Untangling Stakeholder Dynamics in Circularity of the Built Environment

A Comics-Based Approach

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Abstract

Comics are a known method to visually link characters to context through time. This article explores the medium of comics to untangle stakeholder dynamics in the context of a complex theme such as circularity of the built environment.

Circularity of the built environment tailors concepts of circular economy to the field of construction and urban development. Relying mostly on optimization strategies, context-specific characteristics such as stakeholder agency and spatial preconditions are often disregarded as resources in the design of circularity projects. This results in one-size-fits all circularity instruments formalized in generic toolboxes. Circularity instruments should additionally engage with stakeholders, recognizing complexity and surfacing the resourcefulness of the territory. This comics series follows the researcher from analysis to design hypothesis, clarifying complexity at hand from the researcher perspective, including stakeholder agendas, spatial conditions, barriers and opportunities.

Part of an ongoing action-research project, the self-reflective comics show parts of a researcher's journey untangling circularity in the built environment in its multiple stakeholder dimensions. It includes data sourced from mixed method research, such as ethnographic fieldwork, semi-structured interviews, and archival research on two Flemish industry parks, Kortrijk-Noord and Leuven-Haasrode.

These comics function as a narrative assemblage method for critical analysis, bringing together different data sources, and rendering our research process on circularity contextual and visual. Additionally, the comic allows us to communicate, challenge, and begin to design with (hidden) stakeholder agency.

Keywords

circular economy; site-specific dynamics; comics as research method; socio-spatial research; stakeholder perspectives

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1 Introduction

The circular economy (CE) presents an alternative model to the linear take-make-dispose system, aiming to close material and energy loops, reduce waste, and promote resource reuse and recycling (Prieto-Sandoval et al., 2018). Given the construction industry's impact on resource depletion and waste production, circularity has emerged as a solution in recent urban and architecture debates on sustainability. Consequently, various material assessment methods and circularity policies have been developed across different levels of operations. However, while voices increasingly advocate for a paradigm shift towards systems thinking and valuing the complexity and resourcefulness of the territory (Marin and De Meulder, 2018, Marin and De Meulder, 2021), there remains an underrepresentation of spatial, social, and historical knowledge (Schröder et al., 2020, Urbinati et al., 2017). Most of the contributions to the circularity debate are induced by top-down actors such as governmental institutions, formulating one-size-fits-all circularity goals. This creates a gap between the world of abstraction, using generic circularity-driven principles, and the complex world of terrain experimentation by local actors (Verga, 2022).

The need to move beyond abstract circularity measures towards a more contextualized, spatial, and actor-specific approach emerged through case-study research on two Flemish industrial sites, Leuven-Haasrode and Kortrijk-Noord. This visual essay explores the use of comics as a tool not only to represent but also to comprehend the site-specific dynamics of circularity in the built environment, uncovering the design potential inherent in often hidden stakeholder agency. The primary objective of this comic is to experiment with narrative forms through textual and visual storytelling practices, aiming to deconstruct prevailing discourses and integrate a myriad of data sources, stakeholders perspectives and their spatial context into the otherwise abstract discourse surrounding CE.

2 Comics as a Method in Built Environment Research

Comics have been extensively researched and recognized as a method for visual ethnography in the field of urban anthropology, facilitating the dissemination of academic knowledge in a visually engaging manner (Cancellieri and Peterle, 2021). Sociologists and geographers have also utilized comics to coconstruct narratives amplifying the voices of underrepresented stakeholders (Barberis and Grüning, 2021). Moreover, comics have been described as a spatial language that visually links space to characters across time (Groensteen, 2007). Within superhero comic books, architecture consistently serves as a backdrop, with renowned architects such as Le Corbusier, Archigram, and Bjarke Ingels employing comic imagery to promote their work.

In this visual essay, however, an alternative approach is taken, highlighting comics as a research practice (Peterle, 2021). It investigates the use of comics as an assemblage method, allowing for the representation and conduct of socio-spatial research on two industry parks. Comics serve as a powerful tool to untangle contextual complexity, constructing meaning through the montage of seemingly disconnected elements and unrelated parts (Ditmmer, 2010). The arrangement of images and text in comics enables researchers to uncover, question, analyze, and potentially address imbalances in socio-spatial research on complex themes

like circularity in the built environment (Fraser, 2019). Moreover, comics prove suitable for addressing the challenge of assembling heterogeneous datasets when visualizing circularity, as relevant data spans from material knowledge to stakeholder's circularity agendas (Karasti et al., 2021; Calisto Friant et al., 2020).

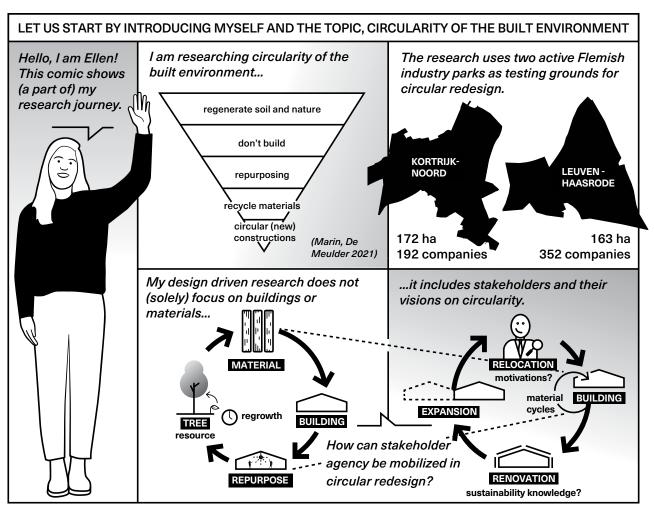
The comic presented in this essay offers a highly explorative, subjective narrative that captures the ongoing research process (Law, 2004). Following in the footsteps of Philippe Squarzoni's "Climate Changed: A Personal Journey through the Science," the author of these comics also illustrates their own research (Squarzoni, 2012). The researcher-cartoonist's perspective and body become inherently entangled with the research output, allowing for transparency in terms of the researcher's positionality and thoughts.

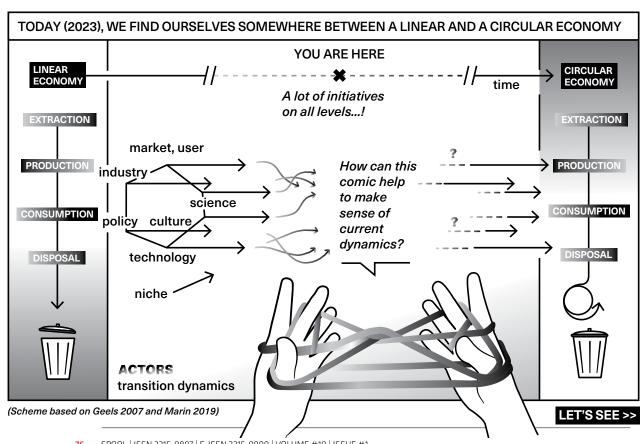
The first two comics, introduced after a research overview (p.XX-XX), visualize the (lack of) agency of policymakers and local companies in realizing circularity projects, identified during the analysis phase. "The Circular Toolbox: From Excitement to Disillusion" (p.XX-XX) problematizes generic sustainability measures and circularity studies formalized in toolboxes, unveiling multiple barriers and lock-ins hindering the transition from ideas to realization. The second comic, "Redefining Circularity: A Question of Perspectives" (p.XX-XX), highlights the various interpretations and (mis)usage of the term "circularity." The final two comics, residing between design hypothesis and analysis, advocate for a site-specific approach to circular design processes. "Circularity in the Resourcefulness of the Territory" (p.XX-XX) complements the dominant material-centered view of circularity with a stakeholder-centered approach, emphasizing implicit circularity practices in family businesses at Kortrijk-Noord. The last comic delves into the archives and surfaces with a design hypothesis titled "Looking Back to Project Forward: Proto-Circularity" (p.XX-XX).

3 Conclusions

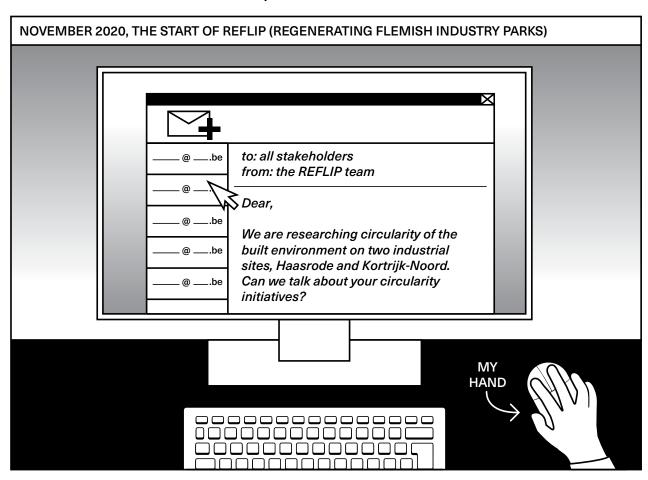
This article argues that comics as a method effectively address the lack of historical, social, and spatial dimensions in current circularity research for the built environment. By utilizing stories as tools to actualize different spatial meanings and formulate design hypotheses, comics activate new trajectories for spatial action. The comic functions as a bespoke visual research method, untangling stakeholder perspectives, defining research scope, and structuring data from multiple sources (semi-structured interviews, policy documents, company websites, fieldwork, archival research, theory...). In subsequent phases, these comics will be complemented by more nuanced accounts, fore fronting stakeholders as the protagonists. While the format of short comics may limit elaboration and carry the risk of caricaturing certain actors or policies, this series aims to synthesize complex stakeholder dynamics associated with circularity in the built environment. It recognizes and values current approaches to circularity on the industry parks, ultimately offering an additional layer of site-specificity to unlock abstract debates and kick-start the design process.

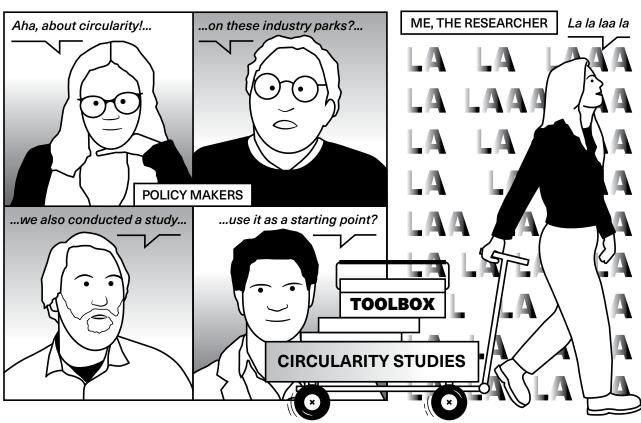
Through comics, the abstract discourse surrounding circularity in the built environment can be enriched with a deeper understanding of stakeholders and their spatial context. By harnessing the power of comics as a research method, this visual essay contributes to bridging the gap between abstract circularity principles and the complexities of the built environment, fostering new perspectives and trajectories for spatial action.

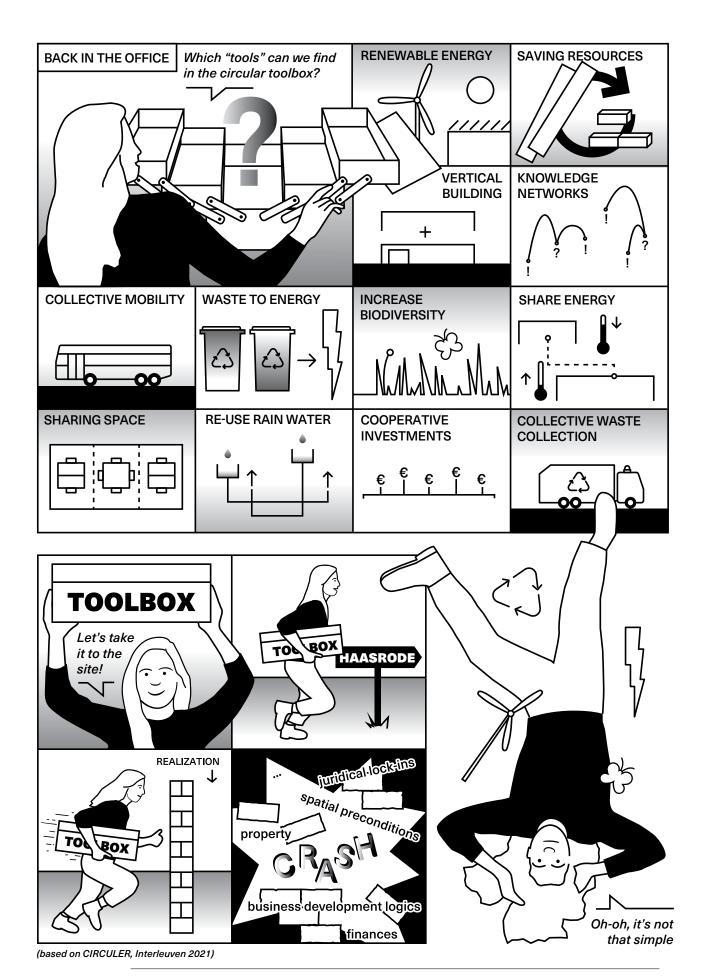




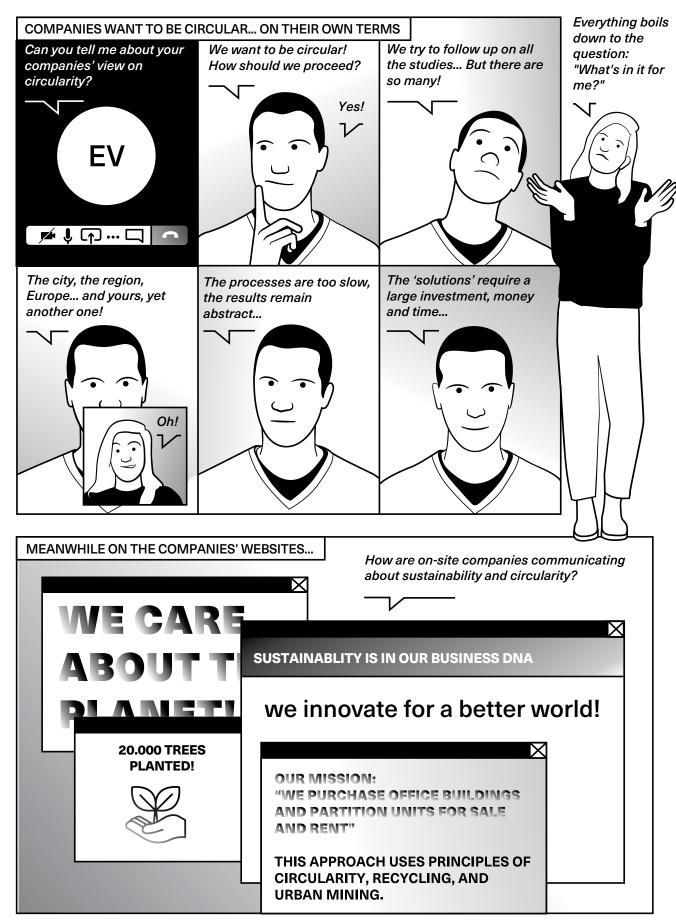
'THE CIRCULAR TOOLBOX', FROM EXCITEMENT TO DISILLUSION

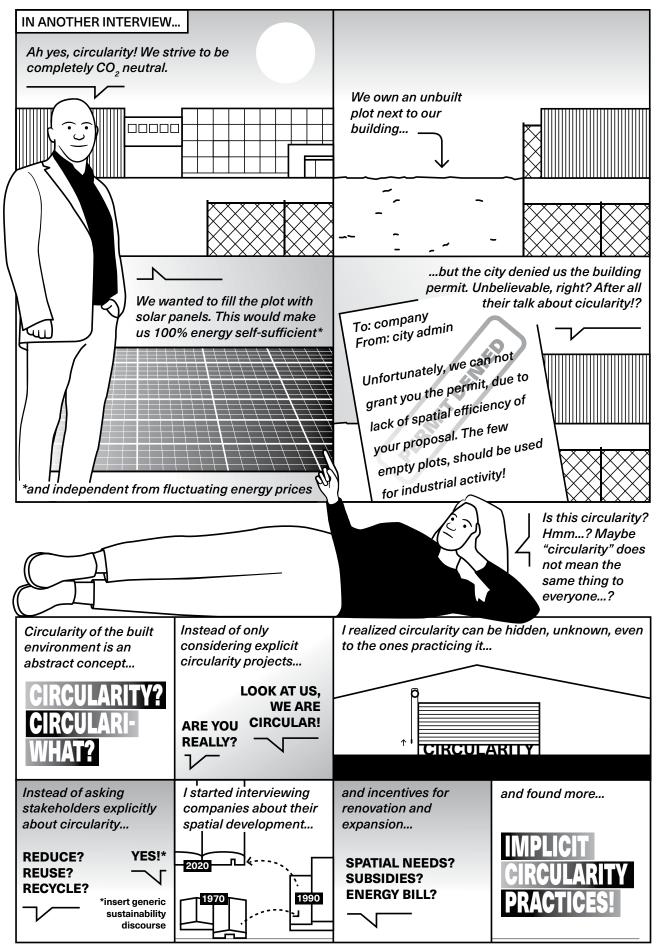




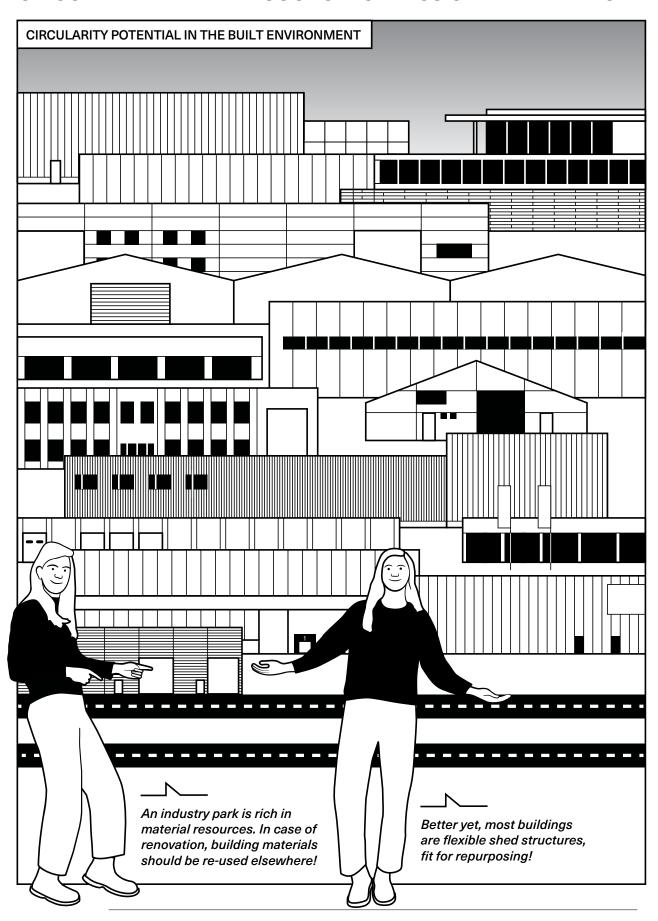


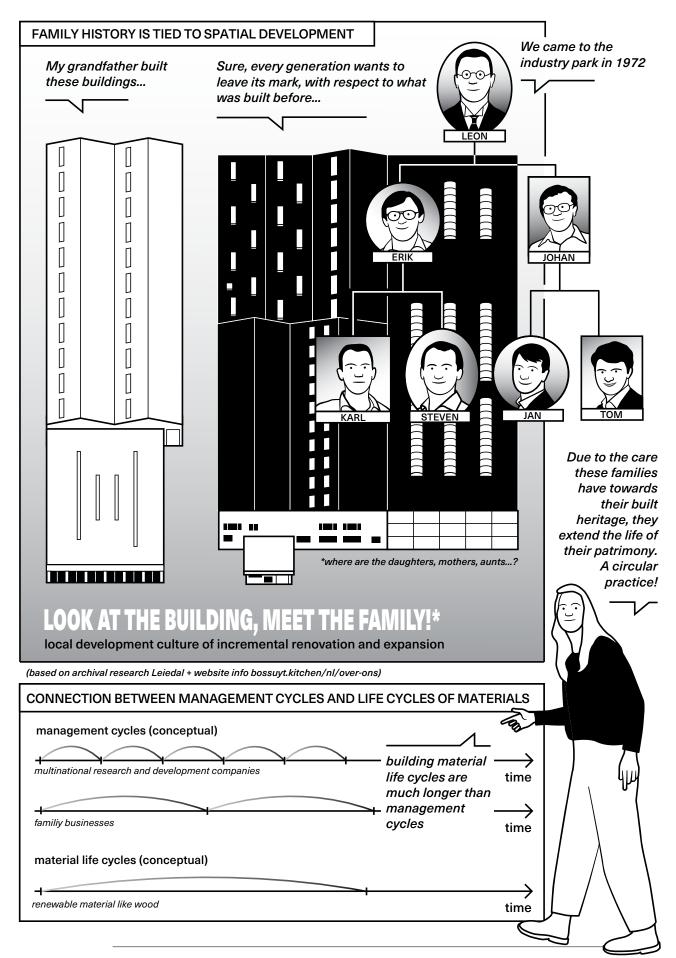
(RE)DEFINING CIRCULARITY: A QUESTION OF PERSPECTIVES



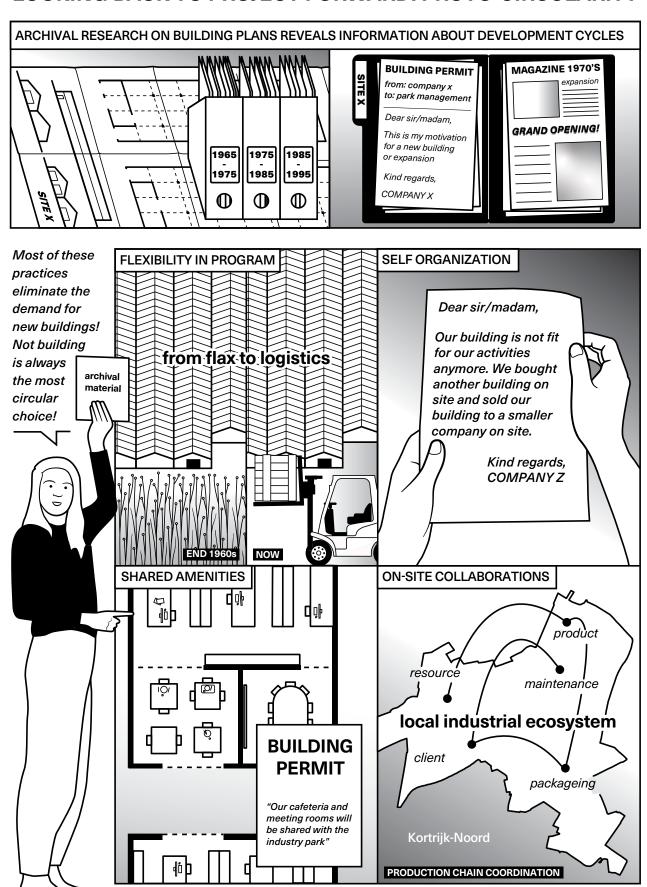


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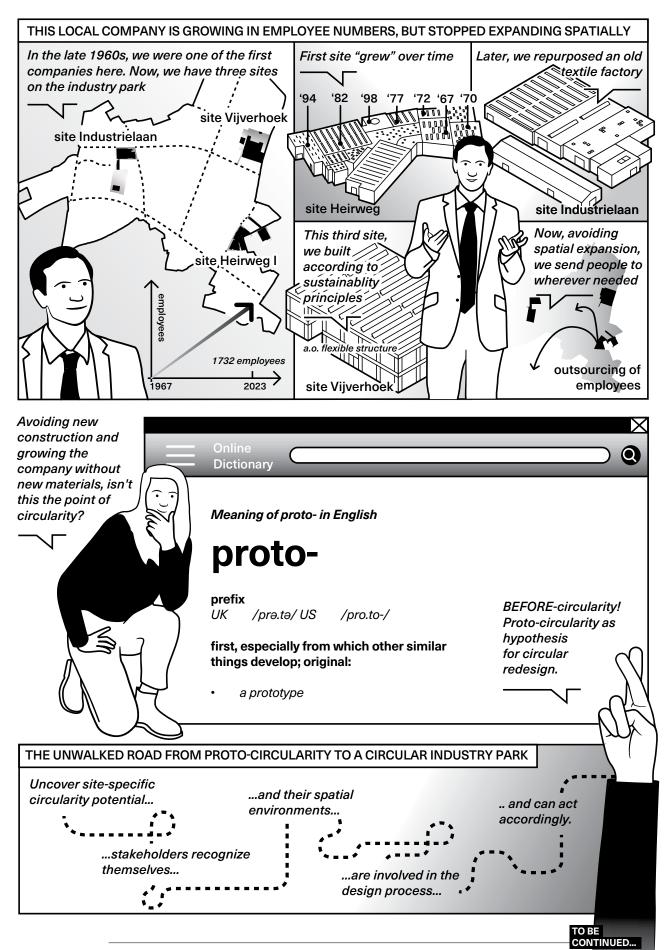




LOOKING BACK TO PROJECT FORWARD: PROTO-CIRCULARITY



(based on archival research Leiedal and Interleuven 2021-2022)



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