

Pacific Coastal Ecology Branch Physical and Water Quality Data

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CRUISES

CTD profiles using (SBE 19 SEACAT) equipped with Li-Cor PAR sensor, Seapoint Turbidity Sensor, and WETStar Chlorophyll Fluorometer.

Parameters Measured Include:

Temperature

Conductivity

Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR)

In situ fluorescence

Turbidity

Profile measurements taken at 0.5-sec intervals from the water surface to 0.5 m above the bottom.

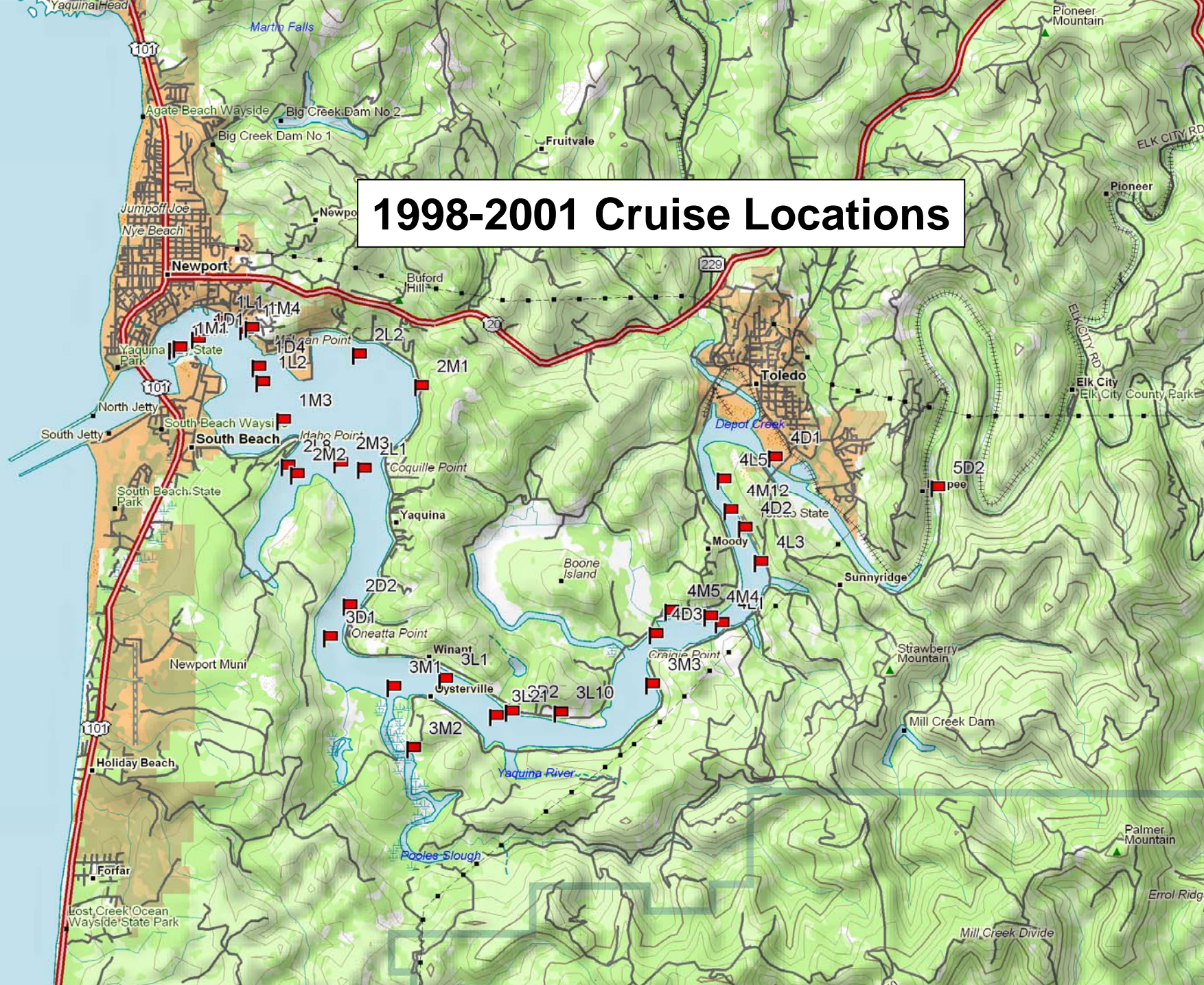
Most cruises track the flood tide, except during 2004 and 2005.

Grab samples for NO_2+NO_3 , NH_4 , PO_4 , SiO_4

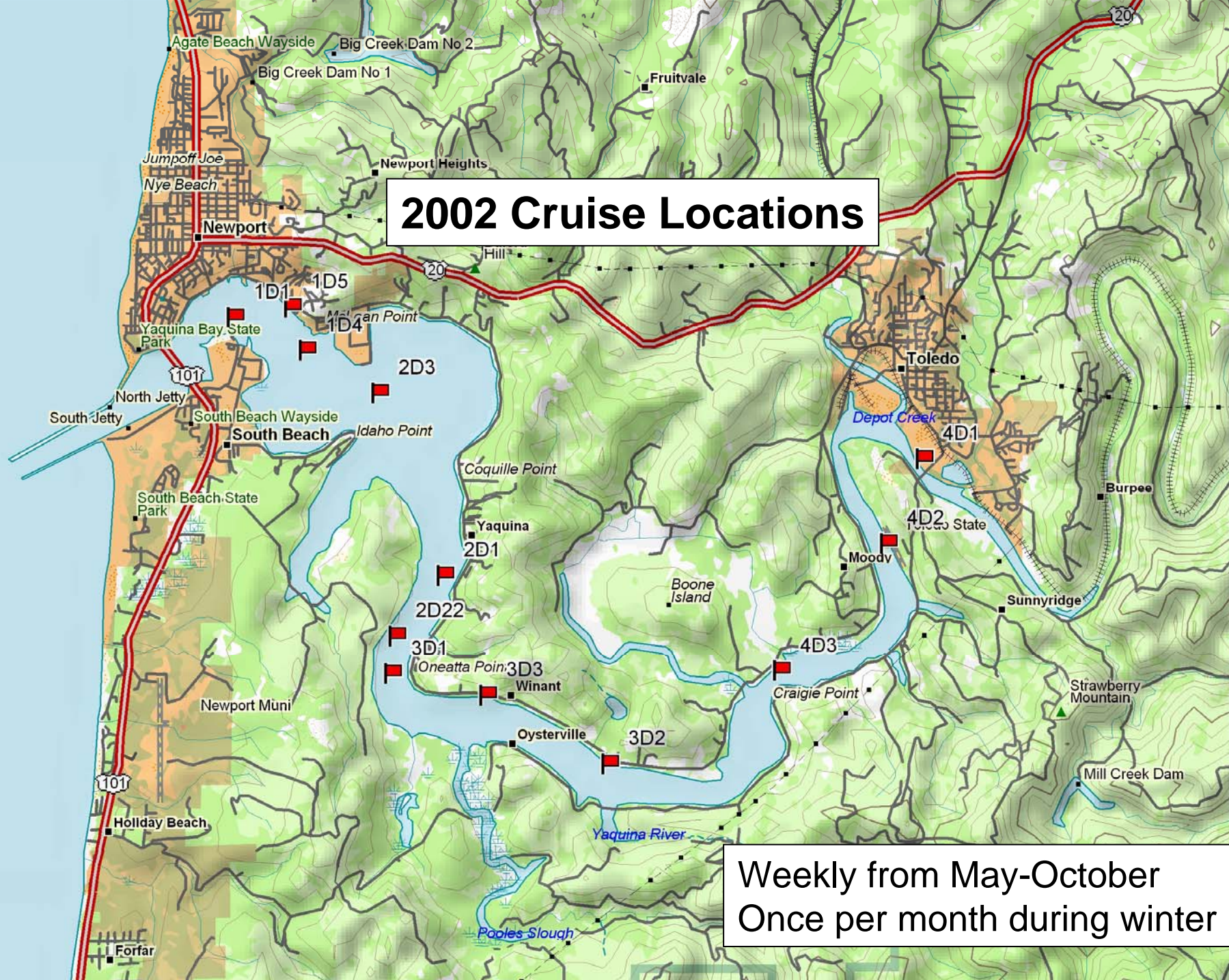
Quarterly grab samples for total suspended solids and chlorophyll *a* (2002-2004)

Number of Stations and sampling frequency varies by year

1998-2001 Cruise Locations

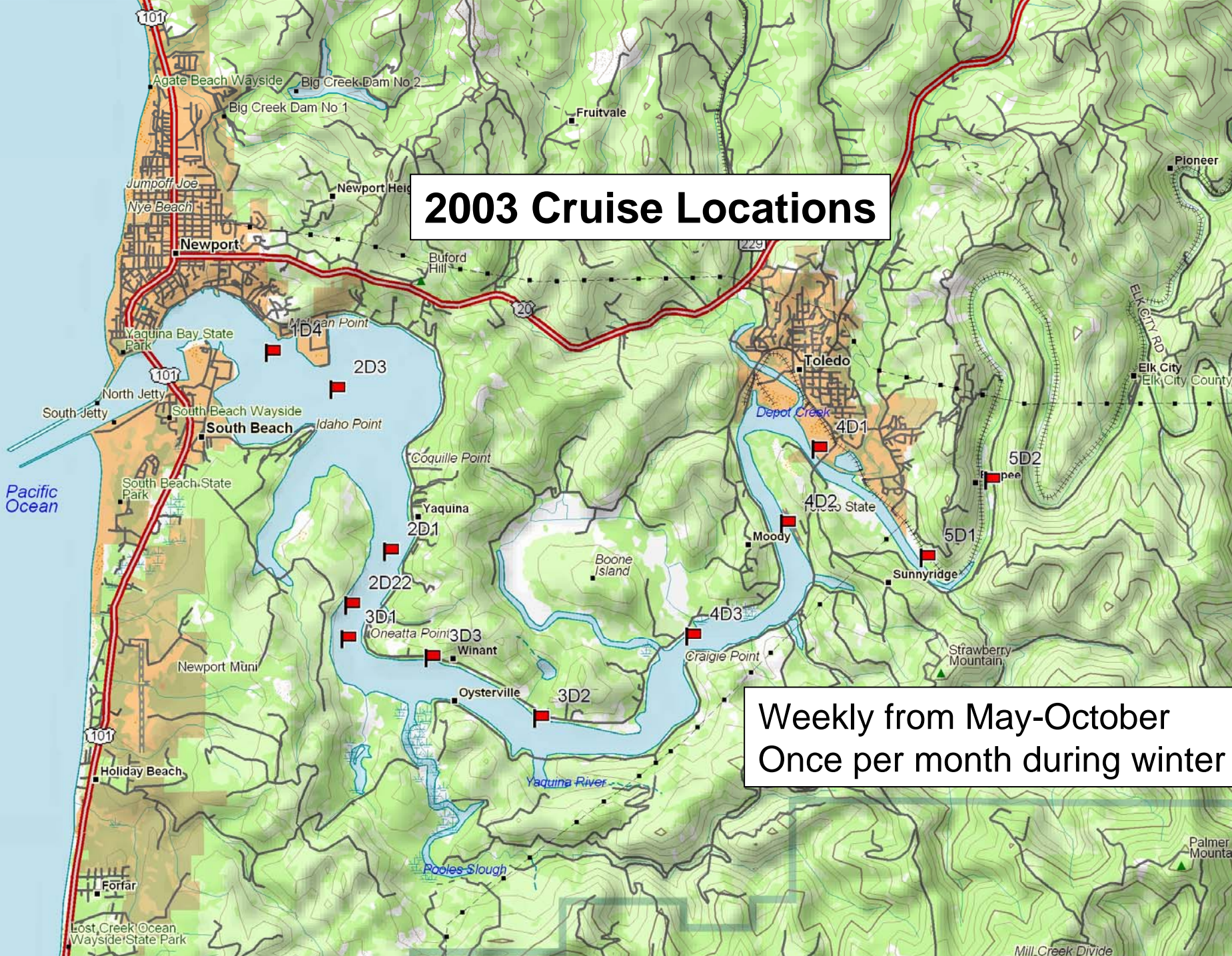


2002 Cruise Locations



Weekly from May-October
Once per month during winter

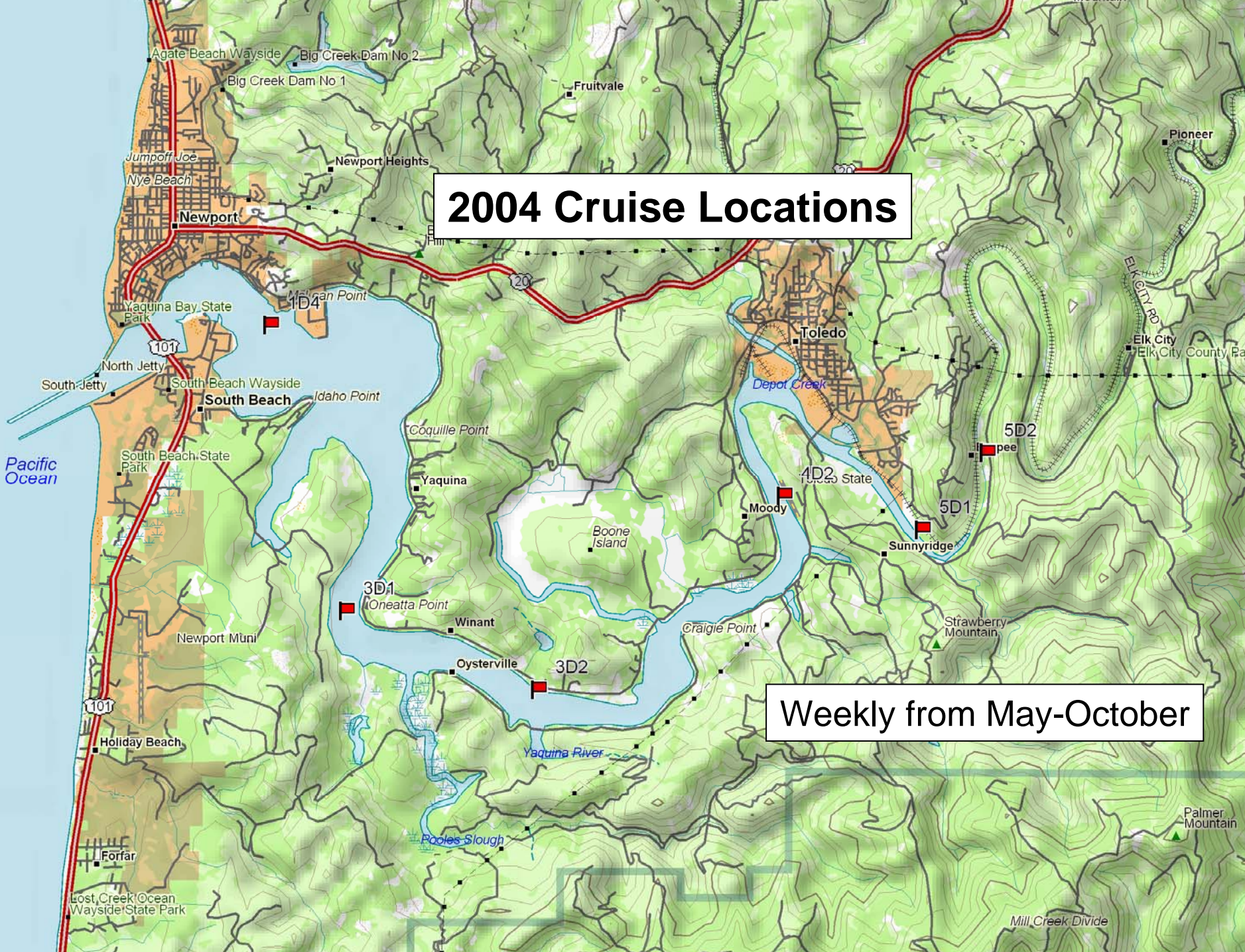
2003 Cruise Locations



Weekly from May-October
Once per month during winter

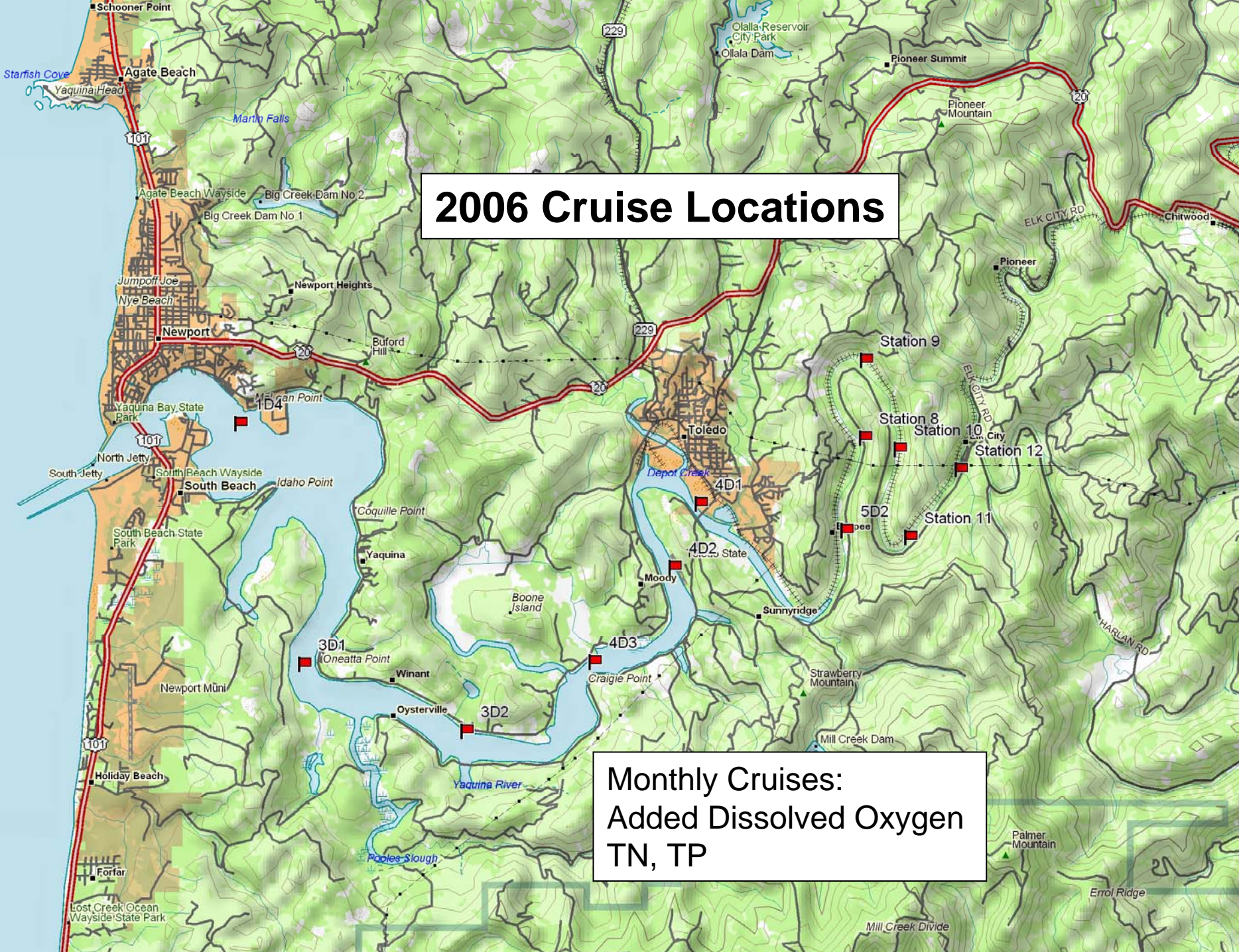
2004 Cruise Locations

Weekly from May-October



2006 Cruise Locations

Monthly Cruises:
Added Dissolved Oxygen
TN, TP



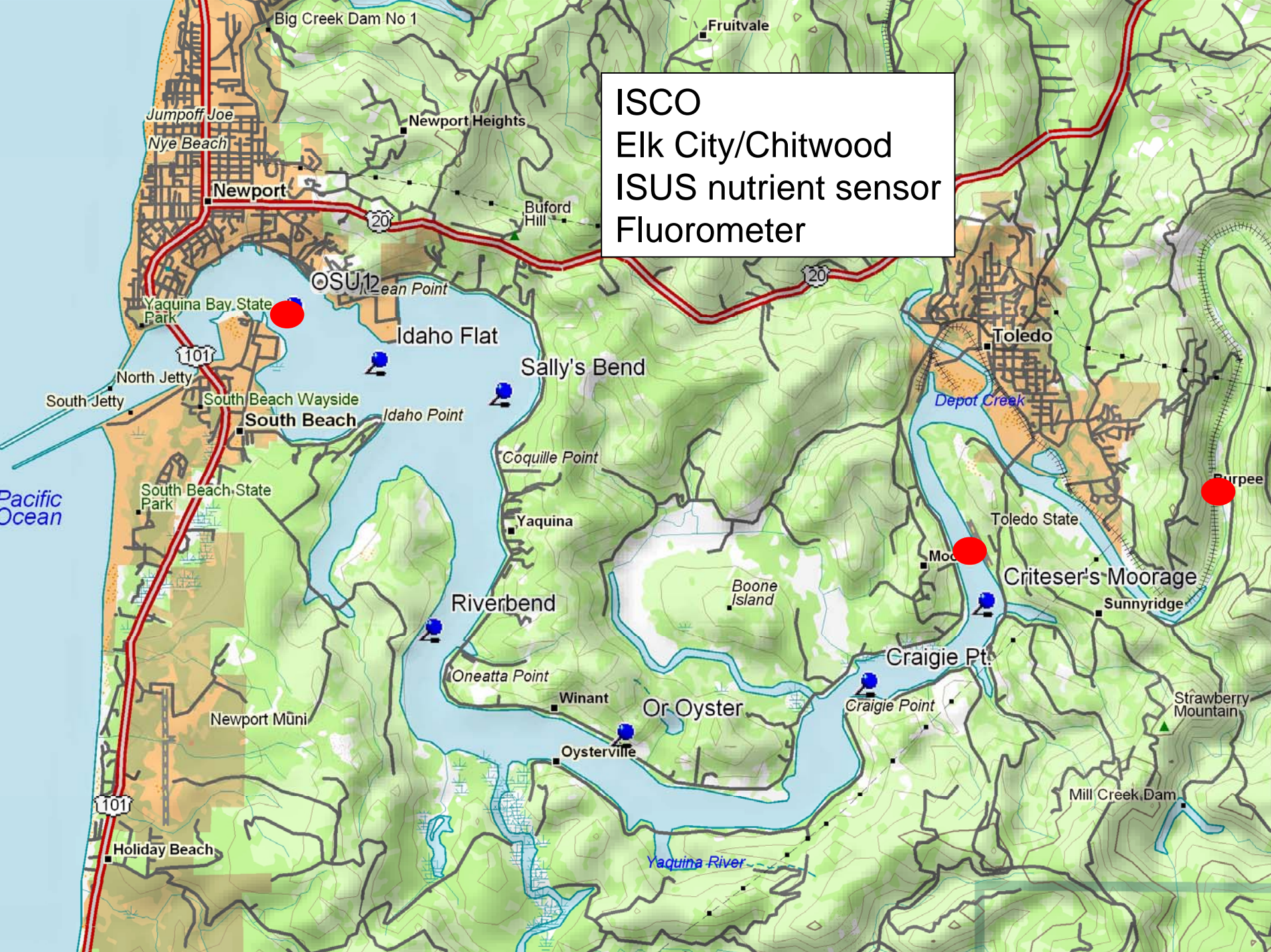
Time-Series Data

- YSI datasondes (not real-time)
- Parameters Measured
Temperature, Conductivity/Salinity, Depth, pH,
Dissolved oxygen, Turbidity, Chlorophyll *a*

Deployment locations

- 1996-1998 OSU dock
- 1999-present OSU (surface & bottom), Criteser's,
Oregon Oyster, Cragie, Riverbend
- 2003-2004 Idaho Flat
- 2004-present Sally's Bend

ISCO
Elk City/Chitwood
ISUS nutrient sensor
Fluorometer



Yaquina Bay Nutrient Criteria Case Study

Objective: To develop and test new methods for setting nutrient criteria protective of estuarine resources.

Components Include:

- Identificatiton and quantification of sources of nutrient loading.
- Trend Analysis of nutrients, chlorophyll a, dissolved oxygen & water quality
- Reference Condition Approach vs. Stress-Response Approach
- Factors controlling the distributiton of seagrass, macroalgae, chlorophyll a.

Parameters being assembled:

- Temperature
- Salinity
- Dissolved oxygen
- Chlorophyll a
- Nutrients
- Turbidity
- Light Attenuation / Secchi Depth
- Total Suspended Solids

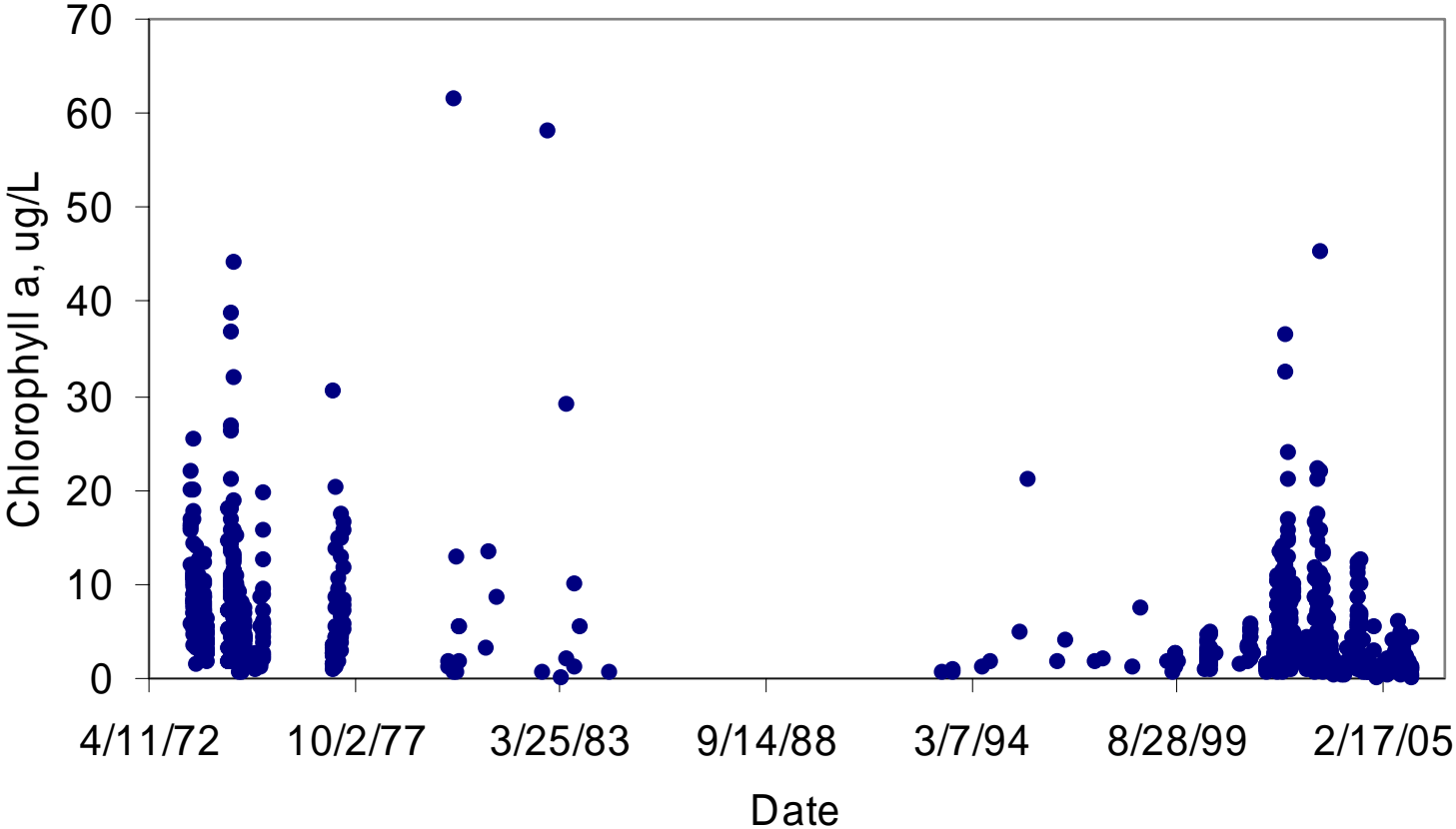
Data Includes

- Pacific Coastal Ecology Branch Cruises
- EMAP
- Classification (10 stations, low tide and high tide cruise, 2004)
- Kaldy & Eldridge – Trophic Cruises in 2000

Historic Data:

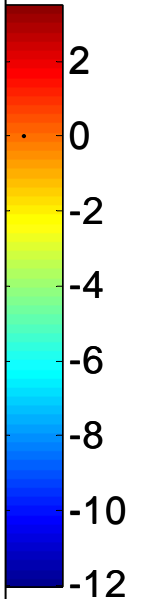
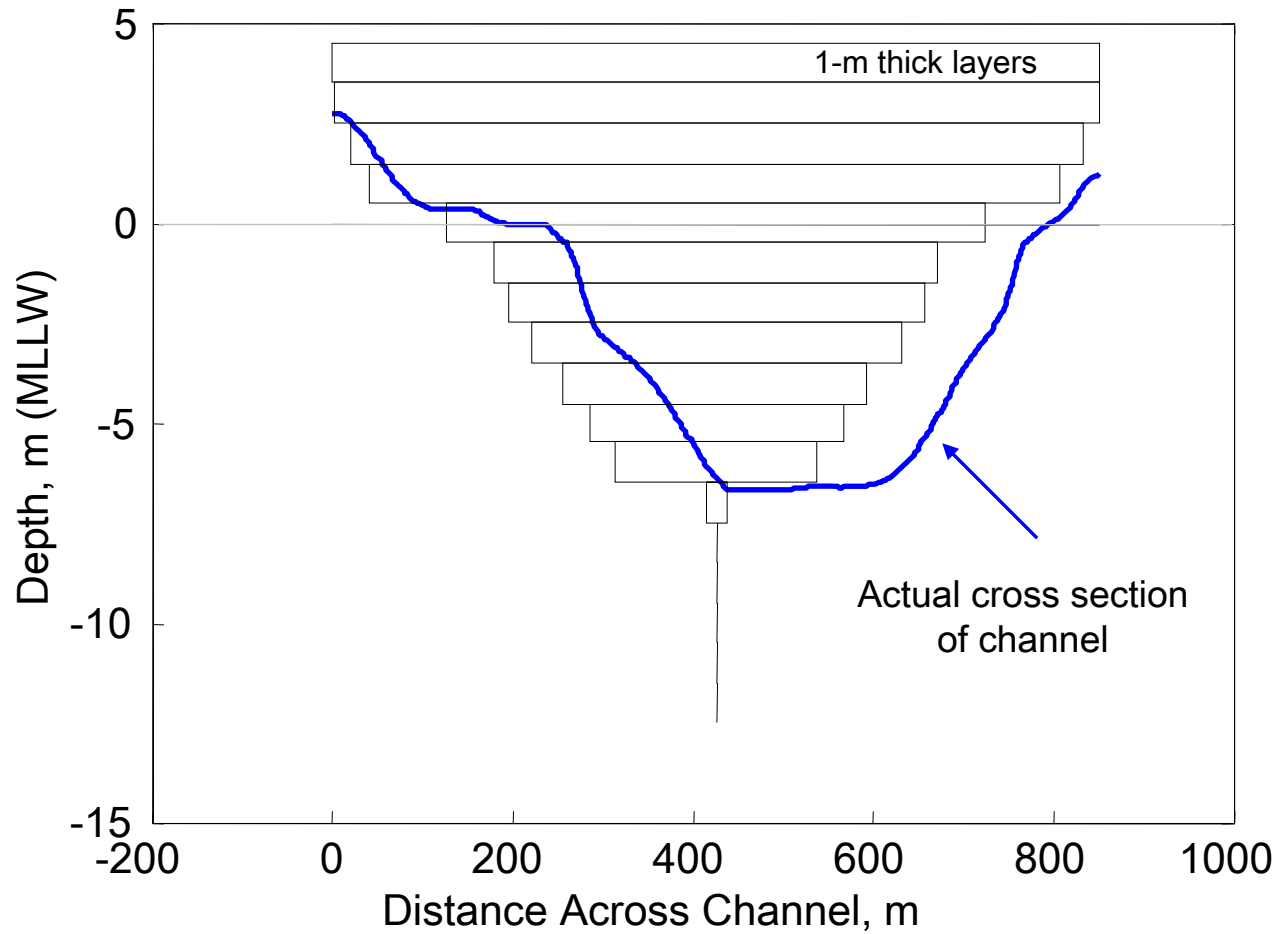
- Oregon DEQ data
- Amspoker, M.C. (1977). The distribution of intertidal diatoms associated with the sediments of Yaquina Estuary, Oregon, M.S. Thesis, OSU (Table 8, page 57)
- Arnold, G.A., R. Caldwell, C. Lannan, And J. Winton. (1992). Microbiological quality of the Yaquina Estuary. WRRRI-110. (Table 8 in appendix, TSS, water temp and salinity)
- Frey, B.E. (1977). Ecological survey of phytoplankton in Yaquina Bay, Oregon, February through June 1977.
- Gibson, G. and Snow, C. D. (1967). Hydrographic data for Yaquina, Coos and Tillamook Bays, Oyster Mortality Study. (Tables 1-3)
- Johnson, J.K. (1980). Population dynamics and cohort persistence of *Acartia Californiensis* (Copepoda: Calanoida) in Yaquina Bay, Oregon. PhD Dissertation, OSU.
- Karentz, D. (1975). The distribution of planktonic diatoms in Yaquina Estuary, Oregon. M.S. Thesis, OSU.
- Karentz, D. and McIntire, C. D. 1977. Distribution of diatoms in the plankton of Yaquina estuary, Oregon. J. Phycol. 13, 379-388.
- Matson, A.L. (1964). Dissolved silicate in waters offshore Oregon and in four adjacent rivers. M.S. Thesis, OSU. (Table in Appendix, pages 89-96)
- Specht, D. (1976-1977), 17 stations, 9 sampling dates.

Example time-series of all chlorophyll a data in Yaquina Bay/River

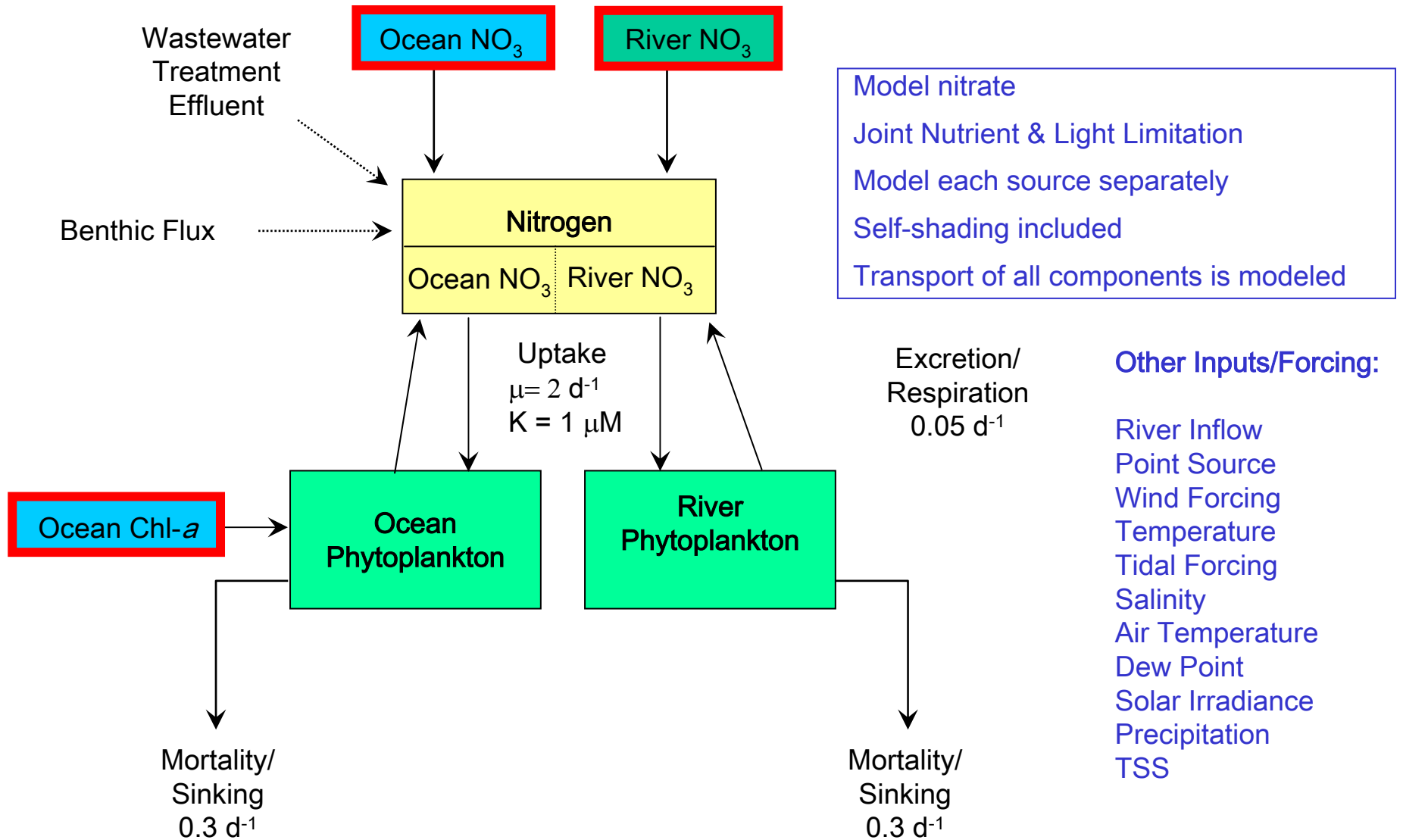


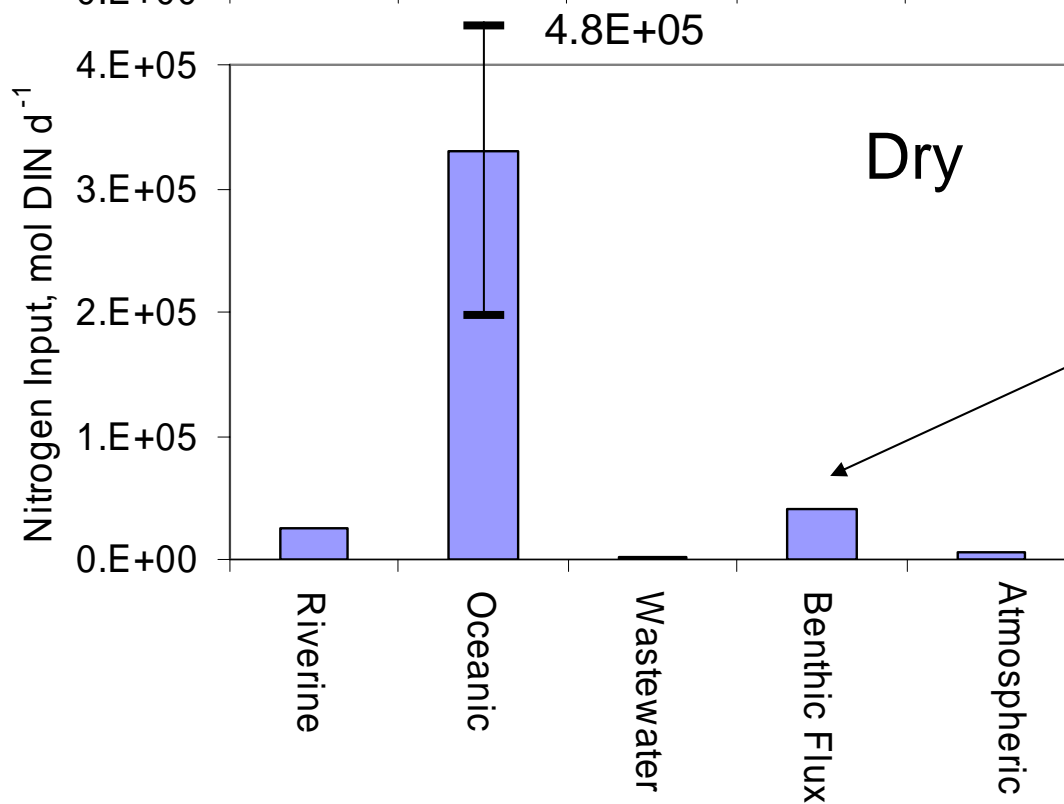
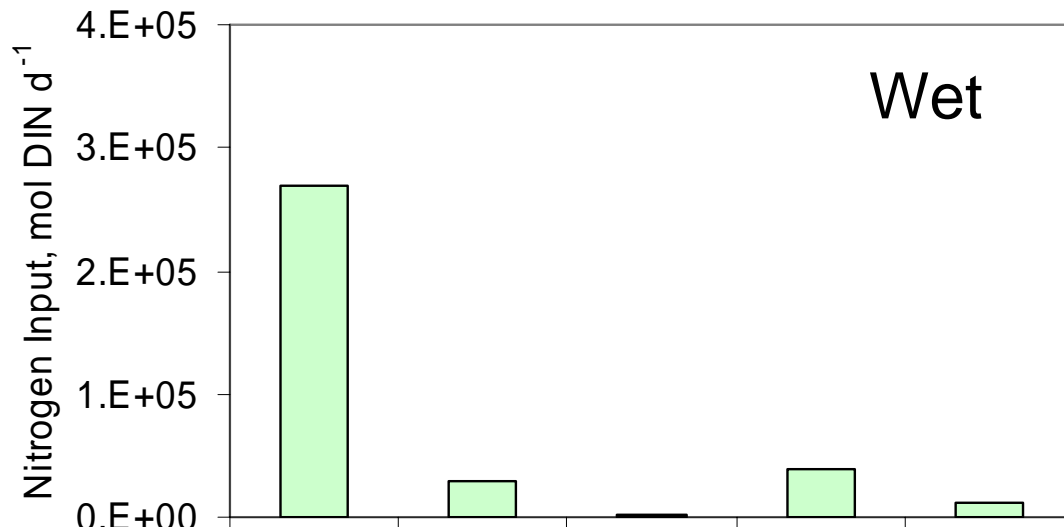
Model Representation of Cross-Section

Segment=151

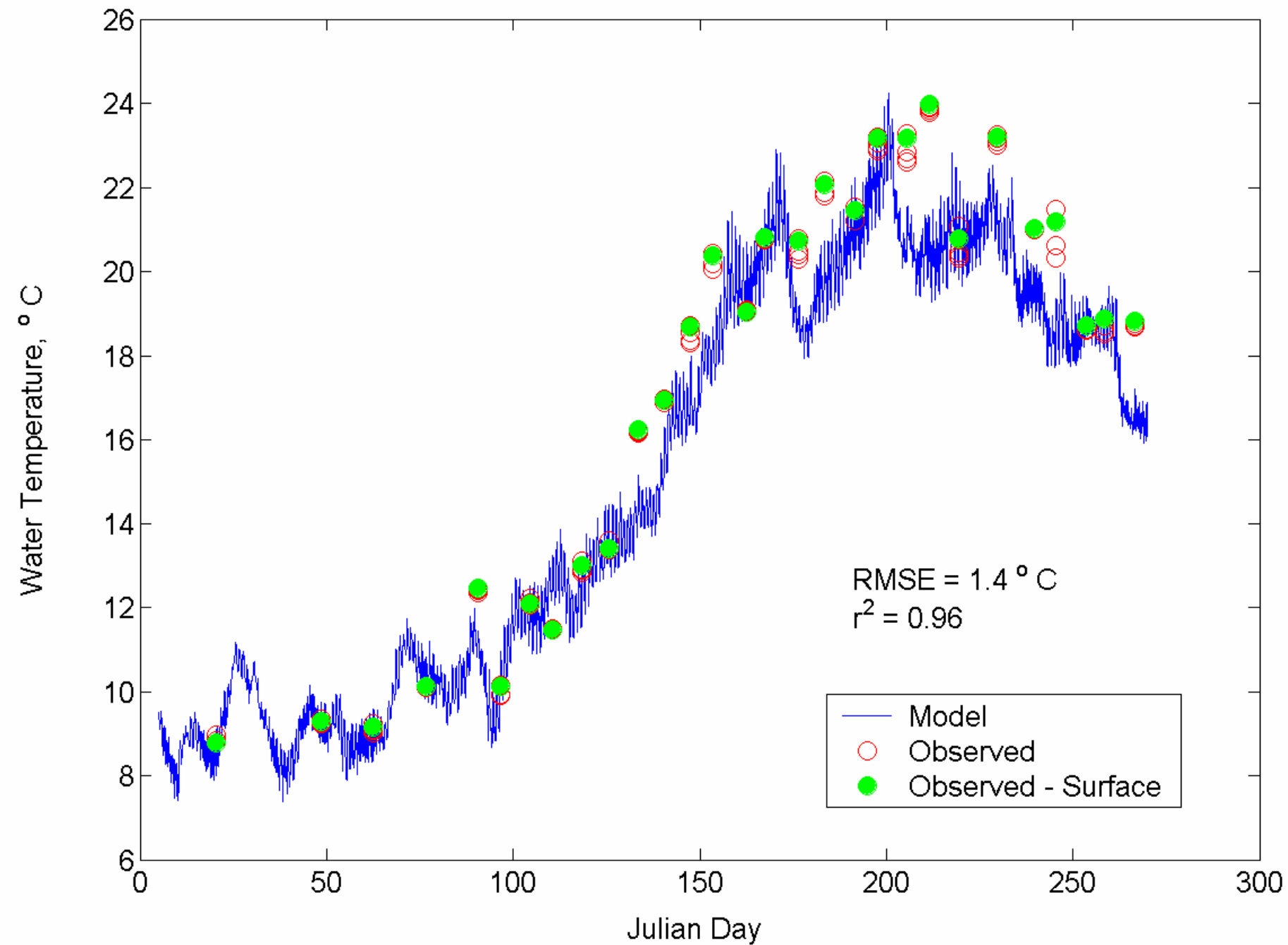


Simplified Schematic of Model

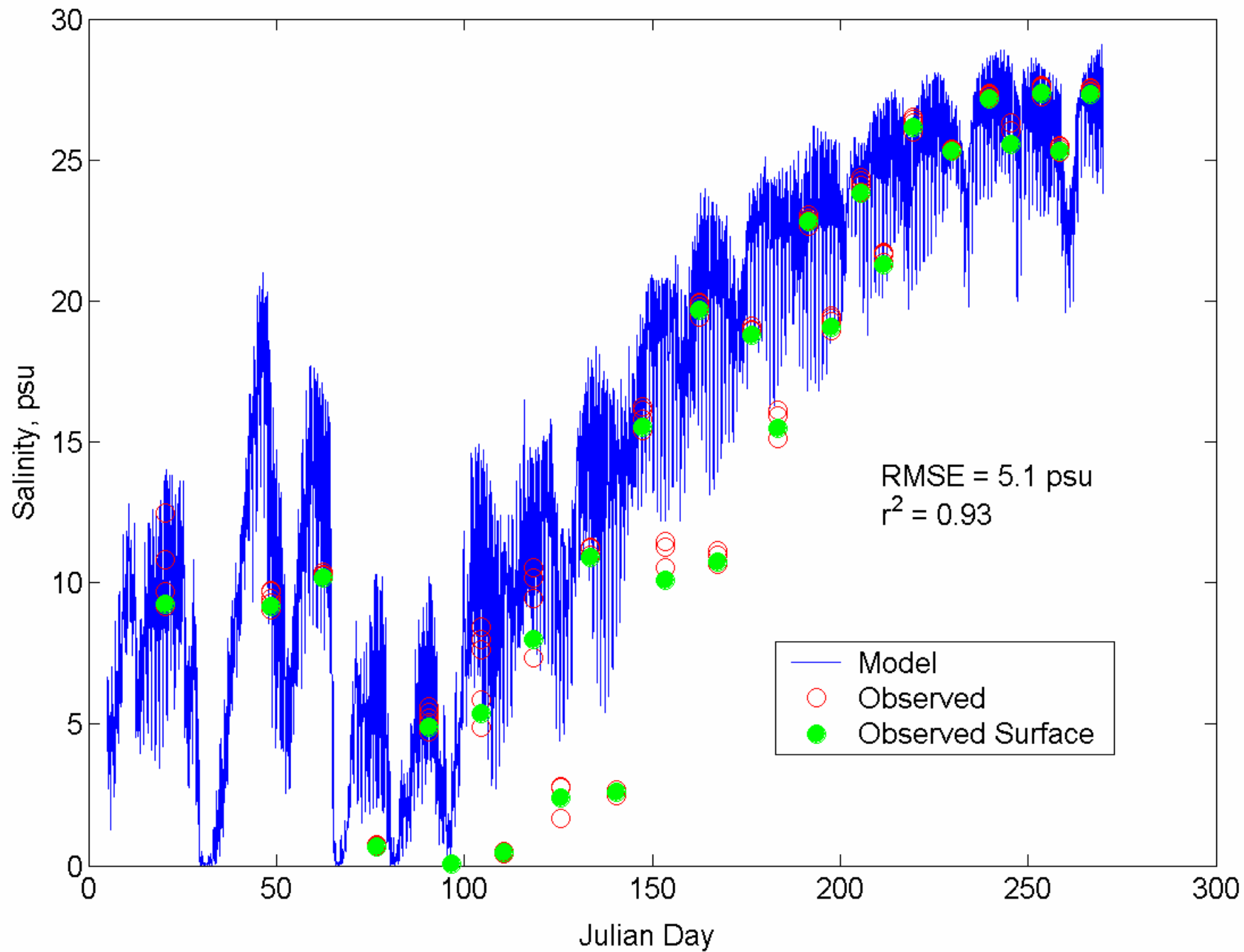




Toledo



Toledo



thorough)

in macroalgal biomass watershed loading and ocean input.
sources

mass and water column properties (turbidity, light attenuation, salinity, and chlorophyll a)
which indicate oceanic versus watershed nutrients).
/.

omorphous clustering of estuaries.
as additional classifying variable.

Response Approaches