## The White Breast Boundary Line

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The Judson Map ot Wisconsin and Iowa Territories, 1838, loaned by the Wisconsin Historical Society.
Tracing exact as to Iowa Territory, but only as to natural features elsewhere

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# THE WHITE BREAST BOUNDARY LINE. 

BY C. C. STILES.

Superintendent Public Archives.
Of the thousands of interesting and important documents in the Hall of Public Archives of Iowa, many bear on the relations of the government with the Indians during the Territorial period of Iowa. There are the correspondence of the Federal, the Territorial and State officers; the petitions of the people of the Territory for protection, for arms and for the removal of the Indians, and for other purposes; the muster and pay rolls of the "Frontier Guards," who were in the Spirit Lake Expedition. There is the speech of Governor Lucas delivered to the Indians when he took charge of the Territory. There is a communication from the War Department to Governor Lucas which names the tribes over which he should have control, the agents who should report to him and the report of George W. Harrison, the surveyor who located and marked "The Indian Boundary Line" treated of in this article.

It might be well to review the relations between the Federal Government and the tribes of Sac and Fox Indians prior to the Treaty of October 11, 1842, under the provisions of which the line in question was established, the last rights of the Sac and Fox Indians to the possession of lands within the present limits of the State of Iowa extinguished, and their removal from our boundaries specified.

The principal treaties are: One at Fort Harmer, Ohio, January 9, 1789, by Arthur St. Clair on the part of the United States with the Wyandotte, Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa, Pottawattamie and Sac nations, when the last two were
first received into friendship and protection of the United States.

Another at St. Louis November 3, 1804, by William Henry Harrison with the united Sac and Fox tribes, when they were received as such into friendship and protection. They also ceded their lands in northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin, retaining the mere right to hunt thereon so long as the lands remained the property of the United States, taking the guarantee of the government against invasion of such right and against the invasion of the other lands of which they retained title.
At Portage de Sioux, Missouri, September 13, 1815, William Clark, Ninian Edwards and Auguste Chouteau concluded a treaty with a branch of the Sac nation at the time and later denominated as the Sacs of the Missouri. The Indians avowed friendship with the United States during the late war (of 1812) and the necessity for their withdrawal, on that account, from the Sacs of the Mississippi. There were acknowledgments of the restoration of friendly relations and a reaffirmance of the terms of the Treaty of 1804.

At St. Louis May 13, 1816, the same commissioners concluded a treaty with such of the Sacs as were not embraced in the one last mentioned. Peace with Great Britain was stated and expressly ratified, friendly relations acknowledged and the Treaty of 1804 reaffirmed.

At Washington August 4, 1824, William Clark concluded the treaty with the Sac and Foxes, by which they ceded all their lands in the State of Missouri, reserving for the halfbreeds of their nations "the small tract of land lying between the rivers Desmoin and the Mississippi and the section of the above (Missouri) line."

At Prairie du Chien August 19, 1825, a treaty was concluded by William Clark and Lewis Cass with the Sac and Foxes, Sioux and others, determining tribal as well as government boundaries. A line was established on the south side of which the Sac and Foxes, and on the north the Sioux, respectively, agreed to remain. This line

*     *         * commencing at the mouth of the Upper Ioway river on the west bank of the Mississippi and ascending the said Ioway river to its left fork thence up that fork to its source, thence crossing the fork of the Red Cedar in a direct line to the second or upper fork of the Desmoines river thence in a direct line to the lower fork of the Calumet river and down that river to its junction with the Missouri.

A treaty was concluded at Prairie du Chien July 15, 1830, by William Clark and Willoughby Morgan, with most of the tribes who participated in the treaty of 1825 . In this the Sac and Foxes surrendered a strip twenty miles wide on the south and the Sioux a similar strip on the north of the boundary line fixed in the Treaty of 1825 , beginning at the Mississippi and running to the Des Moines. All the tribes relinquished their claims to the ground bounded on the north by the line of 1825 , on the west by the Missouri river, on the east by the (then) Missouri state line and

*     *         * thence to the high lands between the waters falling into the Missouri and the Desmoines, passing to said high lands along the dividing ridge between the forks of the Grand river, thence along said high lands or ridge separating the waters of the Missouri from those of the Desmoine, to a point opposite the source of the Boyer River and thence in a direct line to the upper fork of the Desmoine.

At Fort Armstrong, now Rock Island, Illinois, September 21, 1832, Winfield Scott and John Reynolds concluded the treaty with the Sac and Foxes, by which, in settlement for acts usually alluded to as the "Black Hawk War," the Indians ceded the "Black Hawk Purchase,"

*     *         * beginning on the Mississippi river runs thence up said boundary line (i.e. Southwestwardly on the south side of the Neutral Strip) to a point fifty miles from the Mississippi, measured on said line; thence in a right line to the nearest point on the Red Cedar, forty miles from the Mississippi river, thence in a right line to a point in the northern boundary line of the state of Missouri, fifty miles, measured on said boundary, from the Mississippi river, thence to said river.
and up the same by the western shore to the place of beginning, with the reservation of four hundred sections of land along the Iowa river commencing where it enters the Black Hawk Purchase and embracing Keokuk's village. Near Dubuque on September 28, 1836, Henry Dodge concluded the
treaty with the Sac and Foxes, by which they ceded this "Reserve."

A treaty was concluded at Washington October 21, 1837, by Carey A. Harris with the Sacs and Foxes and their cession obtained of $1,250,000$ acres adjoining the Black Hawk Purchase on the west and known as "The Second Purchase." The points of termination of the line on the west of the cession are the northern and southern points of the west line of the Black Hawk Purchase and a line drawn between these points so as to intersect a line extending westwardly from the angle in the west boundary of the Black Hawk Purchase, estimated twenty-five miles.

The White Breast boundary line hereafter set out was authorized in the Treaty of October 11, 1842, at Agency City, Wapello county, Iowa, and concluded by John Chambers, Territorial Governor of Iowa, with the confederated tribes of Sac and Fox Indians. It was the last chapter of the government's relation with them in the present limits of the State of Iowa. The treaty was ratified by the United States Senate March 23, 1843, and was usually referred to as the "New Purchase."

*     *         * the confederated tribes of Sacs and Foxes cede to the United States, forever, all the lands west of the Mississippi river to which they have any title or claim or in which they have any interest whatever; reserving the right to occupy for the term of three years, from the time of signing this treaty, all that part of the land hereby ceded which lies west of a line running due north and south from the painted or red rocks on the White Breast fork of the Des Moines River, which rocks will be found about eight miles, when reduced to a straight line, from the junction of the White Breast and Des Moines.

For this cession the United States agreed to pay annually an interest of five per centum upon the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars and to pay creditors of the Indians the sum of two hundred and fifty-eight thousand, five hundred and sixty-six dollars and thirty-four cents, also to assign to them a tract of land on the Missouri river for their permanent home, also to furnish them with provisions for their subsistence while removing and for one year.

There was provision for a monument at the grave of their chief, Wapello, at their agency and near the grave of their late friend and agent, General Joseph M. Street; for a grant to his widow of six hundred and forty acres of land which embraced their graves, the agency house and enclosures around. The treaty was signed October 11, 1842, as follows: John Chambers.

## SACS.

## FOXES.



Signed in presence of:
John Beach, U. S. Indian Agent and Secretary.
Antoine LeClaire, U. S. Interpreter.
Josiah Swart, U. S. Interpreter.
J. Allen, Captain 1st U. S. Dragoons.
C. F. Ruff, Lieut. 1st U. S. Dragoons.

Arthur Bridgman.
Alfred Hebard.
Jacob O. Phitser.
Portions of the tribes were removed to Kansas in the fall of 1845 and others in 1846.
The third paragraph of article two is:
"That the President of the United States will as soon as convenient after the ratification of this treaty appoint a commissioner for the purpose and cause a line to be run north from the painted or red rock on the White Breast, to the southern boundary of the Neutral Ground and south from the said rocks to the northern boundary of Missouri. And will have the said line so marked and designated, that the Indians and white people may know the boundary which is to separate their possessions."

The Indians agreed to remove to the west side of this line on or before the 1st of May, 1843, and to the new lands on the Missouri as soon as the assignment was made. T. Hartley Crawford; Supt. of Indian Affairs, appointed Geo. W. Harrison surveyor to establish the line. His report, field notes and plat, sent to the Secretary of the Territory of Iowa are published herewith.

Galena, August 6, 1843.
His Excellency, John Chambers, Governor,
Sir: In obedience to the instructions of T. Hartley Crawford Esq., Superintendent of Indian Affairs I have the honor of transmitting you a copy of the Field Notes and a plat of the survey of the "Boundary line designated in the third clause of the 2d Article of the treaty of the 11th October, 1842, with the confederated tribes of Sacs and Fox Indians."

Respectfully, your obedient servant, Geo. W. Harrison.

The Judson Map of Wisconsin and Iowa Territories, 1838, showing the principal part of the region afterward admitted as the State of Iowa.

INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE-MAY 29, 1842.
In obedience to the instructions of T. Hartley Crawford Esq., Superintendent of Indian affairs under date of March 17 th, 1843 , I proceed with the necessary number of assistants to the survey and marking the boundary line designated in the 3 d clause of the 2 d article of the Treaty of 11th October, 1842, with the confederated tribes of Sacs and Fox Indians and in which the said line is directed "to be run north from the Painted or Red Rocks on the White Breast to the southern boundary of the neutral ground and south from the said Rocks to the northern boundary of Missouri."

The relation in point of distance of the "Red Rocks" to the northern boundary of Missouri and the southern boundary of the Neutral Ground being unknown and for the purpose of obtaining some data upon which to predicate an estimate of the distance at which I might expect to find these lines north and south of the starting point, I have deemed it absolutely necessary to form some connection between the position of the "Red Rocks" and some point of the United States Surveys heretofor made under the instruction of the Surveyor General of Iowa and Wisconsin-and I accordingly commenced at a post and mound on the east side of Range 13 W . Township 80 North recently set as a sectional corner and ran thence westwardly some 44 miles and southwardly some 20 miles to a point on the Des Moines river designated by the Indians and recognized by some whites settled below and adjacent thereto as the "Red Rocks" referred to in the Treaty. By reference to the Treaty it will be perceived that the starting point of the line is designated as "the Painted or Red Rocks on the White Breast Fork of the Des Moines river which rocks will be found about eight miles when reduced to a straight line from the junction of the White Breast with the Des Moines." The undivided testimony of the Indians is that there is no such point on the White Breast and that the place designated by them on the Des Moines river is the point intended by the makers of the treaty as the starting point of the line, which Red Rocks are about 8 or 10 miles in a direct line above the junction of the White Breast. That there are
no other "Red Rocks" between the points designated and the junction of the "White Breast" with the Des Moines river, and that the use of the term "White Breast" was intended to designate these rocks from some "Red Rocks" some four or five miles above on the Des Moines river. Concurring with the Indians in their view of the matter and a subsequent examination of a portion of the valley of the White Breast confirming it, I determined to make the "Red Rocks" on the Des Moines river pointed out by them as the starting point of the line, believing that such could only be the intention of the makers of the Treaty, and having duly administered an oath to my assistants in the field, touching the faithful discharge of their various duties in running, measuring and marking the line, I commence the survey of the "Indian Boundary line" as follows.
[Signed]
George W. Harrison.

## SOUTH OF THE RED ROCKS.

At a point on the left bank of the Des Moines River some 8 or 10 miles above the junction of the "White Breast Fork" and where the "Bluff" approaches the river and the base is washed by the current which sweeps in a curve around it for some 300 yards and then resumes its general southeastwardly course-the summit of which bluff is some 75 or 80 feet above the level of the river and whose base is an unstratified sandstone rock-a portion of which is strongly impregnated with some substance giving to it a rich vermilion colour and known to the Indians as the "Painted or Red Rocks of the White Breast on the Des Moines River". Near the summit of this bluff and within some fifty feet of the brink of the cliff I established the starting point of the "Boundary Line" designated in the third clause of the second article of the treaty of the 11th, October, 1842, with the confederated tribes of the Sac and Fox Indians by erecting a piece of timber 12 inches square and 14 feet long-around the base of this timber I raised a mound of earth and sod 10 feet square at the base and 8 feet high-on this timber I place a crosspiece-the arms of which point north and south. On the eastern front of the cross piece I engraved the words "United States" and on the opposite side the words "Indian Boundary" and take for references two trees whose angles and distances are as follows: A black oak 18 inches in diameter S $20^{\circ} \mathrm{W} 27$ links and marked "Indian Boundary." A white oak 24 inches in diameter

S $61^{\circ}$ E 157 links and marked "United States" and with my chain adjusted to true standard measure and having ascertained by solar observation the variation of the needle at this point to be $10^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ and with the Nonius of my compass adjusted thereto I run thence south Var. $10^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.

## SOUTH OF THE RED ROCKS

## Miles south

Chains
5.60 To the foot of the Bluff.
6.40 Left or Northern Bank of the Des Moines River. Course S. E. about 5 feet deep and rapid current.
14.58 Right bank of Des Moines River and enter a body of fine timber.
31.30 And Black Walnut 20 inches in diameter.
53.13 A Black Walnut 24 inches in diameter.
73.30 A ledge of Sandstone Rock about 40 feet high and bearing N. W. \& S. E.
100.00 Set a post and took for references White Oak 18 S. $44^{\circ}$ W. 41 links) Marked White Oak 20 N. $46^{\circ}$ E. 47 links $\quad$ I. B. I. M. This mile is rich alluvial River bottom, no indications of being subject to inundations and covered with a heavy growth of Walnut, Ash and Hickory timber.
15.00 Enter light and scattering timber.
24.27 A Black Oak 18 inches diameter.
-28.00 A Brook 2 links wide Course East.
35.00 Leave timber and enter prairie.
40.00 A small mound 2 feet base and 2 feet high,
$45.00 \quad 5 \mathrm{ch}$. W. of Line a pond say 2 acres.
$50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
200.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 2 M and around it raised a mound of earth and sod 4 feet base and 3 feet high. The first half of this mile is mostly open Red and White Oak timber-the remainder of miles is of rich rolling prairiesoil good-vegetation strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
58.00 Small grove of timber.
61.00 A Brook 15 links wide, course East.
62.50 Leave grove and enter prairie.
69.50 A Brook 2 links wide, course N. E.
70.00 Small mound.

Made solar obvs. and found var. $10^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.




Var. $10^{\circ} 25 \mathrm{E}$.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 14 M . andaround it raised a mound of earth and sod. This is fine rich rolling prairie-soil good and vegetation strong.
00.04 A spring Branch 3 links wide, course East.
10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
28.00 A spring run 2 links wide, course South.
$30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 small mounds.

SOUTH OF THE RED ROCKS
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 15 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil good-vegetation strong-ravines and ridges bearing East. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
$50.20 \quad$ A Brook 3 links wide runs N. E.
60.00 A small Mound.
60.50 A Brook 4 links wide runs East.
70.00 A small mound.

Var. $10^{\circ} 25 \mathrm{E}$.
$1600.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 16 M . and around same raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil good.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
52.50 Spring Branch 2 links wide, runs S. E.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.
76.00 Leave prairie and enter timber.
79.00 Brook 8 links wide, runs S. E.

Var. $10^{\circ} 26 E$.
1700.00 Set a post and took for references Elm 15 N. $17^{\circ}$ W. 50 links Earked Elm 18 S. $49^{\circ}$ E. 39 links $\} \quad$ I. B. 17 M.
Land mostly high rolling prairie-soil good.
$40.00 \quad$ A small mound-timber very small.
55.00 Leave timber and enter the western edge of a small prairie.
74.00 Re-enter timber-open.
1800.00 Set a post and took for reference Red Oak 12 N. $83^{\circ}$ W. 66 links) Marked No other tree convenient I. B. 18 M .
Land gently rolling-soil rather wet. Timber of indifferent character-mostly Red and White Oak. 10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
26.50 A Brook 4 links wide, runs East.
50.20 Creek 20 links wide, runs S. E.
00.00 Set a post and took for references Red Oak 12 S. $20^{\circ}$ E. 160 links Marked Elm 16 N. $89^{\circ}$ W. 72 links $\}$ I. B. 19 M.
Land rolling-soil thin and somewhat wet. Timber small and indifferent Red and White Oak.
13.32 Red Oak 16 inches diameter.
25.00 A Brook 6 links wide, runs N. E.

## INDIAN HOUNDARY LINE

42.54 Elm 14 inches diameter. Enter small prairie.
$50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
Var. $10^{\circ} 30 \mathrm{E}$.
Set a post near southern edge of prairie and took for references
White Oak 20 S. $23^{\circ}$ E. 225 links) Marked White Oak $16 \mathrm{~S} .47^{\circ}$ W. 285 links $\quad$ I. B. 20 M .
Land rolling. The 1st 42 ch . is indifferent. White and Red Oak timber-remainder of mile fine prairie-soil good.
3.00 A Brook 3 links, course East-leave prairie and enter timber.
5.50 A Creek 20 links wide, runs N. E.
16.20 A White Oak 18 inches diameter.
18.00 A Brook 2 links wide, course N. E.
29.50 A Brook 3 links wide, course N. E.
40.00 Timber small and very scattering.
70.00 A grove of Burr and Red Oak.
2100.00 Set a post and took for references Red Oak 20 N. $57^{\circ}$ E. 26 links , Marked Red Oak 20 S. $22^{\circ}$ W. 40 links (I. B. 21 M .
. Land rolling-soil light and thin-timber small Red and White Oak-undergrowth heavy-White and Red Oak scrubs.
6.00 Leave grove and enter scattering timber.
$74.00 \quad$ A Brook 3 links wide, runs S. E.
2.00 Leave-timber and enter wet prairie.
$10.00,20.00$ and 30.00 Small mounds.
34.00 Leave wet prairie and enter heavy timber.
45.00 Creek 20 links wide, runs S. E.
58.19 White Oak 22 inches diameter.

Var. $10^{\circ} 20 \mathrm{E}$.
$23 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and took for references
Black Oak 20 N. $11^{\circ}$ E. 106 links ) Marked Burr Oak 16 N. $15^{\circ}$ W. 132 links $\}$ I. B. 23 M .
Land-1st 34 chains level and wet prairie; Creek bottom remainder of mile-soil good-timber heavy Ash, Hickory, Oak, etc.


## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

| Miles | Chains |
| :---: | :---: |
| south |  |
| 28 | 00.00 |

Set a post near the Northern edge of small grove and took for references Elm 14 S. $5^{\circ}$ W. 30 links

Marked
I. B. 28 M .

Land high rolling prairie-ravines and ridges bearing S. E.-soil good-vegetation strong.
00.75 Branch 5 links wide, runs N. E.
1.00 Scattering timber and thicket.
5.00 Branch 5 links wide, runs N. E.
41.00 Branch 3 links wide, runs N. E.
50.00 Leave grove and enter prairie.
58.00 Branch 5 links wide, runs N. E.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds

Var. $10^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
2900.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 29 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land high rolling rich prairie-soil good-vegetation strong. The above mile runs on the high ground between the Des Moines and Missouri rivers.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
79.00 Branch 6 links wide, runs S. E.
$30 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 30 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land high rolling rich prairie.
T0.00, 20.00, 30.00 and 40.00 Small mounds.
43.50 Branch 8 links wide, runs S. E.
45.00 Enter a grove of timber.
60.50 A Western arm of prairie.
76.00 Re-enter grove.
77.30 Branch 8 links wide, runs East.
$31 \quad 00.00$ Set a post and took for references Elm 12 N. $7^{\circ}$ E. 40 links ) Marked Elm 14 N. $68^{\circ}$ W. 60 links $\quad$ I. B. 31 M.
Land mostly rolling prairie-soil good-timber in the grove good Red, Burr and White Oak.
10.00 Leave grove and enter prairie.
20.00 and 30.00 Small mounds.
37.50 Branch 4 links, runs N. E.
$40.00,50,00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
70.10 Branch 4 links, runs East.

Var. $10^{\circ} 16^{\prime} E$.
3200.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 32 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land high rolling prairie-soil good.

## SOUTH OF THE RED ROCKS

2.50 Bee-hunters trace from mouth of the Des Moines river.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 33 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land high rolling prairie-soil good.
$10.00,20.00$ and 30.00 Small mounds.
$37.00 \quad$ Small grove of timber.
37.50 A Brook 4 links, runs East.
40.00 Leave grove of timber.
50.00 Small mound in W. arm of prairie.
57.50 Scattering timber.
60.00 Branch 4 links, runs S. E.
3400.00 Set a post and took for references Hickory 18 N. $24^{\circ}$ E. 52 links Hickory 14 S. $50^{\circ}$ W. 42 links $\}$ I. B. 34 M .
Land rolling-soil good. Timber in grove White, Red and Burr Oak.
56.00 A Brook 5 links, runs East.
61.02 Red Oak 14 inches diameter.
00.00 Set post and took for references

Hickory 12 S. $9^{\circ}$ W. 89 links Hickory 14 N. $3^{\circ}$ E. 75 links

Marked
Land level-soil good. Timber Red, White and Burr Oak.
20.00 Brook 4 links, runs East.
24.00 A Creek 24 links, course S. E.
27.25 Same Creek, runs S. W.
29.00 Same Creek, runs East.
39.00 A Stream 40 links wide, runs S. E. Supposed to be the Northern fork of the Charaton river.
52.84 White Oak 16 inches diameter.

Var. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$.
$36 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and took for references White Thorn 10 N. $20^{\circ}$ W. 39 links ) Marked White Oak $16 \mathrm{~S} .38^{\circ}$ E. 17 links $\} \quad$ I. B. 36 M . Land rolling-soil rather thin. Timber excellent Red, White and Burr Oak.
18.75 A Brook 2 links wide, runs N. E.
37.50 White Oak 14 inches diameter.
39.00 Scattering timber.

Var. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$.

## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

Set a post and took for reference Marked White Oak 16 N. $20^{\circ}$ W. 34 links $\{$ I. B. 37 M. Land rolling-soil thin. Timber White, Red and Burr Oak.
18.00 Brook 3 links, runs S. E.
53.00 Leave timber and enter prairie. 60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.
$3800.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 38 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land roll-ing-soil thin. Timber mostly scattering Red, White and Burr Oak.
10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
21.00 Brook 4 links wide, runs S. E.
$30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked sąme I. B. 39 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil good-vegetation very strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00$ and 60.00 Small mounds.
69.25 Brook 4 links wide, runsi S. W.
70.00 Small mound.
$4000.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 40 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land high rolling prairie-soil good.
5.00 Brook 3 links wide, runs S. W.
10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
25.00 Leave Prairie and enter timber.
26.00 Branch 2 links runs N. W.
33.50 A Creek 15 links, runs S. E.
36.00 Same Creek, runs S. W.
37.43 Walnut 16 inches diameter.
41.50 Same Creek 15 links, runs East.
45.00 Same Creek, runs West.
53.62 Elm 14 inches diameter.
$55.00 \quad$ Same Creek, runs S. E.
62.00 Same Creek, runs S. W.
75.00 Same Creek, runs N. E.
76.75 Same Creek runs S. W.

Var. $9^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \boldsymbol{E}$.
4100.00 Set a post and took for references Walnut 16 S. $32^{\circ}$ E. 50 links , Marked White Oak 14 N. $18^{\circ}$ W. 21 links $\{$ I. B. 41. M.
Land level and rich Creek bottom-soil good. Timber Red and White Oak.

10.00 A small mound.
35.00 Leave scattering timber and enter prairie.
43.00 Branch 2 links, runs N. W.
$50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
Var. $9^{\circ} 45^{\prime} E$.
$46 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 46 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land roll-ing-soil rich. Timber scattering Burr Oak.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$47 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 47 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling rich prairie.
10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
30.00 Leave prairie and enter timber.
38.00 Branch 4 links, runs S. E.
39.50 Red Oak 12 inches diameter.
$40.50 \quad$ Creek 10 links, runs S. E.
41.50 Creek 10 links, runs S. W.
$42.50 \quad$ Creek 10 links, runs N. E.
45.00 Leave timber and enter prairie.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.

Var. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$.
4800.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 48 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling -soil good quality-vegetation very strong. Timber principally White and Red Oak.
10.00 A small mound.
12.83 At this point the line intersects the boundary line claimed by the State of Missouri, distance 7 chains, 9 links west of 59 th mile post on said boundary. Erected mound at point of intersection and in it placed post marked I. B.
20.00 A small mound.
27.00 Branch 4 links wide, runs N. E.
$30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
4900.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 49 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rich rolling prairie.
10.00 and 20.00 Small mounds.
21.20 Branch 6 links, runs S. E.
$30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.

## SOUTH OF THE RED ROCKS

Set a post and marked same I. B. 50 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land roll-ing-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds. 71.00 Branch 5 links, runs N. E.
5100.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 51 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil thin.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
74.75 Branch 5 links, runs S. E.

Var. $9^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
5200.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 52 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil rather thin.
$10.00,20.00$ and 30.00 Small mounds.
37.00 Branch 4 links, runs N. E.
$40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
5300.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 53 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
5400.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 54 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil good-vegetation tolerably strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 55 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
75.50 Branch 2 links. Runs S. W.
00.00 Sęt a post and took for references

Cottonwood 18 N. $44^{\circ}$, W. 256 links. Marked Elm $16 \mathrm{~S} .51^{\circ}$, W. 284 links $\quad$ I. B. 56 M.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
At this mile post scattering timber commences.
4.44 Black oak 10 inches in diameter.
5.00 Leave scattering timber and enter prairie.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
$55.00 \quad$ Scattering timber and thicket.
59.00 Branch 4 links wide, runs west.

| Miles | Chains | INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 57 | 00.00 | Set a post and took for references |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Hickory } 14 \mathrm{~N} .60^{\circ} \text {, W. } 95 \text { links } \\ \text { Hickory } 14 \mathrm{~N} .31^{\circ} \text {, E. } 85 \text { links }\end{array}\right\} \begin{aligned} & \text { Marked } \\ & \text { I. B. } 57 \mathrm{M} .\end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality. Timber scattering Red and Burr Oak and Hickory. |
|  | 7.00 | Leave scattering timber and enter arm of prairie. |
|  | 20.00, 3 | 00, 40.00 and 50.00 Small mounds. |
|  | 51.25 | Branch 3 links. Runs S. W. |
|  | 52.00 | Leave prairie and enter timber. |
| 58 | 00.00 | Set a post and took for references |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { White Oak S. } 46^{\circ} \text {, W. } 32 \text { links } \\ \text { Red Oak S. } 24^{\circ} \text {, E. } 75 \text { links }\end{array}\right\} \begin{gathered}\text { Marked } \\ \text { I. B. } 58 \mathrm{M} .\end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Land rolling-soil of good quality. Timber of good quality. |
|  |  | Red and White Oak and Hickory. |
|  | 13.50 | Branch 3 links, Runs S. W. |
|  | 24.87 | Black Oak 14 inches diameter. |
|  | 29.00 | Branch 3 links. Runs S. W. |
|  | 29.89 | Intersects the old Northern Boundary of MissouriSet a post and took for references |
|  |  | Red Oak $12 \mathrm{~N} .40^{\circ} \mathrm{W} .38$ links ( Marked |
|  |  | Red Oak 10 N. $66^{\circ}$ E. 61 links $\}$ I. B. $\begin{gathered}\text { M.Ch. Lks. } \\ 58 \\ 29 \\ 89\end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Land rolling-soil of good quality. |
|  |  | NORTH OF THE RED ROCKS |
|  | 16.45 | Iron-wood 8 inches diameter. |
|  | 45.00 | Brook 5 links. Runs West. |
|  |  | $10^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| 1 | 00.00 | Set a post and took for references |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { White Oak } 20 \text { N. } 87^{\circ} \text { E. } 52 \text { links } \\ \text { Hickory } 16 \text { N. } 27^{\circ} \text { W. } 34 \text { links }\end{array}\right\} \begin{gathered}\text { Marked } \\ \text { I. B. } 1 \mathrm{M} .\end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Land rolling-soil good quality-timber white, Black and Burr Oak, Hickory, etc. |
|  | 35.00 | A road from the Red Rocks to Powesheeks village on the Skunk River. |
|  | 61.11 | Burr Oak 14 inches diameter. |
| 0 | 00.00 | Set a post and took for reference |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Black Oak } 18 \text { S. } 10^{\circ} \text { W. } 45 \text { links } \\ \text { Black Oak } 16 \text { N. } 22^{\circ} \\ \text { E. } 12 \text { links }\end{array}\right\}$Marked <br> I. B. 2 M. |
|  |  | Var. $10^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
|  |  | Land rolling-soil of good quality. |
|  |  | Timber Red, White and Burr Oak. |



## Miles Chains

 south5.00

## NORTH OF THE RED ROCKS

$$
26.25
$$

$$
46.50
$$

$$
3 \quad 00.00
$$

$$
17.75
$$

$$
21.77
$$

$$
57.80
$$

15.00 Leave the timber and enter prairie.
$20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$6 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 6 M. , and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality-vegetation moderate.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$700.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 7 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$800.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 8 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Var. $9^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
Land rolling prairie-soil good quality.
10.00 Small mound.
11.00 A road leading from the mouth of the "White Breast" to the "Raccoon Fork."

## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

$20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.

Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
17.50 Brook 5 links, runs East. $20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$10 \quad 00.00$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 10 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
1100.00 Set a post marked same I. B. 11 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Var. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
1200.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 12 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
8.75 Branch 10 links wide, runs East.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
13
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 13 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00$ and 30.00 Small mounds.
39.50 Branch 5 links wide, runs East.
$40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$1400.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 14 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00$ and 40.00 Small mounds.
40.90 South bank of Skunk River; width 115 links, Course S. E. and enter timber.
43.50 Elm 20 inches diameter.
75.00 Leave timber and enter prairie.
1500.00 Set a post and took for reference? I. B. 15 M .

Elm 20 S. $45^{\circ}$ W. 3.06 links $\}$ Marked
Var. $9^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
Rich bottom land-timber, Hickory, Ash and White Oak.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.


Var. $10^{\circ} 30^{\prime} E$.


## NORTH OF THE RED ROCKS

 south$10.00,20.00,30.00$ and 40.00 Small mounds.
43.50 Branch 2 links wide runs East.
$50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$2900.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 29 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.

Tar. $10^{\circ} 30^{\prime} E$.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 33 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$3400.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 34 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
73.00 Branch 4 links runs West.
3500.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 35 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
Var. $9^{\circ} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.

## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

Chains
00.00

Set a post and marked same I. B. 36 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds. it raised a mound of earth and sod.
7.50 Branch 6 links runs N. E.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00$ and 60.00 Small mounds
64.75 Branch 4 links runs N. E.
70.00 Small mound.
$43 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 43 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil good.
Var. $10^{\circ} 20^{\prime} E$.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.


## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

Miles Chains
south
5100.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 51 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
52. 00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 52 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
Var. $11^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 53 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
51.50 Branch 2 links runs East.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.
5400.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 54 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
Ridges covered with short Buffalo grass.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
5500.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 55 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-bottom rich soil
Ridges covered with short Buffalo grass.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00$ and 50.00 Small mounds.
53.00 Leave prairie and enter timber.
55.00 Creek 50 links runs East.
57.00 Leave timber and enter prairie.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.
$56 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 56 M and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling-soil of good quality.
Timber Ash, Hickory and White Oak.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
5700.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 57 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
Ridges covered with short Buffalo grass. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds. it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.

## NORTH OF THE RED ROCKS

Miles
Chains
79.90 Branch 3 links runs N. E.
$59 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 59 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie - soil of good quality.
Var. $10^{\circ} 45^{\prime} E$.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$60 \quad 00.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{M}$. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality-vegetation not very strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00$ and 40.00 Small mounds.
48.00 Leave prairie and enter timber.
50.50 Creek 20 links runs East.
52.50 Creek 20 links runs N. W.
$55.50 \quad$ Creek 20 links runs S. E.
57.00 Leave timber and enter prairie.
60.00 and 70.00 Small mounds.
$6100.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 61 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling-soil of good quality.
Timber, Red and White Oak and Hickory.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
$6200.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 62 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality.
Tops of ridges covered with gravel.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 63 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod. Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality-vegetation very strong in the bottom-on the ridges short grass surface of ground covered with gravel.
5.50 Creek 40 links runs East.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Smaill mounds.
$6400.00 \quad$ Set a post and marked same I. B. 64 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil of good quality-vegetation moderate.
Ridges covered with short Buffalo grass.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.

## INDIAN BOUNDARY LINE

| Miles | Chains |
| :---: | :---: |
| south |  |
| 65 | 00.00 |

Set a post and marked same I. B. 65 M. and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling prairie-soil good-vegetation very strong. $10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 66 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling and rather broken prairie-vegetation very strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 67 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling and broken prairie-soil good and vegetation very strong.
$10.00,20.00,30.00,40.00,50.00,60.00$ and 70.00 Small mounds.
00.00 Set a post and marked same I. B. 68 M . and around it raised a mound of earth and sod.
Land rolling and broken prairie-soil good-vegetation very strong.

At the 64th mile of the boundary line I expected to have found the southern boundary of the neutral ground and this expectation was founded mainly on the relative position of that line to the surveys of the United States as laid down on Judson's Map of Wiscon$\sin$ and Iowa. The general bearing of which I supposed from the aid of the protractor was S. $70^{\circ} \mathrm{W} .1^{\prime}$, I was compelled to resort to this uncertain source of information from the fact that I had no field notes or diagrams to govern me in looking for the closing point of the boundary line and was unable to procure any from any source whatever. Wm. Finley (the surveyor) made a visit to the Surveyor General's office at Dubuque for the purpose of procuring such information as was deemed necessary but was informed that they had nothing there in relation to that line which would be of use to us, and having run the line as far as the 64th mile, spent two days searching for it without being able to find it, and believing that it would be better to overrun than not to reach the "Neutral Ground" I accordingly extended the line as far as the 68th mile at the same time believing that at or near the 64th mile the line crosses the southern boundary of the "Neutral Ground." This belief is confirmed by information derived from a party of the Sacs and Fox Indians, whom I subsequently met on our second days' march home. The party consisted of about 100 persons, none of them however knew precisely where the line passed, but having de-

## NORTH OF THE RED ROCKS

scribed the topography of the country to them they informed me that my conjectures were correct and that at or near the 64th mile was the position of the "Neutral Ground" as they had always understood it to be. The southern boundary of the neutral ground is marked only at every mile in the prairie (where my line term/nated) with a mound made some 10 or 12 years ago. The rankness of the vegetation and the necessarily dilapidated character of the monuments would render it almost impossible to find without some notes to which to refer, for the topography of the country through which it passes. The Iowa River passes some 3 miles east of the 64th mile on the line and is skirted with small groves of timber-these groves we searched for a distance of some 10 or 12 miles unsuccessfully.

August 6, 1843.
(Signed)
Geo. W. Harrison, Commissioner.

I hereby certify the foregoing field notes to be the true and correct notes of the survey of the boundary line designated in the treaty of the 11th of October 1842 with the confederated tribes of Sacs and Fox Indians.
(Signed)

Geo. W. Harrison, Commissioner.

I hereby certify the foregoing field notes to be a correct copy of the field notes specified in the above certificate.
(Signed)
Geo. W. Harrison, Commissioner.

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