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<i>Información del resumen</i>		
Título	GALR2/NPY1R heterodimers interact at receptor level in the dentate gyrus of the hippocampus in rats	
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<i>Texto</i>		
<p>Previously, we have described Galanin(GAL) and Neuropeptide Y Y1(NPY1) interactions at behavioural, cellular and receptor levels through GALR2/NPY1R heterodimers in the amygdala. The aim of this work was to study GAL/NPY1R interactions in the Dentate Gyrus (DG) of the Hippocampus, using autoradiographic, <i>in situ</i> hybridization and <i>in situ</i> proximity ligation assay (PLA).</p> <p>Rats (n=6) were sacrificed 15 minutes or 5 hours after icv injections of GAL (3nmol) and DG sections were incubated with NPY1R agonist [¹²⁵I]-[Leu³¹,Pro³⁴]PYY (25 pM) or NPY1R-³³PdATP specific probe, for autoradiography and <i>in situ</i> hybridization respectively. Autoradiograms were analyzed using NIH image analysis system and Student's unpaired t-test was used. For PLA, DG sections were incubated with anti-GALR2 Rabbit (1:100) and anti-NPY1R Goat (1:200). PLA signals were detected with PLA PLUS or MINUS probes for rabbit or goat/mouse antibodies. PLA signals were visualized by using a confocal microscope Leica TCS-SL confocal microscope (Leica).</p> <p>We observed that GAL significant increased the NPY1R agonist [¹²⁵I]-[Leu³¹,Pro³⁴]PYY binding in the DG by 20% (p<0,05) and the NPY1R mRNA expression in the granular layer of DG by 31% (p<0,001). Moreover, PLA-positive red clusters were found specifically in the polymorphic layer and subgranular zone of the DG. No PLA clusters were observed neither in the molecular layer of the DG nor in the corpus callosum, an area that seems to lack of GALR2 receptor.</p> <p>These results demonstrate a novel mechanism of interaction between GAL and NPY1R in the DG at receptor level, probably involving the formation of GALR2/NPY1R heteroreceptor complexes. Study supported by Junta de Andalucía CVI6476.</p>		