



Yale SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT
Program on Financial Stability

EliScholar – A Digital Platform for Scholarly Publishing at Yale

YPFS Resource Library

11-8-2008

Latvia: Another one bites the dust

Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU)

<https://elischolar.library.yale.edu/ypfs-documents2/1815>

This resource is brought to you for free and open access by the Yale Program on Financial Stability and [EliScholar](#), a digital platform for scholarly publishing provided by Yale University Library. For more information, please contact ypfs@yale.edu.

Latvia: Another one bites the dust

362 words

3 November 2008

Economist Intelligence Unit - Country Monitor

EIUCM

Country Monitor

24

Number x

English

(C) 2008 The Economist Intelligence Unit Ltd.

The international financial crisis has claimed another victim following the **Latvian** government's nationalisation on November 8th of the country's second-biggest lender, the domestically owned **Parex** bank. The move is unlikely to have major repercussions elsewhere, as most other significant financial institutions in the three Baltic states are already controlled by large Scandinavian banks. However, if the government does not succeed in finding a strategic investor to take over the bank and if global financial markets remain closed to emerging market borrowers, the state may be forced to seek financial support from the IMF, the EU or its Nordic neighbours.

On November 8th the **Latvian** government announced that it was buying a controlling 51% stake in **Parex** bank from its previous owners, Viktors Krasovickis and Valerijs Kargins, for the symbolic sum of 2 lats (US\$3.65). The bank had recently been suffering from a high level of withdrawals of deposits, reportedly losing over LVL100m (US\$180m) of its total LVL1.3bn of deposits in the last few days. According to Mr Krasovickis, depositors had become concerned that their funds would be less secure in a domestically-owned bank like **Parex** than in Swedish-owned banks such as Swedbank, which were able to take advantage of recent moves by the Swedish government to support their capital and liquidity positions. It is also reported that the bank was finding it difficult to roll over €775m of syndicated credits that were due to mature in 2009.

In order to avoid a catastrophic run on one of the country's main banks (which could also pose a serious threat to the stability of the lat's fixed link to the euro), the **Latvian** government had to act quickly to restore confidence. The nationalised **Parex** bank has become a subsidiary of the **Latvian** Mortgage and Land Bank, the only remaining state-owned bank. **Parex** will receive immediate liquidity support of some LVL200m from the Bank of **Latvia** (BoL, the central bank) and the government has indicated that more funding will be provided if necessary.

—EIU ViewsWire Eastern Europe

cmcmmain20081103t0000000024; Country Monitor 03 Nov 2008, Part 24 of 37

Document EIUCM00020081114e4b30000o