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### Microbial invasions in living soils

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#### PROPOSITIONS

#### Belonging to this thesis

# Microbial invasions in living soils: Mechanisms, consequences, and roles in ecosystem functions and services

- 1. Microbial invasion is an intrinsic process of microbial community assembly, which is influenced by the current assemblage mechanisms and shapes future assembly processes. (Chapters 1, 2, 3, and 7)
- 2. Revealing the indirect and cascading effects of microbial inoculants through changes in soil microbiomes is essential for sustainable agricultural management. (Chapters 2 and 4)
- 3. Microbial consortia perform better than single strains when introduced in natural soil to promote plant growth and pollution bioremediation. (Chapter 4)
- 4. The consequences of community-driven invasion are rooted in both ecological and evolutionary impacts on resident communities. (Chapters 5 and 6)
- 5. Introduced invaders can compete with residents, leading to a lose-lose situation where both invaders and residents are impacted by invasions, even if the size of invasive communities is small. (Chapters 5 and 6)
- 6. Competition-driven niche segregation exists within soil microbial communities. (Chapters 5 and 6)
- 7. An interaction-oriented mechanistic model can merge single-strain and community-driven invasions in soil. (Chapters 7 and 8)
- 8. "To see a world in a grain of sand and a heaven in a wild flower." (William Blake)
- 9. "Of Mountain Lu we cannot make out the true face, for we are lost in the heart of the very place." (Su Shi)

Xipeng Liu (刘曦鹏)