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Area Monitoring Dosimeter Program for the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory: Results for CY 2006

S.R. Bivins
G.A. Stoetzel

June 2007

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy
under Contract DE-AC05-76RL01830



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Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Richland, Washington 99352

Summary

In January 1993, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) established an area monitoring dosimeter program in accordance with Article 514 of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Radiological Control Manual (RCM). The purpose of this program was to minimize the number of areas requiring issuance of personnel dosimeters and to demonstrate that doses outside Radiological Buffer Areas are negligible. In accordance with 10 CFR Part 835.402 (a) (1)-(4) and Article 511.1 of the PNNL Radiological Control Program Description, personnel dosimetry shall be provided to 1) radiological workers who are likely to receive at least 100 mrem annually, and 2) declared pregnant workers, minors, and members of the public who are likely to receive at least 50 mrem annually. Program results for calendar years 1993-2005 confirmed that personnel dosimetry was not needed for individuals located in areas monitored by the program.

Area thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) were placed at 127 locations in PNNL facilities during calendar year 2006. The TLDs were exchanged and analyzed quarterly or on an annual basis dependent on location. Routine area monitoring TLD results were less than 50 mrem annually after correcting for worker occupancy. The results support the conclusion that personnel dosimeters are not necessary for staff, declared pregnant workers, minors, or members of the public in these monitored areas.

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1.0 Introduction

The U.S. Department of Energy Standard on Radiological Control (DOE Standard) (DOE 2004), first issued as the DOE Radiological Control Manual (RCM) in 1992, provides guidelines to assist line managers in meeting their responsibilities for implementing occupational radiological control programs. Article 514 of the DOE Standard, included in the PNNL Radiological Control Program Description, discusses the establishment and maintenance of a comprehensive area monitoring dosimeter program to minimize the number of areas requiring issuance of personnel dosimeters and to demonstrate that doses outside of radiological areas are negligible. This program complies with 10 CFR Part 835.401(a)(3), 401(a)(4), 401(a)(6), 402(a)(3), and 1003(b). As discussed in Article 514 of the PNNL Radiological Control Program Description, area monitoring dosimeters should do the following:

- record and document radiation levels in routinely occupied areas adjacent to areas where radiation or operations with radiation exist (not applicable when the radiation arises solely from low-energy beta sources such as ^{14}C or ^3H)
- support dosimetry investigations where personnel express concern about their work environment and exposure to ionizing radiation
- supplement existing monitoring programs in Radiologically Controlled Areas and provide data in the event of an emergency.

In January 1993, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)⁽¹⁾ established an area monitoring thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) program in accordance with Article 514 of the RCM. The program was conducted as outlined by Bivins⁽²⁾ during calendar years (CY) 1993 and 1994. The program is now implemented according to RCP-5.1.04, "Area Monitoring TLD Program," issued in PNL-MA-266, *PNL Radiological Control Implementing Procedures*. Program results for previous years are found in Bivins and Stoetzel (1996a, 1996b, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, and 2006). Data from the program was also used to support the PNNL as Low as Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) program.

A description of the materials and methods used in collecting area monitoring TLD data and program results for CY 2006 are presented in this report. Neutron dose readings from the area TLDs are included in Section 3.0. Reporting of neutron dose data was initiated in the CY 1998 report (Bivins and Stoetzel 1999).

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- (1) The Pacific Northwest National Laboratory is operated for the U.S. Department of Energy by Battelle under Contract DE-AC06-76RL01830. Battelle also owns and operates private facilities near the Hanford Site.
 - (2) Bivins, S. R. February 24, 1993. Letter Report to D.P. Higby entitled "Area Monitoring Dosimeter." Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, Washington.

2.0 Materials and Methods

This section provides information on the type of TLDs used in the program, how they were located in the field, and frequency of exchange. Derivation of the investigation level, which triggers an evaluation into the potential cause of a reading, is also provided.

2.1 Description of Area TLDs

The Hanford Standard Dosimeter and the Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter were used in this program during CY 2006. The Hanford Standard Dosimeter was used at all locations; in addition, the Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter was positioned at two locations to better quantify neutron doses.

A brief description of each type of dosimeter is presented below. Appendix A provides a description of TLD processing, calibration, and the dose algorithm used in determining doses.

2.1.1 Hanford Standard Dosimeter

The Hanford Standard Dosimeter is accredited by the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program (DOELAP) and is known commercially as a Harshaw 8825 dosimeter. The dosimeter contains TLD-700 chips in positions one, two, and three and a TLD-600 chip in position four. The TLD-600 chip is neutron-sensitive. The chips have thicknesses of 0.38 mm (100 mg/cm²) in positions one, two, and four, and 0.15 mm (40 mg/cm²) in position three. The TLD holder is constructed of black plastics with the following filtration:

1. position one - 242 mg/cm² acrylonitrilebutadienestyrene (ABS) plastic and 91 mg/cm² copper
2. position two - 1000 mg/cm² ABS plastic and Teflon[®]
3. position three - 8 mg/cm² Teflon[®] and 9 mg/cm² mylar
4. position four - 240 mg/cm² ABS plastic and 463 mg/cm² tin.

These dosimeters were read for shallow dose, deep dose, neutron dose, and eye dose. Only deep dose and neutron dose readings are discussed in this report.

2.1.2 Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter

The Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter consists of three components: 1) a beta-photon TLD, 2) an albedo neutron TLD, and 3) two CR-39 track-etch dosimeter foils. Instead of CR-39 track-etch dosimeter foils, the albedo neutron TLD is currently used to assess neutron dose. The beta-photon TLD is a Harshaw 8825 dosimeter. The albedo neutron TLD is a Harshaw 8816 dosimeter, which contains three

[®] Teflon is a registered trademark of E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Co., Inc., Wilmington, Delaware.

TLD-600 phosphors and one TLD-700 phosphor. This albedo TLD has the following filter configurations:

- TLD-700 #1 (tin filters on the front and back)
- TLD-600 #2 (cadmium filter on front and tin filter on back)
- TLD-600 #3 (tin filter on front and cadmium filter on back)
- TLD-600 #4 (tin filters on front and back).

These dosimeters were read for shallow dose, deep dose, neutron dose, and eye dose. Only deep dose and neutron dose readings are discussed in this report.

2.2 Placement of Area TLDs

Area TLDs were placed in the following PNNL facilities (DOE-owned, DOE-leased, and Battelle private):

- all 300 Area PNNL facilities where staff worked at least eight hours per month
- all PNNL facilities where staff conducted radiological work (i.e., had a current Radiological Work Permit)
- all PNNL facilities located within 15 m (~50 ft) of another facility (including those of other Hanford Site contractors) containing a radiological area (indoors or outdoors).

TLDs positioned as such are referred to as “routine” area TLDs in this report. Area TLDs were also positioned in facilities as approved by the Radiological Control organization for special situations such as ALARA evaluations. In this report, these are referred to as “special” area TLDs.

A list of routine area TLD locations is included as Appendix B. There were no special area TLD locations during CY 2006. The number of area TLDs in each facility was determined according to the following criteria:

- at least one area TLD per facility
- one additional area TLD for every 25 staff members in facilities requiring area TLDs but not containing a Radiologically Controlled Area or a radiological area
- one additional area TLD for every 15 staff members in facilities requiring area TLDs and containing a Radiologically Controlled Area or a radiological area.
- near boundaries of RBAs established for dose purposes if dose rates are $>20 \mu\text{rem/h}$ as determined by routine surveys

Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeters were positioned as area TLDs at the following two locations to better quantify neutron doses:

- 325 Building, Room 101
- 325 Building, Room 301

Additional area TLDs were positioned as determined by the Radiological Control organization.

Each Hanford Standard Dosimeter used as an area TLD was oriented per guidance in PNL-MA-842, *Hanford External Dosimetry Technical Basis Manual*. If the potential source of exposure was from within the facility, the area TLD was placed on the wall opposite the potential source. If the potential source of exposure was located outside the facility, the area TLD was placed on the inside surface of the exterior wall with the Mylar window facing away from the wall. The TLDs were placed 1 to 2 m (3 to 6 ft) from the floor, depending on whether staff in the area would be standing or seated.

Both 325 Building, Room 101 and Room 301 have a Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter. The combination dosimeters were placed on the bottom surface of the 5-gallon carboy since the neutron source was located below Room 101 and Room 301. The neutron portion of the dosimeter was at least 7.5 cm (3 in) from any edge of the carboy. The physical size and weight of the 5-gallon carboy limited the locations where these dosimeters could be positioned.

Each area TLD was identified with an attached bar code label containing a facility ID (e.g., 325, LOC. 5) and a TLD identification number beginning with the letter "A" to denote an area TLD followed by a four-digit number (e.g., A3175).

2.3 Frequency of Area TLD Exchange

Area TLDs were scheduled to be exchanged and analyzed either quarterly or annually. All area TLDs located in the 300 Area, BRSW, PSL, and EMSL were changed out quarterly. All remaining area TLDs were exchanged on an annual frequency per PNNL (2004).

The area monitoring TLD procedure allows facility managers to request a special exchange for any TLD in their facilities. The Radiological Control Manager may also request a special exchange for area TLDs in any facility. Any area TLD changed out was immediately replaced with another area TLD unless the area TLD location was being discontinued.

2.4 Data Review

An investigation level of 40 mrem was established for quarterly-read area TLDs and 160 mrem for annual-read area TLDs. These investigation levels were established to ensure that an individual would not likely receive more than 50 mrem annually (the trigger level for requiring personnel dosimetry for declared pregnant workers, minors, and members of the public).

The area TLDs were exposed for approximately 8760 h annually; individual occupancy was assumed to be 2000 h (8 h/d, 5 d/wk, and 50 wk/yr). Therefore, the occupancy-corrected quarterly and annual limits are as follows:

$$\text{Quarterly limit} = (50 \text{ mrem}/4)(8760 \text{ h}/2000 \text{ h}) = 55 \text{ mrem}$$

$$\text{Annual limit} = (50 \text{ mrem})(8760 \text{ h}/2000 \text{ h}) = 220 \text{ mrem}$$

The calculated 55-mrem quarterly limit and 220-mrem annual limit were reduced to 40 mrem and 160 mrem, respectively, to allow for such factors as processing time, processing errors, the potential for individuals to be present more than 2000 h annually, and the potential for maximum exposure rates occurring during occupancy hours.

2.5 Quality Assurance and Quality Control

The Hanford External Dosimetry Project (HEDP) performed the measurements of the area TLDs. The HEDP laboratory is DOELAP accredited. Quality assurance and quality control programs are conducted in accordance with PNL-MA-859, *Hanford External Dosimetry Project Quality Manual*.

3.0 Results and Discussion

A summary of the deep dose area monitoring TLD results for CY 2006 is provided in Table 3.1 for quarterly and annual exchange frequencies. In seven area TLD locations, quarterly deep dose results exceeded the investigation level of 40 mrem. No locations had estimated personnel exposures greater than 50 mrem after considering worker occupancy. A detailed discussion of these seven area monitoring TLD locations is found in Section 3.1. None of the results from area TLDs exchanged on an annual frequency exceeded the investigation level of 160 mrem.

Table 3.1 Summary of Area Monitoring TLD Results, CY 2006^a

Parameter	Quantity
Number of area TLD locations	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quarterly exchange 	96
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual exchange 	31
Area TLD deep dose results greater than investigation level:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quarterly exchange 	17 ^b
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual exchange 	0

- a. This table provides data for routine area TLDs. No special area TLDs were located in the field during CY 2006.
- b. The 17 readings represent seven area TLD locations.

The neutron dose readings from the Hanford Standard Dosimeters typically over-estimate neutron dose since they are calibrated to an unmoderated neutron source, and neutron fields in PNNL facilities are typically moderated by intervening shielding and building materials. To better quantify neutron doses, Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeters were positioned at two locations in CY 2006 (Room 101 and Room 301 in 325 Building). Comparison of past neutron results between the Hanford Standard Dosimeter and Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter are discussed in Section 3.2, along with a discussion of eight locations where the combined deep and neutron dose results for CY 2006 exceeded the quarterly investigation level of 40 mrem.

Individual area monitoring TLD results for each quarter, as well as annual totals, are presented in Appendix C. The results in Appendix C are not corrected for worker occupancy. Assuming workers to be present 2000 h/yr, results should be multiplied by 0.23 to correct for worker occupancy.

3.1 Area TLD Results (Deep Dose)

All seven of the locations with quarterly deep dose results ≥ 40 mrem “investigation level” were located in the 325 Building. Figure 3.1 shows the trend of annual deep dose results at these locations since the PNNL program was initiated in 1993. Table 3.2 provides estimated annual doses to an individual at the locations for CY 2006 considering occupancy. Estimated doses were below the 50 mrem annual dose, which requires personnel dosimetry for a declared pregnant worker, a minor, or a member of the public. Reviews of each location are summarized below.

- TLD ID# A3062 (325, Loc. 2) was located in Room 5 of the mezzanine of the 325 Building on the north wall about chest height. This location was initiated in 1993. The annual deep dose over the past 8 years has ranged from approximately 150-200 mrem (see Figure 3.1). This dose is attributed to the building ventilation duct located near this area. Routine surveys taken in the mezzanine annually showed that dose rates are less than the 50 μ rem/h level requiring posting as a Radiological Buffer Area. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 34 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID# A3175 (325, Loc. 5) was located in the lunchroom of the east equipment room on the second floor of the 325 Building. This location was initiated in the second quarter of CY 1997. The annual deep dose result at this location has increased steadily from <100 mrem to >600 mrem over the time period 1999-2005 (see Figure 3.1). The increase in deep dose results over this seven-year period was attributed to storage of additional radioactive material in Room 524 and Room 528 (a radioactive waste operations storage area) located below this area. The inventory of radioactive waste stored in Room 524 and Room 528 decreased during 2006 resulting in an annual deep dose of approximately 300 mrem (a 50% reduction from CY 2005). Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 18 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID# A3176 (325, Loc. 6) was located in Room 916 (stack room) on the second floor of the 325 Building. This location was initiated in CY 1998. From 1998-2003, this area TLD was located in Room 915. It was moved to Room 916 (stack room) in 2003. Annual deep dose readings have generally ranged from approximately 100 to 200 mrem except for CY 2002 which had a reading of 655 mrem due to work with high activity filters directly below in Room 700. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 4 mrem at this location during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID# A3196 (325, Loc. 7) was located on the wall between Room 115 and 116 on the first floor of the 325 Building. This location was started in the second quarter of CY 1999. The total deep dose for CY 2006 was 292 mrem and is trending downward from a peak reading of 488 mrem in CY2001 (see Figure 3.1). Dose is attributed to the building ventilation duct system located below the area. A monthly routine is performed in this area to verify postings and provide trend data. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 18 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).

- TLD ID# A3199 (325, Loc. 10) was located in Room 17 of the mezzanine in 325 Building. This location was initiated in 1999 and had been below the quarterly investigation level prior to CY 2005 (see Figure 3.1). Annual doses increased about 7 times in CY 2005. This increase in dose was due to the control rod drive mechanisms and radioactive waste located in Room 30A and Room 31. The area TLD is located on the north wall of Room 17 closest to Room 30A. The control rod drive mechanisms and radioactive waste were moved out of Room 30A and Room 31 in early January 2006; therefore, doses have returned to pre-2005 levels. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 18 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2). This assumes an occupant is present for 2000 h/yr.
- TLD ID#A3240 (325, Loc. 13) was located outside of Room 600 at the entrance to the 600 Annex. This location was initiated during the second quarter of CY 2004. The quarterly deep dose reading has remained steady since the fourth quarter of CY 2004. Dose is attributed to the building ventilation duct system located below the area. A monthly routine is performed in this area to verify postings and provide trend data. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 27 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID#A3242 (325, Loc. 15) was located outside Room 912 on the second floor of the 325 Building. This location was initiated during the first quarter of CY 2005. Dose is attributed to radioactive material in the laboratories below. Approximately 70% of the dose at this location was from the first two quarters of CY2006. A monthly routine is performed in this area to verify postings and provide trend data. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 14 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).

3.2 Routine Area TLD Results (Deep + Neutron Dose)

Neutron dose results for the Hanford Standard Dosimeter are based on a calibration on a phantom to unmoderated neutrons from bare ^{252}Cf . The neutrons typically reaching an area TLD location will be moderated by intervening shielding and building material; therefore, the dosimeter would be more appropriately calibrated in air to a ^{252}Cf source moderated by a 30-cm-diameter sphere of D_2O . This calibration showed that the neutron doses reported in Appendix C should be divided by a factor of 2.66 to obtain more accurate results. Field measurements made with a BF_3 detector showed that the correction factor of 2.66 could also be conservatively used to correct neutron readings for a location in the 331 Building.

To better define neutron doses from the Hanford Standard Dosimeter, over the past several years Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeters have been placed at selected locations, which had elevated neutron readings on the Hanford Standard Dosimeters. Two locations in 325 Building with known neutron readings were evaluated – 1) Location 5 (East Equipment Room) and 2) Location 12 (Room 101). The ratio of quarterly neutron dose readings from the Hanford Standard Dosimeter to the Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter ranged from 5.7 to 9.2 over a one-year period at Location 5 and from 7.3 to 9.7 at Location 12 over a two and half-year period. One location in 326 Building (Location 9, Room

28B) with known neutron readings was evaluated. The ratio of quarterly neutron dose readings from the Hanford Standard Dosimeter to the Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter ranged from 1.0 to 3.8 over a four-year period at this location. The Hanford Standard Dosimeter more closely reported neutron doses at the 326 Building location. The likely reason for this difference is that the source of neutron exposure in 326 Building is located closer the area dosimeter with less intervening shielding compared to neutron exposures in the 325 Building. Therefore, the 326 Building exposure configuration more closely aligns to the neutron calibration method for the Hanford Standard Dosimeter (i.e., calibration on a phantom to unmoderated neutrons from bare ^{252}Cf).

During CY 2006, Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeters were located at 1) 325, Loc. 12 (Room 101) and 2) 325, Loc. 1 (Room 301).

Seven area TLD locations had quarterly readings exceeding the 40 mrem “investigation level” when totaling the deep dose and neutron dose reading. A discussion of these locations is presented below:

- TLD ID#A3253 (318, Loc. 1) was located outside Room 106. This location was initiated during the third quarter of CY 2005. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 0 to 2 mrem similar to those in CY 2005. The annual neutron dose was approximately 157 mrem with approximately 75% of the dose occurring during the first and fourth quarters. The elevated neutron doses during these quarters were attributed to movement of shielded ^{252}Cf source past the area TLD location three times. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is estimated to be 59 mrem. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 4 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID#A3256 (318, Loc. 8) was located in the basement of 318 Building outside Room 2. This location was initiated during the third quarter of CY 2005. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 2 to 5 mrem similar to those in CY 2005. The annual neutron dose was approximately 95 mrem. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is estimated to be 36 mrem. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 3 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID#A3063 (325, Loc. 3) was located on the second floor of 325 Building outside of Room 944. This location was initiated during 1993. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 4 to 14 mrem (33 mrem total for the year) which is similar to the quarterly results for previous years. Quarterly neutron doses ranged from 22 to 30 mrem (101 mrem total) for CY 2006, which is also similar to the quarterly readings for previous years. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is estimated to be 35 mrem. Doses are likely due to radioactive materials found in laboratories directly below Room 944. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 4 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID# A3197 (325, Loc. 8) was located on the first floor of the 325 Building between Room 101 and 102. This location was initiated during the second quarter of CY 1999. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 1 to 12 mrem (19 mrem total for the year) which is approximately four times lower than quarterly results for previous years. Quarterly neutron doses ranged from 21 to

64 mrem (169 mrem total) for CY 2006. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is estimated to be 64 mrem. Doses are likely due to a neutron source storage area found in Room 23A of the basement below this hallway. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 5 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).

- TLD ID#A3241 (325, Loc. 14) was located on the second floor hallway of the 325 Building between Room 955 and Room 956. This location was initiated during the second quarter of CY 2004. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 6 to 24 mrem which similar to those for past years. Quarterly neutron doses ranged from 20 to 24 mrem (89 mrem total) for CY 2006 similar to those for past years. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is 33 mrem. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 5 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID#A3241 (325, Loc. 20) was located on the second floor hallway of the 325 Building outside Room 930. This location was initiated during CY 2005. Quarterly deep dose results for CY 2006 ranged from 18 to 23 mrem similar to those in CY 2005. Quarterly neutron doses ranged from 78 to 97 mrem (347 mrem total) for CY 2006 similar to those in CY 2005. Using the 2.66 correction factor, the annual neutron dose for CY 2006 is 130 mrem. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 12 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).
- TLD ID# A3218 (326, Loc. 9) was located on the second floor of the 326 Building in Room 28B under the window on the south wall. TLD A3218 (Hanford Standard Dosimeter) was initiated during the fourth quarter of CY 1999. The deep dose readings were insignificant (<10 mrem/quarter) which is similar to past years. Quarterly neutron dose results ranged from 66 to 81 mrem similar to past years. No correction factor was applied to the neutron dose readings as past results from a combination neutron dosimeter located in this room showed that a correction factor of approximately 1 between a combination neutron dosimeter and a Hanford standard dosimeter located in this room was appropriate. The source of the neutron activity was neutron source storage in room 9A. When these sources are removed from their storage locations during projects, personnel are evacuated from the areas immediately above Room 9A. Accounting for occupancy, an individual could have received approximately 18 mrem during CY 2006 (see Table 3.2).

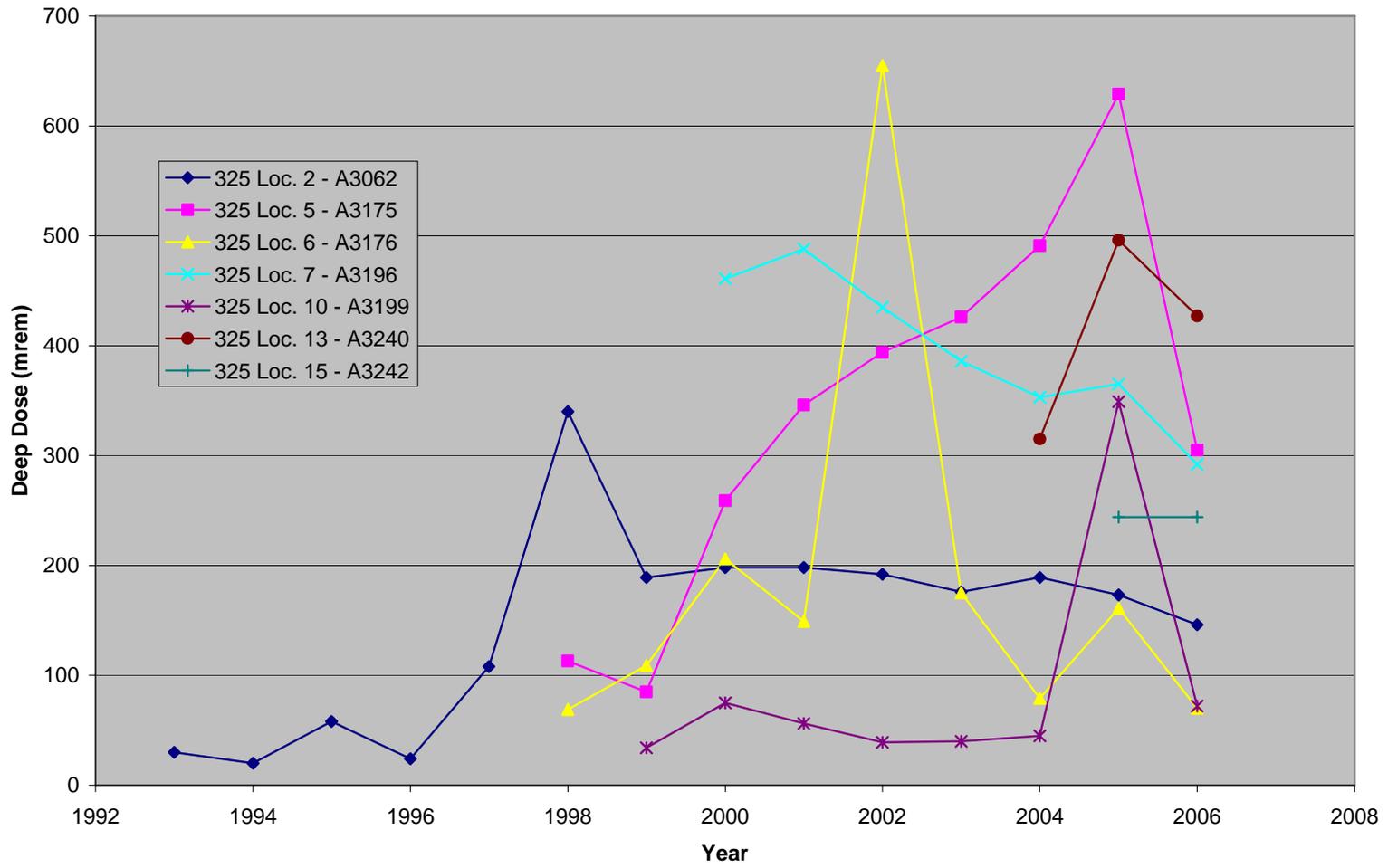
Table 3.2 Estimated Annual Dose to an Individual at Selected Locations, CY 2006

Location	Dosimeter Number	Annual Area TLD Reading (mrem)	Estimated Dose to Individual Assuming Full-Time Occupancy (mrem) ^a	Occupancy Factor	Estimated Annual Dose to Individual After Occupancy Corrections (mrem)
Area TLD Locations with Deep Dose Readings Greater Than Investigation Levels					
325, Loc. 2 (Rm 5)	A3062	149 ^b	34	1	34
325, Loc. 5 (east equip rm)	A3175	305 ^c	70	¼	18
325, Loc. 6 (Rm 916)	A3176	73 ^d	17	¼	4
325, Loc. 7 (Rm 115/116)	A3196	315 ^e	73	¼	18
325, Loc. 10 (Rm 17)	A3199	78 ^f	18	1	18
325, Loc. 13 (Rm 600)	A3240	463 ^g	107	¼	27
355, Loc. 15 (Rm 912)	A3242	244 ^h	56	¼	14
Area TLD Locations with Combination Deep Dose and Neutron Dose Greater Than Investigation Levels					
318, Loc. 1 (Rm 106)	A3253	64 ⁱ	15	¼	4
318, Loc. 8 (Rm 2)	A3256	51 ^j	12	¼	3
325, Loc. 3 (Rm 944)	A3063	71 ^k	16	¼	4
325, Loc. 8 (hallway outside of Rm 101/102)	A3197	83 ^l	19	¼	5
325, Loc. 14 (Rm 955 and 956)	A3241	81 ^m	19	¼	5
325, Loc. 20 (Rm 930)	A3247	209 ⁿ	48	¼	12
326, Loc. 9 (Rm 28B)	A3218	313 ^o	72	¼	18

- a. Full-time occupancy assumes 2000 hours/y; therefore, need to multiply value in previous column by 0.23.
- b. Dose was the sum of the deep dose reading (146 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 (9 mrem/2.66 = 3 mrem).
- c. This dose represents the annual deep dose of 305 mrem. No neutron dose was recorded at this location.
- d. Dose was the sum of the deep dose readings (70 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 (8/2.66 = 3 mrem).
- e. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (292 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 (62 mrem/2.66 = 23 mrem).

- f. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (72 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($17 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 6 \text{ mrem}$).
- g. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (427 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($96 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 36 \text{ mrem}$).
- h. Dose was the deep dose reading of 244 mrem. No neutron dose was recorded at this location.
- i. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (5 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($157 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 59 \text{ mrem}$).
- j. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (15 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($95 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 36 \text{ mrem}$).
- k. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (33 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($101 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 38 \text{ mrem}$).
- l. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (19 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($169 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 64 \text{ mrem}$).
- m. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (48 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($89 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 33 \text{ mrem}$).
- n. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (79 mrem) and the neutron dose divided by 2.66 ($347 \text{ mrem}/2.66 = 130 \text{ mrem}$).
- o. This dose represents the sum of the annual deep dose (10 mrem) and annual neutron dose (303 mrem). No correction factor was applied to the neutron dose readings as past results from a combination neutron dosimeter located in this room showed that a conservative correction factor of approximately 1 between a combination neutron dosimeter and a Hanford standard dosimeter located in this room.

Figure 3.1 CY 2006 Deep Dose Trend Data



4.0 Conclusions

The area monitoring TLD program for CY 2006 was a useful tool in determining exposure trends in work areas located outside radiological areas. All routine area monitoring TLD results were less than 50 mrem annually after correcting for worker occupancy. The results support the conclusion that personnel dosimeters are not required for staff in these monitored areas.

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Appendix A

Area TLD - Processing, Calibration, and Dose Assessment

A.1 Processing

Harshaw 8800 series automated reader systems were used to process the area thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) (i.e., Hanford Standard Dosimeter and Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter). Automated processing steps included the following:

- **Pre-issue reader annealings:** each dosimeter card is processed through the automated reader systems to remove any remaining residual signal from past occupational exposure or environmental background radiation. Each dosimeter card is annealed at 80°C for 16 h before being issued.
- **Reader processing:** the reader heats all chips simultaneously at a rate of 25°C/s until a maximum temperature of 300°C is obtained.
- **Glow-curve recording:** the glow curve of all dosimeters is recorded and stored for a period of approximately 2 years.

A.2 Calibration

Area TLDs were calibrated using sources traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The primary calibration was the deep dose from an on-phantom ¹³⁷Cs exposure.

A.3 Dose Assessment

The contribution to the area TLD from naturally occurring environmental radiation was determined using the following equation:

$$E_i = G_i (FD - BD)$$

where E_i = estimated environmental background for chip i (⁶⁰Co mR-equivalent)
 G_i = background growth rate (mR/d)
FD = field cycle days (days between previous and current processing date)
BD = blank days (mean days between previous and current processing for blank cards).

The adjusted chip readings are calculated using the following equation:

$$D_i = \frac{X_i B_i E_i}{(RRF_i * F_i)}$$

where D_i = adjusted chip reading for chip i (^{137}C rem-equivalent)
 X_i = calibrated chip reading for chip i (^{60}Co mR-equivalent)
 B_i = mean calibrated chip i reading from blank cards (^{60}Co mR-equivalent)
 E_i = estimated environmental background for chip i (^{60}Co mR-equivalent)
 RRF_i = ^{137}Cs relative response factor (RRF) for chip i (mR/rem)
 F_i = fade factor for chip i.

Area TLD readings were provided for shallow dose, deep dose, neutron dose, and eye dose. Only deep dose and neutron results are included for discussion in this report.

A.4 Dose Algorithm

Dose algorithms for the Hanford Standard Dosimeter and Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter are found in Section 8 of PNL-MA-568.

A.5 Quality Control Program

Quality assurance and quality control programs are conducted in accordance with Section 5 of PNL-MA-859, *Hanford External Dosimetry Project Quality Manual*.

Appendix B

Locations of Area Monitoring TLDs

BLDG	TLD ID #	Location ID #	Description of Location
		Routine TLDs	
305-B	A3001	LOC. 1	South wall of Room 2 near vending machine
318	A3253	LOC. 1	Outside Room 106
318	A3040	LOC. 2	Main corridor of second floor across from Room 202
318	A3254	LOC. 3	Inside Room 123
318	A3192	LOC. 4	First floor - main corridor outside Room 121
318	A3193	LOC. 5	Bulletin board across from Room 1128 (facing north)
318	A3194	LOC. 6	Room 169 (copy room) - north wall
318	A3255	LOC. 7	Inside Room 125
318	A3256	LOC. 8	Basement, outside Room 2
318	A3022	TRL. 4	Bulletin board on the north wall (main entrance)
320	A3042	LOC. 1	Lobby
320	A3043	LOC. 2	Basement on bulletin board outside of Room 5 on east wall
323	A3195	LOC. 1	Lunchroom on south wall facing hot cell area
325	A3061	LOC. 1	Main lobby near north door
325	A3062	LOC. 2	Mezzanine, Room 5, north wall (chest height)
325	A3063	LOC. 3	Second floor - outside of Room 944
325	A3174	LOC. 4	Lunchroom (second floor)
325	A3175	LOC. 5	East equipment room (second floor, lunch area)
325	A3176	LOC. 6	Room 916
325	A3196	LOC. 7	First floor hallway between Rooms 115 and 116
325	A3197	LOC. 8	First floor hallway between Rooms 101 and 102
325	A3198	LOC. 9	Mezzanine, Room 76
325	A3199	LOC. 10	Mezzanine, Room 17
325	A3231	LOC. 12	Room 101 (location in room) (Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter)
325	A3240	LOC. 13	Outside Room 600
325	A3241	LOC. 14	Second floor – in hallway between Room 955 and Room 956
325	A3242	LOC. 15	Outside Room 912
325	A3243	LOC. 16	Outside Room 918
325	A3244	LOC. 17	Outside Room 921
325	A3245	LOC. 18	Hallway between Room 925 and 926

BLDG	TLD ID #	Location ID #	Description of Location
325	A3246	LOC. 19	Outside Room 939
325	A3247	LOC. 20	Outside Room 930
325	A3248	LOC. 21	Outside Room 965
325	A3249	LOC. 22	Outside Room 949
325	A3250	LOC. 23	Outside Room 985 (opposite wall)
325	A3251	LOC. 24	Power operators station (corkboard on south wall)
325	A3252	LOC. 25	Inside Room 301
326	A3064	LOC. 1	First floor - bulletin board in copy area (Room 15)
326	A3065	LOC. 2	First floor - in front of exit door to basement
326	A3066	LOC. 3	First floor - in corridor across from Room 48-B
326	A3067	LOC. 4	Second floor - lunchroom bulletin board
326	A3068	LOC. 5	Second floor - corridor near Room 40-C
326	A3157	LOC. 6	Basement - Room 14A bulletin board
326	A3178	LOC. 7	Room 37B (second floor, east wall)
326	A3200	LOC. 8	Second floor on bulletin board opposite Room 30-C
326	A3218	LOC. 9	Second floor, Room 28B, under window on south wall
326	A3222	LOC. 10	Second floor, Room 28B, under window on south wall (Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter)
326	A3229	LOC. 11	Room 17B/19B
326	A3258	LOC. 12	Mezzanine office on south wall
329	A3071	LOC. 1	Lunchroom
329	A3072	LOC. 2	Room 115 - east wall
329	A3074	LOC. 4	North-south hallway (Room 2)
329	A3075	LOC. 5	North-south hallway (Room 6-C)
329	A3259	LOC. 6	East/west RCA hallway
329	A3173	LOC. 8	Room 129 (above sink)
331	A3044	LOC. 1	First floor - mail room
331	A3045	LOC. 2	Second floor hallway on bulletin board outside of Room 22
331	A3046	LOC. 3	Third floor - Room 45
331	A3201	LOC. 4	First floor on bulletin board (east wall of Room 166B)
331	A3202	LOC. 5	First floor on bulletin board (east wall of Room 113A)
331	A3203	LOC. 6	First floor on bulletin board (northeast wall of Room 164)
331	A3205	LOC. 8	First floor - outside of Room 110
331	A3206	LOC. 9	Second floor in corridor opposite of Room 30
331	A3232	LOC. 10	Room 149
331	A3237	LOC. 11	Room 148 by RGD control panel
331C	A3207	LOC. 1	North wall by entrance door
331D	A3208	LOC. 1	North wall by entrance door
331G	A3257	LOC. 1	Room 51, north wall

BLDG	TLD ID #	Location ID #	Description of Location
331H	A3209	LOC. 1	Bulletin board by airlock area
336-1	A3073	LOC. 1	Bulletin board in Room 5 on east wall at entrance to Room 6
338	A3177	LOC. 1	Conference Room/lunchroom (Room 24) - west wall
350	A3004	LOC. 1	Bulletin board in Room 137
350	A3005	LOC. 2	Bulletin board between Rooms 158 and 175
622-R	A3086	LOC. 1	Room 110 by red phone
622-R	A3087	LOC. 2	Exit sign in front of men's room
747-A	A3088	LOC. 1	Bulletin board on west wall by scale
747-A	A3089	TRL.1, LOC. 1	Bulletin board by south door
2400	A3113	LOC. 1	Secretary's desk located in main entrance
2400	A3114	LOC. 2	Bulletin board in entry way to Room 1414
2400	A3115	LOC. 3	High-bay bulletin board in entry to Lab 1445
2400	A3116	LOC. 4	Second floor on bulletin board outside of Room 2428
3760	A3009	LOC. 1	Lobby
3760	A3010	LOC. 2	Second floor Room 215 (SE cubicle)
APEL	A3217	LOC. 1	Room 102 on north wall by radiation generating device
APEL	A3228	LOC. 2	Room 80
BRSW	A3227	LOC. 1	Room 1 (receiving area above desk on fence)
EMSL	A3093	LOC. 1	Accelerator Room (north wall)
EMSL	A3094	LOC. 2	Accelerator Room (east wall)
EMSL	A3095	LOC. 3	Accelerator Room (south wall enclosure)
EMSL	A3096	LOC. 4	Accelerator Room (south wall)
EMSL	A3097	LOC. 5	Accelerator Room (west wall)
EMSL	A3098	LOC. 6	Accelerator Room (control console)
EMSL	A3211	LOC. 7	Room 1422 on south wall by phone
EMSL	A3212	LOC. 8	Room 1330 on south wall
EMSL	A3213	LOC. 9	Room 1330 on east wall under cabinet
EMSL	A3214	LOC. 10	Room 1330 on southwest wall
EMSL	A3219	LOC. 11	Room 1330, x-ray machine
EMSL	A3220	LOC. 12	Room 1422, x-ray machine
EMSL	A3223	LOC. 13	Room 1330 on north wall
EMSL	A3224	LOC. 14	Room 1330 on northeast wall
EMSL	A3235	LOC. 15	Room 1544 on north wall
EMSL	A3236	LOC. 16	Room 1544 northwest corner of room
ESB	A3092	LOC. 2	Entry way to Room 31
LSL-II	A3167	LOC. 1	Lunchroom
LSL-II	A3168	LOC. 2	Corridor outside of Lab 1404
LSL-II	A3169	LOC. 3	Lab 1508
LSL-II	A3170	LOC. 4	Lab 1419

BLDG	TLD ID #	Location ID #	Description of Location
LSL-II	A3171	LOC. 5	Office 1224
LSL-II	A3172	LOC. 6	Lab 1336
PSL	A3099	LOC. 1	Lab 1611
PSL	A3100	LOC. 2	Bulletin board in Lab 1504
PSL	A3101	LOC. 3	East entrance on secretary's desk
PSL	A3103	LOC. 5	Corridor outside of Lab 315
PSL	A3238	LOC. 8	Rm 429, southwest wall by RGD
PSL	A3234	LOC 9	Rm 415
RTL	A3105	LOC. 1	Lab 428
RTL	A3106	LOC. 2	Lab 328
RTL	A3107	LOC. 3	Lab 218
RTL	A3108	LOC. 4	Outside Room 127 Secretary office
RTL	A3109	LOC. 5	Canteen above fire extinguisher
RTL	A3110	LOC. 6	Bulletin board in Room 21-A
RTL	A3260	LOC. 7	Outside of Room 248
RTL	A3261	LOC. 8	Outside of Room 346
Sigma V	A3186	LOC. 1	Room 1519 - west wall
Sigma V	A3187	LOC. 2	Room 1519 - south wall
Sigma V	A3188	LOC. 3	Room 1519 - north wall
Sigma V	A3189	LOC. 4	Room 1227 - north wall
Sigma V	A3190	LOC. 5	Room 1523 - west wall
Sigma V	A3191	LOC. 6	Room 1519 - ceiling

Appendix C

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
305B LOC. 1	A3001	0	(d)	(d)	(d)	0
318 LOC. 1	A3253	2 (76) ^e	1 (15) ^e	2 (22) ^e	0 (44) ^e	5 (157) ^e
318 LOC. 2	A3040	3	2	3	2	10
318 LOC.3	A3254	1 (10) ^e	0 (11) ^e	1	8	10 (21) ^e
318 LOC. 4	A3192	0	0	0	0	0
318 LOC. 5	A3193	0	1	0 (16) ^e	0	1 (16) ^e
318 LOC. 6	A3194	1	0	1	0	2
318 LOC.7	A3255	5 (11) ^e	2 (15) ^e	4 (8) ^e	2 (10) ^e	13 (44) ^e
318, LOC.8	A3256	5 (39) ^e	2 (18) ^e	4 (16) ^e	4 (22) ^e	15 (95) ^e
318 TRL. 4	A3022	0	0	0	0	0
320 LOC. 1	A3042	3	0	0	0	3
320 LOC. 2	A3043	5	3	4	3	15
323 LOC. 1	A3195	3	2	2	6	13
325 LOC. 1	A3061	0	0	0	0	0
325 LOC. 2	A3062	43	32 (9) ^e	35	36	146 (9) ^e
325 LOC. 3	A3063	14 (30) ^e	8 (22) ^e	7 (25) ^e	4 (24) ^e	33 (101) ^e
325 LOC. 4	A3174	0	0	0	0	0
325 LOC. 5	A3175	119	60	81	45	305
325 LOC. 6	A3176	45	15 (8) ^e	7	3	70 (8) ^e
325 LOC. 7	A3196	86 (19) ^e	55 (25) ^e	80	71 (18) ^e	292 (62) ^e
325 LOC. 8	A3197	12 (42) ^e	1 (42) ^e	3 (64) ^e	3 (21) ^e	19 (169) ^e

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a) (continued)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
325 LOC. 9	A3198	16	11	17	9	53
325 LOC. 10	A3199	42 (8) ^e	15 (9) ^e	6	9	72 (17) ^e
325 LOC. 11	A3231 (Combo)	9 (15) ^f	1 (12) ^f	1 (15) ^f	2 (5) ^f	13 (47) ^f
325 LOC. 12	A3240	126 (28) ^e	88 (28) ^e	114 (22) ^e	99 (18) ^e	427 (96) ^e
325 LOC. 13	A3241	24 (22) ^e	9 (20) ^e	9 (24) ^e	6 (23) ^e	48 (89) ^e
325 LOC. 14	A3242	104	71	33	36	244
325 LOC. 15	A3243	19	8 (11) ^e	1	2	30 (11) ^e
325 LOC. 16	A3244	4	2	0	0	6
325 LOC. 17	A3245	8 (13) ^e	9	4 (8) ^e	6	27 (21) ^e
325 LOC. 18	A3246	0 (8) ^e	0	0	0	0 (8) ^e
325 LOC. 19	A3247	23 (97) ^e	18 (83) ^e	20 (88) ^e	18 (79) ^e	79 (347) ^e
325 LOC. 20	A3248	0	0	0	0	0
325 LOC. 21	A3249	2 (10) ^e	0	0	1	3 (10) ^e
325 LOC. 22	A3250	6 (10) ^e	3 (8) ^e	4	15	28 (18) ^e
325 LOC. 23	A3251	0	0	1	0	1
325 LOC. 24	A3252 (Combo)	15 (15) ^f	5 (12) ^f	7 (14) ^f	10 (4) ^f	37 (45) ^f
326 LOC. 1	A3064	0	0	0	0	0
326 LOC. 2	A3065	3 (31) ^e	0 (25) ^e	0 (34) ^e	0 (28) ^e	3 (118) ^e
326 LOC. 3	A3066	0	0	0	0	0
326 LOC. 4	A3067	0	0	0	0	0
326 LOC. 5	A3068	0	0	0	0	0
326 LOC. 6	A3157	3	1	2	5	11
326 LOC. 7	A3178	1	0	4	4	9

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a) (continued)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)				
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
326 LOC. 8	A3200	1	0	0	0	1
326 LOC. 9	A3218	3 (76) ^e	3 (66) ^e	3 (80) ^e	1 (81) ^e	10 (303) ^e
326 LOC. 11	A3229	3	1	5	5	14
326 LOC. 12	A3258	3	2	2	1	8
329 LOC. 1	A3071	0	0	0	0	0
329 LOC. 2	A3072	0	0	0	0	0
329 LOC. 4	A3074	0	0	0	0	0
329 LOC. 5	A3075	0	0	0	0	0
329 LOC. 6	A3259	6 (19) ^e	2 (18) ^e	4 (30) ^e	4 (26) ^e	16 (93) ^e
329 LOC. 8	A3173	0	0	0	0	0
331 LOC. 1	A3044	0	0	1	0	1
331 LOC. 2	A3045	1	1	1	1	4
331 LOC. 3	A3046	4	1	2 (11) ^e	1	7 (11) ^e
331 LOC. 4	A3201	1	1	1	0	3
331 LOC. 5	A3202	8	6	8	7	29
331 LOC. 6	A3203	0	0	0	0	0
331 LOC. 8	A3205	1	0	1	1	3
331 LOC. 9	A3206	0	0	0	0	0
331, LOC. 10	A3232	7	6	5	3	21
331, LOC. 11	A3237	0	0	0	0	0
331C, LOC. 1	A3207	0	0	0	0	0
331D, LOC. 1	A3208	0	0	0	0	0
331G, LOC. 1	A3257	4	2	2	2	10
331H, LOC. 1	A3209	2	3	3	1	9

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a) (continued)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
336-1, LOC. 1	A3073	2	0	1	2	5
338 LOC. 1	A3177	0	0	0	0	0
350 LOC. 1	A3004	0	0	0	0	0
350 LOC. 2	A3005	0	0	0	0	0
622R, LOC. 1	A3086	(g)	(g)	(g)	19	19
622R, LOC. 2	A3087	(g)	(g)	(g)	14	14
747A, LOC. 1	A3088	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
747A, Trl LOC. 1	A3089	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
2400 LOC. 1	A3113	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
2400 LOC. 2	A3114	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
2400 LOC. 3	A3115	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
2400 LOC. 4	A3116	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
3760 LOC. 1	A3009	0	0	1	0	1
3760 LOC. 2	A3010	0	1	0	0	1
APEL LOC. 1	A3217	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
APEL LOC. 2	A3228	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
BRSW LOC. 1	A3227	2	1	2	1	6
EMSL LOC. 1	A3093	4	3	4	5	16
EMSL LOC. 2	A3094	12	5	7	6	30
EMSL LOC. 3	A3095	5 (13) ^e	5	5	4 (16) ^e	19 (29) ^e
EMSL LOC. 4	A3096	4	4	7	3	18
EMSL LOC. 5	A3097	7	4	5	3	19
EMSL LOC. 6	A3098	2	0	1	0	3
EMSL LOC. 7	A3211	0	0	0	0	0

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a) (continued)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
EMSL LOC. 8	A3212	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 9	A3213	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 10	A3214	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 11	A3219	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 12	A3220	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 13	A3223	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 14	A3224	0	0	0	0	0
EMSL LOC. 15	A3235	9	15	7	1	32
EMSL LOC. 16	A3236	2	2	0	1	5
ESB LOC. 2	A3092	(g)	(g)	(g)	1	1
LSL-II LOC. 1	A3167	(g)	(g)	(g)	15	15
LSL-II LOC. 2	A3168	(g)	(g)	(g)	3	3
LSL-II LOC. 3	A3169	(g)	(g)	(g)	5	5
LSL-II LOC. 4	A3170	(g)	(g)	(g)	5	5
LSL-II LOC. 5	A3171	(g)	(g)	(g)	18	18
LSL-II LOC. 6	A3172	(g)	(g)	(g)	14	14
PSL LOC. 1	A3099	1	1	0	0	2
PSL LOC. 2	A3100	1	2	0	0	3
PSL LOC. 3	A3101	2	2	2	3	9
PSL LOC. 5	A3103	0	0	1	0	1
PSL LOC. 8	A3238	0	0	2	0	2
PSL LOC. 9	A3234	0	0	0	0	0
RTL LOC. 1	A3105	(g)	(g)	(g)	17	17
RTL LOC. 2	A3106	(g)	(g)	(g)	17	17
RTL LOC. 3	A3107	(g)	(g)	(g)	19	19

Area Monitoring TLD Results for CY 2006^(a) (continued)

TLD Location	TLD ID#	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)	Deep Dose (mrem)
		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual
RTL LOC. 4	A3108	(g)	(g)	(g)	1	1
RTL LOC. 5	A3109	(g)	(g)	(g)	7	7
RTL LOC. 6	A3110	(g)	(g)	(g)	4	4
RTL LOC 7	A3260	(c)	(c)	(c)	7	7
RTL LOC 8	A3271	(c)	(c)	(c)	8	8
Sigma V, LOC. 1	A3186	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
Sigma V, LOC. 2	A3187	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
Sigma V, LOC. 3	A3188	(g)	(g)	(g)	1	1
Sigma V, LOC. 4	A3189	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
Sigma V, LOC. 5	A3190	(g)	(g)	(g)	0	0
Sigma V, LOC. 6	A3191	(g)	(g)	(g)	1	1
<p>(a) - Multiply area TLD result by 0.23 to obtain dose estimates corrected for worker occupancy</p> <p>(b) - Area TLD lost</p> <p>(c) - Sample location not initiated yet</p> <p>(d) - Sample location discontinued</p> <p>(e) - Neutron dose from Hanford Standard Dosimeter</p> <p>(f) - Neutron dose from Hanford Combination Neutron Dosimeter</p> <p>(g) - This location was changed to an annual exchange frequency starting the second quarter of CY 2005. During CY 2006, area TLDs on an annual exchange frequency were changed out at the end of the fourth quarter.</p>						

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