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USER'S GUIDE FOR GAPCON-THERMAL-2:
A COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR CALCULATING THE
THERMAL BEHAVIOR OF AN OXIDE FUEL ROD

by

C. E. Beyer, C. R. Hann, D. D. Lanning,
F. E. Panisko and L. J. Parchen

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BATTELLE
PACIFIC NORTHWEST LABORATORIES
RICHLAND, WASHINGTON 99352

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INTRODUCTION

This report is being published as a user's manual for GAPCON-THERMAL-2 and provides a general description of the code and instructions for its use. The code is described in more detail and compared with experimental data in a companion report.⁽¹⁾

The GAPCON-THERMAL-2 code was developed for the Regulatory Staff, NRC, to use as a tool in estimating fuel-cladding gap conductances and fuel stored energy and represents a modification of the GAPCON-THERMAL-1⁽²⁾ code. The goal of the modifications was to reduce the uncertainties associated with calculating power history and burnup effects and yet retain a relatively flexible and fast running code for parametric studies.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

GAPCON-THERMAL-2, a modification of GAPCON-THERMAL-1,⁽²⁾ can be used to calculate the gap conductance, temperatures, pressure and stored energy in oxide fuel rods. The code is capable of calculating fuel temperatures for several coolant, cladding, and fuel material combinations. The code is also capable of following an actual irradiation history in finite time-power steps (i.e., power history). The mechanisms used to model changes in the fuel-to-cladding gap include differential thermal expansion of fuel and cladding, elastic and creep deformation of the cladding, fuel expansion created by early-in-life fuel swelling and cracking as well as late-in-life swelling induced by the build up of fission products, and fuel contraction caused by densification. In addition to the gap changes, the code simulates the effects of a variety of fill gas compositions and changes to the gas composition (and thus gap conductivity) caused by the release of fission gas and volatile impurities. The reaction of the volatile impurities with the clad is also taken into account.

GENERAL CODE DESCRIPTION

GAPCON-THERMAL-2 calculates the gap conductance, temperatures, pressures and stored thermal energy in a nuclear fuel rod. The code calculates these values for a fuel rod during its operation, following its power history. The current version uses 50 fuel radial nodes and between 1 and 20 axial fuel nodes for as many as 15 time-power steps. A simplified flow chart of the calculation sequence in the code is given in Figure 1. A listing is contained in Appendix A, and Appendix B contains a sample problem with input data and output results.

The GAPCON-THERMAL-2 code is a revised version of the GAPCON-THERMAL-1 code. The following areas of the code were modified or added to improve the thermal performance modeling capability:

- power history
- relocation
- densification
- gas generation
- gas release
- recycled $\text{UO}_2\text{-PuO}_2$ fuel
- volatile impurities
- gap conductance
- contact conductance
- axial thermal expansion
- dish volumes
- fuel melting
- SI units
- modular code

The code was modified to follow changes in power with time enabling the user to more realistically follow the history of a fuel rod. The user can use up to 15 time-power steps to model a particular rod power history. The irreversible phenomena of gas release and fuel relocation induced by

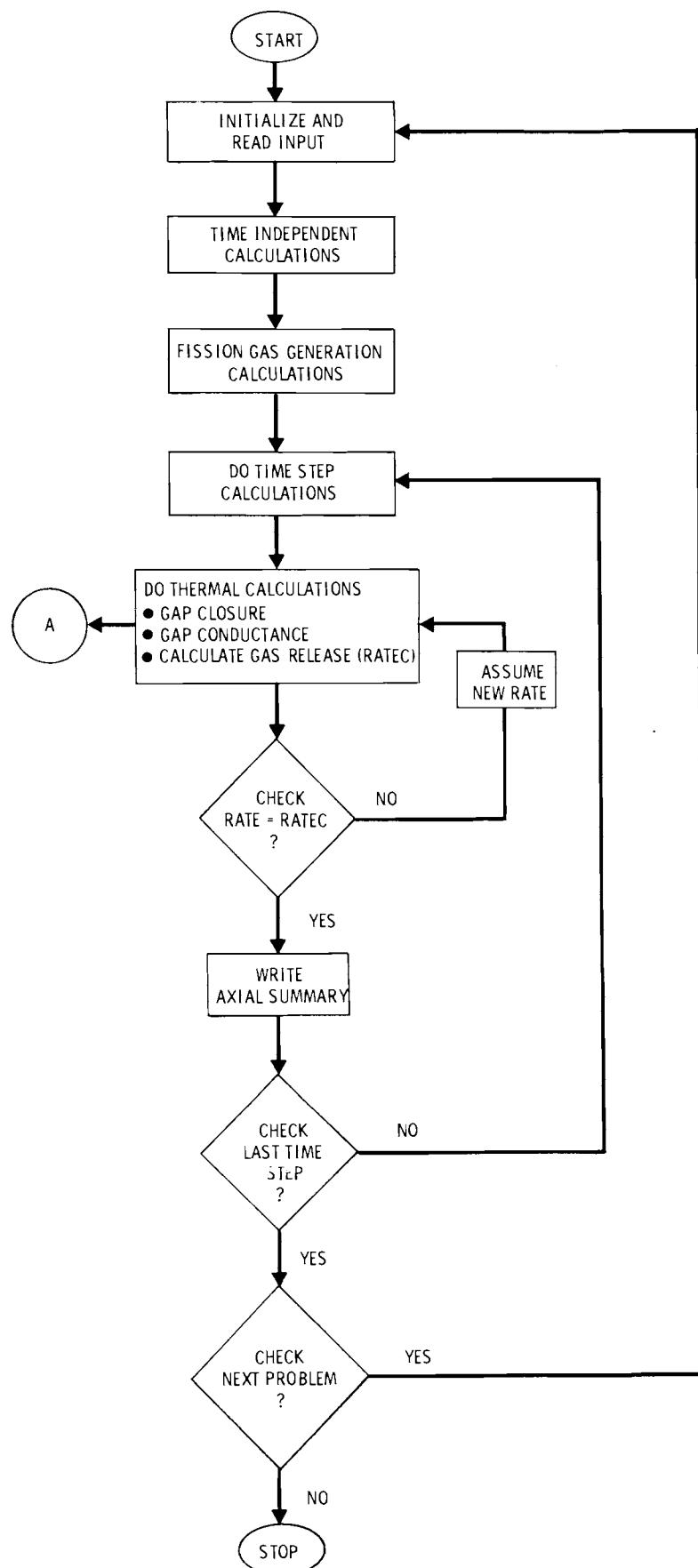


FIGURE 1. GAPCON-THERMAL-2 Flow Sheet

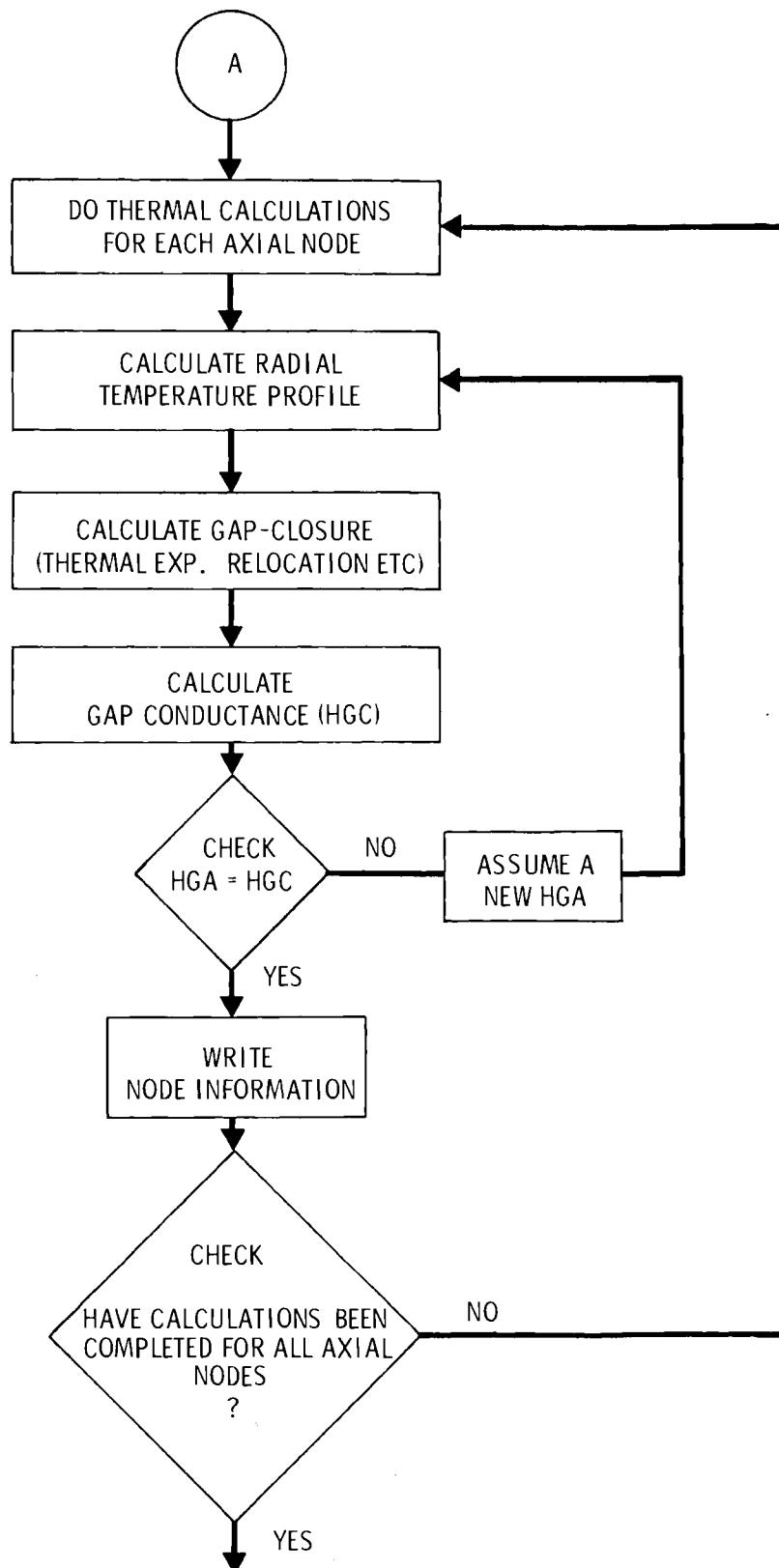


FIGURE 1a. GAPCON-THERMAL-2 Flow Sheet (Detail A)

cracking and fission product swelling required the use of path dependent algorithms. We modified a path dependent algorithm for fission gas release developed by Notley⁽³⁾ and developed an algorithm for fuel relocation.

The fuel relocation model was added to the code to account for the early-in-life reduction gap size caused by athermal cracking and outward movement of the fuel. The model is based on initial cold gaps and gaps determined from postirradiation micrographs. The model includes best estimate and conservative 95% lower prediction bound equations. The Geithoff model⁽⁴⁾ for restrained fission product swelling is retained from GAPCON-THERMAL-1 for later-in-life fuel swelling.

A fuel densification model⁽⁵⁾ was added to the code to calculate the reduction of the fuel radius as a function of irradiation time and the fabricated density.

The model for fission gas generation was altered with a more exact solution of the differential equations allowing the ability to change the power with time. The ^{238}U (resonance absorption) $\rightarrow ^{239}\text{Pu} \rightarrow$ gaseous fission product reactions were also included. The accuracy of this new model was checked against ALCHEMY,⁽⁶⁾ a general purpose transmutation code, with very good agreement for fission gas concentrations.

A new steady-state fission gas release model⁽⁷⁾ was added to the code. This model was correlated against 45 well characterized data points from the open literature. The model includes both a best estimate and a conservative upper 95% prediction equation.

The material properties of recycled mixed-oxide fuel were also added to the code. Additions of PuO_2 up to ~5 wt% are currently being considered for plutonium recycled fuel. A review of small additions indicated that the effects of PuO_2 on the physical properties of UO_2 are very small and in many instances undetectable. Thermal conductivity and melting temperature data do show some differences and their equations are changed accordingly within the code.

The model for the behavior of volatile impurities was also modified. A review⁽⁸⁾ of adsorbed gas data concluded that the release rates of these gases from oxide fuel pellets are very rapid and the reaction of oxygen, hydrogen, and water vapor occurs within a few hours while nitrogen, carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide react within a few days. Consequently, the code provides for release of the adsorbed gases from the fuel immediately and then calculates the amount that has reacted with the cladding at any given time.

The gap conductance models were modified to be more consistent with theory and data.⁽⁹⁾ The Lloyd model⁽¹⁰⁾ was adapted for the calculation of temperature jump distance and the effective gap width (gas conductance after contact) model is based on a linear regression of the Ross and Stoute data.⁽¹¹⁾ The Mikic-Todreas model⁽¹²⁾ for solid-solid conductance was modified to fit the data of Rapier⁽¹³⁾ and Ross and Stoute⁽¹¹⁾ for fuel-cladding contact.

Axial thermal expansion of the fuel was added to provide a more realistic calculation of void volume in the calculation of internal pressures. The axial thermal expansion is computed for each axial segment of the fuel column using the Conway, Fincel, and Hein⁽¹⁴⁾ coefficient of linear expansion.

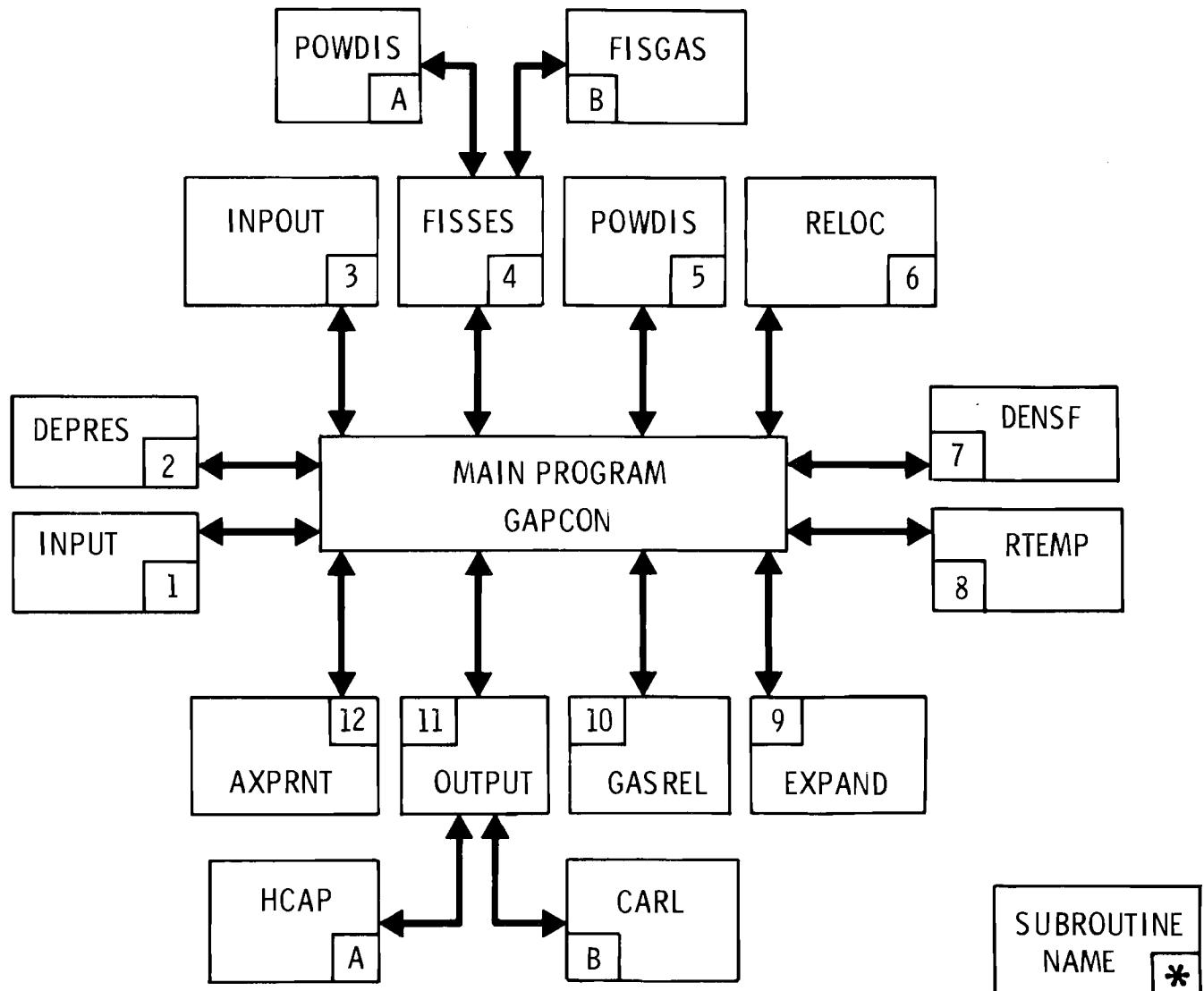
In order to further improve the calculation of void volumes, the ability to include dished pellets was added. Dish geometry is approximated by a void in the form of a short right cylinder with the radius of the cylinder equal to the radius of the dish. Axial thermal expansion, molten fuel and fission product swelling are allowed to fill the dish volume.

The volume expansion (radial and axial) caused by fuel melting is based on a volume change of 9.6% $\frac{\Delta V}{V}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾ for the solid-to-liquid transformation. The fuel is assumed to expand isotropically after all internal fuel voidage (i.e., porosity and dish volumes) has been filled. Also, 100% of the fission gases are released from the molten fuel.

The code's output was changed to include the international system of units (SI) as well as English units to reflect the international trend to a standard system of units.

The code also has been broken into modules in that calculational models are separated into discrete subroutines which should make it easier for the user to replace individual models as the need arises without impacting other portions of the code. The subroutine call sequence is given in Figure 2 and the following list briefly identifies each routine:

INPT - provides the input values
DEPRES - calculates radial flux depression
INPOUT - writes input values
FISSES - controls the time and power steps for the fission gas calculations
POWDIS - calculates power for fission gas, cladding and fuel temperatures
FISGAS - calculates the generated fission gas
RELOC - calculates radial fuel relocation
DENSF - calculates radial fuel densification
RTEMP - calculates radial fuel temperature profile
EXPAND - calculates radial fuel thermal expansion
GASREL - calculates gas release rate
→ OUTPUT - writes pertinent nodal information
HCAP - calculates volumetric-averaged fuel heat capacity
CARL - calculates fuel rod stored energy
→ AXPRNT - writes summary of pertinent nodal information
BLKDAT - contains the data used by the program
HTCW - calculates water coolant film coefficient
MOVEAA - transforms a one dimensional matrix
MOVEKA - fills a one dimensional matrix with a constant
TCOR - Function - calculates LWR fuel thermal conductivity
TEPP - Function - does linear interpolation with two arrays
TERP - Function - does linear interpolation with one array
OMEXP - Function defined as $1 - \text{EXP}(-X)$
CORROS - calculates Zr oxide thickness from coolant reaction



* CALL SEQUENCE

FIGURE 2. GAPCON Thermal Subroutine Flow Chart

INPUT INSTRUCTIONS

The GAPCON-THERMAL-2 code has been developed for use on the CDC 6600 CYBER system and requires approximately 65 K of addressable core storage. Run time will depend on the machine the code is used on, the number of cases input, the number of axial nodes and the number of time-steps per case; but will typically take 1 to 2 min on the CDC 6600.

GAPCON-THERMAL-2 uses a combination of formatted and namelist input. This minimizes errors in input data and simplifies running a number of consecutive cases in which the values of only a few variables change from one case to the next. The following steps are required to input data to GAPCON-THERMAL-2:

- The first card for each case contains the title (in columns 2 through 80) which will be printed at the beginning of the output. If no title is desired a blank card must be inserted.
- The next group of cards contains input data in NAMELIST form. Those variables that may be input in this manner are listed and defined in Tables 1 and 2. The first of these cards must have a dollar sign (\$) in column 2 and the name INPUT in columns 3 through 7. Values for the variables are then entered as simple algebraic statements separated by commas, e.g., FRDEN = 0.92, FRSIN = 0.98, etc. Only columns 2 through 72 may be used. As many cards as required may be used but a variable name and its value must be on the same card (e.g., FRDEN = on one card followed by 0.92 on the next card is not allowed). The axial power profile, power history and accumulative time increments are all input as sets with the variable names PROFIL, PSEUDO and TIME [e.g., TIME (1) = 0, 60, 100, 200, 250, - with NTIME = 5].
- A dollar sign (\$) must appear somewhere in column 2 through 72 after the last NAMELIST variable entered for each case.
- The next group of cards (optional) contains formatted input for fuel thermal conductivity values. The number of cards in this group is equal to NCON (see Table B-1). On each card, columns 1 through 10

contain a temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$), columns 11 through 20 contain the thermal conductivity values (watts/cm $^{\circ}\text{C}$), columns 11 through 20 contain the thermal conductivity values (watts/cm $^{\circ}\text{C}$) for as-fabricated fuel associated with the respective temperatures in columns 1 through 10, and columns 21 through 30 contain the thermal conductivity values (watts/cm $^{\circ}\text{C}$) for restructured fuel. These data can be input in either exponential or decimal format. The cards in this group must be arranged so that temperatures are in either ascending or descending order.

- The next group of cards (optional) contains formatted input for cladding properties. The number of cards in this group is equal to NCLAD (see Table B-1). On each card, columns 1 through 10 contain a temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$) and the following columns contain cladding properties associated with this temperature. Columns 11 through 20 contain the thermal conductivity value (Btu/hr ft $^{\circ}\text{F}$); columns 21 through 30 contain the yield strength value (lb/in. 2); columns 31 through 40 contain the modulus of elasticity value (lb/in. 2); columns 41 through 50 contain the Poisson's ratio; columns 51 through 60 contain the linear coefficient of thermal expansion value (per $^{\circ}\text{F}$); and columns 61 through 70 contain the Meyer hardness number (kg/cm 2) associated with that temperature. These data can be input in either exponential or decimal format. The cards in this group must be arranged so that temperatures are in either ascending or descending order.
- The next group of cards (optional) contains formatted input for flux depression values. The number of cards in this group is equal to NFLX (see Table B-1). On each card, columns 1 through 10 contain a diameter (inches), and columns 11 through 20 contain the relative neutron flux at that diameter. These data can be input in either exponential or decimal format. The cards in this group must be arranged so that the diameters are in either ascending or descending order.

- The final group of cards (optional) contains formatted input for clad creepdown values. The number of cards in this group is equal to ICREP (see Table B-1). On each card columns 1 through 10 contain the time in days, and columns 11 through 20 the diametral change (inches) at this time. At time zero a diametral change due to elastic deflection of the clad, from the pressure differential, should be input. Also if a creepdown table is input, the option for calculating the elastic clad deflection (see ICDF in Table B-1) should not be used.

An example of input to GAPCON is shown in Appendix B, Figure B-1. The NAMELIST variables need not be input in any particular order and, in fact, it is not necessary to input values for all variables. All but six of the input variables in Table 1 are set equal to zero in the code before the user input data is read. The non-zero values are given in Table 1. Consequently, if a variable is omitted from the input data of the first case read-in, it will be zero. Additional cases added behind the first case will use the previous values entered for those variables unless otherwise changed in the input for the case in question.

TABLE 1. Alphabetical Listing of INPUT Parameters
for GAPCON-THERMAL-2

ATMOS	FR35	LVOIDZ	SIGHF
DBO	FR40	MINI	TIME
DCI	FR41	NCLAD	TINLET (1,1)
DCO	HBC	NCON	TM 2790°C
DE	HGACEL	NFLX	TPLAS 1200°C
DFS	ICDF	NFUEL	V
DSINZ	ICREP	NOH	VPLENZ
DTEMP 100°F	IDENSF	NPOW 10	XCO
DVOIDZ	ICOR	NPRFIL 1	XH
EXTP	IGAS	NTIME	XN
FRACAR	IPEAK	PRCDH	ZCLAD
FRACH	IRELOC	*PROFIL (1,1)	CRUDTH
FRACHE	IRELSE		
FRACKR	IRL	PSEUDO	
FRACN	ISTOR		
FRACXE	IT	RADS	
FRDEN	KB	ROUC	
FRPU02	KOOL	ROUF	
FRSIN	LFUEL	S	

* PROFIL(1,1) = 0.23, 0.63, 0.96, 1.21, 1.35, 1.41, 1.35, 1.21, 0.96, 0.63, 0.23

NOTE: All input variables initialized to zero except as shown above.

TABLE 2. Namelist Variables for GAPCON-THERMAL-2

<u>Variable Name</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
\DE	Equivalent diameter of the coolant passage (inches). Ignored if SIGHF is greater than zero.
\EXTP	Coolant pressure (psi).
\HBC	Heat transfer coefficient between basket and cladding (Btu/hr-ft ² °F).
\SIGHF	A signal to specify the type of coolant. If SIGHF < 0, coolant is water, a film coefficient will be calculated. If SIGHF > 0, coolant is unspecified and the film coefficient will be set to SIGHF,
V	Coolant velocity (ft/sec). Ignored if SIGHF is greater than zero.
ICOR	A non-zero signal to specify cladding oxidation rates If ICOR < 3 oxidation rates for a PWR are used. If ICOR > 3 oxidation rates for a BWR are used.
CRUDTH	Thickness of crud on the cladding (inches). Crud thermal conductivity is assumed to be 0.23 Btu/hr-ft ² -°F.
TINLET	Axial coolant temperature array (°F) permits the user to input coolant temperatures at each axial node as an array. NPOW+1 values need to be input with the NPOW+1 value equal to the outlet temperature. If the user does not wish to input the axial coolant temperature array he can input the inlet temperature, TINLET(1), and DTEMP and the code will assume a linear temperature rise across the core.
DTEMP	The axial ΔT across the core, (i.e. T outlet - T inlet), note not used when TINLET array is input.
K00L	If a value (integer) greater than zero is assigned to K00L, the cladding I.D. temperature is the same as the coolant temperature.
NCLAD	An integer signal to specify type of cladding. If NCLAD = 0, cladding is Zircaloy. If NCLAD < 0, cladding is 304SS. If NCLAD > 0, cladding properties are input as described previously with the number of points (temperatures) input equal to NCLAD.
ZCLAD	An integer signal to specify Zr-2 or Zr-4 cladding. Material properties. If ZCLAD > 0, cladding is Zr-4 If ZCLAD < 0, cladding is ZR-2 ⇒ NOTE: NCLAD must have a value of 0 to use ZCLAD.

<u>Variable Name</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
ICDF	An integer signal that allows the user to include changes in the pellet-to-clad hot gap from elastic deflection of the clad due to differential internal and external pressures. If ICDF \neq 0, elastic clad deflection is taken into account. If ICDF=0, the option is not used. If a table of creepdown values (see ICREP) is input, this option should not be used.
ICREP	An integer signal to specify the number of cladding creepdown values to be input.
	If ICREP=0 it is assumed there is no time dependent cladding deformation. If ICREP>0 a table of time versus cladding creepdown values must be used. ICREP must equal the number of time values used in the table. Input format F10.0 and E10.0 (one set of values per card). (Limit of 20 values.)
DBθ	Outside diameter of a secondary cladding or basket (inches). If DBθ is omitted, no secondary cladding is assumed to exist.
KB	Thermal conductivity of the secondary cladding or basket (Btu/hr-ft°F).
DCI	Cladding inside diameter (inches).
DCO	Cladding outside diameter (inches).
DFS	Fuel pellet diameter (inches).
DSINZ	Initial diameter of restructured fuel (normally equals 0.) (inches).
DVOIDZ	Diameter of initial central void in the fuel pellets (inches).
RθUC	Arithmetic mean cladding ID surface roughness (inches).
RθUF	Arithmetic mean fuel surface roughness (inches).
LFUEL	Length of fuel column (inches).
LVOIDZ	Length of initial central void in the fuel pellets (inches).
NPON	Number of axial fuel segments. (limit of 20.)
FRDEN	Fractional density of the fuel pellet.
FRSIN	Fractional density of restructured fuel.
FR35	The weight fraction of the U which is ^{235}U (the remainder is assumed to be ^{238}U).

<u>Variable Name</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
FR40	The weight fraction of the Pu which is 240Pu.
FR41	The weight fraction of the Pu which is 241Pu. The remaining fraction of Pu is assumed to be 239Pu.
FRPU02	The weight fraction of the fuel which is Pu0 ₂ (the remainder is assumed to be UO ₂).
NFUEL	An integer signal to specify the use of recycled UO ₂ -Pu0 ₂ ; fuel thermal conductivity and melting temperature are changed accordingly. If NFUEL = 0 the thermal conductivity equation for UO ₂ is used. If NFUEL < 0 the thermal conductivity equation for recycled UO ₂ -Pu0 ₂ (Pu0 ₂ additions up to 5 wt%) is used. If NFUEL > 0, a table of thermal conductivity values must be input.
T _M	Melting temperature of the fuel (°C). If no value is input the code uses 2790°C.
TPLAS	The temperature at which the fuel becomes plastic. If no value is input the code uses 1200°C.
RADS	Radius of fuel pellet dish, inches.
PRCDH	Percent of fuel column volume that is dish volume (i.e., 100 x total dish volume/total fuel column volume).

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
NFLX	An integer signal to specify flux depression values used. If $NFLX = 0$, flux depression values will be estimated in Subroutine DEPRESS. $NFLX$ should not be set to less than zero for fuel pins containing Pu0 ₂ or for pins in which 235U enrichment is greater than 4%.
	If $NFLX < 0$, it is assumed there is no flux depression.
	If $NFLX > 0$, a table of relative flux versus diameter is input as described previously with the number of points (diameters) equal to $NFLX$.
IRL	An integer to specify the output of flux depression values (from subroutine DEPRESS). If $IRL = 0$, eleven flux depression values and their respective pellet diameters will be printed out, with the first value given at the pellet centerline and the last at the pellet surface. If $IRL > 0$ the subroutine DEPRESS will divide the fuel pellet into IRL equal nodes and print out the flux depression values and their appro- priate diameters at the midplane of each node.
IST0R	An integer to specify the calculation of stored energy in the fuel. If $IST0R$ = 0 no calculation is performed. If $IST0R \neq 0$ the calculation is performed.
IRELOC	A signal that allows the user to use the fuel relocation model developed for this code. If $IRELOC = 0$ change in fuel diameter due to relocation is 0, (i.e., relocation is not taken into account). If $IRELOC > 0$ the change in fuel radius due to relocation is taken into account by a best estimate value. If $IRELOC < 0$ the change in fuel radius due to relocation is taken into account by a conservative estimate i.e. gives less gap closure.
IDENSF	A signal that allows the user to include the effects of radial fuel shrinkage on the fuel-to-clad gap size due to isotropic densification. The code assumes the final density of the densified fuel to be 96.5% of theoretical. If $IDENSF$ = 0 densification is not taken into account. If $IDENSF \neq 0$ the change in fuel diameter due to densification is included. Fuel with a density greater than 96.5% will not swell to 96.5% T.D.
IT	A signal that allows the user to input the duration of the irradiation as burnup, MWd/MTM. These burnup values are read through the name list variable array TIME when $IT \neq 0$. For input in days set $IT = 0$ and use array TIME for input

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
IGAS	An integer signal to designate whether conservative or best estimate calculations are desired for gas release. Set IGAS = 0 for best estimate ↳ 0 for conservative estimate (i.e., estimate is the 95% confidence boundary and yields more gas release)
IRELSE	An integer signal to designate whether the fission gas is to be released, during the time step (normal power operation) or after the time step (which would correspond to a reactor shut down or change in power). If IRELSE = 0 the gas is released during the time step. If IRELSE ≠ 0 the gas is released after the time step.
ATMOS	Initial fill gas pressure (atmospheres).
FRACHE	Fraction of initial fill gas which is helium.
FRACAR	Fraction of initial fill gas which is argon.
FRACH	Fraction of initial fill gas which is hydrogen.
FRACN	Fraction of initial fill gas which is nitrogen.
FRACKR	Fraction of initial fill gas which is krypton.
FRACXE	Fraction of initial fill gas which is xenon.
S	Fuel sorbed gas content (cc/g of fuel).
XCO	Fraction of sorbed gas that is carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
XH	Fraction of sorbed gas that is hydrogen and moisture.
XN	Fraction of sorbed gas that is nitrogen. Note: XCO + XH + XN should = 1.0 when S>0.
NOH	An integer signal to specify disposition of the hydrogen present in the sorbed gas. If NOH = 0, the hydrogen is assumed to react with the cladding. If NOH ≠ 0, the hydrogen is assumed to remain in the fuel pin as a gas.

<u>Variable Name</u>	<u>Definition and Comments</u>
VPLENZ	Volume of gas plenum included in the fuel pin (cubic inches).
TIME	A set of accumulative time increments (days) that allows the user to follow a power history. NTIME values need to be input.
LIMIT	(15) values
TIME (1)	must = 0. Time (x) must be larger than previous time, time (x-1).
NTIME	Number of time increments.
LIMIT	(15)
PSEUDO	Power for each time step (kW/ft) allows the user to follow a power history. NTIME values need to be input. PSEUDO (1) and PSEUDO (2) may not = 0. (See IPEAK)
IPEAK	An integer to specify whether an average or peak power is to be input via PSEUDO. If IPEAK ≠ 0 an average power needs to be input, if IPEAK = 0 peak power needs to be input via PSEUDO.
PROFIL	A table that is used to input a normalized axial power profile for the pin. NPOW + 1 values for each profile needs to be input with the first and last values corresponding to the bottom and top of the fuel respectively. If more than one axial profile is to be used, then NPRFIL × (NPOW + 1) values have to be input in this table. If a power profile is not input a standard one in the code will be used.
NPRFIL	An integer signal to specify the number of axial power profiles, PROFIL, to be used for all time steps. If NPRFIL > 1, then NPRFIL = NTIME (i.e. an axial profile for each time step).
MINI	An integer signal to specify the output wanted. If MINI>0 a complete summary is given for each axial segment. If MINI=0 a complete summary is listed for the hottest segment of the pin and a short summary given for all the axial segments. MINI<0 only a short summary is given for the axial segments.

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APPENDIX A

LISTING OF GAPCON-THERMAL-2

PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL.
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1      C PROGRAM GAPCON (INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPESINPUT,TAPESOUTPUT)
2      C GAPCON IS THE MAIN PROGRAM BASED ON GAPCON TO PERFORM FUEL PIN
3      C POWER HISTORY THERMAL PERFORMANCE CALCULATIONS
4      C
5      COMMON /AC/ VOLCG,N12,N72,N62,N102,N92
6      REAL N12,N72,N62,N102
7      COMMON/AAZ/ THAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE(20),HGX(20)
8      * TAVERXX(20),RD01(15,20),RGAPX(20),ROP(20),HPLUX(20)
9      * XMOLUS(21),FMMOL(7,21),PRESTO,'SUMOLS(7)
10     COMMON /AF/ TITLE(20),FRU02,BR(2,50),PHICA(7,7),CSUBP(7),
11     +CON(7),DUM(50),ODUM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),DEGA(7),PCFR(50),
12     +Q(50),QIN(50),TS(50),TT(50),VISCOSE(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
13     +NP,NFUBL,NNN
14     COMMON/AD/ JCASE,IPOW,PEAK,P,BURNUP,QVRAB,KOUNT,GIPG2,
15     +QDVRAS,TCDOL,TCDOLC,TB0,TBDC,TBI,TBIC,MF,TCC,TCD,TCC,N,
16     +TC1,TC1C,TB8,TFS,TMF,DEL,TMEL,TAVGF,TAVGF,DELRT,
17     +DELRT,DELRC,DELP,PFALF,HSOLID,PSOLID,MGAS,PAS,HRD,PRAD,
18     +RSIN,RVOID,RF5,TSN,TSINC,PGCIN,DSIN,POSN,DVOID,POVID,VAGT,
19     +XMOTOT,GASKIN,G,VAGTCRD,QVRAG,LH,FNPW,RSIN,RRVOID,QQ,QU,
20     +QTOT,RSINZ,RVOID,T,VOID,AMLT,GK,ISTOP,DELGD,DELPI,DELRC,
21     +DELRT,DELRT,CORR
22     COMMON/PH/ PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PIT(15,21),
23     +SAVNKR(15,20),SAVNKR(15,20),SUMMXE(15,20),CS(15,20),
24     +NNKR,NAME,TOLAV,AVOLGAS,W,NPFILE,DUBLST(20),DNIS(20),
25     +SDVN1(20),SDVN2(20),DVX(20),DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DELYB(20)
26     REAL NNKR,NNXE
27     COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DB0,FRDN,FRSIN,DSINZ,FRPUN2,FR35,FR40,
28     +DFS,DIVIDZ,DC1,DC2,VPLENZ,ATUNS,LFLFL,S,DE,ROUF,ROUC,EXP,
29     +INCLAD,INFILX,KOOL,FRACH,FRACR,FRICH,FRICN,FRICKR,TINLET(15),
30     +FRACK,FRTC(5),RC(5),XCO,XN,NOH,NGACEL,ZCLAD,MINI,LVOIDZ,
31     +ICDF,IM,HBF,HG,IM,DTEMP,IPSTR,IPCR,ICOR,
32     +SDOT,SDOTT,EF,MUF,EPSTF,EPSTF,ISTPLM,WORD1,IGS,NT,SIGHF,VKB,
33     +ZR(7,6,24)(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,10),GHAT(7),SIGLJ(7),EKLJ(7)
34     +,PI,CCPIN3,ECDDA,AVONG,FR,CONEN,FE(3,10),RV12,20),IT,ZR02A(20)
35     +,LF,A1(21),PTOT,UPMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA(7,2),FRACTN(7),MOL(7),
36     +MOLEFR(7),RHO,QVRAC,MOLTOT,M,IRELOC,IR,RVE(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
37     REAL LF,MUF,MB,MOI,MOLTO,MOLEFR,LVNDL,LFUEL,KM
38     COMMON /AG/ PRCDH,RADS,TPLAS
39     COMMON/ZZ/ TAX(25),TFX(25),CX(25),AX(25),
40     +TY(4,19),Y(4,19),F(19),CAP1,CAP7,CAP9,CAP10,DC2,DC5,
41     +DC851,DC85,DC21,DC22,DC23,DC26,DC31,DC33,DC34,DC35,DC25
42
43     C
44     REAL LFTS,LFT
45     REAL LM,MTNFT,WTM,MREAC0,MREACN
46     DIMENSION DHVOL(20),LFT(20),LTHWIF(20)
47     DIMENSION E(7),TMA(7),TMFA(7),PMI(21)
48     DIMENSION MREAC(20),MREACN(20),TMHLS(7)
49     DIMENSION DELGM(15)
50     DIMENSION DIBMW(20)
51
52     C INITIALIZE
53     C ICASE#0
54     1000
55     10SC#0
56     NCASE#0
57
58     10 CONTINUE

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DELP1=0.0          GAPCON      30
DELH0=0.0          GAPCON      31
DELTA0=0.0         GAPCON      32
RAT0D=0.0          GAPCON      33
W5=0.0             GAPCON      34
W3M0=0.0           GAPCON      35
KOUNT=0            GAPCON      36
HGOLD0=0.0         GAPCON      37
VHM0=0.0           GAPCON      38
HF0=0.0            GAPCON      39
TB0M=0.0           GAPCON      40
TB1=0.0            GAPCON      41
RATEC0=0.0          GAPCON      42
TOTREL0=0.0         GAPCON      43
NCASENCASE=1        GAPCON      44
IF (XH+XN+XC0=1.) 20,30,20
20 IF (.EQ.0) GO TO 30
30 WRITE (6,1270) XH,XN,XC0
STOP
30 CONTINUE
HGB1000.
TDAY$0.
CALL INPT
80          C BEGIN TIME INDEPENDENT CALCULATIONS
          FPOWFL0AT(NPOW)
          NPOW1=NPOW+1
PEAK$PSEUDO(1)
DO 40 NR2,NTIME
PEAKMAX1(PEAK,PSEUDO(N))
40 CONTINUE
LFLFUEL/FNP0W
NCRBICREP
NFBNFLX
FR3B$=FR35
RSINZD$INZ$2.
VOID$VOIDZ/2.
FRU021=FP0U02
DEN$1=FRP02*11.46+FRU02*10.97
FR39$=FR0*FRU1
IF (FRPU02.LE.1.E+10) FR39$=0.
GAPDC1$FS
RF$DFS/2.
RC1$DC1/2.
RC0$DC0/2.
TPLAS$TPLAS*1.8*32.
IF (TINLET(2).NE.0) DTEMP#0,0
TLEN$=(TINLET(1)+DTEMP*22.,/1.8+273.
VVOID$PI*VOID$PI*2*LVOIDZ/FNP0W
VOLG$SP$PI/4.*((DC1*$2*DFS*$2)*LF*VVOIDZ
RHODENSIT*FRDEN
100          C DETERMINE FLUX DEPRESSION
          IF (NFLX) 50,60,70
50  RV(1,1)=0.
     RV(1,2)=1.
     RV(2,1)=1.

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FTN 4.4+REL.

PROGRAM	GAPCON	74/74	OPT#1	FTN 4.4+REL.	31/10/75	12.28.09.	PAGE
115				RV(2,2)=1. NF=2 GO TO 70 60 CALL DEPRES NF=11 IF (IRL,GT,0) NF=MRL+1 70 CONTINUE RHOSDENIT*FRSIN VOLUME*PI/V.*CFS**2*DVIDDZ**2 VOLCC*VOLUME*CPIN3 MERO*VOLCC GRUCC*FRPU02*FRHU GRUCC*FRHU*GRUCC UAHT*235.*FR55*238.*FR38 FRUUAHT*/(UAHT*35.) PUATHT*239.*FR39*240.*FR40*241.*FR41 FRPUPUIMPATWT*/PUATHT*32.0) N12*FR38*FRU*AVOGAD/238.*VOLCC*GRUCC N7*FR39*FRPUPU*AVOGAD/239.*VOLCC*GRUCC N8*FR40*FRPUPU*AVOGAD/240.*VOLCC*GRUCC N9*FR41*FRPUPU*AVOGAD/241.*VOLCC*GRUCC N10*FR35*FRU*AVOGAD/235.*VOLCC*GRUCC MTONTERMO*VOLCC*12./1.E6 MTMANTON* (FRUO*FRU02+FRPUPU*FRPU02) IF (IT,EQ,0) GO TO 100 BURN=0.0 TIME(1)=0. DO 90 IZ,NTIME BURN=BURN IF (PSEUD(1),EQ,0.0) GO TO 80 BURN=TIME(1) TIME(I)=TIME(I-1)+(TIME(I)-BURN)*1000.*MTW/PSEUDO(1) GO TO 90 80 BURN=BURN TIME(I)=TIME(I-1) 90 CONTINUE 100 CONTINUE C DETERMINE FUEL THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY 110 IF (NFUEL) 110,130,150 110 FRPFRPU02 IF (FRPFRPU02,GT,.05) FRP=.05 DD 120 J\$1,10 TEHP=260.*277.*78*(J=1) CF(1,J)TEMP=1.6+32. CF(2,J)=57.8*TCDR(FRDEN,TEMP)/(1.+FRP) CF(3,J)=(57.8*TCDR(FRSIN,TEMP))/(1.+FRP) 120 CONTINUE NNN\$10 GO TO 160 130 DO 140 J=1,10 TEHP=260.*277.*7778*(J=1) CF(1,J)TEMP=.8+32. CF(2,J)=57.8*TCDR(FRDEN,TEMP) CF(3,J)=57.8*TCDR(FRSIN,TEMP) 140 CONTINUE NNN\$10			

35/5

PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09.
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      GO TO 160
  150 NN=NPFUEL
  C   WRITE OUT THE INPUT
  160 CALL INPUT (INPRIL,NTIME)
  IF (INCLAD) 190,170,210
  170 DO 180 I=1,7
  DO 180 J=1,6
  AA(I,J)=ZRI(I,J)
  AA(I,J)=ZRT(I,J)
  IF (ZCLAD.GT.0) AA(I,J)=ZRU(I,J)
  180 CONTINUE
  NN=6
  GO TO 220
  190 DO 200 I=1,7
  DO 200 J=1,12
  AA(I,J)=ST(I,J)
  200 CONTINUE
  JCASE=0
  190
  210 NN=NCLAD
  220 CONTINUE
  JCASE=0
  195 C   DETERMINE KR AND XE PRODUCED PER INCH IN EACH NODE AT THE END
  C   OF EVERY TIME STEP
  CALL FISSES
  DAYS=0.
  DO 230 IM1,NPQW
  DISHV(1)=0.0
  SDVN1(1)=0.0
  SDVN2(1)=0.0
  PITC(1)=0.0
  230 CONTINUE
  VODSP=RAD$**2
  TDHVOL=PRCDH/100.*((DF$**2=DV1DZ**2)*PI*LFUEL/4.
  DV1DZ=DHVOL/4.NFW
  PRESTOATMOL=14.099*2
  STP=273./298.
  FILMOL(VOLDAF=PNOW+VPLNZ+TDHVOL)*STP*CCPIN3*ATHOS/RR
  Z1=PI*DC1*FUEL*2.54**2
  Z2=WA8*FUEL/RR
  ANH=XA22
  ANH=XA22
  ANC=XC0*Z2
  REACTA.=/((TINLET(1)+DTEMP/2)/1.8+273.)
  Z1=STEP(React,RTC,RTC,5)
  Z4=Z1/NPDW
  DO 240 IPDN=1,NPDW
  DELGDM1(IPDN)=0.
  240 L8THIF(IPDN)=1
  C   START TIME STEP CALC FOR ALL AXIAL NODES. (POWER HISTORY)
  DO 1240 NT=1,NTIME
  NX=NNT
  RATE=0.
  IF (LINESE(NE=0) NX=NNT=1
  IF (NX.EQ.0) NX=1
  1240
  215
  ANC=XC0*Z2
  REACTA.=/((TINLET(1)+DTEMP/2)/1.8+273.)
  Z1=STEP(React,RTC,RTC,5)
  Z4=Z1/NPDW
  DO 240 IPDN=1,NPDW
  DELGDM1(IPDN)=0.
  240 L8THIF(IPDN)=1
  C   START TIME STEP CALC FOR ALL AXIAL NODES. (POWER HISTORY)
  DO 1240 NT=1,NTIME
  NX=NNT
  RATE=0.
  IF (LINESE(NE=0) NX=NNT=1
  IF (NX.EQ.0) NX=1
  1240
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PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1
 FTN 4.4+REL.
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MOL(5)=ANCO
NTMAX0(NT=1,1)
IF (NPRTI.EQ.1) NT=1
DO 250 NPO1=NPO1,NPO1,NPO1,NPO1,NPO1,NPO1
250 POWER(NP1)BPROFL(NP,NPO1)
IF (IPEAK) 260,F270,260
260 CONTINUE
PAVG=PAVG0(NT)
GO TO 280
270 PKDRAFBSDU(NT)
280 CALL PWDIB (PAPOWR,PAVRG)
IF (NT.NE.1) TODAY$=TODAY$+(TIME(NT)-TIME(NT-1))
TODAY$=SCDAY
JCAE=JCAC8E+1
ANKR0,
ANX80,
DO 290 IPOM=1,NPOW
ANKRANKRSAVNKR(NX,IPOM)
ANXEVANXE$=ANXEVANXE(NX,IPOM)
290 CONTINUE
C
C SETUP PLENUM MOLE CONTENT.
XMOIS(NPO1)=PLENZ*CCPIN$*ATHMUS/RR
FRACTN(1)=FRACHE
FRACTN(2)=FRACAR
FRACTN(3)=FRACH
FRACTN(4)=FRACH
FRACTN(5)=0.0
FRACTN(6)=FRACKR
FRACTN(7)=FRACKE
CALL MOVEAA (FRACTN,FXMOL(1,NPOW),7)
LEFTSO
DELRT$=0.
TAVX$=0.
VOLTX$=0.
ACELL$=.8
260
265 C
C LOOP STARTS FOR TOTAL MOLES OF GAS
ISTOP=1$PLM
DO 1200 K=2,11
IF (NT.EQ.1) RATE=0.0
IF (NT.LT.3.AND.IRELSE.NE.0) RATE=0.0
E(1)=0.0
E(2)=0.0
E(3)=RATE*ANH
IF (NOM.EQ.0) E(3)=0.0
1200 T=MRT(T)
E(4)=MANH*5.02E-8*T1*Z1/GMW(T(4))
IF (E(4).LT.0.0) E(4)=0.0
E(5)=MANH*((23*+4.2E-5)*Z1/GMW(T(5))
IF (E(5).LT.0.0) E(5)=0.0
E(6)=ANKR RATE1$/AVOGAD
E(7)=ANXEV RATE1$/AVOGAD
TOTM$=0.
DO 300 I=1,7
THAI$=FIMOL*$RACTN(I)+E(1)
IF (NOM.EQ.0) THAI$=0.0
300

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300 TOTMA=TOTMA+THA(I)
      DO 310 I=1,7
      TMFAIJ=THA(I)/TOTMA
      310 CONTINUE
290   LPT$B0
      TAVG$B0,
      VOLTX$B0,
      DELR$B0,
      DELRC$B0,
      DELRCB$B0,
      DFLRC$B0,
      DELRP$B0,
      DELRCT$B0,
      HGACEL$B0,6
      DO 320 I=1,7
      SUMOL(I)=FMOL(I,NPOW)+XMOIS(NPOW)
320 CONTINUE
C   BEGIN AXIAL CALCULATIONS
      DO 1070 IPOW=1,NPOW
      RADM$BADS
      IF (N1,NE.,1) GO TO 330
      DVBX$TPOW=10,
      DVBL$T(IPOW)=0,
      DVBL$T(IPOW)=0,
      C   CALCULATE THE POWER AND TCONT
      330 CONTINUE
      IF (IPEAK,EQ,0) GO TO 340
      PS=5*POWER(IPOW+1)+POWER(IPOW)
      GO TO 350
340  PPNWR(IPOW)
      350 CONTINUE
      IF (PLE,0) RATEAN=0
      PHIC(IPOW)=ST(IPOW)*AP
      IF (TINLET(IPOW),EQ,0) TINLET(IPOW)=TINLET(1)
      TCOOL=TINLET(IPOW)+ATEMP*AI(IPOW)
      TCOOL=(TCOOL-32.)/1.8
      IF (RINZ,LT,0.) GO TO 360
      WGTRD=(RFS**2*RV0IDZ**2)*PI
      WGTS$B0,
      WGTS$B0,
      RSINRSINZ
      GO TO 370
      WGTRD=(RFS**2*RINZ**2)*PI
      WGTS$B0*RSINRSINZ**2*RV0IDZ**2)*PI
      WGTF IN GRAMS PER FOOT
370  WGTF=(WGTF+WGTS)*196.64477
      380
      RSINRSINZ
      RINRSINZ
      RVOIDRVOIDZ
      DVOIDDVOIDZ
      VVOIDVVOIDZ
      QTOTEP=3413.
C   GGRAM IS IN BTU/HR/GRAM OF FUEL
      GGRAM=QTOTEP/WGTF
      GQU IS IN BTU/HR/FT3
      GQU=GGRAM*RHO*20316.0466

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      GAPCON 257
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      GAPCON 312
      GAPCON 313

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PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 7
 C QGS IS IN BTU/HF/FT3
 C QGSGGRMRHOS=28316.84666
 RSINFRSIV/12.
 IF (NT.EQ.1.OR.NE.2) GO TO 380
 IF (K.NE.2) GO TO 380
 PITTIPW=PITTIPW*P*(TIME(NT)*TIME(NT)=TIME(NT-1))
 380 BURNUP=0.001*PITTIPW/MTH
 DELGD=0.0
 IF (IRELOC) 390/400,390
 390 CONTINUE
 C RELOCATION CALCULATION
 CALL RELOC (DELD,GAP,BURNUP,P,IRELNC)
 DELGDMAX1(DELD,DFLGM(IPOW))
 400 CONTINUE
 C DENSIFICATION CALCULATION
 IF (IDENSE) 410/420,410
 410 CALL DENSF (DELF1,DF3,RHO3,RHOS,BURNUP)
 420 CONTINUE
 DBUF=.
 IF (NT.NE.1) DBUF=0.001*P*(TIME(NT)*TIME(NT-1))/MTH
 ITER0=0.
 DELTAD=0.
 IF (INFUEL) 430,440,440
 430 TH=1.5**RPU02*32.*BURNUP/10000.
 440 CONTINUE
 440 ITER0ITER+1
 QVVRAC=PI*3413./((PI*(DCO+2.*DELRC0))+12.
 HFLUX=(POD)*QVVRAC
 QVVRAC=PI*3413./((PI*(DCI+2.*DELRC))+12.
 QVVRAS=PI*3413./((PI*(DS+2.*DELRF))+12.
 IF (KDO0,GT,0) GO TO 590
 IF (CDO) 490/490,450
 450 QVVRAB=PI*3413./((PI*D80))+12.
 IF (SIGMF) 460,470,470
 460 CALL WTCW (TCOOL,QVVRAB,V,DE,HF)
 GO TO 480
 470 HF=SIGHF
 480 CONTINUE
 TBO=TCOOL+QVVRAB/HF
 360 GABLNO=.
 IF (P.GT.0) QABLNO=(QVVRAC/QVVRAB)/ALOG(QVVRAC/QVVRAB)
 DELTBQABL=(DB8=DC0)/(24.*KB)
 TB1=RD+DELTB
 TCO=QVVRAC+HBC+B1
 GO TO 540
 490 IF (SIGMF) 500,510,510
 500 CALL HCH (TCOOL,QVVRAC,V,DE,HF)
 GO TO 520
 510 HF=SIGHF
 520 CONTINUE
 TCO=TCOOL+QVVRAC/HF
 DELTA=0.
 IF (ICOR,EG,0) GO TO 530
 CALL CORROS (ICCR,QVVRAC,TIME(NT),TCO,TIME(NT-1),ZRO2A(IPOW),DELTA GAPCON
 370

PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT&1 F7N 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 8

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400      *T)
      TCO=DELTAT+TCOOL+QOVRAAC/HF
      530 IF (CRUDTHLE.0.) GO TO 540
      TCO=TCOOL+DELTA*CRUDTH/12.*QOVRAAC/0.23
      540 CONTINUE
      540 TAVGC=TCO+20.
      QOVRAAS=(QOVRAC+QOVRAI)/2.
      IITRY$1
      550 TCC=TERP(TAVGC,AA.+2,NN,7)
      IITRY$1ITR$1
      DELTC=QOVRAA*(DCO+2.*nELRCN*DCI=2.*nELRC)/(24.*TCC)
      TCI=TCO+DELTIC
      TAVGC=(TCO+TCI)/2.
      DELMARS(TAVGC1=TAVGC)
      IF (DEL=1.) 580+580,560
      560 TAVGC=TAVGC1
      IF (IITRY=5) 550+550,570
      570 WRITE (6,1250)
      580 CONTINUE
      GO TO 600
      590 TCO=TCOOL
      TCO+TCI=.5*(QOVRAC+QOVRAI)*(DCO+2.*nELRC0=DCI=2.*nELRC)/144.
      600 CONTINUE
      QOVRAA=(QOVRAA+QOVRAI)/2.

425      C CLACULATE RADIAL TEMPERATURE PROFILE AND AVERAGE VOLUMETRIC
      C FUEL TEMPERATURE
      CALL RTMP
      TMF=TMF1.8412
      RMLT=TERP(TMFM,BB,2,N,2)
      CALL EXPAND (RF$,RD,TT,TFS,DELRT,DELCI,DELL)
      R1700*TERP(1092.,BB,2,N,2)
      IF (KOUNT.GT.0) R1700=M$IN
      R1350*TERP(2462.,BB,2,N,2)
      M$PI=R1700**2
      VL$PI=(RF$**2*R1150**2)
      VC$PI=(R1350**2=R1700**2)
      DN1(IPOW)=SDOT1*VC$DBU/1.E4
      DN2(IPOW)=SDOT1*VC$DBU/1.E4
      DYN3(IPOW)=((L-FDEN)*(.6*VH+.5*VC+.3*VL)
      DV$DN1(IPOW)+DV$DN2(IPOW)
      DELVC$DN1(IPOW)+DNVN2(IPOW)
      VZ$0.0
      IF (PRCDH.LE.0) GO TO 660
      IF (VOD*VH) 610+610,620
      610 VZ$0.8*PRCDH*VOLUME
      GO TO 650
      620 IF (VOD*VH=VC) 610,630,640
      630 VZ=(0.8*VH*0.5*(VH-VH))*PRCDH*VOLUME
      GO TN 650
      640 VZ=(0.8*VH*0.5*VC+0.3*(VOD=VH=VC))*PRCDH*VOLUME
      650 IF ((V,L,T,DISHV(IPOW)) VZ=DISHV(IPOW)
      660 CONTINUE
      DELVB(IPOW)=DV$A+DELVC-DVN3(IPOW)=VZ
      IF (QVA.LT.DVN3(IPOW).AND.DVBX(IPOW).LE.0.) GO TN 680
      IF (DELVB(IPOW)) 700+700,670
      670 DELVB(IPOW)=DELVC+DV$BX(IPOW)
  
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PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.04+REL. 31/10/75 12:28:09.
 GO TO 700
 680 IF (DELVB(IP0W)) = 0,
 690 DELVB(IP0W) = 0.
 460 GO TO 710
 700 DELRB=MAX1(DELVB(IP0W),DWBX(IP0W))/(.3.*PI*RF9)
 710 CONTINUE
 TAVGC=(TCI+TCO)/2,
 ALPHAC=TERP(TAVGC,A,6,NN,7)
 DELRC1=RC1*ALPHAC*(TAVGC-7.)
 DELRC0=RC0*ALPHAC*(TAVGC-7.)
 DELRHO=,
 DELMHO=,
 IF (TT(N).LT.TMF) GO TO 720
 RTMATERP(CMF,BB,2,NN2)
 VOLVMP=(RTM**2)*(1.0-FRDEN)
 DELVM=PI*(RTM**2)*0.096
 DELVH=DELVM*VOLPDR
 IF (DELMV.LE.0) DELVM=0.
 DELRM=DELVM/(PI*RTM**3.)
 DELLH=DELVM/(PI*(RTM**2)*3.)*LF
 720 CONTINUE
 DELRC0=,
 DELCT0=0.0
 PRESCH=2.0*(EXTP*(RC0+DELRC0)**2=PRESTO*(RC1+DELRC)**2)
 IF (LCRER.EQ.0) GO TO 730
 DELRC1=TERP(TDYS,CLCRP,2,NCR,2)
 475 DELRC0=DELRC/2.
 DELRC0=DELRC0-DELRC
 DELP=0.,
 PRESCH=0.
 GO TO 740
 730 CONTINUE
 IF (LCDF.EQ.0) GO TO 740
 DELRC0=DELRC1=DELRC
 ECENTERPTAVGCAA,4,NN,7)
 CMUTERPTAVGCAA,5,NN,7)
 DELPC=(RC1+DELRC)/EC((RC0+DELRC0)**2*(RC1+DELRC)**2)*(PRESTO*(
 480 *RC1+DELRC)**2*EXTP*(RC0+DELRC0)**2)*(1.+CMU)+(PRESTO*EXTP)*(RC0+
 DELC0)**2*(1.+CMU))
 DELC0=DELRC0+DELRC
 PRESCH=0.
 740 CONTINUE
 DELRC0=DELRC1+DELRC-DELRC
 DELRADLT=DELRB
 DELRFT=DELR+DELRB+DELGD+DELPI+DELRH
 THIGAP/2.+DELR=DELRFT
 CRUF3=.6*(ROUC+ROUF)
 IF (TH.G1,CRUF,OR,DELGD,LF,0) GO TO 760
 Z1=TH*DELGD-RUF
 490 IF (Z21.GT.0) GO TO 750
 DELRFT=DELRFT+DELGD
 THAZZ1+CRUF
 GO TO 760
 750 CONTINUE
 DELRFT=DELR+DELRB+DELPI+DELRH+ZZ1
 GAPCON 428
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 GAPCON 482
 GAPCON 483
 GAPCON 484

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      TH=3.60*(R0UF+R0UC)
      515    760 CONTINUE
              DELRDELRI+DELRB
              AFRR8+DELRFT
              ACRCI+DERC
              THRTH=CRUF
              VOLGAPPI4.*((DCI+2.*DELRC)*+2=(DFS+2.*DELRFT)*+2)*LF
              VRUFAPI08*CRUF*LF
              IF (VOLGA.LE.VRUF) VOLGA=VRUF
              TCIR=(TCI32.)1.8+23.

      520    C CALCULATE HOW MUCH SORBF GAS CAN REACT WITH THE CLAD
              RTCM=1/TCIK
              REACNSGR(2.082E=15)
              REACOTEP(RTCIK,RTCD,RTC,S)
              GRECO(REQCO*T4.2E=5)*Z4
              GRECWB=AN*T1*Z4
              MREACN(IPDN)=GRECN/GHWT(4)
              MREACO(IPDN)=GRECO/GHWT(5)
              TVOLAV=VAGTC

      525    C CALCULATE FISSION GAS RELEASE BEYER=HANN MODEL
              CALL GABREL (IPDN,LSTHIF,CORR,RVQID,N,BURNUP,TFS,RTM)
              TGAS=(TCI*TFS)/2.
              ABTGAS=(TGAS=32.)/1.8+273.

      530    C CALCULATE THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF THE GAS
              DO 770 IS=1,7
              TKEBANTGAE/EKLIS(I)
              OMEGA(I)=SERP(IKE, TABLE,2,80,2)
              770 CONTINUE
              DO 780 I=1,7
              VISCOS(I)=2.67E=5*SQRT(ABTGAS*GHWT(I))/(OMEGA(I)*SIGLJ(I)**2)
              780 CONTINUE
              DO 790 I=1,7
              PHICAP(I,J)=1./SQRT((1.+GMWT(I)/(GMWT(J)))*(1.+SQRT(VISCUS
              * (I))/VISCOS(J))*((GMWT(J)/GMWT(I))**2))
              790 CONTINUE
              DO 800 I=1,7
              IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 800
              IF (I.EQ.4) GO TO 800
              IF (I.EQ.5) GO TO 800
              CON1=1.3891E=4*(SQRT(ABTGAS/GHWT(I))/(SIGLJ(I)**2*OMEGA(I)))
              800 CONTINUE
              CSURP(3)=6.947*0.20E=3*ABTGAS+4.808E=7*ABTGAS**2
              CSURP(4)=6.524*1.25E=3*ABTGAS+1.E=9*ABTGAS**2
              CSURP(5)=CSURP(4)
              DO 810 I=3,5
              CON1=(CSURP(I)+1.25*1.987)*VISCOS(I)/GMWT(I)
              810 CONTINUE
              GABONIA0.
              VIGIMXA0.
              DO 830 I=1,7
              DENOM=0.
      535    C
      540    C
      545    C
      550    C
      555    C
      560    C
      565    C
      570    C
  
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DO 820 J=1,7
DENOM=DENOM+TMFA(J)*PHICAP(I,J)
820 CONTINUE
GASKN=GASKNN+TMFA(I)*CON(I)/DENOM
VISMIX=VISMIX+TMFA(I)*VISCD3(I)/DENOM
830 CONTINUE
GKGAKON=GAKON*241.9
ABTCV=(T1(N)-32.)/1.6+273.
EMMIX0,
DO 840 I=1,7
EMMIXEMMIX+TMFA(I)*GMWT(I)
840 CONTINUE
ABTCI=(TCI-32.)/1.6+273.15
ABTF8=(TF8-32.)/1.6+273.15
ABT1=(ABT8+ABTCI)/2.0
ABT2=ABT1
P1=TMFA(1)*PRE870*68947.
P2=TMFA(2)*PRE870*68947.
P3=TMFA(3)*PRE870*68947.
P4=TMFA(4)*PRE870*68947.
P5=TMFA(5)*PRE870*68947.
P6=TMFA(6)*PRE870*68947.
P7=TMFA(7)*PRE870*68947.
ACHE10 .42*2.5E4*ABT1
ACHE10 .74*2.3E4*ABT1
SLOP=(ACHE1*ACHE1)/128.0
RINT=ACHE1*4.0*SLOP
ACAR139.9*SLOP+PRINT
ACH1*4.0*SLOP+PRINT
ACN1*88.*SLOP+PRINT
ACCO1*28.*SLOP+PRINT
ACKR1*84.*SLOP+PRINT
ACKR1*84.*SLOP+PRINT
D11=(1.0*ABT1)*4.0*5
D12=(0.0*ABT1)*4.0*5
D13=(2.0*ABT1)*4.0*5
D14=(5.0*ABT1)*4.0*5
D15=(28.*ABT1)*4.0*5
D16=(14.*ABT1)*4.0*5
D17=(131.3*ABT1)*4.0*5
SUM1=ACH1/D11+ACR1*P2/D12+ACHE1*P3/D13+ACN1*P4/D14+ACCO1*P5/01
+5*ACK1*P6/D16+ACXE1*P7/D17
ACHE2*0.425*2.5E4*ABT2
ACHE2*0.749*2.3E4*ABT2
SLOP=(ACHE2*2.4.0*SLOP
RINT=ACHE2*4.0*SLOP
ACAR2*39.9*SLOP+PRINT
ACH2*2.*SLOP+PRINT
ACN2*28.*SLOP+PRINT
ACCO2*28.*SLOP+PRINT
ACKR2*84.*SLOP+PRINT
D21=(4.0*ABT2)*4.0*5
D22=(4.0*ABT2)*4.0*5
D23=(2.0*ABT2)*4.0*5
D24=(28.*ABT2)*4.0*5
D25=(28.*ABT2)*4.0*5
D26=(16.*ABT2)*4.0*5
D27=(1131.3*ABT2)*4.0*5

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GAPCON

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PROGRAM GAPCON

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SUM2#P1+ACHE2/D21+ACAR2#P2/n22+ACH2#P3/D23+AC42#PU/D24+ACC02#PS/D2 GAPCON 600
+5+ACR2#P6/D26+ACE2#P7/D27 GAPCON 601
G1#2876.4*GASKON/SUM1 GAPCON 602
G2#2876.4*GASKON/SUM2 GAPCON 603
DLT1#(QVRS/(GV/(G1*0.032008)))/1.*8 GAPCON 604
DLT2#(QVRS/(GV/(G2*0.032008)))/1.*8 GAPCON 605
ABT1#BTFSNLT1 GAPCON 606
ABT2#BTFC#DLT2 GAPCON 607
GPG2#(G1#G2) 0.7264 GAPCON 608
IF (THR) 860,850,850 GAPCON 609
850 HGASEOK/(TH+G1PG2)*12.
HGOLDS0.
PFACE=0.
GO TO 900.
860 CONTINUE
TRBBS(THR)
ECATERP(TAVGC,AA,4,NN,7)
YDSTRTERP(TAVGCCAA,3,NN,7)
RSRGRCA(RCO+DELRC)**2*(RCI+DELRC)**2 GAPCON 610
RSRGRPC(RCO+DELRC)**2+(RCJ+DELRC)**2 GAPCON 611
ALOGCALLOG((RCO+DELRC)/(RCI+DELRC)) GAPCON 612
STRESALPHAC*EC((TC1-TC0)*(2.0*(1.0*CMU)*ALOGC)+(1.0*(2.0*(RCU)+DELRC) GAPCON 613
+)*2*R8ORM*ALOGC)) GAPCON 614
PFACE*(CTR*EC/(RCI+DELRC)+PRESCN/R8ORMC)/(RSRGRPC/RSRGRMC+CNU+EC*(1.0* GAPCON 615
+HUF)*EF) GAPCON 616
PRMAX((YDSTR=STREST)*RSRGRMC+PRESCN)/RSRGRPC GAPCON 617
IF (PFACE.GT.PRMX) PFACE=PRMAX GAPCON 618
IF (PFACE.LT.0.0) PFACE=0.0 GAPCON 619
TFSCATFS#(2,)/1.8 GAPCON 620
FKATERP(TFSCATFS#(2,)/1.8,NFULL,3) GAPCON 621
CKATERP((TC1,AA,2,NN,7) GAPCON 622
KMB2#FKACK((FKACK))
CPFACE#CPFACE/4,223 GAPCON 623
CEE#69*EXP(-0.00124*CPFACE) GAPCON 624
HMEYER#TERP((TC1,AA,7,NN,7)) GAPCON 625
PREL#CPFACE/HMEYER GAPCON 626
RKMB2#FKACK/(FKACK) GAPCON 627
R1#ROUF*1.0E+6 GAPCON 628
R=(ROUC**2*ROUF**2)**0.5 GAPCON 629
IF (PREL.LT.0.0001) GO TO 870 GAPCON 630
MSOLID5.0=2*RKW/(REXP(5.738+0.5285*ALOG(R1))) GAPCON 631
GO TO 890 GAPCON 632
870 MSOLID5.=RKW*PREL/(R*EXP(5.738+0.5285*ALOG(R1)))
GO TO 890 GAPCON 633
880 MSOLID5.=RKW*PREL**0.5/(R*EXP(5.738+0.5285*ALOG(R1))) GAPCON 634
GO TO 890 GAPCON 635
890 CONTINUE GAPCON 636
THCACK*(ROUF+ROUC)=5.E=6+G1PG2 GAPCON 637
IF (THC.LE.2.E=0) THC=2.E=5 GAPCON 638
HGASEOK/THC#12. GAPCON 639
900 CONTINUE GAPCON 640
TFSRATFS#460. GAPCON 641
TCISRATC1#60. GAPCON 642
HRAD#1713E#8/(1./EPSIF+AF/AC*(1./EPSIC#1.))*(TFSR**2+TCISR**2)*(T GAPCON 643
+FSR+TCISR) GAPCON 644
HGC#MSOLID+HGAS+HRAD GAPCON 645

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PROGRAM	GAPCON	74/74	OPT=1	FTN 4.4+REL.	31/10/75	12.28.09.	PAGE	13
685	C	BEGIN CONVERGENCE OF HG			GAPCON	657		
	C	DELTA=HG*CHG			GAPCON	658		
	DELHG=HG*GOLD				GAPCON	659		
	HGOLD=HG				GAPCON	660		
	IF (ABS(DELTA/HG).LT.0.01) GO TO 950				GAPCON	661		
	IF (ITER.GT.50) GO TO 940				GAPCON	662		
	C	TEST FOR SIMILAR SLOPES IN THE CONVERGENCE APPROACH AND			GAPCON	663		
	C	IF THE LAST TWO ITERATIONS HAVE HAD SIMILAR VALUES, USE			GAPCON	664		
	C	A DIFFERENT ITERATION SCHEME. GAPCON CAN ENCOUNTER			GAPCON	665		
	C	TWO BASIC TYPES AND THEY ARE (1) OSCILLATING (UNDERDAMPED),			GAPCON	666		
	C	OR (2) OVERDAMPED.			GAPCON	667		
	C	IF (IOSC>0) GO TO 910			GAPCON	668		
	C	IF (DELTA>DELTA0.LT.0.) IOSC=1			GAPCON	669		
	IF (DELTA>DELTA0.LE.0.) GO TO 910				GAPCON	670		
695	C	SINCE THE LAST TWO ITERATIONS HAS SIMILAR SLOPES,			GAPCON	671		
	C	I.E., BOTH POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, USE AN EFFECTIVE ACCELERATION			GAPCON	672		
	C	PARAMETER OF 1.0.			GAPCON	673		
	C	HG=HG+0.4*DELLA			GAPCON	674		
	C	IF (HG.GT.0.) GO TO 930			GAPCON	675		
	IOSC=1				GAPCON	676		
	HG=HOLD				GAPCON	677		
	C	THE SOLUTION IS OSCILLATING ABOUT WHAT SHOULD BECOME THE			GAPCON	678		
	C	CONVERGED SOLUTION AND THE CONVERGENCE MUST BE CONSTRAINED			GAPCON	679		
	C	TO FORCE A FASTER SOLUTION. THE EFFECTIVE ACCELERATION			GAPCON	680		
	C	PARAMETER USED IS REDUCED TO HALF OF ITS ORIGINAL			GAPCON	681		
	C	VALUE TO DAMPEN THE OSCILLATION.			GAPCON	682		
	910	CONTINUE			GAPCON	683		
	C	IF (ITER.LE.5) GO TO 920			GAPCON	684		
	C	IF (ABS(DELHG*DELHG).LT.1.2) HGACEL=0.5*HGCEL			GAPCON	685		
	C	IF (HGACEL.LT.0.01) HGACEL=0.1			GAPCON	686		
	920	HG=HG+HGACEL*DELLA			GAPCON	687		
	C	IF ((HG+HG).LT.1000.AND.ITER.LE.5) HGACEL=0.5			GAPCON	688		
	C	930 CONTINUE			GAPCON	689		
	DELTA=DELLTA				GAPCON	690		
	DELHG=DELHG				GAPCON	691		
	940	CONTINUE			GAPCON	692		
	C	IF (ISTEP.LE.1) GO TO 950			GAPCON	693		
	C	WRITE (*,1260) HG,HGC,ISTEP,IPDN,NPO*			GAPCON	694		
	1260	CONTINUE			GAPCON	695		
	C	HGACEL=0.8			GAPCON	696		
	C	V1=PI*((LRC1+DELLC)*2=(RFS+DELRFT)*2)*LF			GAPCON	697		
	C	V2=VVOID			GAPCON	698		
	C	IF ((V1.LE.VRUF) V1=VRUF			GAPCON	699		
	C	V0=TX((IPDN)*(1/ABTGAS)+(V2/ABTCV))			GAPCON	700		
	C	IF (THR.GT.0.) GO TO 960			GAPCON	701		
	950	DELRFTZ1			GAPCON	702		
	C	IF (DELLD.LE.0) DELGD=0.			GAPCON	703		
	C	CONTINUE			GAPCON	704		
	C	IF (THR.GT.CRUF) PFACE=0.			GAPCON	705		
	C	IF (KOUNT.EQ.0) ICASE=ICASE+1			GAPCON	706		
	960	TBIC=(TB1*32.)/1.8			GAPCON	707		
	C	GAPCON			GAPCON	708		
	C	GAPCON			GAPCON	709		
	C	GAPCON			GAPCON	710		
	C	GAPCON			GAPCON	711		
	C	GAPCON			GAPCON	712		
	740	GAPCON			GAPCON	713		

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    TBOC=(TBO=32.)/1.0
    TDCO=(TCO=32.)/1.0
    TC1=(C1=32.)/1.0
    TSC=(TS=32.)/1.0
    TFS=(TFS=32.)/1.0
    IF (KOUNT.NE.0) GO TO 970
    HGX(IPDN)=HG
    TCLINE(IPDN)=TT(N)
    ROP(IPDN)=RFS+DELRFT
    RGAPX(IPDN)=TH

    750 CONTINUE
    IF (KLT,1STOP) GO TO 980
    IF (MINI,LT,0) GO TO 980

    755 C WRITE PEAK NODE INFORMATION
    IF (MINI.EQ.0.AND.LPMAX.EQ.1)POW) CALL OUTPUT (PHI(IPDN),TIME)
    C WRITE INFORMATION FOR EVERY NODE
    C IF (MINI.GT.0) CALL OUTPUT (PHI(IPDN),TIME)
    980 CONTINUE
    IF (KOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 1010
    IF (LT.LE..001.OR.FRDEN.GE.FRSIN) GO TO 1010
    KOUNT=1
    IF (FREIN.GE.FRSIN) FR3IN=FRDEN
    IF (LT.LE..0) GO TO 990
    RETEM=.00001367*ALG10(1/3600.)*.000480
    TSINC=. /RETEM=273.
    TSIN=1.8*TSINC+32.
    RSIN=RSIN
    GO TO 1000
    990 TSIN=1.E10
    ITER=0
    GO TO 440
    1000 RSIN=TERP(TSIN,BB,2,N,2)
    IF (RSIN.LE.RSIN) RSIN=RSIN
    DSIN=2.*RSIN
    ARVOIDARVOID
    ARVOIDARVOID(CRSINA+2)*(FRSIN=FRDEN)/FRSIN*(RV010Z**2)*FRDEN/FRSIN)
    IF (RV010LE.RV010D) RV010D=RV010VOID
    DVOIDA=.ARVOID
    ELTCM=LVOID/FNP0*
    VTCSPIELTCRV010Z**2
    VOID=(PI*LF*RV010**2-VTC)
    ITER=0
    GO TO 440
    1010 KOUNT=0
    TAVGX=TAVGX+TBARIPOW)

    775 C CALCULATE DISH EFFECTS AND AXIAL THERMAL EXPANSION
    C TRADH=TEP(RADH,T,T,N)
    IF (TRADH.LE.TPLAS) GO TO 1020
    RPLAS=TERP(TPLAS,RH,2,N,2)
    RADH=RPLAS
    TRADH=PLAS

    780 CONTINUE
    TRADH=(TRADH=32.)/1.0
    IF (TRADH.LE.TPLAS) GO TO 1020
    RPLAS=TERP(TPLAS,RH,2,N,2)
    RADH=RPLAS
    TRADH=PLAS

    785 1020 CONTINUE
    TRADH=(TRADH=32.)/1.0
    CST1=2.896E+*(TRADHC**2+25**2)+6.797E+6*(TRADHC=25.)
    DELT=ST1*LF
  
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PROGRAM GAPCON 7474 OPT=1
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      DHVOL(IPOW)=0.0
      IF (PRCD>LE,0) GO TO 1060
      DO 1030 I=1,N
      IF (TSR(I).LT.RADH) GO TO 1040
      1030 CONTINUE
      1040 M=1
      TAVGDS(RADH**2*T8R(M)**2)*PI*((TRADH+TT(M-1))*5)
      DO 1050 IBM/N
      TAVD=TAVGDS+(TSR(I)**2*T8R(I+1)**2)*((TT(I)+TT(I-1))*5)
      M=DIVOL/(PI*(RADH**2))
      TAVDZ=TAVGD/((RADH**2*RVOID**2))
      TAVGDS=(TAVGDS**9*TAVGDZ**2)*25**2)+6*797E-6*(TAVGDC=25.)
      C87D2=.89E-9*TAVGDS**2
      DELT0=CATD*(LFD)
      ABTDS=((TAVGDS**2)/1.8)+273.
      DHVOL(IPOW)=(P*(RADH**2*RVOIDZ**2)*(DETL+D=DETLD)))/(ABTDS)
      IF (DHVOL(IPOW).LE.0) DHVOL(IPOW)=0
      1060 CONTINUE
      VOLXX=VOLTX8+VOLTX(IPOW)+DHVOL(IPOW)
      LFT(IPOW)=DETL
      LFTS(LFT(IPOW))
      IF (KEQISTOP) DELGM(IPOW)=DELGD
      DISH(IPOW)=VZ
      1070 CONTINUE
      IF (IPOW.GT.NPOW) IPOW=NPOW
      TAVGX(XISTEP+1)=VGX/NPOW
      VPLEN=VLEN*(RCI+DELRC)**2)/(RCI)**2=(LFT8*PI)*(RFS+DELRFT)**2)
      IF (VPLENT.LT.0) VPLENT=0
      VOLTX5=VOLTX5+VPLENT/VLEN
      TVOLV=(TAVGXX(XISTEP+1)=32.)/1.8
      630      C CALCULATE HOW MUCH SORBED GAS REMAINS IN THE PIN
      TXMOL(S)=0.0
      DO 1080 IPOW=1,NPOW
      TXMOL(S)=TXMOL(S)+MREACn(IPOW)
      1080 CONTINUE
      MOL(S)=TXMOL(S)-TXMOL(S)
      IF (MOL(S).LE.0) MOL(S)=0.0
      C CALCULATE MOLE FRACTIONS OF GAS IN THE FUEL PIN.
      MOL(1)=THA(1)
      MOL(2)=THA(2)
      MOL(3)=THA(3)
      MOL(4)=THA(4)
      MOL(5)=FRACK*FILMOL
      MOL(6)=FRICE*FILMOL
      DO 1090 I=1,NPOW
      MOL(I)=MOL(6)+SUMNKR(NX,I)
      1090 MOL(I)=MOL(I)+SUMNKE(NX,I)
      XMOTOT=0
      DO 1100 I=1,7
      XMOTOT=XMOTOT+MOL(I)
      1100 CONTINUE
      DO 1110 I=1,7
      FXMOL(I)=MOL(I)/XMOTOT
      MOLER(I)=FXMOL(I)
      655
  
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PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1
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1110 CONTINUE
C   CALCULATE THE PRESSURE FOR THE PIN
C   PRESTO*73.60*XWUT0/VOLTX
XWUT0=(P0W1*PRESTO*VPLNT/(73.604*TPLENA))
DO 1120 I=1,NPOW
  CALL MODEAA (FXMOL(1,1),FXMOL(1,1),1)
  XWUT0=(PRESTO*VPLTX(1)/73.604
1120 CONTINUE
IF (INT(KQ,1).OR.IRELSE,NE,0.AND.NT,LT,3) GO TO 1130
RATEC=XWUT0*FILMOL)/E(3)+((ANKR+NXT)/AVNGD*LFR)
IF (K,0,2.AND.ISTOP,EQ,1) GO TO 1140
IF (RATE,LT,0.) RATE=0.
1130 CONTINUE
IF (K,E,ISTOP) GO TO 1210
IF (NT,EQ,1) GO TO 1180
IF (RATE,LE,0.) RATE=0.
IF (IRELSE,NE,0) ISTOP=K+1
IF (IRELSE,NE,0) GO TO 1200
W2=RATE-RATEOLD
IF (RATE,LE,0.) AND RATE<LT,0.) GO TO 1180
IF (RATE,LE,0.) GO TO 1180
IF (ABS(W1/RATE),LT,0.005) GO TO 1180
RATOLDBATE
IF (K,GT,11) GO TO 1180
IF (K,GT,7) GO TO 1140
RATE=RATEC
GO TO 1170
1140 CONTINUE
IF (I0,EG,1) GO TO 1150
IF (W1,LT,0.) 10:1
IF (W1,W3,LE,0) GO TO 1150
RATE=RATEC+4*W1
IF (RATE,GT,0) GO TO 1170
10:1
RATE=RATEOLD
1150 CONTINUE
IF (K,E,5) GO TO 1160
IF (LABS(W5/W2),LT,1.2) ACELL=5*ACELL
IF (ACELL,LT,1) ACELL=1
1160 CONTINUE
RATE=RATE*ACELL,W1
IF (RATE+RATEC,LT,0.01.AND.K,LE,5) ACELL=.5
1170 CONTINUE
W3=W1
W5=W2
GO TO 1200
1180 CONTINUE
1180 ISTOP=+1
1190 CONTINUE
RATE=RATEC
IF (RATE,LT,0) RATE=0.
1200 CONTINUE
1210 CONTINUE
ACELL=B
RATE=RATEC

```

GAPCON	828
GAPCON	829
GAPCON	830
GAPCON	831
GAPCON	832
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GAPCON	837
GAPCON	838
GAPCON	839
GAPCON	840
GAPCON	841
GAPCON	842
GAPCON	843
GAPCON	844
GAPCON	845
GAPCON	846
GAPCON	847
GAPCON	848
GAPCON	849
GAPCON	850
GAPCON	851
GAPCON	852
GAPCON	853
GAPCON	854
GAPCON	855
GAPCON	856
GAPCON	857
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GAPCON	860
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GAPCON	862
GAPCON	863
GAPCON	864
GAPCON	865
GAPCON	866
GAPCON	867
GAPCON	868
GAPCON	869
GAPCON	870
GAPCON	871
GAPCON	872
GAPCON	873
GAPCON	874
GAPCON	875
GAPCON	876
GAPCON	877
GAPCON	878
GAPCON	879
GAPCON	880
GAPCON	881
GAPCON	882
GAPCON	883
GAPCON	884

PROGRAM GAPCON 74/74 OPT=1
 FTN 4.4+REL.
 31/10/75 12:28:00.
 PAGE 17

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1STOP=1STEP
C
C BEGIN AXIAL PRINTOUT.
IF (NT.EQ.1) GO TO 1230
TOTREL=(MOL(6)+MOL(7)*(FRACKR+FRACXE)*FILMOL)/((ANKR+ANXE)/AVOGAD*
+LF)
DO 1220 I=1,NPOW
  K=LASTHIF(I)
1220 IF (RDOT(NT,I).GE.RDOT(KK,I)) LASTHIF(I)=NT
1230 CONTINUE
CALL AXPRNT (TOTREL,1STEP)
RATE=RATEC
1240 CONTINUE
GO TO 10
C
C 1250 FORMAT (10X, #NO CONVERGENCE IN TCC#)
1260 FORMAT (NONCONVERGENCE IN HGC = HG #, FQ.1, #, HGC #, FQ.1, 2X,
+1STEP #, 12, 10W #, 12, # OF #, 12)
1270 FORMAT (5X, #SORBED GAS FRACTION SUM, NE.1, XH,XN, AND XCO VALUES AR
+E #, 1X, 5(2X,F10.5))
END

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915
 920
 925
 930

GAPCON 685
 GAPCON 686
 GAPCON 687
 GAPCON 688
 GAPCON 689
 GAPCON 690
 GAPCON 691
 GAPCON 692
 GAPCON 693
 GAPCON 694
 GAPCON 695
 GAPCON 696
 GAPCON 697
 GAPCON 698
 GAPCON 699
 GAPCON 900
 GAPCON 901
 GAPCON 902
 GAPCON 903
 GAPCON 904
 GAPCON 905

BLOCK DATA BLKDAT.

FTN 4.0+REL.

PAGE

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1

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1      BLOCK DATA BLKDAT.    74/74   OPT#1
2      COMMON /Z/  TBAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE(20),MGX(20),
3      * ,TAVGX(20),RDOT(15,20),RGAPX(20),DP(20),MFLUX(20),
4      * ,XMOL(521),FXMOL(17,21),PRESTO,    SUMOL(57),
5      COMMON /AF/  TITLE(20),PRUD2,    BB(2,50),PHICAP(67,7),CSUBP(7),
6      * ,CON(7),DUM(50),DDM(50),DELC(50),DEL(50),OMGA(7),PCFR(50),
7      * ,Q(50),QIN(50),TS(50),TT(50),TSCOS(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
8      * ,INFUEL,NNN
9      COMMON /H/  PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PITI(20),PROFL(15,21),
10     * ,SAVNKR(15,20),SAVXKE(15,20),SUMMKR(15,20),SUMME(15,20),CST(20),
11     * ,SDVN1(20),SDVN2(20),DVBN(20),DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DELVB(20),
12     * ,REAL NNR NNN
13     COMMON /AG/  PRCDM,RADS,TPLAS
14     COMMON /Z/  TAX(25),TFX(25),CX(25),AX(25),FX(25),
15     * ,TY(4,19),Y(4,19),F(19),CAP1,CAP7,CAP8,CAP9,CAP10,DC2,DC3,
16     * ,DC5,DC85,DC21,DC22,DC23,DC24,DC25,DC33,DC34,DC35,DC25
17     COMMON /AB/  ICREP,IBN,FRIN,FRIN,DSINZ,FPUUN2,PR35,FR40,FR41,
18     * ,DIS,DVOOZ,DC1,DC2,DPLENZ,ATMNS,LEVEL,S,DE,ROUF,ROUC,EXTP,
19     * ,NLAD,UNFLX,DOOL,FRACHE,FRACR,FRACR,TINLET(15),
20     * ,FRACKE,RTCO(5),RTCO(5),XCO,XN,NOM,HGCEL,TCLAD,TINI,VOIDZ
21     * ,ICDF,T,HHC,HG,XHDTMP,ISTOR,IPEAK,PNPOW,POWER(21),CRUDTH,ICOR,
22     * ,SDOT,SDOT,EF,MUF,EPSTI,EPSTI,ISTPL,WORD,IGAM,NT,SIGHF,VKB,
23     * ,ZR(7,6),ZR(7,6),S(7,12),TABLE(2,20),GM(7,12),S1(GLJ(7),EKJ(7),
24     * ,PI,CCPIN3,SECDAY,AVGADR,RR,CONEN(CR3,10),PV(2,20),IT,ZR02((20)
25     * ,LF,AIC(21),PTOT,LMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AAT(2,2),FRACIN(7),MOL(7),
26     * ,MOLEFR(7),RHO,GOVARC,MOLTON,XMIRELNC,IRLARVE(2,20),IDENS,IRELSE
27     * ,REAL LF,HUF,KB,MOL,TOT,MOLEFR,LYOIDZ,LFUEL,KM
28     DATA PI, CCPIN3, SECDAY, AVGADR,RR, CONEN(3,1459), 16.387, 86400.,/
29     * ,6.023721, 22000., 3.2E+4/
30     DATA SD01,SD02,EF,HUF,EPSTI,EPSTI,016,004,22,E6,,30,,8.,0./
31     DATA CAP1,CAP2,CAP3,CAP4,CAP5,CAP10 /5*3,2E+14/
32     DATA DC2,DC3,DC4,915E+04,3,413E+06/
33     DATA DC5,DC6,DC7,DC8,DC23,DC26,DC28,DC31,DC33,DC34,DC35,DC25/
34     * ,4.375E+05,2.042E+09,6.604E+09,6.620E+09,9.964E+07,9.167E+06,12.871E
35     * ,05,8.30E+05,1.52E+06,7.219E+04,2.092E+05,2.608E+06/
36     DATA FRACTN,RIE,PINTER,C,I,CLCRP,MOL,RR,AA,MOLFR/374*0.0/
37     DATA TITLE,PHICAP,DUM,DELL,Q,T,CSUBP,DDUM,OMEGA,QIN,VISCOS,HR,
38     * ,CON,DELCT,PCRTS,TSH/608*0.0/
39     DATA TBXR,MGX,RGAX,XMOL5,SUMOL5,VOLTX,TAVGX,FXMOL,TCLINE,PRONT,
40     * ,MFLUX,PRESTO,ROP/316*0.0/
41     DATA SANXKE,SANVR,SMUNNE,SLMMKR,CST,DVBLST,SDVN1,SDVN2,DVBX,DVN1,
42     * ,DVN2,DEVVB,PITI,DVN3/1400*0.0/
43     DATA TAX/
44     * ,2.70E+04, 36.E+24, 60.E+24, 0., 0., 0., 1110.E+24, 290.E+24,
45     * ,1350.E+24, 693.E+24, 6.E+24, 0., 170.E+24, 1600.E+24, 597.E+24,
46     * ,400.,180.E+24, 15.E+24, 85.E+24, 5.E+24, 190.E+24, 2.7E+18/
47     DATA TAX/
48     * ,0., 14.E+24, 0., 0., 0., 740.E+24, 0., 950.E+24, 553.E+24,
49     * ,0., 0., 0., 17.E+24, 10.E+0.0/
50     DATA TY/
51     * ,0.0520, 0., 0., 0.0290, 0.0208,
52     * ,0.0070, 0., 0., 0.0470, 0.0541,
53     * ,0.0130, 0., 0., 0.0535, 0.0300,
54     * ,0., 0., 0., 0., 0.,
55     * ,0.01930, 0., 0., 0.0750, 0.0400,
56     * ,0.00440, 0., 0., 0., 0., 0./
57

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BLOCK DATA BLKDAT. 74/74 OPTAI FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 2

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    + 0.05920,   0,   0,   0.03700,   0.03010,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.0090,   0,   0,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.05200,   0.04440,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.0150,   0.00030,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.05300,   0.06540,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.01200,   0,   0,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.07470,   0.07810,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.05700,   0.07230,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.01510,   0,   0,
    + 0,   0,   0,   0.06660,   0.06660,
    + DATA 20TPLW/1/
    DATA WORD1/6H$TOP /
    DATA ZR/
    DATA ZR/
    + 75.,   7.30,   4.48E4,   1.38E7,   170,   3.24E6,
    + 212.,   7.44,   3.48E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    + 392.,   8.38,   2.38E4,   1.2E7,   446,   3.70E6,
    + 572.,   9.22,   1.58E4,   1.1E7,   492,   3.87E6,
    + 752.,   9.33,   1.21E4,   1.317,   492,   3.99E6,
    + 932.,   10.64,   1.00E4,   9.09E6,   492,   4.08E6,
    C ZIRC=4 DATA BY D.B. SCOTT (WCAP=3629=41) PAGE 8
    DATA ((SI(i,j),1=1,7),j=1,12)/
    + 75.,   7.05,   4.48E4,   1.38E7,   170,   3.24E6,
    + 212.,   7.86,   3.48E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    + 392.,   8.21,   2.38E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    + 572.,   8.79,   1.58E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    + 752.,   9.48,   1.21E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    + 932.,   10.40,   1.00E4,   1.307,   400,   3.47E6,
    DATA ((SI(i,j),1=1,7),j=1,12)/
    + 100.,   8.50,   30.0E7,   28.1E6,   261,   9.15E6,
    + 200.,   8.93,   25.3E3,   27.7E6,   266,   9.33E6,
    + 300.,   9.16,   22.5E7,   27.2E6,   271,   9.48E6,
    + 400.,   9.80,   20.7E3,   26.6E6,   276,   9.60E6,
    + 500.,   10.24,   19.3E3,   26.0E6,   280,   9.71E6,
    + 600.,   10.68,   18.2E3,   25.4E6,   285,   9.82E6,
    + 700.,   11.12,   17.5E3,   24.7E6,   290,   9.95E6,
    + 800.,   11.56,   16.9E3,   24.1E6,   295,   1.00E6,
    + 900.,   12.00,   16.2E7,   23.4E6,   300,   1.04E6,
    + 1000.,   12.44,   15.6E3,   22.6E6,   304,   1.03E6,
    + 1100.,   12.77,   14.9E3,   21.8E6,   309,   1.04E6,
    + 1200.,   13.32,   14.2E3,   20.9E6,   314,   1.04E6,
    DATA ((TABLE1(J),I=1,2),J=1,40)/
    + 0.275,   0.32,   0.785,   0.35,   2.628,   0.0,   2.492,   0.45,   2.366,
    + 0.502,   0.257,   0.55,   0.2156,   0.602,   0.065,   0.65,   0.982,   0.70,   1.908,
    + 0.75,   1.641,   0.80,   1.780,   0.85,   1.725,   0.90,   0.675,   0.95,   1.029,
    + 1.0,   1.587,   1.05,   1.849,   1.10,   1.54,   1.05,   1.422,   1.27,   1.424,
    + 1.25,   1.424,   1.30,   1.399,   1.35,   1.375,   1.40,   1.153,   1.45,   1.333,
    + 1.50,   1.314,   1.55,   1.296,   1.60,   1.279,   1.65,   1.664,   1.70,   1.288,
    + 1.75,   1.234,   1.80,   1.221,   1.85,   1.209,   1.90,   1.197,
    + 1.95,   1.186,   2.00,   1.175,   2.10,   1.156,   2.20,   1.138,   2.30,   1.122,   2.4,   1.107,
    DATA ((TABLE1(J),I=1,2),J=1,40)/
    + 2.50,   1.093,   2.60,   1.081,   2.77,   1.09,   2.6,   1.056,   2.9,   1.048,
    + 3.0,   1.019,   3.1,   1.030,   3.2,   1.022,   3.3,   1.014,   3.4,   1.007,
    + 3.5,   0.999,   3.6,   0.9932,   3.7,   0.9870,   3.8,   0.9811,   3.9,   0.9755,
  
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        +4.0.,9700/4.1.,9649,4.2.,9600,4.3.,9533,4.4.,9507.,
        +4.5.,9464/4.6.,9422,4.7.,9382,4.8.,9343,4.9.,9305,
        +5.0.,9267/6.0.,9463,7.0.,9227,8.0.,9537,9.0.,9379,
        +10.0.,8242,20.,7432,30.,7005,40.,6116,50.,4504,
        +60.0.,6335,70.,6194,80.,6076,90.,5873,200.,5882,
        DATA RTC1,876/-3,1,699E-/,1,632E-3,1,513/-3,1,529E-3/
        DATA RTC02,09E=7,1,8E=7,4,93E=7,7,2,E=7,9,46E=7/
        DATA GHWT
        /4,005,39,94U
        DATA SIGJ
        /2,576,3,418,2,115,3,9,3,61,3,98,4,055/
        DATA EKJ
        /10,2,124,18,9,5,11,0,3,225,229,
        DATA I3TOR,XN,XH,YCO,FRDEN,FR81,DS112,FRP012,FR35,FR0,FR41,
        +DF&DVOID,I,DC1DC0,PLLENZATMOSLPUF,8,ROUF,RNUC,EXT,TINLET
        +,DEV,ICREP,PREDH,RD5,NTIME,TIGS,NFUEL,DB0,KB,WBC,SIGF,
        +NLAD,
        +NFLX,KOOL,FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACH,FRACN,FRACKR,
        +FRACKE,ICDF,TIME,LVOIDZ,NOM,ZCLAD,MTEL,PSEUDO/9340/
        DATA IT,IDENSF,IRELSE,ICOR,CRUDTH,ZR02A/2540/
        DATA DTMP/100./,IRELOC//,TPLAS/2190.,/,TM2790.,/IRL/0/
        DATA DTMP/100./,IRELOC//,TPLAS/1200.,/,TM2790.,/IRL/0/
        DATA PROFIL/.23.,.63.,.96,1,21,1,35,1,4,1,35,1,21,1,21,1,35,1,23,1,21,1,35,1,23,1,10*0.,
        +294*0./
END

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115

BLKDAT

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BLKDAT

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BLKDAT

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BLKDAT

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BLKDAT

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BLKDAT

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SUBROUTINE AXPRNT 74/74 DPTS=1
 1 SUBROUTINE AXPRNT (TOTREL,ISTEP)
 COMMON /AC/ VOLCC,N12,N1Z,N10Z
 REAL N1Z,N7Z,N8Z,N10Z
 COMMON /AZ/ TBAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE(20),MGX(20)
 * ,TAGVXX(20),RDOT(15,20),RGAPX(20),POP(20),HFLUX(20)
 * ,XMOL(8,21),FMOL(7,21),PRESTO
 COMMON /AF/ TITLE(20),PFD02,
 COMMON /AD/ DUM(50),DUM(50)DELC(50),DELL(50),DELL(50),
 * Q(50),QIN(50),T(50),TT(50),VISCO8(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
 * NF,NFUEL,NNN
 COMMON /AD/ JCASE,IPNW,PEAK,P,BURNUP,ONVRAB,KOUNT,G1PGZ,
 * G0VRA8,TCONL,TCOLC,TRO,POC,TBT,TBIC,HF,TCC,TC0CN,
 * TC1,TCIC,TFS,FSC,TFM,DEIR,TWELT,RCHLT,TAVG,F,TAVFC,DELRT,
 * DELRB,DELRC,DELRCI,DELRCJ,DELRCM,PSOLID,MGAS,PGAS,MRAD,PRAD,
 * R&N,PRID,RIS,TSIN,TSING,PC5IN,DSIN,PSIN,DSIN,PDIN,
 * XBOT,RSINZ,RVIDZ,T,VVIDZ,RMELT,GK,ISTOP,DELGD,DELPI,DELRC,
 * DELRCJ,DELRT,CORR
 COMMON /PH/ PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PIT(20),PROFIL(15,21),
 * SAVNK(15,20),SAVNNE(15,20),SUMMKR(15,20),SUMMNK(15,20),
 * NVA,NNNE,TVOLAV,VOLGAS,NPRLI,DVBLS(20),DNV(20),
 * SDVN1(20),SDVN2(20),DVBX(20),DVN(20),DVN(20),DELVB(20)
 REAL INNR,NNNE
 COMMON /AB/ ICREP,DOB,FRDN,FRSN,DSINZ,FRU02,FR35,FR0,FR41,
 * DS8,DVOIDZ,OCL,DCN,VPLEN,ATMOSLFL,SR,DE,ROUF,ROUC,EXTP
 * ,NLAD,NELX,KDL,FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACH,FRACH,FRACK,TINNET(15),
 * ,FRCKE,RTCO(5,RTCS(5)),XCI,XN,ND,HGAEI,ZCLAD,MNI,LVIDZ
 * ,ICDF,IM,HBC,HG,XH,DTMP,PISTOR,IPEAK,NPDM,POWER(21),CRUDTH,ICOR,
 * ,SDOT,SDOT,EF,MU,EPSTE,EPSTC,ISTPL,M,WORD,IAGSNT,SIGHF,V,KB,
 * ,ZR(7,6),ZR4(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,80),GMWT(7),SIGL(7),EKLJ(7),
 * ,PI,CPN3,SECDAY,AVOGADRR,COEN,CF(3,10),RV(2,20),IT,ZR02(20)
 * ,LF,A(21),PHT,LPHA,CLCR(2,20),A(7,23),FRACT(7),MOL(7),
 * ,MOLEFR(7),RHO,QOVRAC,MOLTO,KM,IREL05,IRL,REV(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
 REAL LF,MUF,KB,MOL,MOLTO,MOLEFR,LVIDZ,LFUEL,KM
 WRITE (6,60)
 WRITE (6,20) JCASE,TIME(1)
 WRITE (6,70) TITLE
 XLOW=LF*0.5
 WRITE (6,30)
 DO 10 I=1,NPON
 SDVN1(I)=SDVN1(I)+DVN1(I)
 SDVN2(I)=SDVN2(I)+DVN2(I)
 DVBX(I)=MAX1(DVBX(I),DELVB(I))
 DVBS(I)=DELVB(I)
 P=POWER(I)+POWER(I+1))*0.5
 XLEXL=FLOAT(I)*LF
 SXXL=XLP0*0.254
 SISPP=3280*84
 SINFLX=HFLUX(I)*3.15248
 SITCLN=(TCLINE(I)+3.0)/1.0
 SITBAR=SITBARI=32.0/1.0
 SINGX=HGX(1)5.67863
 SIRGAP=GAPX(1)*0.254
 WRITE (6,40) SXXL,SIP,SITFLX,SITCLN,SITBAR,SINGX,SIRGAP,RDOT(NT,1)
 * ,FMOL(1,1)
 10 CONTINUE

1 31/10/75 12.28.09.
 2 FTN 4.44REL.
 3 PAGE 1

2 AXPRNT
 3 COMA
 2 COMA
 3 COMB
 3 COMB
 4 COMA
 2 COMC
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SUBROUTINE APRNT 74/74 OPT=1

FTN 4.0+REL. 31/10/75 12.08.09.

2

PAGE

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C PRINT SUMMARY OF AVERAGED TEMP AND PRESSURE.  
SITAV(CAVGXX(1$FP+1)=32.)1.8  
SI$PRES$0*175.1268  
WRITE (6,50) SITV,SITRES,TOTREL  
WRITE (6,80)  
RETURN  
  
C 20 FORMAT (// CASE ##,12.10X,##AXIAL SUMMARY#/1M0.10X,##TIME AT POWER IN  
APRNT 32  
APRNT 33  
APRNT 34  
APRNT 35  
APRNT 36  
APRNT 37  
APRNT 38  
APRNT 39  
APRNT 40  
APRNT 41  
APRNT 42  
APRNT 43  
APRNT 44  
APRNT 45  
APRNT 46  
APRNT 47  
APRNT 48  
APRNT 49  
APRNT 50  
APRNT 51  
APRNT 52  
APRNT 53  
APRNT 54  
APRNT 55  
APRNT 56  
APRNT 57  
APRNT 58  
APRNT 59  
APRNT 60  
  
60 DAYS #,F10.1)  
30 FORMAT (1HO.15X,##CLAD#,6X,##ENTER#,7X,##AVERAGE#,BX,##GAP#,BX,##RADIA  
+LM,##/10X,##AXIAL#,6X,##HEAT#,BX,##SURFACE#,BX,##LINE#,10X,##VOL.,#,SV,##C  
+DUCTANCE#,5X,##MOTS 12X,##GSM,##GSM,##MOLE#,##MOLE#,##DISTANCE#,4X,##RATIN  
+G#,##/7X,##HEAT LUX#,5X,##TEMP#,7X,##FRACTION#,BX,##RELEASE#,6X,##(METERS)##,BX,##  
+10X,##RELEASE#,6X,##FRACTION#,BX,##(METERS)##,BX,##(METERS)##,BX,##(METERS)##,BX,##  
+5X,##(DEG C),##7X,##(DEG C),##6X,##DEG,C),##5X,##DEG,C),##6X,##DEG,C),##5X,##  
+DN,##6X,##HELIUM#,/)-----  
40 FORMAT (3X,##0(3X,1PE10.3))  
50 FORMAT (//,##40X,##TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS##,##/15X,##-----  
+ERAGED#,15X,##INTERNAL GASM#5X,##SSION GAS#,##/17X,##VOLUME AV  
+19X,##PRESSURE#,19X,##RELEASE#,##/19X,##(DEG.C),##23X,##(PA)##20X,##FRAC  
+TIONS##,##/17X,E10.4,1BX,E10.4,17X,E10.4,##/##/##/##)  
60 FORMAT (1H1)  
70 FORMAT (1HO.20AU)  
80 FORMAT (##/##20X,##( CONVENT FROM#,BX,##TO THE FOLLOWING#,5X,##MULTIP  
+Y BY##/##22X,##M2##16X,##BTU/HR=F12#,10X,##0.3172E+00#,##/25X,##M#,  
+20X,##W/F1#,12X,##.040E+04#,##/25X,##M2#DEG.C,##9X,##BTU/H#FT2#DEG  
+F#,5X,##0.1761E+00#,##/25X,##PA ##,##20X,##PSI##,##14X,##5.7100E-01#,##)  
END
```

SUBROUTINE	CARL	74/74	OPT=1	FTN 4.0+REL.	\$1/10/75	12:28:09.	PAGE
							1
1	SUBROUTINE	CARL	(TSS,TFS,TT,N,PI,DFS,STORE)		CARL	2	
	DIMENSION	AREA(50),TVOL(50),HCAT(50)			CARL	3	
	DIMENSION	TSS(50),TT(50)			CARL	4	
5	REAL	K1,K2,K3			CARL	5	
	DO 10	I=1,N			CARL	6	
10	AREA(I)=((TSS(I)**2-TSS(I+1)**2)*PI)				CARL	7	
	TVOL(I)=(((TFS+TT(I))*5)/32.)/1.8)+273.				CARL	8	
	DO 20	I=1,N			CARL	9	
20	TVOL(I)=(((TT(I)+TT(I+1))*5)/32.)/1.8)+273.				CARL	10	
	TKEL=535.085				CARL	11	
	ED=37.6946				CARL	12	
10	K1=9.1450				CARL	13	
	K2=0.00784733				CARL	14	
	K3=643720.0				CARL	15	
15	R=.001986				CARL	16	
	CL=.0				CARL	17	
	STORE=0.				CARL	18	
	DO 30	I=1,N			CARL	19	
	TEMP=TVOL(I)				CARL	20	
20	HCAT(I)=CL*(K2*(TEMP**2-298.**2)+K3*EXP(-ED/R/TEMP)+K1*TKEL*(1./				CARL	21	
	+{EXP(TKEL/TEMP)-1.}*1./{EXP(TKEL/298.)*1.})				CARL	22	
	STORE=STORE+HCAT(I)*AREA(I)				CARL	23	
	30	CONTINUE			CARL	24	
	STORE=STORE*4./(PI*DFS**2)				CARL	25	
25	C				CARL	26	
	WE NOW HAVE STORE IN CAL/MOLE OF U O2.				CARL	27	
	C				CARL	28	
	NOW CONVERT IT TO CAL./GRAM OF UO2.				CARL	29	
	STORE=STORE/270.				CARL	30	
	RETURN				CARL	31	
	END				CARL	31	

SUBROUTINE CORROS 7474 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 1

```

1      SUBROUTINE CORROS (ICOR, QC, T, TCD, TP, ZRO2A, DTEMP)
      IF (TCD.LE.200.0) GO TO 70
      ACOR1.
      KOXI0.
      TCOKE=TCO*460.)/1.0
      ZOTCON=1.6599-2.41E-4*TCDK+6.43E-7*TCDK**2.=1.946E-10*TCDK**3
      ZOKZ0=TC0/1.796
      IF (ICOR.GE.3) GO TO 10
      WTRAN6=.75E-6
      WGK1=0.70975E-3
      WACT1=.906.6
      WGK2=40.05.
      WACT2=223141.0
      GO TO 20
10     WTRAN26=.9029E-6*EXP(-1422./((TC0+QC*ZRO2A/ZDXK+460.))
      WGK1=.927E-3
      WACT1=.939E-6
      WGK2=5.0302E+2
      WACT2=25920.0
      WACT3=.92A.G.WTRAN) GO TO 50
20     IF (.ZRO2A.G.WTRAN) GO TO 50
      DO 30 I=1,5
30     OXIDE1=WGK1*EXP(-WACT1/(TC0+QC*OXIDE1/ZDXK+460.))*(TP)**0.3*ACDR**
      +0.3
      DO 40 I=1,5
40     OXIDE2=WGK1*EXP(-WACT1/(TC0+QC*OXIDE2/ZDXK+460.))*(TP)**0.3*ACDR**
      +0.3
      ZROXB=ZRO2A*OXIDE2*OXIDE1
      IF (.ZROXB.LE.WTRAN) GO TO 70
      KOXI1.
      OXIDE1=ZROXB
      50 CONTINUE
      DELT0=0.0
      DELMT=TP
      DO 60 I=1,5
60     OXIDE=ZRO2A*DELT0
      DELTOK=WGK2*EXP(-WACT2/(TC0+QC*OXIDE/ZDXK+460.))*DELM*ACDR
      ZROXB=ZRO2A*DELTOK
      IF (.KOXI.EQ.0) GO TO 70
      ZRO2A=(OXIDE3-WTRAN)*(ZROXB-OXIDE3)/(OXIDE3-ZRO2A)*OXIDE3
      70 CONTINUE
      DTEMP=QC*ZRO2A/ZDXK
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE DENSF 74/74 OPT=1
 FTN 4.4+REL.
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 PAGE 1

```

1      SUBROUTINE DENSF (DELPI,DFS,ROW,ROWS,BN)
C
C      DELPHOBALOG (BU)*8
C      ALGB8=1.6094
C      ALG 2002.996
C      ALOG 200007.601.
C
C      BUBN
C      DELPI=0.
C      IF (BU.LT.20) GO TO 30
C      IF (ROWS.LE.ROW) GO TO 30
C      DR=0.05*ROW
C      IF (BU.GT.2000) BU=2000.
C      IF (ROW.GT.10.08) GO TO 10
C      DELR=1.669*ALG*(BU/5.)*DR
C      GO TO 20
C      10 DELP=0.2171*DRL ALOG (BU/20)
C      20 DELPI=DELR*DFS/4./ROW
C      30 RETURN
C      END

```

DESN1	2
DESN1	3
DESN1	4
DESN1	5
DESN1	6
DESN1	7
DESN1	8
DESN1	9
DESN1	10
DESN1	11
DESN1	12
DESN1	13
DESN1	14
DESN1	15
DESN1	16
DESN1	17
DESN1	18
DESN1	19

SUBROUTINE DEPRES 74/74 OPT#1

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```

1      SUBROUTINE DEPRES
2      COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DOB,FRDEN,FRSIN,DSINZ,FRPU02,FR40,FR41,
3      *DFS,DVOID,ZDCI,DCD,VPLNZ,ATMOS,LFUEL,S,DE,ROUC,ROIC,EXP,
4      *NCLD,NFL,KOOL,FRAC,E,FRICR,FRACN,FRACKR,TINLET(15),
5      *FRAC,E,RTCO(5),RTC(5),XCO,N,NOH,HGACEL,ZCLAD,MINILVOIDZ,
6      *ICDF,TH,HBC,HG,XH,DIEMP,ISDR,ISPEAK,INFOR,POWER(2),CRUDTH,ICOR,
7      *SDOT,SDOTT,EF,MUF,EP81F,EP51F,EP51F,WORD1,GAS,N,SIGHF,V,KB,
8      *ZR(7,6),ZR47,61,ST(7,12),TABLE(2,60),GMWT(7),SIGIJ(7),EKLJ(7),
9      *CCPN3,SECDAY,AVOGAD,RR,ONEN,LCF(3,10),RV(2,20),IT,ZROZA(20),
10     *LFA,(21),PTOT,MAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA(7,23),FRACT(7),MOLT(7),
11     *MOLER(7),PHO,ODVAC,WOLTT,KM,TPLOC,IRL,RV(2,20),IDEASF,IRUST,
12     *REAL,LF,MUF,KB,ML,TOT,WLEFR,LVOID,KH
13     DATA SIGA,SIGB,SIGA1,SIGB1,SIGT5,SIGT6,SIGT7,SIGT8,SIGT9,SIGT10,SIGT11,
14     *4,2/
15     FR38=1,*R35
16     EN$ERO*FR35*,00225927
17     EN$ERO*FR35*,00223079
18     EN$ENS*ENS)*2.
19     SGAMS*SIGA5*EN$*SIGA6*END*SIGAO)
20     SGT*(EN$*SIGT5*EN$*SIGT6*END*SIGT7)
21     CAP8Q3,*SGA*SGT/(1.,=,8*SGA/SGT)
22     CAPPARTR(CAP30)
23     IZ=11
24     RV(1,1)=0.
25     RV(2,1)=1.
26     IF ((IRL,GT,0) 1Z=IRL+1
27     DO 10 IZ2,IZ
28     RV(1,1)=RV(1,1)+1,0*DFS/10.
29     R$RV(1,1)*2.54/a.*CAPPA
30     10 RV(2,1)=1.*R**2*R**4/u.*R**6/36.*R**8/576.
31     IF ((IRL,GT,0) GO TO 20
32     RETURN
33     20 DO 30 IZ1,IRL
34     RVE(1,1)*(RV(1,1)+RV(1,1)+1)*5
35     30 RVE(2,1)*(RV(2,1)+RV(2,1)+1)*5
36     RETURN
37     END

```

```

SUBROUTINE EXPAND 74/74   OPT=1          FTN 4.4+REL.    31/10/75 12.28.09.    PAGE 1

1      SUBROUTINE EXPAND (RFS,RD,TT,TFS,DELR,T,DELT,DELL)
        DIMENSION TT(50),DELT(50),DELL(50)
        T(T1,T2)=((T1+T2)/2.*32.)/1.8
        DELR=0.
5       DO 10 IM1=50
        DELL(I)=0.
        DELC(I)=0.
10      DELC(I)=0.
        DO 40 IM1=50
        RINERF=RD*I
        RONRIN=RD
        IF (CI.GT.1) GO TO 20
        TACTA(TS,TT())
        GO TO 30
20      TACTA(T(I=1),TT(I))
        30 CONTINUE
        C8T2=.896E-9*(TAC**25.***2)+6.797E-6*(TAC=25.)
        RAVR(RI+RON)*.5
        DELC(I)*C8T*RAV
        DELC(I)=C8T*RD
        40 CONTINUE
        BIGABS(DELC(I))
        L=1
        DO 60 IM2=50
        ABABS(DELT(I))
        25      IF (AB=BIG) 60,60,50
        50      BIGABS(DELT(I))
        L=L+1
        60 CONTINUE
        DO 70 IM1=L
        70      DELR=DELR+DELL(I)
        DELT=DELT+DELL(L)/2.+DELC(L)
        RETURN
        END

```

```

        EXPAND 2
        EXPAND 3
        EXPAND 4
        EXPAND 5
        EXPAND 6
        EXPAND 7
        EXPAND 8
        EXPAND 9
        EXPAND 10
        EXPAND 11
        EXPAND 12
        EXPAND 13
        EXPAND 14
        EXPAND 15
        EXPAND 16
        EXPAND 17
        EXPAND 18
        EXPAND 19
        EXPAND 20
        EXPAND 21
        EXPAND 22
        EXPAND 23
        EXPAND 24
        EXPAND 25
        EXPAND 26
        EXPAND 27
        EXPAND 28
        EXPAND 29
        EXPAND 30
        EXPAND 31
        EXPAND 32
        EXPAND 33
        EXPAND 34

```

SUBROUTINE FISGAS 74/74 OPT=1

PAGE 1

FTN 4.4+REFL. 31/10/75 12.28.09.

1 C SUBROUTINE FISGAS (TIN,P,EPSP,KFC,MTIME,IPOW,NT1)

5 C SUBROUTINE FISGAS IS USED TO CALCULATE THE AMOUNT
C OF FISSION GAS PRODUCED FOR A GIVEN TIME AND POWER.
C CALCULATIONS ARE BASED ON TWO MODELS. THE FIRST ASSUMES A
C A PRIMARILY FAST SPECTRUM, AND THE SECOND ASSUMES A
C THERMAL SPECTRUM.

10 C FISGAS MODIFICATIONS

11=273 JLC
10 C SOLUTIONS OF EQUATIONS HAVE BEEN REFORMULATED. FUEL ISOTOPES
C EQUATIONS ARE A SHORTENED SET FROM EARLIER VERSION OF FISGAS,
C EXPLICITLY INCLUDING ONLY U235, U238, PU239, PU240, Pu241, AND
C NP39.

15 C FLUX IS ASSUMED CONSTANT IN EACH TIME STEP. BY DEFAULT OPTION,
C FLUX IS RECALCULATED WITH FUEL COMPOSITION AT END OF INPUT STEP,
C AND IS SUBDIVIDED SO THAT RELATIVE CHANGE IN FLUX IS LESS THAN A
C SPECIFIED QUANTITY, EPSP. TO OVERRIDE THIS OPTION AND THUS KEEP FISGAS
C FLUX AT ITS TWO VALUE, SET KFC=1.

20 C THE CODING HAS PROVISIONS FOR A MIXED THERMAL-FAST SPECTRUM AND FISGAS

FOR ISOTOPE DEPENDENCE OF ENERGY PER FISSION.

COMMON /AVOLC/N1,N72,N62,N10Z,N9Z

REAL N12,N72,N62,N10Z
COMMON /PH_PSEUDO/15,TIME(15),NTIME,PI1(20),PROFIL(15:21),
*SAVNR(15:20),SAVNRE(15:20),SUMK(15:20),SUHNE(15:20),CS(20),
*NNKR,NNXETVOLAV,VOLGAS,WNPRLI,DVBUST(20),DVN3(20),
*DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DVBX(20),DVNI(20),DVN2(20),DELVR(20)
REAL NNKR,NNXE
COMMON/ZZ/TAX(25),TFX(25),CX(25),AX(25),FX(25),
*DC51,DC85,DC21,DC22,DC23,DC26,DC28,DC31,DC33,DC34,DC35,DC25
REAL N1,N3,N7,N8,N9,N10
IF (MTIME.GT.0) GO TO 40

C10=0.0

C104=0.

C106=0.0

C107=0.0

C108=0.0

C109=0.0

C110=0.0

C111=0.0

C112=0.0

C113=0.0

C114=0.0

C116=0.0

C117=0.0

C118=0.0

N1=N12

N3=0,

N7=N72

N8=N82

N9=N9Z

N10=N10Z

EPS=0.000001

KSATO

LSATO

MSATO

NSATO

FISGAS

SUBROUTINE FISGAS 74/74 OPT=1

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```

      KF800
      TPREV=0.
      NNRB0.
      NNXE0.
      DO 10 I=1,25
      AX(I)=T(X(I))
      10 FX(I)=TFX(I)
      DO 20 CX(I)=MAX(I)-FX(I)
      20 CX(I)=MAX(I)-FX(I)
      DO 30 I=1,4
      30 DO 30 J=1,19
      30 Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)
      X(0)=DC851
      X(0)=DC21
      X(0)=DC22
      X(0)=DC23
      X(0)=DC25
      X(1)=DC31
      X(1)=DC32
      X(1)=DC26
      X(1)=DC28
      X(1)=DC34
      40 CONTINUE
      T=IN=TPREV
      IT=0
      IF (KFC,EQ.1) IT=1
      NT=1
      C   CONVERT POWER FROM KW/FT TO KW/INCH
      PFORIN=P12.
      50 CONTINUE
      IF (KFS,EQ.1) GO TO 60
      PH=CFORN/(CP1*N1*FX(1)+CAP7*N7*FX(7)+CAP8*N8*FX(8)+CAP9*N9*FX(9)
      +)+CAP10*FX(10)
      CST(IPOW)=PH/P
      KFS=1
      C   CALCULATION FOR FUEL ISOTOPES
      60 CONTINUE
      PHI=CS(P0W)*P
      X1=PHI*AX(1)
      X2=PHI*AX(2)*DC2
      X3=PHI*AX(3)*DC3
      X7=PHI*AX(7)
      X8=PHI*AX(8)
      X9=PHI*AX(9)
      X10=PHI*AX(10)
      A1=AX(1)/AX(1)
      B2=DC2/X2
      A3=FX(3)*PHI/X3
      B3=DC3/X3
      A7=FX(7)/AX(7)
      A8=FX(8)/AX(8)
      70 CONTINUE
      TN=N1*EXP(-X1*t)
      TN=TN*10*EXP(-X10*t)
      G1=x1/(x1+x2)*B2*X2/(X1*X3)
      C3=N1+N3
      FISGAS 52
      FISGAS 53
      FISGAS 54
      FISGAS 55
      FISGAS 56
      FISGAS 57
      FISGAS 58
      FISGAS 59
      FISGAS 60
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      FISGAS 63
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      FISGAS 67
      FISGAS 68
      FISGAS 69
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      FISGAS 75
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      FISGAS 92
      FISGAS 93
      FISGAS 94
      FISGAS 95
      FISGAS 96
      FISGAS 97
      FISGAS 98
      FISGAS 99
      FISGAS 100
      FISGAS 101
      FISGAS 102
      FISGAS 103
      FISGAS 104
      FISGAS 105
      FISGAS 106
      FISGAS 107
      FISGAS 108

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SUBROUTINE FISGAS

74/74 OPT1

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FTN 4,4+REL.

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```

115      TC3=C3*EXP(X3*T)
         TN3=TC3*G1*N1
         IF (P,LE,0,) G1=0,
         IF (P,GT,0,) G1=B3*X3/(X1-X7)*G1
         G3=B3*X3/(X3-X7)
         C7=G1*N1+G3*C3+N7
         TC7=C7*EXP(X7*T)
         TN7=TC7*G1*N1=G3*TC3
         IF (P,LE,0,) G1=0,
         IF (P,GT,0,) G1=X7/(X1-X6)*G1
         G3=A7*X7/(X1-X6)*G3
         G7=A7*X((7)/(AX((7))AX(B)))
         C8=G1*N1*(G3+C3)+G7*C7+N8
         TC8=C8*EXP(X8*T)
         TN8=TC8+G1*N1+G3*TC3=G7*TC7
         G1=A8*X((8)/(AX(1)AX(9))*G1
         G3=A8*X((8)/(X1-X9)*G3
         G7=A8*X((8)/(AX(7)AX(9))*G7
         G8=A8*X((8)/(AX(8)AX(9))
         C9=G1*N1+G3*C3=G7*C7+G8*C8+N9
         TC9=C9*EXP(X9*T)
         TN9=TC9*G1*N1=G3*C3*G7*T*G8*T*G8*T*G8*T
         IF (IT,GT,0) GO TO 90
         PHIPRORIN/(CAP1+TN1*FX(1)+CAP7+TN7*FX(7)+CAP8+TN8*FX(8)+CAP9+TN9
         +FX(9)+CAP10+TN10*FX(10))
         RPHIMBS((PMP=PM)/PM)
         IF (RPHI.LT.EPSB) GO TO 80
         NT=NNT*2
         T=T/2.
         GO TO 70
        A0 CONTINUE
        IT#1
        90 CONTINUE
        DO 100 J=1,19
           F(J)=P1*((X((10)*N10Z*Y(1,J)+FX(1)*N1Z*Y(2,J)+FX(7)*N7Z*Y(5,J)+FX
           +(9)*N9Z*Y(4,J))
        100 CONTINUE
        N1=TN1
        N3=TN3
        N7=TN7
        N8=TN8
        N9=TN9
        N10=TN10
        A3=0.21
        A6=0.18
        A16=0.1
        A104=PH1*AX(21)*DC85
        X109=PH1*AX(22)
        X112=PH1*AX(23)
        X114=PH1*AX(24)*DC33
        X118=PH1*AX(25)*DC35
        160      C   CALCULATION FOR KRYPTON ISOTOPES
        A4*PH1*A(X(21)/X104
        DNKR=(F(1)*F(2)*A4*(A3+F(3)*F(4))+F(5))*T
        B3=A3*X103/(X103*X104)
        DC=(B3*F(3)+F(4))/X104=C104*0*EXP(X104*T)
        165      C
        170

```

SUBROUTINE FISGAS 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.0+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 4

```

DNK#DNK(R*(1.+A4)*DC
C10#C10#DC
175    IF (KSAT.EQ.1) GO TO 110
DC=(F(3)/A03*A103)*DHEXP(X103*T)
DC0=(1.*A3+A4*B3*(1.-A4))*DC
IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EPS*DNKR)) KSAT=KSAT+1
DNK#DNK#DCOR
C10#C10#DC
110    CONTINUE
SAVNR(N1,IPDN)=NNKR+DNKR
NNKR=SAVNR(N1,IPDN)
180
185    C     CALCULATION FOR XENON ISOTOPES
      A14PFI*XX(24)*X114
      A18PFI*XX(25)*X116
190    C     LINEAR CHANGE WITH TIME
      DNX=(C14*(F(13)+F(14))+C16*(F(16)+F(17)+F(18))+F(19))*T
      C     CONTRIBUTION OF XE132 TRANSMUTATION RATE
      PC1=X11/(X11-X112)*(F(11)+X110/(X110-X112)*F(10))
      FAC1=0.
      IF ((X10*X112).NE.0.) FAC(X109/(X109*X112)
      PC2=AC*(F(9)+108/(X108*X112))*(F(8)+X107/(X107-X112))*F(7)+(1.+A6*
      *X112/(X107-X112))*X106/(X106-X112)*F(6))
      FAC1=FAC1+F(112*T)
      IF ((X112*T).NE.0.) FAC0=DHEXP(X112*T)/X112
      DC=PC1+PC2+F(12)=X112*C112+FAC
      C112=C112+DC
      DNX=DNX+DC
      C     CONTRIBUTION OF XE131 TRANSMUTATION RATE
      PC1=X108/(X108*X109)*(F(8)+X107/(X107-X109)*F(7)+(1.+A6*X109)/(X107
      *X109))*X106/(X106-X109)*F(6)
      FAC1=0.
      IF ((X109*T).NE.0.) FAC0=DHEXP(X109*T)/X109
      DC=(PC1+(F(9)-X109+C109)*F(8)
      IF ((X109*X112).NE.0.) DNKE=DNXE*X112/(X109*X112)*DC
      C10#C10#DC
      C     CORRECTION FOR RAPIDLY SATURATING CONTRIBUTIONS
      COR0,
      IF (LSAT.EQ.1) GO TO 120
      DC=((X116*(X116-X118)*(1.+A16*X118)*(1.+A16*X118)/(X117-X118))*F(16)+X117/(X117-T)
      *X118)*F((17)+F((18))/X118=C118*DHEXP(X118*T)
      DC0=(1.*A18)*DC
      IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EPS*DNXE)) LSAT=LSAT+1
      C118=C118+DC
      CORCOR+DCOR
120    CONTINUE
      IF (MSAT.EQ.1) GO TO 130
      DC=((X113*(X113-X114)*F((13)+F((14))/X114=C114)*DHEXP(X114*T)
      DC0=(1.-A14)*DC
      IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EPS*DNXE)) MSAT=MSAT+1
      C114=C114+DC
      COR=COR+DCOR

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SUBROUTINE FISGAS 74/74 OPT#1

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FTN 0.4+REL.

PAGE 5

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230      130 CONTINUE
          NNMINO(NSAT,9)
          NSATNN
          IF (NN,GT,9) GO TO 220
          GO TO (140,150,160,170,180,190,200,210), NN
240      140 CONTINUE
          DC=(A16*(X16/(X16*X17)*F(16)+F(17))/X117-C117)*OMEXP(X117*T)
          DCOR=(A16*(X16/(X16*X17)*F(16)+F(17))/X117-C117)*OMEXP(X117*T)
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C117C117DC
          COREOR+DCOR
250      150 CONTINUE
          DC=(A6*(X16/(X16*X17)*F(6)+F(7))/X107-C107)*OMEXP(X107*T)
          DCOR=X107/(X107*X108)*X108/(X107*X109)*(X109/(X107*X112)=1.)*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C107C107DC
260      160 CONTINUE
          DC=(X110/(X110*X111)*F(10)+F(11))/X111=C111)*OMEXP(X111*T)
          DCOR=X111/(X111*X112)*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C111C111DC
          COREOR+DCOR
270      170 CONTINUE
          DC=(F(16)/X116=C116)*OMEXP(X116*T)
          B16=A16*X116/(X116*X117)
          DCOR=(A16*(1.=16)*X116/(X116*X118)*(1.=B16)+B16)*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C116C116DC
          COREOR+DCOR
280      180 CONTINUE
          DC=(F(13)/(X113-C113)*OMEXP(X113*T)
          DCOR=(A14*(1.=14)*X113/(X113*X114))*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C113C113DC
          COREOR+DCOR
290      190 CONTINUE
          DC=(F(6)/X106=C106)*OMEXP(X106*T)
          DCOR=X106/(X106*X107)*X107/(X106*X109)*(1.=A6*A106/(X106*X107))*(
          +X109/(X106*X112)=1.)*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C106C106DC
          COREOR+DCOR
300      200 CONTINUE
          DC=(F(10)/X110=C110)*OMEXP(X110*T)
          DCOR=X110/(X110*X111)*X111/(X110*X112)*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C110C110DC
          COREOR+DCOR
310      210 CONTINUE
          DC=(X106/(X106*X108)*(1.+A6*X108/(X107*X108))*F(6)+X107/(X107*X10
          +8)*F(7)+F(8))/A108=C108)*OMEXP(X108*T)
          DCOR=(X108/(X108*X109)*(X109/(X108*X112)=1.))*DC
          IF (ABS(DCOR).LT.ABS(EP\$*DNXE)) NSAT=NSAT+1
          C108C108DC
          COREOR+DCOR
          DNXE*DNXE*DCOR
320      220 CONTINUE
          NNMAXO(NSAT,9)
          NSATNN
          IF (NN,LT,9) GO TO 120
          GO TO (140,150,160,170,180,190,200,210), NN
          NSATNN
          FISGAS 223
          FISGAS 224
          FISGAS 225
          FISGAS 226
          FISGAS 227
          FISGAS 228
          FISGAS 229
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          FISGAS 274
          FISGAS 275
          FISGAS 276
          FISGAS 277
          FISGAS 278
          FISGAS 279

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SUBROUTINE FISGAS 74/74 OPTREL.

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```
220 CONTINUE
      SAVX(NT1,IPOW)=NNXE+DNXE
      NNXE=SAVX(NT1,IPOW)
      NT1=1
      IF (NT1.EQ.0) GO TO 250
      IF (KVC.EQ.1) GO TO 60
      KPSN0
      GO TO 50
230 CONTINUE
      TPREVATN
      RETURN
      END
290
295
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FISGAS    260
FISGAS    261
FISGAS    262
FISGAS    263
FISGAS    264
FISGAS    265
FISGAS    266
FISGAS    267
FISGAS    268
FISGAS    269
FISGAS    270
FISGAS    291
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SUBROUTINE FISSES 74/74 OPT=1

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PAGE: 1

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1      SUBROUTINE FISSES
2      COMMON /AC/ VOLC,N12,N7Z,NBZ,N10Z
3      REAL N12,N7Z,NBZ,N10Z
4      COMMON/AZ/ TPAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE(20),MGX(20)
5      * TAVGX(20),RDOT(15,20),RGAP(20),ROP(20),MLX(20)
6      * XMOLS(21),FMOLES(21),PRESTO ,SUMOLS(7)
7      * COMMON /AF/ TITLE(20),FRUD(2),BB(2,50),PHICAP(7,7),CSUBP(7),
8      * CON(7),DUM(50),DUM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),DEGA(7),PCFR(50),
9      * QIS(50),QIN(50),T8(50),TT(50),VISCO(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
10     * ANF,INFUEL,NNN
11     COMMON/PH/ PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PITI(20),PROFL(15,21),
12     * SAVNKR(15,20),SAVXEL(15,20),SUMNKR(15,20),SUMVNE(15,20),CST(20),
13     * NAKR,NAME,TITLE,VOLGAS,W,NPFIL,DVBLST(20),DV3(20),
14     * SDVN1(20),SDVN2(20),DVX(20),DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DELVB(20)
15     REAL NMR,NNN
16     COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DBN,FBDEN,FBSIN,DSINZ,FPNPUN2,FR35,FR40,FR41,
17     * DFS,DVNDZ,DCI,DCIVPNLZ,AIOS,LFUL,S,DEF,ROFL,ROUC,EXP
18     * NCLAD,NFLX,KOOL,FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACH,FRACN,FRCKR,TTNLTE(15),
19     * FRACKE,FRTC(5),ACO,XN,NOM,MGACEL,CLAD,INI,LVOIDZ
20     * ICDF,IM,HBC,MG,XHOTEMP,ISTOR,IPERM,NPWR,POWER(21),CRUDTH,ICOR,
21     * RDOT,900TF,MUF,EPSTF,EPSTC,ISTPLM,WORD1,IGASNT,SIGHF,VKB,
22     * ZR7,6,ZR4(7,6),S(7,12),TABLE(2,40),GMW(7),SIGLJ(7),EFLA(7)
23     * PI,CCTIN3,SECDAY,AVGAD,R,CONEN,CF(3,10),RV(2,20),IT,ZRD2,(20)
24     * LF,AIC(21),PINT,LPMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA(7,23),FRACTN(7),MOL(7),
25     * MOLEFR(7),RMH,QOVRFC,MOLTO,AN,IRELC,IIRLAVE(2,20),IDENSF,IRFLSF
26     REAL LF,MUF,KB,MOL,MOLTO,MLLEFR,LYMDZ,LFLFL,KM
27
28     C INITIALIZE (P*T) FOR EACH AXIAL NODE, FOR BURNUP CALC.
29     C NPOW1=IPOW+1
30     DO 10 IPOW=1,NPOW
31     10 PITC(IPOW)=0.
32
33     C SET UP LOOPS TO COMPUTE GAS RELEASE AT EACH NODE FOR EACH TIME STEP
34     DO 30 N=2,NTIME
35     NT=MA0(NT=1)
36     IF (NPRL,1,IPOW)=1,NTT=1
37     DO 20 NP=1,NPOW
38     SAVNKR(1,IPOW)=0.
39     DAYS=0.
40     MTIME=1.
41     DO 60 N=2,NTIME
42     NT=MA0(NT=1)
43     IF (NPRL,1,IPOW)=1,NTT=1
44     DO 20 NP=1,NPOW
45     20 POWER(NP)=PROFL(NP,NTT)
46     IF (IPAK) 30,40,30
47     30 CONTINUE
48     PAVRG=SEUDO(NT)
49     GO TO 50
50     40 PKPOWERSEUDO(NT)
51     50 CALL PWDIS (PKPDR,PAVRG)
52     DAYS+(TIME(NT)-TIME(NT=1))
53     TODAY*SECDAY
54     RDOT(NT,IPOW)=0.0
55     40 P=0.5*POWER(IPOW)+POWER(IPOW+1)
56     CALL FSGAS (T,P,0,1,MTIME,IPOW,NT)
57     60 CONTINUE
58     70 CONTINUE
59
60     FISSES 2
61     FISSES 3
62     FISSES 4
63     FISSES 5
64     FISSES 6
65     FISSES 7
66     FISSES 8
67     FISSES 9
68     FISSES 10
69     FISSES 11
70     FISSES 12
71     FISSES 13
72     FISSES 14
73     FISSES 15
74     FISSES 16
75     FISSES 17
76     FISSES 18
77     FISSES 19
78     FISSES 20
79     FISSES 21
80     FISSES 22
81     FISSES 23
82     FISSES 24
83     FISSES 25
84     FISSES 26
85     FISSES 27
86     FISSES 28
87     FISSES 29
88     FISSES 30
89     FISSES 31
90     FISSES 32
91     FISSES 33
92     FISSES 34
93     FISSES 35
94     FISSES 36
95     FISSES 37
96     FISSES 38

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SUBROUTINE FISSES 74/74 OPT=1
FTN 4.4+REL.
RETURN
END

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FISSES 39
FISSES 40

SUBROUTINE GASREL 74/74 OPT=1

FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12:28:09.

PAGE 1

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1      SUBROUTINE GASREL (TIPW,LSTHIF,CORR,RVOID,N,BURNUP,TFS,RTM)      GASREL 2
      COMMON /AC/VOLC,N1Z,N7Z,N8Z,N10Z                                     COMA 3
      REAL N1Z,N7Z,N8Z,N10Z
      COMMON /AZ/TBAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE((20),MGX(20))                  COMB 2
      +,TAVGX(20),RDIT(15,21),RGAX(20),OP(20),HFUX(20)                      COMB 3
      +,XMOLES(21),FMOL(7,21),PRESTD,SMOLES(7)                            COMB 4
      COMMON /AF/TITLE(20),FRUD2,BB12,50),PHICAP(7,7),CSUBP(7),          COMC 2
      +CON(7),DUM(50),DUM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),OMEGA(7),PCFR(50),        COMC 3
      +O(50),GIN(50),TB500,TT(50),VSCOS(7),TSF(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,         COMC 4
      +NF,NFUEL,NNN
      COMMON /PH/PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PIT(20),PROFL(15,21),       COMC 5
      +SAVNKR(15,20),SAVXEL(15,20),SUMNKR(15,20),SUMXEL(15,20),CS(20),    COME 2
      +NNKR,NXKE,TOLV,VOLGAS,W,NPFIL,DVBLST(20),DN3(20),                 COME 3
      +SDVN1(20),SDVN2(20),DVBX(20),DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DELYB(20)           COME 4
      REAL NNKR,NXKE
      COMMON /AB/ICREP(BO),FDEN,FRBN,FRBNZ,FRPUN2,FRS5,FRU0,FR41,          COMI 2
      +DFS,VOIDZ,DEI,DO,DV,VPLENZ,AOMS,LFUEL,S,DE,ROF,ROU,C,EXP,          COMI 3
      +INCLAD,NFLX,KNOFL,FRACHE,FRACR,FRICH,FRICN,FRICK,TTNLET(15),     COMI 4
      +PRACKE,TC015),RC(5),XCO,XN,NOM,HACEL,ZCLAD,INI,VOIDZ,              COMI 5
      +JCDF,IM,MBC,MHG,IM,DTEN,IPEAK,IPK,PNWR(21),CRUDTH,ICOR,          COMI 6
      +BDOT,SDOTT,EF,MUF,EPSTEIN,EPIC,ISTLM,WORDL,IGS,NT,SIGHF,Y,KB,      COMI 7
      +ZR(7,6),ZR4(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,60),GMAT(7),SIGL(J7),EKL(J7)    COMI 8
      +PI,CCPIN3,SECDAY,AVOGD,RR,CONEN,CF(3,10),RV2(20),IT,ZR02A(20)      COMI 9
      +,LF,A121,PTOT,ULMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA(7,25),FRCTN(7),MOL(7),        COMI 10
      +MOLEFR(7),RHO,QDVRAC,MLTOT,AM,IRELOC,IR,REVE2,20),IDENS,IRELSE   COMI 11
      REAL LF,MUF,KB,MOI,MLTOT,MLEFLR,LVNDZ,LFUEL,KM
      REAL LR,LGSR
      C
      C LSTHIF LAST HIGHEST RELEASED FRACTION
      DIMENSION LSTHIF(20)
      DIMENSION SVT(9),TD(9)
      DATA SVT/1600.,1100.,850.,570.,300.,160.,75.,27.,7.5/
      DATA TD/.91,.92,.93,.94,.95,.96,.97,.98,.99/
      DATA VOL,LR/2.E-21,7.E-4/
      LGSR=0.
      APRCBURNUP/390.
      SV=TEP(FDEN,SV,TD,9)
      FT=2.604E16*FRDEN*BURNUP
      VFT=VOL*FT
      IF (BURNUP.LT.20000.) GO TO 10
      SV=SV+.1936*(EXP(.9391+ATPRC))
      GO TO 20
      10 CONTINUE
      SV=SV1
      20 CONTINUE
      R1200=ERP(2192.,BB,2,N,2)
      R1700=ERP(5092.,BB,2,N,2)
      R1400=ERP(2552.,BB,2,N,2)
      R1214=.5*(R1200+R1400)
      R1417=.5*(R1400+R1700)
      R17=.5*(R1700+RTM)
      RF3=D5/2.
      XSRF12=(RF3**2*R1200**2)/(RF3**2*RVO1D**2)
      X1214=(R1200**2*R1400**2)/(RF3**2*RVO1D**2)
      X1417=(R1400**2*R1700**2)/(RF3**2*RVO1D**2)
      X17=R1700**2*RT**2)/(RF3**2*RVO1D**2)
      D1214=2*R1214
      
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SUBROUTINE GASREL 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.26.09. PAGE 2
 D1417=R1417
 D17=N2+R7
 XRTM0.
 IP (XRTM0LE,VOID) GO TO 30
 XRTM=(XRTM+2*RVOID**2)/(RF3**2+RVOID**2)
 RTM=(XRTM+2*RVOID**2)/(RTM+RVOID)
 DTMS2=XRTM
 RATM=TERP(DTM,RV,2,NF,2)
 30 CONTINUE
 RAT12=TERP(D1214,RV,2,NF,2)
 RAT14=TERP(D1417,RV,2,NF,2)
 RAT17=TERP(D17,RV,2,NF,2)
 F1417=F1417+RAT14*CORR
 F17X=F17*CORR
 IF (BURNUP.EQ.0) GO TO 40
 LGBR=VALR*(.75-(3./VFT)*(1.=EXP(-VFT/4)))
 40 CONTINUE
 RDOT(NY,IP0W)=.05*X1214*RAT12+.141*EX1417*RAT14+.807*X17*RAT17+.1
 *XRTM*RTM)*CORRLGSR*XRFL12*CORR
 IF (LGAS.EQ.0) GO TO 50
 RDOT(NY,IP0W)=RDOT(NY,IP0W)+1.66*(.002112+.0052*F1417**2+(.00269+F
 *1417*F17)+.00217*F17**2)*.5+LGSR
 50 CONTINUE
 SUM6=0.0
 SUM7=0.0
 NX=N1
 IF (NT.EQ.1) GO TO 60
 IF (RDOT(NY,IP0W).LE.RDOT(NY,IP0W)) GO TO 70
 LBLS=3*H(IP0W)
 NIX=N1
 NX=N1
 LS=0
 DO 60 NL=LS,N1X
 NL+=1
 NL=N1*NL
 IF (RDOT(NY,IP0W).GE.RDOT(NL,IP0W)) GO TO 60
 NX=NL
 GO TO 70
 60 CONTINUE
 NX=N1
 C SAVNX(A,B)= TOTAL ATOMS/IN IN AXIAL NODE B THRU TIME STEP A
 70 CONTINUE
 SUM6=SAVNKR(NX,IP0W)
 SUM7=SAVNKE(NX,IP0W)
 C SUMNX(A,B)=ATOMS/NODE B RELEASED
 80 SUMNKR(NT,IP0W)=RDOT(NT,IP0W)*(SAVNKR(NT,IP0W)-SUM6)*LF/AVOGAD
 SUMNE(NT,IP0W)=RDOT(NT,IP0W)*(SAVNKE(NT,IP0W)-SUM7)*LF/AVOGAD
 105 IF (NT.EQ.1) GO TO 90
 SUMNKR(NT,IP0W)=SUMNKR(NT,IP0W)+SUMNKR(NX,IP0W)
 SUMNE(NT,IP0W)=SUMNE(NY,IP0W)+SUMNE(NX,IP0W)
 90 RETURN
 END
 110

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SUBROUTINE HCAP      74/74   OPT=1          FTN 4.4+REL.      31/10/75 12:28:09.      PAGE 1

1      SUBROUTINE HCAP (TEMP,CPNOM)
      DIMENSION TTK(10),CLMIN(10),CLMAX(10)
      REAL K1,K2,K3
      DATA CTTK(1),IM1,10)/0.0,298.,500.,1000.,1500.,2000.,2500.,3000./,3
      +100.,0000./
      DATA CLMIN(1),I=1,10)/0.,02,03,06,10./10/
      DATA CLMAX(1),I=1,10)/1.0,1.0,1.02,1.02,1.02,1.03,1.06,1.1,1
      +1/
10     TKEL=35.285
      ED=37.6946
      K1=19.1450
      K2=.000784733
      K3=563730.0
      R=.001986

15     C   TEMP= AVERAGE VOLUMETRIC FUEL TEMPERATURE
      TEMP=TEMP-273.0
      CL=1.0
      CPNOHCL=((K1*TKEL**2*EXP(TKEL/TEMPK))/(TEMPK**2*(EXP((TKEL/TEMPK)
      +*1)**2))+(2*K2*TEMPK)+((K3*ED)/(R*TEMPK**2))*EXP(-ED/(R*TEMPK)))
      RETURN
      END

20
21
22
23

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      HCAP      2
      HCAP      3
      HCAP      4
      HCAP      5
      HCAP      6
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      HCAP      8
      HCAP      9
      HCAP     10
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      HCAP     17
      HCAP     18
      HCAP     19
      HCAP     20
      HCAP     21
      HCAP     22
      HCAP     23

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SUBROUTINE HTCW 74/74 OPT=1
 FTN 4+4+REL. 31/10/75 12.26.09.
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1      SUBROUTINE HTCW (T,FLUX,V,D,H)
2      DIMENSION TTB(2,12)
3      DATA(TTB(1,J),J=1,2),J=1,12)/32.8203,6,100.,320.6,150.,392.7,
4      +200.,483.4,290.,497.0,100.,536.0,530.,565.3,400.,577.3,450.,584.6,
5      +500.,365.3,550.,577.2,600.,561.1/
6      C
7      C COOLANT TEMPERATURE, F
8      C FLUX = HEAT FLUX BTU/HR/FT2/F
9      C TW = TEMP AT CLAD (OR BASKET) OD
10     CTRY=0
11     TF1=0
12     CTRY=.0/D=.02
13     BATERP(TF1,TTTB,2,12,2)
14     H=8.4C
15     TH=T+FLUX/H
16     TFB=(T+TH)/2.
17     DIFFAB8(TF-TFB)
18     IP (DIFF=2,) 50,50,20
19     ITRY=TRY+1
20     IF (CTRY>50) 30,10,40
21     30 TF1=(TF+TF1)/2.
22     GO TO 10
23     40 WRITE (6,40)
24     50 RETURN
25     C
26     60 FORMAT (10X,* NO CONVERGENCE IN CMAT ITRY*)
27     END
  
```

SUBROUTINE INPUT 74/74 OPT=1

FTN 4.44REL. 31/10/75 12:28:09.

PAGE 1

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1      SUBROUTINE INPUT (NPRLFL,NNTME)
2      COMMON /AF/ TITLE(20),FRU02, BB(2(50),PMICAP(7,7),CSUBP(7),
3      *CON(7),DUM(50),DDW(50),DELC(50),DELL(50),DHEA(7),PCFR(50),
4      *Q(50),QIN(50),TS(50),TT(50),VISCONS(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR49,GAP,
5      *NF,INFUEL,NNN
6      COMMON /AB/ ICREP,DB0,FRDEN,FRSTN,DSINZ,FRPU02,FR35,FR40,FR41,
7      *DS,VOIDDZ,DCI,DCO,VPLEZ,ATMOS,LFUEL,S,DE,ROUD,ROUC,EXTP
8      *NLAD,NPLX,KOOL,FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACN,FRACKR,TINLET(15),
9      *FRACF,RTC0(5),RTC(5),XC0,XN,NDH,HGCEL,ZLAD,MINI,LVIDZ
10     *ICDF,TMHBCHG,XMDTEMP,ISTOR,IPEAK,NPN,POWER(21),CRUDTH,ICOR,
11     *SDDT,SDDT_EPMUF,EPSTF,EPSTC,ISTPLM,WORLD,IGAS,NT,SIGHF,V,KB,
12     *ZRT(6),ZR4(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,RO),GMW(77),SIGLJ(7),EKLJ(7)
13     *PI,CCPN3,SEDAY,AVOGADR,CONDEN,C(3,101),RV((2,20),IT,ZRO2A(20)
14     +LF,AI(21),PTOT,LPMAX,CLCRP(2,20),A(7,23),FRACT(7),MOL(7),
15     *REAL,LF,MUF,KB,MOL,MOLTO,T,MOLEFR,LFUEL,KM
16     WRITE(6,160)
17     ADATE(L)
18     WRITE(6,170) ADATE
19     WRITE(6,180) TITLE
20     WRITE(6,190)
21     WRITE(6,200) FRPU02,FR39,FR40,FR41,FRU02,FR35,FR38,FRDEN,FRSIN,DF
22     *SDSINZ,VDVIDZ
23     WRITE(6,210) GAP,DCI,DCO,LFUEL,S,XW
24     WRITE(6,220) VPLEZ,TINLET(1),DTEMP,DT,V,EXTP,ROUF,ROUC
25     WRITE(6,230) DBU,XB,MBC
26     WRITE(6,240) ATMOS
27     WRITE(6,250) CRUDTH
28     WRITE(6,260) FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACN,FRACKR,FRACXE
29     WRITE(6,270)
30     IF ((SIGHF)<10,-20,30)
31     WRITE(6,340)
32     GO TO 40
33     WRITE(6,350)
34     GO TO 40
35     30 WRITE(6,360) SIGHF
36     40 WRITE(6,440)
37     40 WRITE(6,440)
38     IF (INCLD) 70,50,60
39     50 CONTINUE
40     IF ((ZCLD.GT.0.), GU TO 60
41     WRITE(6,370)
42     GO TO 90
43     60 CONTINUE
44     WRITE(6,380)
45     GO TO 90
46     70 WRITE(6,390)
47     GO TO 90
48     80 WRITE(6,400)
49     90 WRITE(6,440)
50     90 WRITE(6,440)
51     IF (INFUEL) 120,100,110
52     100 WRITE(6,410)
53     GO TO 130
54     110 WRITE(6,420)
55     GO TO 130
56     120 WRITE(6,430)
57     130 CONTINUE

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SUBROUTINE INPT 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 1

1 **SUBROUTINE INPT**
 COMMON /AP/ TITLE(20),PRUD2, BB(2,50),PHICAP(7,7),UBUP(7),
 *CON(7),DUM(50),DDUM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),OMGA(7),PCFR(50),
 *Q(50),QIN(50),T8(50),T(50),T8C03(7),TS(51),FR36,FR39,GAP,
 *NF,NFUEL,NNN
 COMMON /PM/ PSEUDO(15),TIME(15),NTIME,PIT(20),PROFL(15,21),
 *AVNK(15,20),SAVNE(15,20),SUMNK(15,20),CS(120),
 *NNKR,NNKE,IVOLAV,VOLGS,W,NPFIL,DVLST(20),DN3(20),
 *DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DBX(20),DVN1(20),DVN2(20),DELVB(20)
 REAL NNKR,NNKE
 COMMON/AB/ ICREP,ABO,FRDEN,FRSIN,DSINZ,FRPU02,FR40,FR41,
 *DFS,DOIDZ,DCI,DOO,VBLNZ,ATOS,LEUEL,B,DE,ROUC,EXTP
 *NCLAD,NFLX,KOOL,FRACR,FRACR,FRACK,FRACK,TNLSET(15),
 *FRACR,RTCD(5),RC(5) XCO,XN,NOM,HEACEL,ZCLAD,MINI,LVIDZ
 *ICDF,TM,HUG,HG,XH,DTEMP,ISTOR,PEAK,NON,POWER(2),CRUDTH,ICOR,
 *BDOT,DOIT,EF,MU,EPSTF,EPSTC,18TPM,WORD1,IG8S,NT,SIGH,V,KB,
 *ZR(7,6),ZR(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,80),GMAT(7),SIGLJ(7),EKIJ(7)
 *PI,CCPINS,SECKA,Y,VOGD,BR,CONEN,CF(3,10),RV(2,20),IT
 *LF,AIC(21),PTOT,APMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA(7,23),FRACTN(7),MOL(7),
 *MOLEFR(7),RHO,GOVRAC,MOLTOT,KM,IRELOC,IIR,AVE(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
 REAL LF,MU,KB,MOL,MOLTO,TMOLEFR,LVIDZ,FUEL,KH
 COMMON /AG/ PRCD,RADSTPLAS
 NAMELIST /INPUT/ ATMS,CRUDTH,DBD,DCI,DCO,DE,DFS,DSINZ,DTMP,
 *VOID,EXT,FRACT,FRACT,FRACK,FRACR,FRACK,FRACR,PROEN,RSIN,
 *FRPU02,FR35,FR40,FR41,MBC,ICDF,ICOR,ICREP,IDESF,IGAS,IPERK,
 *IRELOC,IRELSE,IROL,ISTOR,IT,KB,KOOL,LFUEL,LVIDZ,MININCLAD,NFLX,
 *NFUEL,NOM,NOW,NRFIL,PRCDH,PROFL,PSEUD,RAD,ROUC,ROUF,
 *S,SIGH,TIME,TINET,TM,TPLAS,V,VPLNZ,XCO,XH,XN,ZCLAD
 READ (5,60) TITLE
 IF (TITLE(1).EQ.'M0D1') GO TO 50
 READ (5,INPUT)
 WRITE (6,INPUT)
 IF (NFUEL.EQ.0) GO TO 10
 READ (5,70) ((CF(1,J),J=1,3),J=1,NFUEL)
 10 IF (NCLAD,LE,0) GO TO 20
 READ (5,80) ((AA(1,J),J=1,7),J=1,NCLAD)
 20 IF (NFLX.LE,0) GO TO 30
 READ (5,90) ((RV(1,J),J=1,2),J=1,NFLX)
 30 CONTINUE
 IF (ICREP.LE,0) GO TO 40
 READ (5,100) ((CLCRP(1,J),J=1,2),J=1,ICREP)
 40 RETURN
 50 CONTINUE
 STOP
 45 C
 60 FORMAT (20I4)
 70 FORMAT (3E10.4)
 80 FORMAT (7E10.4)
 90 FORMAT (2E10.4)
 100 FORMAT (F10.0,E10.0)
 END

SUBROUTINE MOVEAA 74/74 OPT=1

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1      SUBROUTINE MOVEAA (A,B,N)
      DIMENSION A(N),B(N)
      DO 10 I=1,N
           B(I)=A(I)
    10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

MOVEAA 2

MOVEAA 3

MOVEAA 4

MOVEAA 5

MOVEAA 6

MOVEAA 7

MOVEAA 8

SUBROUTINE MOVEKA 74/74 OPT=1

```
1      SUBROUTINE MOVEKA (K,IA,N)
      DIMENSION IA(N)
      DO 10 I=1,N
      IA(I)=K
10    CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

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```
MOVEKA    2
MOVEKA    3
MOVEKA    4
MOVEKA    5
MOVEKA    6
MOVEKA    7
MOVEKA    8
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SUBROUTINE OUTPUT 7474 OPT&1

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1      SUBROUTINE OUTPUT (PHI, TIME)
COMMON /AC/ VOLCC,N1Z,N7Z,NBZ,N10Z
REAL N1Z,N7Z,NBZ,N10Z
COMMON/AZ/ TBAR(20),VOLT(120),TCLINE(20),HGX(20)
      + , TAVGX(20),RDP(15,20),RGAPX(20),RDP(20),MFLUX(20)
      + , XHOLS(21),FHOL(1,21),PRESTO
      , SUMOLS(7)
COMMON /AF/ TITLE(20),FRUD2,
      BB(2,50),PHICAP(7,7),CSUBP(7),
      + CON(7), DUM(50),DUM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),OMEGA(7),UCF(50),
      + Q(50),Q(50),TS(50),TT(50),VICOS(7),TSR(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
      + NF,INFUEL,NNN
COMMON/AD/ JCASE,IPDM,PEAK,P,BURNUP,DOVRAB,KOUNT,G1PG2,
      + QDVRAS,TCOL,TCOLC,TRO,TBC,TB1,HF,TCC,TCO,V,
      + TCOL,TFC,TFS,TFC,TIF,DELR,TWELT,RCHLT,TAVGP,TAVGF,DELRT,
      + DELBB,DELRCI,DELRP,PPACE,HSOLID,PSOLID,HGAS,PGAS,HRAD,PRAD,
      + RSIN,VOID,RF,S,T3N,TBINCPCSI,D8IN,PDUSIN,VOID,VOID,VAVT,
      + XMOTOT,GASKON,G,VAVGTC,RD,QDVRIG,LMPNPOWR,RSIN,VOID,QGS,QQU,
      + QTOT,RSIN,VOID,T,VVOID,RELT,GK,ISTOP,DELG,DELP1,DELRC,
      + DELRCT,DELRCT,CCR
COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DOB,FRDEN,FRFSIN,DSINZ,FRFSIN2,FRIS,FR40,FR41,
      + DFS,VOID,DC1,DC0,VLENZ,A,THS,LFUE1,S,DE,ROUF,ROUC,EXT,
      + INCLAD,NFLX,KOOL,FRACHE,FRACAR,FRACHRACN,FRACK,TINLET(15),
      + FRACKE,RTCO(5),RTCO(5),XCO,XN,NCH,HGAEI,ZCLAD,MNI,LVOIDZ,
      + ICDF,TM,HBC,HG,H,DIEMP,ISTOR,ISPEAK,KNOW,POWER(21),CRDITH,ICOR,
      + SDDT,SDDT,EF,MUF,EPSTF,IPSIC,ISPLM,WORD1,IGAS,N,SIIGH,V,KB,
      + ZR(7,6),ZR(7,6),ST(7,12),TABLE(2,80),GMWT(7),SIGIJ(7),EKLUJ(7),
      + PI,JCPI,N,SECDY,AVGAD,PR,CINEN,CF13,10),DV(2,20),IT,ZROZA(20)
      + ,LFA(21),PTOT,LPMAX,CLCRP(2,20),AA17,23),FRACTN(7),HOL(7),
      + MOLEFR(7),RHO,DOVRAC,MOL,TOT,KM,IRELOC,IRL,AVE(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
      REAL LF,MUF,KB,MOL,MOLTO,T,MOLEFR,LVOIDZ,LFUEL,KM
      REAL MLFR
DIMENSION TIME(15)
DIMENSION MLFR(6)

35      C CONVERT AVG. AND PEAK LINEAR POWER FROM KW/FT TO W/M
      PEAKMAX(POWER(IPDN)),POWER(IPDN+1))
      SIPP*3280.84
      SIPKPEAK*3280.84

40      C CONVERT TIME IN=REACTOR FROM DAYS TO SECONDS
      SITTIME(NT)*SECDAY

45      C CONVERT BURNUP FROM MWD/MTH TO J/KGM
      SIBRN=BURNUP*6.64E+7

45      C CONVERT NEUTRON FLUX FROM N/CM2 SEC. TO N/M2 SEC
      SIPIMPH/10000.0

50      C CONVERT HEAT FLUXES FROM BTU/HR=FT2 TO W/M2
      SIGA=QDVRAC*3.15248
      SIGB=QDVRAS*3.15248

55      C CONVERT FILM COEFFICIENT AND CONDUCTANCES FROM BTU/HR=FT2*DEG.F TO
      W/M2*DEG.C(INTERNATIONAL TABLES)
      SIMHMF*5.678263
      SIMGHG*5.678263
      SIMLDMH80LID45.678263
      SIMG3=HG8*5.678263

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S1HRDHRAD=5.673263

60      C   CONVERT RADIAL DIMENSIONS FROM INCHES TO METERS
       SIDLRADELRT*.0254
       SIDLRADELRB*.0254
       SIDLRADELRT*.0254
       SIDLRADELCA*.0254
       SIRGABRGAPX(IP01)*0.0254
       SIRMLTARMELT*.0254
       SIGTA1G2*.0254
       SIDLRADELRP*.0254
       SIRLTDELGD*.0254
       SIDFTDELPA*.0254
       SICRPDELRC*.0254
       SITOTDELRCT*.0254

65      C   SIRGABRGAPX(IP01)*0.0254
       SIGTA1G2*.0254
       SIDLRADELRP*.0254
       SIRLTDELGD*.0254
       SIDFTDELPA*.0254
       SICRPDELRC*.0254
       SITOTDELRCT*.0254

70      C   CONVERT DEG.F TO DEG.C
       SITCL((TC00L=32.)/1.8

75      C   CONVERT CLAD AND GAS THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY FROM BTU/HR*FT*DEG.F
       TO W/DEG.C (INTERNATIONAL TABLES)
       SICCaTCC*.1.73073
       SIGK8K*.1.73073

80      C   CONVERT INTERFACIAL AND GAS PRESSURES FROM PSI TO PA
       SIPPCPFACE=175.127
       SIPREPRESS=15.1268

85      C   CONVERT MOLES FROM GRAM-MOLEs TO KILOGRAM-MOLEs
       SIXMTXMMOL0/1000.0
       SIMLTXMMOL(IP01)/1000.0
       WRITE(6,60) JCAF,IP01,NPDN
       IF (KOUNT.GT.0) WRITE(6,70)
       WRITE(6,80) TITLE
       WRITE(6,90) SIP,P,SIPK,PEAK,SITIM,TIME(NT),SIBRN,BURNUP,SIPMI,PHI
       WRITE(6,100) SIGAC,SIGRC,SIGRS,GVRAS,SITCL,TC00L
       WRITE(6,110) SITCP,MF,SITCC,TCC,TC00,TCC,TCIC,TCI,TSC,TFS
       DO 10 I1IN
       DUM(I1IN)=TT(I1IN)=32./1.8
       DUM(I1IN)=TS(I1IN)*.024
       PCFR(I1IN)=100./(RFS*DELR)
       10 CONTINUE
       WRITE(6,120) (DUM(I),TS(I),TT(I),PCFR(I),I=5,N,5)
       WRITE(6,130) TM,TF
       PCMEL=100.*RMEL/(RFS*DELR)
       WRITE(6,140) SIRMLTPCMEL
       IF (KOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 20
       WRITE(6,150) VAAGTC,VAGVT
       WRITE(6,160) SIDRT,DELR,SIRLT,DELGD,SIDFT,DELPA,SIDLRADELRA
       +DLR,DELRP,SIDLRC,DELRC,SICRP,DELCC,SIDLRADELRT,SITOT,DELRT
       WRITE(6,170) SIRGAP,RGAPX(IP01),SIPFC,PFACE
       20 CONTINUE
       WRITE(6,180) SIRGAP,RGAPX(IP01),SIPFC,PFACE
       WRITE(6,190) SIMG,MG
       WRITE(6,200) SIMSLD,MOLID,SIMGS,HGAS,SIMRD,MRAD
       IF (KOUNT.EQ.0) GO TO 30
       PCSIINR$IN=100.
       PDSINR$IN/RFS=100.


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115    PDVOIDERVOID/RFS*100.
      WRITE (6,260) TSIN,T3IN,PCGIN
      SIGNDINN=254
      $IDVOIDRIDE*0254
      $IDVOID, SIDN, POSIN, SIDVD, PDVOID, VAVGTC, VAVGT
      WRITE (6,270) SIDN, POSIN, SIDVD, PDVOID, VAVGTC, VAVGT
      IF (KOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 50
      30 CONTINUE
      DO 40 I=1,7
      40 MFLR(I)=MFLER(I)
      WRITE (6,160) RDO((NT,1POW)) SIREP&PRESTO
      WRITE (6,210) (MLR(I),MOLER(I),I=1,7)
      WRITE (6,220) SIXT,SINTL
      WRITE (6,230) SIGK,GK
      WRITE (6,240) SIGL,G1PG2
      IF (ISOR.EQ.0) GO TO 50
      CALL WCAP (VAVGTC,CPNOM)
      CALL CARL (TSR,TS,TT,N,P1,DFS,STORE)
      TEMPK=AVGTC+273.
      C1=7.84733E-0*(TEMPK**2+298.2)+5643730.+EXP(-37.6946/TEMPK/0.0019
      *86)
      C2=535.285*1.0/(EXP(535.285/TEMPK)*1.)*1.)/(EXP(535.285/298.)*1.)
      STOR=(C1+1.045*C2)/270.
      STOREB=STOR*.8
      STOREBSTORE1=.8
      STOREC=STOREH0*(DF3**2/4)*PI*2.54**2
      STOREF=STOREC*12.*2.54/252.
      C   CONVERT CPNOM TO UNITS OF BTU/(LB*DEG F)
      CPNOM=CPNOM*270.
      C   CONVERT HEAT CAPACITY FROM BTU/LB*DEG.F TO J/KG*DEG.C
      C (INTERATIONAL TABLES)
      SICPN=CNDHFA41A6.8
      C   CONVERT STORED ENERGY FROM BTU/LB TO J/KG
      SISTR=STORF*2326.0
      SISTRSTORE*2326.0
      SISTRCS=STORF*2326.0
      WRITE (6,250) SICPN,CPNOM,SISTR,STORB,SISTR,STOREB,STORF
      50 CONTINUE
      RETURN
155    C   60 FORMAT (1H1,2X,`CASE#',13,5X,`AXIAL SEGMENT#',11,2X,`OF#',13)
      70 FORMAT (1H0,5X,`CONDITIONS AFTER RESTRUCTURING')
      80 FORMAT (1H0,20A4)
      90 FORMAT (1H0,5X,`LINEAR HEAT RATING (AVG)
      *  ,28X,*PEAK)',9X,1PE10.4,* W/M
      *(#OPF6.2,* KW/FT13,/,28X,*PEAK)',9X,1PE10.4,* W/M
      *(#OPF6.2,* KW/FT13,/,28X,*PEAK)',9X,1PE10.4,* SEC.
      *(#OPF6.1,* D
      + (KW/FT13,/,28X,*PEAK)',9X,1PE10.4,* J/KGM
      *(#OPF6.1,* MwDMTM)*//,/
      + (Y$)',9X,BURNUP,23X,1PE10.4,* J/KGM
      + 20X,*AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL#,5X,1PE10.4,* N/H2.8#,12X,x(*,1PE10.4,* OUTPUT
      + N/CH2*SEC,*)')
      100 FORMAT (20X,*CLAD DD SURFACE HEAT FLUX#10X,1PE10.4,* W/H2*,14X,(*
      + *,1PE10.4,* BTU/HR=12#,/,20X,FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX#,1X,1PE10.
      + 4,* W/H2*,14X,(#1PE10.4,* BTU/HR=FT2),/,20X,*COOLANT TEMPERATURE
      + 4,* DEG.C,13X,(#,F10.2,* DEG.F))
      110 FORMAT (20X,*FILM COEFFICIENT#,19,1PE10.4,* W/H2*DEG.C#X,(#,1PE
      + 10.4,* BTU/HR=FT2*DEG.F),/,20X,*CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY#,10X,IP OUTPUT
      149

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SUBROUTINE OUTPUT 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.0+REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 4
 E10.4, # M/HEDEG.C, #, 8X, #,(#,1PE10.4, BTU/MRFT*DEG.F),#/20X, #CLAD OUTPUT
 * OD TEMPERATURE, 8X, #,OP10.1, # DEG.C, #,13X, #,(#,F10.1,* DEG.F),#/20 OUTPUT
 X, #CLAD ID TEMPERATURE, 16X, #,DEG.C, #,13X, #,(#,F10.1, DEG.F),#/20 OUTPUT
 * /20X, #FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE, 11X, #,F10.1, # DEG.C, #,13X, #,(#,F10.1,* DEG.F),#/20X, #
 * DEG.F)
 120 FORMAT (1H0,24X, #RADIUS, 10X, #TEMPERATURE, 15X, #RADIUS, 12X, #TEMPE OUTPUT
 *ATURE, 10X, #PERCENT OFM, #,24X, #(METERS),#11X, #,DEG.C, #,15Y, #(INCH OUTPUT
 *#B),#/12, #(DEG F),#/12X, #FUEL RADIUS, #,(#,12X,F0.6, #,F10.0,17X,F0.6, #
 *413X,F0.0, #,10X, #F10.2)
 130 FORMAT (1H0,19X, #MELT TEMPERATURE, #15X, #F0.0, # DEG.C
 * # DEG.),#/19X, #
 140 FORMAT (20X, #MELT RADIUS, #21X, #F10.5, # METERS, #4X, #(,1PE10.4,* PERCENT
 *OF FUEL RADIUS),#/19X, #
 150 FORMAT (/,20X, #VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE, #1X, #,OP10.1,* DEG.C OUTPUT
 #5X, #,1PE10.1, DEG.F),#/19X, #
 160 FORMAT (1H0,19X, #GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME, #STEP, #5X
 #10.4, #,10X, #INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE, #32X, #1PE10.4, PA, #,8X, #(,OPF10.6, #
 *8.2, #,P81),#/19X, #
 170 FORMAT (20X, #CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION,
 #1PE10.4, METER, #9X, #(,1PE10.6, #,INCH),#/20X, #CHANGE IN FUEL
 # RADIUS DUE TO RELOCATION, #13X, #1PE11.4, METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #
 *# INCH),#/20X, #CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENSIFICATION, #10X, #
 *#1.4, # METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH),#/20X, #CHANGE IN FUEL RAD
 #US DUE TO SWELLING, #14X, #1PE10.4, METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH
 #),#/20X, #TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS, #23X, #1PE11.4, METER, #9X, #
 # EXPANSION, #1PE11.4, METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH),#/20X, #
 *#METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH),#/20X, #CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP
 #O PRESSURE, #1PE11.4, METER, #9X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH
 #),#/20X, #TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS, #,23X, #1PE11.4, METER, #9
 *# X, #(,OPF10.6, #,INCH),#/20X, #
 180 FORMAT (20X, #HOT GAP (RADIAL), #36X, #1PE11.4,* METERS, #9X, #(,OPF10.
 # 0, #,INCH),#/20X, #FUEL CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE, #23X, #1PE10.4,
 *#P10.4, #,PS10.4)
 190 FORMAT (1H0,19X, #FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE, #12X, #1PE10.4,* W/42=OUTPUT
 *#1PE10.4, #,W/M2*DEG.C, #,(#0PF7, #,BTU/MR*T2*DEG.F),#/19X, #
 200 FORMAT (25X, #COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT, #7X, #1PE10.4,* W/
 *#2*DEG.C, #,(#,OPF7, #,BTU/MRFT2*DEG.F),#/7X, #,25Y, #COMPONENT DUE TO
 # CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS, #,1PE10.4, W/2*DEG.C, #,(#,OPP7, #,B
 *#TU/MR*F72*DEG.F),#/225X, #COMPONENT DUE TO RADIAN HEAT TRANSFER
 *#1PE10.4, #,W/M2*DEG.C, #,(#0PF7, #,BTU/MR*T2*DEG.F),#/19X, #
 210 FORMAT (20X, #AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION, #30X, #LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION, #
 *#1/M0, #26X, #10.6, #MOLE FRACTION HELIUM, #21X, #F10.6, # MOLE F
 *#RATION HELIUM, #27X, #F10.6, #,2X, #MOLE FRACTION ARGON, #22X, #F10.6, # MOLE F
 *#LE FRACTION ARGON, #27X, #F10.6, #,2X, #MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN, #9X, #F10.6
 *#MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN, #27X, #F10.6, #,2X, #MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN, #
 *#1X, #F10.6, # MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN, #27X, #F10.6, #,MOLE FRACTION C
 *#ARBON MONOXIDE, #12X, #F10.6, # MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE, #,22X, #
 *#F10.6, #,2X, #MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON, #20X, #F10.6, # MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
 *#N, #F27X, #F10.6, #,2X, #MOLE FRACTION XENON, #22X, #F10.6, # MOLE FRACTION X
 *#ENDN#)
 220 FORMAT (27X, #10M=, #44X, #10M=, #,27X, #1PE10.4,* (R0D AV
 #ERGE) KG=MOLE, #22X, #1PE10.4, (LOCAL) KG=MOL#,#/OUTPUT
 230 FORMAT (1H0,19X, #THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FIL GASES, #5X, #1PE10.4,* W/
 #HDEG.C, #,8X, #,(#,1PE10.4, BTU/MR*T-DEG.F),#/OUTPUT
 240 FORMAT (20X, #TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE, #12X, #1PE10.4,* METERS, #11X, #
 *#)

SUBROUTINE OUTPUT 74/74 OPT11

FTN 4.4+REEL. 31/10/75 12.28.09.

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```
*(*(1PE10.4,* INCH)*)
250 FORMAT (//20X,MINIMUM HEAT CAPACITY*,22X,1PE10.4,* J/KG=DEG.C*
        *4X,1PE10.4,* BTU/LB=DEG.F*)//20X#STORED ENERGY AT TBARS17X
        *4X,1PE10.4,* BTU/LB,10X,(1,1PE10.4,* BTU/LB)*,/20X#VOLM
        *4X,1PE10.4,* J/KG,10X,(1,1PE10.4,* J/KG,10X,*1P10,
        *4X,BTU/LB),/20X#STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH*,10X,#PLMS,1PE1
        *0.4,2X,(1,1PE10.4,BTU/FOOT)*)
260 FORMAT (20X#SINTERING TEMPERATURE
        *,5X,F10.2,2X,*DEG.C (M/
        *F7.2,* DEG.F)*,20X#SINTERED DENSITY
        *CENT TD,*)
270 FORMAT (20X#DIAMETER OF SINTERED FUEL *,11XF6.4,2X,*MMETERS (*,
        *F5.2,* PER CENT OF ORIGINAL FUEL DIAMETER)*,20X#DIAMETER OF CENT
        *ER HOLE *,11XF6.4,2X,*MMETERS (*,F5.2,* PER CENT ORIGINAL FUEL
        *DIAMETER)*,20X#VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMP. AFTER RESTRUCTURING *,
        *2X,F10.2,2X,*DEG. CM,5X,1H(F8.2,2X,*DEG.F)*,
END
```

SUBROUTINE PWDIS 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12:28.09. PAGE 1

```

1      SUBROUTINE PWDIS (PKPOWR,PAVRG)
2      COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DBO,FROEN,FRSIN,DSINZ,FR40,FR41,
3      DFS,DVIDZ,DCI,DOVPLN,AHOS,LFUEL,ROUC,EXTP
4      +,NCLAP,NFLX,KOOL,PRACHE,FRACR,FRACN,PACKR,TINLET(15),
5      +FRACX,RTO(5),RTC(5),XCO,XN,NOM,MGACEL,ZCLAD,MINILVOIDZ
6      +,ICDF,TH,HG,XH,DTMP,ISTOH,IPAA,NON,POER(2),CRUDH,ICOR,
7      +SDOT,ADOTTE,EF,MUF,EPSTF,EPSC,ISTPLH,WORD1,IAS,N,BIGHF,V,KB,
8      +ZR(7,4),ZRA(7,6),BT(7,12),TABLE(2,20),GMHT(7),SIGLJ(7),ERLJ(7),
9      +PI,CPIN,SECDAV,AVOGD,RR,CONEN,CP(3,10),R(2,20),IT,ZD02A(20)
10     +,LF,AL((21),PTOT,LPMAX,CCLR,P(2,20),AA(7,23),FACTN(7),MOL(7),
11     +MOLEFF(7),RHO,DOVRAC,MOLTOT,KM,IREDLOC,IRL,RVE(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
12     REAL LF,MUF,KB,HL,MOLTOT,MOLEFR,LVOIDZ,LFUEL,KM
13
14     C INTEGRATE THE LOCAL POWER DISTRIBUTION AND NORMALIZE
15     C THE RESULT TO 1.0. THIS AINC REPRESENTS THE % OF THE
16     C AVERAGING TIMES THE X INCREMENT WHICH IS 1.0/NPOW. NPOW IS
17     C THE NUMBER OF REGIONS.
18     C AINC=5./FLOAT(NPOW)
19     NPOW1=NPOW1
20     AIC(1)=POWER(1)*AINC
21     LPMAX1=1
22     POLD=POLD*(POWER(1)+POWER(2))*5
23     IF (NPOW1.E.1) GO TO 20
24     DO 10 I=2,NPOW
25     P=(POWER(I)+POWER(I+1))*5
26     AIC(I)=AIC(I)+(POWER(I+1)+POWER(I))*AINC
27     IF (PLT,POLD) GO TO 10
28     LPMAX1=LPMAX1+1
29     POLD=POLD
30     CONTINUE
31     AITOT=AITOT*(NPOW)
32     IF (AITOT.LE.0.) STOP
33     RENORMALIZE THE POWER AND AI SUCH THAT AIC(1)=1.0.
34     IF (LPEAK) 30,50,30
35     30 CONTINUE
36     DO 40 I=1,NPOW
37     POWER(I)=POWER(I)*PAVRG/AITOT
38     AIC(I)=AIC(I)/AITOT
39     40 CONTINUE
40     POWER(NPOW+1)=POWER(NPOW+1)*PAVRG/AITOT
41     GO TO 80
42
43     45     C CALCULATE POWER DISTRIBUTION BASED ON PEAK POWER (KW/FT)
44     50 CONTINUE
45     PEAKPOWER(1)
46     DO 60 I=2,NPOW1
47     PEAKAMAX(PEAK,POWER(I))
48     60 CONTINUE
49
50     C NORMALIZE THE POWER DISTRIBUTION TO PKPOWR
51     DO 70 I=1,NPOW1
52     POWER(I)=POWER(I)*PKPOWR/PEAK
53     AIC(I)=AIC(I)/AITOT
54     70 CONTINUE

```

SUBROUTINE PWDIS 7474 OPT#1

FTN 4.4.REL. 31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 2

```
PYRGMATOT*PKPOWR/(PEAK)
60 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```
PWDIS 49
PWDIS 50
PWDIS 51
PWDIS 52
```

SUBROUTINE	RELOC	74/74	OPT=1	FTN 4.0+REL.	31/10/75	12.28.09.	PAGE
1				SUBROUTINE RELOC (DELGD,GAP,BURNUP,P,IFLAG)	RELCL	2	1
				BEXP(4.+BURNUP*x,25)	RELCL	3	
				DELGD=(42.*x*(1.+8.))/((1.+8.)*0.9*p+3.)*GAP/100.	RELCL	4	
				IF (IFLAG.LT.0) DELGD=DELGD*.28/GAP	RELCL	5	
				IP (DELGD,LT.0) DELGD=0.0	RELCL	6	
				DELGD=DELGD/2.	RELCL	7	
				RETURN	RELCL	8	
				END	RELCL	9	

SUBROUTINE RTEMP 74/74 OPT=1

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```

1      C      SUBROUTINE RTEMP CALCULATES THE RADIAL TEMPERATURE OF THE FUEL
2      COMMON/AAZ/ TBAR(20),VOLTX(20),TCLINE(20),MGX(20)
3      * ,TAVGXX(20),RDOT(15,20),RGPX(20),ROP(20),HFLDX(20)
4      * ,XMOLES(21),FXMOL(7,21),PRESTO ,SUMOL(8,7)
5      COMMON /F/ TITLE(20),FRD(2,20),BB(2,50),PICAP(7,7),CSUBP(7),
6      * CON(7),DUM(50),DDM(50),DELT(50),DELL(50),OMEGA(7),PCFR(50),
7      * Q(50),QIN(50),TS(50),TT(50),VISCO(7),T8R(51),FR38,FR39,GAP,
8      * INFNUFL,NNN
9      COMMON/AD/ JCASE,IPW,PEAK,P,BURNUP,DOVRAB,KOUNT,G1PGZ,
10     * DOVRAS,TCOOL,TCOLC,TBO,TB0C,TBI,TBC,MF,TCC,TC0C,N,
11     * TC1,TC1C,TF5,TFSC,THF,DEL,RCHELT,TAVG,FAVGF,DELRLT,
12     * DELRB,DELRCI,DELRC,PFACE,HSOLID,PSOLID,HGS,PGS,HRAD,PRAD,
13     * RSLN,RVOID,RF5,T$IN,T$ING,PC$IN,DSIN,PSIN,DOVID,PDVID,VAGT,
14     * XMOTOT,R$IN,ZGKONG,VAGTC,RO,GNVAG,LHMNP0,RSIN,RSQ,RSQU,
15     * QDOT,RSBNZ,RVOIDZ,T,VVOID,ARHMET,GK,ISTOP,DELG02,DELRC,
16     * DELRCT,DELRT,FCORR
17     COMMON/AB/ ICREP,DOB,FRDEN,PR$IN,DSINZ,FRBU02,FR40,FR41,
18     * NCLAD,NFLX,K0L,FRACHE,FRACB,FRACF,FRACK,FRACR,TINLET(15),
19     * PRCKE,PRYCO(S),RTC(5),XCD,XN,NDM,HGCEL,ZCLAD,WNI,LVOIDZ
20     * ,ICDF,THM,HBC,MG,XMDTEMP,ISTOR,IPEAK,INPOW,POWER(21),CRUDHT,ICOR,
21     * SDOT,SDOTT,EF,PHW,EP$IF,EP$IC,ISTPLW,WORD,IG$INT,SIGHF,V,KB,
22     * ZR17,6,2R4(7,6),ST17,12),TABLE(2,80),GMW(77),SIGLJ(77),EKLJ(77)
23     * ,PI,CCPN3,SECDAY,AVGODA,RR,CONEN,CF(3,10),RV(2,20),IT,ZRD2,(20)
24     * ,LF,AI(2),TOT,LPAX,CLRCP(2,20),AI(7,23),FACIN(7),HOL(7),
25     * +MOLEFR(7),RHO,DOVRAC,MOLIT,K,IREL0,IRL,REV(2,20),IDENSF,IRELSE
26     * REAL LF,MUF,KB,MOL,MULT0,MOLEFR,LVOIDZ,LFUEL,KM
27     SET UP SYSTEM OF N NODES OF EQUAL THICKNESS, RADII IN FEET
28     TF$=TC1*DOVRAG/HG
29     NS0
30     DR(RFB*DELRYOID)/FLOAT(N)/12.
31     RO(RFB*DELRI)/12.
32     DO 10 1=N
33
34     C      R IS IN FEET
35     C      R0=DR*(I=1)
36     RRS=(2*DR)*12.
37     RAT0=TEP(RR,R,V,2,NF,2)
38     RD$R=DR
39     IF (RDR.GE.R$TINF) Q(1)=PI*(R**2*RD$R**2)*RATIO*QDQ
40     IF (RDR.LT.R$TINF) AND.R(GT,R$TINF) Q(1)=(R**2*R$TINF**2)*QDQ*(CSINF*
41     *+2*RD$R**2)*QDQ*PI*RATIO
42     IF (RDR.LT.R$TINF) AND.R.LE.R$TINF) Q(1)=PI*(R**2-RD$R**2)*RATIO*QDQ
43     10 CONTINUE
44
45     C      CORRECT FOR ACCUMULATION OF ERROR IN HEAT GENERATION
46     C      SUMQ0
47     CORR0
48     IF (P.LE.0.) GO TO 40
49     DO 20 1=N
50     20 SUMQ=SUMQ+Q(1)
51     CORRG0T/SUMQ
52     DO 30 1=N
53     30 Q(1)=CORR0*Q(1)
54     40 ACC=1.

```

FUNCTION TCOR 74/74 OPT=1
FTN 4.4+REL.
31/10/75 12.28.09. PAGE 1

```
1        FUNCTION TCOR (D,T)
2        TCOR=((1.025/.95)*(D/(1.+((1.-D)*.5)))*((38.24/(402.4+T))+(6.1256*T))
3        +13*((T+273.)*43));
4        END
5        TCOR
```

```

FUNCTION TEPP      74/74   OPT#1          FTN 4.4+REL.    31/10/75 12.28.00.    PAGE 1

1      FUNCTION TEPP (TC,CRF,CRFT,N)
C      TEPP IS A LINEAR INTERPOLATION FUNCTION WHOSE VALUE IS EQUAL TO THE
C      INTERPOLATED VALUE.
C      TC=IS THE VALUE OF THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
C      CRF=DEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY
C      CRFT=INDEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY
C      N=NUMBER OF POINTS IN VARIABLE ARRAYS
C      DIMENSION CRF(N),CRFT(N)
I=1
      IF (TC.LT.CRFT(1)) GO TO 20
I=N
      IF (TC.GE.CRFT(N)) GO TO 20
DO 10 I=1,N
      J=1
      IF (TC==CRFT(1)) 40,10,10
      10 CONTINUE
      20 TEPP=CRF(1)
      RETURN
      30 TEPP=CRF(1)
      20 RETURN
      40 TEPP=CRF(I)+(CRF(I)*CRFT(I-1))*(TC-CRFT(I))/CRFT(I)-CRFT(I-1)
      22      TEPP
      23      RETURN
      END
              TEPP
              24

```

SUBROUTINE RTEMP 74/74 OPT=1 FTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12:28.09. PAGE 2

```

      QIN(1)=QTOT=Q(1)
      DO 50 I=2,N
      50 QINC(I)=QIN(I-1)-Q(I)
      IMERO
      DO 100 I=1,N
      R=(RPF+DELR)/12.+DR*FLOAT(I=1)
      RDERR=DR
      IF (I.GT.1) GO TO 60
      TAV=TS
      TZ=TFB
      GO TO 70
      60 TAV=TT(I=1)
      TZ=TT(I=1)
      70 CONTINUE
      DEN=FDEN
      IF (R.LE.RINF) DEN=FRSIN
      80 TAVC=TAV*.8./.6
      IF (TAVC.GE.TM) DEN=.1
      IF (NUEL) 90,100,110
      90 FRP=FRPU02
      IF (FRPU02.GT..05) FRP=.05
      C=(57.*8.*TCOR(DEN,TAVC))/(1.+FRP)
      GO TO 120
      100 C=57.*TCOR(DEN,TAVC)
      GO TO 120
      110 KK=2
      IF (R.LE.RBINF) KK=3
      CENTER(TAV,CF,KI,NNN,3)
      120 CONTINUE
      IF (RR.LT.1.E=20) GO TO 140
      QINQ=0.
      IF (P.LE.0.) GO TO 130
      QINQ=IN(1)/Q(1)
      130 TERM=RDR*.2/(R*.2*RRDR*.2)=QINQ*ALOG(R/RDR)
      GO TO 150
      140 TERM=0.
      150 TT(I=1)=T(I=1)/(2.*PI+C)*(.5*TERM)
      TAV=TT(I=1)/2.
      DIFFBBS(TAV=TAV1)
      IF (OFF=ACC) 160,180,160
      160 TAV=TAV1
      IMERO=IMERO+1
      IF (LINE=10) 80,170,170
      80 WRITE (6,260) TAV,TAV1
      180 IMERO
      DO 190 I=1,N
      TS(I)=RFR3*DELR=(RFB+DELR=RVOID)*FLOAT(I)/FLDAT(N)
      190 CONTINUE
      DO 200 I=1,N
      BB(I)=TT(I)
      200 BB(2)=TT(1)
      IF (KOUNT.EQ.0) GO TO 220
      IF (FDEN.EQ.FRSIN) FRSIN=FRDEN
      TINC=1350.
      IF (P.LE.0.) GO TO 210
      210 RETEM=0.00001367+ALOG10(1/3600.)*.000480
  
```

SUBROUTINE RTEMP 74/74 OPT=1 PTN 4.4+REL. 31/10/75 12.26.09. PAGE 3

```

115      TSINC=1./RTEMP=273.
         210 CONTINUE
         TSINC=1.8+TSINC*12.
         RSIN=TP((T8IN,BB),N,2)
         IF (RSIN.LE.RSINZ) RSIN=RSINZ
         DIN=2.,RSIN
         RSIN=RSIN/12.
120      RTEMP=RTEMP
         RTEMP=RSIN*((RSIN**2)*(FRSIN=FRDEN)/FRSIN+(RVOIDZ**2)*FRDEN/FRSIN)
         IF (RVOID.LE.RVOID) RVOID=RVOID
         RVOID=2.*RVOID
         ELTC=LF*VOID/FNP0H
         VTCPI=ELTC*RVOIDZ**2
         VVOID=(PI*LF*VOID)**2*VTC
         220 CONTINUE
130      C      VOLUME AVERAGE THE TEMPERATURE.
         C      TSR(N+)=RVOID
         DO 230 I=1,N
         B1=1.
         230 TSR(I)=((RFS+DELR)*RVOID)/FLOAT(N)*(B1=1.0)
         VAFR=((SR(I)**2*TSR(2)**2)*PI*((TF8+TT(I))*.5)
         DO 240 I=2,N
         VAFR=VAFR+(TSR(I)**2*TSR(I+1)**2)*PI*((TT(I)+TT(I-1))*5)
         240 CONTINUE
140      C      VOLUMETRIC AVERAGE RADIAL TEMPERATURE, DEG.F
         C      VAVGT=VFR/((RFS+DELR)**2*RVOID**2)*PI
         VAVGT=(AVG=.32./1.8
         IF (KOUNT.EQ.0) TBAR(IP0M)=VAVGT
         250 CONTINUE
         C      CALCULATE RADIUS AVERAGED FUEL TEMPERATURE
         TEMP0
         DO 250 I=1,50
         TEMP=TEMP+BB(I,I)*(RFS+DELR+RVOID)/50.
150      250 CONTINUE
         TAVERTEMP/(RFS+DELR+RVOID)
         TAVGFC=(AVG=.32./1.8
         RD=(RFS*RVOIDZ)/N
         RETURN
155      C      260 FORMAT (# NO CONVERGENCE IN TEMP CALC AFTER 10 ITERATIONS. ASSUMED
         + TEMP #,F7.2,, CALCULATED TEMP #,F7.2,,)
         END

```

```

FUNCTION TERP      74/74   OPT=1          FTN 4.4+REL.      31/10/75  12:26:09.      PAGE  1

1      FUNCTION TERP (TT, TABLE,L,N,IX)
2
3      C
4      C   THE INDEX TO THE TABLE
5      C   DIMENSION TABLE(IX,N)
6
7      I=1
8      IF (TABLE(I,J).GT.TABLE(I,N)) GO TO 60
9      IF (TT.LE.TABLE(I,J)) GO TO 20
10     IF (TT.GE.TABLE(I,J)) GO TO 30
11     DO 10 J=N
12     IF (TT.EQ.TABLE(I,J)) 50,40,10
13     10 CONTINUE
14     TERP=TABLE(L,1)
15     RETURN
16     30 TERP=TABLE(L,N)
17     RETURN
18     40 TERP=TABLE(L,J)
19     RETURN
20     50 TERP=TABLE(L,J=1)+(TABLE(L,J)-TABLE(L,J=1))*(TT-TABLE(L,J=1))/(TAB
21     *TABLE(L,J=1))
22     RETURN
23     60 IF (TT.GE.TABLE(I,J)) GO TO 20
24     IF (TT.LE.TABLE(I,J)) GO TO 30
25     DO 70 J=N
26     IF (TT.EQ.TABLE(I,J)) 70,40,50
27     70 CONTINUE
28     END

```

FUNCTION DMEXP 74/74 OPT#1
FTN 4.0+REL.
31/10/75 12:28:09.
PAGE 1

```
1        FUNCTION DMEXP (X)
        DATA ZMAX/741.0/,ZMIN/-675.0/
        X=AMAX1(AMIN1(X,ZMAX),ZMIN)
        DMEXP=1.0+EXP(-X)
        RETURN
      END
```

1 DMEXP 2
 DMEXP 3
 DMEXP 4
 DMEXP 5
 DMEXP 6
 DMEXP 7

APPENDIX B

SAMPLE PROBLEM AND OUTPUT FROM GAPCON-THERMAL-2

FIGURE B-1. EXAMPLE OF INPUT TO GAPCON-THERMAL-2

```
$INPUT
    ATMSU  = .1E+01,
    CRUDTH = 0.0,
    DHO   = 0.0,
    DCI   = .4R9E+00,
    DCU   = .563E+00,
    DE    = 0.0,
    DFS   = .477E+00,
    DSINZ = 0.0,
    DTENP = .2E+02,
    DVUNZ = 0.0,
    EXTP  = .105E+04,
    FRCAR = 0.0,
    FRACKR = 0.0,
    FRACH = 0.0,
    FRACME = .1E+01,
    FRACKN = 0.0,
    FRACKS = 0.0,
    FRACXE = 0.0,
    FRDEN  = .94E+00,
    FRSIN  = .94E+00,
    FRBU02 = 0.0,
    FR35   = .3E+01,
    FR40   = 0.0,
    FR41   = 0.0,
    Hdc   = 0.0,
    ICDF  = 0,
    ICOR  = 0,
    ICREP = 0,
    IDENSF = 0,
    IGAS  = 0,
    IPERAK = 0,
    IRELOC = 0,
```

IRELEASE = 0,
 IRL = 0,
 ISTAR = 1,
 IT = 0,
 KB = 0.0,
 KCOL = 0,
 LFUEL = .144E+03,
 LVOIDZ = 0.0,
 MINI = 0,
 NCLAD = 0,
 NFLX = 0,
 NFUEL = 0,
 NOM = 0,
 NPOW = 10,
 NPFIL = 1,
 NTIME = 7,
 PRCOM = 0.0,
 PROFIL = .15E+00, .86E+00, .108E+01, .117E+01, .119E+01, .119E+01, .119E+01, .117E+01, .112E+01, .78E+00, .37E+00,
 PSEUDO = .145E+02, .145E+02, .135E+02, .0.0, .11E+02, .17E+02, .13E+02, .0.0, .0.0, .0.0, .0.0, .0.0,
 RAD3 = 0.0,
 ROUC = .2E+04,
 ROUF = .39E+04,
 S = 0.0,
 SIGMF = .25E+05,
 TIME = 0.0, .6E+02, .12E+03, .18E+03, .24E+03, .3E+03, .36E+03, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,

Y114LCT = .533E+03, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,
Y TM = .279E+04,
TPLAS = .2192E+04,
V = 0.0,
VPLENZ = .22E+01,
XCD = 0.0,
XM = 0.0,
XN = 0.0,
ZCLAD = 0.0,
SEND

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 VERSION 9=1=74 (VALUES OF NAMELIST VARIABLES - SEE ABOVE)

31/10/75

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

* INPUT VALUES ******

```

* FUEL COMPOSITION
*   0.0000 WEIGHT FRACTION PU02      FRPU02
*   0.0000 WEIGHT FRACTION PU239     FR39
*   0.0000 WEIGHT FRACTION PU240     FR40
*   0.0000 WEIGHT FRACTION PU241     FR41
*   1.0000 WEIGHT FRACTION UO2      FRUO2
*   .0300 WEIGHT FRACTION U235     FR35
*   .9700 WEIGHT FRACTION U238     FR38

* FUEL DENSITY
* RESTRUCTURED FUEL DENSITY      FRDEN  .040
* PELLET DIAMETER                 FRBNIN .000
* INITIAL RESTRUCTURED FUEL DIAM. DF5    .4770
* INITIAL CENTER MOLE DIAMETER   DSTN   0.0000
* PELLET-TO-CLAD GAP              DVOLDZ 0.0000
* CLAD INSIDE DIAMETER            GAP    .0120
* CLAD OUTSIDE DIAMETER           DCI    .0690
* CLAD OUTSIDE DIAMETER           DCQ    .5610
* FUEL LENGTH                      LFUEL  144.00
* SORBED GAS CONTENT              S      0.0000
* FRACTION OF SORBED GAS WHICH IS H2 XH    0.0000
* PLenum VOLUME                   VPLENZ 2.00
* COOLANT TEMPERATURE             (CU. IN.) TINET(1) 533.0
* AXIAL TEMPERATURE GRDENT ACROSS CORE (DEG F) DTEMP 20.0
* COOLANT PASSAGE EQUIVALENT DIAMETER (INCHES) DE    0.0000
* COOLANT VELOCITY                (FT/SEC) V      0.0000
* PRESSURE ON CLD OO              (PSI)  EXP   1050.0
* FUEL SURFACE ROUGHNESS, ARITH. MEAN (INCH) RQUP   0.00039
* CLAD ID SURFACE ROUGHNESS, ARITH. MEAN (INCH) RQUC   0.000020
* DIAMETER OF AUXILIARY BASKET     (INCHES) DBQ   0.0000
* BASKET THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY     (BTU/HR FT=F) KB    0.00
* BASKET-TO-CLAD HEAT TRANSFER COEFF. (BTU/HR FT=F) HBC   0.0
* FILM GAS PRESSURE                (ATMOSPHERES) ATOMS  1.0
* CRUD THICKNESS                  (INCHES) CRUDTH 0.00000
* FILM GAS COMPOSITION
*   1.00000 MOLE FRACTION MEDIUM
*   0.00000 MOLE FRACTION ARGON
*   0.00000 MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
*   0.00000 MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
*   0.00000 MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
*   0.00000 MOLE FRACTION XENON

* COOLANT NOT SPECIFIED, FILM COEFFICIENT IS 25000.

* CLADDING IS ZIRCALOY-2
* FUEL THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY VALUES DETERMINED FROM DATA OF LYNN, ET AL
*   TEMPERATURE          THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
*   (DEG F)              (BTU/HR=FT=DEG F)

COOLANT NOT SPECIFIED, FILM COEFFICIENT IS 25000.
```

UNRESTRUCTURED FUEL

RESTRUCTURED FUEL

500.	5.291
1000.	2.533
1500.	1.832
2000.	1.544
2500.	1.382
3000.	1.308
3500.	1.306
4000.	1.365
4500.	1.484
5000.	1.661

FLUX DEPRESSION VALUES USED

DIAMETER (IN)	FLUX RATIO
0.0000	1.0000
.0477	1.0019
.0954	1.0075
.1431	1.0169
.1908	1.0301
.2385	1.0472
.2862	1.0683
.3339	1.0935
.3816	1.1230
.4293	1.1569
.4770	1.1954

**** INPUT OPTIONS ****

NPOW = 10	IPEAK = 0	IGAS = 0
MINI = 0	NTIME = 7	IRBLST = 0
ICDF = 0	NPRFTL = 1	ICOR = 0
ISTOR = 1	NFUEL = 0	NLX = 0
ICREP = 0	NUM = 0	IRENSF = 0
NCLAD Y = 0	IRL = 0	IRELOC = 0
IT = 0		

CASE 1 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

LINEAR HEAT RATING (WVG) (PEAK)	4.7572E+04 W/M 4.7572E+04 W/M	(14.50 KW/FT) (14.50 KW/FT)
TIME IN=REACTOR BURNUP	0. 0.	{ 0.0 DAY(S) 0.0 MWD/MTM)

AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL CLAD OD SURFACE HEAT FLUX FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX COOLANT TEMPERATURE FILM COEFFICIENT CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY CLAD OD TEMPERATURE CLAD ID TEMPERATURE FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	3.3335E+00 N/M2+S 1.0562E+06 W/M2 1.2356E+06 W/M2 485.21 DEG.C 1.4166E+05 W/M2*DEG.C 1.5978E+01 W/M2*DEG.C 292.7 DEG.C 359.7 DEG.C 691.9 DEG.C	(3.3335E+13 N/M2*SEC.) (3.3505E+05 BTU/HR*FT2) (3.936E+05 BTU/HR*FT2) (545.36 DEG.F) (2.5000E+04 BTU/HR*FT2*DEG.F) (9.218E+00 BTU/HR*FT*DEG.F) (558.0 DEG.F) (679.4 DEG.F) (1277.5 DEG.F)
RADIUS (METERS)	TEMPERATURE (DEG C)	TEMPERATURE (DEG F)
0.005335 .004920 .004305 .003690 .003075 .002460 .001845 .001230 .000615 .0.000000	914. 1140. 1359. 1558. 1730. 1871. 1979. 2055. 2100. 2114.	*2179 *1937 *1693 *1453 *1211 *0969 *0726 *0484 *0242 0.0000
MELT TEMPERATURE MELT RADIUS	2790. DEG.C 0.000000 METERS	(5054. DEG.F) (0.0 PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS)

VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO RELOCATION CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENSiFiCATiON CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLiNG TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS HOT GAP (RADIAL) FUEL-CLAD INTERFACiAL PRESSURE	1366.9 DEG.C 9.2240E+05 METERS 0. 0. 0. 9.2240E+05 METERS 1.3134E+05 METERS 0. 0. 1.3134E+05 METERS 7.3294E+05 PA	(2488.8 DEG.F) (003632 INCH) (0.000000 INCH) (0.000000 INCH) (0.000000 INCH) (003632 INCH) (0.000000 INCH)
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	3.6845E+03 W/M2=DEG.C	(648.9 BTU/HR*PT2*DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER	0. w/m2=deg.c 3.6170E+03 w/m2=deg.c 8.8838E+01 w/m2=deg.c	{ 0.0 BTU/HR*FT2*DEG.F 637.0 BTU/HR*FT2*DEG.F 15.6 BTU/HR*FT2*DEG.F } (Convective / conductive)

GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION

.2335
6.611E+03 PA
(37.75 PSI)

LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION

1.000000 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM

1.000000 MOLE FRACTION NEUTRON REC

0.00000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROXIDE	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROXIDE
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION XENON	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION XENON
2.3531E-06	(RD0 AVERAGE) KG=MOLE	4.0351E-08	(LOCAL) KG=MOLE
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS		2.9082E+01	W/M=DEG.C
TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE		7.1089E-06	METERS
NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY		2.4775E+07	J/KG=DEG.C
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR		EBAR=4.1187E-05	J/KG
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY		E=4.1124E+05	J/KG
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH		EPL=3.4450E+05	J/m

(1.6803E+01 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
(2.7968E-04 INCH)

(5.9174E+05 BTU/LB=DEG.F)
(1.7707E+02 BTU/LB)
(1.1540E+02 BTU/LB)
(1.4811E+02 BTU/FT=ONT)

CASE # 1

AXIAL SUMMARY

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS 0.0

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD SURFACE HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)		CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C)	AVERAGE VOL. FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C)	GAP CONDUCTANCE (W/2° C)	RADIAL RELEASE GAP (METERS)	GAS FRACTION HELIUM
		3.107E+05	7.812E+02					
1.029E+01	2.419E+04	3.107E+05	7.812E+02	6.331E+02	1.889E+03	1.372E+04	0.	1.000E+00
5.486E+01	3.878E+04	7.354E+05	1.622E+03	1.111E+03	2.788E+03	1.011E+04	3.564E+02	1.000E+00
9.144E+01	4.497E+04	9.587E+05	1.957E+03	1.283E+03	3.19E+03	8.279E+05	1.722E+01	1.000E+00
1.280E+00	4.711E+04	1.039E+06	2.044E+03	1.348E+03	3.632E+03	7.881E+05	2.222E+01	1.000E+00
1.646E+00	4.797E+04	1.056E+06	2.113E+03	1.363E+03	3.688E+03	7.339E+05	2.326E+01	1.000E+00
2.012E+00	4.757E+04	1.056E+06	2.114E+03	1.365E+03	3.689E+03	7.329E+05	2.335E+01	1.000E+00
2.377E+00	4.711E+04	1.056E+06	2.116E+03	1.367E+03	3.685E+03	7.319E+05	2.119E+01	1.000E+00
2.743E+00	4.577E+04	1.038E+06	2.098E+03	1.353E+03	3.622E+03	7.661E+05	2.247E+01	1.000E+00
3.109E+00	3.798E+04	9.941E+05	2.023E+03	1.320E+03	3.458E+03	7.978E+05	2.002E+01	1.000E+00
3.475E+00	2.299E+04	6.924E+05	1.504E+03	1.052E+03	2.571E+03	1.061E+04	2.381E+02	1.000E+00

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FUSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
1219E+04	0.6596E+04

TO CONVERT FROM

TO THE FOLLOWING

MULTIPLY BY

BTU/HR=F12	0.312E+00
KW/FT	3.040E+04
BTU/HR=F12=DEG.F	0.176E+00
PSI	5.710E+03

CASE 2 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

LINTEAR HEAT RATING (AVERAGE) $4.7572E+04 \text{ W/M}$ (14.50 KW/FT)
 LINTEAR HEAT RATING (PEAK) $4.7572E+04 \text{ W/M}$ (14.50 KW/FT)
 TIME IN=REACTOR 5.180E+06 SEC. (60.0 DAYS)
 BURNUP 2.3534E+11 J/KGM (2723.9 MWD/MTW)

AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL	$3.3365E+09 \text{ N/M}^2\text{-S}$	(3.3665E+13 N/CM ² *SEC.)
CLAD OD SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$1.0522E+06 \text{ W/M}^2$	(3.305E+05 BTU/HR*FT ²)
FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$1.2222E+06 \text{ W/M}^2$	(3.679E+05 BTU/HR*FT ²)
COOLANT TEMPERATURE	285.21 DEG.C	(45.36 DEG.F)
FILM COEFFICIENT	$1.4198E+05 \text{ W/M}^2\text{-DEG.C}$	(2.500E+04 BTU/HR*FT ² *DEG.F)
CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	$1.5978E+01 \text{ W/M}\text{-DEG.C}$	(9.218E+00 BTU/HR*FT*DEG.F)
CLAD OD TEMPERATURE	292.7 DEG.C	(558.8 DEG.F)
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	359.7 DEG.C	(679.4 DEG.F)
FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	1053.1 DEG.C	(1927.5 DEG.F)
RADIUS	TEMPERATURE	PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS
(METERS)	(DEG.C)	(DEG.F)
0.005570	1332.	2193
0.004951	1600.	1949
0.004332	1842.	1706
0.003713	2047.	1462
0.003094	2215.	1218
0.002476	2346.	975
0.001857	2444.	731
0.001238	2511.	487
0.000619	2551.	244
0.000000	2564.	0.0000
MELT TEMPERATURE	2790. DEG.C	(5054. DEG.F)
MELT RADIUS	0.00000 METERS	(0.00 PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS)
VOLUME, AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE	1810.0 DEG.C	(3306.1 DEG.F)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$1.3107E+04 \text{ METERS}$	(0.005160 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO TENSION	0.	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENSIFICATION	0.	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLING	0.	(0.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS	$1.3107E+04 \text{ METERS}$	(0.005160 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$1.3134E+05 \text{ METERS}$	(0.00517 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP	0.	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE	0.	(0.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS	$1.3134E+05 \text{ METERS}$	(0.00517 INCH)
HOT GAP (RADIAL)	$3.4462E+05 \text{ METERS}$	(0.01357 INCH)
FUEL-CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE	0.	(0.000000 PSI)
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	$1.7599E+03 \text{ W/M}^2\text{-DEG.C}$	(309.9 BTU/HR*FT ² *DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT	0.	(0.0 BTU/HR*FT ² *DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS	$1.5750E+03 \text{ W/M}^2\text{-DEG.C}$	(27.4 BTU/HR*FT ² *DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER	$1.7648E+02 \text{ W/M}^2\text{-DEG.C}$	(31.1 BTU/HR*FT ² *DEG.F)
GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP	0.4974	
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE	$2.6321E+04 \text{ PA}$	(150.30 PSI)
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION	LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION	
* 301607 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM	* 301607 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM	

0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
0.085350	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
0.613142	MOLE FRACTION XENON
*****	*****
7.8017E+06	(ROD AVERAGE) KG/MOLE

 THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS 5.5414E+02 W/M=DEG.C
 TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE 7.2000E+07 METERS

NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	2.8411E+07	J/KG=DEG.C	(6.7858E+03 BTU/LB=DEG.F)
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR	EBARS5.755E+05	J/KG	(2.476E+02 BTU/LB)
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	E#6.1905E+05	J/KG	(2.663E+02 BTU/LB)
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	EPL#4.945E+05	J/M	(2.1275E+02 BTU/FOOT)

6.2602E+06 (LOCAL) KG/MOLE

(3.2017E+02 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
(2.8302E+05 INCH)

CASE # 2 AXIAL SUMMARY

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS 60.0

GAPCON=THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD		AVERAGE VOL. TEMP. (DEG.C)	RADIAL CONDUTTANCE (W/M= DEG.C)	GAP FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C)	RADIAL GAS RELEASE FRACTION (METERS)	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
		LINE TEMP.	HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)					
1.829E+01	2.419E+04	3.107E+05	1.316E+05	1.113E+03	5.874E+02	1.108E+04	3.260E+02	3.014E+01
5.046E+01	3.878E+04	7.634E+05	2.213E+03	1.655E+03	1.155E+03	5.730E+05	4.166E+01	3.014E+01
9.144E+01	4.497E+04	9.581E+05	2.467E+03	1.781E+03	1.511E+03	4.692E+05	4.852E+01	3.014E+01
1.240E+02	4.717E+04	1.039E+06	2.546E+03	1.811E+03	1.710E+03	3.113E+05	4.950E+01	3.014E+01
1.646E+02	4.757E+04	1.056E+06	2.563E+03	1.818E+03	1.760E+03	3.056E+05	4.966E+01	3.014E+01
2.012E+02	4.757E+04	1.056E+06	2.564E+03	1.819E+03	1.761E+03	3.046E+05	4.974E+01	3.014E+01
2.377E+02	4.717E+04	1.056E+06	2.565E+03	1.820E+03	1.760E+03	3.437E+05	4.981E+01	3.014E+01
2.743E+02	4.577E+04	1.038E+06	2.548E+03	1.814E+03	1.716E+03	3.510E+05	4.963E+01	3.014E+01
3.109E+02	3.798E+04	9.911E+05	2.512E+03	1.805E+03	1.591E+03	3.083E+05	4.957E+01	3.014E+01
3.475E+02	2.299E+04	6.924E+05	2.109E+03	1.600E+03	1.054E+03	6.430E+05	3.758E+01	3.014E+01

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED TEMPERATURE (DEG.C)	INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FISSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
1.1704E+04	2.634E+05	.4557E+00

TO CONVERT FROM

W/M ²	BTU/HR=F12
W/M	KH/FT
W/M ² =DEG.C	HTU/HR=F12*DEG.F
PA	PSI

TO THE FOLLOWING

MULTIPLY BY
0.3172E+00
5.040E+04
0.1761E+00
5.7100E+03

CASE 3 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON-THERMAL-2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

LINEAR HEAT RATING (AVG)	$4.4291E+04$ W/M	(13.50 KW/FT)
(Peak)	$4.4291E+04$ W/M	(13.50 KW/FT)
TIME IN=REACTOR	$1.0168E+07$ SEC'S	(120.0 DAYS)
BURNUP	$4.5645E+11$ J/KGM	(5259.9 MHOD/MTM)
AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL	$3.1064E+09$ N/M ² S	($3.1064E+13$ N/CM ² =SEC.)
CLAD DD SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$9.6343E+05$ W/M ²	($3.1195E+15$ BTU/HR=FT ²)
FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$1.137E+06$ W/M ²	($3.608E+05$ BTU/HR=FT ²)
COOLANT TEMPERATURE	285.21 DEG.C	(545.38 DEG.F)
FILM COEFFICIENT	$1.4196E+05$ W/M ² DEG.C	($2.500E+04$ BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	$1.5939E+01$ W/MDEG.C	($9.2095E+10$ BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
CLAD OD TEMPERATURE	292.1 DEG.C	(557.9 DEG.F)
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	354.7 DEG.C	(670.4 DEG.F)
FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	1163.3 DEG.C	(2125.9 DEG.F)
RADIUS	TEMPERATURE	TEMPERATURE
(METERS)	(DEG C)	(DEG F)
0.005574	1434.	2195
.004955	1668.	3151
.004336	1914.	3107
.003716	2104.	3477
.003097	2256.	3819.
.002477	2379.	4097.
.001856	2449.	4314.
.001239	2512.	4477.
.000619	2566.	4589.
0.000000	2580.	4655.
	0.0000	4676.
MELT TEMPERATURE	2790. DEG.C	(5054. DEG.F)
MELT RADIUS	0.00000 METERS	(0.00 PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS)
VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE	1868.8 DEG.C	(3431.8 DEG.F)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$1.3584E-04$ METERS	(.005348 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO RELOCATION	0. METERS	(.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO IDENTIFICATION	0. METERS	(.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLING	0. METERS	(.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS	$1.3584E-04$ METERS	(.005348 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$1.3004E-05$ METERS	(.000512 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP	0. METERS	(.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE	0. METERS	(.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS	$1.3004E-05$ METERS	(.000512 INCH)
HOT GAP (RADIAL)	$2.4562E-05$ METERS	(.001164 INCH)
FUEL-CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE	0. PA	(0. PSI)
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	$1.4046E+03$ W/M ² DEG.C	(247.4 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT	$0.11952E+03$ W/M ² DEG.C	(0.0 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS	$1.1161E+02$ W/M ² DEG.C	(210.5 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER		(37.3 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP	*5717	
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE	$5.1294E+04$ PA	(292.90 PSI)
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION		LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION
		.160579 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM

0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
0.102316	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	*102316	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
*.737105	MOLE FRACTION XENON	.737105	MOLE FRACTION XENON
*****	*****	*****	*****
1.4654E-05	(ROD AVERAGE) KG=MOLE	9.9290E-08	(LOCAL) KG=MOLE
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS	3.5671E-02 W/M=DEG.C	(2.0610E-02 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)	
TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE	2.8442E-07 METERS	(1.1198E-05 INCH)	
NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	2.9352E+07 J/KG=DEG.C	(7.0107E+03 BTU/LB=DEG.F)	
STORED ENERGY AT 1BAR	E _{BAR} =.0323E+05 J/KG	(2.5934E+02 BTU/LB)	
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	E _{AVG} =.488E+05 J/KG	(2.7894E+02 BTU/LB)	
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	E _{PL} =5.1832E+05 J/H	(2.2284E+02 BTU/FOOT)	

CASE # 3

AXIAL SUMMARY

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS 120.0

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD SURFACE HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)		AVERAGE VOL. FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C)	GAP CONDUCANCE (W/M ² DEG.C)	RADIAL GAS RELEASE FRACTION (METERS)	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
		CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C)	GAP TEMP. (DEG.C)				
1.029E+01	2.252E+04	2.093E+05	1.401E+03	1.205E+03	4.714E+02	1.046E+04	7.274E+02
5.486E+01	3.610E+04	7.108E+05	2.262E+03	1.742E+03	9.310E+02	5.026E+05	5.097E+01
9.144E+01	4.107E+04	8.926E+05	2.488E+03	1.837E+03	1.219E+03	3.573E+05	5.618E+01
1.280E+00	4.372E+04	9.669E+05	2.560E+03	1.879E+03	1.373E+03	3.055E+05	5.679E+01
1.646E+00	4.429E+04	9.834E+05	2.579E+03	1.888E+03	1.405E+03	2.963E+05	5.711E+01
2.012E+00	4.429E+04	9.834E+05	2.580E+03	1.888E+03	1.405E+03	2.956E+05	5.717E+01
2.377E+00	4.392E+04	9.834E+05	2.581E+03	1.890E+03	1.405E+03	2.948E+05	5.724E+01
2.743E+00	4.266E+04	9.669E+05	2.562E+03	1.881E+03	1.377E+03	3.051E+05	5.692E+01
3.109E+00	3.538E+04	9.256E+05	2.532E+03	1.874E+03	1.279E+03	3.371E+05	5.717E+01
3.475E+00	2.140E+04	6.446E+05	2.175E+03	1.700E+03	8.417E+02	5.823E+05	4.822E+01

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED TEMPERATURE (DEG.C)	INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FISSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
•1780E+04	•5131E+05	•5298E+00

TO CONVERT FROM

TO THE FOLLOWING

MULTIPLY BY

W/M ²	BTU/HR=IT2	0.3172E+00
W/H	KW/FT	3.0480E-04
W/M ² =DEG.C	BTU/HR=IT2=DEG.F	0.176E+00
PA	PSI	5.7100E+03

CASE 4 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

SAMPLE PROBLEM

0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
*102220	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	*102220	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
*737136	MOLE FRACTION XENON	*737136	MOLE FRACTION XENON
<hr/>			
1.4657E+05	(ROD AVERAGE) KG/MOLE	5.5836E+07	(LOCAL) KG/MOLE
<hr/>			
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS	2.2906E+02	W/M=DEG.C	(1.3235E+02 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE	1.6567E+07	METERS	(6.5224E+06 INCH)
<hr/>			
NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	2.1046E+07	J/KG=DEG.C	(5.0272E+03 BTU/LB=DEG.F)
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR	E _{BAR} = 6.987E+04	J/KG	(1.0039E+01 BTU/LB)
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	E _V = 7.015E+04	J/KG	(3.0160E+01 BTU/LB)
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	E _{PL} = 5.604E+04	J/m	(2.4093E+01 BTU/FOOT)

CASE # 4

AXIAL SUMMARY

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS

180.0

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD SURFACE HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)	CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C.)	AVERAGE VOL. FUEL TEMP. (DTG.C.)	CONDUCTANCE (W/M ² . DEG.C.)	GAP HOT RELEASE GAS FRACTION (METERS)	RADIAL HOT GAP RELEASE GAS FRACTION (METERS)	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
1.829E+01	0.	0.	2.790E+02	2.790E+02	1.784E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
5.086E+01	0.	0.	2.801E+02	2.801E+02	1.784E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
9.144E+01	0.	0.	2.813E+02	2.813E+02	1.784E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
1.280E+02	0.	0.	2.826E+02	2.826E+02	1.784E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
1.646E+02	0.	0.	2.839E+02	2.839E+02	1.784E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
2.012E+02	0.	0.	2.852E+02	2.852E+02	1.798E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
2.377E+02	0.	0.	2.865E+02	2.865E+02	1.798E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
2.743E+02	0.	0.	2.878E+02	2.878E+02	1.798E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
3.109E+02	0.	0.	2.890E+02	2.888E+02	1.798E+02	1.515E+04	0.	1.605E+01
3.475E+02	0.	0.	2.894E+02	2.894E+02	1.814E+02	1.514E+04	0.	1.605E+01

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED TEMPERATURE (DEG.C.)	INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FISSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
•2845E+03	•3078E+05	•5274E+00

TO CONVERT FROM

TO THE FOLLOWING

BTU/HR=F12 W/M ²	BTU/HR=F12 K/W/FT	MULTIPLY BY
K/H	BTU/HR=F12=DEG.F	0.317E+00
W/M ² =DEG.C	BTU/HR=F12=DEG.F	3.048E+04
PA	PSI	0.176E+00
		5.7100E+03

CASE 5 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON=THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

LINEAR HEAT RATING (AVG) $3.0089E+04 \text{ W/M}$ (11.00 KW/FT)
 (PEAK) $3.0089E+04 \text{ W/M}$ (11.00 KW/FT)
 TIME IN=REACTOR $2.0736E+07 \text{ SEC.}$ (240.0 DAYS)
 BURNUP $6.3299E+11 \text{ J/KGM}$ (7326.2 MWD/MTM)

	AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL	RADIUS (INCHES)	TEMPERATURE (DEG F)	PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS
CLAD OD SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$2.3311E+09 \text{ N/M}^2\text{S}$	2.191	$2702.$	90.00
FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX	$8.0135E+05 \text{ W/M}^2$	1.947	$3077.$	60.00
COOLANT TEMPERATURE	$9.8859E+05 \text{ W/M}^2$	1.704	$3408.$	70.00
FLIM COEFFICIENT	$2.85.21 \text{ DEG.C}$	1.661	$3688.$	60.00
CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	$1.4196E+05 \text{ W/M}^2\text{DEG.C}$	1.159	$3919.$	50.00
CLAD OD TEMPERATURE	$1.5847E+01 \text{ /MDEG.C}$	1.074	$4101.$	40.00
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	290.9 DEG.C	0.973	$4230.$	30.00
FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	342.1 DEG.C	0.987	$4335.$	20.00
	1257.5 DEG.C	0.923	$4391.$	10.00
	0.000000	0.0000	$4410.$	0.00
MELT TEMPERATURE	$2790. \text{ DEG.C}$	0.00	$5054. \text{ DEG.F}$	$0.00 \text{ PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS}$
MELT RADIUS	0.00000 METERS	0.00	3375.6 DEG.F	
VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE	1856.6 DEG.C	$1.2512E+04$	METERS	0.004926 INCH
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO RELOCATION	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENIFICATION	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLING	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS	$1.2512E+04$	METERS	0.004926 INCH	
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	$1.2675E+05$	METERS	0.00499 INCH	
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE	$0.$	METERS	0.000000 INCH	
TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS	$1.2675E+05$	METERS	0.00499 INCH	
HOT GAP (RADIAL)	$1.9959E+05$	METERS	0.001573 INCH	
FUEL-CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE	$0.$	PA	$(0, 0. \text{ PSI})$	
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	$1.0119E+03 \text{ W/M}^2\text{DEG.C}$	$(178.2 \text{ BTU/HR=F}^2\text{DEG.F})$		
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT	$0. \text{ W/M}^2\text{DEG.C}$	$(0.0 \text{ BTU/HR=F}^2\text{DEG.F})$		
COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS	$7.7750E+02 \text{ W/M}^2\text{DEG.C}$	$(136.9 \text{ BTU/HR=F}^2\text{DEG.F})$		
COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER	$2.43562E+02 \text{ W/M}^2\text{DEG.C}$	$(42.9 \text{ BTU/HR=F}^2\text{DEG.F})$		
GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP	5770			
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE	$6.7140E+04 \text{ PA}$	(383.38 PSI)		
LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION				
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION	$.121208 \text{ MOLE FRACTION HELIUM}$	$.121208 \text{ MOLE FRACTION HELIUM}$		

0.00000 MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.00000 MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.00000 MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.00000 MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.00000 MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.00000 MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.00000 MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.00000 MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
* 1.07018 MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	* 1.07018 MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
***** 0.771774 MOLE FRACTION XENON	***** 0.771774 MOLE FRACTION XENON
*****	*****
1.9413E-05 (ROD AVERAGE) KG=MOLE	1.6678E+07 (LOCAL) KG=MOLE
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS	3.1228E+02 W/M=DEG.C
TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE	2.0577E+07 METERS
	(1.8043E+02 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
	(8.1013E+06 INCH)
NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	2.8903E+07 J/KG=DEG.C
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR	EBAR=5.9036E+05 J/KG
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	EB6.2660E+05 J/KG
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	EPL=5.0057E+05 J/M
	(6.9033E+03 BTU/LB=DEG.F)
	(2.5381E+02 BTU/LB)
	(2.6939E+02 BTU/LB)
	(2.1521E+02 BTU/FOOT)

CASE # 5

AXIAL SUMMARY.

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS

240.0

GAPCON-THERMAL-2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)	CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C.)	AVERAGE VOL. FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C.)	GAP CONDUCANCE (W/M ² · DEG.C.)	GAP (METERS)	RADIAL HOT GAP (METERS)	GAS RELEASE FRACTION	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
1.022E+01	1.035E+04	2.357E+03	1.282E+03	1.128E+03	4.028E+02	1.074E+02	6.225E+02	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
5.086E+01	2.942E+04	5.72E+05	2.099E+03	1.672E+03	7.294E+02	6.125E+05	4.61E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
9.144E+01	3.412E+04	7.27E+05	2.122E+03	1.793E+03	9.174E+02	4.531E+05	5.445E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
1.280E+00	3.579E+04	7.87E+05	2.112E+03	1.844E+03	9.937E+02	4.091E+05	5.70E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
1.446E+00	3.609E+04	8.04E+05	2.031E+03	1.855E+03	1.012E+03	4.003E+05	5.762E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
2.012E+00	3.609E+04	8.04E+05	2.032E+03	1.857E+03	1.012E+03	3.999E+05	5.770E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
2.377E+00	3.579E+04	8.015E+05	2.015E+03	1.842E+03	1.033E+03	3.932E+05	5.64E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
2.434E+00	3.472E+04	7.879E+05	2.010E+03	1.842E+03	1.001E+03	4.138E+05	5.677E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
3.009E+00	2.881E+04	7.542E+05	2.162E+03	1.815E+03	9.588E+02	4.375E+05	5.564E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01
3.175E+00	1.744E+04	5.255E+05	2.004E+03	1.616E+03	6.756E+02	6.945E+05	4.084E+01	1.212E+01	1.212E+01

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FUSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
1.1726E+04	.6714E+05

TO CONVERT FROM

TO THE FOLLOWING

MULTIPLY BY

BTU/HR=FT2	0.3172E+00
W/M	3.0480E+04
W/M ² =DEG.C	0.1761E+00
PA	5.7100E+03

CASE 6 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON-THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROFILE

LINEAR HEAT RATING (AVG)	5.5774E+04 W/M	(17.00 KW/FT)
(PEAK)	5.5774E+04 W/M	(17.00 KW/FT)
TIME IN=REACTOR	2.5920E+07 SEC.	(500.0 DAYS)
BURNUP	9.0890E+11 J/KGH	(10519.7 MWD/MTM)
AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL	3.9118E+09 N/M ² S	(3.9118E+13 N/M ² SEC.)
CLAD ID SURFACE HEAT FLUX	1.4283E+06 W/M ²	(3.9280E+05 BTU/HR=FT ²)
FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX	1.4500E+06 W/M ²	(4.5360E+05 BTU/HR=FT ²)
COOLANT TEMPERATURE	285.21 DEG.C	(-545.38 DEG.F)
FLIM COEFFICIENT	1.0496E+05 W/M ² =DTG.C	(2.5000E+04 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	1.6603E+01 W/M=DEG.C	(9.2870E+00 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	293.9 DEG.C	(561.1 DEG.F)
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	372.0 DEG.C	(701.7 DEG.F)
FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	1038.7 DEG.C	(1901.7 DEG.F)
RADIUS	TEMPERATURE	TEMPERATURE
(METERS)	(DEG C)	(DEG F)
0.05585	1366.	2199.
* 0.04964	1685.	2194.
* 0.04344	1960.	3064.
* 0.03723	2205.	5575.
* 0.03103	2393.	4001.
* 0.02482	2534.	4540.
* 0.01862	2645.	4977.
* 0.01241	2718.	5073.
* 0.00621	2761.	4925.
0.000000	2775.	5001.
MELT TEMPERATURE	2790. DEG.C	(5054. DEG.F)
MELT RADIUS	0.00000 METERS	(0.00 PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS)
ONLINE AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE	1932.8 DEG.C	(3511.1 DEG.F)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	1.4744E+04 METERS	(0.005805 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO RELOCATION	0. METERS	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENSIFICATION	0. METERS	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLING	0. METERS	(0.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS	1.4744E+04 METERS	(0.005805 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	1.5460E+05 METERS	(0.005300 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP	0. METERS	(0.000000 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE	0. METERS	(0.000000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS	1.3460E+05 METERS	(0.005300 INCH)
HOT GAP (RADIAL)	1.8423E+05 METERS	(0.00725 INCH)
FUEL-CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE	0. PA	(0.00725 PSI)
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	2.1431E+03 W/M ² =DEG.C	(337.4 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT	0. W/M ² =DEG.C	(0.0 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS	1.5519E+03 W/M ² =DEG.C	(238.1 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER	1.7446E+02 W/M ² =DEG.C	(30.7 BTU/HR=FT ² =DEG.F)
GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP	5163	(569.13 PSI)
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE	9.969E+04 PA	(569.13 PSI)
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION	LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION	0.085554 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM

0.00000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.00000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.00000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
.111179	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	.111179	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
.001266	MOLE FRACTION XENON	.001266	MOLE FRACTION XENON
2.7504E-05	(ROD AVERAGE) KG=MOLE	1.2659E-07	(LOCAL) KG=MOLE

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS 2.5046E-02 W/M=DEG.C
 TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE 1.0281E-07 METERS

NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	3.0011E+07	J/KG=DEG.C	(7.1679E+03 BTU/LB=DEG.F)
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR	E _{BAR} =6.2116E+05	J/KG	(2.6105E+02 BTU/LB)
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	E _B =6.0197E+05	J/KG	(2.919E+02 BTU/LB)
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	E _{PL} =5.480E+05	J/M	(2.4422E+02 BTU/FOOT)

CASE # 6

TIME AT POWER IN DAYS

300.0

AXIAL SUMMARY

GAPCT@THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

	AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD SURFACE HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)	CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C)	AVERAGE VOL. FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C)	GAP CONDUCTANCE (W/12° DEG.C)	RADIAL RELEASE FRACTION (METERS)	GAS RELEASE FRACTION	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
1.0229E+01	2.0336E+04	3.0433E+05	1.0688E+05	1.0424E+03	4.927E+03	8.0785E+05	9.6965E+02	8.552E+02	8.552E+02
5.086E+01	4.0546E+04	8.950E+05	2.0540E+03	1.930E+03	1.126E+03	3.008E+05	6.732E+01	6.552E+02	6.552E+02
9.144E+01	5.0273E+04	1.0124E+06	2.0736E+03	1.967E+03	1.651E+03	1.0775E+05	5.409E+01	5.244E+01	5.244E+01
1.280E+00	5.531E+04	1.218E+06	2.0790E+03	1.966E+03	1.966E+03	1.969E+03	1.4227E+05	8.552E+01	8.552E+02
1.646E+00	5.577E+04	1.238E+06	2.0773E+03	1.931E+03	2.045E+03	1.860E+05	5.153E+01	8.552E+01	8.552E+02
2.012E+00	5.577E+04	1.238E+06	2.0775E+03	1.933E+03	2.143E+03	1.642E+05	5.163E+01	8.552E+01	8.552E+02
2.377E+00	5.531E+04	1.238E+06	2.0774E+03	1.931E+03	2.148E+03	1.851E+05	5.163E+01	8.552E+01	8.552E+02
2.743E+00	5.367E+04	1.217E+06	2.0790E+03	1.966E+03	1.982E+03	1.392E+05	5.249E+01	8.552E+01	8.552E+02
3.109E+00	4.453E+04	1.0165E+06	2.0772E+03	1.981E+03	1.773E+03	1.049E+05	5.555E+01	8.552E+02	8.552E+02
3.475E+00	2.6935E+04	8.0117E+05	2.0475E+03	1.0493E+03	9.976E+02	1.615E+05	5.531E+01	8.552E+02	8.552E+02

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED TEMPERATURE (DEG.C)	INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	FISSION GAS RELEASE FRACTION
•1893E+04	•9971E+05	•5008E+00

TO CONVERT FROM

TO THE FOLLOWING

MULTIPLY BY

BTU/HR°F ²	0.3172E+00
KW/FT	3.080E+04
KW ² =DEG.F	0.1761E+00
PA	5.7100E+03

CASE 7 AXIAL SEGMENT 6 OF 10

GAPCON=THERMAL=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

LINEAR HEAT RATING (AVG) 4.2651E+04 W/M (13.00 KW/FT)
 (PEAK) 4.2651E+04 W/M (13.00 KW/FT)
 TIME IN=REACTOR 3.110E+07 SEC. (360.0 DAYS)
 BURNUP 1.1199E+12 J/KGM (12291.6 MHD/MTM)

AVERAGE FLUX IN FUEL	2.9913E+09 N/M2=8	(2.9913E+13 N/CM2=8EC)
CLAD OD SURFACE HEAT FLUX	9.4701E+05 W/M2	(3.0040E+05 BTU/HR=FT2)
FUEL SURFACE HEAT FLUX	1.0947E+06 W/M2	(3.472E+05 BTU/HR=FT2)
COOLANT TEMPERATURE	285.21 DEG.C	(285.2 DEG.F)
FLIM COEFFICIENT	1.4196E+05 W/M2=DEG.C	(2.5000E+04 BTU/HR=FT2=DEG.F)
CLAD THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	1.5927E+01 W/M=DEG.C	(9.202E+00 BTU/HR=FT=DEG.F)
CLAD OD TEMPERATURE	261.9 DEG.C	(557.4 DEG.F)
CLAD ID TEMPERATURE	352.2 DEG.C	(665.9 DEG.F)
FUEL SURFACE TEMPERATURE	1250.3 DEG.C	(2282.6 DEG.F)
RADIUS (METERS)	TEMPERATURE (DEG C)	RADIUS (INCHES)
		TEMPERATURE (DEG F)
0.005576	1518.	2196.
.001959	1766.	21952.
.00339	1982.	3120.
.003719	2164.	3600.
.003099	2311.	3977.
.002479	2425.	41220.
.001859	2511.	4191.
.001240	2570.	4357.
.000620	2605.	4551.
0.000000	2616.	4658.
		4744.
		0.0000
MELT TEMPERATURE	2790. DEG.C	(5054. DEG.F)
MELT RADIUS	0.00000 METERS	(0.00 PERCENT OF FUEL RADIUS)
VOLUME AVERAGE FUEL TEMPERATURE	1955.5 DEG.C	(3551.8 DEG.F)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	1.4040E+04 METERS	(.005528 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO DENOSTIFICATION	0. METERS	(0.00000 INCH)
CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS DUE TO SWELLING	0. METERS	(0.00000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN FUEL RADIUS	1.4040E+04 METERS	(.005528 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO THERMAL EXPANSION	1.2937E+05 METERS	(.005509 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO CREEP	0. METERS	(0.00000 INCH)
CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS DUE TO PRESSURE	0.2937E+05 METERS	(0.00000 INCH)
TOTAL CHANGE IN CLAD RADIUS	1.2937E+05 METERS	(.005509 INCH)
HOT GAP (RADIAL)	2.4937E+05 METERS	(.00982 PSI)
FUEL=CLAD INTERFACIAL PRESSURE	0. PA	(0. PSI)
FUEL TO CLAD GAP CONDUCTANCE	1.2172E+03 W/M2=DEG.C	(214.4 BTU/HR=FT2=DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO SOLID-SOLID CONTACT	0. W/M2=DEG.C	(0.0 BTU/HR=FT2=DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO CONDUCTION THRU THE GAS	9.8031E+02 W/M2=DEG.C	(172.6 BTU/HR=FT2=DEG.F)
COMPONENT DUE TO RADIANT HEAT TRANSFER	2.4307E+02 W/M2=DEG.C	(42.8 BTU/HR=FT2=DEG.F)
GAS RELEASE FRACTION DURING CURRENT TIME STEP	.6602	
INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE	1.2112E+05 PA	(<u>691.62</u> PSI)
AVERAGE GAS COMPOSITION	LOCAL GAS COMPOSITION	
.070222 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM	.070222 MOLE FRACTION HELIUM	

0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION ARGON
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION HYDROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION NITROGEN
0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE	0.000000	MOLE FRACTION CARBON MONOXIDE
*.113017	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON	*.113017	MOLE FRACTION KRYPTON
*.816762	MOLE FRACTION XENON	*.816762	MOLE FRACTION XENON
*****	*****	*****	*****
3.3509E-05	(ROD AVERAGE) KG/MOLE	1.8907E-07	(LOCAL) KG/MOLE

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF FILL GAS $2.4535E+02$ W/M²DEG.C
 TEMPERATURE JUMP DISTANCE $9.1357E+08$ METERS

NOMINAL HEAT CAPACITY	$3.0369E+07$	J/KG=DEG.C	$(7.2535E+03$ BTU/LB=DEG.F)
STORED ENERGY AT TBAR	$EBAR=6.1054E+05$	J/KG	$(2.108E+02$ BTU/LB)
VOLUME AVERAGE STORED ENERGY	$E=6.7881E+05$	J/KG	$(2.903E+02$ BTU/LB)
STORED ENERGY PER UNIT LENGTH	$EPL=5.4227E+05$	J/M	$(2.3315E+02$ BTU/FOOT)

$(1.6176E+02$ BTU/MR=FT=DEG.F)
 $(3.6755E+06$ INCH)

CASE # 7 AXIAL SUMMARY
 TIME AT POWER IN DAYS 360.0

GAPCON=THermal=2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

AXIAL DISTANCE (METERS)	HEAT RATING (W/M)	CLAD SURFACE HEAT FLUX (W/M ²)	CENTER LINE TEMP. (DEG.C.)			AVERAGE VOL. (M ³)	GAP FUEL TEMP. (DEG.C.)	RADIAL CONDUCTANCE (W/M ² DEG.C.)	GAS RELEASE FRACTION (METERS)	MOLE FRACTION HELIUM
			(DEG.C.)	(DEG.C.)	(DEG.C.)					
1.629E+01	2.168E+04	2.766E+05	1.478E+03	1.283E+03	4.081E+02	9.837E+05	5.292E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
5.46E+01	3.477E+04	6.805E+05	2.129E+03	1.831E+03	6.021E+02	4.558E+05	6.057E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
9.44E+01	4.032E+04	8.595E+05	2.532E+03	1.924E+03	1.056E+03	3.045E+05	6.367E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
1.280E+02	4.229E+04	9.311E+05	2.597E+03	1.945E+03	1.194E+03	6.368E+05	6.368E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
1.666E+02	4.265E+04	9.470E+05	2.615E+03	1.954E+03	1.211E+03	2.502E+05	6.359E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
2.012E+02	4.265E+04	9.470E+05	2.616E+03	1.955E+03	1.211E+03	2.435E+05	6.402E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
2.377E+02	4.229E+04	9.470E+05	2.617E+03	1.957E+03	1.217E+03	2.485E+05	6.409E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
2.743E+02	4.194E+04	9.311E+05	2.600E+03	1.949E+03	1.194E+03	2.567E+05	6.390E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
3.109E+02	3.405E+04	8.933E+05	2.572E+03	1.946E+03	1.104E+03	2.861E+05	6.444E+01	6.351E+02	6.351E+02	6.351E+02
3.475E+02	2.061E+04	6.208E+05	2.230E+03	1.774E+03	7.337E+02	5.276E+05	5.712E+01			

TOTAL PIN CONDITIONS

VOLUME AVERAGED INTERNAL GAS PRESSURE (PA)	Fission Gas Release Fraction
•1339E+06	•6055E+00

TO THE FOLLOWING MULTIPLY BY
 BTU/HR=FT² 0.3172E+00
 W/M² 3.0480E-04
 V/M²=DEG.C 0.176E+00
 PSI 5.7100E-03

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