Engineering data transmittal

2. To: (Receiving Organization) Consequence Analysis (8M400)	3. From: (Originating Organization) Consequence Analysis (8M400)	4. Related EDT No.: NA	
5. Proj./Prog./Dept./Div.: 8M400	5. Proj./Prog./Dept./Div.: 6. Cog. Engr.: 8M400 A. V. Savino		
8. Originator Remarks:	9. Equip./Component No.: NA		
Calculation notes are used to analysis but are not to be use document to authorize activiti modifications	10. System/Bldg./Facility:		
	TWRS		
11. Receiver Remarks: NA	12. Major Assm. Dwg. No.: NA		
	13. Permit/Permit Application No.: NA		
	14. Required Response Date: NA		

15.				DATA	TRANSMITTED)		1	(F)	(G)	(H)	(1)
(A) item No.	(B) Document/Drawing No. (C) (D) (B) Document/Drawing No. No. No. No.		(E)	Title or Dese Transr	cription of Data nitted	Approval Desig- nator	Reason for Trans- mittal	Origi- nator Dispo- sition	Receiv- er Dispo- sition			
1	WHC-	-SD-WM-C	N-033	NA	0	MICR Calc Filt Pref	OSHIELD ulation ers and ilters	Dose Rate s for HEPA	NA	1,2	1	1
16.						KE	Y					
Appro	oval Desi	gnator (F)		Reason f	or Transmittal	(G)			Dispositio	n (H) & (i)		
E, S, Q, (see Wh Sec.12.	, Q, D or N/A 1. Approval 4. Review 1. Approved WHC-CM-3-5, 2. Release 5. Post-Review 2. Approved 12.77 3. Information 6. Dist. (Receipt Acknow. Required) 3. Disapproved w/com			4 nment 5 comment 6	. Reviewed . Reviewed . Receipt a	no/comme w/commer cknowledge	nt nt ed					
(G)	(H)	17.		(SiGi See Approval I	NATURE/[Designate	DISTRIBUTIO	N 1 signatures)			(G) (H)
Rea- son	Disp.	(J) Nam	e (K)S	ignature (L)	Date (M) M	ISIN	(J) Na	me (K) Signatu	re (L) Date	(M) MSIN	Rea	- Disp.
1	1	Cog.Eng.	A. V. Sav	ino Nota	د/9 ein	4/96						
1	1	Cog. Mgr.	D. S. Lea	ch NS3	Fisch	8/24/5	¥.					
1	1	Peer Revi	ewer D.A	. Himes DA	Stink	91214	86				_	
18. A. V. Si <u>AU</u> Signatu Originat	evino Scumi re of EDT cor	<u>?/24/</u> Date	19. NA Author for Res	rized Represer ceiving Organi	ntative Date ization	20 D.	SLagch	corl 9/34/4 ager Date	21. DOE AF Ctrl. [] Approve [] Approve [] Disappr	PROVAL (No. ed w/comm oved w/c	if requir ents omments	red)

MICROSHIELD Dose Rate Calculations for HEPA Filters and Prefilters

A. V. Savino Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, WA 99352 U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC06-87RL10930

EDT/ECN: EDT-619404 UC: 510 Org Code: 8M400 Charge Code: N1FC3 B&R Code: EW3120071 Total Pages: 36

Key Words: MICROSHIELD, dose rate, HEPA filters, Prefilters

Abstract: This document supports the TWRS Final Safety Analysis Report:

TRADEMARK DISCLAIMER. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof or its contractors or subcontractors.

Printed in the United States of America. To obtain copies of this document, contact: WHC/BCS Document Control Services, P.O. Box 1970, Mailstop H6-08, Richland WA 99352, Phone (509) 372-2420; Fax (509) 376-4989.

Release Approval



Approved for Public Release

1.0 MICROSHIELD¹ Dose Rate Calculations for HEPA Filters and Prefilters

One of the tank ventilation system accident scenarios identified in the FSAR is a filter blowout. In order to determine the accident consequences for filter blowout events, it is necessary to know the radioactive loading of the filters as a function of the filter contact dose rate. This calcnote documents the filter dose calculations which will be used in the Tank Farms FSAR. The calculations were done using the MICROSHIELD Version 4 computer code (Grove 1992). The BREMCALC computer code (Rittman 1992) was used to determine the bremsstrahlung radiation source term for the important beta emitters (90 Sr and 90 Y) as described in Section 1.1.

There are several HEPA filter and prefilter arrangements in the tank farms ventilation systems. The SX Tank Farm ventilation system consists of 3 x 3 arrays of 2 x 2 x 1 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.3 m) filters in series. The passively ventilated SSTs contain either single 1 x 1 x 1 ft (0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m) or single 2 x 2 x 1 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.3 m) breather filters in series. The DST ventilation system contains single 2 x 2 x 1 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.61 m) filters in series. The DCRTs contain single 1 x 1 x 1 ft (0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m) filters in series. Each of the ventilation systems also contain prefilters, with the exception of the passively ventilated SSTs. The prefilters have the same cross sectional dimensions as the HEPA filters in the direction of airflow, however, the depth of the prefilters are 2.5 in (6.4 cm) versus 1 ft (0.3 m) for the HEPA filters.

Section 1.1 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a 3 x 3 array of 2 x 2 x 1 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.3 m) filters loaded with 1 curie of radioactivity that originated from SST solid waste. Section 1.2 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 1 x 1 x 1 ft (0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m) breather filter loaded with 1 curie of SST solid waste. Section 1.3 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 2 x 2 x 2 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.61 m) breather filter loaded with 1 curie of SST solid waste. Section 1.4 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 2 x 2 x 2 ft (0.61 x 0.61 x 0.61 x 0.61 m) filter loaded with 1 curie of DST liquid waste. Section 1.5 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 1 x 1 x 1 ft (0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m) DCRT filter loaded with 1 curie of SST liquid waste.

Section 1.6 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a 3 x 3 array of 2 ft x 2 ft x 2.5 in $(0.61 \times 0.61 \times 0.064 \text{ m})$ prefilters loaded with 1 curie of SST solid waste. Section 1.7 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 2 ft x 2 ft x 2.5 in $(0.61 \times 0.61 \times 0.064 \text{ m})$ prefilter loaded with 1 curie of DST liquid waste. Section 1.8 documents the contact dose rate calculation for a single 1 ft x 1 ft x 2.5 in $(0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.064 \text{ m})$ prefilter loaded with 1 curie of SST liquid waste.

The following assumptions were made for this analysis:

1) The waste material is assumed to be homogeneously distributed throughout the filter volume.

¹MICROSHIELD is a registered trademark of Grove Engineering, Inc.

2) Contact dose rates correspond to the detector locations indicated on Figure 1 (page 8).

3) For the SX Tank Farm 3 by 3 filter configuration, a simplified geometry was used. The 9 filters which make up a 3 x 3 filter bank were modeled as a single rectangular parallelpiped with a height of 1.83 m (6 ft), a width of 1.83 m (6 ft), and a depth of 0.3 m (1 ft). From geometric considerations, on the average, gamma rays pass through about 5 thicknesses of the aluminum frame, or a total of 1.016 cm ($0.4 \text{ in} = 5 \times 0.08 \text{ in}$) of aluminum (see Section 1.1).

4) The MICROSHIELD runs only included the radionuclides with major contributions to the dose rates. This decision was based on the waste type loaded on the HEPA filter (e.g., SST Liquids, SST Solids, DST Liquids, etc.) and the radionuclide concentrations associated with that waste type (see Table 1).

1.1 SX Tank Farm Dose Rate Calculation for 3 x 3 HEPA Filter Arrangement (2 x 2 x 1 Filter)

The HEPA filters in the actively ventilated SSTs are 0.61 m (2 ft) long, by 0.61 m (2 ft) wide, and 0.3 m (1 ft) deep in the direction of airflow. The filter consists of a corrugated filter media of borosilicate glass microfibers with aluminum separators attached to the pleats. The filter media is housed in a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum frame. A filter bank in the SST ventilation system consists of an array of 3 x 3 filters. The following describes the MICROSHIELD model developed for a single filter.

The borosilicate glass microfibers have an areal density of about 9.7E-03 g/cm² (2.0E-02 lb/ft²). The borosilicate glass material is distributed over an area of about 23.2 m² (250 ft²), which results in about 2.27 kg (5 lb) of borosilicate glass microfibers on each filter. If this material is assumed to be homogeneously distributed throughout the entire filter volume, the density of borosilicate glass is 0.02 g/cc, as shown below.

Density of Borosilicate Glass = $\frac{5 \text{ lb x } 454 \text{ g/lb}}{(2x2x1) \text{ ft}^3 \text{ x } 28230 \text{ cc/ft}^3} = 0.02 \text{ g/cc}$

The areal density of the corrugated aluminum separators is about 1.17E-02 g/cm² (2.39E-02 lb/ft²). The total area of the aluminum separators is 29.8 m² (321 ft²), which results in about 3.48 kg (7.66 lb) of aluminum on each filter. If this material is assumed to be homogeneously distributed throughout the entire filter volume, the density of aluminum is 0.03 g/cc, as shown below.

Density of Aluminum = $\frac{7.66 \text{ lb x } 454 \text{ g/lb}}{(2x2x1) \text{ ft}^3 \text{ x } 28230 \text{ cc/ft}^3} = 0.03 \text{ g/cc}$

The following describes the simplified model developed for the 3 x 3 filter bank arrangement.

The 9 filters which make up a 3 x 3 filter bank were modeled as a single rectangular parallelpiped with a height of 1.83 m (6 ft), a width of 1.83 m (6 ft), and a depth of 0.3 m (1 ft). The radioactive source was assumed to be uniformly distributed throughout the entire volume (6 x 6 x 1 ft³). From geometric considerations, on the average, gamma rays pass through about 5 thicknesses of the aluminum frame, or a total of 1.016 cm ($0.4 \text{ in} = 5 \times 0.08 \text{ in}$) of aluminum. The "contact" dose rate was assumed to be measured at a location 1 ft from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.15 m (0.5 it) off of the side of the filter. Figure 1 illustrates this location, which was identified by the requestor as the location where contact readings are made for a 3 x 3 filter configuration.

Two MICROSHIELD runs were made because the source term consisted of gamma emitters along with beta emitters which result in the production of bremsstrahlung radiation. The first run was made to calculate the dose contribution from ¹³⁷mBa and ¹⁵⁴Eu, which are the major gamma emitters in the source term. The second run was made to calculate the dose contribution from bremsstrahlung radiation produced during the decay of ⁹⁰Sr/⁹⁰Y. The second run was necessary because MICROSHIELD does not generate the bremsstrahlung source term internally. Therefore, the BREMCALC computer code was used to generate the bremsstrahlung source term which was then fed into MICROSHIELD to estimate the dose rate. Note that other beta and gamma emitters are present in the source term, however, the 3 radionuclides above are the major dose contributors.

The filter was assumed to be loaded with a total of 1 Ci of SST Solids, which has maximum sample activity concentrations of $1.0E_{\pm}11$ Bq/L of 137 Cs, $5.8E_{\pm}09$ Bq/L of 154 Eu, and $1.6E_{\pm}12$ Bq/L each of 90 Sr and 90 Y (see Table 1). The activity concentrations in Table 1 were taken from Van Keuren (1996). As mentioned above, other beta and gamma emitters present in the SST Solids composite have negligible dose contributions and were not included in the model. One curie of SST Solids would therefore contain about 0.4840 Ci each of 90 Sr and 90 Y, 0.0303 Ci of 157 Cs, and 0.0017 Ci of 154 Eu. Note that these numbers were slightly adjusted so that the sum for the mixture totalled 1 Ci.

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 0.224 mSv/hr (22.4 mR/hr) from 137 Cs and 154 Eu, and 0.033 mSv/hr (3.3 mR/hr) from 90 Sr and 90 Y, or a total of 0.257 mSv/hr (25.7 mR/hr) per Ci of SST Solid waste accumulated on the 3 x 3 filter bank. These calculations assume the filters are uniformly loaded, which introduces some uncertainty in the results because the dose rate at the side of the filters is sensitive to the distribution of radioactive material on the filters contained in the 3 x 3 array. However, this was considered an acceptable approach and within the uncertainty of the overall calculations. The photon fluence-to-dose conversion factors used were the anterior-to-posterior irradiation pattern as outlined in ANSI standard

ANSI/ANS-6.1.1-1991 (ANS 1991). The ISO-PC input deck is included in Attachment 1. The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

Note that although the filter media consists of borosilicate glass microfibers and aluminum separators, for simplicity the bremsstrahlung photon production rate used was for 90 Sr and 90 Y in water. This was done because the bremsstrahlung photon production rate for 1 Ci of 90 Sr and 90 Y in water was readily available (Savino 1995). The ISO-PC computer code (Rittman 1995) contains a model to approximate the bremsstrahlung radiation source term for a mixture. Using ISO-PC, the photon production rate from bremsstrahlung radiation was found to be slightly higher in the filter media than it was in water for 1 Ci of 90 Sr and 90 Y. Note that the dose contribution from 90 Sr and 90 Y is only 13% of the total, and since the end use of these dose rates is to back-calculate the activity on the filter given a contact dose rate, it is conservative to underestimate the bremsstrahlung contribution to the total dose. That is, the amount of material accumulated on the filter for a given contact dose rate will actually be lower than that predicted using the value calculated above (25.7 mR/hr/Ci). The photon production rate from BREMCALC is shown in Table 2 for 0.484 Ci of 90 Sr and 90 Y.

1.2 Single Breather Filter Dose Rate Calculation for Passively Ventilated SSTs $(1 \times 1 \times 1 \text{ ft Filter})$

Some of the HEPA filters in the passively ventilated SSTs are 0.3 m (1 ft) long, by 0.3 m (1 ft) wide, and 0.3 m (1 ft) deep in the direction of airflow. Calculations for a single breather filter loaded with 1 Ci of SST solids were performed similarly to those in Section 1.1. In this case the model geometry consisted of a 0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m (1 x 1 x 1 ft) filter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter. Figure 1 illustrates this location for a single filter.

Once again, two MICROSHIELD runs were made because the source term consisted of gamma emitters and beta emitters which result in the production of bremsstrahlung radiation. The first run was made to calculate the dose contribution from ¹³⁷mBa and ¹⁵⁴Eu, which are the major gamma emitters, and the second run was made to calculate the dose contribution from bremsstrahlung radiation produced during the decay of 90 Sr/ 90 Y. The activities are the same as that described in Section 1.1. The photon production rate from BREMCALC is also the same as that described in Section 1.1 (see Table 2).

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 4.05 mSv/hr (405 mR/hr) from 137 Cs and 154 Eu, and 0.694 mSv/hr (69.4 mR/hr) from 90 Sr and 90 Y, or a total of 4.75 mSv/hr (475 mR/hr) per Ci of SST Solid waste accumulated on the filter. The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.3 Single Breather Filter Dose Rate Calculation for Passively Ventilated SSTs (2 x 2 x 1 ft Filter)

Some of the HEPA filters in the passively ventilated SSTs are 0.6 x 0.6 x 0.3 m (2 x 2 x 1 ft). Calculations for a single filter loaded with 1 Ci of SST solids were performed similarly to those in Section 1.1. In this case the model geometry consisted of a 0.61 x 0.61 x 0.3 m (2 x 2 x 1 ft) filter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.3 m (1 ft) from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

Once again, two MICROSHIELD runs were made because the source term consisted of gamma emitters and beta emitters which result in the production of bremsstrahlung radiation. The activities are the same as that described in Section 1.1. The photon production rate from BREMCALC is also the same as that described in Section 1.1 (see Table 2).

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 1.51 mSv/hr (151 mR/hr) from 137 Cs and 154 Eu, and 0.253 mSv/hr (25.3 mR/hr) from 90 Sr and 90 Y, or a total of 1.77 mSv/hr (177 mR/hr) per Ci of SST Solid waste accumulated on the filter. The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.4 Dose Rate Calculation for DST Single $(2 \times 2 \times 1 \text{ ft})$ Filter

A similar calculation was performed for a single filter loaded with 1 Ci of DST liquids. The model geometry consisted of a $0.61 \times 0.61 \times 0.3$ m (2 x 2 x 1 ft) filter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.3 m (1 ft) from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

By examining the maximum sample activity concentrations for DST liquids (see Table 1) it is evident that only 137 Cs needs to be accounted for because of the high activity concentration of 137 Cs relative to other gamma emitters. 90 Sr and 90 Y are in low enough concentrations that their contribution to the total dose is negligible. The source activity was then taken to be 1 Ci of 137 Cs which was distributed uniformly throughout the filter volume.

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 44.7 mSv/hr (4,470 mR/hr). The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.5 Single (1 x 1 x 1 ft) DCRT Filter Dose Rate Calculation

The DCRT filters are 0.3 m (1 ft) long, by 0.3 m (1 ft) wide, and 0.3 m (1 ft) deep in the direction of airflow. Calculations for a single filter loaded with 1 Ci of SST liquids were performed similarly to those above. The model geometry consisted of a 0.3 x 0.3 x 0.3 m (1 x 1 x 1 ft) filter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.15 m (0.5 ft)

from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

By examining the maximum sample activity concentrations for SST Liquids (see Table 1) it is evident that only 13 Cs and 15 Eu need to be accounted for because of the higher activity concentrations of these two nuclides relative to other gamma emitters. 90 Sr and 90 Y are in low enough concentrations that their contribution to the total dose is negligible. One curie of SST Liquids would therefore contain about 0.9016 Ci of 137 Cs and 0.0984 Ci of 154 Eu.

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 130 mSv/hr (1.3 x 10^4 mR/hr). The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.6 SX Tank Farm Dose Rate Calculation for 3 x 3 Prefilter Arrangement (2 ft x 2 ft x 2.5 in filter)

The prefilters in the actively ventilated SSTs are 0.61 m (2 ft) long, by 0.61 m (2 ft) wide, and 0.064 m (2.5 in) deep in the direction of airflow. The filter is similar to a common home furnace filter with light-weighted strands of fibrous material. The prefilters will be modeled using the same material constituents as that which was used for the HEPA filters. This is conservative since the prefilters actually have less shielding than the HEPA filters. This results in lower predicted dose rates for the prefilters, which results in a greater amount of radioactive material being predicted to have accumulated on the filter before a certain dose rate is reached.

A filter bank in the SST ventilation system consists of an array of 3 x 3 filters. The dose rate was assumed to be measured at a location 1 ft from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.032 m (1.25 in) from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

Once again, two MICROSHIELD runs were made because the source term consisted of gamma emitters and beta emitters which result in the production of bremsstrahlung radiation. The activities are the same as that described in Section 1.1. The photon production rate from BREMCALC is also the same as that described in Section 1.1 (see Table 2).

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 0.296 mSv/hr (29.6 mR/hr) from ^{137}Cs and ^{154}Eu , and 0.045 mSv/hr (4.5 mR/hr) from ^{90}Sr and ^{90}Y , or a total of 0.34 mSv/hr (34 mR/hr) per Ci of SST Solid waste accumulated on the filter. The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.7 Dose Rate Calculation - Single DST (2 ft x 2 ft x 2.5 in) Prefilter

A similar calculation was performed for a single prefilter loaded with 1 Ci of DST liquids. The model geometry consisted of a $0.61 \times 0.61 \times 0.064$ m (2 ft x 2 ft x 2.5 in) prefilter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.3 m (1 ft) from the bottom of the

filter bank, 0.064 m (1.25 in) from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

By examining the maximum sample activity concentrations for DST liquids (see Table 1) it is evident that only 137 Cs needs to be accounted for because of the high activity concentration of 137 Cs relative to other gamma emitters. 90 Sr and 90 Y are in low enough concentrations that their contribution to the total dose is negligible. The source activity was then taken to be 1 Ci of 137 Cs which was distributed uniformly throughout the filter volume.

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was 61.0 mSv/hr (6.1 x 10^3 mR/hr). The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

1.8 Single (1 ft x 1 ft x 2.5 in) DCRT Prefilter Dose Rate Calculation

The DCRT prefilters are 0.3 m (1 ft) long, by 0.3 m (1 ft) wide, and 0.064 m (2.5 in) deep in the direction of airflow. Calculations for a single prefilter loaded with 1 Ci of SST liquids were performed similarly to those above. The model geometry consisted of a 0.3 x 0.3 x 0.064 m (1 ft x 1 ft x 2.5 in) prefilter with a 0.2 cm (0.08 in) thick aluminum shield. Dose rates were calculated at a location 0.15 m (0.5 ft) from the bottom of the filter bank, 0.032 m (1.25 in) from the face of the filter in the direction of airflow, and 1.3 cm (0.5 in) off of the side of the filter.

By examining the maximum sample activity concentrations for SST liquids (see Table 1) it is evident that only $^{137}\mathrm{Cs}$ and $^{154}\mathrm{Eu}$ need to be accounted for because of the higher activity concentrations of these two nuclides relative to other gamma emitters. $^{90}\mathrm{Sr}$ and $^{90}\mathrm{Y}$ are in low enough concentrations that their contribution to the total dose is negligible. One curie of SST Liquids would therefore contain about 0.9016 Ci of $^{137}\mathrm{Cs}$ and 0.0984 Ci of $^{154}\mathrm{Eu}$.

The resulting contact dose rate from MICROSHIELD was $2.2 \times 10^2 \text{ mSv/hr}$ (2.2 x 10⁴ mR/hr). The MICROSHIELD output is included in the Appendix.

2.0 References

ANS, 1991, Neutron and Gamma-Ray Fluence-to-Dose Factors, ANSI/ANS-6.1.1-1991, American Nuclear Society, La Grange Park, Illinois.

Grove 1992, MICROSHIELD Version 4, Grove Engineering, Inc. 15125 Shady Grove Road, Rockville, Maryland.

Rittman, P. D., 1992, BREMCALC – A Computer Program for Calculating Electron and Positron Bremsstrahlung, WHC-SA-1435-FP, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

Van Keuren, 1996, *Tank Waste Compositions and Atmospheric Dispersion Coefficients*, WHC-SD-WM-SARR-016 Rev. 2, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

FIGURE 1



SINGLE FILTER DETECTOR LUCATION



Table 1 - Tank Waste Maximum Sample Activity Concentrations^a

	Activity Concentrations, Bq/L					
ISOTOPE	SST LIQUID	SST SOLID	DST LIQUID	DST SOLID		
<u>C 14</u>	1.0E+05	1.2E+05	2.3E+05	1.6E+05		
C060	9.5E+06	4.2E+08	7.0E+06	1,5E+07		
SE79	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	0.0E+00	0.0E+00		
SR90	1.1E+10	1.6E+12	4.6E+09	5.2E+10		
Y 90	1.1E+10	1.6E+12	4.6E+09	5.2E+10		
тс99	1.7E+07	1.2E+10	1.1E+07	6.2E+07		
RU106	9.9E+02	7.2E+04	0.0E+00	0.0E+00		
SB125	3.4E+04	1.8E+08	0.0E+00	0.0E+00		
1 129	1.0E+04	6.4E+06	2.0E+04	2.0E+04		
CS134	1.2E+05	1.4E+06	6.1E+06	9.4E+06		
CS137	2.2E+10	1.0E+11	5.9E+10	5.9E+10		
CE144	9.1E+00	3.4E+02	0.0E+00	0.0E+00		
PM147	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00		
EU154	2.4E+09	5.8E+09	4.2E+07	3.0E+08		
EU155	5.9E+07	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	0.0E+00		
NP237	0.0E+00	3.0E+07	2.3E+05	8.1E+05		
PU238	9.2E+04	1.9E+08	1.8E+06	7.2E+07		
PU239	3.6E+07	4.4E+08	7.7E+06	1.6E+09		
PU241	2.6E+08	3.2E+09	1.8E+07	3.8E+09		
AM241	4.2E+07	2.3E+08	3.4E+07	2.7E+09		
CM242	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+01	0.0E+00		
CM244	4.2E+05	2.3E+06	1.2E+05	1.6E+07		
TOTALS	4.6E+10	3.4E+12	6.8E+10	1.7E+11		

* From Van Keuren (1996).

^b Includes ²⁴⁰Pu.

Midpoint Energy, MeV	Photon Production Rates, photon/s			
	1 Ci of ⁹⁰ Sr/ ⁹⁰ Υª	0.484 Ci of ⁹⁰ Sr/ ⁹⁰ Y		
0.015	7.8E+08	3.8E+08		
0.025	4.0E+08	1.9E+08		
0.035	2.6E+08	1.2E+08		
0.045	1.8E+08	8.8E+07		
0.055	1.4E+08	6.7E+07		
0.065	1.1E+08	5.3E+07		
0.075	8.9E+07	4.3E+07		
0.085	7.4E+07	3.6E+07		
0.095	6.3E+07	3.0E+07		
0.150	3.3E+08	1.6E+08		
0.250	1.3E+08	6.4E+07		
0.350	6.9E+07	3.3E+07		
0.475	5.5E+07	2.7E+07		
0.650	3.5E+07	1.7E+07		
0.825	1.4E+07	6.6E+06		
1.000	9.8E+06	4.8E+06		
1.225	5.5E+06	2.7E+06		
1.475	2.1E+06	1.0E+06		
1.700	5.3E+05	2.6E+05		
1.900	1.4E+05	6.6E+04		
2.100	1.5E+04	7.2E+03		
2.300	8.3E+01	4.0E+01		

Table 2 - Bremsstrahlung Photon Production Rates from ⁹⁰Sr and ⁹⁰Y in Water

1 Ci = 3.7 E+10 Bq

^a From Savino (1995).

Appendix

MicroShield 4.00 - Serial #4.00-00386 Westinghouse Hanford Co.

Page : 1	File Ref:
DOS File: 3X3CSEU.MS4	Date: / /
Run Date: May 13, 1996	By:
Run Time: 2:11 p.m. Monday	Checked:
Duration: 0:00:50	

Case Title: 3x3 HEPA - Simplified Model - 0.0303 Ci Cs/ 0.0017 Ci Eu154

GEOMETRY 11 - Rectangular Volume

	centimeters	feet	and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	184.404	6.0		.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0		.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	15.24	0.0		6.0
Rectangular volume width :	30.48	1.0		.0
Rectangular volume length:	182.88	6.0		.0
Rectangular volume height:	182.88	6.0		.0
Shield 1:	1.016	0.0		.4
Air Gap:	0.508	0.0		.2

Source Volume: 1.01941e+6 cm^3 36. cu ft. 62208 cu in.

		MATERIAL DE	NSITIES (g/cm^3)
Material	Source	Shield 1	Air Gap
	Shield	Slab	•
Air			0.00122
Aluminum	0.03	2,702	
Glass	0.02		

<

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS Quadrature Order X Direction 20 Y Direction 20 Z Direction 10

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	2.8660e-002	2.8114e-002	Eu-154	1.7000e-003	1.6676e-003

Page : 2 DOS File: 3X3CSEU.MS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:11 p.m. Monday Title : 3x3 HEPA - Simplified Model - 0.0303 Ci Cs/ 0.0017 Ci Eu154

*******		REFERENCE R	ESULTS =====	_==========	==================
Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air
(MeV)	(photons/sec) (MeV/sq	cm/sec)	. (mR/h	r)
	•	No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup
0.1231	2.545e+007	2.169e+001	5.812e+001	3.406e-002	9.128e-002
0.246	4.296e+006	9.008e+000	1.900e+001	1.657e-002	3.496e-002
0.4426	5.850e+005	2.553e+000	4.393e+000	5.000e-003	8.602e-003
0.5907	3.920e+006	2.442e+001	3.832e+001	4.772e-002	7.486e-002
0.6628	9.715e+008	6.969e+003	1.058e+004	1.351e+001	2.050e+001
0.8723	8.825e+006	8.844e+001	1.253e+002	1.664e-001	2.358e-001
1.0024	1.788e+007	2.120e+002	2.914e+002	3.906e-001	5.369e-001
1.2719	2.328e+007	3.673e+002	4.810e+002	6.444e-001	8.440e-001
1.5767	2.217e+006	4.512e+001	5.693e+001	7.488e-002	9.449e-002
TOTAL:	1.058e+009	7.740e+003	1.165e+004	1.489e+001	2.242e+001

_

MicroShield Westi	4.00 - Serial #4	.00-00386	
Page : 1 DOS File: 3X3SRY_NS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:18 p.m. Monday Duration: 0:02:04		File F Da Check	tef:// By:/ ced:
Case Title: 3x3 HEPA	- Simplified Mode	l-0.484	Ci Sr/Y
GEOMETRY	11 - Rectangular	Volume	
	centimeters	feet and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	184_404	6.0	.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0	.0
Dose point coordinate 7:	15 24	0.0	6.0
Bactengulan volume width .	30 /8	1 0	0.0
Rectangular volume kruth :	103 00	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume length:	102.00	0.0	.0
Rectangular volume height:	182.88	6.0	.0
Shield 1:	1.016	0.0	.4
Air Gap:	0.508	0.0	.2
Source Volume: 1.0194	1e+6 caa^3 36.cu	ft. 622	208 cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DENSITIES (g/cm Shield 1 Air Gap Slab	r3)
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	0.00122 2.702	

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

	THIEGRALIUM PARAMETERS	
	Quadrature Ord	ler
X Direction	20	
Y Direction	20	
Z Direction	10	

SOURCE NUCLIDES Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 USER INPUT SOURCE TERM

Page : 2 DOS File: 3x3SRY.MS4 Run Time: 2:18 p.m. Nonday Title : 3x3 HEPA - Simplified Model - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y

*******		xxxxxxxxx R	ESULTS =≠====		
Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air
(NeV)	(photons/sec) (MeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	r)
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup
0.015	3.790e+008	3.452e-011	3.803e-011	2.961e-012	3.262e-012
0.025	1.930e+008	3.502e-002	4.585e-002	6.040e-004	7.909e-004
0.035	1.240e+008	1.938e+000	3.164e+000	1.228e-002	2.005e-002
0.045	8.810e+007	7.021e+000	1.414e+001	2.335e-002	4.702e-002
0.055	6.680e+007	1.176e+001	2.785e+001	2.647e-002	6.269e-002
0.065	5.280e+007	1.480e+001	3.933e+001	2.687e-002	7.140e-002
0.075	4.310e+007	1.652e+001	4.560e+001	2.693e-002	7.432e-002
0.085	3.590e+007	1.736e+001	4.835e+001	2.697e-002	7.510e-002
0.095	3.040e+007	1.768e+001	4.929e+001	2.706e-002	7.544e-002
0.15	1.610e+008	1.791e+002	4.521e+002	2.949e-001	7.444e-001
0.25	6.390e+007	1.368e+002	2.868e+002	2.524e-001	5.291e-001
0.35	3.330e+007	1.086e+002	2.020e+002	2.095e-001	3.896e-001
0.475	2.660e+007	1.267e+002	2.130e+002	2.486e-001	4.179e-001
0.65	1.710e+007	1.198e+002	1.828e+002	2.325e-001	3.548e-001
0.825	6.580e+006	6.163e+001	8.847e+001	1.168e-001	1.677e-001
1.0	4.750e+006	5.615e+001	7.722e+001	1.035e-001	1.423e-001
1.225	2.680e+006	4.043e+001	5.333e+001	7.156e-002	9.440e-002
1.475	9.970e+005	1.876e+001	2.393e+001	3.170e-002	4.044e-002
1.7	2.580e+005	5.735e+000	7.155e+000	9.316e-003	1.162e-002
1.9	6.580e+004	1.665e+000	2.044e+000	2.616e-003	3.211e-003
2.1	7.210e+003	2.048e-001	2.479e-001	3.119e-004	3.775e-004
2.3	3.990e+001	1.259e-003	1.504e-003	1.861e-006	2.225e-006
TOTAL:	1.330e+009	9.427e+002	1.817e+003	1.744e+000	3.323e+000

MicroShield 4.00 - Serial #4.00-00386 Westinghouse Hanford Co. File Ref: Page : 1 DOS File: 1X1BRSR.MS4 Date: \Box Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:20 p.m. Monday Duration: 0:00:34 By: Checked: Case Title: 1 x 1 ft Breather Filter - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y90 GEOMETRY 11 - Rectangular Volume feet and inches centimeters Dose point coordinate X: 32.004 1.0 .6 Dose point coordinate Y: Dose point coordinate Z: 0.0 6.0 15.24 0.0 6.0 Rectangular volume width : Rectangular volume length: 30.48 .0 1.0 30.48 .0 1.0 Rectangular volume height: Shield 1: 30.48 1.0 .0 0.2032 0.0 .1 Air Gap: .5

Source Volume: 28316.8 cm^3 1 cu ft. 1728. cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DEN: Shield 1 Slab	SITIES (g/cmr^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03 0.02	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

	Quadrature C	н
X Direction	10	
Y Direction	10	
Z Direction	10	

SOURCE NUCLIDES Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 USER INPUT SOURCE TERM

Page : 2 DOS File: 1x1BRSR.MS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:20 p.m. Monday Title : 1 x 1 ft Breather Filter - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y90

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(MeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	r)
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup
0.015	3.790e+008	4.201e-001	4.483e-001	3.603e-002	3.845e-002
0.025	1.930e+008	1.457e+002	1.724e+002	2.514e+000	2.974e+000
0.035	1.240e+008	4.699e+002	6.282e+002	2.977e+000	3.980e+000
0.045	8.810e+007	6.472e+002	8.917e+002	2.152e+000	2.966e+000
0.055	6.680e+007	7.103e+002	1.032e+003	1.599e+000	2.324e+000
0.065	5.280e+007	7.207e+002	1.092e+003	1.308e+000	1.982e+000
0.075	4.310e+007	7.108e+002	1.046e+003	1.158e+000	1.705e+000
0.085	3.590e+007	6.905e+002	9.891e+002	1.073e+000	1.536e+000
0.095	3.040e+007	6.664e+002	9.383e+002	1.020e+000	1.436e+000
0.15	1.610e+008	5.859e+003	7.668e+003	9.648e+000	1.263e+001
0.25	6.390e+007	4.021e+003	4.894e+003	7.418e+000	9.030e+000
0.35	3.330e+007	2.997e+003	3.510e+003	5.780e+000	6.770e+000
0.475	2.660e+007	3.308e+003	3.762e+003	6.491e+000	7.381e+000
0.65	1.710e+007	2.962e+003	3.279e+003	5.750e+000	6.365e+000
0.825	6.580e+006	1.465e+003	1.596e+003	2.776e+000	3.024e+000
1.0	4.750e+006	1.294e+003	1.394e+003	2.385e+000	2.570e+000
1.225	2.680e+006	9.031e+002	9.628e+002	1.598e+000	1.704e+000
1.475	9.970e+005	4.078e+002	4.312e+002	6.893e-001	7.288e-001
1.7	2.580e+005	1.223e+002	1.286e+002	1.987e-001	2.090e-001
1.9	6.580e+004	3.502e+001	3.668e+001	5.502e-002	5.763e-002
2.1	7.210e+003	4.256e+000	4.443e+000	6.482e-003	6.765e-003
2.3	3.990e+001	2.588e-002	2.693e-002	3.827e-005	3.983e-005
TOTAL:	1.330e+009	2.814e+004	3.446e+004	5.663e+001	6.941e+001

NicroShield Westi	4.00 - Serial #4	.00-00386	
Page : 1 DOS File: 1X1BRCS.MS4 Run Date: Nay 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:24 p.m. Monday Duration: 0:00:14	•	File Ref: Date:/ By: Checked:	<u></u>
Case Title: 1 x 1 ft Breather	Filter - 0.0303	Ci Cs-137/0.0017 Ci E	u154
GEOMETRY Dose point coordinate X:	11 - Rectangular centimeters 32.004 15.24	Volume feet and inches 1.0 .6	

Dose point coordinate X:	32.004	1.0	.0
Dose point coordinate Y:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Rectangular volume width :	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume length:	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume height:	30.48	1.0	.0
Shield 1:	0.2032	0.0	.1
Air Gap:	1.3208	0.0	.5

Source Volume: 28316.8 cm^3 1 cu ft. 1728. cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DE Shield 1 Slab	NSITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

	Quadrature O
X Direction	10
Y Direction	10
Z Direction	10

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	2.8664e-002	1.0123e+000	Eu- 154	1.7000e-003	6.0035e-002

Page : 2 DOS File: 1X1BRCS.MS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2124 p.m. Monday Title : 1 x 1 ft Breather Filter - 0.0303 Ci Cs-137/0.0017 Ci Eu154

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te in Air
(MeV)	(photons/sec) (NeV/sq	cm/sec)	. (mR/h	r)
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup
0.0537	1,187e+008	1.214e+003	1.744e+003	2.841e+000	4.079e+000
0.246	4.296e+006	2.656e+002	3.240e+002	4.887e-001	5.961e-001
0.4426	5.850e+005	6.751e+001	7.728e+001	1.322e-001	1.513e-001
0.5907	3.920e+006	6.139e+002	6.847e+002	1.199e+000	1.338e+000
0.6628	9.717e+008	1.718e+005	1.899e+005	3.330e+002	3.681e+002
0.8723	8.825e+006	2.083e+003	2.261e+003	3.920e+000	4,255e+000
1.0024	1.788e+007	4.884e+003	5.261e+003	8.998e+000	9.693e+000
1.2719	2.328e+007	8.158e+003	8.682e+003	1.431e+001	1.523e+001
1.5767	2.217e+006	9.721e+002	1.025e+003	1.613e+000	1.701e+000
TOTAL:	1.151e+009	1.900e+005	2.099e+005	3.665e+002	4.051e+002

	MicroShield 4.00 Westingho) - Serial #4.00-00386 Hase Wanford Co.	
Page : DOS File: Run Date: Run Time: Duration:	1 2X2BRSR.MS4 May 13, 1996 2:27 p.m. Monday 0:00:35	File Ref: Date: By: Checked:	
	Case Title: 2 x 2 ft Bre	ather Filter - 0.484 Ci Sr,	/190
	GEOMETRY 11 -	Rectangular Volume	

	centimeters	feet and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	62.484	2.0	.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0	.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Rectangular volume width :	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume length:	60.96	2.0	.0
Rectangular volume height:	60.96	2.0	.0
Shield 1:	0.2032	0.0	.1
Air Gap:	1.3208	0.0	.5

Source Volume: 113267. cm^3 4 cu ft. 6912. cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL Di Shield 1 Slab	ENSITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

		Quadrature	Order
x	Direction	10	
Y	Direction	10	
Z	Direction	10	

SOURCE NUCLIDES Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 USER INPUT SOURCE TERM

19 of 35

٠

Pege : 2 DOS File: 2X2BRSR.MS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:27 p.m. Monday Title : 2:x 2 ft Breather Filter - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y90

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air	
(MeV)	(photons/sec)) (MeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	(1	
	-	No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup	
0.015	3.790e+008	4.690e-002	5.027e-002	4.023e-003	4.312e-003	
0.025	1.930e+008	3.510e+001	4.195e+001	6.053e-001	7.236e-001	
0.035	1.240e+008	1.397e+002	1.914e+002	8.850e-001	1.212e+000	
0.045	8.810e+007	2.091e+002	3.033e+002	6.953e-001	1.009e+000	
0.055	6.680e+007	2.381e+002	3.708e+002	5.359e-001	8.346e-001	
0.065	5.280e+007	2.462e+002	4.067e+002	4.469e-001	7.383e-001	
0.075	4.310e+007	2.455e+002	3.960e+002	4.001e-001	6.454e-001	
0.085	3.590e+007	2.401e+002	3.766e+002	3.730e-001	5.851e-001	
0.095	3.040e+007	2.328e+002	3.585e+002	3.563e-001	5.487e-001	
0.15	1.610e+008	2.073e+003	2.923e+003	3.414e+000	4.814e+000	
0.25	6.390e+007	1.437e+003	1.848e+003	2.651e+000	3.410e+000	
0.35	3.330e+007	1.077e+003	1.319e+003	2.078e+000	2.545e+000	
0.475	2.660e+007	1.195e+003	1.409e+003	2.345e+000	2.765e+000	
0.65	1.710e+007	1.075e+003	1.225e+003	2.087e+000	2.378e+000	
0.825	6.580e+006	5.336e+002	5.956e+002	1.011e+000	1.129e+000	
1.0	4.750e+006	4.727e+002	5.202e+002	8.713e-001	9.590e-001	
1,225	2.680e+006	3.308e+002	3.592e+002	5.854e-001	6.358e-001	
1.475	9.970e+005	1.497e+002	1.609e+002	2.531e-001	2.719e-001	
1.7	2.580e+005	4.499e+001	4.799e+001	7.307e-002	7.796e-002	
1.9	6.580e+004	1.289e+001	1.368e+001	2.026e-002	2.150e-002	
2.1	7.210e+003	1.569e+000	1.658e+000	2.389e-003	2.524e-003	
2.3	3.990e+001	9.546e-003	1.005e-002	1.412e-005	1.486e-005	
TOTAL:	1.330e+009	9.990e+003	1.287e+004	1.969e+001	2.531e+001	

	810	vestir:	nahouse	Serial #4 Hanford (
Page : DOS File: Run Date:	1 2X2BRCS.MS4 May 13, 1990				File Ref: Date: By:	
Duration:	0:00:14	londay			Unecked:	
Case Tit	le: 2 x 2 f	Breather	Filter	- 0.0303	Ci Cs-137/0.00	017 Ci Eu154

GEOMETRY	11 - Rectangular	Volume	
	centimeters	feet and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	62.484	2.0	.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0	.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Rectangular volume width :	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume length:	60.96	2.0	· .0
Rectangular volume height:	60.96	2.0	.0
Shield 1:	0.2032	0.0	.1
Air Gap:	1.3208	0.0	.5

Source Volume: 113267. cm^3 4 cu ft. 6912. cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DEN Shield 1 Slab	SITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Nethod: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

	Quadrature	Order		
X Direction	10			
Y Direction	10			
Z Direction	10			

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	2.8664e-002	2.5306e-001	Eu-154	1.7000e-003	1.5009e-002

Page : 2 DOS File: 2x2BRCS.MS4 Run Date: Nay 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:28 p.m. Monday Title : 2 x 2 ft Breather Filter - 0.0303 Ci Cs-137/0.0017 Ci Eu154

Energy	Activity	Energy Fi	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air	
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(MeV/sq	cm/sec)	. (mR/h	r)	
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup	
0.0537	1.187e+008	4.057e+002	6.227e+002	9.492e-001	1.457e+000	
0.246	4.296e+006	9.489e+001	1.224e+002	1.746e-001	2.252e-001	
0.4426	5.850e+005	2.436e+001	2.898e+001	4.770e-002	5.674e-002	
0.5907	3.920e+006	2.225e+002	2.560e+002	4.347e-001	5.002e-001	
0.6628	9.717e+008	6.238e+004	7.095e+004	1.209e+002	1.375e+002	
0.8723	8.825e+006	7.594e+002	8.441e+002	1.429e+000	1.588e+000	
1.0024	1.788e+007	1.784e+003	1.963e+003	3.287e+000	3.617e+000	
1.2719	2.328e+007	2.989e+003	3.239e+003	5.245e+000	5.683e+000	
1.5767	2.217e+006	3.572e+002	3.824e+002	5.927e-001	6.346e-001	
TOTAL:	1.151e+009	6.902e+004	7.841e+004	1.331e+002	1.513e+002	

	Micro	Shield 4.0	0 - Serial #4 ouse Hanford (.00-00386	
Pere · 1		webering.		File Ref:	
DOS File 212	ASH TR			Date: / /	
Bun Date: Nov	13 1006			By:	_
Bun Time- 2./	Som Mon	dav		Checked	
Duration: 0:0	0:08				
Case Tit	le: DST HEP	A Filter -	Single 2 x 2	ft Filter - 1 Ci Cs-13	7
	GE	OMETRY 11	- Rectangular	Volume	
		c	entimeters	feet and inches	
Dose poi	int coordir	ate X:	62.484	2.0 .6	
Dose poi	int coordir	ate Y:	30.48	1.0 .0	
Dose po	int coordir	wate Z:	15.24	0.0 6.0	
Rectangula	ar volume w	ridth :	30.48	1.0 .0	
Rectangula	ar volume l	ength:	60.96	2.0 .0	
Rectangula	ar volume h	eight:	60.96	2.0 .0	
	Shi	eld 1:	0.2032	0.0 .1	
	Ai	r Gap:	1.3208	0.0 .5	
So	urce Volume	: 113267.	can^3 4 cuf	t. 6912.cu in.	
		MATERIAL D	ENSITIES (g/c	r^3)	
Material	Source	Shield 1	Air Gap		
	Shield	Slab			
Air			0.00122		
Aluminum Glass	0.03 0.02	2.702			
			BUILDUP		
	Me	ernod: Buil	oup Factor Ta	bles	
	The	material r	reference 18 S	hield 1	
		INTEGRA	TION PARAMETE	RS	
			Quadrature	Order	
	X Directi	on	10		
	Y Directi	on	10		
	2 Direct	on	10		

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
88-13/0	y.4394e-001	5.3314e+000	CS-15/	9.9994e-001	8.8281e+000

Page : 2 DOS File: 2X2DST.NS4 Run Date: May 13, 1996 Run Time: 2:43 p.m. Monday Title : DST HEPA Filter - Single 2 x 2 ft Filter - 1 Ci Cs-137

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air		
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(MeV/sq	cm/sec)	. (mR/h	r)		
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup		
0.0318	7.246e+008	5.512e+002	7.228e+002	4.591e+000	6.021e+000		
0.0322	1.337e+009	1.072e+003	1.413e+003	8.628e+000	1.137e+001		
0.0364	4.865e+008	6.310e+002	8.791e+002	3.585e+000	4.994e+000		
0.6616	3.149e+010	2.018e+006	2.296e+006	3.912e+003	4.450e+003		
TOTAL:	3.404e+010	2.020e+006	2.299e+006	3.929e+003	4.473e+003		

	NicroShield 4.00 -	Serial #4.00-00386	
	Westinghouse	Hanford Co.	
Page : DOS File: Run Date: Run Time: Duration:	1 1X1DCRT_NS4 June 3, 1996 9:51 a.m. Monday 0:00:14	File Ref: Date: By: Checked:	

Case Title: DCRT HEPA Filter - 1 x 1 ft - 0.9016 Cs-137/0.0984 Ci Eu-154

GEOMETRY	11 - Rectangular	Volume	
	centimeters	feet and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	32.004	1.0	.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	15.24	0.0	6.0
Rectangular volume width :	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume length:	30.48	1.0	.0
Rectangular volume height:	30.48	1.0	.0
Shield 1:	0.2032	0.0	.1
Air Gap:	1.3208	0.0	.5

Source Volume: 28316.8 cm^3 1 cu ft. 1728. cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DE Shield 1 Slab	NSITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS Guadrature Order X Direction 10 Y Direction 10 Z Direction 10

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	8.5290e-001	3.0120e+001	Eu-154	9.8400e-002	3.4750e+000

Page : 2 DOS File: 1X1DCRT.MS4 Run Date: June 3, 1996 Run Time: 9:51 a.m. Monday Title : DCRT HEPA Filter - 1 x 1 ft - 0.9016 Cs-137/0.0984 Ci Eu-154

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(NeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	r)
	•	No Buildup	With Buildup	No Suildup	With Buildup
0.0684	4.046e+009	5.925e+004	8.911e+004	1.027e+002	1.545e+002
0.246	2.486e+008	1.538e+004	1.876e+004	2.829e+001	3.451e+001
0.4426	3.386e+007	3.908e+003	4.473e+003	7.653e+000	8.760e+000
0.5907	2.269e+008	3.553e+004	3.963e+004	6.942e+001	7.742e+001
0.6638	2.940e+010	5.207e+006	5.755e+006	1.009e+004	1.115e+004
0.8723	5.108e+008	1.206e+005	1.309e+005	2.269e+002	2.463e+002
1.0024	1.035e+009	2.827e+005	3.045e+005	5.208e+002	5.611e+002
1.2719	1.347e+009	4.722e+005	5.025e+005	8.285e+002	8.817e+002
1.5767	1.283e+008	5.627e+004	5.933e+004	9.338e+001	9.847e+001
TOTAL:	3.698e+010	6.252e+006	6.904e+006	1.197e+004	1.322e+004

NicroShield 4. Westing	.00 - Serial # house Nanford	4.00-00386 Co.	
Page : 1 DOS File: PREFSRY.NS4 Run Date: Nay 22, 1996 Run Time: 10:26 a.m. Mednesday		File Ref: Date:/ By: Checked:	_
Duration: 0:02:04			
Case Title: 3x3 Prefilter	r - Simplified	Model - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y	
	centimeters	feet and inches	
Dose point coordinate X:	184.404	6.0 .6	
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0 .0	
Dose point coordinate Z:	3.175	0.0 1.3	
Rectangular volume width :	6.35	0.0 2.5	
Rectangular volume length:	182.88	6.0 .0	
Rectangular volume height:	182.88	6.0 .0	
Shield 1:	1.016	0.0 .4	
Air Gap:	0.508	0.0 .2	
Source Volume: 212376.	cm^3 7.5 cu	ft. 12960 cu in.	

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL D Shield 1 Slab	ENSITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air			0.00122
Aluminum	0.03	2.702	
Glass	0.02		

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS Quadrature Order

K Direction	20
/ Direction	20
Z Direction	10

SOURCE NUCLIDES Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 Nuclide curies microCi/cm^3 USER INPUT SOURCE TERM

Page : 2 DOS File: PREFSRY.NS4 Run Date: May 22, 1996 Run Time: 10:26 a.m. Wednesday Title : 3x3 Prefilter - Simplified Model - 0.484 Ci Sr/Y

	*************	anasanana R	ESULTS =====		**==========
Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(MeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	r)
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup
0.015	3.790e+008	1.852e-010	2.038e-010	1.588e-011	1.748e-011
0.025	1.930e+008	9.326e-002	1.213e-001	1.609e-003	2.092e-003
0.035	1.240e+008	3.771e+000	6.044e+000	2.389e-002	3.829e-002
0.045	8.810e+007	1.199e+001	2.327e+001	3.987e-002	7.738e-002
0.055	6.680e+007	1.889e+001	4.245e+001	4.252e-002	9.555e-002
0.065	5.280e+007	2.302e+001	5.756e+001	4.179e-002	1.045e-001
0.075	4.310e+007	2.521e+001	6.471e+001	4.109e-002	1.055e-001
0.085	3.590e+007	2.617e+001	6.722e+001	4.065e-002	1.044e-001
0.095	3.040e+007	2.642e+001	6.765e+001	4.044e-002	1.035e-001
0.15	1.610e+008	2.616e+002	6.031e+002	4.307e-001	9.931e-001
0.25	6.390e+007	1.962e+002	3.793e+002	3.620e-001	6.998e-001
0.35	3.330e+007	1.541e+002	2.668e+002	2.973e-001	5.146e-001
0.475	2.660e+007	1.781e+002	2.814e+002	3.495e-001	5.521e-001
0.65	1.710e+007	1.668e+002	2.416e+002	3.239e-001	4.690e-001
0.825	6.580e+006	8.527e+001	1.169e+002	1.616e-001	2.216e-001
1.0	4.750e+006	7.728e+001	1.021e+002	1.425e-001	1.881e-001
1.225	2.680e+006	5.535e+001	7.046e+001	9.796e-002	1.247e-001
1.475	9.970e+005	2.556e+001	3.159e+001	4.320e-002	5.340e-002
1.7	2.580e+005	7.789e+000	9.442e+000	1.265e-002	1.534e-002
1.9	6.580e+004	2,256e+000	2.696e+000	3.544e-003	4.236e-003
2.1	7.210e+003	2.770e-001	3.269e-001	4.217e-004	4.978e-004
2.3	3.990e+001	1.699e-003	1.983e-003	2.512e-006	2.933e-006
TOTAL:	1.330e+009	1.346e+003	2.435e+003	2.497e+000	4.468e+000

	NicroShield 4.00 -	Serial #4.00-00386	
	wearinghouse	hantord Lo.	
Page :	1	File Ref:	
DOS File:	3X3CSEU.MS4	Date:	
Run Date:	May 22, 1996	By:	
Run Time:	10:30 a.m. Wednesday	Checked:	
Duration:	0:00:50		

Case Title: 3x3 Prefilter- Simplified Modl 0.0303 Ci Cs/0.0017 Ci Eu154

GEOMETRY	11 - Rectangular centimeters	Volume feet and	inches
Dose point coordinate X:	184.404	6.0	.6
Dose point coordinate Y:	30.48	1.0	.0
Dose point coordinate Z:	3.175	0.0	1.3
Rectangular volume width :	6.35	0.0	2.5
Rectangular volume length:	182.88	6.0	.0
Rectangular volume height:	182.88	6.0	.0
Shield 1:	1.016	0.0	-4
Air Gap:	0.508	0.0	.2

Source Volume: 212376. cm³ 7.5 cu ft. 12960 cu in.

Material	Source Shield	MATERIAL DE Shield 1 Slab	NSITIES (g/cm^3) Air Gap
Air Aluminum Glass	0.03	2.702	0.00122

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS Quadrature Order

20
20
10

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	2.8660e-002	1.3495e-001	Eu-154	1.7000e-003	8.0047e-003

Page : 2 DOS File: 3X3CSEU.HS4 Run Date: Nay 22, 1996 Run Time: 10:30 a.m. Wednesday Title : 3x3 Prefilter- Simplified Modl 0.0303 Ci Cs/0.0017 Ci Eu154

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air			
(HeV)	(photons/sec) (MeV/sq	CR/Sec)	(mR/h	r)			
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup			
0.1231	2.545e+007	3.194e+001	7.824e+001	5.016e-002	1.229e-001			
0.246	4.296e+006	1.293e+001	2.513e+001	2.379e-002	4.624e-002			
0.4426	5.850e+005	3.597e+000	5.803e+000	7.045e-003	1.136e-002			
0.5907	3.920e+006	3.412e+001	5.064e+001	6.665e-002	9.893e-002			
0.6628	9.715e+008	9.702e+003	1.398e+004	1.881e+001	2.710e+001			
0.8723	8.825e+006	1.222e+002	1.657e+002	2.299e-001	3.117e-001			
1.0024	1.788e+007	2.917e+002	3.851e+002	5.375e-001	7.095e-001			
1.2719	2.328e+007	5.023e+002	6.355e+002	8.813e-001	1.115e+000			
1.5767	2.217e+006	6.138e+001	7.516e+001	1.019e-001	1.247e-001			
TOTAL:	1.058e+009	1.076e+004	1.540e+004	2.070e+001	2.964e+001			

MicroShield 4.00 - Serial #4.00-00386 Westinghouse Hanford Co. File Ref: Page : 1 DOS File: PREFDST.MS4 Date: ____ Run Date: May 22, 1996 Run Time: 9:46 a.m. Wednesday Duration: 0:00:05 By: Checked: Case Title: DST Prefilter - 2 x 2 ft Filter - DST Lig - 1 Ci Cs-137 GEOMETRY 11 - Rectangular Volume feet and inches centimeters 62.484 30.48 3.175 6.35 Dose point coordinate X: 2.0 .6 Dose point coordinate Y: 1.0 .0 Dose point coordinate Z: 0.0 1.3 Rectangular volume width : Rectangular volume length: 60.96 60.96 2.0 .0 2.0 Rectangular volume height: .0 .1 Shield 1: 0.2032 0.0 Air Gap: 1.3208 0.0 .5 Source Volume: 23597.4 cm^3 .833333 cu ft. 1440 cu in. MATERIAL DENSITIES (g/cm^3) Material Source Shield 1 Air Gap Shield Slab Air Aluminum 0.00122 0.03 2.702 Glass BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1 INTEGRATION PARAMETERS Quadrature Order X Direction 10 Y Direction 10 Z Direction 10 SOURCE NUCLIDES

Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	9.4594e-001	4.0087e+001	Cs-137	9.9994e-001	4.2375e+001

Page : 2 DOS File: PREFDST.MS4 Run Date: May 22, 1996 Run Time: 9:46 a.m. Wednesday Title : DST Prefilter - 2 x 2 ft Filter - DST Liq - 1 Ci Cs-137

*******	**************************************								
Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air				
(NeV)	(photons/sec)) (NeV/sq	cm/sec)	(mR/h	r)				
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup				
0.0333	1.823e+009	2.871e+003	3.765e+003	2.092e+001	2.744e+001				
0.6616	3.149e+010	2.825e+006	3.148e+006	5.477e+003	6.103e+003				
TOTAL:	3.332e+010	2.828e+006	3.152e+006	5.498e+003	6.130e+003				

	Micr	oShield 4 Westin	4.00 - nahouse	Serial Hanford	#4.00-003 Co.	86	
Page : 1 DOS File: PREF Run Date: June Run Time: 9:5 Duration: 0:0	DCRT_MS4 3, 1996 2 a.m. Mo 10:14	nday	•		Fil	e Ref:/ Date:/ By: ecked:	
Case Title:	DCRT Pref	ilter - '	1 x 1 f	t - 0.90	16 Cs-137	/ 0.0984 Ci	Eu-154
	G	EOMETRY '	11 - Re	ctangula	r Volume		
			centi	meters	feet	and inches	
Dose poi	nt coordi	nate X:	32	.004	1.0	-6	
Dose poi	nt coordi	nate Y:	15	.24	0.0	6.0	
Dose poi	nt coordi	nate Z:	3	.175	0.0	13	
Rectangula	r volume	width :	6	.35	0.0	2.5	
Rectangula	r volume	Length:	30	48	1 0		
Pectangula	r volume	haight	30	48	1 0		
Rectangere	sh	iald 1		2032	1.0		
		in Con-		7209	0.0	• :	
	· · ·	in eap:		.3200	0.0		
Sourc	e Volume:	5899.34	cm^3	.208333	cu ft.	360 cu in.	
		MATERIAL	L DENSI	TIES (g/	cm^3)		
Material	Source	Shield	1 A	ir Gap	-		
	Shield	Slab					
Air			0	-00122			
Aluminum	0.03	2.702					
Glass	0.02						
	0.02						

BUILDUP Method: Buildup Factor Tables The material reference is Shield 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

	THE BUILT FOR THE PLACE
	Quadrature Order
X Direction	10
Y Direction	10
Z Direction	10

		SOURCE	NUCLIDES		
Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3	Nuclide	curies	microCi/cm^3
Ba-137m	8.5290e-001	1.4458e+002	Eu-154	9-8400e-002	1.6680e+001

Page : 2 DOS File: PREFDCRT.MS4 Run Date: June 3, 1996 Run Time: 9:52 a.m. Monday Title : DCRT Prefilter - 1 x 1 ft - 0.9016 Cs-137/ 0.0984 Ci Eu-154

Energy	Activity	Energy Fl	uence Rate	Exposure Ra	te In Air			
(MeV)	(photons/sec)	(MeV/sq	cm/sec)	. (mR/h	r)			
		No Buildup	With Buildup	No Buildup	With Buildup			
0.0684	4.046e+009	1.036e+005	1.437e+005	1.795e+002	2.491e+002			
0.246	2.486e+008	2.600e+004	3.041e+004	4.784e+001	5.595e+001			
0.4426	3.386e+007	6.559e+003	7.295e+003	1.284e+001	1.429e+001			
0.5907	2.269e+008	5.943e+004	6.476e+004	1.161e+002	1.265e+002			
0.6638	2.940e+010	8.696e+006	9.409e+006	1.685e+004	1.824e+004			
0.8723	5.108e+008	2.008e+005	2.142e+005	3.778e+002	4.030e+002			
1.0024	1.035e+009	4.700e+005	4.983e+005	8.660e+002	9.182e+002			
1.2719	1.347e+009	7.833e+005	8.226e+005	1.374e+003	1.443e+003			
1.5767	1.283e+008	9.315e+004	9.712e+004	1.546e+002	1.612e+002			
TOTAL:	3.698e+010	1.044e+007	1.129e+007	1.998e+004	2.161e+004			

WHC-SD-WM-CN-Dack REV 0

CHECKLIST FOR PEER REVIEW

Document Reviewed: "MICROSHIELD Dose Rate Calculation for HEPA Filters and Prefilters," WHC-SD-WM-CN-033 REV 0, by Anthony V. Savino, June 1996.

Scope of Review: Entire document

..

<u>Yes No NA</u>	
* <u>KI [] []</u>	Previous reviews complete and cover analysis, up to scope of
	this review, with no gaps.
	Problem completely defined.
iiii Ma	Accident scenarios developed in a clear and logical manner.
MHH T	Necessary assumptions explicitly stated and supported
XX H H H	Computer codes and data files documented
IN H	Data used in calculations explicitly stated in document
MITI	Data used in carculations expiriting stated in document.
₩IIII	Data checked for consistency with original source information
	as applicable.
$[\mathbf{X}_{1}]$	Mathematical derivations checked including dimensional
	consistency of results.
\bowtie	Models appropriate and used within range of validity or use
	outside range of established validity justified.
	Hand calculations checked for errors. Spreadsheet results
Y 1 L 1 L 1	should be treated exactly the same as hand calculations.
F>{[1][]	Software input correct and consistent with document reviewed.
Killi	Software output consistent with input and with results
PALILI	reported in document reviewed
Г I Г I Б Л	Limite (oritonia (quidalines applied to applycic results are
אקנונו	Limits/criteria/guiderines appried to analysis results are
	appropriate and referenced. Limits/criteria/guiderines
	checked against references.
	Safety margins consistent with good engineering practices.
[M]	Conclusions consistent with analytical results and applicable
•	limits.
MIII	Results and conclusions address all points required in the
	problem statement.
	Format consistent with appropriate NRC Regulatory Guide or
	other standards
[] [X*	Review calculations, comments, and/or notes are attached.
M L I L I	Document annoved
M 1 1 1 1	
Dave Him	as A March 5/3/05
Dave IIII	(Printed Name and Strinature)
Verlevel	(rinced name and Signature) S Date

DISTRIBUTION SHEET								
To From						Page 1 of 1		
Distribution	A. V.	Savino			Date 9/24/96			
Project Title/Work Order					E	OT No. 619	404	
MICROSHIELD Dose Rate Calculations for HEPA Filters and ECN No. N/A Prefilters								
Name	MSIN	Text With All Attach.	Text Onl	у	Attach./ Appendix Only	EDT/ECN Only		
C. Carro D. S. Leach A. V. Savino (3) TWRS S & L Project Files (6) Central Files (Original + 1)	A2-34 A3-34 G1-11 A2-26 A3-88	X X X X						