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May 8th, 11:00 AM - 1:00 PM

Exploring Speech Experiences, CPIB Scores, and AAC Assessment Experiences of Autistic AAC Users with Intermittent, Unreliable, Insufficient, and/or Expensive Speech

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Rayl, Karina; Herr, Pang Lee; Eddy, Brandon; Donaldson, Amy; Fuller, Stephanie; and Zisk, Alyssa, "Exploring Speech Experiences, CPIB Scores, and AAC Assessment Experiences of Autistic AAC Users with Intermittent, Unreliable, Insufficient, and/or Expensive Speech" (2024). *Student Research Symposium*. 29. https://pdxscholar.library.pdx.edu/studentsymposium/2024/posters/29

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| P resenter Information Karina Rayl, Pang Lee Herr, Brandon Eddy, Amy Donaldson, Stephanie Fuller, and Alyssa Zisk | | | | | | |
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Exploring Speech Experiences, CPIB Scores, and AAC Assessment Experiences of Autistic AAC Users with Intermittent, Unreliable, Insufficient, and/or Expensive Speech

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BACKGROUND

- Autistic speaking adults express that access to augmentative and alternative communication (AAC) supports communicative choice¹
- Speaking autistic adults have reported that AAC was not offered to them as children²
- Non-autistic professionals do not possess firsthand knowledge of the autistic internal experiences³
- Autistic speaking experiences⁴
 - Intermittent speech
 - Unreliable speech
 - Insufficient speech Expensive speech⁵
- To date, no tools exist to measure autistic
- speaking experiences The Communication Participation Item Bank (CPIB)⁶ may be applicable to measuring
- autistic speaking experiences

PURPOSE

To investigate autistic adults' AAC assessment experiences and explore if a modified version of the Communication Participation Item Bank (CPIB) questionnaire could be an effective tool to measure autistic speaking experiences

METHODS

- A survey composed of 62 quantitative and qualitative questions was distributed to autistic AAC user platforms
- Participants for this study were:
 - 18+ years old
 - Autistic
 - Used AAC
 - Had intermittent, unreliable, insufficient and/or expensive speech
 - Lived in the U.S.
- Survey questions included:
 - Speech and AAC assessment experiences
 - Modified CPIB short-form questionnaire
 - Perceptions of the ability of the CPIB questionnaire to capture autistic speech experiences
- Analyses were performed using Python with scipy.stats, sklearn, and statsmodels libraries

RESULTS

Demographics of Participants

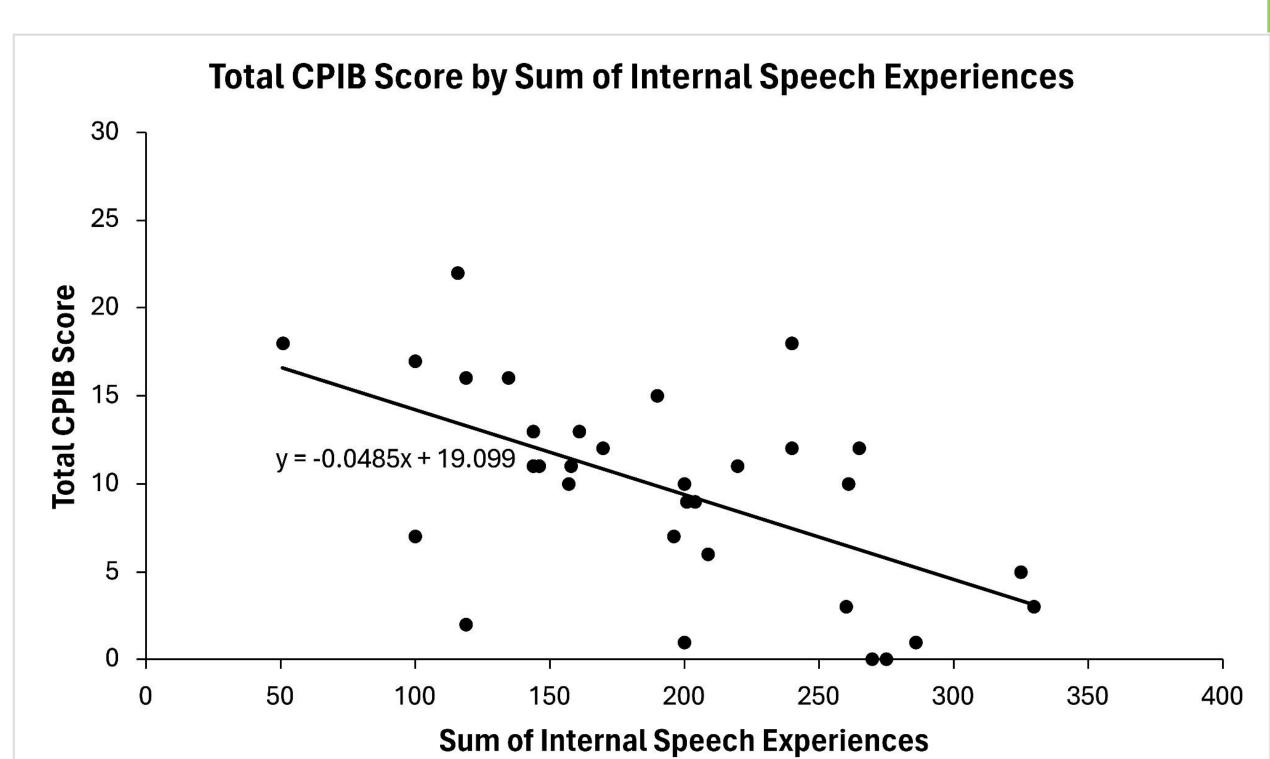
| Age | Frequency | % of Respondents |
|--|-----------|------------------|
| 18 - 25 years | 20 | 56% |
| 26 - 35 years | 9 | 25% |
| 36 - 45 years | 4 | 11% |
| 46 - 55 years | 2 | 6% |
| 55+ years | 1 | 3% |
| Autism Diagnosis | | |
| Professionally diagnosed | 29 | 81% |
| Self-identified | 7 | 19% |
| Education Level | | |
| Some high school | 2 | 6% |
| High School | 13 | 36% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 7 | 19% |
| Master's Degree | 5 | 14% |
| PhD or higher | 7 | 19% |
| Trade school | 1 | 3% |
| Prefer not to answer | 1 | 3% |
| Other | 0 | 0% |
| How many have had an AAC assessment with a licensed SLP? | 6 | 17% |

| | CPIB Total Score | Perceived CPIB Efficacy | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Variables Coefficient (Standard E | | | |
| Constant | 19.0994* | 2.0979 | |
| Constant | (2.571) | (1.351) | |
| Sum of Speech | -0.0485* | 0.0203* | |
| Experiences | (0.013) | (0.007) | |
| R squared | 0.332 | 0.241 | |
| Adj. R squared | 0.31 | 0.216 | |
| | 14.93 | | |
| F-stat (p value) | (p=0.001) | 9.517 (p=0.004) | |
| Observations | 32 | 32 | |
| * = p < 0.05 | | - 1 | |

Spearman Correlation Matrix

| Speech Experiences | Intermittent | Unreliable | Insufficient | Expensive | СРІВ |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|-------|
| Intermittent | 1 | 0.41 | 0.27 | 0.34 | -0.43 |
| Unreliable | 0.41 | 1 | 0.38 | 0.3 | -0.39 |
| Insufficient | 0.27 | 0.38 | 1 | 0.07 | -0.45 |
| Expensive | 0.34 | 0.3 | 0.07 | 1 | -0.31 |
| CPIB | -0.43 | -0.39 | -0.45 | -0.31 | 1 |

Significant correlations (p<0.05) noted in bold



DISCUSSION

- As the sum of intermittent, unreliable, insufficient, and expensive speech experiences increased, the impact on participation increased, as did the perceived effectiveness of the **CPIB** tool
- Regression results suggest that other factors may be impacting the CPIB score (e.g., environmental factors, health conditions, etc.)
- Qualitative analyses are still needed to better understand on autistic speech experiences and how these align with CPIB ratings
- Further research is needed to explore potential barriers behind speaking autistic adults accessing formal AAC assessments
- Limitations include:
 - Small sample size
 - Participants may not recall assessment experiences if conducted many years ago

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