



iC3 //

Centre for ice,
Cryosphere,
Carbon and Climate

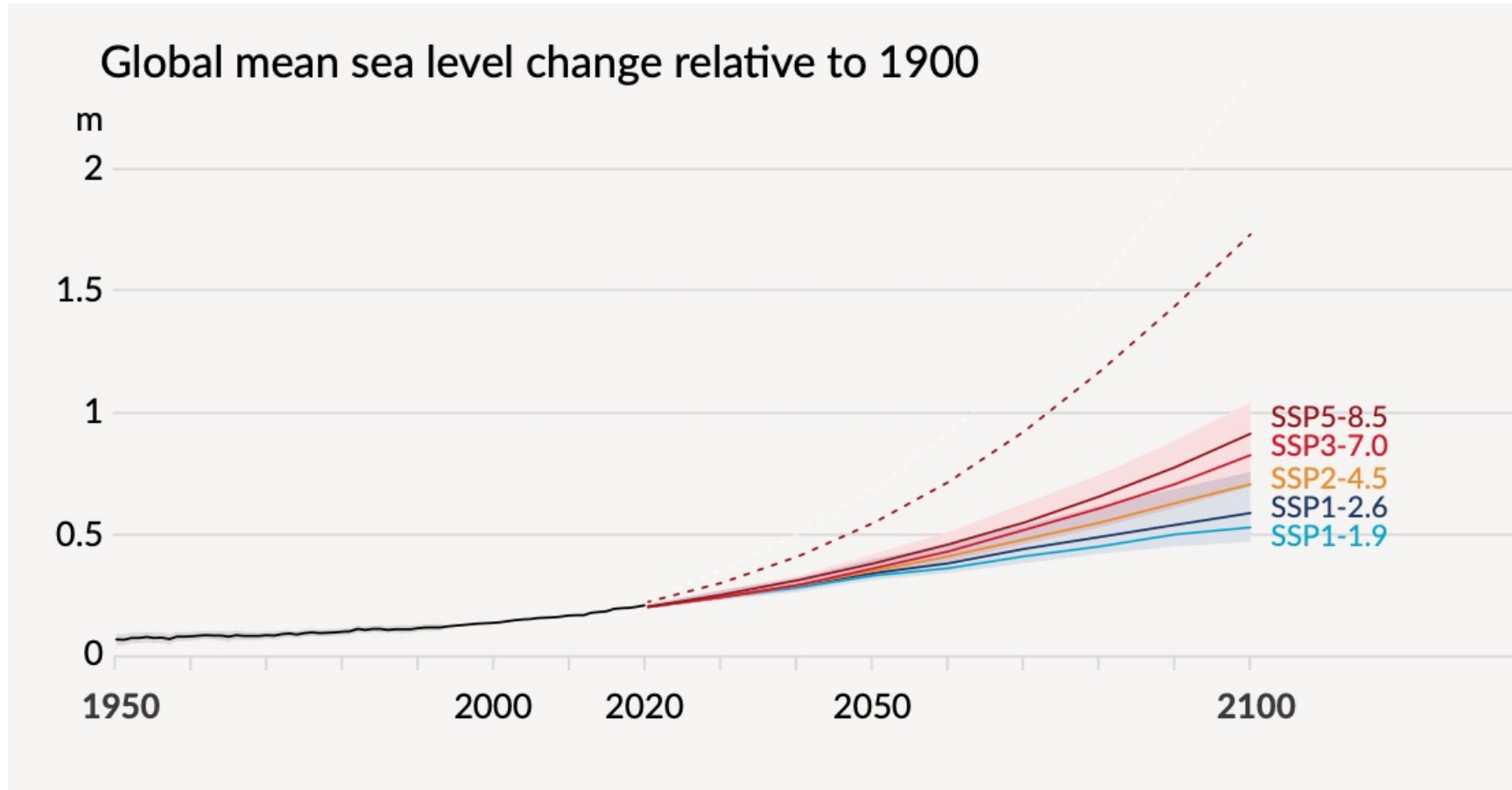
Antarctic Ice Sheet modelling – the needs, challenges, and opportunities for Norwegian Antarctic research

Petra Langebroek, Heiko Goelzer, Michele Petrine, David Chandler

NORCE & Bjerknes Centre for Climate Research

iC3: Centre for ice, Cryosphere, Carbon and Climate, UiT The Arctic University of Norway

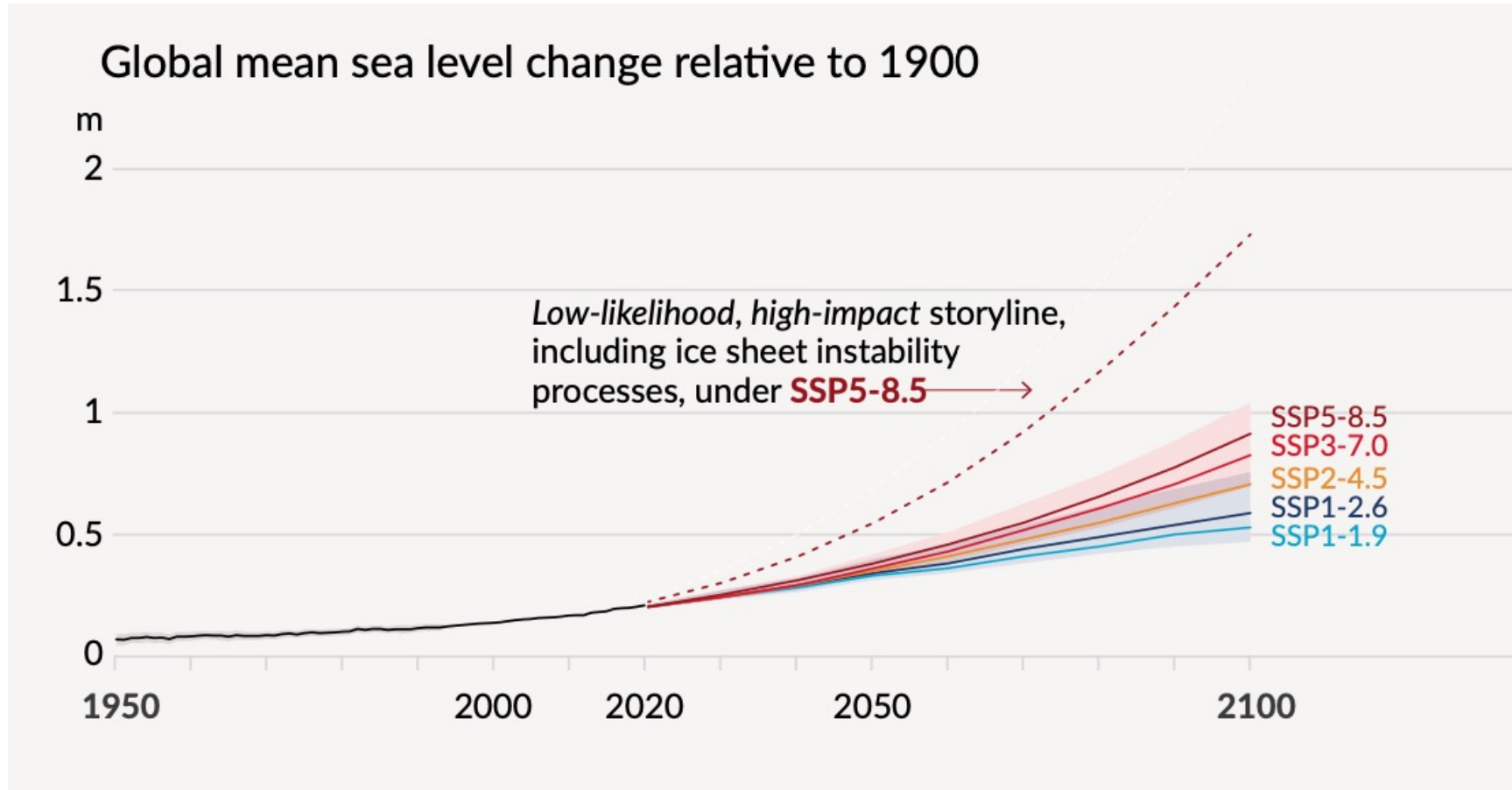
Need: reduce uncertainties in sea level projections



Sea level rise:

thermal expansion ocean
+
ice loss from glaciers,
Greenland and Antarctica

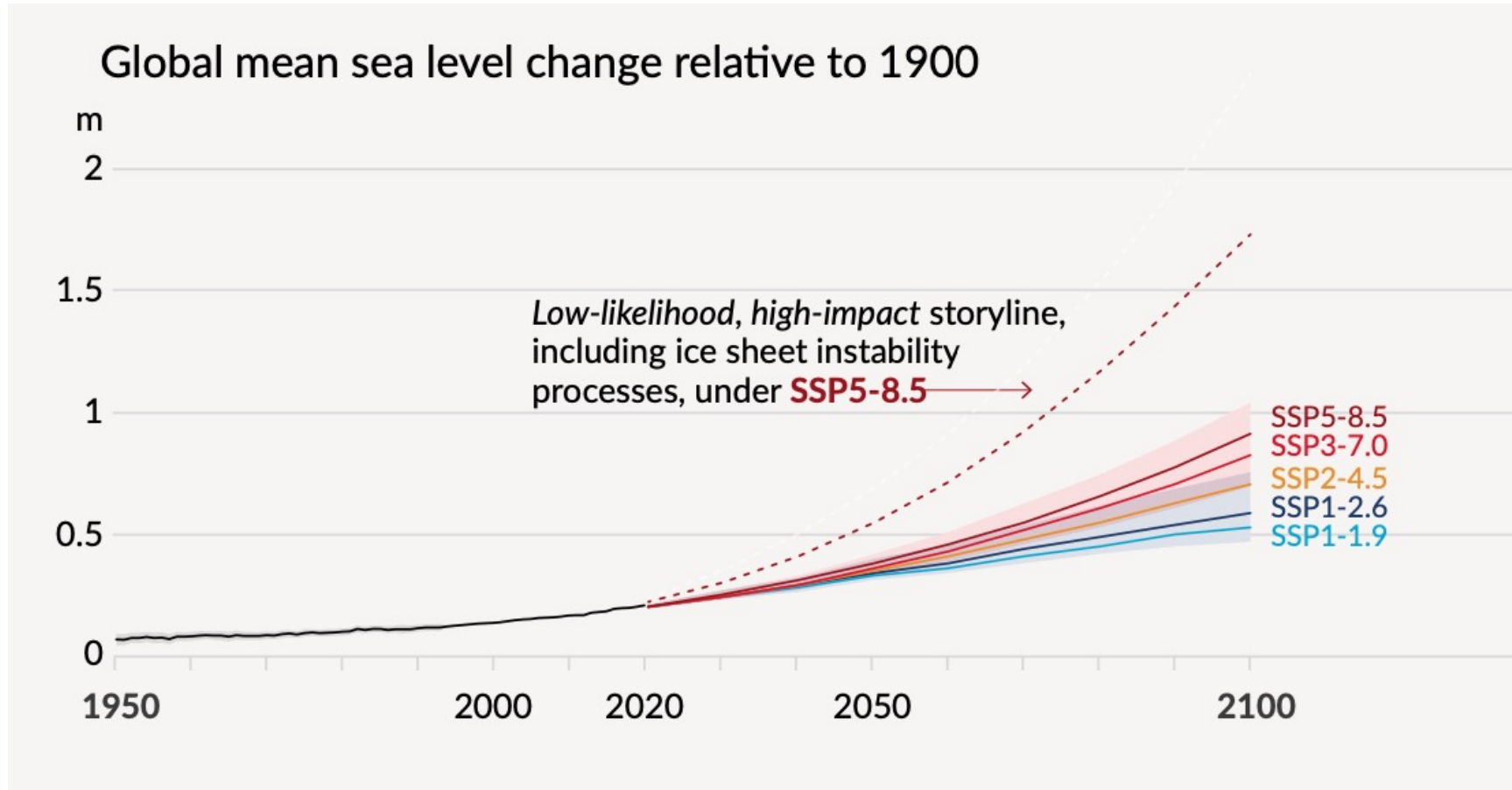
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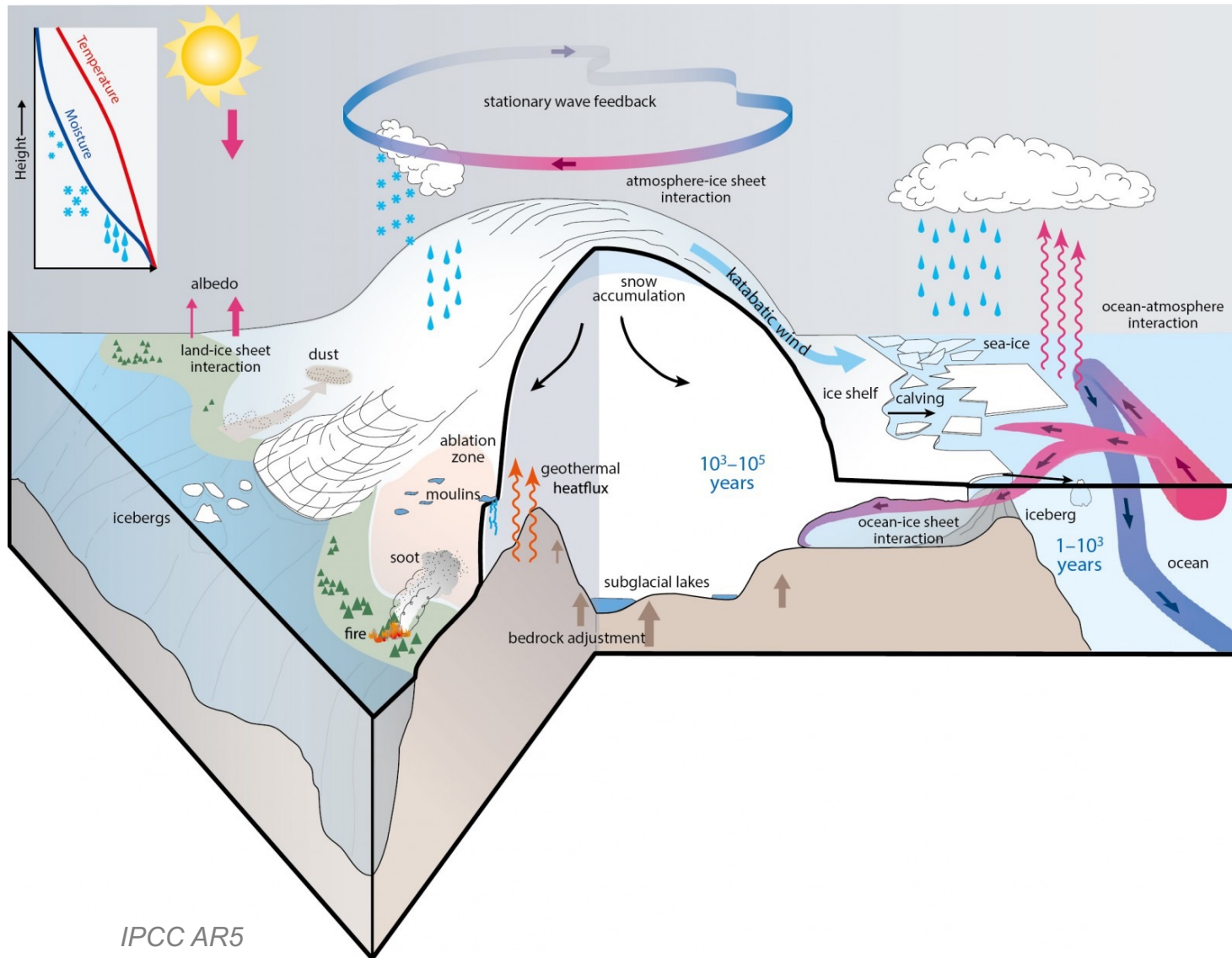
Sea level rise in 2300:

1-3 m (low emission scenario)

2-7 m (high emission scenario)

more than 15 m cannot be ruled out

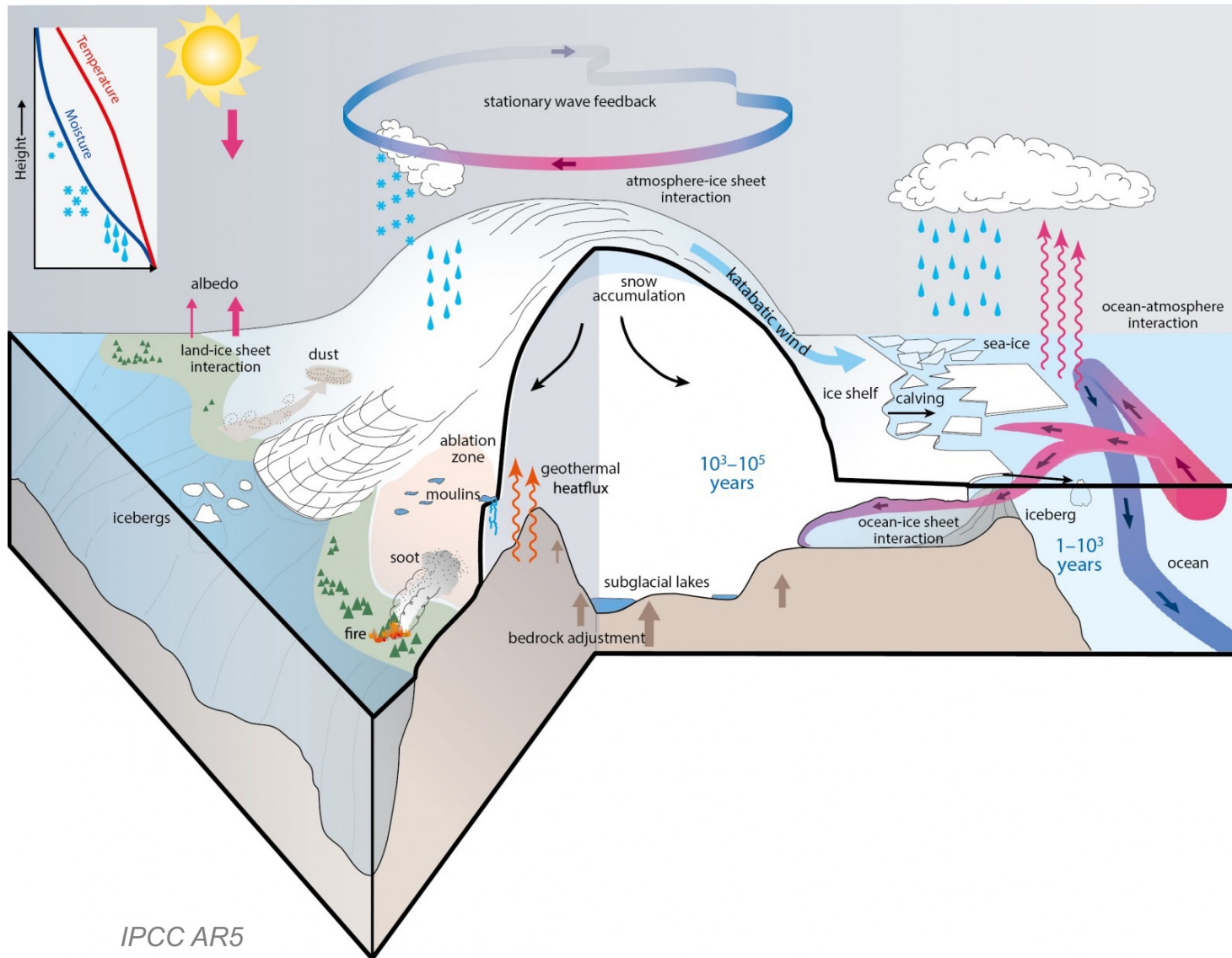
Challenge: Antarctic Ice Sheet



Ice sheets interact with all other parts of the Earth system

Diverse spatial and temporal scales

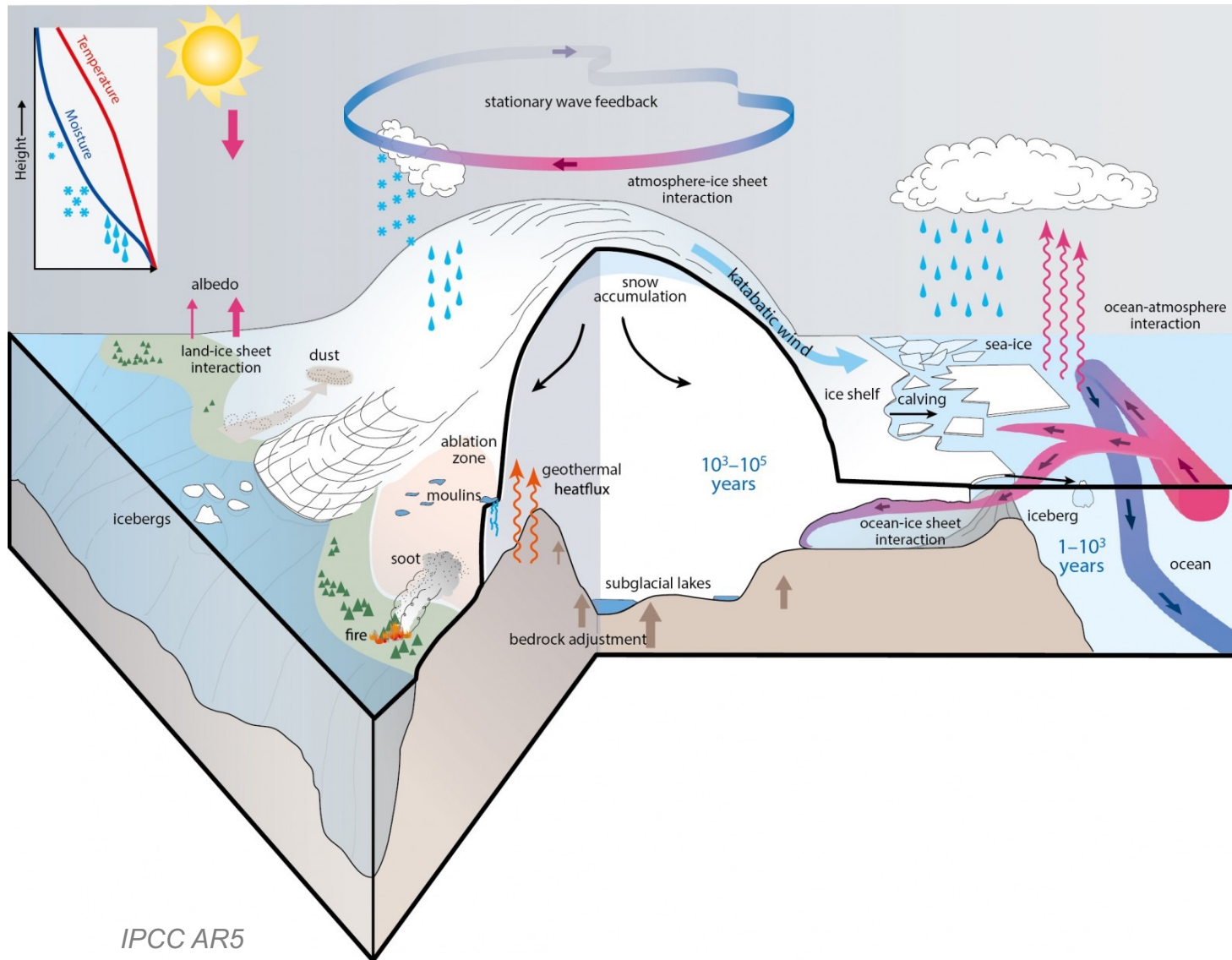
Opportunity: research!



Impact of climate change on ice sheet stability (hence sea level)?

- How much & fast can ice sheets change?
- What are the tipping points, and when will we cross them?
- What is the impact of a warmer ocean?
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IPCC AR5

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- Through freshwater fluxes on ocean circulation?
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- Impact on ecosystems?

Opportunity: research & collaboration!



*Tipping Points in Antarctic
Climate Components*

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The TiPACCs project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement no. 820575

www.tipaccs.eu

Some highlights from



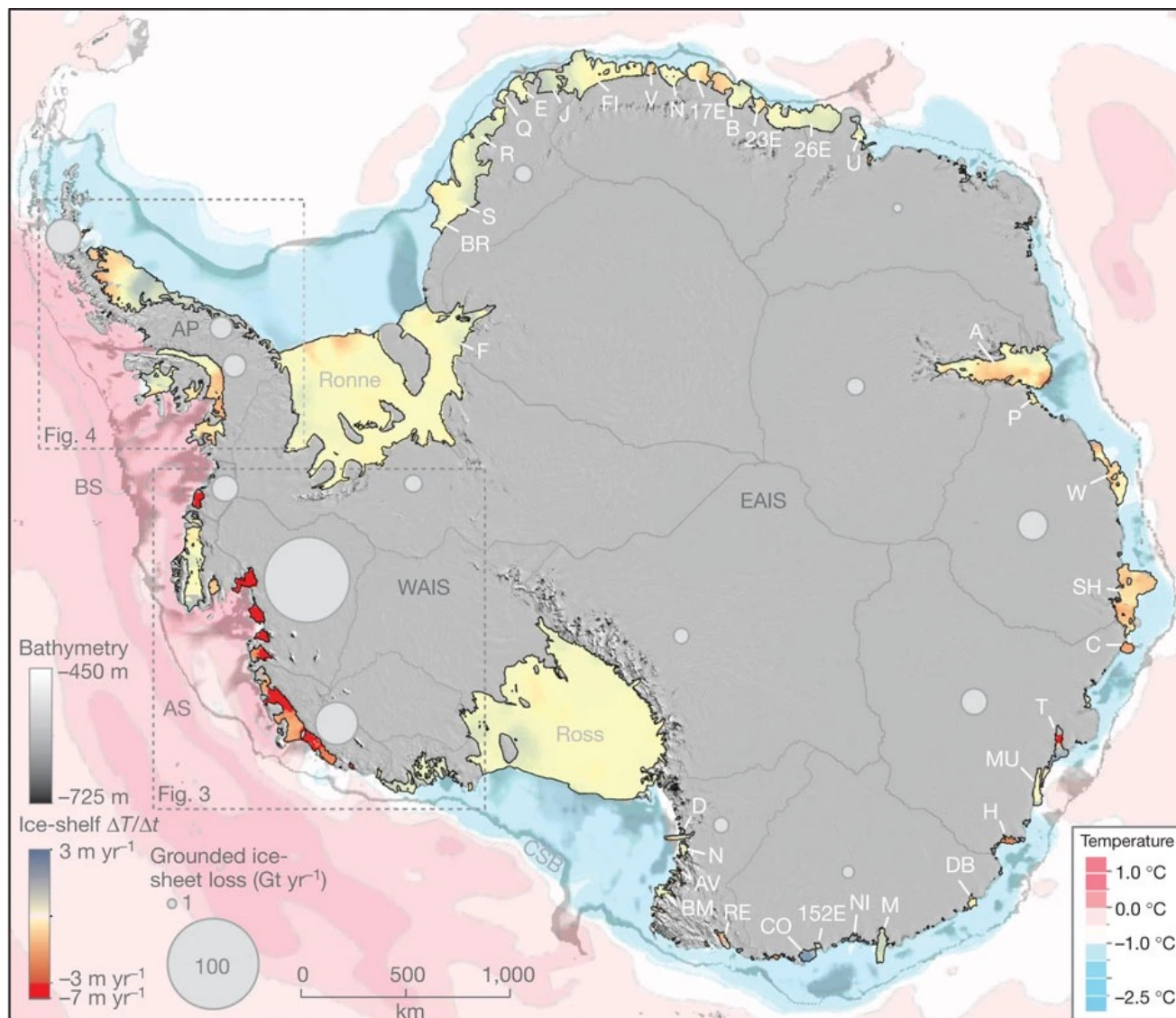
*Tipping Points in Antarctic
Climate Components*

EU Horizon 2020 project
August 2019 – January 2024 (4.5 years)
Led by NORCE (Norway)
Partners in Germany, UK and France
Total budget: 4.6 mEUR

Photo: Svein Østerhus



What's happening in Antarctica today ?



Ice sheet is losing mass especially in West Antarctica

Ice shelves are thinning

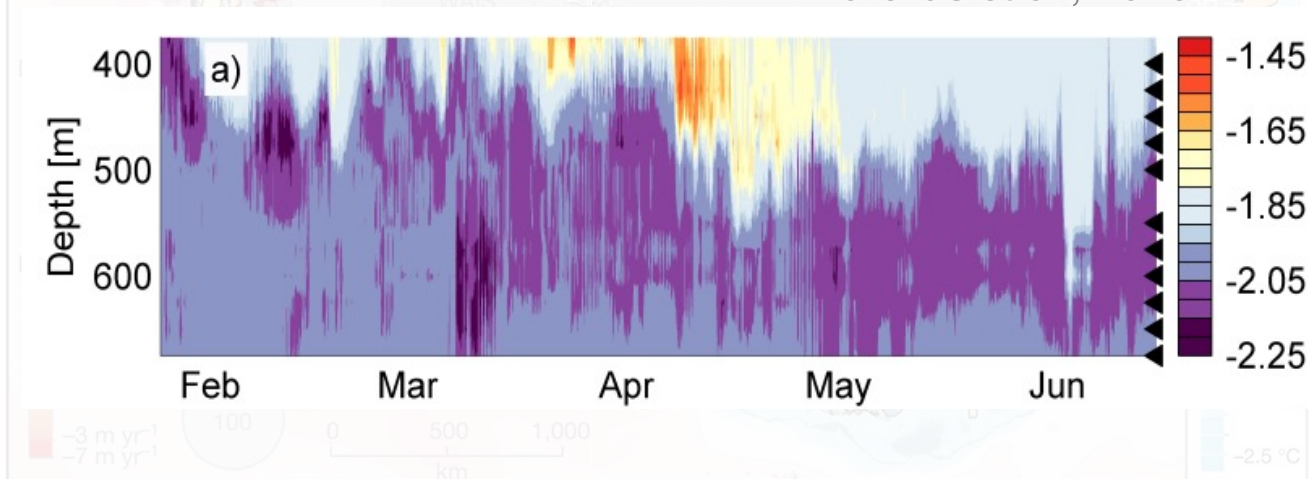
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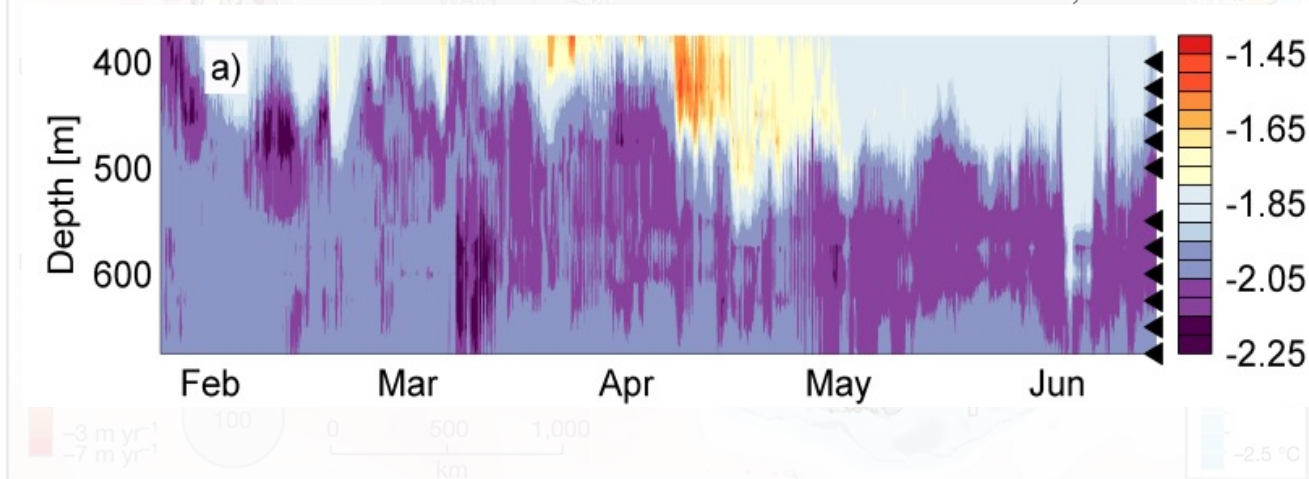
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Observations of “warm” waters reaching “cold” ice shelf cavities, such as Filchner in 2013



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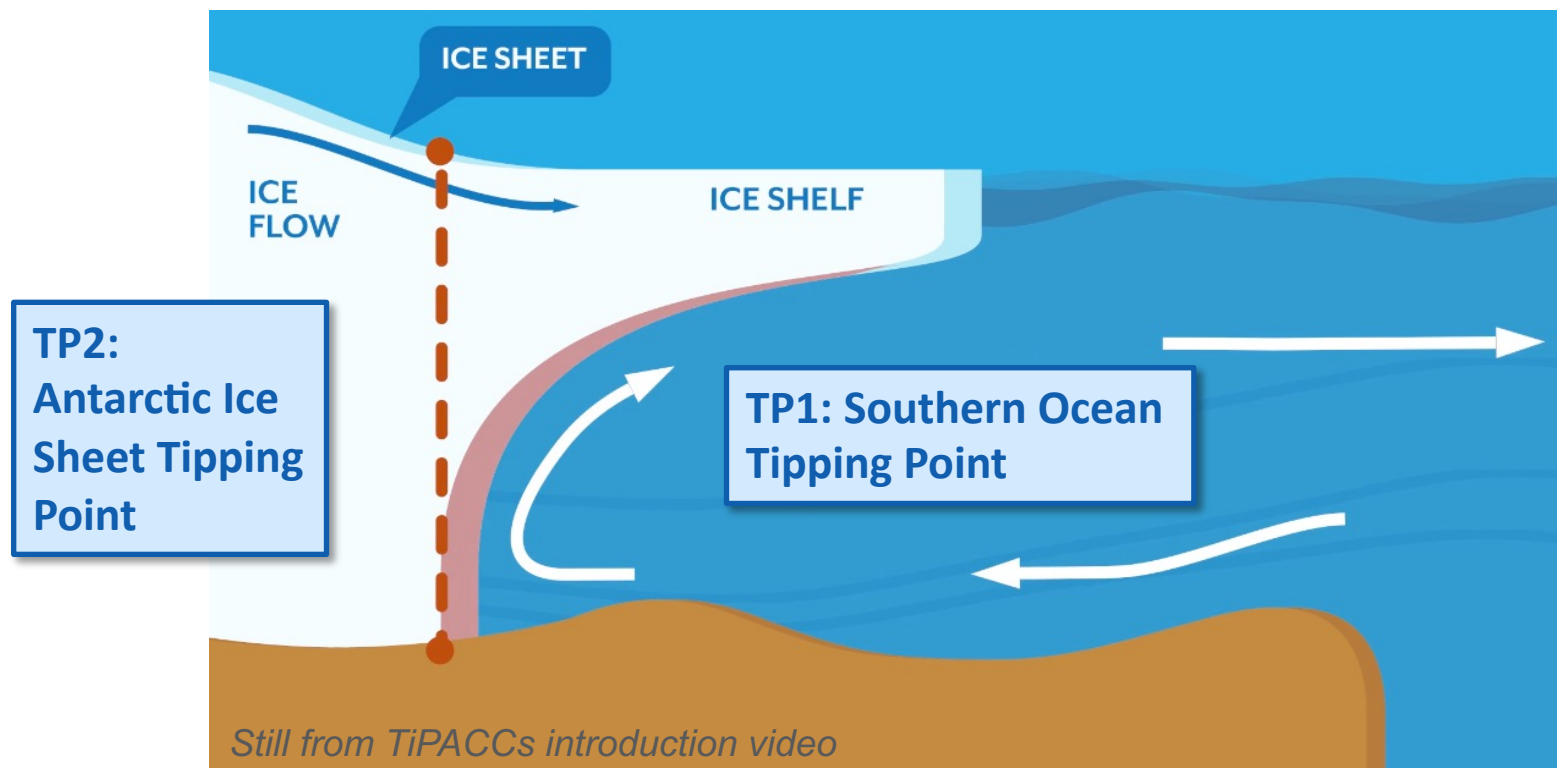
What will happen with the large ice shelves?

Did we already cross tipping points in Antarctica?

Is ice retreat irreversible?



TiPACCs: Tipping points in Antarctic Climate Components



TP1: Southern Ocean

A switch from a cold to a warm ocean (ice shelf cavity)

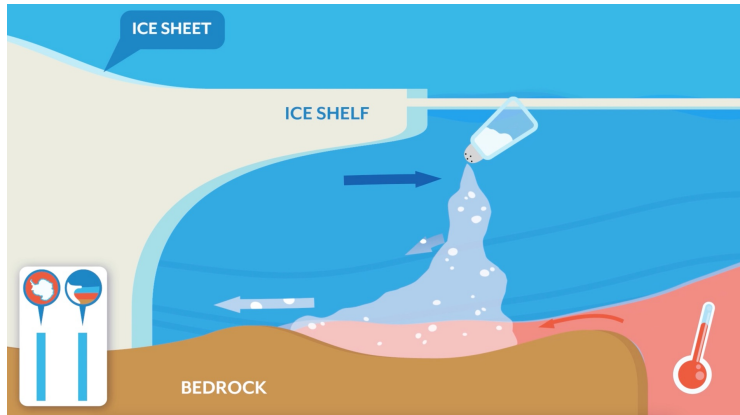
TP2: Antarctic Ice Sheet

A switch from stable to unstable grounding lines

TP1+TP2

Coupled ocean – ice sheet system

TP1: Southern Ocean

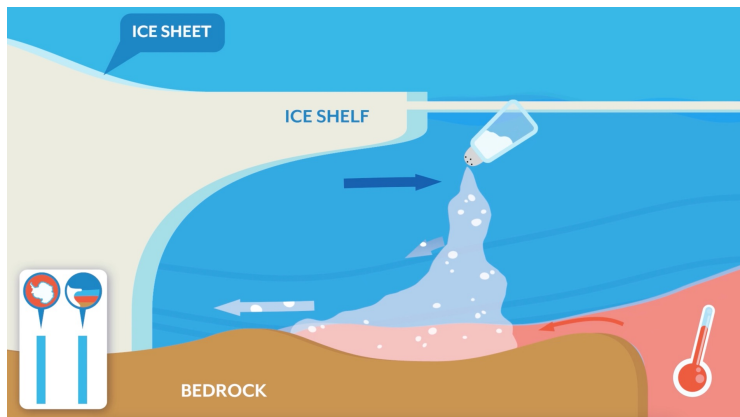


Under which conditions do the Antarctic continental shelf seas switch from a “cold” to “warm” state ?

- All ocean models (FESOM, NEMO, MITgcm) show abrupt transitions under some future climate forcing
- Response varies per model, region, timescale and forcing
- Looks to be reversible, so maybe rather an abrupt transition than a tipping point

Summary of (some) TiPACCs results

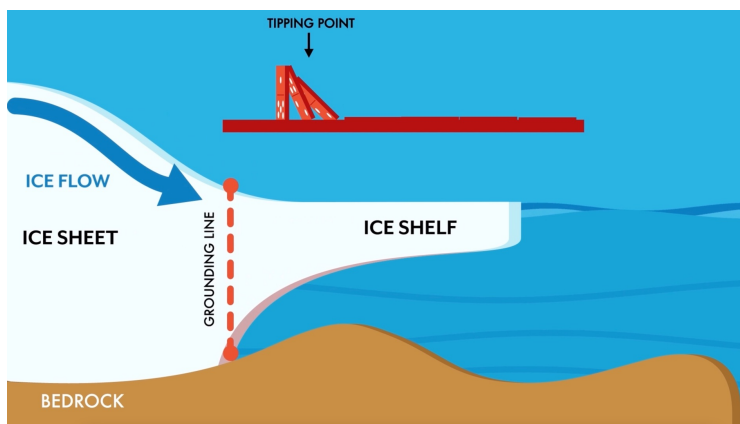
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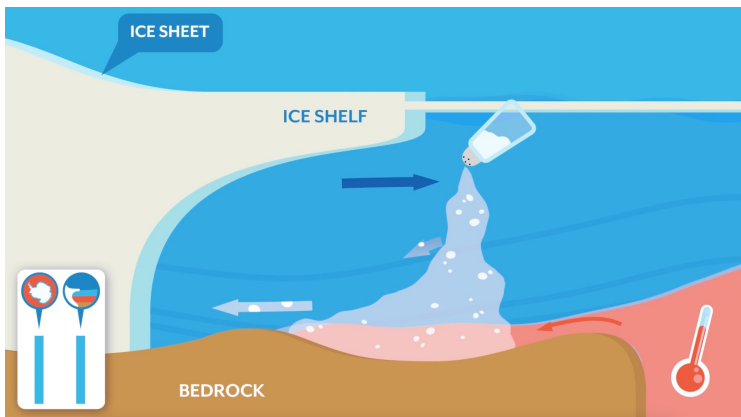
TP2: Antarctic Ice Sheet



*How **stable** are the grounding lines of the Antarctic ice sheet, now and after **enhanced ice-shelf melting** ?*

- All ice sheet models (PISM, Elmer/Ice, Úa) show the same result:
- Grounding lines are stable in their current configuration
Current ongoing retreat not due to crossed tipping point (no MISI yet)
- Some grounding lines will tip (irreversibly) under sustained climate forcing (PISM)

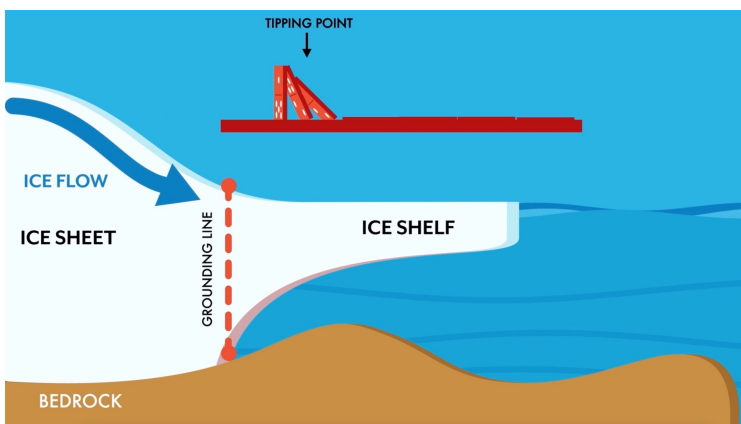
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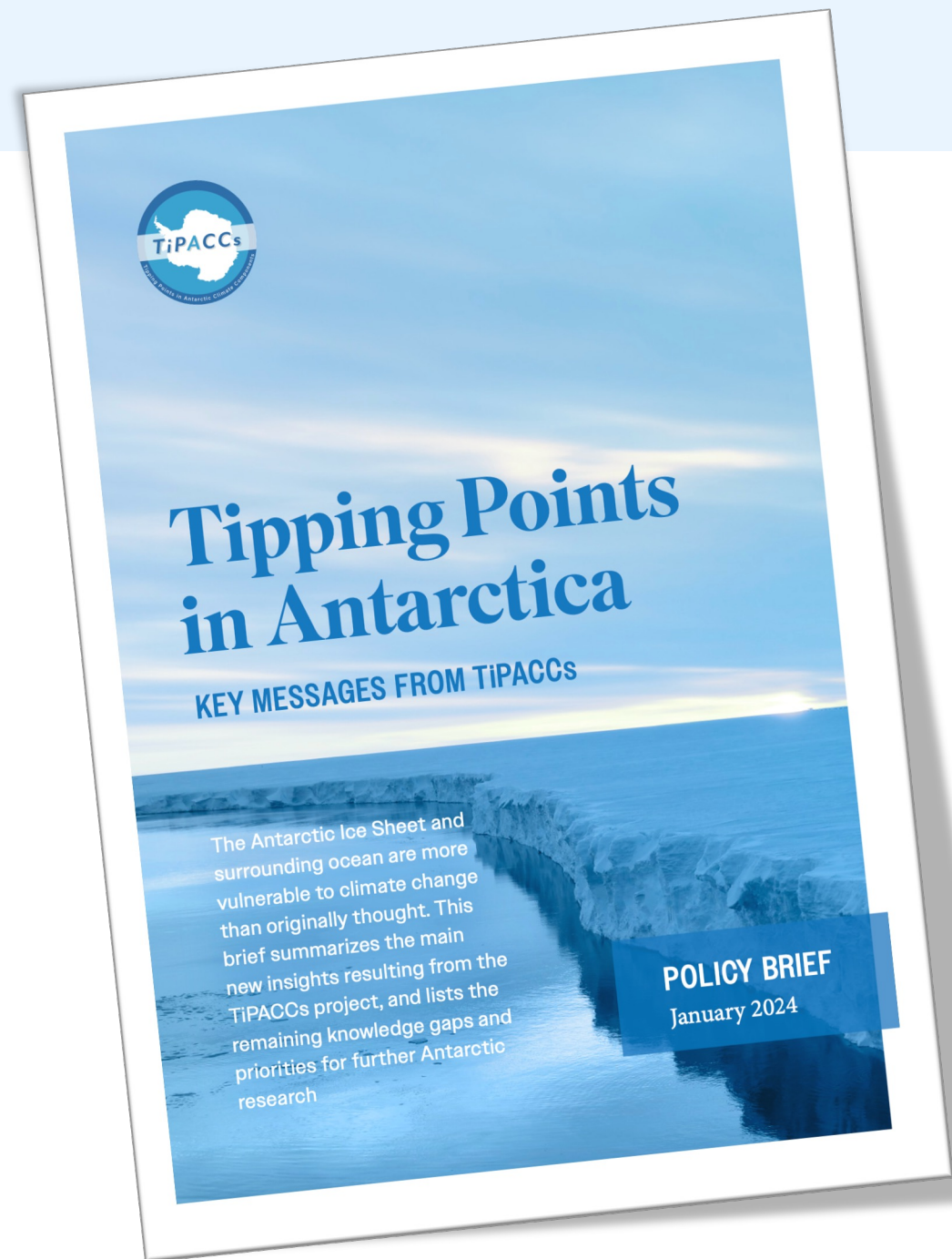
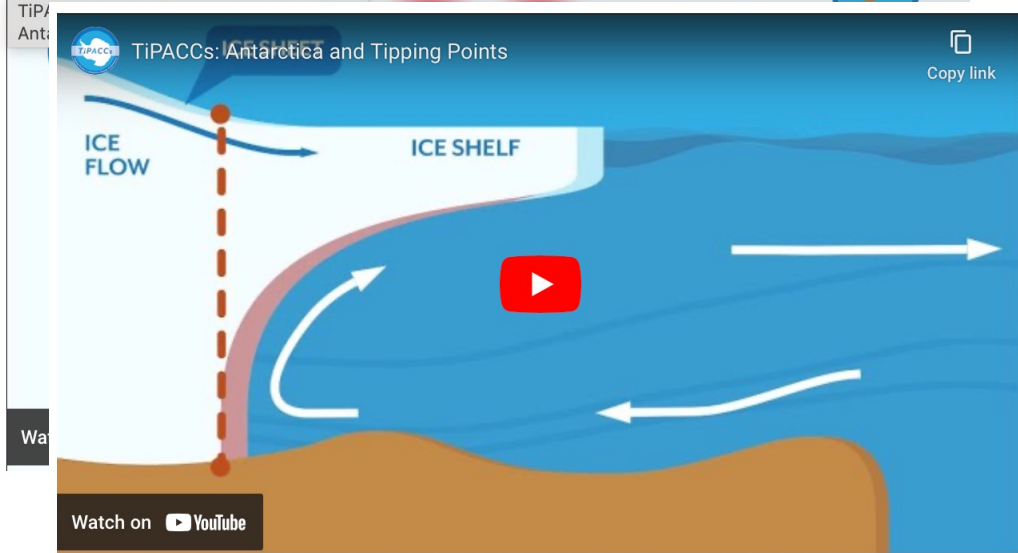
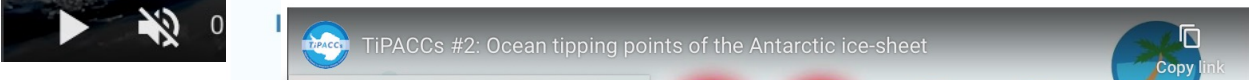
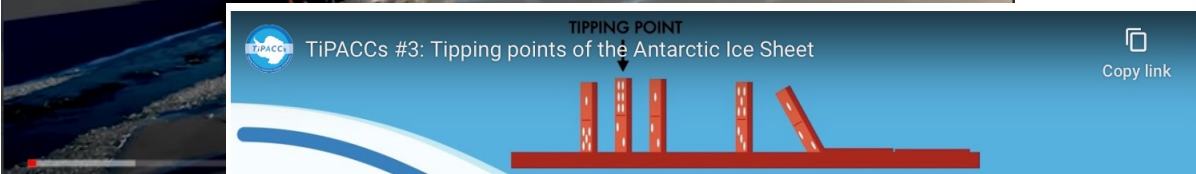
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TP1+TP2

Enormous progress in coupled ocean – ice sheet modelling !



TiPACCS outreach



Opportunity: research & collaboration!

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OCEAN:ICE is co-funded by the European Union, Horizon Europe Funding Programme for research and innovation under grant agreement Nr. 101060452 and by UK Research and Innovation



CLIM2Ant, and many more RCN and EU projects...

Modelling: a tool for research & collaboration!



Working on implementing a model for the Antarctic Ice Sheet (CISM) into the Norwegian Earth System Model (NorESM)

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My suggestions for a strong(er) Norwegian Antarctic research community:

Encourage scientific collaboration

International and national, build on our networks

Expand and share our scientific knowledge

Seminars, workshops, training of (ECR) researchers, being inclusive, promote our Norwegian research

Tools and infrastructure

Not only research stations and ships, but also support for ice sheet and climate model infrastructure and development

Support scientific work

Support tools and infrastructure, but also research time & projects

