

# Performance of $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{MnO}_{3-\delta}$ Foams and -Granules in Thermochemical Oxygen Pumping

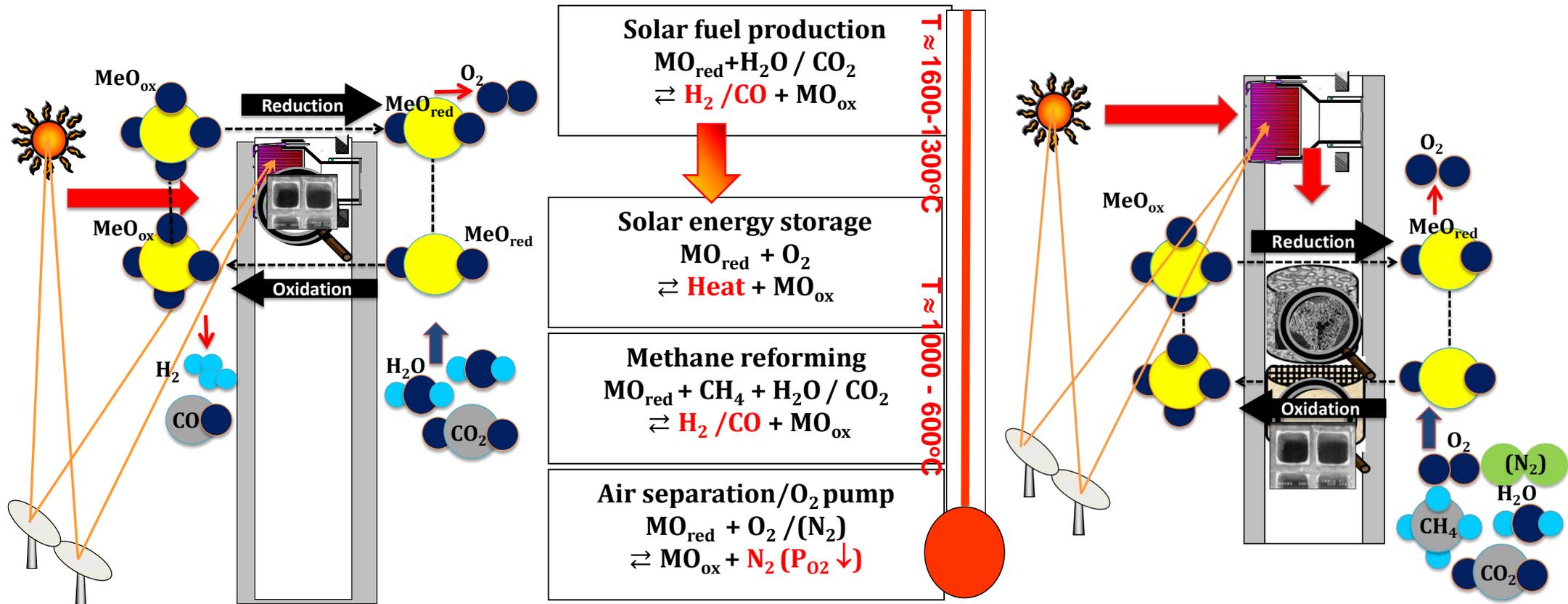
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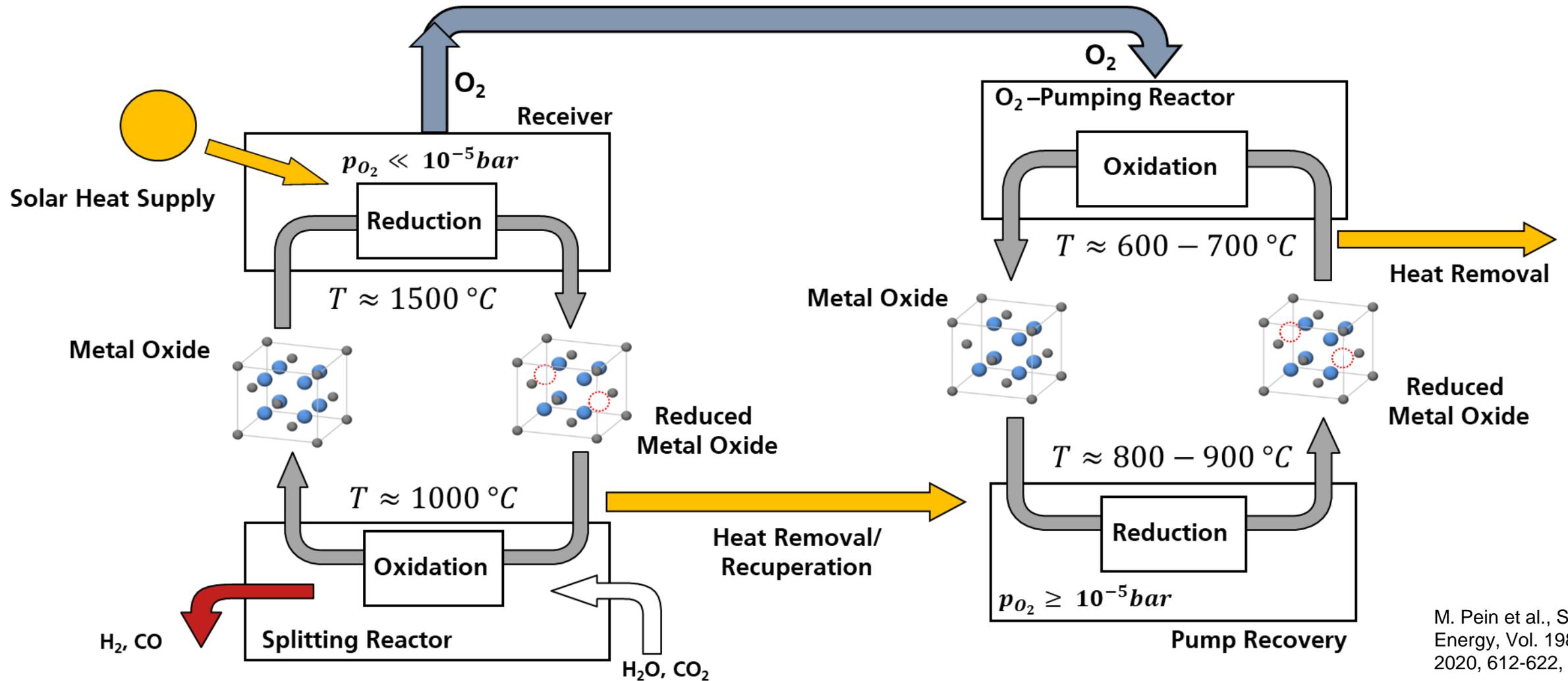


# Thermochemical Energy Conversion with Metal Oxides



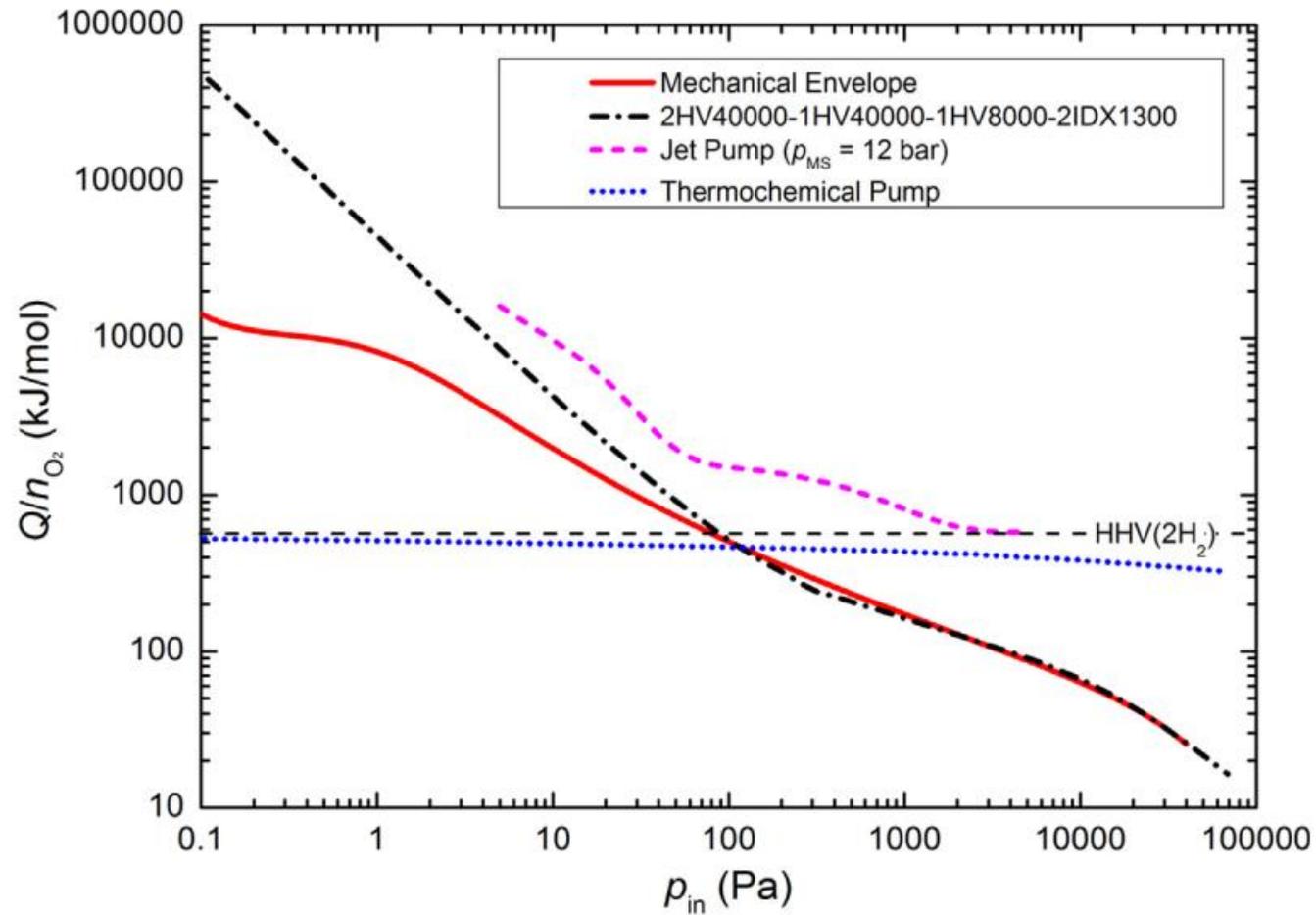
Based on: C. Agrafiotis et al., *J. Sol. Energy Eng.*, 2019, 141(2): 021010

# Principle of Thermochemical Oxygen Pumping in CSP



M. Pein et al., Solar Energy, Vol. 198, 2020, 612-622,

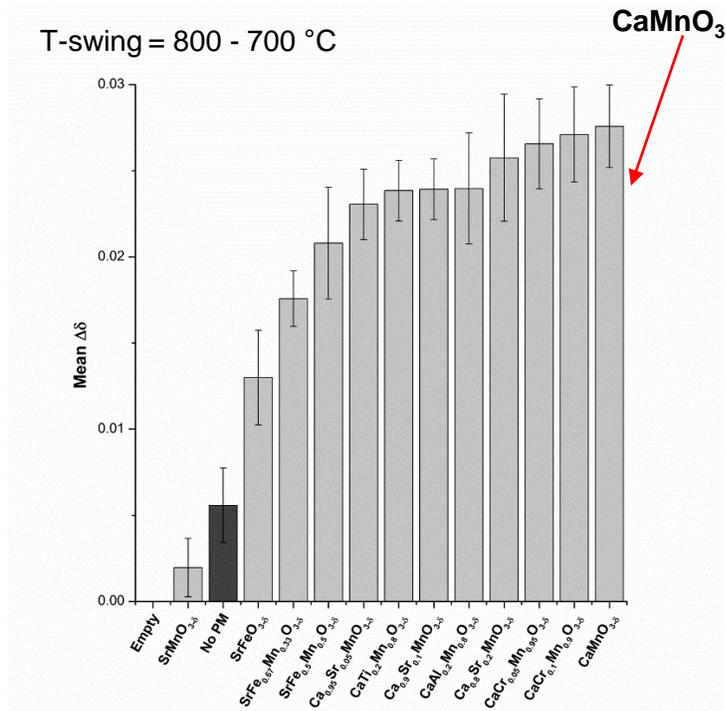
# TCOP vs. Mechanical Pumping



S. Brendelberger et al., Solar Energy, Volume 141, 2017, Pages 91-102

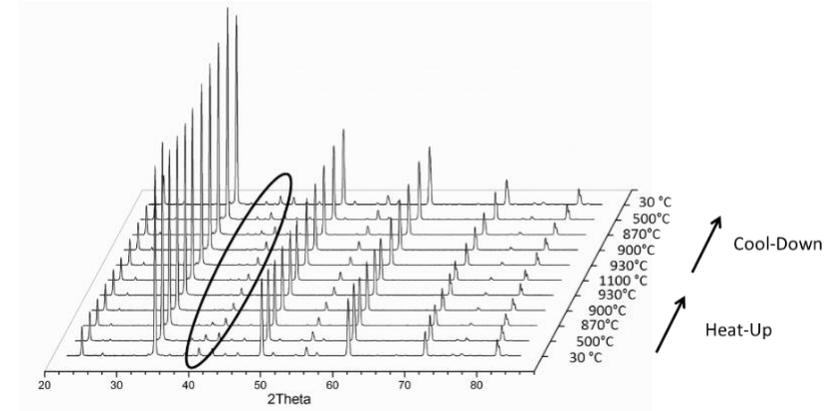
# Material Screening

- 14 compositions experimentally screened
- Powder samples
- $\text{CaMnO}_3$  performed best



M. Pein et al., Solar Energy, Vol. 198, 2020, Pages 612-622

## Phase transition at ~890°C

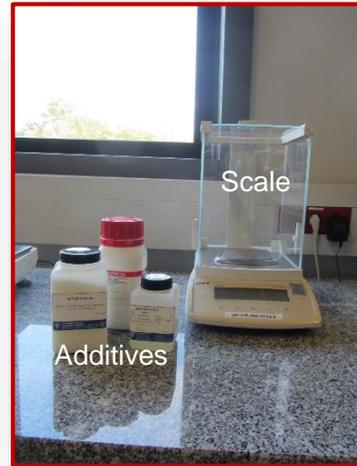


M. Pein et al., Adv. Energy Mater. 2022, 12, 2102882

- Large influence on thermal expansion
- 5% - 10% of Sr-doping for optimized expansion behavior

L. Klaas and M. Pein et al., Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys., 2022,24, 27976-27988

# RPC Fabrication Process : PU replica method



① Preparation of mixture



② Deflocculation



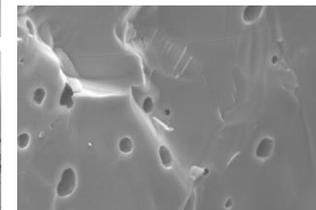
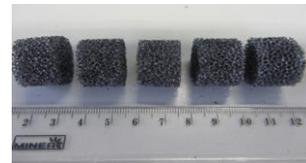
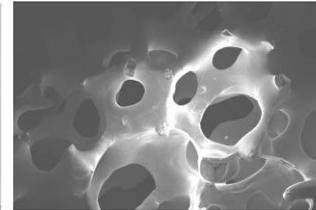
③ Coating & removal of excess slurry



④ De-binding & Sintering

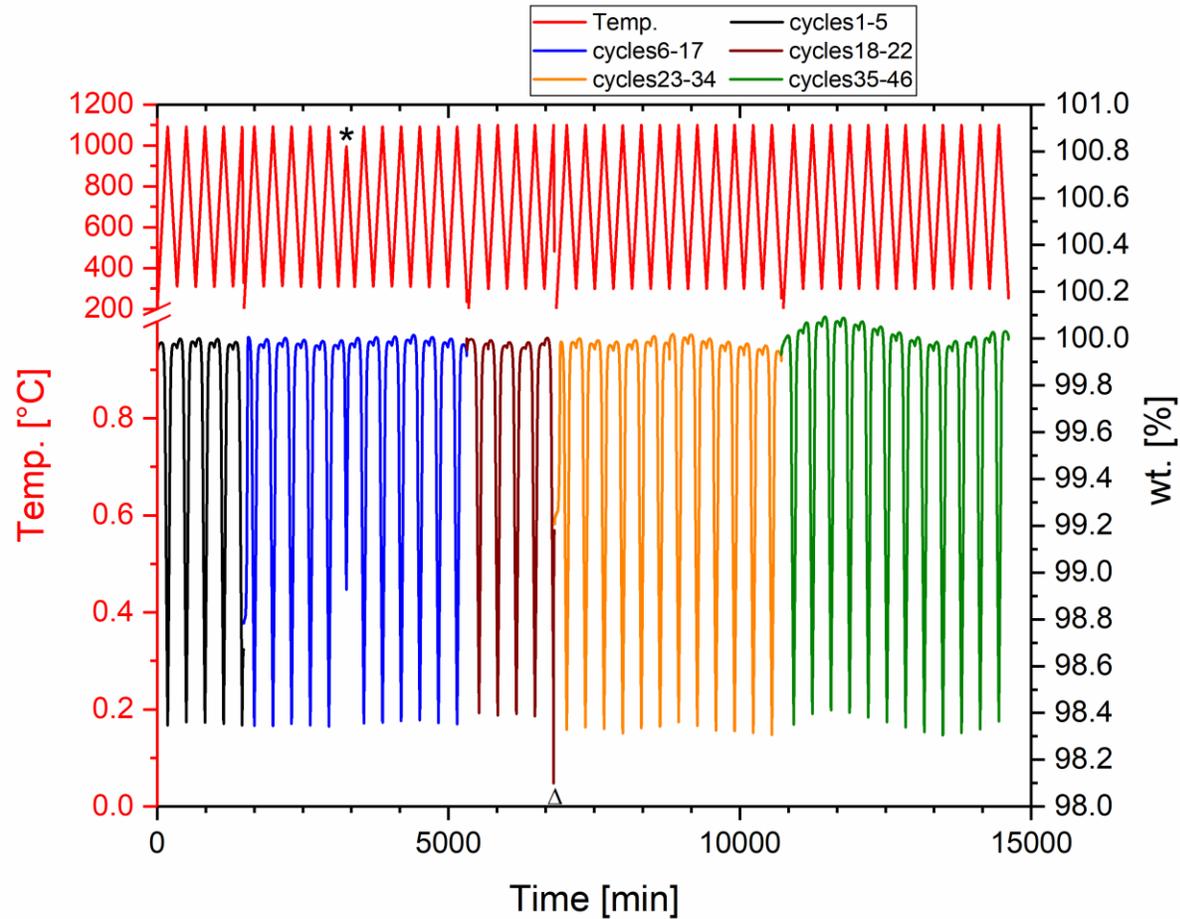
## $\text{CaMnO}_{3-\delta}$ RPCs

Single-stage sintering, 1350 °C, 3 h



- 30 ppi foams withstand a load of 1 bar
- Mechanically stable and easy to handle

# Cyclic stability of foam specimens – $\text{CaMnO}_3$



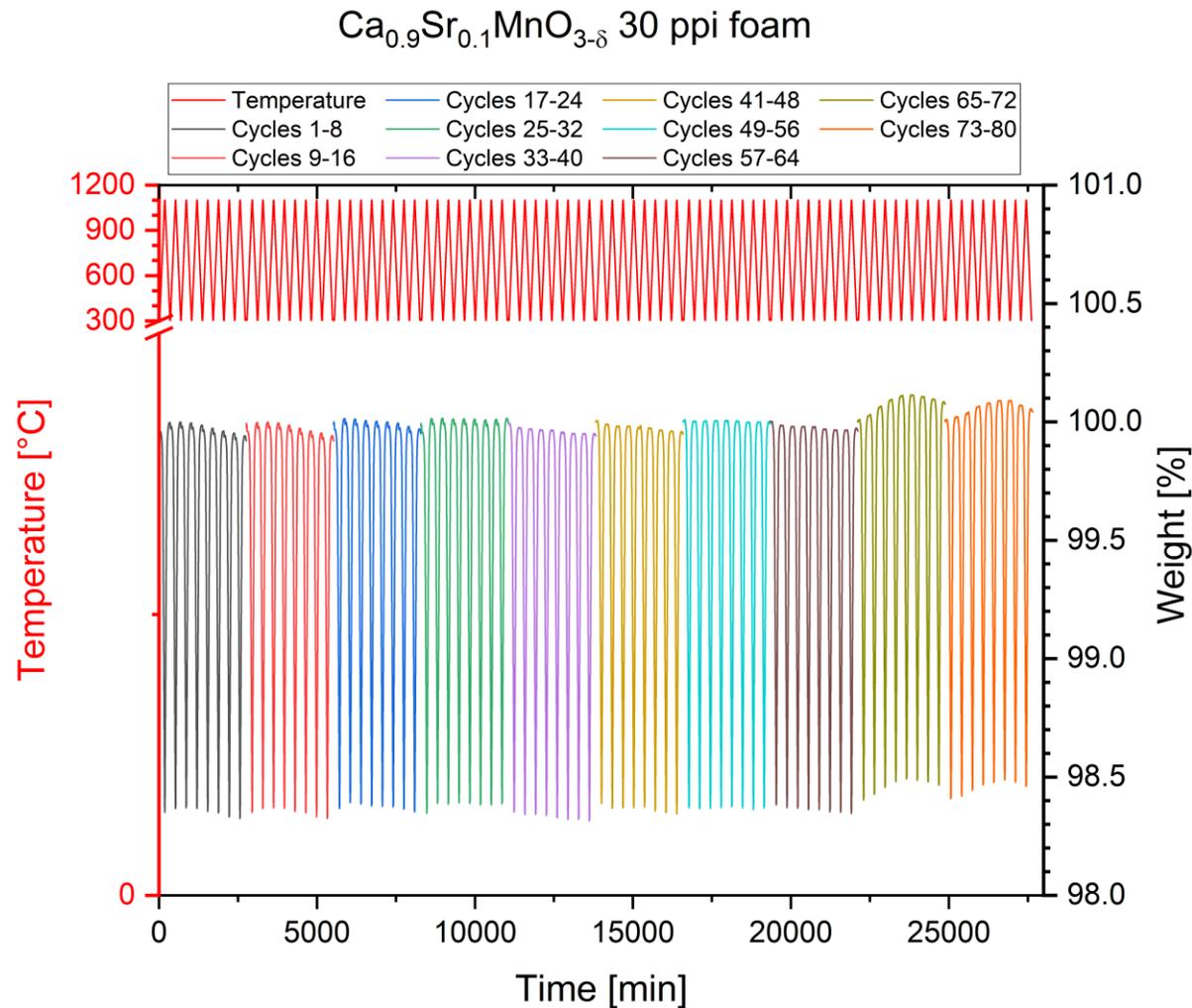
before

after

- Stable thermodynamics over 46 cycles 300-1100°C
- No deformation of the foam sample

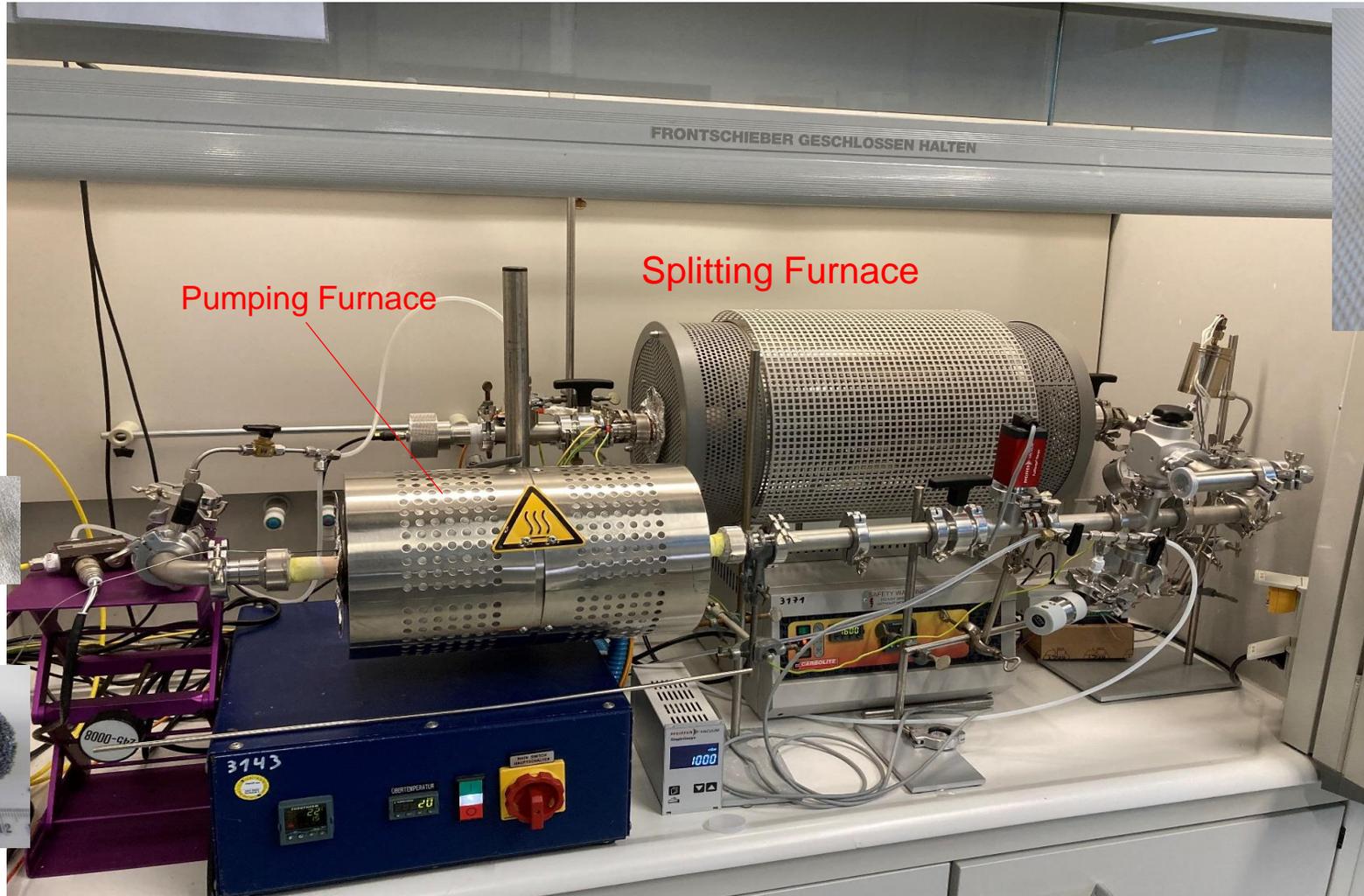
Pein et al. "Reticulated Porous Perovskite Structures for Thermochemical Solar Energy Storage", *Advanced Energy Materials* (2022), p. 2102882. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1002/aenm.202102882>.

# Cyclic stability of foam specimens – $\text{Ca}_{0.9}\text{Sr}_{0.1}\text{MnO}_3$



- Fully reversible reduction and oxidation over 80 cycles

# Oxygen Pumping Setup

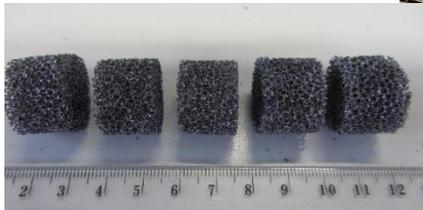


4.2g of pumping material

Granules ~1-5mm



Foams 30ppi

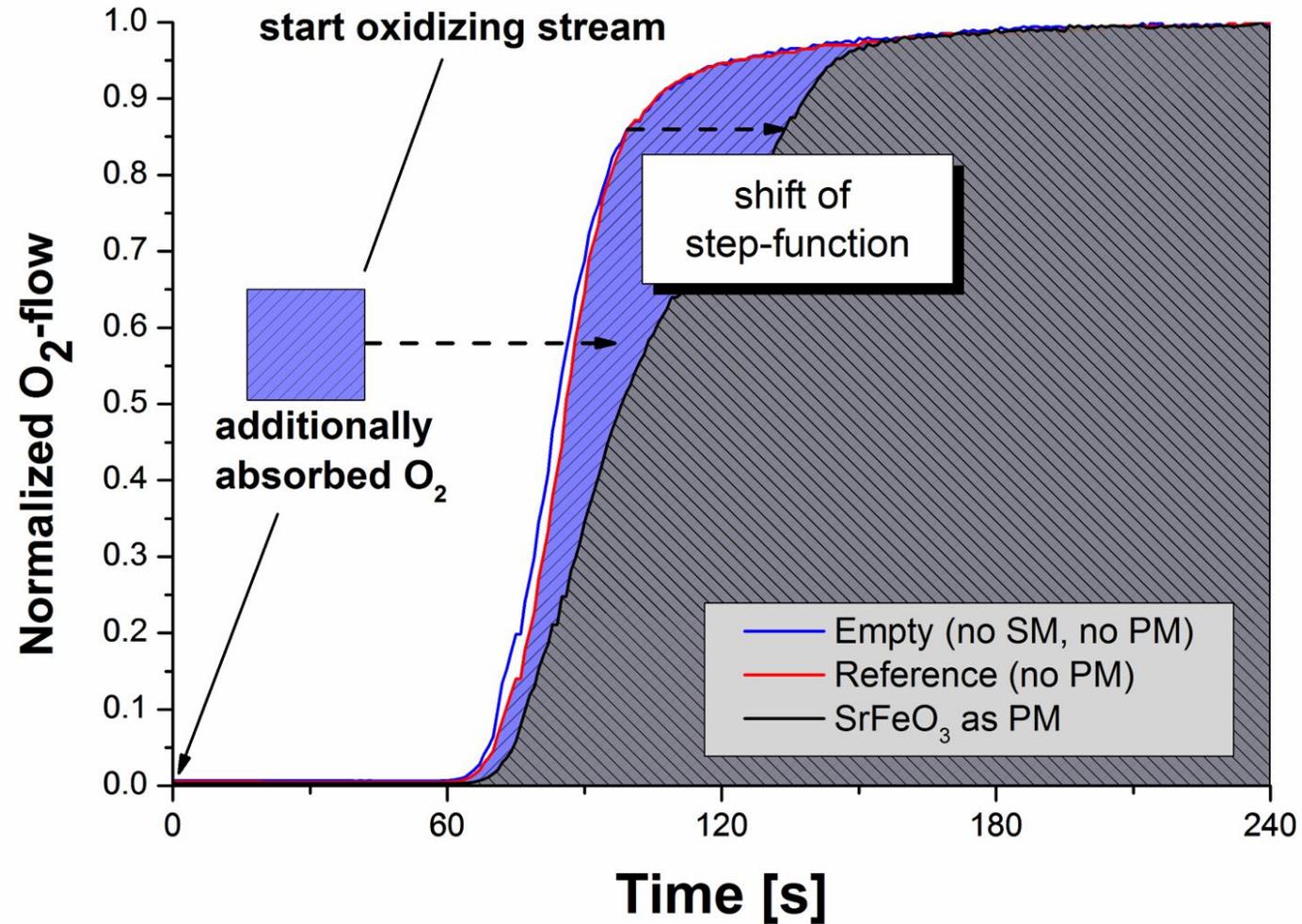


Ceria Particles (~200µm)



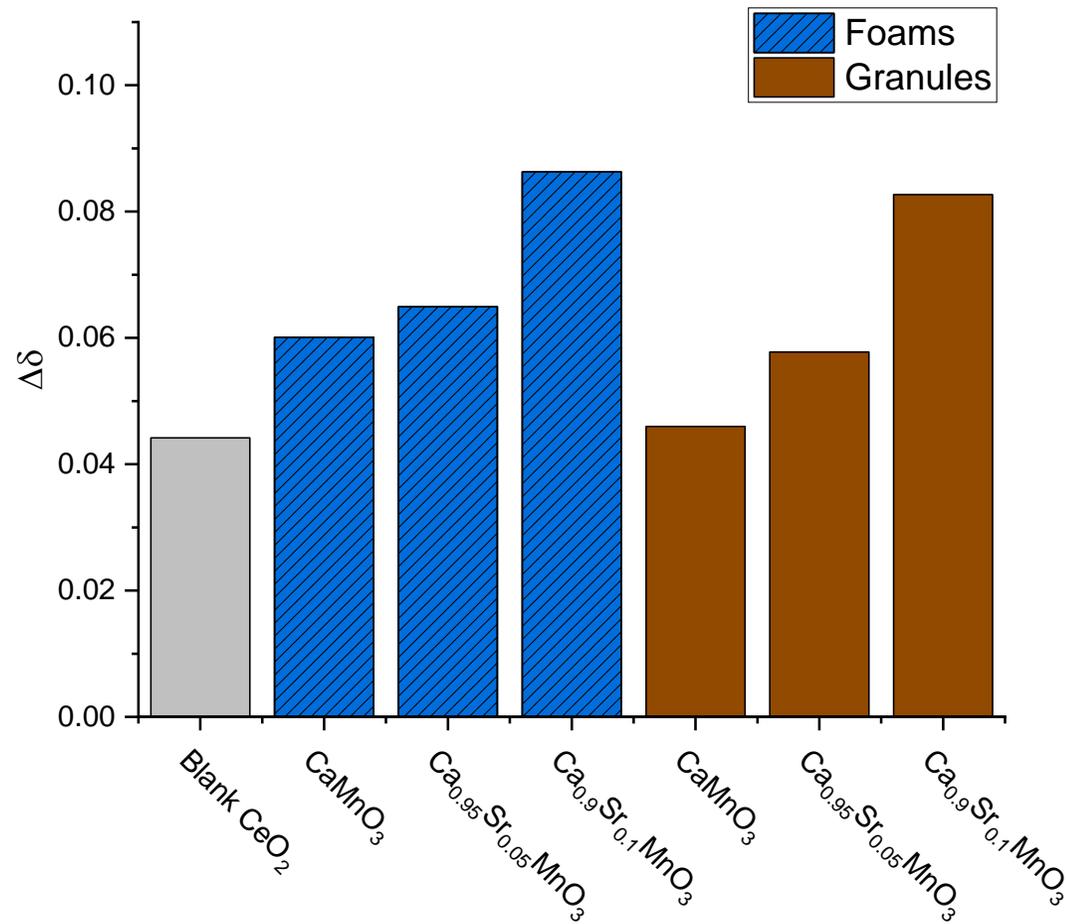
5g of splitting material

# Experimental Principle



# Results - Oxygen Pumping with Foams and Granules

## Seperate Temperature Swing



- Evacuated to  $10^{-2}$  mbar
- Temperature swing applied
  - 1<sup>st</sup>: Pumping 800 °C – 700 °C
  - 2<sup>nd</sup>: Splitting 1500 °C – 1000 °C
  - Time for equilibration ~ 30 min
  - Pumping reactor disconnected

- Average increase of  $\Delta\delta$  by 95% with Ca<sub>0.9</sub>Sr<sub>0.1</sub>MnO<sub>3</sub>
- Foams and granules of Ca<sub>0.9</sub>Sr<sub>0.1</sub>MnO<sub>3</sub> perform equally good
- For CaMnO<sub>3</sub> trend towards foam

# Conclusions and Takeaways



- TCOP with Perovskites is a valid option to increase STCH efficiency
- Possible implementation of waste heat recovery
- $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{MnO}_{3-\delta}$ -Foams and Granules are suitable for TCOP applications
- Small amounts of A-site Sr-substitution beneficial for structure stability and TCOP performance
  
- Perovskites have high potential also for other thermochemical cyclic processes
- Fabrication of rigid, stable and efficient 3D-structures remains to be crucial
  - RPC, 3D-printing, Extrusion

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- Dr. Asmaa Eltayeb
- Dr. Martin Roeb
- Prof. Dr. Christian Sattler

## Relevant publications:

- S. Brendelberger et al., *Solar Energy*, Volume 141, 2017, Pages 91-102
- M. Pein et al., *Solar Energy*, Vol. 198, 2020, 612-622
- M. Pein et al., *Adv. Energy Mater.* 2022, 12, 2102882
- L. Klaas and M. Pein et al., *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, 2022,24, 27976-27988

Thank you for your attention !

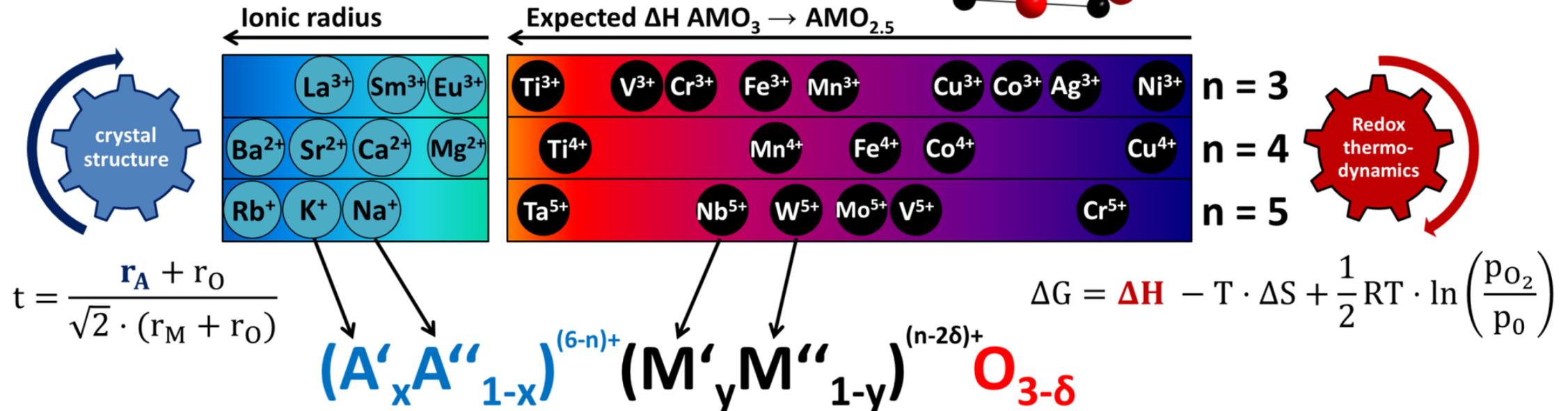
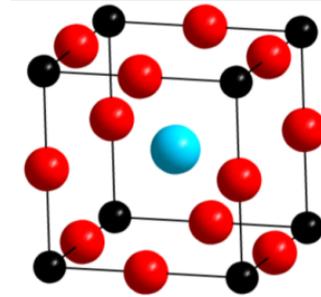
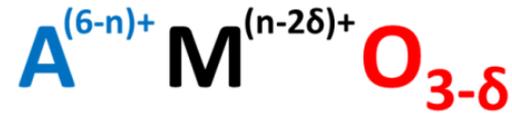
Questions ?



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# Perovskite Material Design

Perovskite / Brownmillerite  $\delta = 0 \dots 0.5$



Vieten et. al. Energy & Environmental Science, 2019. 12(4): p. 1369-1384