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Rees, Stephen Edward; Dey, N.; Lodahl, D. C.; Ciubotariu, A.; Pilypaite, Jurgita ; Winding, R. R.; Karbing, Dan Stieper

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POSTER PRESENTATION

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# Prospective evaluation of a decision support system providing advice on ventilator settings of: inspiratory oxygen, delivered pressure or volume and frequency

SE Rees<sup>1\*</sup>, N Dey<sup>2</sup>, DC Lodahl<sup>3</sup>, A Ciubotariu<sup>4</sup>, J Pilypaite<sup>5</sup>, RR Winding<sup>2</sup>, DS Karbing<sup>1</sup>

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## Introduction

Selecting, and adapting, appropriate settings of mechanical ventilation can be seen as difficult and time consuming. Clinical guidelines have been shown to be helpful, but do not provide advice that is tuned to the individual patient. The Beacon Caresystem (Mermaid Care, Denmark) is a commercial version of a previously published [1] physiological-model based system for advising on mechanical ventilation. Mathematical models are tuned to patient specific measurements, and as such advice is for the individual patient. Beacon 3 provides advice for control and support modes of ventilation, with advice given on: inspiratory oxygen; inspiratory pressure or tidal volume; and, in control modes, respiratory frequency.

## Objectives

This study investigates the changes in oxygenation, ventilation and acid-base status in patients where the system is used for a maximum of 8 hours.

## Methods

Patients have been recruited from non-cardiac intensive care units at four hospitals in Denmark. Informed consent and ethical approval was obtained in all cases. A mix of patients have been recruited ranging from those classified as mild to moderate ARDS, to those during weaning. The study plans inclusion of 60 patients, with 25 included to date. All p-values are calculated using paired t-test.

## Results

Fifteen patients were in pressure support and 10 in volume control modes. Advice was provided an average of 4 times for each patient. Average values of ventilation, oxygenation and acid-base status across all patients at the start and end of using the system were as follows. Inspired oxygen did not change with a small, insignificant, reduction in FI<sub>O2</sub> from  $38.2 \pm 7.0\%$  to  $36.4 \pm 8.6$  ( $p = 0.18$ ). A small reduction in arterial oxygen partial pressure (from  $12.1 \pm 2.4$  kPa to  $10.9 \pm 2.2$  kPa,  $p = 0.06$ ) and saturation ( $97.2 \pm 1.5$  to  $95.9 \pm 1.4$ ,  $p < 0.01$ ) was seen. Ventilation was on average reduced, with tidal volumes falling from  $586 \pm 201$  ml to  $536 \pm 166$  ml ( $p = 0.06$ ), and little change in average respiratory frequency (from  $20.0 \pm 9.3$  breaths/min to  $20.7 \pm 8.5$  breaths/min,  $p > 0.5$ ). The reduction in ventilation induced a decrease in average plateau pressure (from  $20.5 \pm 6.1$  cmH<sub>2</sub>O to  $17.3 \pm 5.2$  cmH<sub>2</sub>O,  $p < 0.01$ ), and modified acid base status only slightly (pH from  $7.428 \pm 0.044$  to  $7.402 \pm 0.041$ ,  $p < 0.05$ ; PaCO<sub>2</sub> from  $5.3 \pm 1.0$  kPa to  $5.7 \pm 0.6$  kPa,  $p < 0.05$ ; FETCO<sub>2</sub> from  $4.5 \pm 0.8\%$  to  $4.8 \pm 0.7\%$ ,  $p = 0.06$ ).

## Conclusions

These initial results indicate that the Beacon Caresystem provides advice which is rational and tailored to the individual patient's physiology, lowering ventilation without adversely affecting acid-base status or oxygenation.

<sup>1</sup>Aalborg University, Health Science and Technology, Aalborg, Denmark  
Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

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## Authors' details

<sup>1</sup>Aalborg University, Health Science and Technology, Aalborg, Denmark.

<sup>2</sup>Herning Hospital, Herning, Denmark. <sup>3</sup>Holsterbro Hospital, Holsterbro, Denmark. <sup>4</sup>Hjørring Hospital, Hjørring, Denmark. <sup>5</sup>Aalborg University Hospital, Aalborg, Denmark.

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