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Is the Fluorescence Quantum Yield of Tryptophan Independent of Excitation Wavelength?

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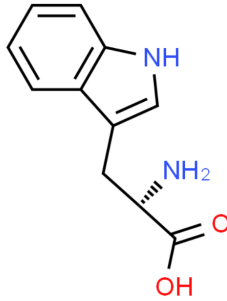
Nadia Abbass, Department of Chemistry

Luis A. Ortiz-Rodríguez, Department of Chemistry

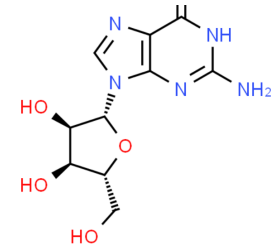
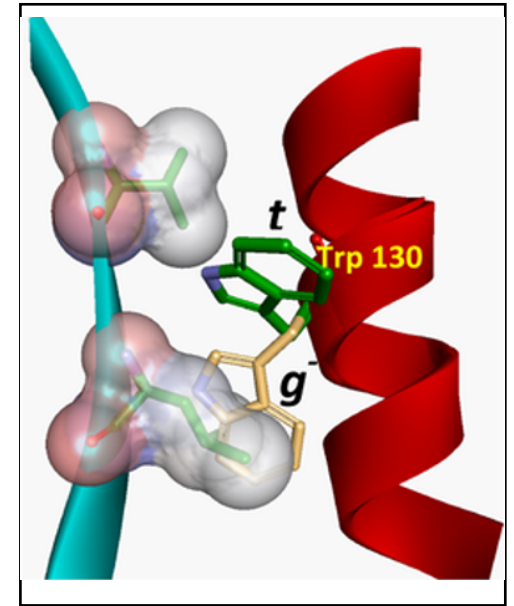
Carlos E. Crespo-Hernández, Department of Chemistry

Background

Tryptophan (Trp)



- Commonly used as a probe in protein structure-dynamics studies
- Widely used as a convenient standard of fluorescence quantum yields of organic and bioorganic molecules
 - Literature values of the fluorescence quantum yield of Trp range from 0.13-0.15 upon excitation of Trp at 270 nm in aqueous solution



Gasymov OK, Abduragimov AR, Glasgow BJ (2013) Effect of Short- and Long-Range Interactions on Trp Rotamer Populations Determined by Site-Directed Tryptophan Fluorescence of Tear Lipocalin. PLOS ONE 8(10): e78754. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0078754>

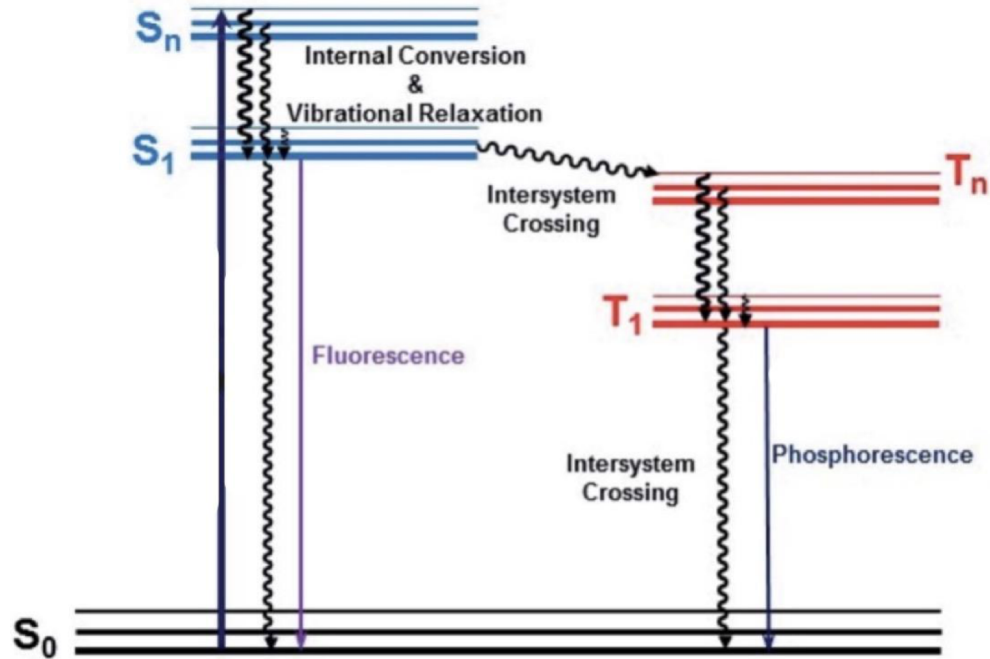
Chen, R. F. (1967). Fluorescence quantum yields of tryptophan and tyrosine. Analytical Letters, 1(1), 35-42.

Suzuki, K., Kobayashi, A., Kaneko, S., Takehira, K., Yoshihara, T., Ishida, H., ... & Tobita, S. (2009). Reevaluation of absolute luminescence quantum yields of standard solutions using a spectrometer with an integrating sphere and a back-thinned CCD detector. Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics, 11(42), 9850-9860.

Fluorescence Quantum Yield

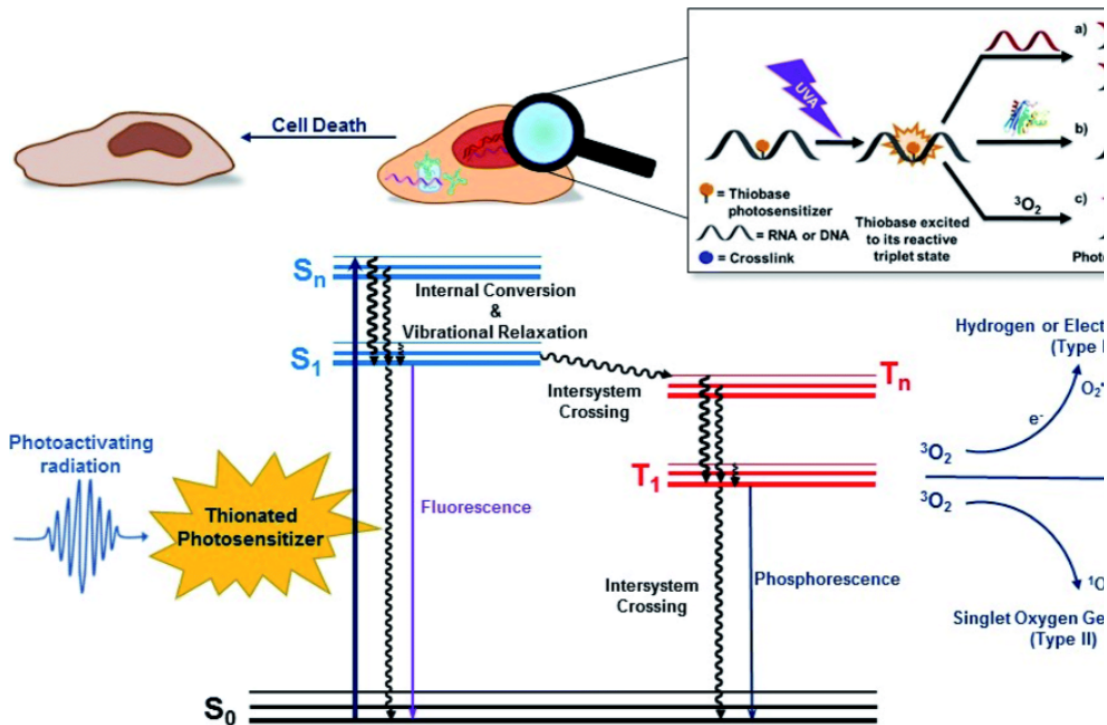
Fluorescence Quantum Yield (Φ_F) - ratio of photons emitted to photons absorbed by the system.

$\Phi_F = \text{Photons Emitted} / \text{Photons Absorbed}$



Scheme 1. Jablonski Diagram

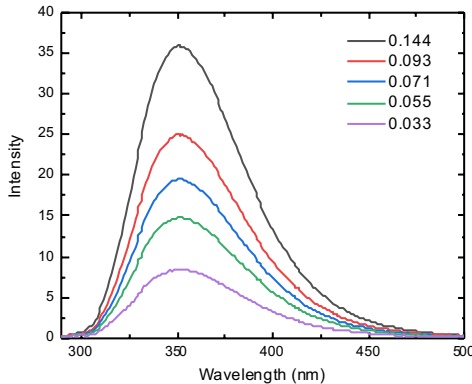
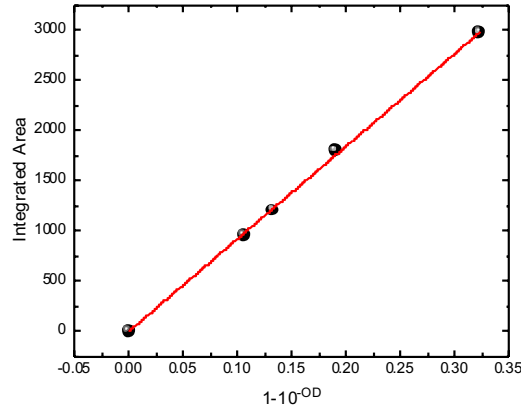
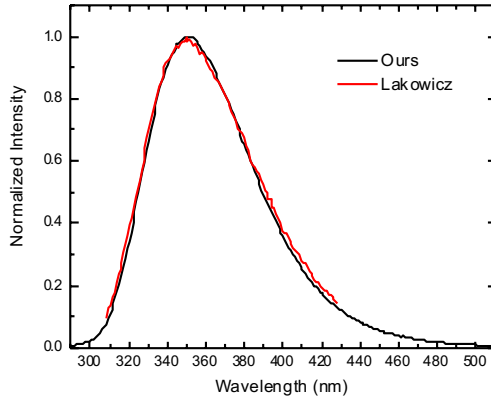
Jablonski Diagram



Scheme 2. Jablonski Diagram demonstrating possible deactivation pathways of a photosensitizer including photosensitized reactions.

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Research Design and Methodology



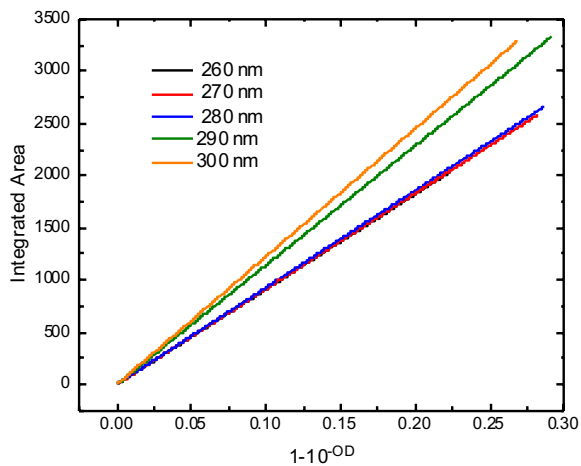
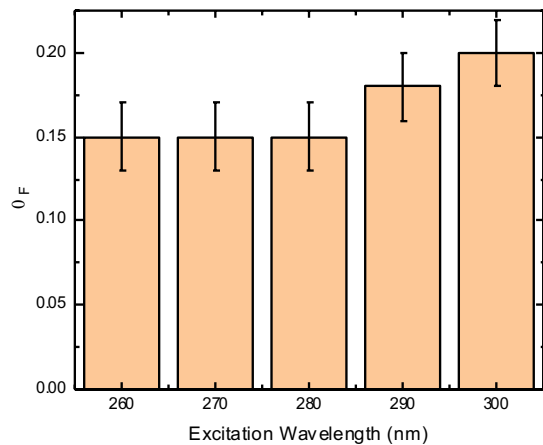
$$\Phi_{F_{sample}} = \Phi_{F_{standard}} \left(\frac{m_{sample}}{m_{standard}} \right) \left(\frac{\eta_{sample}}{\eta_{standard}} \right)^2$$

- Excitation wavelength dependence?
 - Range: 260-300 nm
- Dependence on ionic strength of the phosphate buffer?
 - 5-100 mM

Lakowicz, J. R. (Ed.). (2013). Principles of fluorescence spectroscopy. Springer science & business media.

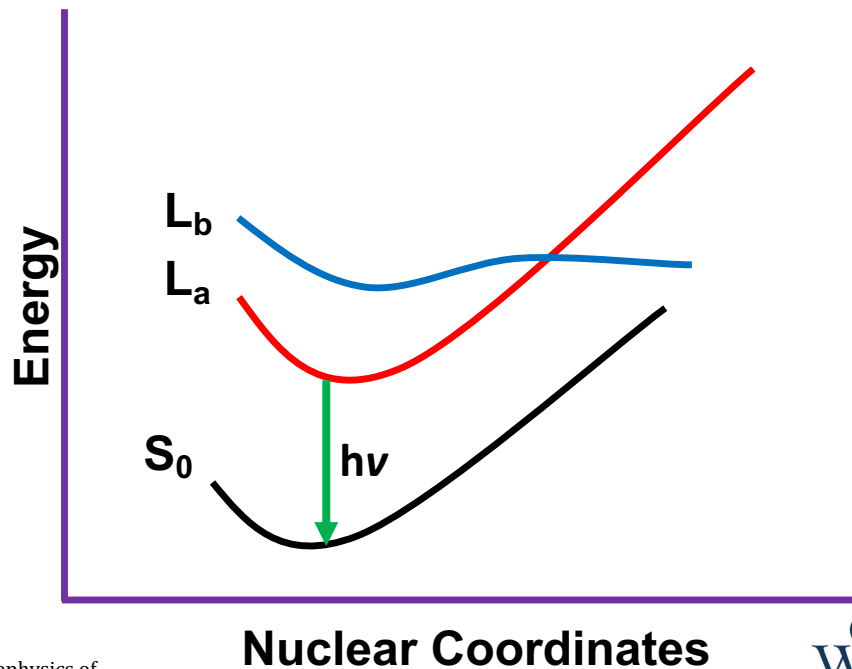
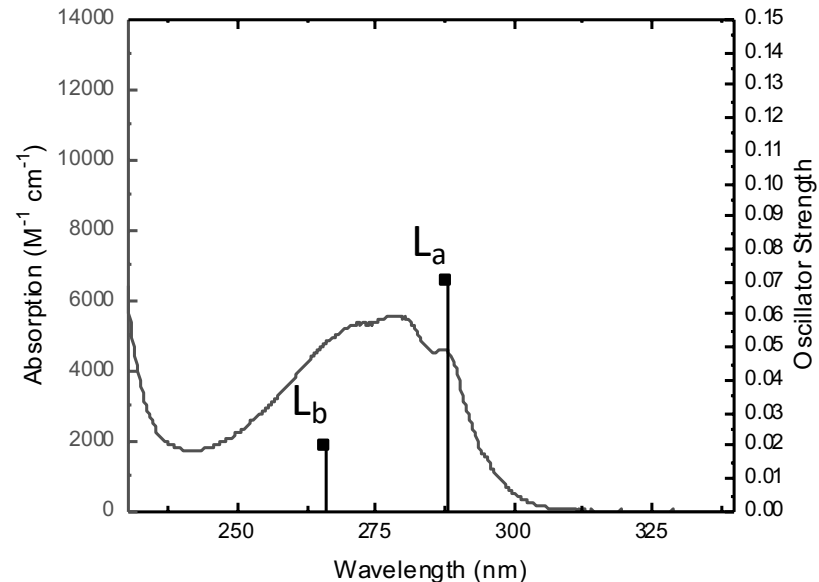
Suzuki, K., Kobayashi, A., Kaneko, S., Takehira, K., Yoshihara, T., Ishida, H., ... & Tobita, S. (2009). Reevaluation of absolute luminescence quantum yields of standard solutions using a spectrometer with an integrating sphere and a back-thinned CCD detector. Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics, 11(42), 9850-9860.

Results



Buffer Concentration (mM)	260 nm				
5	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.18 ± 0.02	0.20 ± 0.02
16	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.18 ± 0.02	0.20 ± 0.02
25	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.18 ± 0.02	0.20 ± 0.02
50	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.02	0.18 ± 0.03	0.20 ± 0.03
100	0.15 ± 0.03	0.15 ± 0.02	0.15 ± 0.03	0.18 ± 0.03	0.20 ± 0.03

Proposed Mechanism for the Wavelength Dependence of the Φ_F



Sobolewski, A. L., Shemesh, D., & Domcke, W. (2009). Computational studies of the photophysics of neutral and zwitterionic amino acids in an aqueous environment: tyrosine-(H₂O)₂ and tryptophan-(H₂O)₂ clusters. *The Journal of Physical Chemistry A*, 113(3), 542-550.

Conclusion

- We demonstrated that the Φ_F of Trp is excitation wavelength dependent. However, it is independent of the ionic strength of the buffered solution in a salt concentration range of 5-100 mM.

Acknowledgements

