal

Vickers Hardness (Load = 3 grams)

![](_page_19_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Top Surface of Scale on the Cr-30W Specimen After Exposure to Syngas at 1000°C for 288 hours

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### **Top Surface of Scale on the Cr-30W Specimen** After Exposure to Syngas at 1000°C for 288 hours

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_3.jpeg)

O Ka1

![](_page_21_Picture_5.jpeg)

Cr Ka1

![](_page_21_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_9.jpeg)

S Ka1

![](_page_21_Picture_11.jpeg)

## Top Surface of Scale on the Cr-30W Specimen After Exposure to Syngas at 1000°C for 288 hours

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_2.jpeg)

S

15.69

26.12

23.34

11.04

1.66

1.91

Cr

32.69

32.46

33.15

38.68

34.29

32.70

0

51.62

41.42

43.51

50.28

64.04

65.40

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

TMS Annual Meeting, Feb 25 – Mar 1, 2007 Orlando, Florida

external scale

![](_page_24_Picture_0.jpeg)

600pm

600pm

**External Corrosion Scale** 

![](_page_25_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

TMS Annual Meeting, Feb 25 - Mar 1, 2007 Orlando, Florida

![](_page_27_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_2.jpeg)

## Summary

- Cr-W alloys were tested for corrosion resistance in a simulated syngas mixture at 800°C and 1000°C.
- Corrosion rates of Cr and Cr-30W alloys were lower than both Alloy 718 and 310 SS.
- Stable external corrosion scale composed of Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Cr<sub>5</sub>S<sub>6</sub> was formed during exposure.
- Below the external scale, internal corrosion resulted in compounds such as Cr-carbides, Cr-carbonitides, Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Cr<sub>5</sub>S<sub>6</sub> near the surface.

![](_page_28_Picture_5.jpeg)