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NDEF NORDIC DATAGRID FACILITY

ATLAS DDM Integration in ARC

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The Nordic Data Grid Facility (NDGF) consists of Grid resources running ARC middleware in Scandinavia and other countries. These resources serve many virtual organisations and contribute a large fraction of total worldwide resources for the ATLAS experiment, whose data is distributed and managed by the DQ2 software. Managing ATLAS data within NDGF and data distribution between NDGF and other Grids used by ATLAS (the LHC Computing Grid and



the Open Science Grid) presents a unique challenge for several reasons. Firstly, the entry point for data, the Tier 1 centre, is physically distributed among heterogeneous resources in several countries and yet must present a single access point for all data stored within the centre. The middleware framework used in NDGF differs significantly from other Grids, specifically in the way that all data movement and registration is performed by services outside the worker node environment. Also, the service used for cataloging the location of data files is different from other Grids but must still be useable by DQ2 and ATLAS users to locate data within NDGF. This poster presents in detail how we solve these issues to allow seamless access worldwide to data within NDGF.



The web service approach involves deploying a simple service which interfaces to RLS and can be queried by any HTTP client (eg curl). The web service queries RLS using SQL directly on the RLS DB tables, or using the Globus client tool. This tool gives good performance but requires setting up and maintaining an extra service.

The MySQL view approach involves creating a special database to expose the data in RLS in a way that looks like a MySQL LRC. These are the replica catalogs used in the Open Science Grid (OSG) in the USA with which DQ2 is already integrated. This MySQL view has the advantage of being easy to set up and requiring no additional resources, however it does not give optimal performance, especially with bulk queries.

After successful completion, the data is uploaded to the Tier 1 storage by ARC. Dulcinea registers attributes required by DQ2 (eg GUID and MD5 checksum) in the RLS and registers the new output files in DQ2.