### **Boise State University**

# **ScholarWorks**

Materials Science and Engineering Faculty Publications and Presentations

Micron School for Materials Science and Engineering

3-2024

# Corrigendum to "Comparing Structure-Property Evolution for PM-HIP and Forged Alloy 625 Irradiated with Neutrons to 1dpa" [Mater. Sci. Eng. A (2022) 144058]

Caleb Clement Purdue University

Sowmya Panuganti Purdue University

Patrick H. Warren *Purdue University* 

Yangyang Zhao Purdue University

Yu Lu Boise State University

See next page for additional authors

#### **Publication Information**

Clement, Caleb; Panuganti, Sowmya; Warren, Patrick H.; Zhao, Yangyang; Lu, Yu; Wheeler, Katelyn; Frazer, David; Guillen, Donna P.; Gandy, David W.; and Wharry, Janelle P. (2024). "Corrigendum to "Comparing Structure-Property Evolution for PM-HIP and Forged Alloy 625 Irradiated with Neutrons to 1dpa" [Mater. Sci. Eng. A (2022) 144058]". *Materials Science and Engineering: A, 894*, 146202. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2024.146202

See http://scholarworks.boisestate.edu/mse\_facpubs/526 for article.

## Authors

Caleb Clement, Sowmya Panuganti, Patrick H. Warren, Yangyang Zhao, Yu Lu, Katelyn Wheeler, David Frazer, Donna P. Guillen, David W. Gandy, and Janelle P. Wharry

This corrigendum is available at ScholarWorks: https://scholarworks.boisestate.edu/mse\_facpubs/595

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



# Materials Science & Engineering A



journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/msea

# Corrigendum to "Comparing structure-property evolution for PM-HIP and forged alloy 625 irradiated with neutrons to 1dpa" [Mater. Sci. Eng. A (2022) 144058]



Caleb Clement<sup>a,\*</sup>, Sowmya Panuganti<sup>a</sup>, Patrick H. Warren<sup>a</sup>, Yangyang Zhao<sup>a</sup>, Yu Lu<sup>b</sup>, Katelyn Wheeler<sup>c</sup>, David Frazer<sup>c</sup>, Donna P. Guillen<sup>c</sup>, David W. Gandy<sup>d</sup>, Janelle P. Wharry<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> School of Materials Engineering, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN, USA

<sup>b</sup> Boise State University/ Center for Advanced Energy Studies, Idaho Falls, ID, USA

<sup>c</sup> Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho Falls, ID, USA

<sup>d</sup> Electric Power Research Institute, Charlotte, NC, USA

The authors regret that after publication, they discovered that the dislocation loop number density was undercounted by a factor of 100 for both the PM-HIP and forged specimens. While this does not change the original major conclusions, this necessitates a change in the results presentation (Sections 3.2 and 4.1) and calculated hardening (Table 3, Fig. 5). Corrections to these affected sections are provided in this corrigendum.

#### Section 3.2

The dislocation loop number densities stated in the text should be  ${\sim}1.4\times10^{22}$  and  ${\sim}1.1\times10^{22}\,m^{-3}$  for the PM-HIP and forged specimens, respectively.

#### Section 4.1

The corrected higher dislocation loop number densities affect the calculated irradiation hardening using the Orowan dispersed barrier hardening (DBH) model. Using a single strength factor for dislocation loops ( $\alpha = 0.3$ ), rather than a size-dependent  $\alpha$  value, the fractional hardening contribution from dislocation loops increases compared to that reported in the original manuscript. Now, loops and cavities both have nearly equivalent fractional contributions to total hardening, as shown in the revised versions of Table 3 and Fig. 5. Nevertheless, the key conclusion still stands: that the higher cavity population explains the greater hardening and reduction in elongation of the forged materials compared to the PM-HIP materials.

DOI of original article: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2022.144058.

\* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: clemen45@purdue.edu (C. Clement).

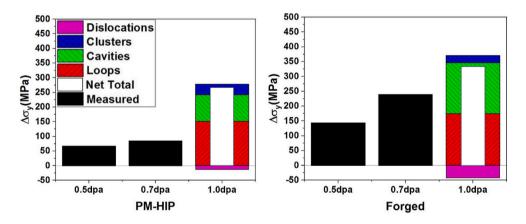
https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2024.146202

Available online 10 February 2024

0921-5093/© 2024 The Author(s). Published by Elsevier B.V. This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/).

#### Revised Table 3

Specimen	Feature	Measurement	As-Received (from ref. [32])		Irradiated (~1 dpa)	
			Value	Sink Strength [10 <sup>14</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> ]	Value	Expected hardening [MPa]
РМ-НІР	Grains	Diameter [10 <sup>-6</sup> m]	$6.9\pm 10$	0.005	n/a	n/a
	Loops	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	-		$4.8\pm0.21$	$152\pm2.0$
		No. density [10 <sup>22</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	-	$1.41\pm0.04$	
	Cavities	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	-	-	$2.4\pm0.20$	$90.3\pm5.1$
		No. density [10 <sup>20</sup> m <sup>-3</sup> ]	-	-	$8.96 \pm 3.15$	
	Si clusters	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	-	-	$5.77\pm0.19$	$36.3\pm3.3$
		No. density $[10^{22} \text{ m}^{-2}]$	_	_	$6.69 \pm 1.68$	
	Lines	Density [10 <sup>13</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> ]	$1.6\pm0.3$	0.2	$1.37\pm0.26$	$-$ 14.0 $\pm$ 3.9
	Total	_	-	-	-	$264\pm15$
Forged	Grains	Diameter [10 <sup>-6</sup> m]	$9.0\pm 8.2$	0.003	n/a	n/a
	Loops	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	-	-	$8.1\pm0.24$	$174\pm3.0$
	-	No. density [10 <sup>22</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	-	$1.10\pm0.02$	
	Cavities	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	-	-	$2.2\pm0.12$	$172\pm2.8$
		No. density [10 <sup>20</sup> m <sup>-3</sup> ]	-	-	$37.6\pm15.4$	
	Si clusters	Diameter [10 <sup>-9</sup> m]	_	_	$3.56\pm0.27$	$24.8\pm3.0$
		No. density [10 <sup>22</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	-	$4.97\pm0.95$	
	Lines	Density [1013 m <sup>-2</sup> ]	$8.5\pm1.3$	1.22	$6.28 \pm 1.68$	$-\ 43.5\pm3.8$
	Total	_	_	_	_	$327\pm13$





The authors would like to apologise for any inconvenience caused.