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EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SCIENCE

Low copy numbers of complement *C4* and *C4A* deficiency are risk factors for myositis, its subgroups and autoantibodies

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To cite: Zhou D, King EH, Rothwell S, *et al. Ann Rheum Dis* 2023;**82**:235–245. ABSTRACT Background Idiopathic inflammatory myopathies (IIM) are a group of autoimmune diseases characterised by myositis-related autoantibodies plus infiltration of leucocytes into muscles and/or the skin, leading to the destruction of blood vessels and muscle fibres, chronic weakness and fatigue. While complement-mediated destruction of capillary endothelia is implicated in paediatric and adult dermatomyositis, the complex diversity of complement *C4* in IIM pathology was unknown.

Methods We elucidated the gene copy number (GCN) variations of total *C4*, *C4A* and *C4B*, *long* and *short genes* in 1644 Caucasian patients with IIM, plus 3526 matched healthy controls using real-time PCR or Southern blot analyses. Plasma complement levels were determined by single radial immunodiffusion.

Results The large study populations helped establish the distribution patterns of various C4 GCN groups. Low GCNs of C4T (C4T=2+3) and C4A deficiency (C4A=0+1) were strongly correlated with increased risk of IIM with OR equalled to 2.58 (2.28-2.91), $p=5.0\times10^{-53}$ for *C4T*, and 2.82 (2.48–3.21), $p=7.0\times10^{-57}$ for *C4A* deficiency. Contingency and regression analyses showed that among patients with C4A deficiency, the presence of HLA-DR3 became insignificant as a risk factor in IIM except for inclusion body myositis (IBM), by which 98.2% had HLA-DR3 with an OR of 11.02 (1.44-84.4). Intragroup analyses of patients with IIM for C4 protein levels and IIM-related autoantibodies showed that those with anti-Jo-1 or with anti-PM/Scl had significantly lower C4 plasma concentrations than those without these autoantibodies.

Conclusions *C4A* deficiency is relevant in dermatomyositis, *HLA-DRB1*03* is important in IBM and both *C4A* deficiency and *HLA-DRB1*03* contribute interactively to risk of polymyositis.

WHAT IS ALREADY KNOWN ON THIS TOPIC

⇒ Complement activation causes damage to the skin and muscles in myositis through the formation of membrane attack complexes on capillaries and activation products that stimulate inflammation. How genetic diversity of complement contributes to differential susceptibility among human patients with myositis was unknown.

WHAT THIS STUDY ADDS

⇒ We deciphered gene copy number (GCN) variations for complement total C4 (C4T), acidic C4A, basic C4B, long genes (C4L) and short genes (C4S) in >1600 patients with IIM and >3500 healthy subjects of European ancestry. Low GCNs of C4T, C4A and C4L strongly correlated with elevated risk of juvenile dermatomyositis, adult-onset dermatomyositis and polymyositis. The presence of HLA-DR3 with deficiencies for C4A or C4B was the predominant genetic factor for inclusion body myositis. Lower plasma protein levels of C4 and C3 were present among patients with IIM with anti-Jo1 and myositis-associated autoantibodies.

INTRODUCTION

Idiopathic inflammatory myopathies (IIM) are a group of autoimmune diseases characterised by chronic muscle weakness and fatigue.^{1–3} Pathology in IIM includes the generation of myositis-related autoantibodies and infiltration of leucocytes into muscles and/or the skin leading to inflammation with high levels of muscle enzymes in the circulation.¹ Four major subgroups of IIM include juvenile dermatomyositis (JDM),⁴ adult-onset dermatomyositis (DM), polymyositis (PM) and inclusion body

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HOW THIS STUDY MIGHT AFFECT RESEARCH, PRACTICE OR POLICY

⇒ Low GCN of complement *C4* or *C4A* deficiency are strong risk factors for autoimmunity in IIM. In the presence of myositis autoantibodies, low complement levels could be both a cause (as complement genetic deficiency possibly causes autoimmune disease) and an effect of the disease (through immune-complex-mediated complement consumption). Thus, monitoring depressed levels of complement and elevated activation products would be informative about disease activities or flares.

myositis (IBM). Immune-mediated necrotising myositis and antisynthetase syndrome are recently defined categories.

JDM is the most common form of myositis in children that has a mean age of diagnosis between 7 and 8 years.⁴ Patients with JDM have similar muscle and skin manifestations as in adultonset DM but do not have the increased risk of interstitial lung disease (ILD) and malignancy that are more common among adult patients. Specific patterns of rash involving the eyelids, face, shoulders and body areas frequently exposed to sunlight are prevalent among JDM and DM. Muscle weakness is symmetric and proximal to the body axis. In pathognomonic muscle biopsies, there is remarkable complement-mediated destruction of perivascular endothelium leading to perifascicular ischaemia and degeneration of muscle fibres.⁵⁻⁸ However, triggers for complement activation and whether complement genetic diversity is engaged in the breakdown of immune tolerance have not been investigated. PM is more common in women over the age of 30. Patients with PM mainly have muscle weakness and may develop ILD but skin manifestations are infrequent. For IBM, the disease starts insidiously at elderly age and weakness may involve both proximal and distal muscles. PM and IBM both seem to involve primarily cell-mediated autoimmunity.¹

The aetiology of IIM is likely multifactorial. Inflamed muscle cells in patients with IIM express human leucocyte antigen (HLA) class I and sometimes class II proteins that present antigens to T cells and provide activation signals. Many patients with IIM have myositis-specific autoantibodies (MSA) and/or myositis-associated autoantibodies (MAA),^{9 10} which together are termed myositis-related autoantibodies. MAA are also present in other connective tissue diseases. Intriguingly, patients with IIM with the same autoantibodies may present with similar disease patterns and profiles.^{9 11}

Among subjects of European ancestry, the presence of *HLA*-*DRB1*03:01* or *HLA-DR3* tends to strongly associate with complement C4A deficiency, the presence of a single short C4B gene and *HLA-B*08:01*, which is therefore named the ancestral haplotype AH8.1.¹²⁻¹⁸ Rothwell and colleagues showed that *HLA-DRB1*03:01* was one of the strongest risk factors for IIM.^{19 20}

Complement C4 plays essential roles as an anchor protein in the activation of the classical and the mannan-binding lectin pathways for the humoral immunity (figure 1) to defend against infection.^{21 22} There are four layers of genetic complexity for human C4, which include (1) multiallelic gene copy number (GCN) variations with 2–10 copies of C4 genes present in a diploid genome among different individuals^{23–25}; (2) gene size dichotomy with a long gene and a short gene depending on the integration of the 6.4 kb endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4) into intron 9 of long genes^{26 27}; (3) each C4 gene either codes for an <u>a</u>cidic C4A or a <u>b</u>asic C4B protein, which differ by four specific amino acid residues between positions 1120 and 1125 coded by exon 26: <u>PCPVLD</u> for C4A and <u>LSPVIH</u> for C4B^{28 29} and (4) both C4A and C4B proteins are polymorphic with differential electrophoretic, serological and functional reactivities (figure 1).^{25 28 30} Isotype deficiency of C4A has been shown to be strongly associated with increased susceptibility of lupus in multiple racial groups^{23 24 31} and in an animal model.³²

The role of C4 isotype deficiencies in myositis is understudied. The continuous GCN variations and associated polymorphisms for C4A and C4B pose challenges for accurate data interpretation through whole-exome or whole-genome sequencing and analyses by Immunochip techniques. In a study of 95 white patients with JDM, we showed that C4A deficiency was a strong risk factor for JDM.³³ How complement C4 genetic diversity contributes to disease predisposition in different forms of IIM, the development of MSA and/or MAA and the relative roles of *HLA-DRB1*03* and C4A deficiency in IIM have yet to be assessed, however.

We leveraged a robust collection of biospecimens and clinical data for patients with IIM recruited by Investigators of the Myositis Genetics Consortium (MYOGEN) from the UK, Sweden, the Czech Republic, Belgium and the USA, plus geographically matched healthy controls to investigate the GCN variations of total C4 (C4T), C4A, C4B, long C4 genes (C4L) and short C4 genes (C4S) in disease susceptibility for IIM and its four major subtypes. The relative roles of *HLA-DRB1*03* and C4A deficiency on genetic risk of IIM, and how the C4 GCN variations and complement protein levels correlated with the presence of myositis-related autoantibodies were also examined.

PATIENTS AND METHODS

Study populations

Our study population included 1644 patients with IIM and 3526 healthy controls (table 1). Patients with IIM fulfilled Bohan and Peter classification criteria for DM, JDM and PM,^{34 35} and Griggs or European Neuromuscular Center or the UK Medical Research Council criteria for IBM.^{36–38} Study subjects were recruited with informed consent from northern and central Europe and the USA through the MYOGEN or at the Nation-wide Children's Hospital, were self-reported European ancestry or based on principal component analysis.¹⁹ Patients with non-European ancestries were studied but not included in specific genetic analyses. Healthy control subjects did not report to have an autoimmune disease.

Isolation of genomic DNA, EDTA-plasma and Southern blot analyses

For subjects recruited in Ohio, preparation of genomic DNA from peripheral blood samples, performance of *TaqI*, *PshAI-PvuII* restriction fragment length polymorphisms and *PmeI* pulsed-field gel electrophoresis to elucidate *RP-C4-CYP21-TNX* (RCCX) modular structures were as described.³⁹

Copy numbers and sizes of C4A and C4B genes by real-time PCR

When quantities of genomic DNA were limiting, copy numbers of C4 genes were determined by TaqMan-based quantitative real-time PCR with internal control using cosmid DNA with both test and control amplicons. Five independent test amplicons specific for total C4 (C4T), C4A, C4B, long genes and short genes were performed. Verification was achieved when GCN of C4T=GCNs of C4A+C4B and/or GCNs of C4L+C4S.¹⁴

A Activation and regulation of complement pathways



Figure 1 The complement system with emphasis on the genotypic and phenotypic diversities of C4A and C4B. (A) Activation and regulation of the human complement system. Activation of zymogens and progression of pathways are shown in red; regulations of activated products in green. A positive feedback of amplification is common for all three activation pathways. (B). Genetic locations for constituents of the C3 convertases for classical and alternative pathways. (C) Segmental duplications with one to five modules of the *RP-C4-CYP21-TNX* (RCCX) in haplotypes at the class III region of the human leucocyte antigen (HLA). (D) Dichotomy of human *C4* gene size with the long gene containing endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4) in the ninth intron and the short gene without the endogenous retrovirus. (E) Specific polymorphisms leading the isotypic changes for C4A and C4B proteins. (F) Immunofixation experiments showing the quantitative and qualitative diversities of C4A and C4B protein allotypes including deficiencies. (G) The range of polymorphic variants for C4B (left panel) and for C4A (right panel). CNVs, copy number variations.

Protein concentrations and polymorphic variants

Complement C4 and C3 protein concentrations were measured by single radial immunodiffusion (RID) using EDTA-plasma and an RID kit from the Binding Site (UK). C4A and C4B protein allotypes in plasma samples were resolved by high-voltage agarose gel electrophoresis, followed by immunofixation using antiserum against human C4.⁴⁰

Genotyping of HLA-DRB1

Genotyping for *HLA-DRB1* alleles for samples from the USA and Sweden was performed at low resolution using the sequence-specific primer-PCR methods (eg, DR low-resolution kit: Olerup SSP, Saltsjobaden, Sweden).^{41 42} The *HLA-DRB1* genotypes for samples from the UK were deduced from single-nucleotide polymorphisms data using SNP2HLA software.^{20 43 44}

High concordance of imputed data from DNA sequencing and conventional HLA typing techniques was obtained.²⁰

Statistical analyses

This was a cross-sectional, case–control study. Statistical analyses were performed using JMP16 software from SAS. Continuous data between patients and controls were compared by t-tests. The distributions of *C4T*, *C4A*, *C4B*, *C4L* and *C4S* GCN groups in patients with IIM or in each IIM subgroup and controls were analysed by χ^2 analyses. The GCN groups for each type of *C4* genes were segregated dichotomously into low GCN and medium to high GCN groups, and their frequencies compared between case and controls with χ^2 analyses to compute ORs and 95% CIs. The low GCN groups were defined as follows: C4T=2+3, C4A=0+1, C4B=0+1, C4L=0+1+2 and C4S=0.

Table 1 Demographics of study populations				
	Patients with IIM	Controls		
Ν	1644	3526		
Sex, F: M	0.668 : 0.332	0.730 : 0.270		
Age at disease diagnosis or recruitment (controls), years old	50.5±16.3	62.5±6.2		
Sources	n	n	n (total)	
Belgium	36	-	36	
Czech Republic	329	96	425	
UK	760	1451	2211	
USA	138	945	1083	
Sweden	381	1034	1415	
Total	1644	3526	5170	
Subgroups of patients wit	h IIM, n (%)*			
	F	Μ	Total	F/M
DM	391 (69.3)	173 (30.7)	564	2.26
PM	473 (71.2)	191 (28.8)	664	2.48
IBM	75 (41.7)	105 (58.3)	180	0.71
JDM	103 (67.3)	50 (32.7)	153	2.06
Overall	1042	519	1561*	(2.01)
	Age at diagnosis (years old)	MSA+, %	MAA+, %	
DM	49.2±15.0	65.4	28.7	
PM	50.4±14.2	42.7	38.6	
IBM	61.2±9.3	2.4	19.3	
JDM	7.9±4.3	42.9	22.7	

*The patient population with IIM also included 28 patients diagnosed with immune-mediated necrotising myositis, 24 patients with anti-synthetase syndrome, 19 patients with unspecified subcategory of disease, plus 12 patients with gender unknown.

DM, dermatomyositis; IBM, inclusion body myositis; IIM, idiopathic inflammatory myopathies; JDM, juvenile dermatomyositis; MAA, myositis-associated autoantibodies; MSA, myositis-specific autoantibodies; PM, polymyositis.

A Bonferroni's correction for a C4 genotype with p<0.01 was considered significant to account for five structural variants being investigated for IIM genetic risk individually. For intragroup comparisons of a specific phenotype with a genotype, a p-value <0.05 was viewed as significant.

RESULTS

Comparisons of GCN variations of complement C4 between IIM and controls

Total C4

The mean GCN and SD of C4T among patients with IIM was 3.50 ± 0.78 , compared with 3.83 ± 0.76 in healthy controls (δ =-0.333, p=1.4×10⁻⁴⁶, t-test) (table 2). The most prevalent GCN group for C4T in IIM was 3 copies with a frequency of 45.5%, followed by a GCN group of 4 copies with a frequency of 38.2% (figure 2). Patients with 2 copies of C4T comprised 7.1%, and those with 5, 6, 7 and 8 copies comprised a total of 9.2% of all IIM. Categorically, the distributions of C4T GCNs in IIM were substantially different from those in healthy controls, with a p-value of 1.4×10^{-53} (χ^2 analysis). The OR and 95% CI for IIM subjects with two copies of C4T was 2.26 (1.74 to 2.95), p= 2.0×10^{-9} , and those with two or three copies (C4T=2+3) had an OR=2.62 (2.32 to 2.95), p= 2.8×10^{-55} (figure 3A; see also online supplemental figure S2, supplementary results).

 Table 2
 Comparisons of mean complement C4 gene copy numbers

 (GCN) among patients with IIM

· / J1				
	n*	GCN, mean±SD	Difference with control	P value†
C4T				
Controls	3500	3.83±0.76		
IIM	1637	3.50±0.78	-0.34	1.4E-46
DM	559	3.56±0.76	-0.28	1.7E-15
PM	665	3.46±0.79	-0.38	1.8E-30
IBM	180	3.40±0.79	-0.43	1.3E-13
JDM	153	3.52±0.76	-0.32	4.9E-07
C4A				
Controls	3499	2.10±0.84		
IIM	1628	1.74±0.88	-0.37	6.0E-46
DM	557	1.75±0.85	-0.35	6.8E-20
PM	664	1.70±0.91	-0.41	1.8E-29
IBM	177	1.82±0.98	-0.28	1.3E-05
JDM	153	1.78±0.84	-0.33	2.6E-06
C4B				
Controls	3497	1.73±0.62		
IIM	1623	1.74±0.59	0.01	0.45
DM	554	1.78±0.60	0.05	0.040
PM	663	1.73±0.56	0.008	0.76
IBM	176	1.59±0.65	-0.14	0.0039
JDM	153	1.74±0.59	0.014	0.79
C4L				
Controls	3475	2.94±1.08		
IIM	1551	2.41±1.13	-0.53	1.7E-54
DM	525	2.47±1.11	-0.47	2.5E-20
PM	626	2.37±1.17	-0.57	1.5E-32
IBM	171	2.36±1.10	-0.58	1.1E-11
JDM	150	2.43±1.11	-0.51	2.1E-08
C4S				
Controls	3478	0.90±0.77		
IIM	1595	1.06±0.72	0.16	3.0E-12
DM	540	1.10±0.71	0.20	8.5E-09
PM	647	1.05±0.74	0.15	8.6E-06
IBM	176	0.99±0.68	0.09	0.14
JDM	152	1.09±0.73	0.19	0.0026

*n represents the number of subjects by which the *C4* GCN in each category was successfully determined. DM, PM, IBM and JDM are subgroups of IIM. †P-values obtained by comparing with controls.

C4A, acidic isotype of complement C4; *C4B*, basic isotype of complement C4; *C4L*, long form of *C4* gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4S*, short form of *C4* gene without integration of the retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4T*, total copy number of *C4* genes; DM, dermatomyositis; IBM, inclusion body myositis; IIM, idiopathic inflammatory myopathies; JDM, juvenile dermatomyositis; PM, polymyositis.

Thus, low GCNs of C4T, that is, C4T=2 and C4T=2+3, had similar magnitude of effects on the genetic risk of IIM.

C4A in IIM

GCN of C4A varied from 0 to 6 among patients with IIM with a mean of 1.74 ± 0.88 , compared with 2.10 ± 0.84 in healthy controls (δ =-0.37, p= 6.0×10^{-46}). There were remarkable increases in the frequencies of C4A low GCN groups and decreases in medium and high GCN groups in IIM (p= 6.5×10^{-56}). While 40.1% of patients with IIM had two copies of C4A genes, those with 0 and 1 copy constituted 4.2% and 38.6% of patients, respectively (figure 2). Patients with 3–6



Figure 2 Comparisons in patterns of distributions for complement *C4* gene copy number groups for total *C4*, *C4A*, *C4B*, *C4L* and *C4S* among healthy controls (CTL) and patients with idiopathic inflammatory myopathies (IIM) including adult dermatomyositis (DM), polymyositis (PM), inclusion body myositis (IBM) and juvenile dermatomyositis (JDM). Frequencies with three copies of total *C4* (*C4T*) were labelled to highlight the difference between patients and CTL. *C4A*, acidic isotype of complement C4; *C4B*, basic isotype of complement C4; *C4L*, long form of *C4* gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4S*, short form of *C4* gene without integration of the retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4T*, total copy number of *C4* genes.

copies (high GCN) of *C4A* together had a combined frequency of 17.1%. The OR was 2.49 (1.76-3.54, $p=3.6\times10^{-7}$) for *C4A*=0 and 2.82 (2.48-3.21, $p=2.9\times10^{-57}$) for *C4A*=0+1 (figure 3A). The magnitudes of the effects of low *C4A* GCNs on IIM were similar to that observed in *C4T*=2 and *C4T*=2+3.

C4B in IIM

Unlike C4T and C4A, C4B copy number group distribution in IIM was almost identical to that observed in healthy controls, which ranged between 0 and 5. Close to two-thirds of the patients with IIM (65.8%) had two copies of C4B, while 2.1% and 27.1% had 0 and 1 copy, respectively. Patients with 3, 4 and 5 copies of C4B constituted a total frequency of 4.9%.

Long genes (C4L) in IIM

The copy number of C4L varied from 0 to 8 in patients with IIM. The mean C4L GCN in IIM was 2.41 ± 1.13 , which was significantly lower than that in healthy controls $(2.94 \pm 1.08,$ $p=1.7 \times 10^{-54}$). The distribution of GCN groups for C4L was different from that of controls ($p=2.6 \times 10^{-52}$). The combined frequency for low GCN of long genes (C4L=0+1+2) in IIM was 55.6%, compared with 33.4% in healthy controls $p=2.7\times10^{-49}$) (OR = 2.50)(2.21 - 2.82),(figure 3A). Decreasing GCNs of C4L elevated the ORs for IIM: 2.55 $(2.15-3.03, p=9.4\times10^{-27})$ for C4L=0+1 and 2.72 (1.85-4.02, $p=5.1\times10^{-7}$) for C4L=0. The frequency of long genes among total C4 decreased from 74.6% in controls to 63.2% in IIM (C4L/C4T, $p=2.1 \times 10^{-53}$).



Figure 3 Forest plots of ORs for low copy number groups for *C4T*, *C4A*, long genes (*C4L*) as risk factors (A), and for *C4B* and short genes (*C4S*) as protective factors (B) in IIM and subgroups. A single exception was that low copy number *C4B* was also a risk factor of IBM. Notice the partial dominance of low GCNs of total *C4* (*C4T*=2 and C4T=2+3) and *C4A* deficiencies (*C4A*=0 and *C4A*=0+1) on conferring risk of IIM and its subgroups DM, PM, IBM and JDM. The ORs in panel A are shown in log-scale. *C4A*, acidic isotype of complement C4; *C4B*, basic isotype of complement C4; *C4L*, long form of *C4* gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4S*, short form of *C4* gene without integration of the retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4T*, total copy number of *C4* genes; DM, dermatomyositis; GCNs, gene copy numbers; IBM, inclusion body myositis; IIM, idiopathic inflammatory myopathies; JDM, juvenile dermatomyositis; PM, polymyositis.

Short genes (C4S) in IIM

The copy number of C4S in IIM varied from 0 to 5. The mean copy number was 1.06 ± 0.72 , which was *higher* than that in healthy controls $(0.90\pm0.77, p=3.0\times10^{-12})$. More than half of the patients with IIM had a single copy of C4S (53.5%). The frequency of subjects lacking C4S (C4S=0) was significantly reduced from 32.3% in controls to 21.1% in IIM (OR=0.56 (0.49-0.65), p= 8.8×10^{-17}).

C4 GCN variations among subgroups of IIM

Compared with controls, the four IIM subgroups had lower mean GCNs of C4A in the range of 1.70 to 1.82 but they were not distinguishable among themselves (table 2 and figure 2). Patients with IBM were unusual for having lower GCNs of C4B (1.59 ± 0.65) than other IIM subgroups. In the other three subgroups, lower C4T GCN was primarily attributable to the decreased GCN of C4A.

As shown in figure 3, the effect sizes of C4T=2+3, C4A=0+1and C4L=0+1+2 on IIM subgroups were similar, with ORs ranging between 2.1 and 3.7. Low C4T GCN had the greatest impact on IBM with OR=3.70 (2.72–5.04). Low C4A GCN had the largest impact on PM with OR=3.16 (2.65–3.75). Low C4L GCN had largest effects on PM and IBM, with ORs of 2.80 and 2.88, respectively.

C4 GCN variations among patients with IIM with and without MSA or MAA

We compared the mean age at diagnosis, sex and C4 GCN variations between patients with IIM with and without various myositis-related autoantibodies (table 3). Patients with anti-Jo1,

anti-PM/Scl and MAA in general had younger age of disease diagnosis between 43 and 49 years old. Patients with IIM who tested positive for MSA or MAA were more likely to be women (70%–75%). Patients with anti-Jo1 and anti-PM/Scl consistently had the lowest mean GCNs of C4T, C4A and C4L.

Except for anti-Jo1, patients with MSA presented with similar C4 or C3 plasma protein concentrations than those without. In contrast, patients with MAA had significantly lower levels of C4 and C3 than those without MAA (C4: 275.1±100.0 vs 330.9±105.4 mg/L, p=2.1×10⁻⁹; C3: 1188.0±309.8 vs 1335.2 ± 283.9 mg/L, p= 1.2×10^{-8}). With regards to specific autoantibodies, patients with anti-PM/Scl and anti-Ro each had significantly lower C4 and C3 protein levels than those without these autoantibodies (figure 4A,B). Patients with MAA $(83.6 \pm 30.6 \text{ vs } 98.0 \pm 31.6 \text{ mg/L}, \text{ p}=1.1 \times 10^{-7})$, anti-PM/ Scl (86.1±26.7 vs 95.2±31.1 mg/L, p=0.03) and anti-Ro (85.0±30.1 vs 95.4±30.8 mg/L, p=0.014) had significantly lower C4 protein yield per gene (C4P/G) than those without these autoantibodies. No significant differences were observed on plasma protein levels of C4 and C4P/G between women and men (figure 4D,E).

Logistic regression analyses of *HLA-DRB1*03* and *C4A* deficiency in genetic risk of IIM and IIM-related autoantibodies

Among healthy control subjects, 26.1% were *HLA-DRB1*03* positive, compared with 56.1% in patients with IIM, which translated into an OR of 3.68 (2.94–4.60, $p=2.6\times10^{-32}$) in IIM (table 4). The distribution of *HLA-DRB1*03* was uneven among subgroups of IIM, which varied from 75.4% in patients with

Myositis

Table 3Intragroup comparisons of demographics and complement*C4* genes in patients with IIM with and without MSA or MAA

Age of diagnosis, with SU (version)MSA\$1.8±14.0\$1.3±14.20.66MAA\$2.9±14.0\$1.4±1.502.2.16.5MAA\$2.2±14.648.9±13.10.02MAA-PM/SG\$2.3±14.13.6±1.518.5±0.6MAA-RO\$1.5±14.5\$2.5±13.30.02MAA\$1.5±0.783.25±0.780.0004MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MAA3.55±0.783.25±0.782.4E-08MAA3.55±0.783.25±0.782.4E-08MAA-PM/SCI3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-08MAA-RO3.69±0.783.49±0.720.38MAA-RO3.69±0.783.91±0.572.4E-08MAA-RO1.79±0.811.43±0.800.02C4A GCN, meant=U1.59±0.853.91±0.57MAA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA-RO1.79±0.811.43±0.803.91±0.57MAA-RO1.79±0.811.43±0.803.91±0.57MAA-RO1.79±0.811.59±0.853.91±0.57MAA-RO1.79±0.811.43±0.720.028MAA-RO1.79±0.811.79±0.810.141MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.500.005MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.500.027MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.500.017MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.500.017MAA1.35±0.102.12±0.911.91±0.10MAA1.35±0.112.12±0.911.91±0.10MAA1.35±0.112.12±0.911.91±0.10<	Continuous data	Ab-negative	Ab-positive	P value	
MSA51.8±14.651.3±14.20.66MAA52.9±14.047.6±15.02.2E-05MSA-Jo152.2±14.648.9±13.10.02MAA-PM/Scl52.3±14.143.6±15.18.5E-06MAA-Ro51.5±14.552.5±13.30.63C47, GCN, mean±SU	Age of diagnosis, me	ean±SD (years ol	d)		
MAA52.9±14.047.6±15.02.2E-05MSA-Jo152.2±14.648.9±13.10.02MAA-PM/Scl52.3±14.143.6±15.18.5E-06MAA-Ro51.5±14.552.5±13.30.63C4T, GCN, mean±SD0.290.004MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA3.55±0.793.39±0.752.4E-08MAA3.55±0.793.13±0.672.4E-08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.64±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SD0.020.02MAA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-Ro1.69±0.811.59±0.853.9E-05MAA-Ro1.69±0.811.79±0.870.028MAA-Ro1.69±0.801.79±0.870.028MAA-Ro1.69±0.801.79±0.540.143MAA-Ro1.68±0.591.79±0.540.143MAA-Ro1.73±0.591.79±0.540.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA-Ro2.35±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.35±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.35±1.142.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.35±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.36±1.120.055MAA-Ro2.36±1.120.055<	MSA	51.8±14.6	51.3±14.2	0.66	
MSA-Jo152.2±14.648.9±13.10.02MAA-PM/Sc152.3±14.143.6±15.18.5E-06MAA-Ro51.5±14.552.5±13.30.63C4T, GCN, mean±SU.MSA3.46±0.783.51±0.780.29MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA3.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E-08MAA-PM/Sc13.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.02±0.720.28MAA-Ro3.69±0.783.9E-05MAA-Ro1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA-PM/Sc11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Sc11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Sc11.79±0.871.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SUMSA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA-Jo11.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro1.79±0.510.021MAA-Ro1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.41±1.140.451MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.41±1.140.451MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.42±1.140.451MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.41±1.140.451MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.41±1.140.451	MAA	52.9±14.0	47.6±15.0	2.2E-05	
MAA-PM/Scl52.3±14.143.6±15.18.5E-06MAA-Ro51.5±14.552.5±13.30.63C4T, GCN, mean±SD55.±0.783.51±0.780.29MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA3.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E-08MAA3.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E-08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SD	MSA-Jo1	52.2±14.6	48.9±13.1	0.02	
MAA-Ro51.5±14.552.5±13.30.63C47, GCN, mean±SDMSA3.46±0.783.51±0.780.29MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA3.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E-08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SDU0.13±0.672.4E-06MAA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MSA1.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-RO1.69±0.881.59±0.770.038MAA-PM/Scl1.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-RO1.69±0.891.79±0.560.0005MAA-RO1.69±0.891.79±0.550.0005MAA-RO1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-RO2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA-RO2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MSA1.03±0.711.10±0.740.093MAA-RO2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-RO2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-RO1.04±0.701.10±0.740.093MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05 <td>MAA-PM/Scl</td> <td>52.3±14.1</td> <td>43.6±15.1</td> <td>8.5E-06</td> <td></td>	MAA-PM/Scl	52.3±14.1	43.6±15.1	8.5E-06	
C47, GCN, mean±SUMSA3.46±0.783.51±0.780.29MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA-Jo13.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E+08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E+06MAA-RO3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SU0.380.02MAA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E+05MSA1.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E+09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E+06MAA-RO1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-RO1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SU1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.33±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.33±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-RO1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-RO1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-RO2.50±1.132.02±1.112.1E+09MAA-RO2.50±1.132.02±1.112.1E+09MAA-RO2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-RO1.03±0.711.2E+0.721.2E+0.6MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+0.5MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+0.5MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+0.5 </td <td>MAA-Ro</td> <td>51.5±14.5</td> <td>52.5±13.3</td> <td>0.63</td> <td></td>	MAA-Ro	51.5±14.5	52.5±13.3	0.63	
MSA3.46±0.783.51±0.780.29MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA-Jo13.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E+08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E+06MAA-RO3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SD1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E+05MSA1.79±0.921.43±0.862.0E+09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E+06MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E+06MAA-RO1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-RO1.69±0.891.79±0.560.0005MAA1.63±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.33±0.591.79±0.560.0015MAA1.33±0.591.79±0.560.022MAA1.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-RO1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-RO1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-RO1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-RO2.50±1.132.02±1.112.1E+09MAA-RO2.36±1.172.1E±091.01±0.74MAA-RO2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-RO1.03±0.711.10±0.740.093MAA-RO1.03±0.711.2E±0.611.01±0.74MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E±05MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E±05MAA-RO1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E±05MAA-RO<	C4T, GCN, mean±SD)			
MAA3.55±0.793.39±0.750.0004MSA-Jo13.55±0.783.25±0.752.4E-08MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C/A/ GCN, mean±SU1.69±0.823.9E-05MAA1.30±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MAA1.79±0.921.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-Ro1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0025MAA1.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-Ro1.73±0.591.80±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.017MAA-Ro2.55±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.48±1.142.27±1.120.0017MAA-Ro2.65±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.65±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro1.04±0.701.18±0.700.151MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.25±0.612.1E-01MAA1.03±0.721.2E-062.1E-01MAA1.03±0.711.25±0.613.8E-05MAA1.03±0.711.25±0.613.8E-05MAA1.03±0.71<	MSA	3.46±0.78	3.51±0.78	0.29	
MSA-Jo13.55±0.783.25±0.752.4F-08MAA-PM/Sc13.53±0.793.13±0.672.4F-06MAA-R03.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SU.0.38.MSA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Sc11.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-R01.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-R01.69±0.811.52±0.770.028MAA-R01.69±0.811.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.007MAA-PM/Sc11.73±0.591.89±0.520.087MAA-PM/Sc41.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.017MAA-R02.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.45±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA2.45±1.141.80±1.001.7E+07MAA1.34±0.720.55.MAA1.03±0.721.12±0.69.MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.03±0.721.13±0.690.50MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.03±0.721.13±0.690.50MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61 <td>MAA</td> <td>3.55±0.79</td> <td>3.39±0.75</td> <td>0.0004</td> <td></td>	MAA	3.55±0.79	3.39±0.75	0.0004	
MAA-PM/Scl3.53±0.793.13±0.672.4E-06MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SU.MSA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028MAA-Ro1.69±0.891.79±0.560.0005MAA-Ro1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.35±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91 <i>C4S</i> GCN, mean±SU1.11±0.720.055MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.12±0.721.2E-06MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.13±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.69<	MSA-Jo1	3.55±0.78	3.25±0.75	2.4E-08	
MAA-Ro3.46±0.783.40±0.720.38C4A GCN, mean±SUMSA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E+05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E+09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E+06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SU0.00050.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0072MAA1.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.02±1.112.1E+09MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91C4S GCN, mean±SU1.11±0.720.055MAA-Ro1.04±0.701.10±0.740.093C4S GCN, mean±SU1.11±0.720.055MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.13±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro <t< td=""><td>MAA-PM/Scl</td><td>3.53±0.79</td><td>3.13±0.67</td><td>2.4E-06</td><td></td></t<>	MAA-PM/Scl	3.53±0.79	3.13±0.67	2.4E-06	
C4A GCN, mean±SUMSA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E+05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E+09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E+06MAA-R01.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SUMSA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA-Jo11.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.45±1.142.42±1.120.0017MAA2.45±1.132.02±1.112.1E+09MAA-PM/Scl2.35±1.100.91-MAA-PM/Scl2.35±1.112.1E+09MAA-R02.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-R02.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-R02.36±1.171.0±0.740.093MAA-R01.0±0.711.1±0.720.055MAA1.03±0.721.2E+06-MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.03±0.721.2E+06-MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-R01.08±0.721.13±0.69 <t< td=""><td>MAA-Ro</td><td>3.46±0.78</td><td>3.40±0.72</td><td>0.38</td><td></td></t<>	MAA-Ro	3.46±0.78	3.40±0.72	0.38	
MSA1.79±0.921.68±0.860.02MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-R01.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SD0.0005MAA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.0017MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.560.087MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-R01.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA2.45±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.45±1.112.12±09MAA-PM/Scl2.35±1.112.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-PM/Scl2.35±1.120.0017MAA-PM/Scl2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-R02.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-R02.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-R01.04±0.701.10±0.740.093MAA1.03±0.711.15±0.616.8E-05MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-R01.03±0.721.2E-06I.42MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-R01.03±0.721.2E+06I.42 <t< td=""><td>C4A GCN, mean±SD</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	C4A GCN, mean±SD				
MAA1.80±0.891.59±0.853.9E-05MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-R01.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SU0.0005MAA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-R01.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.35±1.112.1E-09MAA-R02.35±1.112.1E-09MAA-R02.36±1.130.017MAA-R02.36±1.141.80±1.00MAA-R02.36±1.172.1E-09MAA-R02.36±1.172.1E-09MAA-R02.36±1.171.02±0.71MAA-R01.03±0.721.11±0.72MAA-R01.03±0.711.26±0.72MAA-R01.03±0.711.26±0.72MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.721.11±0.72MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.721.11±0.72MAA-R01.03±0.721.13±0.69MAA-R01.03±0.711.35±0.61MAA-R01.03±0.721.13±0	MSA	1.79±0.92	1.68±0.86	0.02	
MSA-Jo11.79±0.871.43±0.862.0E-09MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SU0.0005MAA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA-Jo11.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.48±1.142.27±1.120.0017MAA-Ro2.35±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro1.04±0.701.10±0.740.093MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.16±0.721.2E-06MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.690.50MAA-Ro1.08±0.721.3±0.69<	MAA	1.80±0.89	1.59±0.85	3.9E-05	
MAA-PM/Scl1.78±0.901.34±0.725.3E-06MAA-Ro1.69±0.881.52±0.770.028C4B GCN, mean±SUUUMSA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.79±0.500.143MSA-Jo11.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-Ro1.73±0.591.80±0.520.028MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072MAA-Ro2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MSA2.35±1.112.40±1.120.0017MSA-Jo12.50±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro1.04±0.701.10±0.740.093MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.26±0.721.2E-06MAA1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E-05MAA-Ro2.13±0.70	MSA-Jo1	1.79±0.87	1.43±0.86	2.0E-09	
MAA-Ro 1.69±0.88 1.52±0.77 0.028 C4B GCN, mean±SU 1.68±0.59 1.79±0.56 0.0005 MAA 1.63±0.59 1.77±0.54 0.143 MAA 1.73±0.59 1.80±0.52 0.087 MAA-PM/Scl 1.73±0.59 1.79±0.46 0.329 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.0017 MAA-Ro 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MAA-Ro 2.35±1.11 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.12 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.11±0.72 0.55 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.3±0.69 0.50	MAA-PM/Scl	1.78±0.90	1.34±0.72	5.3E-06	
C4B GCN, mean±SD MSA 1.68±0.59 1.79±0.56 0.0005 MAA 1.73±0.59 1.77±0.54 0.143 MSA-Jo1 1.73±0.59 1.80±0.52 0.087 MAA-PM/Scl 1.73±0.59 1.79±0.46 0.329 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 MAA-Ro 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.05±1 0.055 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.11±0.72 0.055 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69	MAA-Ro	1.69±0.88	1.52±0.77	0.028	
MSA1.68±0.591.79±0.560.0005MAA1.73±0.591.77±0.540.143MSA-Jo11.73±0.591.80±0.520.087MAA-PM/Scl1.73±0.591.79±0.460.329MAA-Ro1.74±0.601.83±0.510.072C4L GCN, mean±SU0.0170.017MSA2.35±1.112.40±1.140.454MAA2.48±1.142.27±1.120.0017MSA-Jo12.50±1.132.02±1.112.1E-09MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro2.36±1.172.35±1.100.91MAA-Ro1.04±0.701.10±0.740.093MAA1.03±0.711.11±0.720.055MSA-Jo11.02±0.711.2E+06MAA-PM/Scl1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA-Ro1.03±0.711.35±0.616.8E+05MAA6.2170.70	C4B GCN, mean±SD				
MAA 1.73±0.59 1.77±0.54 0.143 MSA-Jo1 1.73±0.59 1.80±0.52 0.087 MAA-PM/Scl 1.73±0.59 1.79±0.46 0.329 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 C4L GCN, mean±SU 0.017 0.017 MAA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MAA-PM/Scl 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 M	MSA	1.68±0.59	1.79±0.56	0.0005	
MSA-Jo1 1.73±0.59 1.80±0.52 0.087 MAA-PM/Scl 1.73±0.59 1.79±0.46 0.329 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 C4L GCN, mean±SU 0.072 0.0017 MSA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.2E+06 1.01±0.74 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.2E+06 1.01±0.74 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 <t< td=""><td>MAA</td><td>1.73±0.59</td><td>1.77±0.54</td><td>0.143</td><td></td></t<>	MAA	1.73±0.59	1.77±0.54	0.143	
MAA-PM/Scl 1.73±0.59 1.79±0.46 0.329 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 C4L GCN, mean±SU 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.72 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50	MSA-Jo1	1.73±0.59	1.80±0.52	0.087	
MAA-Ro 1.74±0.60 1.83±0.51 0.072 C4L GCN, mean±SU 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MSA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SU 2.35±1.10 0.91 - MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.16±0.72 0.505 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E-06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 Sex, female,% V V V	MAA-PM/Scl	1.73±0.59	1.79±0.46	0.329	
C4L GCN, mean±SD MSA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MAA 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/Scl 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SD MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E-06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.3±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.3±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MAA-Ro	1.74±0.60	1.83±0.51	0.072	
MSA 2.35±1.11 2.40±1.14 0.454 MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SC 2.35±1.10 0.91 1.01±0.74 MAA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.31±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17-1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17-1.90)	C4L GCN, mean±SD				
MAA 2.48±1.14 2.27±1.12 0.0017 MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/SCI 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SU 2.35±1.10 0.91 . MAA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.71 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E-06 MAA-PM/SCI 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.3±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.3±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MSA	2.35±1.11	2.40±1.14	0.454	
MSA-Jo1 2.50±1.13 2.02±1.11 2.1E-09 MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SU 2.35±1.10 0.91 . MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 . MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 . MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 . MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 . MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 . MAA-Ro 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MAA	2.48±1.14	2.27±1.12	0.0017	
MAA-PM/Scl 2.47±1.14 1.80±1.00 1.7E-07 MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SU 0.91 0.91 MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E-06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % 52.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MSA-Jo1	2.50±1.13	2.02±1.11	2.1E-09	
MAA-Ro 2.36±1.17 2.35±1.10 0.91 C4S GCN, mean±SD 0.093 MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negativa Ab-positiva P valua OR Sex, female, % 70.77 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MAA-PM/Scl	2.47±1.14	1.80±1.00	1.7E-07	
C4S GCN, mean±SD MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % Sex, female, % 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MAA-Ro	2.36±1.17	2.35±1.10	0.91	
MSA 1.04±0.70 1.10±0.74 0.093 MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E±06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E±05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.1±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, %	C4S GCN, mean±SD				
MAA 1.03±0.72 1.11±0.72 0.055 MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E+06 MAA-PM/SCI 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E+05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % -	MSA	1.04±0.70	1.10±0.74	0.093	
MSA-Jo1 1.02±0.71 1.26±0.72 1.2E-06 MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % -	MAA	1.03±0.72	1.11±0.72	0.055	
MAA-PM/Scl 1.03±0.71 1.35±0.61 6.8E-05 MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % 52.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MSA-Jo1	1.02±0.71	1.26±0.72	1.2E-06	
MAA-Ro 1.08±0.72 1.13±0.69 0.50 Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, % 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	MAA-PM/Scl	1.03±0.71	1.35±0.61	6.8E-05	
Categorical data Ab-negative Ab-positive P value OR Sex, female, %	MAA-Ro	1.08±0.72	1.13±0.69	0.50	
MSA 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	Categorical data	Ab-negative	Ah-nositive	P value	OR
MSA 62.1 70.7 0.001 1.47 (1.17–1.86) MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17–1.90)	Caregorical auto	Ab negative	Ab positive	1 Value	UN
MAA 64.3 72.8 0.0012 1.49 (1.17-1.80)	Sex, remaie, %	C2 1	70.7	0.001	1 47 (1 17 1 00)
MAA 04.5 72.6 0.0012 1.49 (1.17-1.90)	IVISA MAAA	64.2	70.7	0.001	1.47 (1.17-1.86)
M6A l=1 66.2 60.4 0.22 ===		64.3	72.8	0.0012	1.49 (1.17–1.90)
IVISA-JO1 00.3 09.4 0.33 IIS MAAA DMA(C-L CE 2 74.7 0.0E0 1.59.(0.0C0, 2.57)		00.3	09.4	0.33	
MAA-PM/SCI 05.2 74.7 0.059 1.58 (0.908–2.57)		65.2	74.7	0.059	1.58 (0.968-2.57)
MAA-RO 05.0 73.9 0.051 1.49 (0.983–2.24)	MAA-KO	0.00	/3.9	0.051	1.49 (0.983–2.24)
C41=2+3, irequency, %	C41=2+3, frequency	7, % FC 0	F1 7	0.110	
MAA 40.1 C1.4 1.25.05 1.65 (1.22.2.07)	IVISA	56.0	51./	1.25.05	1 (5 (1 22 2 07)
MAA 49.1 61.4 1.2E-05 1.05 (1.32-2.07) MGA I=1 40.5 60.9 1.2E.00 2.26 (1.32-2.07)		49.1	01.4	1.2E-05	1.05 (1.32-2.07)
IVISA-JUI 49.5 09.6 1.5E-09 2.50 (1.77-5.14) MAA DM/C-L 40.0 80.2 7.5E 00 4.08 (2.40, 6.02)		49.5	09.0	7.55-09	2.30 (1.77-3.14)
WIMM-1 WI JUL 45.5 60.2 7.5E-05 4.08 (2.40-6.92) MAA-Po 54.1 50.1 0.27		49.9 5/1 1	50.2	0.3E-09	4.00 (2.40-0.92)
MAA-R0 54.1 59.1 0.27 C44.0.1 frequency 0/ 0/ <td< td=""><td>IVIAA-RU</td><td>54.1</td><td>59.1</td><td>0.27</td><td></td></td<>	IVIAA-RU	54.1	59.1	0.27	
L4A=U+1, IREQUEILLY, 70					
IVISA 40.7 45.0 0.077 1.22 (0.98–1.52) MAA 20.0 52.0 2.65.06 1.60/1.25.242)	MAA	40.7	43.0	0.0//	1.22 (0.98-1.52)
WIGH 37.0 32.0 3.0E-U0 1.09 (1.30-2.12) MSA Io1 29.7 62.6 1.7E 12 2.7Z /2.10 2.CC)		59.0 7 OC	62.6	3.0E-00	2 77 (2 10 2 66)
IVISA-JUI So./ DS.O I./E-13 Z.// (Z.IU-3.00) MAA DM/Cd SO.9 67.0 4.05.07 SO.9/4.05.4.05		20.0	67.0	1./E-13	2.77 (2.10-3.00)
IVIAA-FIVIJUI 33.0 07.0 4.0E-07 3.08 (1.90-4.85) MAA Po 45.0 54.0 0.05 1.44 (0.000-2.07)		JY.0	54.0	4.0E-07	3.00 (1.90–4.83)
IVIAA-NU 43.0 34.0 0.05 1.44 (0.999–2.07)	ΙνιΑΑ-ΚΟ	45.0	J4.U	0.05	1.44 (0.999–2.07)

Tabl	0.2	Continued
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Categorical data	Ab-negative	Ab-positive	P value	OR	
C4B=0+1, frequency, %					
MSA	32.9	26.0	0.0065	0.72 (0.56–0.91)	
MAA	31.0	25.0	0.018	0.74 (0.58–0.95)	
MSA-Jo1	30.7	24.3	0.057	0.74 (0.55–1.01)	
MAA-PM/Scl	30.7	22.2	0.085	0.65 (0.39–1.08)	
MAA-Ro	30.1	21.0	0.026	0.62 (0.40-0.96)	
C4L=0+1+2, frequen	су, %				
MSA	58.0	55.1	0.30		
MAA	52.4	62.0	0.0009	1.48 (1.17–1.87)	
MSA-Jo1	51.6	73.5	1.1E-10	2.60 (1.92–3.52)	
MAA-PM/Scl	53.1	82.1	6.6E-08	4.07 (2.30–7.21)	
MAA-Ro	57.9	55.8	0.653		
C4S=0, frequency, %					
MSA	21.6	19.8	0.43		
MAA	22.4	18.6	0.11		
MSA-Jo1	23.1	12.4	6.2E-05	0.47 (0.32–0.70)	
MAA-PM/Scl	22.6	6.0	4.9E-05	0.22 (0.09–0.54)	
MAA-Ro	20.8	16.5	0.253		

C4A, acidic isotype of complement C4; *C4B*, basic isotype of complement C4; *C4L*, long form of *C4* gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4); *C4S*, short form of *C4* gene without integration of the retrovirus HERV-K(C4); GCN, gene copy number; IIM, idiopathic inflammatory myopathies; MAA, myositis-associated autoantibodies; MSA, myositis-specific autoantibodies.

IBM with an OR of 8.71 (5.48-13.8) to 59.5% in patients with PM with an OR of 4.16 (3.15-5.48), 47.6% in patients with DM with an OR of 2.57 (1.90-3.49) and 45.5% in patients with JDM with an OR of 2.36 (1.56-3.79).

We performed logistic regression to investigate the relative roles of C4A deficiency and HLA-DRB1*03 as independent risk factors for IIM and subgroups. The results are shown in table 4. It was found that (1) C4A deficiency and C4 gene size variation were independent risk predictors of JDM and DM and (2) HLA-DRB1*03 and C4A deficiency and GCN of C4T were independent risk factors for PM and IBM. Moreover, HLA-DRB1*03 and C4A deficiency interacted to increase the risk of PM. We also performed intragroup logistic regression analyses to identify independent predictors of IIM-related autoantibodies. Complement C4 or C3 protein or C4P/G, HLA-DRB1*03 and/or HLA-DRB1*15, C4A deficiency or C4A GCN range of variations were risk factors for various myositis-related autoantibodies except for MSA in general. For patients with MSA, genetic factors such as HLA-DRB1*03, GCNs of C4B and C4L were independent predictors.

DISCUSSION

Here we investigated complement C4 genetic diversity in patients with IIM of European descent and matched healthy controls. Our data consistently showed that low copy numbers of C4T and C4L, and C4A deficiency are highly significant risk factors for IIM and its major subgroups, with medium to large effect sizes⁴⁵ or ORs between 1.7 and 3.7. Compared with healthy controls, patients with IIM had 0.28 to 0.58 fewer mean gene copies of C4T, C4A or C4L. The C4T=2 group yielded similar risks as the C4T=2+3 group, and the C4A=0 group had similar risk as the C4A=0+1 group. The similar magnitudes of ORs suggested that there were 'dominant' effects for low GCN of total C4 (ie, C4T=2 and C4T=2+3) and C4A deficiency (C4A=0 and C4A=0+1) on the risk of IIM, which is analogous



Figure 4 Comparisons of plasma protein levels for complement C4, C3 and C4 protein yield per *C4* gene copies among patients with IIM with (+) and without (–) myositis-related autoantibodies including MSA or MAA in general, and anti-Jo1, anti-PM/Scl and anti-Ro (A, B and C). (D and E) Comparisons of C4 protein levels and C4/G between male and female patients with IIM. Violin plots are shown with median, 25th and 75th percentage range marked as boxes; red colour shades represent positive and blue colour shades represent negative with the specific autoantibodies; MAA, myositis-associated autoantibodies; MSA, myositis-specific autoantibodies.

to when homozygous and heterozygous mutants exhibit the same phenotype in Mendelian genetics. Such phenomena are in stark contrast to those observed in the genetics of human systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), in which low GCNs of C4T or homozygous C4A deficiency (C4T=2, OR=6.51; C4A=0, OR=5.27) exerted substantially greater risks than those with C4T=3 (OR=1.32) or heterozygous C4A deficiency (C4A=1, OR=1.61).^{23 24 46} Parallel analyses of C4 structural variants between cases and controls recruited from each geographic location yielded similar results as presented for the entire IIM cohort, which are analogous to replication studies (online supplemental table S1).

Complement-mediated destruction leading to vasculopathy in dermatomyositis has been well-established,^{1 6 47 48} and we and others have demonstrated C4A genetic deficiency or low GCN of C4T in JDM.^{33 48} Demonstration of low C4T or C4L GCNs and C4A deficiency as genetic risk factors for DM, PM and IBM are novel findings of this work. These findings are relevant, as PM and IBM have been presumed to be disorders of cell-mediated immunity caused by target tissue cytotoxicity or destruction.¹ The prevalence of low GCNs of C4T and C4L, C4A deficiency, and the presence of myositis-related autoantibodies in these diseases suggests that additional *humoral* immune effectors play a role in the pathophysiology of PM and IBM. IBM is unique as it has low GCNs in C4T, C4A and C4B. In a study of anti-Ro/anti-La patients with autoimmune diseases including myositis,

Lundtoft and colleagues observed low GCNs of C4A in Scandinavian patients.⁴⁹

It is worthy pointing out that the effects of GCN variation for C4S and C4B were opposite to those of C4L or C4A in JDM, DM and PM, which suggests different functions of C4S and C4B compared with C4L and C4A. Indeed, short C4 genes associate with higher C4 protein production^{50 51} and activated C4B protein generates faster activation of complement pathways⁵²; long C4 genes associate with attenuated C4 protein production but possibly engage in antisense defence against viral infections.^{26 27 50} Moreover, activated C4A has greater efficiency to bind to immune complexes for clearance and protection against autoimmunity.²⁶ ²⁷ ^{50–53} We postulate that activated C4A and C4B proteins interfere and balance each other's effects physiologically to achieve optimum defence against infections and autoimmunity and mitigate collateral damages due to complement-mediated injuries of self-tissue. C4A deficiency, which is also indicated by low copy numbers of C4T or C4L, and higher proportion of C4B among total C4 (C4B/C4T), would disturb such dynamic equilibrium and skew the immune response towards inflammation and autoimmunity with generation of autoantibodies.^{25 32}

While IIM typically does *not* feature dramatic longitudinal fluctuations of plasma C3 and C4 protein levels with disease activity as is the case in SLE,⁵⁴ intragroup analyses revealed that patients with IIM with anti-Jo-1, MAA in

Table 4 Logistic regression models for genetic predictors in IIM, subgroups and autoantibodies

	Predictors	χ ²	OR (95% CI)	P value	
A. Genetic	predictors for IIM and subgroup	s			
IIM	n=1417, R ² =0.088, χ^2 =170.3, AUC=0.685, p=1.1E-36				
	HLA-DRB1*03	27.3	2.23 (1.65 to 3.02)	1.82E-07	
	<i>C4L</i> =0+1+2	7.47	1.54 (1.13 to 2.11)	0.0062	
	C4A=0+1	7.12	1.60 (1.13 to 2.26)	0.0076	
JDM	n=3619, R ² =0.031, χ ² =38.1, AUC	=0.632, p=	5.4E-09		
	<i>C4L</i> =0+1+2	7.77	1.90 (1.22 to 2.95)	0.0053	
	C4A=0+1	5.45	1.69 (1.08 to 2.63)	0.02	
DM	n=4010, R ² =0.033, χ^2 =105.0, AU	C=0.682, p	=1.6E-23		
	C4A=0+1	55.3	2.16 (1.77 to 2.64)	1.02E-13	
	C4S=0	19.7	0.59 (0.46 to 0.75)	8.94E-06	
PM	n=980, R ² =0.095, χ ² =121.5, AUC	=0.632, p=	3.7E-26		
	C4A=0+1	13.3	2.11 (1.42 to 3.14)	0.0003	
	HLA-DRB1*03	19.4	2.46 (1.65 to 3.66)	1.05E-05	
	HLA-DRB1*03**C4A=0+1	4.05		0.044	
IBM	n=739, R ² =0.1643, χ^2 =104.4, AU	C=0.760, p	=2.1E-23		
	HLA-DRB1*03	46.9	6.36 (3.69 to 11.0)	3.06E-11	
	C4T GCN	4.49		0.034	
B. Predicto	rs for myositis-related autoantib	odies in p	atients with IIM		
	Predictors	χ2	P value	OR (95% CI)	
MSA	n=684, χ ² =21.6; R ² =0.0236; AUC	=0.597; p=	7.8E-05		
	HLA-DRB1*03	11.4	0.0008	1.98 (1.33 to 2.95)	
	C4B GCN	8.75	0.0036		
	C4L GCN 6.78 0.0099				
MSA-Jo1	n=688, χ ^z =76.9; R ^z =0.121; AUC=0.746; p=7.8E-16				
	C4A=0+1	24.3	8.30E-07	3.61 (2.11 to 6.19)	
	C4P/G	23.2	1.50E-06		
	C3 protein	16	6.40E-05	2 22 // 22	
	HLA-DRB1*03	8.3	0.004	2.32 (1.29 to 4.18)	
MAA	Π=698, χ ⁻ =//.9; K ⁻ =0.101; AUC=0./14; p=2.3E-15				
	HLA-DRB1*15	12.2	0.0005	2.25 (1.44 to 3.53)	
	HLA-DRB1^03	8.83	0.003	1.84 (1.22 to 2.76)	
	C4 protein	9.31	0.0023		
	C3 protein	10.7	0.0011		
DM/C-I	r_{-} (4 protein	0.09	0.0032		
PINI/SCI	11=092, χ = 53.2; K ⁻ =0.142; AUC=	20,780; p=1	4 205 10	21 7 (6 05 +0 77 6)	
		7 30	0.0066	21.7 (0.05 (0 77.0)	
	C4 protein	9.5	0.0000		
Ro	$p = 696 \alpha^2 = 24.1 p^2 = 0.0500 \text{ AUC}$	-0.677.5	1 775.05		
110	HI Δ_DRR1*03	=0.077; p=	0.0011	2 83 (1 52 to 5 29)	
		8 20	0.001	2.03 (1.32 to 3.28)	
	ΗΙ Δ_DRR1*15	8.25	0.004	2 38 (1 30 to / 29)	
		0.27	0.0001	2.50 (1.50 (0 4.50)	

Double asterisks (**) between two predictors indicated interactions.

AUC, area under the curve; C4A, acidic isotype of complement C4; C4B, basic isotype of complement C4; C4L long form of C4 gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-K(C4); C4P/G, C4 protein per gene copy; C4S,

long form of C4 gene with human endogenous retrovirus HERV-KI(43); C4P/G, C4 protein per gene copy; C45, short form of C4 gene without integration of the retrovirus HERV-KI(C4); C47, total copy number of C4 genes; DM, dermatomyositis; GCN, gene copy number; HLA, human leucocyte antigen; IBM, inclusion body myositis; IIM,

idiopathic inflammatory mopathies; JDM, juvenile dermatomyositis; MAA, myositis-associated autoantibodies; MSA, myositis-specific autoantibodies; PM, polymyositis.

general, anti-PM/Scl or anti-Ro had significantly lower mean complement protein levels than those without these autoantibodies. Immune complexes formed by autoantibodies and self-antigens in IIM could activate and consume complement, leading to 'depressed' C4 and C3 plasma protein levels that were seen here and by others.⁵⁵ Lower GCNs of C4T, C4L or C4A in IIM would be among the causes for lower C4 protein levels. Data on C4P/G yield, elevated levels of activation products in the plasma such as C4a, C3a and C5a, or cell-bound complement inactivation products such as erythrocyte-C4d and erythrocyte-C3d would help distinguish whether lower protein levels are due to genetic insufficiency or protein turnover.^{33 56} It is of interest to note that except for Jo-1, most MSA were not associated with lower complement levels in circulation, although MAA did. Moreover, patients with JDM have MSA such as anti-TIF1 γ and anti-NXP2^{4 57} and their relationship with complement activation is yet to be investigated.

In a study of complement in schizophrenia, SLE and Sjogren's syndrome, it was suggested that C4 exhibited a sex-biased expression differences including in cerebrospinal fluid.⁵⁸ We did not detect differential expression of C4 protein in EDTA-plasma between men and women among patients with IIM in this work or in previous studies.^{23 42 50 51 54} We did not detect differences in C4 GCN variations between female and male patients for DM, PM and JDM (online supplemental table S2). However, IBM is a male-dominant disease and we observed slightly higher frequencies of low GCNs for C4L, lower proportions of C4A or C4L among C4T in men compared with women.

The relative roles of *HLA class II variants including DRB1*03*, *DQA1*05*, *DQB1*02* and *C4A* deficiency on genetic predisposition to autoimmune diseases such as IIM are an unsolved enigma.^{17 47 59} Multivariate logistic regression analyses revealed that *C4A* deficiency was an independent risk factor for DM and JDM and that *HLA-DRB1*03* was a prominent risk factor for IBM, while *C4A* deficiency and *HLA-DRB1*03* contributed independently and interactively to an increased risk of PM. Further analyses of *DRB1*, *DQA1*, *DQB1* variants and GCNs of *C4* revealed the presence of both risk and protective factors in each gene on the predisposition of IIM subgroups and autoantibodies (online supplemental figure S3 and online supplemental table S4).

In summary, our results demonstrated that low GCNs for *C4T*, *C4A* and *C4L* played significant roles in increasing the risk of IIM. The relationship between *C4A* deficiency and *HLA-DRB1*03*, which are closely linked, is complex and intriguing. It will be important going forward to carefully interrogate the mechanisms by which *HLA-DRB1*03* and *C4A* deficiency contribute to autoimmunity and IIM. Finally, intragroup analyses showed that patients with IIM with certain autoantibodies presented with lower protein levels of complement C3 and C4. This effect was more notable for MAA than for MSA, which is worthy of investigations. Our findings have broad implications in the assessment and treatment of IIM and other autoimmune diseases.

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Patient consent for publication Not applicable.

Ethics approval This study involves human participants and was approved by the Institutional Review Board (IRB) at the Nationwide Children's Hospital, and the Committee of the Myositis Genetics Consortium (MYOGEN). Our IRB approval number is IRB14-00544: MHC and CNVs in Disease Associations. Participants gave informed consent to participate in the study before taking part.

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Data availability statement Data are available on reasonable request.

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