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Assessing seasonality in count data - illustrated by incidence of acute myocardial infarction

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Introduction

Aim: To use state space models to quantify the dynamic aspects of seasonal variation in count data.

In an epidemiological study of incidence of a disease, interest may be in determining the seasonal pattern and a smooth trend. The purpose of these studies can be to describe the seasonality and trend itself, or study the possible relation between the incidence rate and a range of explanatory variables, controlling for time trends and seasonality.

Daily incidences from 1983 to 1999 of 17989 patients with first-time AMI in North Jutland, Denmark (approx. 500.000 inhabitants)

Are changes in incidence rates associated with seasonality of the disease?

References

Dethlefsen, Lundbye-Christensen (2006). Formulating state space models in R with focus on longitudinal regression models. J. Stat. Soft.

Fisher, Lundbye-Christensen, Johnsen, Schønheyder, Sørensen (2004). Secular trends and seasonality in first-time hospitalization for acute myocardial infarction. Int. J. Card.



Figure 1. Annual incidence rate per 100,000 of the first-time hospitalization of acute myocardial infarction in the county of North Jutland, Denmark between 1980 and 2000. The solid line indicate empirical rates and the broken line indicate age-standardized rates adjusted to the county population 1983.

Model $y_t \sim \mathsf{Po}(\eta_t)$ $\log \eta_t = \text{trend}_t + \text{harmonic}_t$



Results

Annual average decline and 95% confidence intervals (CI) of the incidence rates for the first-time hospitalization of acute myocardial infarction age-standardized (population 1983) and stratified by gender and age in the county of North Jutland, Denmark between 1983 and 1999

Group

Overall Men Women 0-59 years 60-69 years 70-79 years 80+ years Age-standardized 1983 populati



of North Jutland, Denmark

For results from dynamic model, see

The package sspir is available from CRAN cran. r-project.org, see the poster "Formulating Longitudinal Regression Models in R"

Discussion Estimation of variances is yet to be implemented. Test for dynamic component against static component

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Average decline (%)		95% CI
ion	3.2 3.7 2.3 3.0 4.1 3.6 2.8 3.1	2.9 3.5 3.3 4.0 1.8 2.8 2.4 3.6 3.5 4.6 3.1 4.1 2.1 3.5 2.6 3.7

Figure 2. Overall seasonal variation of men and women with first-time hospitalization of acute myocardial infarction in the county