

University of St Augustine for Health Sciences SOAR @ USA

Fall 2023 Virtual OTD Capstone Symposium

OTD Capstone Symposia

2023

Three-Dimensional Printing in Occupational Therapy: An Instructional Video Series

Toye Adefioye University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, t.adefioye@usa.edu

Steven M. Gerardi University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, sgerardi@usa.edu

Christopher Ebner University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences, cebner@usa.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://soar.usa.edu/otdcapstonesfall2023

Fart of the Occupational Therapy Commons, and the Orthotics and Prosthetics Commons

Recommended Citation

Adefioye, T., Gerardi, S. M., & Ebner, C. (2023, January 1). Three-Dimensional Printing in Occupational Therapy: An Instructional Video Series. Poster presented at the Virtual OTD Capstone Symposium, University of St Augustine for Health Sciences. Retrieved from https://soar.usa.edu/otdcapstonesfall2023/2

This Poster/presentation is brought to you for free and open access by the OTD Capstone Symposia at SOAR (a) USA. It has been accepted for inclusion in Fall 2023 Virtual OTD Capstone Symposium by an authorized administrator of SOAR (a) USA. For more information, please contact soar(a) usa.edu.



Three-Dimensional Printing in Occupational Therapy: An Instructional Video Series

Toye T. Adefioye, Steven M. Gerardi, PHD, OTD, MSS, OTR, Christopher Ebner, MS, OTR

Background

Three-dimensional printing (3DP) is an additive manufacturing technique that uses a digital model to convert consecutive thin layers of moldable materials to produce a substantial 3D object (GCFGlobal, n.d.). 3D-printed devices are cost-effective, time-saving, effective, and highly customizable (Hunzeker & Ozelie, 2021). Medical practitioners use 3D-printed contour models, zygomatic bone implants, middle ear ossicles in maxillofacial surgery (Ghai et al., 2018) and 3Dprinted vertebra bodies during spinal reconstruction surgery (Senkoylu et al., 2020). Despite the clinical potential of 3DP in occupational therapy (OT) practice, training in the use of 3DP is not an OT education standard, which leads to limited knowledge of 3DP among OT practitioners and limited use of 3DP in OT practice.

Problem

OT practitioners lack knowledge on how to use 3D printers to print assistive devices in clinical practice which impacts OT service delivery and client's occupational engagement and performance.

Purpose

To create an online instructional video series to educate OT practitioners on how to use a 3D printer to print a range of devices and equipment for use in clinical practice.

Methods

Theoretical Framework

• The Transformative Learning Theory and the Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology provided structure for this project.

Literature Review & Synthesis

• Reviewed and synthesized literature on 3DP and OT practice.

Equipment Procurement

- Rented audio-visual equipment.
- Used the free version of Camtasia and Wondershare Filmora 12 audio and video editing software.
- Utilized the Ultimaker S3 printer and print filaments at Texas Technology Access Program (TTAP) to print assistive devices.
- Downloaded free 3D models from online repositories.

Instructional Video Development

- Initiated writing of video scripts.
- Submitted scripts for feedback
- Initiated video recording
- Submitted videos for feedback **Instructional Video Revision**
- Revised scripts and video after feedback
- Resubmitted videos for final feedback

Doctor of Occupational Therapy Program

Instructional Video Contents

13 instructional videos were created **Topics Covered:**

- Overview of 3DP in Healthcare
- Benefits of 3DP
- Selecting a 3D printer
- Selecting an optimal print filament
- 3D model download and file conversion
- 3D model slicing.
- 3D-printed plastic bottle opener
- 3D-printed Toothpaste cap opener
- 3D-printed can lid opener
- Support structure application and removal
- 3D printer and filament maintenance.

Project Dissemination

- Published videos to the project's YouTube channel
- Published to TTAP Taco Tuesday YouTube channel
- An article for OT Practice magazine
- Future project presentation at AOTA and TOTA conferences

Acknowledgement



References



This project does not involve human subjects and does not require IRB approval.







YouTube Channel