Charting your Chat: Fostering Employee Engagement with Internal Communication



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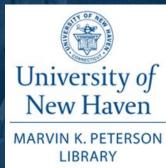
UConn Library

- → Approximately 80 staff
- → Supporting 8 library locations
- → Significant staff turnover and loss of institutional knowledge
- → Working and collaborating virtually

UCONN LIBRARY

UNH Library

- → 11 staff members
- → Supporting appx 9,000 students and 250 faculty
- → All working onsite
- → Significant cultural changes after departure of long time director





What is Internal Communication?

"A tool, technique, medium or set of activities for the **dissemination of the company's own messages** to an internal public in order to foster an environment of greater efficiency, greater productivity, through motivation, generation and maintenance of the relationships between the participants and the search for **participation, commitment and integration of values.**"

Sánchez, M., & Villoro Armengol, J. (2021). The Implementation of New Technologies in Internal Communication: A Study of the Main Platforms and Applications. Journal of Promotion Management, 27(6), 788–811. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/10496491.2021.1888178</u>

"If employee engagement is the destination, internal communications is the journey."

IC Thrive, 2022

The Data

Available





ClimateQUAL

Staff Self-Assessment

perceptions concerning library's commitment to the principles of diversity, policies and procedures, and staff attitudes Productivity, engagement, collaboration, work relationships

Targeted



Culture of Communication

> Mapping channels, targeted Slack feedback

69

Practices & Perceptions

Information flow, types of communication, building community



Survey Development Practices & Perceptions

 \rightarrow How does our communication impact individual engagement (perceptions)

- Open dialogue on work-related matters
- Connection to goals and vision
- Positive or negative connection
- \rightarrow Communication challenges
- \rightarrow Practices we should adopt



Survey Development

→ Segmented questions in three focus areas (practices, and perceptions)

- Strategy and vision
- Policies and procedures
- Daily work

 \rightarrow Positive, neutral, or negative ratings

- Accuracy
- ♦ Clarity
- Delivery (from who you expect)
- Mode (channel you expect)
- Relevancy
- Timlineness
- ♦ Tone

When thinking about communication from library leadership regarding strategy and vision for the organization, think about the following elements of the communication and place them in the categories (Positive, Neutral, Negative) that you most often experience them.

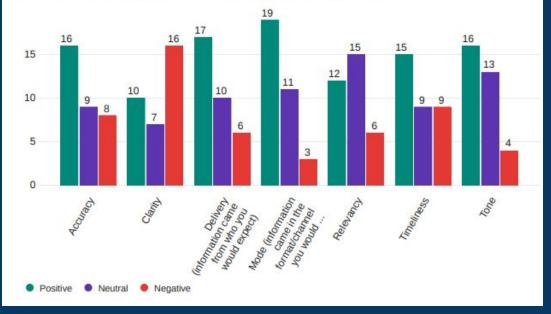
Items Accuracy	Positive
Clarity	
Delivery (information came from who you would expect)	
Mode (information came in the format/channel you would expect)	
Relevancy Neutral Neutral	Neutral
Tone	
	Negative



Strategy/Vision

- Mode, delivery, accuracy, tone - generally positive
- → Clarity generally negative
- Neutrals communication is
 subjective

Q3 - Communication regarding strategy and vision





Why Now?

- → Remote and hybrid work environments identified/amplified existing weaknesses and created new expected ways of working
- Need to find tools that shift from one-way communication to those that add more conversational opportunities
- Multidirectional communication with interaction and participation at all levels engages employees, which in turn encourages feelings of belonging necessary in today's environment

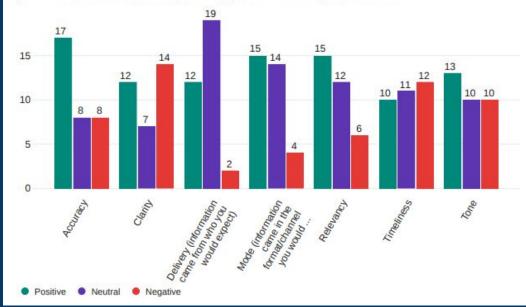
How do we focus our efforts to fix it?



Policies/Procedures

- Accuracy and mode continued to be positive, as well as relevancy compared to strategy and vision.
- Clarity still generally negative but now includes tone and timeliness
- Different expectations
 between strategy/vision
 & policies/procedures

Q4 - Communication regarding policies and procedures

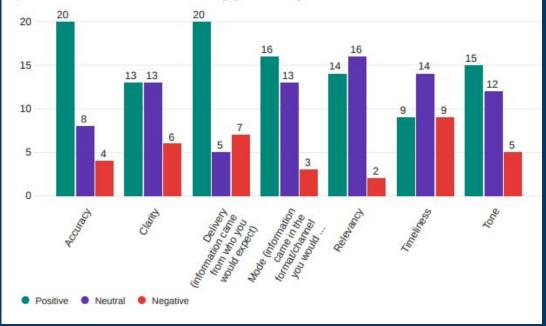




Daily Work

- Generally positive, with accuracy and delivery having the most positive responses.
- Timeliness and relevancy had a majority of neutral responses with an even mix of respondents listing this as a positive and a negative aspect of communication within the organization.

Q5 - Communication affecting your daily work



 \rightarrow

What have we found?

Psychological Safety

- → 88% feel comfortable communicating with their supervisor; 66% with fellow staff
 - 40% did not feel comfortable communicating with senior leadership, followed by 36% with maybe/it depends

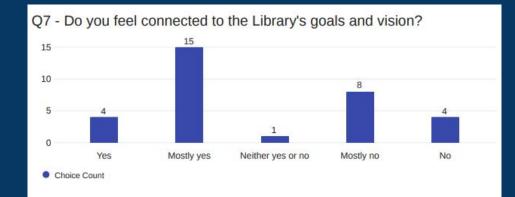
Q6 - Do you feel you can communication openly on work-related matters?





Engagement

- \rightarrow 59% yes / mostly yes
- → 38% no / mostly no



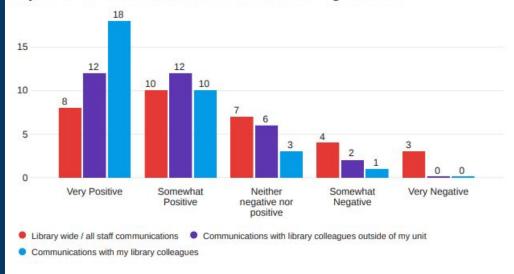


Engagement

- Communications with colleagues have a positive impact on commitment to the organization.
- → Impact of library wide/ all staff communications were more dispersed across categories

What have we found?

Q8 - What impact would you say particular communications usually have on your level and commitment to the broader organization?





Challenges Observed

- \rightarrow platform proliferation and too many mechanisms for communication
- → hierarchy and "one-way" communication
- \rightarrow lack of transparency
- → siloing of information
- \rightarrow concerns about who is consulted or involved in decision making
- lack of awareness of who to contact or work with (perhaps indicative of how many new people have joined the organization)
- \rightarrow feeling overwhelmed trying to keep up with information or the pace of work
- \rightarrow frustrations over lack of response or lack of timely response from colleagues



Communication Barriers

- → Lack of trust
- → Hierarchical structures and feelings of disconnect
- → Burnout and disengagement
- \rightarrow Too many modes of communication



Perceptions

- \rightarrow Communication is often used as a scapegoat for other issues
- \rightarrow Definition of "bad communication" means different things to different people
- \rightarrow Staff can be highly critical but vague

Practices

- \rightarrow Satisfaction with unit/team level communication
- \rightarrow Dissatisfaction with library-wide communication and strategic insight
- \rightarrow Dissatisfaction with one-way communication
- \rightarrow Able to maintain relationships but not build new



Takeaways

- → No one communication style will work for all staff, some prefer informal, others formal
- \rightarrow Staff expectations vary across types of communications
- → While you might not be able to "over communicate" about some issues, too many platforms or channels for communication will have a negative impact
- Internal communication plans should include mechanisms for feedback and dialogue, think telephone not megaphone
- \rightarrow Communication needs to have depth, breadth, and context
- Provide opportunities for real dialogue and interaction where there is mutual respect and trust is essential for effective and productive internal communication.

Best Practices

- \rightarrow Be clear, consistent, relevant, timely
- \rightarrow Match your tone to audience and format
- → Deliver in a manner/mode that meets staff expectations
- \rightarrow Utilize multiple platforms to reach all employees and supports user preferences
- → Create two-way channels to allow for feedback and conversation
- \rightarrow Employ multiple messages prior to change to help with preparedness
- Scaffold messages strategically bold words, bullet points, links to engage at their level of interest
- \rightarrow Confidentiality may hinder full disclosure, be as transparent as possible

How has this informed our next steps

UConn Library

- → Focus on adding clarity, particularly in strategic messages
- → Work with the Senior Leadership Team to find ways to engage them in conversation and decision making processes
- → Build on the engagement among colleagues by increasing communication among them
 - Communication Forums subject based forums / brown bags (eg. outreach events, writing for the web, Slack best practices, project updates, etc.)
 - Informal meet-ups



How has this informed our next steps

University of New Haven Library

- → Continued practice of regular weekly emails. Don't include just the "what" happened, but why, or what's next.
- → Building in two way communication and honoring feedback (even when critical or hard to hear)
- → Intentional communication and consensus building. Going slow and asking the right people.



Questions? Contacts



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