Section 3 Ludger Wennemann Root-Feeding Maggots, Soil Arthropods and Other Problems

Persistence of Three Entomopathogenic Nematodes, Steinernema spp., in Soil of Strawberry Fields L. Wennemann, C. Shanks and K. Smith Department of Entomology, Washington State University Pullman, WA 99164-6382 509/335-2435

Biological control experiments at the WSU Research and Extension Unit and in a commercial field in Vancouver, WA showed persistence of entomopathogenic nematodes up to six weeks. There was no significant difference (P=0.05%) between the two application techniques (surface application and soil injection).

The data indicated that Steinernema glaseri was the most abundant species recovered at one test site when compared to Steinernema carpocapsae UK Strain and Steinernema carpocapsae All Strain. No significant difference (P=0.05%) were apparent at the other experimental site.