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June 1979

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D FORMATION BY CHARGE-TRANSFER COLLISIONS OF 0.3 TO 10-keV DEUTERIUM IONS AND ATOMS IN CESIUM, RUBIDIUM, AND SODIUM VAPORS

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D⁻ formation by charge-transfer collisions of D⁺ in a metal-vapor target is interesting both as a basic atomic-collision study and as a promising means of providing intense D⁰ atom beams at high energies for plasma heating and fueling. Alkali metals are often used as the target because of their high D⁺ to D⁻ conversion efficiencies. The thick-target D⁻ yield (equilibrium yield or F₋) for Cs vapor has been previously reported². We report here cross sections for electron capture by D⁰ and electron loss from D⁻ in collision with Cs vapor, as well as the D⁻ equilibrium yield in Cs, Rb, and Na vapors. Our results are in the D energy range 0.3-10 keV.

The equilibrium yield, F_{\perp}^{∞} , was measured by passing a momentum-analyzed beam of D^{+} through a recirculating metal-vapor (heat-pipe) target. The beam after the target is analyzed in a transverse electric field; D^{+} and D^{-} are measured with magnetically suppressed Faraday cups, D^{0} is measured with a pyroelectric detector. Our results for F_{\perp}^{∞} in Cs, Rb, and Na vapors are shown in Fig. 1. Also shown are our previous results for Mg and Sr vapors D^{1} .

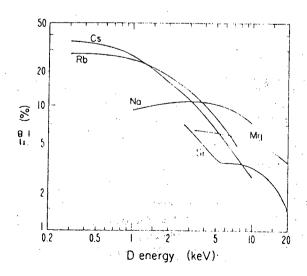


Fig. 1. Equilibrium yield $F_{\underline{\underline{}}}$ for deuterium after passage through thick targets of cesium, rubidium, sodium, magnesium, or strontium vapor. (All results are by the present authors.) Maximum uncertainties are $\pm 10\%$.

The cross sections σ_{0-} and σ_{-0} were measured in cesium vapor using the same apparatus. For σ_{-0} we used a D beam from a duoplasmatron source; for σ_{0-} we stripped D in Ar. Results are shown in Fig. 2. The ratio of σ_{0-} to the sum of σ_{0-} and σ_{-0} should give F_{-} in the 2-state approximation (assuming ground-state D). Our results for σ_{0-} and σ_{-0} give a ratio which is consistent with our F_{-} measurements.

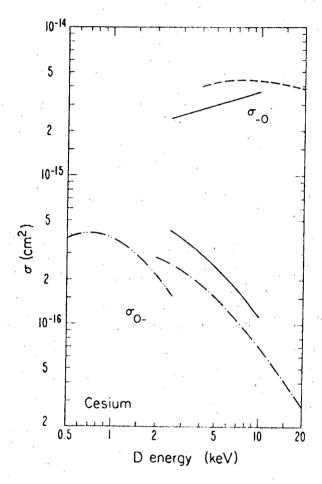


Fig. 2. Charge transfer cross sections for $D^0 \to D^-$ (σ_{0-}) and for $D^- \to D^0$ (σ_{-0}) in cesium vapor. Solid line, present results (absolute uncertainty 35%); dashed line, ref. 3 (renormalized upward by a factor of 2 from published values); dot-dashed line, ref. 4; 2-dot-dashed line, ref. 5.

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